Approved _	April	22,	1983	
		D	ote	

MINUTES OF THE SENATE CO	OMMITTEE ON <u>ASSESSMENT</u>	r and taxation	
The meeting was called to order by	Senator Paul "Bud" Ch	Burke airperson	at
11:00 a.m./Þ.Kr. onFebruar	ry 2	_, 1 <u>983</u> in room <u>526–S</u> of the Capito	l.
All members were presentæxææpt:			

Committee staff present: Tom Severn, Research Dept.
Wayne Morris, Research Dept.
Don Hayward, Revisor's Office

Conferees appearing before the committee: Steve Wiechman, Kansas Association of Counties Phil Martin, Director of Property Valuation

The chairman called on Senator Angell, chairman of a subcommittee of Senators Angell, Johnston and Kerr, to report to the committee. Senator Angell said they had met and worked with county appraisers, county commissioners and the Kansas Association of Counties, to develop a proposal to bring to the committee. He said they had developed amendments to HB 2155, not HB 2611, and were using this as the basis for the balloon. Also included is an insert which is not in balloon form and to which they will refer to in places in the bill.

Steve Wiechman, KAC, described the concerns and conclusions of the joint committee (Attachment #1). He said the goal is for reappraisal first, keeping on schedule, then maintenance for keeping appraisals up to date instead of again getting into the situation that exists today.

The chairman noted that the counties may be fearful that Property Valuation will build an empire and tell the counties how and when they will do appraisals, and comply with all these things, virtually eliminating county government, whereby the state becomes essentially a giant appraisal mechanism and counties have only clerical functions.

The chairman also expressed concern with the creation of another board called the State Board of Equalization when the State Board of Tax Appeals already exists and uses that title. It was suggested that the State Board of Tax Appeals has not been responsive to local concerns in the past and by putting a new layer of government in here they will do something the Board of Tax Appeals has not demonstrated a willingness to do in the past.

Senator Angell said he felt the equalization board is an alternative to bring before the whole committee, as outside the charge of the subcommittee. The chairman replied that he was not convinced this is the proper mechanism. Senator Angell said that data from the Board of Tax Appeals on industrial revenue bonds is not available because they are not complying with the spirit of the 1981 law requiring IRB information to be filed with the SBOTA. It was suggested by one of the members of the committee that the State Board of Tax Appeals be abolished and the new State Board of Equalization be substituted in its place. The chairman said he believes the Board is in a difficult position and should be insulated from political pressures.

Don Hayward explained the balloon amendments to HB 2155 to the committee (See Attachments #2 and #3).

Phil Martin described the procedures they follow to value property:

- 1) Definition of property;
- 2) Inventory of property;
- Data collection, includes county appraisers;
- 4) Analysis of data that would be submitted under this process;
- 5) Evaluation process.

The meeting was adjourned by the chairman at 12:05 p.m. The committee will meet at 11 a.m. February 3.

## ASSESSMENT AND TAXATION

OBSERVERS (PLEASE PRINT)

			DEDDECEMENT
DATE	NAME	ADDRESS	REPRESENTING
Feb. 2	-		
	Timothy N. Hagemann	LAKIN KS 67860	
	Brad Welch	LAKIN, KS 67860	/1
	Ann Eslick	Wysses, 25 67880	01 =
	Leroy Jones	Overland Park	B.L.E.
	GARY Smith	Shawnee Co	ICCAA
	JANET STUBBS	TOPEKA	HBAK
	Tom WhITAKER	TopeKA	K&Moran CALLIUM ASSI
	Tim Underwood	11	KAR
	May Ella Simm	TOPEICA	ICS. L6 of Women Vote
	Ron Cashes	TOPERA	K401
	The Martin	/1	OVD
	Steven Wiechman	11	K.A.C.
	Rot Mc Nelly	B (1	KIN
	Van b. Wyett	M. Pherson	KefarmersUnion
		Overland Pack	Johnson Co. BOCC
	Mark Ausen	Manhaltan	Ks. Farm Busen
	Paul E. Fleener	T /	0 1
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	Lilling June	Jammy	Who war run
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# WORKING COMMITTEE Kansas County Appraisers and Kansas County Commissioners

#### A. The Concerns of the Joint Committee:

- 1. Assure County Involvement in Reappraisal
- 2. Address a Maintenance Program with Mandatory Compliance Requirements.
- Proviso for alternate reappraisal authority in event of non-compliance by County.
- 4. Provide for data gathering and maintance through computer programs.
- 5. Provide system of compliance and non-compliance.

#### B. Conclusions:

- 1. That the reappraisal be done at the County level by the County under the guides and requirements of the Director of Property Valuation.
- 2. That the State maintain a computer for their use with load up and load down capabilities which will allow Counties to purchase or lease their own computer services. Requirement would be that County computer hardware be compatible with State programs to allow collection of data and statistical analysis.
- 3. That a State Board of Equalization composed of seven (7) persons be created to certify compliance or non-compliance with reappraisal. An appeals process would be placed in effect encompassing the existing State Board of Tax Appeals.
- 4. That in the event of non-compliance at any level, the State after proper notice to the Counties, could proceed with reappraisal and assess the cost of such action against the Counties, withholding distribution of funds from the Counties portion of funds to offset the cost.
- 5. In the event of a protest petition disallowing the set aside of a special fund to accomplish reappraisal by the appraiser, the State may proceed with reappraisal and withhold the funds from the counties' portion.

