Approved	February 2, 1983  Date
MINUTES OF THE SENATE COMMITTEE ON PUBLIC HEALT	TH AND WELFARE
The meeting was called to order bySenator Jan MeyersChairpers	son at
10 a.mxxxx. on February 1 , 199	33 in room <u>526-S</u> of the Capitol.
All members were present except:	
Senator Roitz, excused and Senator Morris	
Committee staff present:	
Emalene Correll and Norman Furse	
Conferees appearing before the committee:	
Pandy Hoarroll Poscarch Director Manage Tudicial	Conton

Randy Hearrell, Research Director, Kansas Judicial Center Ben Janacek, Chief of Police, Emporia, Kansas

Others present: see attached list

SB 11 - act for obtaining a guardian or conservator, or both

Randy Hearrell, Research Director, Kansas Judicial Center, presented a report of the Kansas Judicial Council on the Guardianship and Conservatorship Code. (Attachment #1). Mr. Hearrell said the work of the Judicial Council is in the form of comments and proposed amendments to SB 11, which was drafted by the Special Committee on Public Health and Welfare.

The report is divided into three sections. The first section lists the policy changes with which the Judicial Council agrees; the second section lists the policies with which the Judicial Council agrees, but would implement in a different manner; the third section contains proposals by the Judicial Council which are not a part of SB 11.

Mr. Hearrell also distributed to committee members a balloon of SB 11, showing the amendments proposed, (Attachment #2), and a copy of the Proposed Supreme Court Rule No. 185 or Supreme Court Administrative Order. (Attachment #3).

Ben Janacek, Chief of Police, Emporia, Kansas, testified in support of SB 11, and distributed to the committee a memorandum recommending certain changes and additions to SB 11. (Attachment #4). Mr. Janacek said he was aware of no legislation that causes a guardian to provide the ward who is housed in a private home the same treatment mandated to patients in licensed care facilities, and that there is nothing in the statutes giving SRS authority to investigate and/or intercede on behalf of the ward upon complaint of alleged abuses by a guardian.

Senator Hayden moved that the committee reconsider approval of the minutes of January 27, 1983, in order to make some language changes. Senator Francisco seconded the motion and it carried.

Senator Hayden moved that the minutes of January 27, as amended, and January 31, 1983, be approved. Senator Vidricksen seconded the motion and it carried.

The meeting was adjourned.

## SENATE

## PUBLIC HEALTH AND WELFARE COMMITTEE

DATE 2-/- \$3

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## REPORT OF THE KANSAS JUDICIAL COUNCIL ON THE GUARDIANSHIP AND CONSERVATORSHIP CODE

On December 30, 1981 Senate President Ross O. Doyen wrote the Kansas Judicial Council and requested that the Judicial Council "... review and study the present guardianship-conservatorship code contained in Article 30 of Chapter 59 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated and recommend appropriate legislative changes for improvement of the code."

At the January 29, 1982 meeting of the Judicial Council the request of Senator Doyen was considered. The Council agreed to undertake the requested study. At the March 19, 1982 meeting of the Judicial Council the following persons were appointed to serve on the Judicial Council Guardianship and Conservatorship Advisory Committee:

ROBERT H. COBEAN, Chairman of the Committee, Wellington; member of the Judicial Council and practicing lawyer.

HONORABLE NORMA L. DANIELS, Valley Center; member of the Senate.

HONORABLE JOSEPH A. KNOPP, Manhattan; member of the House of Representatives and practicing lawyer.

DR. JIM LACKEY, Manhattan; Guardianship Coordinator for Kansas Advocacy and Protective Services for the Developmentally Disabled, Inc.

HONORABLE SAMUEL H. MASON, Fort Scott; District Magistrate Judge.

HONORABLE VIC MILLER, Topeka; member of the House of Representatives and practicing lawyer.

HONORABLE MARY SCHOWENGERDT, Topeka; Associate District Judge.

WAYNE T. STRATTON, Topeka; practicing lawyer.

HONORABLE JOSEPH H. SWINEHART, Kansas City; Judge of the Court of Appeals.

DAVID J. WAXSE, Olathe; practicing lawyer.

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#### METHOD OF STUDY

The Committee began the study with a review of K.S.A. Chapter 59, Article 30, the act for obtaining a guardian or conservator, or both. The Committee members also familiarized themselves with the act for obtaining treatment for a mentally ill person, statutes in K.S.A. Chapter 79 relating to curatorship, and certain statutes in K.S.A. Chapter 59 relating to decedents' estates, absentees estates, special representatives' estates, and trusteeships.

The Committee reviewed the publication <u>Guardianship</u> and <u>Conservatorship</u>, which was prepared by the <u>Developmental</u> <u>Disabilities</u> State Legislative Project of the American Bar Association Commission on the Mentally Disabled. The book contains a survey of the guardianship and conservatorship statutes of all states and a proposed model statute.

After the preliminary work the Committee members discussed perceived problems with the present code and areas in which it can be improved.

