PRELIMINARY MINUTES

SPECIAL COMMITTEE ON LOCAL GOVERNMENT

September 12 and 13, 1977 Wichita Public Library

Members Present

Senator Jan Meyers, Chairperson
Representative Clarence Love, Vice-Chairperson
Senator John Chandler
Senator Norman Gaar
Senator Bill Mulich
Representative William Beezley
Representative Robert Caldwell
Representative Gerald Caywood
Representative Harold Dyck
Representative Vic Koarns
Representative Robin Leach
Representative John Myers

Staff Present

Mike Heim, Kansas Legislative Research Department Alan Alderson, Revisor of Statutes Office

Others Fresent

Margaret Bangs, Wichita Donna Paske, Wichita Ruth Richards, League of Women Voters Gary Rebenstorf, Wichita City Attorney's Office John Dekker, Wichita City Attorney Don Bell, Bond Counsel, City of Wichita Representative Ardena Matlack, Dictrict No. 93 Representative Lynn Whiteside, District No. 85 Senator Billy McCray, District No. 29 Ray Reed, First Securities Company Robin Hinton, KARD-TV Jim Grabendike, Wichita Dan Brooks, Wichita Edgar Turn, Wichita Paul, Gerling, Wichita Don Jolley, Salina Recreation Commission

Monday, September 12, 1977

Proposal No. 55 - Municipal Bonds

Senator Jan Meyers called the meeting to order at 10:00 a.m. at the Wichita Public Library. She explained that the purpose of the meeting was to hear testimony on the advisability of making changes in the state bond laws that would facilitate construction of coal gasification facilities.

Mr. John Dekker, Wichita City Attorney, distributed copies of a revised S.B. 341 (S.B. 341 was killed in the Schate in 1977), a copy of which is attached (Attachment L) He explained the major provisions of the bill which amends the state's revenue bond statutes as follows:

- The provision for bond anticipation notes contained in the original S.B. 341 was stricken since the City of Wichita no longer believes that it needs this financing provision. Mr. Dekker said, however, that bond anticipation notes were a useful tool and the Committee should consider this concept on its own merits.
- 2. There is a clear statement that the Kansas Corporation Commission (KCC) would have no jurisdiction to determine whether a coal gasification project would result in duplication of existing utility services since the city would make this determination. The KCC, likewise, would have no jurisdiction over the rates, services or practices of such a facility. Mr. Dekker suggested that a provision might be included to provide for a hearing before the KCC to determine if duplication of services would result from the establishment of a coal gasification facility. He noted that he would give further consideration to this idea and would provide the Committee with appropriate language on this subject.
- 3. The revised bill also provides for a depreciation fund or a renewal and replacement fund. The original S.B. 341 exempted coal gasification facilities from the depreciation fund requirement.
- 4. The bill allows the appointment of a bond trustee. Mr. Dekker noted that in the Eastern bond market bond trustees are often used.
- The provision in the original bill which allowed a lien or mortgage to be placed on the facilities and coal supply was deleted.
- 6. The bill provides that revenue bonds may be sold for 98 percent of par.
- 7. Provision is made for the bonds to mature not longer than 40 years; to be in either coupon or registered form and to have either a serial or term maturity.
- The bond issue could include costs of capitalized interest for up to six months after completion of the facility.
- 9. The bill contains a clear statement that revenue bonds may be issued for coal gasification facilities.

There was then discussion of the protest petition provisions of the suggested bill. Mr. Dekker said the bill should be further clarified to insure that the protest provision applies to all types of utility improvements and not just coal gasification projects. The enumeration of various kinds of fuel was questioned by Senator Norman Gaar (Section 10 of the bill). Mr. Dekker suggested that the section could be amended to apply only to fossil fuels to avoid controversy over nuclear fuel.

Mr. Don Bell, Wichita bond counsel, said that the whole area of revenue bond laws needed clarification. He said that the provision which allows bonds to be sold at 98 percent of par would be more attractive to bond underwriters who could then offer the bonds for sale at face value and not at a premium. He said this would save money interest costs. Mr. Bell noted that most of the suggested changes to Kansas bond laws for the coal gasification project have been of concern to bond people for a number of years. Mr. Bell said the KCC was not geared to handle municipal utility matters and therefore should not have review authority in this area. Senate Chandler said that many people viewed the KCC as a referee for private utilities but that he viewed the KCC as an agency responsible for the protection of the consumers. Senator Gaar said that historically the KCC has been an instrument of the private utilities to keep municipal utilities from competing with them but that in recent years this situation had changed. In response to a question Mr. Dekker said that Wichita would not build a coal gasification plan unless it was convinced the facility would be environmentally safe.