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- 6. Reappraisal levies would have to be outside the tax lid.
  - 7. Recommended methodology: (4)
- a. Upon passage, Counties must submit a plan for reappraisal with supporting budget allowances by January 15, 1984, to the Director of Property Valuation Division.
- b. If the plan is acceptable, annual report of progress would be required each year thereafter until reappraisal is completed and ready to be placed in operation.
- c. If the plan is not acceptable, the Director shall petition the State Board of Tax Appeals for review. The Board shall either find that the plan is in Compliance or in Non-Compliance. Whereafter, the Director's finding, if sustained, would allow the State to proceed with reappraisal; or the County, prior to the finding, could amend their plan. An appeal can be made to the State Board of Tax Appeals at any time that non-compliance, prior to the initiation of the reappraisal, is evident. In such case, the Board shall give priority to a hearing on the issue of compliance.
- d. In the event that the State is required to conduct the reappraisal due to a County's failure, the State shall be permitted to withhold funds from the County's share to cover the costs.
- 8. State Board of Equalization would meet on or before January 15, of each year. The Board would be composed of the following:

Appointee of Governor

Appointee of President of Senate

Appointee of Speaker of House

President of State Board of Education

Appointee by Governor from list of three County Commissioners of Counties over 20,000 recommended by the Kansas County Commissioners Association

Appointee by Governor from list of three County Commissioners of Counties under 20,000 recommended by the Kansas County Commissioners Association.

Appointee by Governor from list of three County Appraisers submitted by the Kansas County Appraisers Association.

Two Ex Officio Members without Vote shall be the

Chairman of the Board of Tax Appeals and the Director of Property Valuation.

- 9. It is also the desire that the State Board of Equalization shall be involved in the Rules and Regulations Process prior to their becoming effective.
- 10. After reappraisal is implemented, the State Board of Equalization shall annually certify compliance or non-compliance within the allowable standards.
- a. If the County is in compliance, no further action is necessary.
- b. In the event of non-compliance, the Director of Property Valuation shall notify the County Commissioners of the County in Non-Compliance within 10 days. The County Commissioners shall have 60 days from such notification to submit their plan for coming into compliance.
- c. If the plan is approved by the Director of PVD, no further action, other than continued monitoring to assure the plan is enacted, is necessary.
- d. If the Director disapproves the plan, the Director shall petition the State Board of Tax Appeals for hearing on the plan. If the Board sustains the Directors finding, the Director is authorized to proceed with making the corrections to come into compliance. Should the Director not be sustained, the County's plan shall be followed.
- e. If a County fails to submit any plan for compliance, the Director shall petition the State Board of Tax Appeals for authority to proceed with bringing the County into compliance.
- f. In all cases where the State, because of the failure of the County to be in compliance, is required to incur costs to bring the County in compliance, the State Treasurer would withhold the County portion of funds.

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### **HOUSE BILL No. 2155**

By Committee on Assessment and Taxation

1-28

AN ACT relating to the taxation of tangible property; mandating a program of statewide reappraisal of real property; providing for the administration of such program and duties of certain state and county officers; prescribing limitations upon the levy of taxes upon tangible property by taxing districts after implementation of valuations determined under such reappraisal program and providing for exemptions therefrom; amending K.S.A. 79-1412a and 79-1602 and K.S.A. 1982 Supp. 79-1460 and repealing the existing sections; also repealing K.S.A. 79-1437b and 79-1440 and K.S.A. 1982 Supp. 79-1452 to 79-1454, inclusive.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

New Section 1. The director of property valuation is hereby directed and empowered to administer and supervise a statewide program of reappraisal of all real property located within the state. Except as otherwise authorized by K.S.A. 19-428, each county shall comprise a separate appraisal district under such program, and the county appraiser shall have the duty of reappraising all of the real property in the county pursuant to guidelines and timetables prescribed by the director of property valuation and of updating the same on an annual basis. In the case of multi-county appraisal districts, the district appraiser shall have the duty of reappraising all of the real property in each of the counties comprising the district pursuant to such guidelines and timetables and of updating the same on an annual basis. Following completion of the statewide program of reappraisal, every parcel of real property shall be actually viewed and inspected by the county or district appraiser once every four years. The director shall require the initiation of such program of statewide reappraisal immediately after the effective date of this act. Comthe plan approved under subsection (b) in accordance with

(b)(1) The director shall submit to the legislature on the first day of its regular session in 1984, the program of statewide reappraisal for its approval. If not disapproved by a concurrent resolution so providing within 45 days after its submission, the program shall be deemed approved. program is not approved, the director shall submit an amended program to the legislature within 10 days after the date of adoption of the resolution so disapproving. (2) Each county or district appraiser shall submit a plan for the reappraisal of property within the county or district pursuant to this act to the director of property valuation, not later than July 15, 1984. Such plan shall include the schedule for the employment of personnel, acquisition of data processing equipment and programs and the level of financing made available to pay the cost of such program. If the plan is approved by the director, the county or district appraiser shall proceed to implement the plan as submitted. If such plan is not approved by the director, the county may petition the state board of tax appeals for a review of the plan or may submit an amended plan to the director. the state board of tax appeals approves the plan or the director approves the amended plan, the county or district appraiser shall proceed to implement the plan as submitted. If the director does not approve the amended plan, the county shall petition the board of tax appeals for a review of the plan and if the board approves such amended plan the county or district appraiser implement the plan as amended. If the state board does not approve the plan the board shall fix a time within which the county or district may submit an amended plan for approval. If no amended plan is submitted and approved within the time prescribed by the board, the board shall order the division of property valuation to conduct the reappraisal of property within the county or district. If the reappraisal is conducted by the division of property valuation, the director shall certify the amount of the cost incurred by the division in the conduct of the reappraisal to the state treasurer who shall withhold such amount from distributions of the county's share of moneys from the county and city revenue sharing fund and the local ad valorem tax reduction fund and credit the same to the general fund of state. (c)

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pilation of data for the initial preparation or updating of inventories for each parcel of real property and entry thereof into the state computer system as provided for in section 2 of this act shall be completed not later than January 1, 1987. Whenever the director determines that reappraisal of all real property within a county is complete, notification thereof shall be given to the governor and to the state board of tax appeals.

