MINUTES OF THE SENATE COMMITTEE ON AGRICULTURE & SMA	LL BUSINE
Held in Room 423-S, at the Statehouse at 10:00 a.m.	a. m./p. m.,
onTuesday, February 17, 1981	, 19
All members were present ************************************	
The next meeting of the Committee will be held at 10:00 a.m.	a. m./p. m.,
onWednesday, February 18, 1981	,19
These minutes of the meeting held on	19 were
considered, corrected and approved.	
Fluid a Kens	

The conferees appearing before the Committee were:

Senator Kerr called the meeting to order. Senator Arasmith moved, seconded by Senator Karr, that the minutes of the February 10 and February 11, 1981, meetings be approved. Motion carried.

Senator Kerr presented the proposed bill (Attachment "A" introduced as Senate Bill 298) and his summary (Attachment "B") relative to a new farm corporation law which contains the general framework of the Iowa Corporate Farm law but addresses the various suggestions previously heard by the committee. The present law would be repealed.

Senator Arasmith moved, Senator Gannon seconded, that the bill as written be introduced. Motion carried.

Senator Thiessen pointed out that present regulations do not permit water to be added to hams. Nearly all other states allow this. He suggested the introduction of two bills to alleviate this problem. Senator Thiessen moved, seconded by Senator Arasmith, that bill draft #642 be introduced. Motion carried. Senator Thiessen moved, seconded by Senator Allen, that bill draft #643 be introduced. Motion carried.

Meeting adjourned.

##########

Atch. A

SENATE BILL NO. 298

By Committee on Agriculture and Small Business

AN ACT concerning agricultural land; relating to the acquisition and use thereof; repealing K.S.A. 17-5901.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

Section 1. As used in this act:

- (a) "Corporation" means a domestic or foreign corporation and includes a nonprofit corporation.
- (b) "Nonprofit corporation" means a corporation organized not for profit.
- (c) "Limited corporate partnership" means a limited partnership, as defined in K.S.A. 56-122, which has as a member or members, whether as general or limited partners, one or more corporations.
- (d) "Corporate partnership" means a partnership, as defined in K.S.A. 56-306, which has within the association one or more corporations.
- (e) "Feedlot" means a lot, yard, corral, or other area in which livestock fed for slaughter are confined. The term includes within its meaning land which is used for the raising of crops or other vegetation and land upon which livestock fed for slaughter are allowed to graze or feed.
- (f) "Agricultural land" means land suitable for use in farming.
- (g) "Farming" means the cultivation of land for the production of agricultural crops, the raising of poultry, production of eggs, the production of milk, the production of fruit or other horticultural crops, the production of seed, including grass seed, grazing or the production of livestock. Farming does not include the production of timber, forest products, nursery products, or sod, and farming does not include

a contract where a processor or distributor of farm products or supplies provides spraying, harvesting or other farm services.

- (h) "Fiduciary capacity" means an undertaking to act as executor, administrator, personal representative, guardian, conservator or receiver.
 - (i) "Family farm corporation" means a corporation:
- (1) Founded for the purpose of farming and the ownership of agricultural land in which the majority of the voting stock is held by and the majority of the stockholders are persons related to each other as spouse, parent, grandparent, lineal ascendents of grandparents or their spouses and other lineal descendents of the grandparents or their spouses, or persons acting in a fiduciary capacity for persons so related;
- (2) all of its stockholders are natural persons or persons acting in a fiduciary capacity for the benefit of natural persons; and
- (3) at least one of the stockholders is a person residing on the farm or actively engaged in the day-to-day labor or management of the farming operation.
- (j) "Authorized farm corporation" means a corporation other than a family farm corporation founded for the purpose of farming and the ownership of agricultural land in which:
 - (1) The stockholders do not exceed five in number;
- (2) the stockholders are all natural persons or persons acting in a fiduciary capacity for the benefit of natural persons or nonprofit corporations; and
- (3) at least a majority of the stockholders are persons residing on the farm or actively engaged in the day-to-day labor or management of the farming operation.
- (k) "Trust" means a fiduciary relationship with respect to property, subjecting the person by whom the property is held to equitable duties to deal with the property for the benefit of another person, which arises as a result of a manifestation of an intention to create it. Trust does not include a person acting in a fiduciary capacity. A trust includes a legal entity holding

property as trustee, agent, escrow agent, attorney-in-fact, and in any similar capacity.