Mr. Ray Reed of the First Securities Company said the whole reason for the suggested changes in the bond laws was to get the lowest possible bond interest rates for the coal gasification project. He said that if the KCC had the power of review over the proposed project that it would not be fatal but could make the project significantly more costly. Mr. Reed noted that most of the proposed changes were long overdue in Kansas.

Afternoon Session

Mr. Jim Grabendike of Wichita requested that the remarks he delivered before the Senate Local Government committee last February be distributed to the Committee. He said that he was concerned about two items in the revised S.B. 341 — the provision for a depreciation fund and the authority of the KCC to review the project. He said that it was very important that an adequate depreciation fund was provided for and that the KCC should have final review of the need for the project, rates, etc.

Mr. Paul Gerling of Wichita questioned why the present Wichita gas utility was operating at a deficit since it had a "take or pay" policy in regard to the gas it sells. He said the proposed coal gasification project represented a sizeable risk for the city.

Mr. Dan Brooks of Wichita questioned why Wichita had avoided a referendum on the proposed coal gasification project. He said the project avoided the referendum requirement of the law because it was considered an improvement of an existing gas utility. He said that a \$700 million improvement may be an abuse of the spirit of the law. Senator Gaar said that it was common for a city to establish a utility by ordinance and later issue bonds for improvements of the utility without a referendum. He said that someone may question whether this is a good or bad law but not whether Wichita was conforming to the spirit of the law since the city had followed the letter of the law in this regard.

Mrs. Margaret Bangs of Wichita questioned the wisdom of extending the maturity of revenue bonds to 40 years. She said a coal gasification plant may not have a useful life of 40 years.

Senator Meyers said several local officials had expressed concern about the Committee's action at its last meeting extending the maturity of general obligation bonds paid by special assessments to 30 years. Senator Gaar said that citizens who will benefit from an improvement project generally initiate the proceedings and would have a voice in the length of time for the special assessments. He said that by extending the bond term to 30 years more persons with lower incomes could afford improvements paid by special assessments. Senator Chandler questioned if cities were having trouble financing projects paid by special assessments on a 20 year basis.

Mr. Alderson distributed copies of two bill drafts dealing with bond advance refunding and bond elections. (Attachments II and III.)

The Committee agreed that Mr. Alderson should work with Senator Gaar to draft a bill to simplify the statute (K.S.A. 10-126) dealing with interest coupons.

Representative Dyck made a motion that a bill be drafted to exempt all bonds issued for sewer construction from bonded debt limits. Representative Leach seconded the motion and the motion carried.

Representative Caywood moved that a bill be drafted to establish a bond custodial account in the State Treasurer's Office. Representative Dyck seconded the motion and the motion carried.

Representative Leach moved that a bill be drafted that would place any coal gasification utility constructed under the jurisdiction of the KCC. Representative Myers seconded the motion and the motion carried.

Staff was asked to provide the Committee with more information on bond anticipation notes and to explain the difference between these notes and temporary notes as well as how bond anticipation notes would be paid if revenue bonds were not issued. Staff was asked to provide the Committee with information on the difference between a bond trustee and fiscal agent. Staff was asked to determine whether the State Treasurer's Office would lose interest moneys if banks were designated as bond trustees rather than the Treasurer's Office.

Tuesday, September 13

Proposal No. 56 - Parks and Recreation

The meeting was called to order by Senator Jan Meyers, Chairperson, at 9:00 a.m.

Mr. Don Jolley of the Salina Recreation Commission reviewed the revised suggestions of the Kansas Recreation and Park Association. Mr. Jolley also requested that a position be created in the State Park and Resources Authority to provide research and technical assistance to local park and recreation programs.