Valuations shall be established for each parcel of real property at its fair market value in money in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 1982 Supp. 79-503a.

The valuations established for tangible property under the program of statewide reappraisal shall be applied by every county as a basis for the levy of taxes on January 1, 1987, but in no ease shall such valuations be utilized by any county for taxation purposes prior to such date. The provisions of this act shall not be construed to conflict with any other provisions of law relating to the appraisal of tangible property for taxation purposes including the equalization processes of the county and state board of tax appeals.

New Sec. 2. The secretary of revenue shall provide for the development of a comprehensive computer program providing for the processing of such data on tangible property located in this state as deemed necessary for the effective and efficient administration of the appraisal, assessment and equalization laws of the state of Kansas, methods for updating said data on an annual basis, and such other functions as determined necessary for the efficient administration of the property tax laws of this state, including but not limited to the preparation and publishing of annual statistical reports and ratio studies. In the development of such program, the secretary shall confer with county and district appraisers and with other county officials involved in the administration of the property tax laws of the state.

New Sec. 3. The state shall assume a portion of the costs incurred by any county in complying with the provisions of this act. The portion of the cost to be paid to each such county by the state shall be determined in accordance with a statewide payment schedule adopted by the secretary of revenue. Such schedule

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until expressly authorized to do so by legislative enactment

(a)

(b) There is hereby established an advisory committee to confer with and assist the secretary of revenue in the performance of the duties prescribed in subsection (a). Such committee shall be composed of 18 members to be appointed as follows: Three members shall be appointed by the Kansas association of counties, three members shall be appointed by the kansas association of county commissioners, three members shall be appointed by the kansas appraisers association and nine members shall be appointed by the secretary of revenue. The director of property valuation shall call the initial meeting of the committee at which time it shall elect from its membership a chairperson who shall call all other meetings necessary to accomplish the duties of the committee.

In addition thereto valuations shall be established for each parcel of land devoted to agricultural use upon the basis of the agricultural income or productivity attributable to the inherent capabilities of said land in its current usage under a degree of management reflecting median production levels in the manner hereinafter provided. A classification system for all land devoted to agricultural use shall be adopted by the director of property valuation using criteria established by the United States department of agriculture soil conservation service. Productivity of land devoted to agricultural use shall be determined for all land classes within each county or homogeneous region based on an average of the eight (8) calendar years immediately preceding the calendar year which immediately precedes the year of valuation, at a degree of management reflecting median production levels. The director of property valuation shall determine median production levels based on information available from state and federal crop and livestock reporting services, the soil conservation service, and any other sources of data that the director considers appropriate.

The share of net income from land in the various land classes within each county or homogeneous region which is normally received by the landlord shall be used as the basis for determining agricultural income for all land devoted to agricultural use except pasture or rangeland. The net income normally received by the landlord from such land shall be determined by deducting expenses normally incurred by the landlord from the share of the gross income normally received by the landlord. The net rental income normally received by the landlord from pasture or rangeland within each county or homogeneous region shall be used as the basis for determining agricultural income from such land. The net rental income from pasture and rangeland which is normally received by the landlord shall be determined by deducting expenses normally incurred from the gross income normally received by the landlord. Commodity prices and pasture

and rangeland rental rates and expenses shall be based on an average of the eight (8) calendar years immediately preceding the calendar year which immediately precedes the year of valuation. Net income for every land class within each county or homogeneous region shall be capitalized at a rate or rates prescribed by the legislature.

Based on the foregoing procedures the director of property valuation shall make an annual determination of the value of land within each of the various classes of land devoted to agricultural use within each county or homogeneous region and furnish the same to the several county appraisers who shall classify such land according to its current usage and apply the value applicable to such class of land according to the valuation schedules prepared and adopted by the director of property valuation under the provisions of this section.

For the purpose of the foregoing provisions of this section the phrase "land devoted to agricultural use" shall mean and include land, regardless of whether it is located in the unincorporated area of the county or within the corporate limits of a city, which is devoted to the production of plants, animals or horticultural products, including but not limited to: forages; grains and feed crops; dairy animals and dairy products; poultry and poultry products; beef cattle, sheep, swine and horses; bees and apiary products; trees and forest products; fruits, nuts and berries; vegetables; nursery, floral, ornamental and greenhouse products. Land devoted to agricultural use shall not include those lands which are used for recreational purposes, suburban residential acreages, rural home sites or farm home sites and yard plots whose primary function is for residential or recreational purposes even though said properties may produce or maintain some of those plants or animals listed in the foregoing definition.