Other matters and items considered by the Committee were the number of guardianships or conservatorships in the State; the federal district court case of Powell v. Harder, (Case No. 78-4217); one quardian with multiple wards; voluntary admissions of wards, by quardians, to institutions; compliance with the statute requiring filing of annual accountings by conservators and the desirability of requiring guardians to file a similar report, and providing notice and a form for both; changing the definitions in the code; defining partial disability; providing for voluntary quardians, limited guardians, corporate guardians, standby quardians, and emergency guardians; the rights of "incapacitated" persons; providing a statutory list of powers and duties of guardians and conservators; the work of the Special Committee on Public Health and Welfare; proposed legislation in other states; the Model Guardianship Act; and various publications and articles.

It should be noted that SRS, the Department of Aging, various mental health agencies, the Veterans Administration, the Revisor of Statutes, and the Legislative Research Department all provided assistance in the study.

### FORM OF REPORT

Studies of Judicial Council Advisory Committees usually result in proposed legislation. In this instance, the work of the Judicial Council Guardianship and Conservatorship Advisory Committee is in the form of comments and proposed amendments to S.B. 11, a bill drafted by the Special Committee on Public Health and Welfare. This style of report was deemed advisable because the Special Committee on Public Health and Welfare also made a

study of the Guardianship and Conservatorship Act, and their recommendations were very similar to those this Committee was planning to make.

The report of the Judicial Council is divided into three sections. The first section lists policy changes contained in S.B. 11 with which the Council agrees. The second section sets out policy changes contained in S.B. 11 with which the Council agrees, but would implement in a different manner. The third section contains proposals of the Judicial Council which are not a part of S.B. 11.

- ✓ I. The Judicial Council agrees with the following policy changes contained in S.B. 11:
  - (1) Policy changes and additions should be accomplished through amendment and supplementation of the Act for Obtaining a Guardian or Conservator, or Both, rather than through enactment of a new or model act.
  - (2) The term "incapacitated person" should be changed to "disabled person" as used in the Act for Obtaining a Guardian or Conservator, or Both.
  - (3) A new definition of "disabled person" should be drafted.
  - (4) The terms "manage financial resources" and "meet essential requirements for physical health or safety" should be defined.
  - (5) The statutes should be amended to provide for voluntary quardianship.
  - (6) "Clear and convincing evidence" should be added to 59-3013 and 59-3027 as the required standard of proof.
  - (7) The court should consider the appointment of a guardian who is sympathetic to such system of healing for a person who is an adherent of a religion whose practices call for reliance on prayer alone for healing.
  - (8) The amount of money vested in a minor which a court may order to be deposited in a savings account without appointing a conservator for the minor or giving bond be raised from \$2,000 to \$5,000.
  - (9) 59-3026 be amended to delete the requirement that due regard be given to the assets of a creditor in paying the expenses of a conservatee's last illness and death.

- (10) A guardian should file an annual report with the court on a form prescribed by rule of the Supreme Court, unless such requirement has been expressly waived by the court
- (11) Certain nonprofit corporations should be authorized to act as guardians. Such corporations would have to be certified by SRS.
- II. There are certain other policies contained in S.B. 11 with which the Judicial Council agrees, but would implement in a different manner.
  - (1) The Judicial Council proposes that guardian be defined as follows:

"Guardian means an individual or a nonprofit corporation certified in accordance with section 24 which has been appointed by the court to act on behalf of a ward and possessed of some or all of the powers and duties set out in K.S.A. 59-3018, as amended. Guardian does not mean natural quardian unless specified."

The definition of guardian proposed by the Judicial Council makes reference to the statute setting forth the powers and duties of the guardian. The definition of guardian includes the concept of limited guardian. The last sentence is intended to clarify that guardian does not include a natural guardian.

(2) The Judicial Council proposes that conservator be defined as follows:

"Conservator means an individual or a corporation appointed by the court to act on behalf of a conservatee and possessed of some or all of the powers and duties set out in K.S.A. 59-3019."

The definition of conservator proposed by the Judicial Council makes reference to the statute setting forth the powers and duties of the conservator. The definition also includes the concept of limited conservator.

(3) S.B. 11 sets out the rights and duties of a guardian and further amends 59-3018 to include powers a guardian may exercise unless such powers have been limited by the court at the time of appointment. S.B. 11 also sets out certain powers that a guardian is prohibited from exercising except in those circumstances delineated in the statute. The Judicial Council agrees, but would amend 59-3018 to read as follows:

- 59-3018. Guardian; rights and duties. A-guardian shall-be-subject-to-the-control-and-direction-of-the-court at-all-times-and-in-all-things--He-or-she-shall-have-charge of-the-person-of-the-ward-and-unless-otherwise-limited-by law-shall-have-the-right,-if-permission-is-granted-by-the court-appointing-the-guardian,-after-hearing-and-notice thereof-to-the-conservator,-if-any,-and-to-such-other persons-and-in-such-manner-as-the-court-shall-direct,-to establish-the-residence-of-his-or-her-ward-either-within-or without-the-stated.
- (A) A guardian shall be subject to the control and direction of the court at all times and in all things. It is the general duty of an individual or corporation appointed to serve as a guardian to carry out diligently and in good faith the specific duties and powers assigned by the court. In carrying out these duties and powers, the guardian shall assure that personal, civil, and human rights of the ward or minor whom the guardian serves are protected.
- (B) The guardian of a minor shall be entitled to the custody and control of the ward and shall provide for the ward's education, support, and maintenance.
- (C) A limited guardian shall have only such of the general duties and powers herein set out as shall be specifically set forth in the dispositional order pursuant to 59-3013(d) and as shall also be specifically set forth in letters of limited guardianship pursuant to 59-3014.
- (D) A guardian shall have all of the general duties and powers as set out herein and as also set out in the dispositional order and in the letters of guardianship.
- (E) The general powers and duties of a guardian shall be to take charge of the person of the ward and to provide for the ward's care, treatment, habilitation, education, support, maintenance, and to file an annual accounting; the powers and duties shall include, but not be limited to, the following:
- (1) Assuring that the ward resides in the best and least restrictive setting reasonably available;
- (2) assuring that the ward receives medical care and other services that are needed;
- (3) promoting and protect the care, comfort, safety, health, and welfare of the ward;
  - (4) providing required consents on behalf of the ward;

- (5) exercising all powers and discharging all duties necessary or proper to implement the provisions of this section.
- (F) A guardian of a ward is not obligated by virtue of the guardian's appointment to use of the guardian's own financial resources for the support of the ward.
- (G) A guardian shall not have the power: (1) To place a ward in a facility or institution other than through a formal commitment proceeding in which the ward has independent counsel and a separate guardian ad litem, or with the consent of the ward. Wards may voluntarily admit themselves to such a facility or institution.
- (2) To consent, on behalf of a ward, to sterilization, psychosurgery, removal of a bodily organ, or amputation of a limb unless the procedure is first approved by order of the court or is necessary, in an emergency situation, to preserve the life or prevent serious impairment of the physical health of the ward.
- (3) To consent on behalf of the ward to the withholding of life-saving medical procedures;
- (4) To consent on behalf of a ward to the performance of any experimental biomedical or behavioral medical procedure or to participation in any biomedical or behavioral experiment unless:
- (a) It is intended to preserve the life or prevent serious impairment of the physical health of the ward; or
- (b) It is intended to assist the ward to develop or regain that person's abilities and has been approved for that person by the court.
  - (5) To prohibit the marriage or divorce of a ward.
- (6) To consent on behalf of a ward to the termination of the ward's parental rights.
- (H) The guardian shall at least annually file a report concerning the personal status of the ward as provided by K.S.A. 59-3029 as amended.

The amendment to 59-3018 proposed by the Judicial Council is similar to the proposal in S.B. 11, with some differences. S.B. 11 lists powers a guardian has if a conservator has not been appointed, the Judicial Council proposal does not. The Judicial Council proposal contains a statement that a guardian is not obligated to use the guardian's own financial resources for the support of the ward, S.B. 11 does not. The Judicial Council

includes language in this section requiring the filing of the annual report of the guardian. There also are slight differences in the sections listing the prohibited powers of the guardian.

(4) S.B. 11, in new section 14, authorizes the court to limit the rights and duties of a conservator by endorsement upon the letters of conservatorship. The Judicial Council agrees to the concept of limited conservatorships, but would insert the concept by amending 59-3013 and 59-3014.

The Judicial Council recommends that in 59-3013, the paragraph beginning at line 0472 be rewritten to read as follows:

"If, upon the completion of the hearing, the court or jury finds by clear and convincing evidence that the proposed ward or proposed conservatee is an-ineapaeitated a disabled person in need of a guardian or conservator, or both, or if the court or jury finds that the proposed ward or proposed conservatee is a minor in need of a quardian or conservator, or both, the court shall appoint-one-or-more-suitable-persons,-who-are-not miners,-es-quardien-er-eenservater,-er-beth,-ef-such incapacitated-person-or-minor-as-the-ease-may-be make a finding as to what extent the disabled person is able to, and should be permitted to, make decisions which affect that person and the court shall specifically set forth such findings of fact in the court's order and pursuant to K.S.A. 59-3014, as amended, shall appoint one or more suitable individuals or corporations as quardian or conservator, or both, of such disabled person."

This proposed change would require the judge to set forth findings of fact relating to the extent that the proposed ward or proposed conservatee is disabled.