Mr. Jolley said that an Attorney General's opinion in 1975 said that recreation commissions had the authority to levy taxes outside their statutorily set limits for expenses such as workmen's compensation, social security, etc. He said that the Municipal Audit Section of the Division of Accounts and Reports, however, has said that recreation commissions do not have the above authority. Staff was asked to check on this matter.

Proposal No. 83 - Cemeteries

Mr. Mike Heim of the Legislative Research Department reviewed a memorandum dealing with suggested changes in the Kansas cemetery laws, a copy of which is attached (Attachment IV.)

Representative Kearns moved that perpetual care fund audit results be made available to the private cemetery corporation audited. Senator Mulich seconded the motion and the motion carried.

Representative Kearns moved that all county appraisers be required to file a list of all owners of cemetery lands, their addresses and a legal description of the land with the Secretary of State. Cemetery lands owned by governments, churches and family burial plots would be excluded. Senator Mulich seconded the motion and the motion

Representative Love moved that cemetery corporations (as defined by K.S.A. 17-1312f) that fail to register with the Secretary of State's Office be charged with an unclassified misdemeanor and be subject to a \$100 fine. Representative Caywood seconded the motion and the motion carried.

Afternoon Session

The Committee by consensus agreed to the following items to be incorporated in a cemetery bill draft:

- 1) that "maintenance" be defined to include mowing grass, landscaping, etc.;
- that permanent maintenance deposits be made within 30 days of the receipt of cemetery lot payment; and
- 3) that cemetery corporations fix and set aside permanent maintenance moneys in a bank with full trust powers or in a trust company and that permission must be obtained from the Secretary of State before any such moneys can be transferred to another financial institution.

Staff was instructed to consult with Mr. Jack Brier of the Secretary of State's Office on the above recommended changes. The Committee directed that its report include a recommendation that all cemetery laws be recodified and that this be the sole subject matter for a future interim committee. The report was also to reflect the Committee's desire that all municipal cemetery laws contained in Chapter 17 of Kansas Statutes annotated be moved to the municipal sections of the statutes.

Proposal No. 56 - Parks and Recreation

Representative Kearns moved that the suggested changes contained in the proposed bill draft to K.S.A. 12-1902 be adopted by the Committee. Senator Mulich seconded the motion and the motion carried. (See the August 9 and 10 minutes, Attachment II, for the bill draft.)

Representative Myers moved that no change be made to K.S.A. 12-1903. Representative Caldwell seconded the motion and the motion carried.

Staff was then instructed to draft a bill incorporating the consensus and thinking of the Committee in regard to this proposal.

The Committee then adjourned.

Prepared by Mike Heim

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SENATE BILL No. 341

By Committee on Local Government

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AN ACT relating to municipal utilities; concerning the issuance of revenue bonds for the acquisition, construction, reconstruction, alteration, repair, improvement, extension or enlargement of such utilities; authorizing certain contracts; amending K.S.A. 10-1201, 10-1202, 10-1203, 10-1204, 10-1205, 10-1206, 10-1207, 10-1208 and 10-1210 and K.S.A. 1976 Supp. 12-825j and repealing the existing sections.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

Section I. K.S.A. 10-1201 is hereby amended to read as colocy lows: 10-1201. "Municipality" as used in this act means a municipality as defined in K.S.A. 10-101. "Utility" as used in this act means any publicly owned utility, instrumentality or facility of a revenue producing character including but not limited to pleas.

October plants, facilities and instrumentalities for the purpose of supplying natural or manufactured gas, water or electric light and off-street parking facilities and sewage disposal plants, facilities and interceptor sewers. "Revenue bonds" as used in this act means bonds, or bond anticipation notes payable from bond proceeds, issued by any municipality in this state to be paid exclusively from the revenue derived from the operation of a utility.