- (1) "Family trust" means a trust in which:
- (1) A majority interest in the trust is held by and the majority of the beneficiaries are persons related to each other as spouse, parent, grandparent, lineal descendants of grandparents or their spouses and other lineal descendants of the grandparents or their spouses and other lineal descendents of the grandparents or their spouses, or persons acting in a fiduciary capacity for persons so related; and
- (2) all the beneficiaries are natural persons, who are not acting as a trustee or in a similar capacity for a trust, or persons acting in a fiduciary capacity, or nonprofit corporations.
- (m) "Authorized trust" means a trust other than a family
 trust in which:
 - (1) The beneficiaries do not exceed five in number;
- (2) the beneficiaries are all natural persons, who are not acting as a trustee or in a similar capacity for a trust, or persons acting in a fiduciary capacity, or nonprofit corporations; and
- (3) income thereof is not exempt from taxation under the laws of either the United States or the state of Kansas.
- (n) "Testamentary trust" means a trust created by devising or bequeathing property in trust in a will as such terms are used in the Kansas probate code.
- Sec. 2. (a) No corporation, trust, limited corporate partnership or corporate partnership, other than a family farm corporation, authorized farm corporation, family trust, authorized trust or testamentary trust shall, either directly or indirectly, acquire or otherwise obtain or lease any agricultural land in this state. The restrictions provided in this section do not apply to the following:
 - (1) A bona fide encumbrance taken for purposes of security.
 - (2) Agricultural land when acquired as a gift, either by

grant or devise, by an educational, religious or charitable nonprofit corporation.

- (3) Agricultural land acquired by a corporation for immediate or planned use in nonfarming purposes.
- (4) Agricultural land acquired by a corporation by process of law in the collection of debts, or pursuant to a contract for deed executed prior to February 17, 1981, or by any procedure for the enforcement of a lien or claim thereon, whether created by mortgage or otherwise.
 - (5) A municipal corporation.
- (6) Agricultural land which is acquired by a trust company or bank in a fiduciary capacity or as a trustee for a family trust, authorized trust or testamentary trust or for a nonprofit corporation.
- (7) Agricultural land held or leased by a corporation on February 17, 1981, as long as the corporation holding or leasing the land on such date continues to hold or lease such agricultural land.
- (8) Agricultural land held or leased by a trust on February 17, 1981, as long as the trust holding or leasing such land on such date continues to hold or lease such agricultural land.
- (9) Agricultural land held or leased by a corporation for use as a feedlot.
- (10) Agricultural land held or leased by a corporation for the purpose of the production of timber, forest products, nursery products, or sod.
- (b) Any corporation, trust, limited corporate partnership or corporate partnership, other than a family farm corporation, authorized farm corporation, family trust, authorized trust or testamentary trust, violating the provisions of this section shall upon conviction, be punished by a fine of not more than \$50,000 and shall divest itself of any land acquired in violation of this section within one year after conviction. The district courts of this state may prevent and restrain violations of this section through the issuance of an injunction. The attorney

general or district or county attorney shall institute suits on behalf of the state to prevent and restrain violations of this section.

- Sec. 3. K.S.A. 17-5901 is hereby repealed.
- Sec. 4. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its publication in the statute book.

STATE OF KANSAS

Atch. B



FRED A. KERR
SENATOR, THIRTY-THIRD DISTRICT

BARBER, COMANCHE, HARPER, KINGMAN, KIOWA,

PRATT, STAFFORD, S. RENO,

W. SUMNER COUNTIES

ROUTE 2

PRATT, KANSAS 67124

COMMITTEE ASSIGNMENTS

CHAIRMAN, AGRICULTURE AND SMALL BUSINESS
VICE-CHAIRMAN, ENERGY AND NATURAL RESOURCES
MEMBER: ASSESSMENT AND TAXATION
EDUCATION
TRANSPORTATION AND UTILITIES

TOPEKA

SENATE CHAMBER

February 17, 1981

SUMMARY OF CORPORATE FARM BILL

--as prepared for introduction

This paper contains a summary of the corporate farm bill as prepared for introduction by the Senate Agriculture and Small Business Committee. The bill proposes to repeal the current corporate farm law and to replace it with a law based on the general framework of the Iowa law. The proposal speaks to most of the concerns expressed to the committee during previous hearings on this topic in this legislative session.