The Judicial Council also recommends that subsection (d) of  $K.S.A.\ 59-3014$  be rewritten to read as follows:

"(d) Upon the filing of an oath according to law, letters of guardianship shall be granted. If the court, pursuant to K.S.A. 59-3013, has made a finding that a disabled person is able to and should be permitted to make some decisions which affect the person, a guardian shall be appointed and "Letters of Limited Guardianship" shall specify which of the powers and duties of a guardian shall be assigned to the limited guardian. If the court, pursuant to K.S.A. 59-3013, has made a finding that a disabled person is unable to, and should not be permitted to, make any decisions which will affect the person of said disabled person, or if the ward is a minor, a guardian shall be appointed and the guardian shall be possessed of all the powers and duties of a guardian as set out in K.S.A. 59-3018. Upon the

filing of a bond in such amount as the court shall direct and an oath according to law, letters of conservatorship shall be granted. If the court, pursuant to K.S.A. 59-3013 has made a finding that a disabled person is able to and should be permitted to make some decisions which affect the person's property, a limited conservator shall be appointed and the "Letters of Limited Conservatorship" shall specify which of the powers and duties of a conservator shall be assigned to the limited conservator. If the court, pursuant to K.S.A. 59-3013, has made a finding that the disabled person is unable to make any decisions which affect the property of said disabled person, or the ward is a minor, a conservator shall be possessed of all powers and duties of a conservator as set out in K.S.A. 59-3019. If there is no property, the court may waive the filing of a bond, but if the conservator receives or becomes entitled to any property, he-er-she the conservator shall immediately file a report thereof and a bond in such amount as the court may direct+-Provided,-That. If the quardian or conservator appointed is the one named by a testator under the provisions of K.S.A. 59-3004 and amendments thereto and the testator has provided by his-er-her will that no bond be required, unless the court shall otherwise direct. either the quardian or the conservator dies, resigns, or is removed, the court, with or without notice, may appoint a successor."

The proposed change in this subsection provides for "Letters of Limited Guardianship" and "Letters of Limited Conservatorship" in addition to "Letters of Guardianship" and "Letters of Conservatorship".

- (5) The Judicial Council recommends that in 59-3014(b), all before the comma in line 0500 be stricken. The reason is that, as drafted, the section could be interpreted to state that the workload and capabilities of the proposed guardian or conservator shall be considered only if such person is serving 15 or more wards or conservatees. The implication could be that if a person is serving less than 15 wards or conservatees that such person's workload and capabilities need not be considered.
- (6) S.B. 11, in new section 20, mandates periodic review by the court of a guardianship or conservatorship. The Judicial Council agrees with the intent of S.B. 11 to hold the guardian and conservator more accountable, but believes that new section 20 should be stricken. The Council believes that other actions taken by this bill, and proposed by the Judicial Council, meet the need for more accountability by guardians and conservators. The other actions are the requirement by this bill that guardians file annual reports and the requirement by this bill that

form for the annual report of the guardians. Also, the Judicial Council recommends, in section 19, that K.S.A. 59-3029 be amended in new subsection (b) to not allow waiver of annual reports of conservators.

The Judicial Council also has pending before it the recommendation of the Guardianship and Conservatorship Advisory Committee that a Supreme Court Rule be adopted that provides that unless the court waives a hearing after having received the annual accounting a hearing shall be held. The rule also requires notice of failure to file annual accountings be given to the fiduciary and attorney of record.

(7) Section 21 of S.B. 11 provides for emergency appointment of a guardian in certain circumstances, for the appointment of a temporary guardian, and for designation of another person who may assume the duties and powers of a guardian in the event of resignation, disability, temporary absence, or death of the guardian. The Judicial Council agrees that the provisions relating to emergency appointment should be enacted, but does not find the necessity for the "standby" guardian or conservator.

III. The following are sections proposed by the Judicial Council which are not a part of S.B. 11.

- (1) In line 74 of S.B. 11, the word "application" appears. The word "applicant" also appears throughout the bill and article 30 of chapter 59. The Judicial Council proposes that in article 30 of chapter 59 of K.S.A., each time the word "application" appears the word "petition" be substituted therefore and that each time the word "applicant" appears the word "petitioner" be substituted therefore. Under most, if not all, other codes the document originally filed before the court is called a petition. K.S.A. 59-2201 of the probate procedure indicates that "every application . . . shall be by petition. . .".
- (2) The Judicial Council proposes that guardian ad litem be defined as follows:

Guardian ad litem" means an individual appointed by the court to assist the proposed ward or proposed conservatee to determine the proposed ward's or proposed conservatee's interests in regard to the proceeding, or to make that determination if the subject of the proceeding is unconscious or otherwise wholly incapable of determining the subject's interests."

(3) The Judicial Council recommends 59-3003 be rewritten to read as follows:

"59-3003. Natural guardian; powers and duties. A natural guardian shall have the right to the custody of the natural guardian's minor child and the right to exercise control over the person of the natural guardian's minor child as provided by law, unless a guardian has been appointed for the minor. The natural guardian of such minor has the right and duty, for the benefit of the minor, to manage, mortgage, sell or otherwise dispose of all the personal estate vested in such minor when the total of such estate does not exceed \$5,000 in value, unless a guardian or conservator has been appointed for the minor."

The section, as rewritten, reorganizes the language and raises the dollar figure from \$4,000 to \$5,000.