The term "expenses" shall mean those expenses typically incurred in producing the plants, animals and horticultural products described above including management fees, production costs, maintenance and depreciation of fences, irrigation wells, irrigation laterals and real estate taxes, but the term shall not include those expenses incurred in providing temporary or permanent buildings used in the production of said plants, animals and horticultural products.

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shall contain a specified amount according to class or subclass of property as specified in K.S.A. 1982 Supp. 79-1459 to be paid by the state to each county on a per parcel basis. Payments shall be made to counties as authorized under the provisions of this section in accordance with appropriation acts of the legislature. No county for which the state board of tax appeals has issued an order pursuant to section 4 shall be entitled to receive any payment from the state under the provisions of this section for the period of time such an order is in effect.

The state division of property valuation may make assistance available to any county in the reappraisal of commercial and industrial property located in such county upon such county's request. Any county requesting such assistance shall make reimbursement for the costs incurred by the state in providing the same. Counties are hereby authorized to contract with private appraisal firms to conduct the reappraisal of special characterized property within the county, subject to the approval of the director of property valuation.

New Sec. 4. (a) Whenever the director of property valuation shall determine that any county appraiser has failed, neglected or refused to properly provide for the reappraisal of property or the updating of the appraisals on an annual basis in substantial compliance with the provisions of this act and the guidelines and timetables prescribed by the director pursuant to section 1, the director shall file with the state board of tax appeals a complaint stating the facts upon which the director has made the determination of noncompliance. Upon receipt of any such complaint, the state board of tax appeals shall hold a summary proceeding on such complaint. Notice of the time and place fixed for such proceeding shall be mailed to the county appraiser and the board of county commissioners of the county involved and to the director of property valuation. If, as a result of such proceeding, the state board of tax appeals finds that the county appraiser is not in substantial compliance with the provisions of this act and the guidelines and timetables of the director of property valuation providing for the progress and conclusion of reappraisal of all real property in the county or the updating of the appraisals on an

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annual basis, it shall order the suspension or termination of such appraiser in accordance with the procedure provided in K.S.A. 19-431, insofar as the same is applicable, and the immediate assumption of the duties of such county appraiser's office by the personnel of the division of property valuation until such time as the director of property valuation determines that progress in the county under the program of reappraisal is sufficient to restore such duties to any sertified Kansas appraiser appointed by the board of county commissioners. In addition, the board shall order the state treasurer to withhold all or a portion of the county's entitlement to moneys from either or both of the local ad valorem tax reduction fund and the city and county revenue sharing fund for the year following the year in which the order is issued. Upon service of any such order on the board of county commissioners, the offending appraiser shall be divested of all power as appraiser and shall immediately deliver to the director of property valuation, or the director's designee, all books, records and papers pertaining to the appraiser's office.

(b) Any county for which the state division of property valuation is ordered by the state board of tax appeals to assume the responsibility and duties of the office of county appraiser shall reimburse the state for the actual costs incurred by the division of property valuation in the assumption and carrying out of such responsibility and duties.

New Sec. 5. From and after January 1 of the year in which valuations for real property determined under the program of statewide reappraisal are implemented, each county shall maintain in the office of the county clerk multiple copies of a listing of the assessed valuations of each parcel of real property located within the county. Such listing shall contain separate valuations for the land and for the buildings located thereon. Such listing shall be arranged alphabetically by city and street name and prepared in a manner that each parcel of real property is listed in progressive order by numerical street address for property located within the corporate limits of cities and so far as possible for property located outside of the corporate limits of cities within the county. Property for which no street addresses exist shall be

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listed separately from property with street addresses and arranged in alphabetical order by township and owner's name with information sufficient to disclose the location thereof. Such listings shall be open to public inspection during all normal working hours of the office of the county clerk.

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New Sec. 6. No county board of equalization shall issue an order applicable uniformly to all property in any class in any area or areas of the county, which order changes the assessment of such class of property in such area or areas, without the approval of the state board of tax appeals. Whenever any county board of equalization proposes to issue any such order, it shall make written application to the state board of tax appeals for a hearing on such matter. The state board of tax appeals shall set a time and place for a hearing thereon within five days of receipt of such application. The time set for hearing such matter shall in no event be more than 30 days following the date of receipt of such application. The state board of tax appeals shall notify the county board, the county or district appraiser and the director of property -valuation, of the time and place set for hearing. The director of property valuation shall be made a party to such hearing. The state board of tax appeals shall make its determination upon such matter within 10 days of the conclusion of the hearing thereon and notify the county board and director of property valuation by mail of its determination within five days after the date such determination is made.

Sec. 7. K.S.A. 79-1412a is hereby amended to read as follows: 79-1412a. County appraisers and district appraisers shall perform the following duties:

First. (a) Install and maintain such records and data relating to all property in the county, taxable and exempt, as may be required by the director of property valuation.

Second. (b) Annually, as of January 1, supervise the listing and assessment of all real estate and personal property in the county subject to taxation except state-assessed property.

Third. Notify each taxpayer on or before April first by mail directed to his or her last known address as to the assessed value placed on each parcel of his or her real property whenever the

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commissioners of each The board of county county is hereby authorized to levy a tax upon all taxable tangible property in the county in an amount necessary to pay all costs incurred in conducting programs of countywide reappraisal and complying with the provisions of this act. Such tax levies shall not be included in computing the aggregate tax levies of the county and are exempt from the limitations imposed under the inclusive, of K.S.A. 79-5001 to 79-5016, provisions thereto. The proceeds of such tax levies shall be amendments credited to a special countywide reappraisal fund and shall be used only for the purposes of implementing the provisions of this act. Such countywide reappraisal fund shall not be subject to the provisions of K.S.A. 79-2925 to 79-2937, and amendments thereto, except that in making the budgets of such counties the amounts credited to, and the amount on hand in such special fund, the amount expended therefrom shall be shown thereon for information of the taxpayers of the county.