Particularly important definitions to note include limited corporate partnership, feedlot, family farm corporation and authorized farm corporations. The family farm corporation definition refers to how family stockholders can be related and that a majority of the corporation's voting stock must be held by such family members. It also requires that at least one of the members must live on or be involved in the day-to-day labor or management operation of the farm.

Authorized farm corporations would be allowed for corporations with no more than five stockholders, a majority of whom live on or are involved in the day-to-day labor or management operation of the farm.

The bill then says no corporation, trust, limited corporate partner-ship or corporate partnership, other than a family farm corporation, authorized farm corporation, family trust, authorized trust or testamentary trust shall, either directly or indirectly, acquire or otherwise obtain or lease any agricultural land in this state.

However, there are exemptions which speak to several of the problems which have been presented to the committee. Among others, the exemptions include the following:

- "(2) Agricultural land when acquired as a gift, either by grant or devise, by an educational, religious or charitable nonprofit corporation."
- "(3) Agricultural land acquired by a corporation for immediate or planned use in nonfarming purposes." This provision, which is similar to an Iowa exemption, is intended to speak to situations such as buffer zones, expansion areas and industrial parks. It is intended to be clear that this land can be used for agricultural purposes in the meantime.

Exemptions (7) and (8) are grandfather clauses.

The penalty section (section 2 (b)) is taken directly from the Iowa law. FAK/lc

SENATE BILL NO. ______

By Senator Thiessen

D

AN ACT concerning public health; relating to the definition of adulterated food; certain exception; amending K.S.A. 65-664 and repealing the existing section.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

Section 1. K.S.A. 65-664 is hereby amended to read as follows: 65-664. A food shall be deemed to be adulterated:

(a) (1) If it bears or contains any poisonous or deleterious substance which may render it injurious to health; in case the substance is not an added substance such food shall not be considered adulterated under this clause if the quantity of such the substance in such food does not ordinarily render it injurious to health; or (2) (A) if it bears or contains any added poisonous or added deleterious substance, other than one which is (i) a pesticide chemical in or on a raw agricultural commodity; (ii) a food additive; or (iii) a color additive, which is unsafe within the meaning of K.S.A. 65-667 of-this-act; or (B) if it is a raw agricultural commodity and it bears or contains a pesticide chemical which is unsafe within the meaning of K.S.A. 65-667; or (C) if it is or it bears or contains any food additive which is unsafe within the meaning of K.S.A. 65-667+ Provided. That. Where a pesticide chemical has been used in or on a raw agricultural commodity in conformity with an exemption granted or tolerance prescribed under K.S.A. 65-667 and such raw agricultural commodity has been subjected to processing such as canning, cooking, freezing, dehydrating, or milling, the residue of such pesticide chemical remaining in or on such processed food shall, notwithstanding the provisions of K.S.A. 65-667 and clause (C) of this section subsection, not be deemed unsafe if such residue in or on the raw agricultural commodity has been removed

to the extent possible in good manufacturing practice, and the concentration of such residue in the processed food when ready to eat is not greater than the tolerance prescribed for the raw agricultural commodity; or (3) if it consists in whole or in part of a diseased, contaminated, filthy, putrid, or decomposed substance, or if—it is otherwise unfit for food; or (4) if it has been produced, prepared, packed, or held under insanitary conditions whereby it may have become contaminated with filth, or whereby it may have been rendered diseased, unwholesome, or injurious to health; or (5) if it is the product of a diseased animal or an animal which has died otherwise than by slaughter, or that has been fed upon the uncooked offal from a slaughterhouse; or (6) if its container is composed, in whole or in part, of any poisonous or deleterious substance which may render the contents injurious to health.

- (b) (1) If any valuable constituent has been in whole or in part omitted or abstracted therefrom; or (2) if any substance has been substituted wholly or in part therefor; or (3) if damage or inferiority has been concealed in any manner; or (4) if any substance has been added thereto or mixed or packed therewith so as to increase its bulk or weight, or reduce its quality or strength or make it appear better or of greater value than it is. This subsection does not apply to any cured or smoked pork product by reason of its containing added water.
- alcohol or nonnutritive article or substance except harmless coloring, harmless flavoring, harmless resinous glaze not in excess of four-tenths--(4/+0) 4/10 of one-percent--(+%) 1%, harmless natural wax not in excess of four-tenths--(4/+0) 4/10 of one-percent-(+%) 1%, harmless natural gum, and pectin+ Provided; That. This paragraph subsection shall does not apply to any confectionery by reason of its containing less than one-half (+/2) 1/2 of one-percent-(+%) 1% by volume of alcohol derived solely from the use of flavoring extracts, or to any chewing gum by reason of its containing harmless nonnutritive masticatory

substances.

