

MINUTES OF THE House CO	MMITTEE ONElections	
The meeting was called to order byR	epresentative Richard L. Harper Chairperson	
9:00 a.m. a.m./p.m. on March 3,		
All members were present except:	Representative Helgerson, excused; Representative Knopp, excused	
Committee staff present:	Myrta Anderson, Legislative Research Department	

Conferees appearing before the committee:

Jon Josserand, Secretary of State's Office Jim Maag, Kansas Bankers Association Jana Atchison, Public Disclosure Commission

Dottie Musselman, Committee Secretary

Ramon Powers, Legislative Research Department Arden Ensley, Revisor of Statute's Office Eric Rucker, Secretary of State's Office

Chairperson Harper called the Elections Committee meeting to order. The Chairperson announced here that he would change the schedule around today so that Representative Cloud could appear before the Committee to explain his proposed amendments to HB 2384.

At this time Representative Cloud took the Committee through the proposed changes step by step. (Attachment 1)

It was moved by Representative Fox that the Committee amend HB 2384 as per the balloon. Seconded by Representative Justice. Motion carried.

HB 2487 was next on the agenda. HB 2487, An Act relating to elections; concerning ballots in city and school elections; prohibiting the name of a person from appearing upon the ballot for more than one office, was explained to the Election Committee by Jon Josserand, Secretary of State's office. After a briefing of the background and intent of this bill, some general discussion was held.

There being no further questions on HB 2487, the hearing was closed on this bill.

The next order of business on the agenda was HB 2488, An Act relating to lobbying; concerning reports of lobbyists.

Jim Maag, Kansas Bankers Association, was recognized by Chairperson Harper at this time. Mr. Maag made it known to the Committee that he was not appearing as representing his Association, and that he was just appearing as a member of the lobbying group. Mr. Maag said that most of the lobbying group that he knew, would not object to a monthly filing. This was the suggested change in section 1 of this bill.

Chairperson Harper called on Jana Atchison, Public Disclosure Commission, to testify at this time. After the testimony, a brief general discussion followed.

As there were no other questions, and no one else wishing to appear before the Committee on HB 2488, the meeting was adjourned at 9:30 a.m.

DATE Mouch 91983

HOUSE COMMITTEE ON ELECTIONS

GUEST LIST

HB-2384 HB-2489 ITB-2488

		DEDDECENTING
NAME	ADDRESS	REPRESENTING
('Williams	Ks Public Disc. Can	
Jana atchison	11 11 11 11	
Juna Misuson		

(attachment 1)

Session of 1983

0020

0021

0022

0023

0024

0025

0026

0027

0028

0029

0030

0031

0032

0033

0035

0036 0037

0038

0039

0040

0041

HOUSE BILL No. 2384

By Representative Cloud

2-9

AN ACT providing for the submission of petitions for nonbinding advisory referendum on matters of local and statewide public interest.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

Section 1. It is hereby declared to be in the public interest to provide procedures for the petition by electors of cities, counties and the state to petition for a nonbinding advisory referendum on matters of public interest for the purpose of reflecting a consensus of public opinion upon propositions that should be brought to the attention of the public and their officials.

Sec. 2. All petitions for the submission of propositions for nonbinding referendum shall, in the case of cities and counties, be filed in the office of the county election officer and in the case of the state by electors of the state, shall be filed in the office of the secretary of state. Each petition shall be accompanied by a statement containing the names of three sponsors who shall represent all subscribers to the petition in matters relating thereto and list all sponsors authorized to circulate petitions for such proposition. Such petitions shall contain the signatures and addresses of registered electors equal in number to not less than 7% of the registered electors of the city, county or state in which the proposition is to be submitted. Before any petition is signed by any subscriber, the proposition to be submitted shall be filed with the city attorney in the case of a city election, the county or district attorney in the case of the county and the attorney general in the case of a statewide referendum. Such petition shall be in substantial compliance with the requirements of K.S.A. 25-3602 and the proposition to be submitted shall not exceed 50 words. All such petitions filed with the city, county or district attorney —

10%

The subject matter of propositions submitted pursuant to this act shall involve only matters which under the constitutions of the state of Kansas and the United States are subject to the jurisdiction of an agency of a city, county, the state or the United States government.