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assessed value of any parcel has been changed from the assessment shown for the preceding year. Failure to receive such notice shall in nowise invalidate the assessment.

Fourth. (c) Attend meetings of the county board of equalization for the purpose of aiding such board in the proper discharge of its duties, making all records available to the county board of equalization.

Fifth (d) Prepare the assessment roll and certify such rolls to 0201 the county clerk. 0202

Sixth (e) Supervise the township trustees, assistants, appraisers and other employees appointed by him or her the appraiser in the performance of their duties.

Seventh (f) The county appraiser or district appraiser in setting values for various types of personal property, shall conform to the values for such property as shown in the personal property assessment guides devised and/or prescribed by the director of property valuation. 0210

Eighth (g) Carry on continuously throughout the year the process of appraising real property.

Ninth (h) If the county appraiser or district appraiser deems it advisable, he er she such appraiser may appoint one or more advisory committees of not less than five (5) persons representative of the various economic interests and geographic areas of the county to assist him or her in establishing unit land values, unit values for structures, productivity, classifications for agricultural lands, adjustments for location factors, and generally to advise on assessment procedures and methods.

Tenth (i) Perform such other duties as may be required by 1880 0222 law.

Sec. 8. K.S.A. 1982 Supp. 79-1460 is hereby amended to read as follows: 79-1460. The county appraiser shall notify each taxpayer in the county annually on or before April 1 for real property and May 1 for personal property, by mail directed to the taxpayer's last known address, of any change in the classification or appraised valuation of the taxpayer's property. For the purposes of this section, the term "taxpayer" shall be deemed to be the person in ownership of the property as indicated on the records of

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the office of register of deeds. Such notice shall specify separately both the previous and current appraised and assessed values for the land and each of the buildings situated on such lands. In the year following the year in which valuations for tangible property established under the program of statewide reappraisal are applied as a basis for the levy of taxes, and in each year thereafter, such notice shall include the most recent county sales ratio for the particular subclass of property to which the notice relates, except that no such ratio shall be disclosed on any such notices sent in any year when the total assessed valuation of the county is increaseed or decreased due to reappraisal of all of the property within the county. Such notice shall also contain a statement of the taxpayer's right to appeal. Failure to receive such notice shall

in no way invalidate the classification or appraised valuation as

Sec. 9. K.S.A. 79-1602 is hereby amended to read as follows: 79-1602. The county board thus constituted, or a majority of the members thereof, may on and after January 15 of each year, meet at any time that such board may deem necessary. All meetings of such board shall be held in a suitable place in the county courthouse. Such board shall on the first business day in April of each year meet for the purpose of inquiring into the valuation of real property and shall, on the fifteenth day in May 15 or the next following business day if such date shall fall on a day other than a regular business day, meet for the purpose of inquiring into the valuation of tangible personal property in the county, and shall review the assessment rolls of the county as to accuracy, completeness and uniformity of assessment, and shall make such changes in the assessment of property as shall be necessary in order to secure uniform and equal assessment of all property.

In all cases where it shall become necessary to increase the assessment of specific tracts or individual items of real or personal property, except where the assessment of a class or classes of property in any area or areas of the county is raised by a general order applicable to all property in such class or classes for the purpose of equalization, the county clerk shall, at least ten (10) 10 days prior to hearing, mail or cause to be mailed a notice to the

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person to be affected thereby at his or her such person's post-office address as shown by the assessment rolls, stating in substance that it is proposed to increase the assessment of such specific tracts or individual items of his or her such person's real or personal property, and fixing the time and place when a hearing thereon will be had.

The board shall hear and determine any appeal made by any 0274 taxpayer as to the assessment and valuation of any property in the county which may be made to the board by the owner of such property or his er her such owner's agent or attorney, and shall 0277 perform the duties hereinbefore set out prescribed in this section. 0278 The session of the board held for the purpose of considering the 0279 valuation of real property shall commence not later than the first 0280 business day in April and shall remain in session until the last 0281 business day in April, during which time the board may adjourn 0282 from time to time as may be necessary, and at the expiration of the 0283 last business day in April, the board shall adjourn until May fifth when it shall again reconvene for the purpose of hearing 0285 appeals from persons who have been notified by the county clerk 0286 of pending changes in the valuation of their real property as 0287 provided above, but such adjourned session shall not continue for 0288 more than ten (10) 10 days, after which the board shall adjourn 0289 sine die, which adjournment must be taken on or before the 15th 0290 day of May 15, or if such day shall fall on Sunday, then such final 0201 adjournment shall be taken on the 16th day of May 16 and the 0292 board shall have no authority to be in session thereafter; and after 0293 such final adjournment the board shall not change the assessed 0294 valuation of the real property of any person or reduce the ag-0295 gregate amount of the assessed valuation of the taxable real 0296 0297 property of the county. 0298

The session of the board held for the purpose of considering the valuation of personal property shall commence not later than the fifteenth day in May 15 or the next following business day if such date shall fall on a day other than a regular business day and shall remain in session until the last business day in May, during which time the board may adjourn from time to time as may be necessary, and at the expiration of the last business day in May,

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the board shall adjourn until June fifth 5, when it shall again reconvene for the purpose of hearing appeals from persons who have been notified by the county clerk of pending changes in the valuation of their personal property as provided above, but such adjourned session shall not continue for more than ten (10) 10 days, after which the board shall adjourn sine die, which adjournment must be taken on or before the 15th day of June 15, or if such day shall fall on Sunday, then such final adjournment shall be taken on the 16th day of June 16 and the board shall have no authority to be in session thereafter; and after such final adjournment the board shall not change the assessed valuation of the personal property of any person or reduce the aggregate amount of the assessed valuation of the taxable personal property of the county.