- (d) If it is or bears or contains any color additive which is unsafe within the meaning of K.S.A. 65-667.
 - Sec. 2. K.S.A. 65-664 is hereby repealed.
- Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its publication in the statute book.

13

SENATE BILL NO.	MILMIS JONY
By Senator Thiessen	GH. Tana

AN ACT concerning public health; relating to the inspection of meat and poultry; amending K.S.A. 65-6al8 and repealing the existing section.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

Section I. K.S.A. 65-6a18 is hereby amended to read as follows: 65-6a18. As used in this act,-except-as-otherwise specified,-the-following-terms-shall-have-the-meanings-stated below:

- (a) The--term "Secretary" means the secretary of the state board of agriculture.
- (b) The-term "Person" means any individual, partnership, firm. corporation, association, or other business unit.
- (c) The--term "Meat broker" means any person, firm or corporation engaged in the business of buying or selling carcasses, parts of carcasses, meat or meat food products of cattle, sheep, swine, goats, horses, mules or other equines on commission, or otherwise negotiating purchases or sales of such articles other than for his the person's own account or as an employee of another person;—firm—or—corporation.
- engaged in the business of buying or selling poultry products on commission, or otherwise negotiating purchases or sales of such articles other than for his the person's own account or as an employee of another person.
- (e) The--term "Animal food manufacturer" means any person; firm-or-corporation engaged in the business of manufacturing or processing animal food derived wholly or in part from carcasses, or parts or products of the carcasses, of cattle, sheep, swine, goats, horses, mules or other equines, domestic rabbits or

poultry.

- (f) The-term "Intrastate commerce" means commerce within the state of Kansas.
- The--term "Meat food product" means any product capable (g) of use as human food which is made wholly or in part from any meat or other portions of the carcasses of any cattle, sheep, swine, domestic rabbits or goats, excepting products which contain meat or other portions of such carcasses only in a relatively small proportion or historically have not considered by consumers as products of the meat food industry, and which are exempted from definition as a meat food product by the secretary under such conditions as he the secretary may prescribe to assure that the meat or other portions of such carcasses contained in such product are not adulterated and that such products are not represented as meat food products. This term as applied to food products of equines shall have a meaning comparable to that provided in this paragraph with respect to cattle, sheep, swine, domestic rabbits and goats.
- (h) The-term "Poultry" means any domesticated bird, whether live or dead.
- (i) The term "Poultry product" means any poultry carcass, or part thereof; or any product which is made wholly or in part from any poultry carcass or part thereof, excepting products which contain poultry ingredients only in a relatively small proportion or historically have not been considered by consumers as products of the poultry food industry, and which are exempted by the secretary from definition as a poultry product under such conditions as the secretary may prescribe to assure that the poultry ingredients in such products are not adulterated and that such products are not represented as poultry products.
- (j) The--term "Capable of use as human food" shall-apply-to means any carcass, or part or product of a carcass, of any animal unless it is denatured or otherwise identified as required by regulations prescribed by the board of agriculture to deter its use as human food, or it is naturally inedible by humans.

- (k) The-term "Prepared" means slaughtered, canned, salted, rendered, boned, cut up or otherwise manufactured or processed.
- (1) The term "Adulterated" shall apply to means any carcass, or part thereof, any meat or meat food product, or any poultry or poultry product under one or more of the following circumstances:
- (1) If such product bears or contains any poisonous or deleterious substance which may render it injurious to health. Provided. If the substance is not an added substance, such product shall not be considered adulterated if the quantity of such substance on or in such product does not render it injurious to health;
- (2) (A) if such product bears or contains (by reason of administration by feeding or by injection of any substance to the live animal or otherwise) any added poisonous or added deleterious substance (other than one which is (i) a pesticide chemical in or on a raw agricultural commodity; (ii) a food additive; or (iii) a color additive), which may, in the judgment of the secretary make such product unfit for human food;
- (B) if such product is, in whole or in part, a raw agricultural commodity, and bears or contains a pesticide chemical which is unsafe within the meaning of <u>rules and</u> regulations established adopted by the board of agriculture;
- (C) if such product bears or contains any food additive which is unsafe, in accordance with <u>rules and</u> regulations established adopted by the board of agriculture;
- which is unsafe according to rules and regulations established adopted by the board of agriculture. Provided. That, Any such product which is not adulterated under subsection provisions (B), (C), or (D) shall nevertheless be deemed adulterated if the use of the pesticide chemical, the food additive, or the color additive on or in such product is prohibited by rules and regulations of the board of agriculture in establishments at which inspection is maintained under this act;