Sec. §. K.S.A. 10-1202 is hereby amended to read as follows: 10-1202. (a) Any municipality authorized by the laws of the state of Kansas to issue general obligation bonds for the acquisition, construction, reconstruction, alteration, repair, improvement, extension or enlargement of any utility is hereby empowered to issue and sell revenue bonds in payment of the cost of such utility or improvements, to fix by ordinance or resolution such rates, fees and charges for the use thereof or services therefrom as may be reasonable and necessary and to provid the

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manner of collecting and disbursing such revenues subject to the limitations hereinafter contained: Provided, however, That. If any city of the first class shall have issued temporary notes for waterworks improvements contemplating the issuance of general obligation bonds, said general obligation bonds having been authorized by the vote of a majority of the qualified electors of such city voting on the proposition at an election called and held for that purpose, such city may fund such temporary notes by the issuance of revenue bonds under the terms of this act without again submitting any proposition to the electors of such city: And provided further, That should. If any city issue has issued revenue bonds under the terms of this act, such city may thereafter issue additional revenue bonds for improvements, enlargements, extensions or additions to any utility system and provide that, on such conditions as may be specified by the governing body of the city, such later bonds shall be on a parity as to the revenues of such utility and in all other respects with revenue bonds previously issued against such utility under the terms of this act.

(b) Any city is hereby empowered to issue and sell revenue bonds in payment of the cost of acquiring and constructing plants, facilities and instrumentalities for the purpose of producing manufactured gas for sale within or without the state of Kansas to any: (1) Municipal utility, (2) private utility, or (3) municipal, industrial, institutional or commercial person.

Sec. 3. K.S.A. 10-1203 is hereby amended to read as follows: 10-1203. No municipality, as herein defined, shall issue revenue bonds to acquire, construct, reconstruct, alter, repair, improve, extend or enlarge any plant or facilities, except plants, facilities and instrumentalities for manufactured gas, for the furnishing of any utility service where same is being furnished by a private utility, except upon approval by the corporation commission of the state of Kansas, after a finding based on substantial evidence that the acquisition, construction, reconstruction, alteration, repair, improvement, extension or enlargement of such plant or facilities is necessary or appropriate for the municipality and its consumers, and for the protection of investors and will not result in the duplication of existing utility services in the area served or

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to be served by the municipality. Plants, facilities and instrumentalities to manufacture gas may be acquired and constructed, and financed with revenue bonds and the rates, services and practices of the issuing municipality relating to the manufacture or transmission and sale of gas derived from such manufactured gas plants, facilities and instrumentalities owned by the issuing municipality shall not be subject to the jurisdiction of the corporation commission of the state of Kansas.

Sec. 7 K.S.A. 10-1204 is hereby amended to read as follows: 10-1204. Revenue derived from the operation of any utility financed in whole or in part by revenue bonds authorized by this act shall be paid into the treasury of the municipality or into the treasury of its board of public utilities and kept in a separate fund, and shall be used only for the purpose of paying the cost of operation, maintenance, alteration, reconstruction, repair, improvement, extension and enlargement of such utility, providing, except in the case of manufactured-gas plants, facilities and instrumentalities, ar adequate depreciation fund and paying the principal of, and the interest upon, the revenue bonds and paying the principal of, and the interest upon, any and all prior existing revenue and general obligation bonds or other liens or indebtedness against any such utility or facility: Provided, except that all the provisions of K.S.A. 12-825d and 13-1269 to 13-1274, inclusive, shall remain in force when sufficient revenues have been set aside for the payment of one year's principal and interest in

Sec. K.S.A. 10-1205 is hereby amended to read as follows: 10-1205. Such revenue bonds are hereby made a lien on the revenues produced from such utility, which may be pledged for the benefit of bondholders to a trustee under a trust agreement, but shall not be a general obligation of the issuing municipality and shall not contain the recital set forth in K.S.A. 10-112, or any amendment thereof, but shall contain recitals stating the authority under which such bonds are issued, that they are issued in

addition to the current year's principal and interest upon the revenue bonds. Any surplus may be used to pay the principal of, and interest upon, any general obligation bonds subsequently

conformity with the provisions, restrictions and limitations of that authority, that such bonds and the interest thereon are to be 0120 paid by the issuing municipality from the revenues derived from 0121 the rates, fees or charges herein mentioned and not from any other fund or source, that the same have been registered in the office of the clerk of the issuing municipality and the state treasurer of the state of Kansas, respectively, and that said bonds are negotiable. Revenue bonds issued to acquire and construct manufactured gas plants, facilities and instrumentalities may be additionally secured by a lien on the issuing municipality's interest in the coal supply for such manufactured gas plants, facilities and instru-0130 mentalities. All such bonds, when registered and issued, as herein provided, shall import absolute verity and shall be conclusive in favor of all persons purchasing such bonds that all proceedings and conditions precedent have been had and performed to au-0133 thorize the issuance thereof and such bonds shall be negotiable and may be issued in addition to the statutory limit of bonded indebtedness of the issuing municipality. 0136 Sec. & K.S.A. 10-1206 is hereby amended to read as follows: 0137

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10-1206. Bonds issued under this act may be sold at public or 0139 -private sale and shall not be sold for less than ninety-eight percent (98%) of the principal amount thereof and accrued interest and shall not be offered for sale to nor purchased by the state school fund commission.

