CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT

MR. SPEAKER and MR. PRESIDENT: Your committee on conference on Senate amendments to **HB 2329** submits the following report:

The House accedes to all Senate amendments to the bill, and your committee on conference further agrees to amend the bill as printed with Senate Committee of the Whole amendments, as follows:

On page 1, following line 22, by inserting:

"Section 1. K.S.A. 38-2232 is hereby amended to read as follows: 38-2232. (a) (1) To the extent possible, when any law enforcement officer takes into custody a child under the age of 18 years without a court order, the child shall promptly be delivered to the custody of the child's parent or other custodian unless there are reasonable grounds to believe that such action would not be in the best interests of the child.

(2) Except as provided in subsection (b), if the child is not delivered to the custody of the child's parent or other custodian, the child shall promptly be delivered to a:

(A) (i) Shelter facility designated by the court;

(ii) court services officer;

(iii) juvenile intake and assessment worker;

(iv) licensed attendant care center;

(v) juvenile ~~crisis intervention~~ stabilization center ~~after written authorization by a community mental health center~~; or

(vi) other person;

(B) if the child is 15 years of age or younger, to a facility or person designated by the secretary; or

(C) if the child is 16 or 17 years of age and the child has no identifiable parental or

family resources or shows signs of physical, mental, emotional or sexual abuse, to a facility or person designated by the secretary.

(3) If, after delivery of the child to a shelter facility, the person in charge of the shelter facility at that time and the law enforcement officer determine that the child will not remain in the shelter facility and if the child is presently alleged, but not yet adjudicated, to be a child in need of care solely pursuant to K.S.A. 38-2202(d)(9) or (d)(10), and amendments thereto, the law enforcement officer shall deliver the child to a secure facility, designated by the court, where the child shall be detained for not more than 24 hours, excluding Saturdays, Sundays, legal holidays, and days on which the office of the clerk of the court is not accessible.

(4) No child taken into custody pursuant to this code shall be placed in a secure facility, except as authorized by this section and by K.S.A. 38-2242, 38-2243 and 38-2260, and amendments thereto.

(5) It shall be the duty of the law enforcement officer to furnish to the county or district attorney, without unnecessary delay, all the information in the possession of the officer pertaining to the child, the child's parents or other persons interested in or likely to be interested in the child and all other facts and circumstances which caused the child to be taken into custody.

(b) (1) When any law enforcement officer takes into custody any child as provided in K.S.A. 38-2231(b)(2), and amendments thereto, proceedings shall be initiated in accordance with the provisions of the interstate compact on juveniles, K.S.A. 38-1001 et seq., and amendments thereto, or K.S.A. 38-1008, and amendments thereto, when effective. Any child taken into custody pursuant to the interstate compact on juveniles may be detained in a juvenile detention facility or other secure facility.

(2) When any law enforcement officer takes into custody any child as provided in K.S.A. 38-2231(b)(3), and amendments thereto, the law enforcement officer shall place the child in protective custody and may deliver the child to a staff secure facility. The law enforcement

officer shall contact the department for children and families to begin an assessment to determine safety, placement and treatment needs for the child. Such child shall not be placed in a secure facility, except as authorized by this section and by K.S.A. 38-2242, 38-2243 and 38-2260, and amendments thereto.

(3) When any law enforcement officer takes into custody any child as provided in K.S.A. 38-2231(b)(4), and amendments thereto, the law enforcement officer shall place the child in protective custody and may deliver the child to a juvenile ~~crisis intervention~~ stabilization center ~~after written authorization by a community mental health center~~. Such child shall not be placed in a juvenile detention facility or other secure facility.

(c) Whenever a child under the age of 18 years is taken into custody by a law enforcement officer without a court order and is thereafter placed as authorized by subsection (a), the facility or person shall, upon written application of the law enforcement officer, have physical custody and provide care and supervision for the child. The application shall state:

(1) The name and address of the child, if known;

(2) the names and addresses of the child's parents or nearest relatives and persons with whom the child has been residing, if known; and

(3) the officer's belief that the child is a child in need of care and that there are reasonable grounds to believe that the circumstances or condition of the child is such that the child would be harmed unless placed in the immediate custody of the shelter facility or other person.

(d) A copy of the application shall be furnished by the facility or person receiving the child to the county or district attorney without unnecessary delay.