The board shall provide for sufficient evening and Saturday meetings during the sessions hereinbefore prescribed for the performance of its duties as shall be necessary to hear all parties making requests for such evening or Saturday meetings.

New Sec. 10. As used in sections 10 to 24, inclusive, "taxing subdivision" means every taxing district in the state of Kansas other than the state.

New Sec. 11. In the year in which the valuations established under the program of statewide reappraisal are used as a basis for the levy of taxes and in each year thereafter, all existing statutory fund and aggregate levy limitations on taxing subdivisions are hereby suspended. Except as otherwise hereinafter provided, in such year and in each year thereafter, any taxing subdivision is authorized to levy taxes upon tangible property which in the aggregate produces an amount not in excess of the amount which was authorized to be levied by such taxing subdivision in the next preceding year, but no taxing subdivision shall certify to the county clerk of the county any tax levies upon tangible property, excluding taxes levied as special assessments and excluding levies specified in section 17, which in the aggregate will produce an amount in excess of the amount which was levied by such taxing subdivision in the next preceding year.

New Sec. 12. Whenever any taxing subdivision shall certify





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aggregate tangible property tax levies in excess of that permitted under the provisions of sections 10 to 24, inclusive, the county clerk shall forthwith adjust the aggregate amount of such levies to the maximum levy authorized under the provisions of this act and notify the taxing subdivision certifying the same. It is the intent of this act to prescribe a limitation, with specified exceptions, upon the aggregate amount which may be levied upon tangible property by each of the several taxing subdivisions of the state and not to prescribe a limitation upon the amount produced by each of the several levies imposed by such taxing subdivisions for their various tax supported funds. It shall be the duty of the governing body of each taxing subdivision to adjust legally authorized levies for separate funds or functions of the taxing subdivision within the aggregate limitation imposed under the provisions of sections 10 to 24, inclusive, of this act.

Whenever a county clerk shall disagree with the governing body of a taxing subdivision concerning the maximum amount of the aggregate tangible property tax levies permitted under sections 10 to 24, inclusive, of this act for such taxing subdivision, the disagreement may be submitted to the state board of tax appeals by any such county clerk or by the governing body of such taxing subdivision, and the disagreement shall thereupon be promptly and conclusively determined by the state board of tax appeals.

New Sec. 13. Whenever the taxable assessed tangible valuation of any taxing subdivision is increased by new improvements on real estate and by added personal property in the year in which valuations established under the program of statewide reappraisal are used as a basis for the levy of taxes or in any year thereafter, the amount which would be produced by the aggregate tax levy limitation of such taxing subdivision computed in accordance with section 11 shall be divided by the taxable assessed tangible valuation of such taxing subdivision in the current year, omitting the assessed valuation of such new improvements and added personal property, to derive a levy rate. The levy rate so computed shall then be applied to the assessed valuation of such new improvements and added personal property, and such taxing

subdivision may then levy the amount permitted under section 11 and in addition thereto the amount produced by the levy on such new improvements and added personal property as provided in this section.

New Sec. 14. In the event that any territory is added to an existing taxing subdivision, the amount which would be produced by the aggregate tax levy otherwise authorized under sections 11 and 13 shall be adjusted to increase the amount authorized in the proportion that the assessed valuation of the tangible taxable property in the territory added bears to the total taxable assessed tangible valuation of the taxing subdivision, excluding the property in such added territory.

New Sec. 15. In the event that any taxable tangible property is excluded from the boundaries of any taxing subdivision, the amount which would be produced by the aggregate tax levy authorized under the provisions of sections 11 and 13 shall be adjusted to decrease the amount authorized in the proportion that the assessed valuation of the tangible property excluded bears to the total taxable assessed valuation of the taxing subdivision, including such excluded property.

New Sec. 16. (a) Whenever the authority and responsibility for the performance of any function or for providing any service, for which a tax levy is specifically authorized and provided by law, is transferred to any taxing subdivision, the aggregate limitation imposed under the provisions of sections 10 to 24, inclusive, upon the tax levies of the taxing subdivisions to which such authority or responsibility is transferred shall be increased by an amount equal to that levied for such purpose, by the political or taxing subdivision from which such authority or responsibility was transferred, in the year next preceding the year in which such transfer shall become effective and the aggregate limitation upon the tax levies of any taxing subdivision from which such authority or responsibility is transferred shall be reduced by such amount.