Sec. 5 K.S.A. 10-1207 is hereby amended to read as follows: 10-1207. Such revenue bonds issued under the terms of this act 0144 shall mature serially, beginning not later than five (5) years after the date of issuance; may have serial or term maturities, except that the date of maturity on said bonds shall not be fixed for a longer period of time than thirty (20) forty (10) years after the date of issuance; said bonds shall bear interest at a rate not to exceed the maximum rate of interest prescribed by K.S.A. 10-1009, and amendments thereto, payable semi-annually and the amount of interest due each six (6) months shall be evidenced by coupons attached to each bond issued; said bonds may be in coupon or 0153 registered form and interchangeable; and said bonds shall have such other terms and provisions as the municipality may by

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resolution, ordinance or trust agreement provide.

In no case where revenue bonds are issued under and by virtue of this act shall the total amount thereof be in excess of the actual cost of the project, plus capitalized interest for up to six (6) months after completion of the plant, facility, and instrumentality and reasonable reserves and issuance expenses. No municipality shall have any right or authority to levy taxes to pay any of the principal of or interest on any such bonds or any judgment against the issuing municipality on account thereof and the provisions of K.S.A. 10-113, shall not apply to any bonds issued hereunder.

Sec. 8. K.S.A. 10-1208 is hereby amended to read as follows: 10-1208. Provision shall be made by appropriate enactment by the governing body or other proper officers having the control and management of the utilities of such municipality for the payment of said bonds by fixing rates, fees or charges for the use of or services rendered by such utility, which rates, fees or charges shall be sufficient to pay the cost of operation, improvement and maintenance of the utility, and provide, extent in the case of manufactured gas plants, facilities and instrumentalities, an adequate depreciation fund, and pay the principal of and the interest upon said bonds when due: Provided, That. Rates, fees and charges for the use of or services rendered by any interceptor sewer utility, including the cost of construction, alteration, repair or reconstruction of any such interceptor sewer utility, shall not be based on strength or volume of sewage to be carried in any interceptor sewer of such utility: Provided, however, That. Rates, fees and charges for the use of or services rendered by any sewage disposal plant utility may be based in part upon the strength or volume of sewage contributed. 0185

The municipality shall cause annually an audit to be made by a competent firm of independent auditors of the operation of any utility for which revenue bonds have been issued by the municipality and, if said audit shall disclose that proper provision has not been made for all of the requirements of this section, then the governing body or other officers having the control and management of the utilities of such municipality shall promptly proceed

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to cause to be charged for the utility service rendered rates which will adequately provide for the requirements set out herein. Within thirty (30) days after the completion of said audit, a copy of same shall be filed with the clerk of the municipality and shall 0196 be open to public inspection. If the municipality does not own 0197 the waterworks system serving it and has instituted sewer service 0198 charges and rates for the use of its sanitary sewage system utility 0199 under this section, it may contract with any corporation owning 0200 the waterworks system serving such municipality for the billing and collection of sewer service charges in conjunction with the 0202 billing and collection of water charges, and such corporation 0203 shall have the power to contract for such billing and collection of 0204 sewer service charges. 0205

The terms of such contract shall be such as may be reasonable under the circumstances including the payment of reasonable compensation for the services rendered in billing and collecting such sewer service charges and may include a provision that water service to any customer using or required by law to use the sewage facilities of the municipality, except the youth center at Atchison, shall be discontinued, at the direction of the municipality, in the event of such customers' failure to pay sewer service charges, and such water company shall have the power to discontinue such water service under such circumstances. If the municipality owns and operates both the waterworks system and sanitary sewer system serving such municipality and it has instituted sewer rates, fees, and charges under this section, it may combine the billing and collection of the charges for both such utility services and may discontinue the water service to any sewer user who may be delinquent in the payment of sewer services charges.