- (4) The Judicial Council recommends that 59-3005 be repealed. It is the opinion of the Council that because of court unification and K.S.A. 20-301, relating to jurisdiction of the district court, the section is unnecessary.
- (5) The Judicial Council recommends that in section 4 of S.B. 11 in line 0129, after the word "that", the phrase "the petitioner has knowingly and voluntarily requested the appointment and" be inserted.
- (6) The Judicial Council proposes that the following language be inserted at the end of subsection (a)(2) of K.S.A. 59-3010:

"The court shall enter in the record of the proceedings the facts upon which the court has found that the presence of the proposed ward or proposed conservatee at the hearing would be injurious to such person's welfare. Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this subsection, if the proposed ward or proposed conservatee requests in writing to the court or to such person's attorney that the proposed ward or proposed conservatee be present at the hearing then such person's presence cannot be waived."

This proposal requires the court to make a finding if it enters an order that the presence of the proposed ward or proposed conservatee is injurious to such person's welfare and provides such person's presence cannot be waived in certain circumstances.

(7) The Judicial Council recommends that reference to the commission procedure be stricken from K.S.A. 59-3013. The proposal is made because the procedure is seldom used and removes decision making authority from the judge.

- (8) The Judicial Council recommends striking, "Except where expressly waived by the court" from 59-3029.
- (9) The Judicial Council proposes that 59-3031 be amended to read as follows:

"59-3031. Hearing on accounting. On the hearing, unless otherwise ordered, the conservator shall, and other persons may, be examined. The conservator shall produce for examination by the court or a duly authorized clerk or other appointee thereof, evidence of balances on deposit and investments reported in the accounting which shall be described in such account in sufficient detail so that they may be identified. If the account is correct, it shall be settled, and allowed. The order of settlement and allowance shall show the amount of the personal property remaining. Upon settlement of the final account, and upon delivery of the property on hand to the person entitled thereto, the court shall discharge the conservator and the conservator's sureties."

(10) The Judicial Council recommends that K.S.A. 59-3032 be amended to add the petitioner as one of the parties to whom costs of the action may be taxed.

The Judicial Council proposes no other amendments to S.B. 11.

# PROPOSED SUPREME COURT RULE NO. 185 OR SUPREME COURT ADMINISTRATIVE ORDER

The district court shall fix the time and place for the filing of annual accountings in each Conservatorship, Trusteeship, Absentee Estate, Convict's Estate, Curator-ship, and Special Personal Representatives Estates. Unless the district court shall expressly waive such a hearing after having reviewed the annual accounting, notice of the time and place for hearing shall be given each fiduciary and attorney of record.

Notice of the failure to file an annual accounting shall be sent to the fiduciary and attorney of record and if a hearing is set notice of such hearing shall also be sent to the fiduciary and attorney of record with the requirements that notice be given by the fiduciary or attorney of record to such other persons as the court may direct.

Statistics on accountings filed and hearings held shall be reported quarterly to the office of the Judicial Administrator.

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## THE CITY OF EMPORIA, KANSAS

10866

BEN JANACEK CHIEF OF POLICE

POLICE DEPARTMENT • PHONE (316) 342-1766 • EMPORIA, KANSAS 522 MECHANIC STREET

T0:

Members of the Special Committee On Public Health and Welfare

FROM:

Ben Janacek Chief of Police City of Emporia

SUBJECT:

SENATE BILL NUMBER 11

DATE:

February 1, 1983

The action proposed by Senate Bill No. 11 is welcomed and long overdue. There are, however, still some areas that need to be addressed to make the bill fulfill the optimum intent.

K.S.A.39-923 adequately covers the situation involving persons confined to or cared by licensed nursing facilities. Many adults, however, are the wards of legal guardians and are housed at private homes under the care of the guardians. There exists no legislation that I am aware of that causes a guardian to provide to the ward the same treatment mandated to patients in licensed care facilities.

The statute being examined under Senate Bill No. 11, in its original form and in its drafted form, still does not address the basic tenent of causing the guardian to act in the best interest of the ward. Under the section citing reasons for removal of a guardian, there is no provision made to include "not acting in the best interests of the ward."

A further failing in the statutes is the lack of investigatory powers for S.R.S. to investigate and/or intercede on behalf of the ward upon complaint of alleged abuses by a guardian.

Specifically recommended changes and additions are:

1. On Page 17 of Senate Bill No. 11 between lines numbered 0606 and 0607 an additional section number ( ) should be added, to wit:

Atch. 4

Memorandum to Special Committee on Public Health and Welfare Subject: Senate Bill No. 11 February 1, 1983 Page 2

- "( ) The guardian shall act, at all times, in the best interests of the ward in all matters concerning the ward."
- 2. On page 17 in line number 0615 the word  $\underline{\text{may}}$  should be changed to the word  $\underline{\text{shall}}$ .
- 3. On page 19 of Senate Bill No. 11 between lines 0697 and 0698 an additional section number ( ) should be added, to wit:
  - "( ) To place the ward in any nursing home or other care facility other than that originally specified in (1) without permission of the Court appointing the guardian."
- 4. On page 21 between lines 0780 and 0781 an additional section number ( ) should be added, to wit:
  - "( ) Upon the order of the Court after a finding that the guardian has not acted in the best interests of the ward."
- 5. An additional section should be added in the approriate place to empower the S.R.S. to investigate allegations of misconduct on the part of guardians towards the best interests of their wards; such investigative reports and recommendations to be presented to the Court appointing the guardian.