- (3) if such product consists, in whole or in part, of any filthy, putrid, or decomposed substance or is for any other reason unsound, unhealthful, unwholesome, or otherwise unfit for human food;
- (4) if such product has been prepared, packed, or held under insanitary conditions whereby it may have become contaminated with filth, or whereby it may have been rendered injurious to health;
- (5) if such product is, in whole or in part, the product of an animal which has died otherwise than by slaughter;
- (6) if the container for such product is composed, in whole or in part, of any poisonous or deleterious substance which may render the contents injurious to health;
- (7) if such product has been intentionally subjected to radiation, unless the use of the radiation was in conformity with a regulation or exemption in effect pursuant to <u>rules</u> and regulations adopted by the board of agriculture;
- been, in whole or in part, omitted or abstracted therefrom; or if any substance has been extracted and substitution made therefor, wholly or in part, or if any damage to, or inferiority of, such product has been concealed in any manner; or if any substance has been added to such product, or if any substance has been mixed or packed therewith, so as (a) (A) to increase the bulk or weight of such product; or (b) (B) to reduce the quality or strength of such product; or (c) to make such product appear better or of greater value than it is, except that this provision does not apply to any cured or smoked pork product by reason of its containing added water; or
- (9) if such product is a margarine, containing animal fat, and if any of the raw material used therein consisted, in whole or in part, of any filthy, putrid or decomposed substance.
- (m) The-term "Misbranded" shall-apply-to means any carcass, part thereof, meat or meat food product, or poultry or poultry product, under any one or more of the following circumstances:

- (1) If the labeling on such product, or product container, is false or misleading in any particular;
- (2) if such product is offered for sale under the name of another food;
- (3) if such product is an imitation of another food, unless its label bears, in type of uniform size and prominence, the word "imitation" and immediately thereafter, the name of the food imitated;
- (4) if the container on such product is so made, formed, or filled as to be misleading;
- (5) if such product is in a package or other container, unless it bears a label showing (a) (A) the name and place of business of the manufacturer, packer, or distributor; and (b) (B) an accurate statement of the quantity of the contents in terms of weight, measure, or numerical count: Provided. That. Under clause (a) (A) of this subparagraph provision, reasonable variations may be permitted, and exemptions as to small packages may be established, by rules and regulations prescribed adopted by the board of agriculture;
- (6) if any word, statement, or other information which is required by or under authority of this act to appear on the label, or other labeling, for such product, is not prominently placed thereon, with such conspicuousness (as compared with other words, statements, designs, or devices, in the labeling) and in such terms, as to render it likely to be read and understood by the ordinary individual under customary conditions of purchase and use;
- (7) if such product purports to be, or is represented to be, a food for which a definition and standard of identity or composition has been prescribed by rules and regulations of the board of agriculture, unless (a) (A) it conforms to such definition and standard, and (b) (B) the label thereon bears the name of the food specified in the definition and standard, and insofar as may be required by such rules and regulations, the common names of optional ingredients (other than spices,

flavoring, and coloring) present in such food;