(e) The shelter facility or other person designated by the court who has custody of the child pursuant to this section shall discharge the child not later than 72 hours following admission, excluding Saturdays, Sundays, legal holidays, and days on which the office of the

clerk of the court is not accessible, unless a court has entered an order pertaining to temporary custody or release.

(f) In absence of a court order to the contrary, the county or district attorney or the placing law enforcement agency shall have the authority to direct the release of the child at any time.

(g) When any law enforcement officer takes into custody any child as provided in K.S.A. 38-2231(d), and amendments thereto, the child shall promptly be delivered to the school in which the child is enrolled, any location designated by the school in which the child is enrolled or the child's parent or other custodian.

Sec. 2. K.S.A. 38-2242 is hereby amended to read as follows: 38-2242. (a) The court, upon verified application, may issue ex parte an order directing that a child be held in protective custody and, if the child has not been taken into custody, an order directing that the child be taken into custody. The application shall state for each child:

(1) The applicant's belief that the child is a child in need of care;

(2) that the child is likely to sustain harm if not immediately removed from the home;

(3) that allowing the child to remain in the home is contrary to the welfare of the child; and

(4) the facts relied upon to support the application, including efforts known to the applicant to maintain the family unit and prevent the unnecessary removal of the child from the child's home, or the specific facts supporting that an emergency exists which threatens the safety of the child.

(b) (1) The order of protective custody may be issued only after the court has determined there is probable cause to believe the allegations in the application are true. The order shall remain in effect until the temporary custody hearing provided for in K.S.A. 38-2243, and amendments thereto, unless earlier rescinded by the court.

(2) No child shall be held in protective custody for more than 72 hours, excluding Saturdays, Sundays, legal holidays, and days on which the office of the clerk of the court is not accessible, unless within the 72-hour period a determination is made as to the necessity for temporary custody in a temporary custody hearing. The time spent in custody pursuant to K.S.A. 38-2232, and amendments thereto, shall be included in calculating the 72-hour period. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to mean that the child must remain in protective custody for 72 hours. If a child is in the protective custody of the secretary, the secretary shall allow at least one supervised visit between the child and the parent or parents within such time period as the child is in protective custody. The court may prohibit such supervised visit if the court determines it is not in the best interest of the child.

(c) (1) Whenever the court determines the necessity for an order of protective custody, the court may place the child in the protective custody of:

(A) A parent or other person having custody of the child and may enter a restraining order pursuant to subsection (e);

(B) a person, other than the parent or other person having custody, who shall not be required to be licensed under article 5 of chapter 65 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto;

(C) a youth residential facility;

(D) a shelter facility;

(E) a staff secure facility, notwithstanding any other provision of law, if the child has been subjected to human trafficking or aggravated human trafficking, as defined by K.S.A. 21-5426, and amendments thereto, or commercial sexual exploitation of a child, as defined by K.S.A. 21-6422, and amendments thereto, or the child committed an act which, if committed by an adult, would constitute a violation of K.S.A. 21-6419, and amendments thereto;

(F) ~~after written authorization by a community mental health center,~~ a juvenile ~~crisis~~

~~intervention~~ stabilization center as described in K.S.A. 65-536, and amendments thereto; or

(G) the secretary, if the child is 15 years of age or younger, or 16 or 17 years of age if the child has no identifiable parental or family resources or shows signs of physical, mental, emotional or sexual abuse.

(2) If the secretary presents the court with a plan to provide services to a child or family which the court finds will assure the safety of the child, the court may only place the child in the protective custody of the secretary until the court finds the services are in place. The court shall have the authority to require any person or entity agreeing to participate in the plan to perform as set out in the plan. When the child is placed in the protective custody of the secretary, the secretary shall have the discretionary authority to place the child with a parent or to make other suitable placement for the child. When the child is placed in the temporary custody of the secretary and the child has been subjected to human trafficking or aggravated human trafficking, as defined by K.S.A. 21-5426, and amendments thereto, or commercial sexual exploitation of a child, as defined by K.S.A. 21-6422, and amendments thereto, or the child committed an act which, if committed by an adult, would constitute a violation of K.S.A. 21-6419, and amendments thereto, the secretary shall have the discretionary authority to place the child in a staff secure facility, notwithstanding any other provision of law. When the child is presently alleged, but not yet adjudicated, to be a child in need of care solely pursuant to K.S.A. 38-2202(d)(9) or (d)(10), and amendments thereto, the child may be placed in a secure facility pursuant to an order of protective custody for a period of not to exceed 24 hours, excluding Saturdays, Sundays, legal holidays, and days on which the office of the clerk of the court is not accessible.