I can cite some specific examples where lack of such statutes endangered the lives of wards. S.R.S. officials had to bluff their way to ascertain the substance of some allegations and then were powerless to intervene on behalf of the ward or their families.

Not all guardians relish the responsibilities of an invalid and, in many instances, shirk their humane responsibilities and duties through apathetic ommission. Often such guardians do only what is necessary to basic care, but are willing to disregard such things as therapy, clothing, social activities, and other amenities. These guardians usually do not wish to give up guardianship, because there is usually a financial string attached.

'emorandom to Special Committee on Public Health and Welfare Subject: Senate Bill No. 11 February 1, 1983 Page 3

Other family members more interested truly in the welfare of such a ward have a moral right to intervene, but presently lack the legal right.

Your attention to the intent of these recommendations for the best interests of wards is appreciated. Persons truly interested in the welfare of a ward cannot feel intimidated by such language.

Respectfully submitted,

Ben Janacek

Chief df police

BJ:mb

## SENATE BILL No. 11

## By Special Committee on Public Health and Welfare

## Re Proposal No. 28

#### 12-20

0018 AN ACT concerning the act for obtaining a guardian or conservator, or both; amending K.S.A. 59-3002, 59-3006, 59-3007, 59-3008, 59-3009, 59-3010, 59-3011, 59-3013, 59-3014, 59-3021 3015, 59-3016, 59-3018, 59-3023, 59-3026, 59-3027, 59-3028 and 77-201 and K.S.A. 1982 Supp. 38-1505, 59-3012 and 59-3029 and repealing the existing sections; and also repealing K.S.A. 59-3033.

0025 Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

Occidence of Section 1. K.S.A. 59-3002 is hereby amended to read as follows: 59-3002. When used in this act: (1) (a) The term "Incapacitated Disabled person" shall mean means any adult person who is impaired by reason of mental illness, mental deficiency, physical illness or disability, advanced age, chronic narcotic drug addiction, chronic intoxication, or other cause to the extent that he or she lacks sufficient understanding or capacity to make or communicate responsible decisions concerning either his or her person or his or her estate whose ability to receive and evaluate information effectively or to communicate decisions, or both, is impaired to such an extent that the person lacks the capacity to manage such person's financial resources or to meet essential requirements for such person's physical health or safety, or both.

- 0040 (b) "Manage financial resources" means those actions neces-0041 sary to obtain, administer and dispose of real and personal 0042 property, intangible property, business property, benefits and 13 income.
- 14 (c) "Meet essential requirements for physical health or 0045 safety" means those actions necessary to provide the health care,

2-1-83 W2

JUDICIAL COUNCIL RECOMMENDATIONS AND COMMENTS

ALL h. 2

6046 food, shelter, clothing, personal hygiene and other care without 6047 which serious physical injury or illness is more likely than not to 6048 occur.

- (2) (d) The term "Guardian" shall mean any person who means an individual or a nonprofit corporation certified in accordance with section 24 which has been appointed by a court of competent jurisdiction to exercise control over the person of minoract on behalf of a ward and to exercise such powers and perform such duties as may be outstanding authorized by law.
- (3) (e) The term "Natural guardian" shall mean means both the father and mother of a legitimate minor or the mother of an illegitimate minor, provided that both such parents or parent shall not have been found to be an incapacitated a disabled person or had their parental rights severed by a court of competent jurisdiction. If either parent of a legitimate minor dies, or has been found to be an incapacitated a disabled person or has had his or her parental rights severed by a court of competent jurisdiction, the other shall be the "natural guardian."
- (4)2 (f) The term "Conservator" shall mean any means a monomentation of person who has been appointed by a court of competent juris-diction to exercise control over the estate of any person act on behalf of a conservatee and to exercise such powers and perform such duties as may be authorized by law.
- (5) (g) The term "Minor" shall mean means any person de-0071 fined by K.S.A. 38-101 and amendments thereto as being within 0072 the period of minority.
- 0073 (6) (h) The term "Proposed ward" shall mean means a per-0074 son for whom an application for the appointment of a guardian 0075 pursuant to K.S.A. 59-3006 and amendments thereto has been 0076 filed.
- 0077 (7) (i) The term "Proposed conservatee" shall mean means a 0078 person for whom an application for the appointment of a conser-0079 vator pursuant to K.S.A. 59-3006 and amendments thereto has 0080 been filed.
- 0081 (8) (j) The term "Ward" shall mean means a person who has 0082 a guardian.