(b) Whenever the authority and responsibility for the performance of any function or the providing of any service, for which a tax levy, subject to the aggregate limitation prescribed by



sections 10 to 24, inclusive, is specifically authorized and provided by law, is transferred from any taxing subdivision to the state of Kansas, the aggregate limitation imposed under the provisions of this act upon the tax levies of the taxing subdivision 0419 from which such authority and responsibility is transferred shall 0420 be reduced by an amount equal to that levied for such purpose by the taxing subdivision in the year next preceding the year in which such transfer shall become effective. 0424

New Sec. 17. The provisions of sections 10 to 24, inclusive, shall not apply to or limit the levy of taxes for the payment of: 0426

- (a) Principal and interest upon bonds and temporary notes;
- (b) no-fund warrants authorized by the state board of tax 0427 appeals subject to the conditions and requirements of K.S.A. 79-2938, 79-2941 and 79-2951 and K.S.A. 1982 Supp. 79-2939 and where such board in addition specifically has found that an extreme emergency exists; 0431 0432
  - (c) judgments rendered against taxing subdivisions;
- (d) expenses for legal counsel and defense of legal actions 0433 against officers or employees of taxing subdivisions or premiums on insurance providing such protection as authorized by article 61 of chapter 75 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated and amend-0436 0437 0438
- (e) employer contributions for social security, workmen's compensation, unemployment insurance and employee retirement and pension programs; or 0441
- (f) added expenditures which are specifically mandated or required by state or federal law and which are initially incurred by the taxing subdivision after the effective date of this act, less any expenditures which were specifically mandated or required by state or federal law prior to the effective date of this act and are no longer mandated or required. 0446

0447 Amounts produced from any levy specified in this section shall not be used in computing any aggregate limitation under the 0448 provisions of this act. 0449

New Sec. 18. The limitation imposed by this act upon the 0450 amount produced by the aggregate levy of taxes upon tangible property by any taxing subdivision may be suspended for any one 0452

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year or for a specified number of years, and levies may be made for such year or years which will produce an amount in excess of that prescribed by sections 10 to 24, inclusive, whenever a majority of the electors of such taxing subdivision voting on a proposition to suspend such limitation at an election provided for herein shall vote in favor thereof. Any individual levy or levies for a particular purpose or purposes may be exempted from the limitation imposed by sections 10 to 24, inclusive, for any one year or a specified number of years whenever a majority of the electors of such taxing subdivision voting on a proposition to exempt such levy or levies from such limitation at an election provided for herein shall vote in favor thereof. On motion of the governing body of such taxing subdivision, any such proposition may be submitted at either a special election to be held on the first Tuesday in June, at any general election held in April or November or at any primary election, and any such proposition shall be submitted at any such election whenever a petition requesting the same, signed by electors of such subdivision equal in number to not less than 5% of the qualified electors of such taxing subdivision, shall be filed in the office of the county election officer at least 60 days prior to the date of such election.

New Sec. 19. When it is apparent to the governing body of any taxing subdivision that the maximum aggregate tax levy permitted under the provisions of sections 10 to 24, inclusive, is insufficient to finance the necessary operations of such subdivision, such governing body may make application to the state board of tax appeals for authority to levy taxes in excess of the aggregate amount permitted under the provisions of sections 10 to 24. The application shall contain a detailed statement showing, why the expenditures of such taxing subdivisions cannot be financed within the limitations prescribed by sections 10 to 24, inclusive, shall state the exact increase requested, and the period of time for which such increase is requested.

If the state board of tax appeals shall find and determine that the evidence submitted in support of the application shows an extreme emergency need for the increase requested and that the cost of an election to approve the increase would be dispropor-





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empowered to authorize such taxing subdivision to levy taxes in excess of the aggregate amount permitted under the provisions of sections 10 to 24, inclusive. The term "extreme emergency need" shall include, but not be limited to, amounts required to comply with state or federal requirements in such areas as sewage treatment and solid waste disposal and to provide police protection, fire protection, ambulance service, or similar services essential to the public health and safety. The order of the board of tax appeals shall state the exact amount of the increase authorized and that the authorization is for a period of time, the length of which shall be specified. Any increase in tax levy authority granted by the board of tax appeals shall be added to the aggregate limitations computed under sections 10 to 24, inclusive, for the period of time specified by the board.

The county election officer shall cause a notice of any order of the board of tax appeals issued after the effective date of this act to be published once each week for three consecutive weeks in the official newspaper of the taxing subdivision, or if none, in a newspaper of general circulation in such subdivision. If within 30 days next following the date of the last publication of such notice a petition signed by not less than 10% of the qualified electors of the taxing subdivision requesting an election upon the proposition to levy such increased taxes is filed in the office of the county election officer, no such increased levy shall be made without first receiving the approval of a majority of the electors of such taxing subdivision voting at an election called and held thereon.

New Sec. 20. The state board of tax appeals shall not authorize the issuance of no-fund warrants by any taxing subdivision of the state under the provisions of K.S.A. 79-2938, 79-2941 or 79-2951 and K.S.A. 1982 Supp. 79-2939, except upon the basis of a finding of extreme emergency need.

New Sec. 21. Whenever any taxing subdivision of this state shall be required by law to levy taxes for the financing of the budget of any political or governmental subdivision of this state which is not authorized by law to levy taxes on its own behalf,

and the governing body of such taxing subdivision is not authorized or empowered to modify or reduce the amount of taxes levied therefor, the tax levies of such political or governmental subdivision shall not be included in or considered in computing the aggregate limitations upon the property tax levies of the taxing subdivisions levying taxes for such political or governmental subdivision.