(d) The order of protective custody shall be served pursuant to K.S.A. 38-2237(a), and amendments thereto, on the child's parents and any other person having legal custody of the child. The order shall prohibit the removal of the child from the court's jurisdiction without the

court's permission.

(e) If the court issues an order of protective custody, the court may also enter an order restraining any alleged perpetrator of physical, sexual, mental or emotional abuse of the child from residing in the child's home; visiting, contacting, harassing or intimidating the child, other family member or witness; or attempting to visit, contact, harass or intimidate the child, other family member or witness. Such restraining order shall be served by personal service pursuant to K.S.A. 38-2237(a), and amendments thereto, on any alleged perpetrator to whom the order is directed.

(f) (1) The court shall not enter the initial order removing a child from the custody of a parent pursuant to this section unless the court first finds probable cause that: (A) (i) The child is likely to sustain harm if not immediately removed from the home;

(ii) allowing the child to remain in home is contrary to the welfare of the child; or

(iii) immediate placement of the child is in the best interest of the child; and

(B) reasonable efforts have been made to maintain the family unit and prevent the unnecessary removal of the child from the child's home or that an emergency exists which threatens the safety to the child.

(2) Such findings shall be included in any order entered by the court. If the child is placed in the custody of the secretary, the court shall provide the secretary with a written copy of any orders entered upon making the order.

Sec. 3. K.S.A. 2025 Supp. 38-2243 is hereby amended to read as follows: 38-2243. (a) Upon notice and hearing, the court may issue an order directing who shall have temporary custody and may modify the order during the pendency of the proceedings as will best serve the child's welfare.

(b) A hearing pursuant to this section shall be held within 72 hours, excluding Saturdays, Sundays, legal holidays, and days on which the office of the clerk of the court is not

accessible, following a child having been taken into protective custody.

(c) Whenever it is determined that a temporary custody hearing is required, the court shall immediately set the time and place for the hearing. Notice of a temporary custody hearing shall be given to all parties and interested parties.

(d) Notice of the temporary custody hearing shall be given at least 24 hours prior to the hearing. The court may continue the hearing to afford the 24 hours prior notice or, with the consent of the party or interested party, proceed with the hearing at the designated time. If an order of temporary custody is entered and the parent or other person having custody of the child has not been notified of the hearing, did not appear or waive appearance and requests a rehearing, the court shall rehear the matter without unnecessary delay.

(e) Oral notice may be used for giving notice of a temporary custody hearing where there is insufficient time to give written notice. Oral notice is completed upon filing a certificate of oral notice.

(f) The court may enter an order of temporary custody after determining there is probable cause to believe that the:

(1) Child is dangerous to self or to others;

(2) child is not likely to be available within the jurisdiction of the court for future proceedings;

(3) health or welfare of the child may be endangered without further care;

(4) child has been subjected to human trafficking or aggravated human trafficking, as defined by K.S.A. 21-5426, and amendments thereto, or commercial sexual exploitation of a child, as defined by K.S.A. 21-6422, and amendments thereto;

(5) child is experiencing a behavioral health crisis ~~and is in need of treatment~~; or

(6) child committed an act which, if committed by an adult, would constitute a violation of K.S.A. 21-6419, and amendments thereto.

(g) (1) Whenever the court determines the necessity for an order of temporary custody the court may place the child in the temporary custody of:

(A) A parent or other person having custody of the child and may enter a restraining order pursuant to subsection (h);

(B) a person, other than the parent or other person having custody, who shall not be required to be licensed under article 5 of chapter 65 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto;

(C) a youth residential facility;

(D) a shelter facility;

(E) a staff secure facility, notwithstanding any other provision of law, if the child has been subjected to human trafficking or aggravated human trafficking, as defined by K.S.A. 21-5426, and amendments thereto, or commercial sexual exploitation of a child, as defined by K.S.A. 21-6422, and amendments thereto, or the child committed an act which, if committed by an adult, would constitute a violation of K.S.A. 21-6419, and amendments thereto;

(F) ~~after written authorization by a community mental health center,~~ a juvenile ~~crisis intervention~~ stabilization center, as described in K.S.A. 65-536, and amendments thereto; or

(G) the secretary, if the child is 15 years of age or younger, or 16 or 17 years of age if the child has no identifiable parental or family resources or shows signs of physical, mental, emotional or sexual abuse.