The Judicial Council proposes that guardian be defined as follows:

"Guardian means an individual or a nonprofit corporation certified in accordance with section 24 which has been appointed by the court to act on behalf of a ward and possessed of some or all of the powers and duties set out in K.S.A. 59-3018, as amended. Guardian does not mean natural guardian unless specified."

The definition of guardian proposed by the Judicial Council makes reference to the statute setting forth the powers and duties of the guardian. The definition of guardian includes the concept of limited guardian. The last sentence is intended to clarify that guardian does not include natural guardian.

The Judicial Council proposes that conservator be defined as follows:

"Conservator means an individual or a corporation appointed by the court to act on behalf of a conservatee and possessed of some or all of the powers and duties set out in K.S.A. 59-3019."

The definition of conservator proposed by the Judicial Council makes reference to the statute setting forth the powers and duties of the conservator. The definition also includes the concept of limited conservator.

In line 74 of S.B. 11, the word "application" appears. The word "applicant" also appears throughout the bill and article 30 of chapter 59. The Judicial Council proposes that in article 30 of chapter 59 of K.S.A., each time the word "application" appears the word "petition" be substituted therefore and that each time the word "applicant" appears the word "petitioner" be substituted therefore. Under most , if not all, other codes the document originally filed before the court is called a petition. K.S.A. 59-2201 of the probate procedure indicates that "every application . . . shall be by petition . . ".

0083 (9) (k) The term "Conservatee" shall mean means a person 0084 who has a conservator.
0085 (10) (l) The various terms defined in K.S.A. 59-2902 and

0086 amendments thereto of the act entitled "act for obtaining care or 0087 treatment for a mentally ill person" shall mean the same herein 0088 as they do in said that act.

The Judicial Council proposes that guardian ad litem be defined as follows:

"Guardian ad litem" means an individual appointed by the court to assist the proposed ward or proposed conservatee to determine his or her interests in regard to the proceeding, or to make that determination if the subject of the proceeding is unconscious or otherwise wholly incapable of determining his or her interests."

The Judicial Council recommends 59-3003 be rewritten to read as follows:

"59-3003. Natural guardian; powers and duties. A natural guardian shall have the right to the custody of his or her minor child and the right to exercise control over the person of his or her minor child as provided by law, unless a guardian has been appointed for the minor. The natural guardian of such minor has the right and duty, for the benefit of the minor, to manage, mortgage, sell or otherwise dispose of all the personal estate vested in such minor when the total of such estate does not exceed \$5,000 in value, unless a guardian or conservator has been appointed for the minor."

The section, as rewritten, reorganizes the language and raises from \$4,000 to \$5,000 the amount a natural guardian can manage, mortgage, sell or dispose of for a minor.

59-3003. Natural guardian; powers and duties. Unless a guardian has been appointed for the minor, a natural guardian, or either of them, shall have the right to the custody of his or her minor child and the right to exercise control over the person of his or her minor child as provided by law. Unless a guardian or conservator has been appointed for the minor, the natural guardian of such minor has the right and duty, for the benefit of the minor, to manage, mortgage, sell or otherwise dispose of all of the personal estate vested in such minor when the total of such estate does not exceed four thousand dollars (\$4,000) in value. [L. 1965, ch. 347, § 3; L. 1975, ch. 300, (1; July 1.)

The Judicial Council recommends that 59-3005 be repealed. It is the opinion of the Council that because of court unification and K.S.A. 20-301, relating to jurisdiction of the district court, the section is unnecessary.

**59-3005.** Exclusive jurisdiction, when. The district court shall have exclusive jurisdiction of the appointment of a conservator. The district court shall have exclusive jurisdiction of the appointment of a guardian. [L. 1965, ch. 347, § 5; L. 1976, ch. 242, § 87; Jan. 10, 1977.]

20-301. District court in each county; jurisdiction. There shall be in each county a district court, which shall be a court of record, and shall have general original jurisdiction of all matters, both civil and criminal, unless otherwise provided by law, and also shall have such appellate jurisdiction as prescribed by law.

- Sec. 2. K.S.A. 59-3006 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 0090 59-3006. The district court having jurisdiction and venue of the
- 0091 proceedings may appoint:
- $\frac{0002}{A}$  (a) A guardian for
- 0093 (1) an adult who has made application pursuant to K.S.A.
- 0094 59-3007 and amendments thereto;
- 0005 (1) (2) an ineapacitated a disabled person who is unable to
- 0006 make or communicate responsible decisions concerning his or
- 0007 her person lacks the capacity to meet essential requirements for
- 0098 such person's physical health or safety, or both;
- $9099 \quad (2) \quad (3) \quad a \text{ minor};$
- 0100 (B) (b) A conservator for
- 0101 (1) an adult who has made application pursuant to K.S.A.
- 0102 59-3007 and amendments thereto;
- 0103 (2) an incapacitated a disabled person who is unable to make
- 0104 or communicate responsible decisions concerning such person's
- 0105 estate lacks the capacity to manage such person's financial
- 0106 resources;
- 0107 (3) a minor.
- Sec. 3. K.S.A. 59-3007 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 0109 59-3007. Any adult person who is neither an adjudged ineapaei-
- 0110 tated disabled person nor is a proposed ward or proposed con-
- 0111 servatee may file in the district court of his or her the residence
- 0112 of such person a verified application for the appointment of a
- 0113 conservator or guardian, or both, for the applicant. The applica-
- 0114 tion shall state:
- 0115 (1) The name, age, residence and present address of the 0116 applicant;
- 0117 (2) the reasons for the need of the appointment of the con-0118 servator or guardian, or both;
- 0119 (3) the name and address of the person to be appointed as