New Sec. 22. The state board of tax appeals may upon complaint filed within 30 days after the public hearing held pursuant to K.S.A. 1982 Supp. 79-2929 by any taxpayer inquire into the levy of taxes by any taxing subdivision for the purpose of determining if such taxing subdivision is operating in compliance with the limitations and provisions of sections 10 to 24, inclusive. If upon preliminary inquiry it shall appear that such subdivision is failing to comply with the requirements of sections 10 to 24, inclusive, the board of tax appeals shall fix a time and place for a hearing upon such matter and shall notify the governing body of the taxing subdivision thereof. If upon the basis of such hearing the state board of tax appeals shall determine that such taxing subdivision is operating in violation of the limitations and provisions of sections 10 to 24, inclusive, such board may order the adjustment of any tax levies to be adjusted in such manner as to comply with the requirements of this act.

New Sec. 23. Any election held under the provisions of sections 10 to 24, inclusive, shall be called and held in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 10-120.

New Sec. 24. The provisions of sections 10 to 23, inclusive, shall not be applicable to the general fund levies of unified school districts.

New Sec. 25. (a) The governing body of any city, in the year next following the year in which the valuations established under the program of statewide reappraisal are used as a basis for the levy of taxes or in any year thereafter, may elect, in the manner prescribed by and subject to the limitations of section 5 of article 12 of the Kansas Constitution, to exempt such city from the provisions of sections 10 to 22, inclusive.

(b) The governing body of any county, in the year next fol-



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lowing the year in which the valuations established under the program of statewide reappraisal are used as a basis for the levy of taxes or in any year thereafter, may elect, in the manner prescribed by and subject to the limitations of K.S.A. 19-101b, and amendments thereto, to exempt such county from the provisions of sections 10 to 22, inclusive.

(c) The governing body of any other taxing subdivision subject to the provisions of sections 10 to 22, inclusive, in the year next following the year in which the valuations established under the program of statewide reappraisal are used as a basis for the levy of taxes or in any year thereafter, may elect, in the manner prescribed by and subject to the limitations of K.S.A. 19-101b, and amendments thereto, insofar as such section may be made applicable, to exempt such subdivision from the provisions of sections 10 to 22, inclusive.

New Sec. 26. Upon implementation for purposes of levying taxes of valuations for real property derived under the program of statewide reappraisal, all existing statutory debt limitations computed on the basis of a percentage of assessed valuation are hereby suspended. In such year of implementation and in all years thereafter any indebtedness of a taxing district governed by such statutory limitations shall be limited to a percentage of assessed valuation which percentage is determined by dividing the amount of indebtedness authorized for such taxing district in the year before implementation of such valuations by the assessed valuation in the year of implementation.

New Sec. 27. The secretary of revenue shall adopt rules and regulations providing for the administration of this act. The director of property valuation shall prescribe and furnish forms to the county appraisers necessary to their duties hereunder.

New Sec. 28. If any sentence, clause, subsection, or section of this act is held unconstitutional or invalid by any court of competent jurisdiction it shall be conclusively presumed that the legislature would have enacted the remainder of the act not so held unconstitutional or invalid.

O599 Sec. 29. K.S.A. 79-1412a, 79-1437b, 79-1440 and 79-1602 and 6000 K.S.A. 1982 Supp. 79-1452 to 79-1454, inclusive, and 79-1460 are

subject to review and approval of the reappraisal review board

hereby repealed.

Sec. 30. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its publication in the statute book.

New Sec. 4. (a) On or before January 5 of each year the county or district appraiser shall submit to the director of property valuation a progress report indicating actions taken during the preceding year for the purpose of implementing the plan submitted pursuant to section 1 of this act. If any county or district appraiser fails to submit such report or the director determines that the appraisal is not progressing according to the plan approved, the director shall petition the state board of tax appeals for a determination thereof and the state board may take action to insure implementation of the plan in the same manner as that authorized for requiring the adoption of the plan or reappraisal under the provisions of section 1.

(b) On or before January 15 of each year following the

utilization of valuations established under the program of statewide reappraisal as a basis for the levy of taxes, the state board of tax appeals shall review the program of appraisal of property in each county or district to determine if property within the county or district is being appraised or valued in accordance with the requirements of this act. If the board determines that the property in any county or district is not being appraised in accordance with the requirements of this act, such board shall, within 10 days, direct the director of property valuation to notify the county or district appraiser and the board of county commissioners of any county or counties affected that the county has 60 days within which to submit to the director a plan for bringing the appraisal of property within the county into compliance or the director will petition the board of tax appeals for authority for the division of property valuation to assume control of such appraisal program and bring it into compliance. If a plan is submitted and approved by the director the county or district shall proceed to implement the plan as submitted. The director shall continue to monitor the program to insure that the plan is implemented as submitted. If no plan is submitted or if the director does not approve the plan, the director shall petition the state board of tax appeals for a review of the plan or if no plan is submitted for authority for the division of property valuation to assume control of the appraisal program of the county and to proceed to bring the same into compliance with the requirements of this act. If the board of tax appeals approves the plan, the county or district shall proceed to implement the plan as submitted. If no plan has been submitted or the plan submitted is not approved, the board shall fix a time within which the county may submit a plan or an amended plan for approval. If no plan is submitted and approved within the time prescribed by the board, the board shall order the division of property valuation to assume control of the appraisal program of the county and to bring the same into compliance with the provisions of this act. If the division assumes control of the appraisal program of any county, the director of property valuation shall certify the amount of the cost incurred by the division in bringing the program into compliance to the state treasurer who shall withhold such amount from distributions of the county's share of moneys from the county and city revenue sharing fund and the local ad valorem tax reduction fund and credit the same to the general fund of the state.