(2) If the secretary presents the court with a plan to provide services to a child or family which the court finds will assure the safety of the child, the court may only place the child in the temporary custody of the secretary until the court finds the services are in place. The court shall have the authority to require any person or entity agreeing to participate in the plan to perform as set out in the plan. When the child is placed in the temporary custody of the secretary, the secretary shall have the discretionary authority to place the child with a parent or to make other

suitable placement for the child. When the child is placed in the temporary custody of the secretary and the child has been subjected to human trafficking or aggravated human trafficking, as defined by K.S.A. 21-5426, and amendments thereto, or commercial sexual exploitation of a child, as defined by K.S.A 21-6422, and amendments thereto, or the child committed an act which, if committed by an adult, would constitute a violation of K.S.A. 21-6419, and amendments thereto, the secretary shall have the discretionary authority to place the child in a staff secure facility, notwithstanding any other provision of law. When the child is presently alleged, but not yet adjudicated to be a child in need of care solely pursuant to K.S.A. 38-2202(d)(9) or (d)(10), and amendments thereto, the child may be placed in a secure facility, but the total amount of time that the child may be held in such facility under this section and K.S.A. 38-2242, and amendments thereto, shall not exceed 24 hours, excluding Saturdays, Sundays, legal holidays, and days on which the office of the clerk of the court is not accessible. The order of temporary custody shall remain in effect until modified or rescinded by the court or an adjudication order is entered but not exceeding 60 days, unless good cause is shown and stated on the record.

(h) If the court issues an order of temporary custody, the court may also enter an order restraining any alleged perpetrator of physical, sexual, mental or emotional abuse of the child from residing in the child's home; visiting, contacting, harassing or intimidating the child; or attempting to visit, contact, harass or intimidate the child, other family members or witnesses. Such restraining order shall be served by personal service pursuant to K.S.A. 38-2237(a), and amendments thereto, on any alleged perpetrator to whom the order is directed.

(i) (1) The court shall not enter the initial order removing a child from the custody of a parent pursuant to this section unless the court first finds probable cause that:

(A) (i) The child is likely to sustain harm if not immediately removed from the home;

(ii) allowing the child to remain in home is contrary to the welfare of the child; or

(iii) immediate placement of the child is in the best interest of the child; and

(B) reasonable efforts have been made to maintain the family unit and prevent the unnecessary removal of the child from the child's home or that an emergency exists which threatens the safety to the child.

(2) Such findings shall be included in any order entered by the court. If the child is placed in the custody of the secretary, upon making the order the court shall provide the secretary with a written copy.

(j) If the court enters an order of temporary custody that provides for placement of the child with a person other than the parent, the court shall make a child support determination pursuant to K.S.A. 38-2277, and amendments thereto.

(k) For the purposes of this section, "harassing or intimidating" and "harass or intimidate" includes, but is not limited to, utilizing any electronic tracking system or acquiring tracking information to determine the targeted person's location, movement or travel patterns.

Sec. 4. K.S.A. 2025 Supp. 38-2330 is hereby amended to read as follows: 38-2330. (a) A law enforcement officer may take a juvenile into custody when:

(1) Any offense has been or is being committed in the officer's view;

(2) the officer has a warrant commanding that the juvenile be taken into custody;

(3) the officer has probable cause to believe that a warrant or order commanding that the juvenile be taken into custody has been issued in this state or in another jurisdiction for an act committed therein;

(4) the officer has probable cause to believe that the juvenile is committing or has committed an act which, if committed by an adult, would constitute:

(A) A felony; or

(B) a misdemeanor and: (i) The juvenile will not be apprehended or evidence of the offense will be irretrievably lost unless the juvenile is immediately taken into custody; or (ii) the

juvenile may cause injury to self or others or damage to property or may be injured unless immediately taken into custody;

(5) the officer has probable cause to believe that the juvenile has violated an order for electronic monitoring as a term of probation; or

(6) the officer receives a written statement pursuant to subsection (c).

(b) A court services officer, juvenile community corrections officer or other person authorized to supervise juveniles subject to this code, may take a juvenile into custody when: (1) There is a warrant commanding that the juvenile be taken into custody; or (2) the officer has probable cause to believe that a warrant or order commanding that the juvenile be taken into custody has been issued in this state or in another jurisdiction for an act committed therein.