Sec. & K.S.A. 10-1210 is hereby amended to read as follows: 10-1210. The governing body, by a two-thirds vote of the members thereof, or where the utilities are under the control and management of a board of public utilities, said board by a three-fifths vote thereof, may acquire and construct manufactured gas plants, facilities and instrumentalities or may contract for or make repairs, alterations, extensions, reconstruction en-

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largements or improvements of any of its municipally owned utilities and issue or cause to be issued revenue bonds in payment of the cost thereof without submitting to a vote of the electors of such municipality the proposal to contract for or to make such repairs, alterations, extensions, reconstructions, enlargements or improvements and to issue such bonds in payment of the cost thereof: Provided, That such repairs, alterations, extensions or improvements will not eause duplication of existing utility service furnished by a private utility: Provided, however, That. The governing body of any such municipality shall find that such repairs, alterations, extensions or improvements will not cause duplication of existing utility service furnished by a private utility, except that no such finding is required where the acquisition or construction of a manufactured gas plant, facility or instrumentality will provide manufactured gas within or without the state of Kansas to any: (1) Municipal utility, (2) private utility, or (3) municipal, industrial, institutional or commercial person. The governing body or other proper officers of any such municipality shall, before contracting for the acquisition and construction of a manufactured gas plant, facility or instrumentality or the making any such repairs, extensions, reconstructions, enlargements or improvements, cause to be published in the official paper of said municipality or, if said municipality has no official paper, then some paper of general circulation in such municipality a notice of its intention so to do which notice shall describe the nature of the proposed manufactured gas plant, facility or instrumentality or repair, alteration, reconstruction, enlargement or improvement, state the total amount of the cost thereof and the amount of the bonds to be issued for the payment thereof: Provided, however, If, within fifteen days after the publication as aforesaid of such notice, there shall be filed with the clerk of such municipality a written protest against such proposed manufactured gas plant, facility or instrumentality or repairs, alterations, extensions, reconstructions, enlargements or improvements and such bond issue, signed by not less than twenty percent (20%) of the qualified electors of such municipality, the governing body of such municipality shall thereupon submit

such proposed project and the proposed bond issue to the electors of such municipality at a special election to be called for that 0268 purpose upon at least ten (10) days' notice, to be held not later 0269 than sixty (60) days after the filing of such protest or at a regular 0270 city election or general election which will occur not sooner than thirty (30) days nor not later than sixty (60) days after the filing of 0272 such protest. In the event that a majority of such voters voting on 0273 such proposition at such election shall vote in favor thereof, such manufactured gas plant, facility or instrumentality or repairs, alterations, extensions, reconstructions, enlargements or im-0276 provements shall be made and such bonds may be issued in payment of the cost thereof. 0278

Sec. 10. K.S.A. 1976 Supp. 12-325j is hereby amended to read 0279 as follows: 12-825j. (a) Any municipality which owns or operates, or which hereafter owns or operates, a utility furnishing water, gas or electricity is hereby authorized and empowered to enter into contracts for the purchase of water, ges, coal or electricity from any person, firm, corporation or other municipality, upon such terms and conditions as may be deemed necessary and reasonable by the governing body of such municipality. Any such contract may include an agreement for the purchase of to pay for 0287 water, gas, coal or electricity, hot actually received. No such contract shall be made for a period in excess of forty (40) years, but renewal options in favor of the purchasing municipality may be included therein. Nothing in this section shall be construed to authorize the levy of a tax by any municipality entering a contract

0294 (b) As used in this act, the term "municipality" shall mean 0295 and include any city, county or township.

as herein provided.

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0296 Sec. 11. K.S.A. 10-1201, 10-1202, 10-1203, 10-1204, 10-1205, 0297 10-1206, 10-1207, 10-1208 and 10-1210 and K.S.A. 1976 Supp. 0298 12-825j are hereby repealed.

O299 Sec. 12. This act shall take effect and be in force from and O300 after its publication in the statute book.

BILL NO.