or attorney general

Atch. 1

shall be examined as to form and compliance with K.S.A. 25-3602 and the opinion of the attorney thereon shall be returned within 0047 10 days of the date upon which such petition was submitted. All 0048 petitions for submission of propositions for nonbinding referen-0049dum shall be filed in the office of the county election commis-0050 sioner or secretary of state not later than 90 days preceding the 0051 date of the election at which the proposition will be submitted! 0052 Upon determination that any petition is sufficient the county 0053 election officer or secretary of state shall cause the proposition to 0054 be placed upon the ballot in the next general election held in 0055 November of the even-numbered year All ballots shall be can-0056 vassed in the manner prescribed by law for the canvass and 0057 counting of ballots for officers elected at such general election. 0058 Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after 0059 its publication in the statute book. 0060

such

the date prescribed for the filing of nomination petitions and declarations of candidacy by K.S.A. 25-205, and amendments thereto

Not more than two propositions shall be submitted by any city, two by any county and two by the state at the time of any one election. If more than two petitions are filed, the propositions submitted with the first two valid petitions to be filed shall be submitted at the ensuing election. The county election officer or the secretary of state may provide for the printing of paper ballots for the purpose of submitting propositions to election pursuant to this act.



Legislative Testimony

Kansas Association of Commerce and Industry

500 First National Tower, One Townsite Plaza

Topeka, Kansas 66603

A/C 913 357-6321

KANSAS ASSOCIATION OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY

Testimony Before the

HOUSE ELECTIONS COMMITTEE

HB 2384

February 24, 1983

Mr. Chairman and Members of the Committee:

My name is Jim Edwards, Director of Public Affairs for the Kansas Association of Commerce and Industry, and I am writing to you on HB 2384.

The Kansas Association of Commerce and Industry (KACI) is a statewide organization dedicated to the promotion of economic growth and job creation within Kansas, and to the protection and support of the private competitive enterprise system.

KACI is comprised of more than 3,000 businesses which includes 200 local and regional chambers of commerce and trade organizations which represent over 161,000 business men and women. The organization represents both large and small employers in Kansas, with 55% of KACI's members having less than 25 employees, and 86% having less than 100 employees.

The KACI Board of Directors establishes policies through the work of hundreds of the organization's members who make up its various committees. These policies are the guiding principles of the organization and translate into views such as those expressed here.

If HB 2384 is interpreted as a means by which consensus on city, county, or state issues can be gained, we have no position on the bill. However, if the bill is interpreted as a means by which consensus on city, county, or state issues can be gained to <u>force legislation</u>, we would have to assume a position in accordance with our policy statement and oppose the bill.

We maintain that our present form of representative government is best, and that enacting laws by any other process would be a mistake.

After listening to the testimony provided at the hearing, I realized that the bill was being interpreted as a means by which persons could mandate legislation by legislators, or other government officials. The voters of Kansas would be able to approve, or disapprove, an issue which <u>sounds</u> favorable or unfavorable. Unfortunately, you know that what sounds good on the surface, and with just 50 words it has to be surface only, is not necessarily good for the state.

I thank you for the opportunity to provide this written testimony.



Legislative Testimony

Kansas Association of Commerce and Industry

500 First National Tower, One Townsite Plaza

Topeka, Kansas 66603

A/C 913 357-6321

KANSAS ASSOCIATION OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY

Testimony Before the

HOUSE ELECTIONS COMMITTEE

HB 2384

February 24, 1983

Mr. Chairman and Members of the Committee:

My name is Jim Edwards, Director of Public Affairs for the Kansas Association of Commerce and Industry, and I am writing to you on HB 2384.

The Kansas Association of Commerce and Industry (KACI) is a statewide organization dedicated to the promotion of economic growth and job creation within Kansas, and to the protection and support of the private competitive enterprise system.

KACI is comprised of more than 3,000 businesses which includes 200 local and regional chambers of commerce and trade organizations which represent over 161,000 business men and women. The organization represents both large and small employers in Kansas, with 55% of KACI's members having less than 25 employees, and 86% having less than 100 employees.

The KACI Board of Directors establishes policies through the work of hundreds of the organization's members who make up its various committees. These policies are the guiding principles of the organization and translate into views such as those expressed here.

If HB 2384 is interpreted as a means by which consensus on city, county, or state issues can be gained, we have no position on the bill. However, if the bill is interpreted as a means by which consensus on city, county, or state issues can be gained to <u>force legislation</u>, we would have to assume a position in accordance with our policy statement and oppose the bill.

We maintain that our present form of representative government is best, and that enacting laws by any other process would be a mistake.

After listening to the testimony provided at the hearing, I realized that the bill was being interpreted as a means by which persons could mandate legislation by legislators, or other government officials. The voters of Kansas would be able to approve, or disapprove, an issue which sounds favorable or unfavorable. Unfortunately, you know that what sounds good on the surface, and with just 50 words it has to be surface only, is not necessarily good for the state.

I thank you for the opportunity to provide this written testimony.