(c) Any court services officer, juvenile community corrections officer or other person authorized to supervise juveniles subject to this code, may request a warrant by giving the court a written statement setting forth that the juvenile, in the judgment of the court services officer, juvenile community corrections officer or other person authorized to supervise juveniles subject to this code:

(1) (A) Has violated the condition of the juvenile's conditional release from detention or probation, for the third or subsequent time; and

(B) poses a significant risk of physical harm to another or damage to property; or

(2) has absconded from supervision.

(d) (1) A juvenile taken into custody by a law enforcement officer or other person authorized pursuant to subsection (b) shall be brought without unnecessary delay to the custody of the juvenile's parent or other custodian, unless there are reasonable grounds to believe that such action would not be in the best interests of the child or would pose a risk to public safety or property.

(2) If the juvenile cannot be delivered to the juvenile's parent or custodian, the officer

may:

(A) Issue a notice to appear pursuant to subsection (g);

(B) contact or deliver the juvenile to an intake and assessment worker for completion of the intake and assessment process pursuant to K.S.A. 75-7023, and amendments thereto; or

(C) if the juvenile is determined to not be detention eligible based on a standardized detention risk assessment tool and is experiencing a behavioral health crisis, deliver ~~a~~ the juvenile to a juvenile ~~crisis intervention~~ stabilization center, as described in K.S.A. 65-536, and amendments thereto~~, after written authorization by a community mental health center~~.

(3) It shall be the duty of the officer to furnish the county or district attorney and the juvenile intake and assessment worker if the officer has delivered the juvenile to the worker or issued a notice to appear consistent with subsection (g), with all of the information in the officer's possession pertaining to the juvenile, the juvenile's parent or other persons interested in or likely to be interested in the juvenile and all other facts and circumstances which caused the juvenile to be arrested or taken into custody.

(e) In the absence of a court order to the contrary, the court or officials designated by the court, the county or district attorney or the law enforcement agency taking a juvenile into custody shall direct the release prior to the time specified by K.S.A. 38-2343(a), and amendments thereto. In addition, pursuant to K.S.A. 38-2346 and 75-7023 ~~and K.S.A. 38-2346~~, and amendments thereto, a juvenile intake and assessment worker shall direct the release of a juvenile prior to a detention hearing after the completion of the intake and assessment process.

(f) Whenever a person 18 years of age or more is taken into custody by a law enforcement officer for an alleged offense which was committed prior to the time the person reached the age of 18, the officer shall notify and refer the matter to the court for proceedings pursuant to this code, except that the provisions of this code relating to detention hearings shall not apply to that person. If such person is eligible for detention, and all suitable alternatives to

detention have been exhausted, the person shall be detained in jail. Unless the law enforcement officer took the person into custody pursuant to a warrant issued by the court and the warrant specifies the amount of bond or indicates that the person may be released on personal recognizance, the person shall be taken before the court of the county where the alleged act took place or, at the request of the person, the person shall be taken, without delay, before the nearest court. The court shall fix the terms and conditions of an appearance bond upon which the person may be released from custody. The provisions of article 28 of chapter 22 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto, and K.S.A. 22-2901, and amendments thereto, relating to appearance bonds and review of conditions and release shall be applicable to appearance bonds provided for in this section.

(g) (1) Whenever a law enforcement officer detains any juvenile and such juvenile is not immediately taken to juvenile intake and assessment services, the officer may serve upon such juvenile a written notice to appear. Such notice to appear shall contain the name and address of the juvenile detained, the crime charged and the location and phone number of the juvenile intake and assessment services office where the juvenile will need to appear with a parent or guardian.

(2) The juvenile intake and assessment services office specified in such notice to appear must be contacted by the juvenile or a parent or guardian no more than 48 hours after such notice is given, excluding weekends and holidays.

(3) The juvenile detained, in order to secure release as provided in this section, must give a written promise to call within the time specified by signing the written notice prepared by the officer. The original notice shall be retained by the officer and a copy shall be delivered to the juvenile detained and that juvenile's parent or guardian if such juvenile is under 18 years of age. The officer shall then release the juvenile.