- (8) if such product purports to be, or is represented to be, a food for which a standard of fill of container has been prescribed by <u>rules and</u> regulations of the board of agriculture, and if such product falls below the standard of fill of container applicable thereto, unless its label bears, in such manner and form as such <u>rules and</u> regulations specify, a statement that it falls below such standard;
- provision (7), unless its label bears (a) (A) the common or usual name of the food, if there is any there be, and (b) (B) in case it is fabricated from two or more ingredients, the common or usual name of each such ingredient; except that spices, flavorings and colorings may when authorized by the secretary, be designated as spices, flavorings, and colorings without naming each Provided: That. To the extent that compliance with the requirements of clause (b) (B) of this subparagraph provision is impracticable, or results in deception or unfair competition, exemptions shall be established by rules and regulations promulgated adopted by the board of agriculture;
- (10) if such product purports to be, or is represented to be, for special dietary uses, unless its label bears such information concerning its vitamin, mineral, and other dietary properties as the secretary, after consultation with the secretary of agriculture of the United States, determines to be, and by <u>rules</u> and regulations adopted by the board of agriculture prescribes to be, necessary in order to fully inform a purchaser as to its value for such uses;
- (II) if such product bears or contains, any artificial flavoring, artificial coloring, or chemical preservative, unless it bears labeling stating that fact: Provided, That. To the extent that compliance with the requirements of this subparagraph provision is impracticable, exemptions shall be established by rules and regulations promulgated adopted by the board of agriculture; or

- the product container, as the board of agriculture may prescribe by rules and regulations prescribe, the inspection legend unrestricted by any of the foregoing, and such other information, as the board of agriculture may require in such rules and regulations, to assure that such product will not have any false or misleading labeling, and that the public will be informed of the manner of handling required to maintain the product in a wholesome condition.
- (n) The-term "Label" means a display of written, printed or graphic matter upon the immediate container (not including package liners) of any article.
- (o) The-term "Labeling" means all labels and other written, printed or graphic matter (1) upon any article or any of its containers or wrappers, or (2) accompanying such article.
- (p) The-term "Federal meat inspection act" means the act so entitled approved March 4, 1907 (34 Stat. 1260), as amended by the wholesome meat act (8 Stat. 584).
- (q) The--term "Federal food, drug and cosmetic act" means the act so entitled, approved June 25, 1938 (52 Stat. 1040), and acts amendatory thereof or supplementary thereto.
- (r) The--term "Federal poultry products inspection act" means the act so entitled approved August 28, 1957 (71 Stat. 441), as amended by the wholesome poultry products act (82 Stat. 791).
- (s) The-terms "Pesticide chemical," "food additive," "color additive" and "raw agricultural commodity" shall have the same meanings for purposes of this act as ascribed thereto under K.S.A. 65-656.
- (t) The-term "Official mark" means the official inspection legend or any other symbol prescribed by <u>rules and</u> regulations of the board of agriculture to identify the status of any article or animal under this act.
- (u) The--term "Official inspection legend" means any symbol prescribed by rules and regulations of the board of agriculture

showing that an article was inspected and passed in accordance with this act.

- (v) The-term "Official certificate" means any certificate prescribed by rules and regulations of the board of agriculture for issuance by an inspector or other person performing official functions under this act.
- (w) The--term "Official device" means any device prescribed or authorized by the board of agriculture for use in applying any official mark.
- (x) The--term "Slaughter house" means any plant which carries on the slaughter and dressing of animals but which does not engage in the further processing of meat into meat food products.
- (y) The--terms "Packing plant" or "packing house" mean any installation processing meat into meat food products.

New Sec. 2. (a) The secretary of the state board of agriculture shall adopt rules and regulations establishing standards of identity for water added pork products within 60 days after the effective date of this act.

- (b) The provisions of this section are a part of and supplemental to the Kansas meat and poultry inspection act.
 - Sec. 3. K.S.A. 65-6a18 is hereby repealed.
- Sec. 4. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its publication in the statute book.

SENATE

AGRICULTURE AND SMALL BUSINESS COMMITTEE

DATE TUES., FEB 17,1981 PLA	ACEROOM 423-S	10:00 am
	GUEST LIST	
NAME	ADDRESS	ORGANIZATION
Chuc Thalker	mayalla	NFO
John Still	KC	Rural Fife
Dynda Ryan	. Jopeka	aam
John Bly The	manhallan	KFR.
Sat Aubbell	Pepeka	Kansas Railroad Assa
John Work	tope k;	tAu C
Dee Likes	Topely	161.A
Sohn O. Mills	Irpiles	Commetter 1/6 Fram argains chi
non Gaches	TOPEKA	KACI
DAVE DENNETT .	TOPERS	· KLA
Quan by yet	m'Pherson	Ks Farmer Union
Jim Lyf 14 COE	Tupeta	Dulodi
D. WAYNE ZIMMERMAN	TOPEKA	THE ELECTRIC CO. ASSOCIOFK
Jan Jossen		Sect A State
	- ·	
6		
TO 10		