By Special Committee on Local Government

AN ACT relating to the refunding of bonds of certain municipal and quasi-municipal corporations; amending K.S.A. 1977 Supp. 10-110a, and repealing the existing section.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

Section 1. K.S.A. 1977 Supp. 10-116a is hereby amended to read as follows: 10-116a. Any municipal or quasi-municipal corporation which has prior to the effective date of this act issued or may hereafter issue revenue bonds under the laws of the state of Kansas, may issue, without an election, revenue bonds pursuant to the provisions of this act to refund any previous issue or issues or part thereof of its outstanding revenue bonds; except-that-Ro-previous-issue-or-issues-in-an-aggregate-amount-of tess-than-one-million-dellars-(++,000,000)--shall-be-refunded The principal amount of any issue of such refunding revenue bonds shall not exceed the aggregate amount of: (a) The principal amount of the revenue bonds being refunded; (b) the amount of any interest which has accrued thereon or interest that will accrue to the date of payment of the bonds being refunded; (c) the amount of any premium required to be paid should such bonds be called for redemption and payment; (d) expenses of the municipal or quasi-municipal corporation deemed by the governing body to be necessary for the issuance of the refunding bonds; and (e) expenses incident to the payment of the bonds being refunded. Such refunding revenue bonds may be sold or exchanged for the bonds being refunded either as a whole or in installments at any time or times, either at, before, or after the maturity of the bonds being refunded. If such refunding revenue bonds are sold more than six (6) months prior to the maturity or earliest prior redemption date of the bonds being refunded, the proceeds derived

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from such sale, together with any other moneys on hand, shall be placed in escrow under a trust agreement with a Kansas bank Said proceeds and moneys shall be having full trust powers. invested in direct obligations of, or obligations the principal of and the interest on which are unconditionally guaranteed by, the United States of America, which obligations shall mature or be subject to redemption by the holders thereof not later than the respective dates when the proceeds of said obligations together with the interest accruing thereon and any other moneys or investments held in escrow will be required for the purposes intended. Said trust agreement shall pledge or assign the moneys and investments so held in trust for the payment of the principal of the revenue bonds being refunded and may pledge or assign the moneys and investments so held in trust for the payment of the interest on the revenue bonds being refunded and any redemption premium thereon. The trust agreement may pledge or assign any of such obligations or other moneys or investments, or interest accruing thereon, so held in trust, which are in excess of the amount of such obligations and other moneys and investments so held which is equal to the amount of the principal of the bonds to be refunded which comes due on the date for which the bonds have been called for redemption or irrevocable instructions to all the bonds for redemption have been given and any redemption premium thereon, for the payment of the principal of and interest on any or all of such refunding revenue bonds and any redemption premium thereon, and shall contain provisions for protecting and enforcing the rights and remedies of the holders of such revenue bonds. No bonds shall be issued under the authority of this section to refund any refunding revenue bonds issued under this section unless at that time all previous bonds refunded under the authority of this section shall have been paid. Such refunding revenue bonds issued pursuant to this act shall not be general obligations of such municipal or quasi-municipal corporation, except as herein provided, and insofar as the same may be made applicable the issuance of such refunding revenue bonds, the security thereof, and the rights, duties and obligations of the municipal or quasi-municipal corporation in respect thereof, shall be governed by the laws governing such matters with respect to the bonds being refunded and all other laws generally applicable to revenue bonds issued in this state by such municipal or quasi-municipal corporation.

- Sec. 2. K.S.A. 1977 Supp. 10-116a is hereby repealed.
- Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its publication in the statute book.

 BILL	NO.	

By Special Committee on Local Government

AN ACT relating to municipal bond elections; concerning publication of notice; amending K.S.A. 1977 Supp. 10-120, and repealing the existing section.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

Section 1. K.S.A. 1977 Supp. 10-120 is hereby amended to read as follows: 10-120. Whenever an election is required for the issuance of bonds for any purpose by any municipality other than a school district, drainage district or irrigation district, or where a different procedure for giving notice of the election is specifically provided by law, upon compliance with the legal requirements necessary and precedent to the call for such election, the proper municipal officers shall call an election to be held within forty-five (45) days after compliance with the necessary requirements, or within ninety (90) days, should such long period include the date of a general election.