(4) The law enforcement officer shall cause to be filed, without unnecessary delay, a

complaint with juvenile intake and assessment services in which a juvenile released pursuant to paragraph (3) is given notice to appear, charging the crime stated in such notice. A copy shall also be provided to the district or county attorney. If the juvenile released fails to contact juvenile intake and assessment services as required in the notice to appear, juvenile intake and assessment services shall notify the district or county attorney.

(5) The notice to appear served pursuant to paragraph (1) and the complaint filed pursuant to paragraph (4) may be provided to the juvenile in a single citation.";

On page 7, in line 34, after "offense" by inserting "which,"; in line 35, after "adult" by inserting a comma; in line 39, after "adult" by inserting a comma; in line 40, after "of" by inserting "any of the following offenses, the court shall issue an order prohibiting the juvenile from attending the attendance center that the victim of the offense attends";

On page 8, in line 11, by striking all after "(2)"; in line 12, by striking all before "If"; in line 25, after "adult" by inserting a comma;

On page 10, in line 31, by striking "38-1502" and inserting "38-2202";

On page 15, in line 23, by striking all after "was"; in line 24, by striking all before "on"; in line 26, before "Offenders" by inserting "(B)";

On page 16, in line 8, by striking the comma; also in line 8, after "which" by inserting a comma; in line 9, after "adult" by inserting a comma; in line 11, after "which" by inserting a comma; also in line 11, after "adult" by inserting a comma; in line 14, by striking the comma; also in line 14, after "which" by inserting a comma; also in line 14, after "adult" by inserting a comma;

On page 19, in line 34, by striking "crisis intervention" and inserting "stabilization"; in line 37, by striking "and is likely to cause harm to self or others"; in line 43, after "(2)" by inserting "provide services to the juvenile and the juvenile's family, including, but not limited to, parent skill building, family and individual communication skill building and case management

supports as necessary to address the immediate needs of the juvenile and juvenile's family;

(3)";

On page 20, in line 7, by striking "and"; in line 9, after "exits" by inserting "; and

(6) allow access to faith-based services";

Also on page 20, in line 10, by striking "crisis intervention" and inserting "stabilization"; in line 11, after the period by inserting "As needed to support the safety and stability of the juvenile and the juvenile's family, such centers may:

(1) Be available to serve juveniles on a 24 hours per day, seven days per week basis;

(2) provide short-term stabilization services for continuous stays; or

(3) provide respite periods throughout the day or night.";

Also on page 20, in line 12, by striking "crisis intervention" and inserting "stabilization"; in line 13, by striking "crisis"; in line 14, by striking "intervention" and inserting "stabilization"; in line 15, by striking "crisis intervention" and inserting "stabilization"; in line 16, by striking "crisis"; in line 17, by striking "intervention" and inserting "stabilization"; in line 19, by striking "crisis intervention" and inserting "stabilization"; in line 20, by striking "when:"; in line 21, by striking "(A)" and inserting "if"; by striking all in lines 22 through 26; in line 27, by striking all before the period and inserting "stabilization services and would benefit from treatment provided by such center. Priority for admission to a juvenile stabilization center shall be given to cross-over youth"; in line 28, by striking "crisis intervention" and inserting "stabilization"; in line 29, after "days" by inserting "and may only be admitted for not more than 90 days within a 12-month period"; in line 30, by striking "crisis intervention" and inserting "stabilization"; in line 33, by striking "crisis"; in line 34, by striking "intervention" and inserting "stabilization"; in line 37, by striking "crisis intervention" and inserting "stabilization"; in line 43, by striking "crisis intervention" and inserting "stabilization";

On page 21, in line 1, by striking all after the first comma; by striking all in lines 2 through

8; in line 9, by striking all before the period and inserting "such center shall coordinate discharge planning and facilitate timely referral and connection to appropriate community-based services for ongoing care"; in line 10, by striking "crisis intervention" and inserting "stabilization"; in line 12, by striking "crisis"; in line 13, by striking "intervention" and inserting "stabilization"; in line 14, by striking "crisis intervention" and inserting "stabilization"; in line 18, by striking "crisis intervention" and inserting "stabilization"; in line 25, by striking "crisis intervention" and inserting "stabilization"; in line 34, by striking all after "families"; in line 35, by striking all before "shall"; in line 36, by striking "2019" and inserting "2027. Such rules and regulations shall not contain any requirement:

(1) That a juvenile stabilization center have a licensed physician, dietician, clinical director, psychiatrist, advanced practice registered nurse or any other medical professional on staff;

(2) prohibiting juveniles who are admitted to such centers from sharing rooms or being placed in rooms that are in the basement of such facility;

(3) that a juvenile stabilization center notify or obtain approval from a local school district prior to obtaining licensure;

(4) related to gender-based staffing; or

(5) establishing staffing ratios beyond the levels for youth residential facilities as defined in K.S.A. 38-2202, and amendments thereto";

Also on page 21, in line 38, by striking "crisis"; in line 39, by striking "intervention" and inserting "stabilization"; in line 40, by striking all after "oversight"; by striking all in line 41; in line 42, by striking all before the period and inserting "and the joint committee on child welfare system oversight";

On page 22, in line 1, by striking "crisis intervention" and inserting "stabilization"; in line 8, by striking all after "(h)"; by striking all in lines 9 through 16; in line 17, by striking "(i)"; in line

23, after "(2)" by inserting ""cross-over youth" means a young person 10 years of age or older who is at risk of being adjudicated or is already adjudicated as a child in need of care due in whole or in part to:

(A) Conduct or involvement in the juvenile justice system;

(B) allegations that could result in involvement in the juvenile justice system; or

(C) any level of concurrent involvement with the child welfare and juvenile justice systems;

(3)";

Also on page 22, also in line 23, by striking "crisis intervention" and inserting "stabilization"; in line 24, by striking "crisis intervention" and inserting "stabilization"; in line 25, after the semicolon by inserting "and"; in line 26, by striking the semicolon; by striking all in lines 27 through 43;

On page 23, by striking all in lines 1 through 5; in line 6, by striking "center";

And by redesignating subsections, paragraphs, subparagraphs and clauses accordingly;

On page 27, in line 15, by striking "crisis"; in line 16, by striking "intervention" and inserting "stabilization"; in line 23, by striking "$10,000,000" and inserting "$4,500,000";

On page 28, following line 35, by inserting:

"(h) On July 1, 2026, July 1, 2027, and July 1, 2028, or as soon thereafter as moneys are available, the director of accounts and reports shall transfer $4,000,000 from the evidence-based programs account of the state general fund to a special revenue fund of the Kansas department for children and families as designated by the secretary for children and families for juvenile stabilization services.";

On page 29, in line 31, by striking "above" and inserting "in";

On page 30, in line 40, by striking "or"; in line 41, after "(H)" by inserting "referral of the child to a juvenile stabilization center as described in K.S.A. 65-536, and amendments thereto; or

(I)";

On page 31, in line 43, after "system" by inserting "pursuant to the revised Kansas juvenile justice code for an offense which, if committed by an adult, would constitute the commission of a misdemeanor or felony";

On page 32, in line 1, by striking "one year" and inserting "three months"; following line 4, by inserting:

"(D) Upon request of a parent, guardian, custodian or juvenile intake and assessment worker, law enforcement may assist with the safe transportation of a juvenile to an appropriate placement, including a juvenile stabilization center, when such assistance is necessary to ensure the safety of the juvenile or others. Such assistance shall not be construed as an arrest, detention or criminal custody.";

Also on page 32, in line 5, after "(4)" by inserting "(A)"; following line 8, by inserting:

"(B) If a juvenile does not meet the eligibility criteria for detention, the juvenile intake and assessment worker shall provide the juvenile and any person accompanying the juvenile information on juvenile stabilization centers described in K.S.A. 65-536, and amendments thereto, and the services that are available at such centers.";

Also on page 32, in line 23, after "K.S.A." by inserting "38-2232, 38-2242,"; in line 24, after "Supp." by inserting "38-2243, 38-2330,";

And by renumbering sections accordingly;

On page 1, in the title, in line 1, after the semicolon by inserting "changing the name of juvenile crisis intervention centers to juvenile stabilization centers; modifying the intake criteria for such centers; prohibiting certain rules and regulations for such centers; modifying the treatment and services provided by such centers;"; by striking all in lines 9 through 11; in line 12, by striking all before "requiring"; in line 17, after the semicolon by inserting "transferring moneys from such account of the state general fund to the department for children and families

to provide juvenile stabilization services;"; also in line 17, after "K.S.A." by inserting "38-2232, 38-2242,"; in line 19, after "Supp." by inserting "38-2243, 38-2330,";

And your committee on conference recommends the adoption of this report.

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Conferees on part of Senate

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Conferees on part of House