Notice of such election shall be published in a newspaper of general circulation in the municipality once each week for three (3) consecutive weeks, the first publication to be not less than twenty-one (21) days prior to such election. If—such—notice—is published—in—a weekly,—semiweekly—er—triweekly—paper,—publication shall—be—on—any—one—day of the—week-upon—which—such—paper—is published.—If—such—notice—is—published—in—a—daily—paper, publication—shall—be—on—Wednesday—or—Thursday—of—each—of—the three—(3)—consecutive—weeks. Such notice—shall—set forth—the time and place of holding the election and the purpose for which the bonds are to be issued and shall be signed by the municipal officers, or a majority of them, having authority to call an election in such municipality. Such election shall be held at the usual place of holding elections and shall be conducted by

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the officers or persons provided by law for holding elections in such municipality.

At such elections all qualified electors shall be entitled to vote. The vote at such election shall be by ballot. Such ballot shall comply with the usual requirements for an official ballot for candidates for public office insofar requirements are applicable thereto. Upon such ballot shall be printed the bond proposition submitted, preceded by the words "Shall the following be adopted?" and followed by the words "To vote in favor of the bonds make a cross mark in the square after the word 'Yes.'" "To vote against the bonds make a cross mark in the square after the word 'No,'" followed by sufficient squares. If more than one proposition or question be submitted on said ballot the different propositions or questions shall be separately numbered and printed and be separated by a broad, solid line one eighth of an inch wide. Such elections are to be in all respects governed and the results declared according to the rules and regulations provided by law for holding elections in any such municipality.

Sec. 2. K.S.A. 1977 Supp. 10-120 is hereby repealed.

Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its publication in the statute book.

MEMORANDUM

August 31, 1977

TO: Special Committee on Local Government

FROM: Mike Heim, Kansas Legislative Research Department

RE: Suggested Changes to Cemetery Statutes

. The following are suggested changes to the Kansas cemetery laws made by various conferees, Committee members and staff before the Special Committee on Local Government.

1. K.S.A. 17-1311.

- A. The word "lot" used in this section should be defined. (Clyde Hill, Yates Center Attorney)
- B. The 15 percent requirement should be clarified in regard to cemetery lots repossessed and later resold. (David Newcomer, IV, Johnson County Memorial Gardens)
- C. The word "maintenance" should be clarified or defined. (Jack Brier, Assistant Secretary of State)
- D. The frequency of the deposits to permanent maintenance funds should be clarified.(Jack Brier)
- E. The words "fix and set aside" should be clarified. (Jack Brier)
- 2. K.S.A. 17-1312. The provision allowing the treasurers of private cemetery corporations to be in custody of and to invest permanent maintenance funds should be deleted. Only trust companys, banks with full trust powers or other appropriate financial institutions should be allowed to perform these functions. (Clyde Hill)
- 3. K.S.A. 17-1312a. There should be some type of penalty established for private cemetery corporations that fail to register with the Secretary of State's Office. (Staff)
- 4. K.S.A. 17-1312b. In lieu of an audit, private cemetery corporations should be required to file a verified annual statement under penalty of perjury with the Secretary of State's Office. (David Newcomer)
- 5. K.S.A. 17-1312(d). The words "neglect" and "maintain" should be defined or clarified. (Jack Brier)

- 6. K.S.A. 17-1312e. This section should be amended to allow audit information to be disclosed to officers of the private cemetery corporations that are audited. (Jack Brier and Ginger Barr, Maplewood Memorial Lawn Cemetery of Emporia)
- 7. K.S.A. 13-5004. Does this statute permit the investment of permanent maintenance moneys in additional cemetery lands? (Jack Brier)
- 8. Counties should be given the responsibility and the financial means to properly maintain abandoned cemeteries. (Clyde Hill)
- 9. The State should create a Kansas Cemetery Board or Commission to oversee the operation and insure the proper maintenance of all cemeteries in Kansas. (Representative Clarence Love)
- 10. All cemeteries, both public and private, should be required to establish permanent maintenance funds. (Ginger Barr)
- 11. Cemetery officers, both public and private, should be covered by a blanket bond. (Clyde Hill)
- 12. All cemetery laws should be recodified. (Fred Allen, Kansas Association of Counties)
- 13. Cemetery laws contained in Chapter 17 of Kansas Statutes Annotated should be placed in the municipal sections of the statutes. (Clyde Hill)