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0120 conservator or guardian, or both;

- 0121 (4) a request that the court make a determination that there is 0122 a need for the appointment of a conservator or guardian, or both, 0123 and appoint a conservator or guardian, or both.
- Sec. 4. K.S.A. 59-3008 is hereby amended to read as follows: 59-3008. Upon the filing of the application provided for in K.S.A. 6126 59-3007 and amendments thereto, the court shall issue an order 6127 fixing the time and place of the hearing on the application, which 6128 hearing may be forthwith and with or without notice as the court 6129 shall direct. If upon the hearing the court finds that it is in the 6130 best interest of the applicant that a conservator or guardian, or 6131 both, be appointed for such applicant, the court shall, upon the 6132 filing of an oath according to law and of a bond, in such an 6133 amount as the court may direct, issue letters of conservatorship 6134 or guardianship, or both, to the person named in the application, 6136 dies, resigns or is removed, the court, after such notice to the 6137 conservatee as the court shall direct, may appoint a successor.
- Sec. 5. K.S.A. 59-3009 is hereby amended to read as follows: 59-3009. Any person may file in the district court of the county of the residence or presence of the proposed ward a verified application for the appointment of a guardian. Any person may file in the district court of the county of the residence of the proposed conservatee a verified application for the appointment of a conservate. If the proposed conservatee resides without the state, such application may be filed in any county in which any of the property of the proposed conservatee is situated.
- 0147 (A) (a) If the proposed ward or proposed conservatee is al-0148 leged to be an ineapacitated a disabled person the application 0149 shall state:
- 0150 (1) The applicant's belief that the proposed ward or proposed 0151 conservatee is an ineapacitated a disabled person;
- 0152 (2) the name, age, residence and present address of the 0153 proposed ward or proposed conservatee, if known to the appli-0154 cant:
- 0155 (3) the name and address of the nearest relatives of the 0156 proposed ward or proposed conservatee, if known to the appli-

The Judicial Council recommends that in section 4 of S.B. 11 in line 0129, after the word "that", the phrase "the petitioner has knowingly and voluntarily requested the appointment and" be inserted.

0157 cant and if not known, that said the applicant has made diligent 0158 inquiry to learn the name of such relatives;

- 0159 (4) the general character and probable value of the real and 0160 personal property, including the amount and sources of income, 0161 of the proposed ward or proposed conservatee, if known to the 0162 applicant;
- 0163 (5) the name and address of the person, if any, having custody 0164 and control of the proposed ward or proposed conservatee, if 0165 known to the applicant;
- 0166 (6) the names and addresses of witnesses by whom the truth 0167 of the application may be proved;
- 0168 (7) the reasons for the need of the appointment of a guardian 0169 or conservator, or both;
- 0170 (8) a request that the court make a determination that the 0171 proposed ward or proposed conservatee is an ineapacitated a 0172 disabled person; make one or more of the orders provided for in 0173 K.S.A. 59-3010 and 59-3011 and acts amendatory thereof; and 0174 appoint a guardian or conservator, or both;
- (9) the name, address, and relationship to the proposed ward or proposed conservatee, if any, of the person whom the court is requested to appoint as a guardian or as a conservator. Any such application may be accompanied, or the court may require that such application be accompanied by a statement in writing of a physician stating that said physician has examined the proposed ward or proposed conservatee and the results of the examination on the issue of whether the proposed ward or proposed conservatee is an incapacitated a disabled person or the court may allow such application to be accompanied by a verified state-one ment by the applicant that the proposed ward or proposed conservatee has refused to submit to an examination by a physician.
- (B) (b) If the proposed ward or proposed conservatee is al-0189 leged to be a minor the application shall state:
- 0190 (1) The proposed ward or proposed conservatee is a minor;
- 0191 (2) the name, age, residence and present address of the 0192 proposed ward or proposed conservatee, if known to the appli-0193 cant;

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- 0194 (3) the name and address of the natural guardian, guardian, 0195 conservator and custodian, if any, of the proposed ward or pro0196 posed conservatee, if known to the applicant, and if not known 0197 that said the applicant has made diligent inquiry to learn their 0198 names:
- 0199 (4) the general character and probable value of the real and 0200 personal property, including the amount and sources of income, 0201 of the proposed ward or proposed conservatee, if known to the 0202 applicant;
- 0203 (5) the names and addresses of witnesses by whom the truth 0204 of the application may be proved;
- (6) the reasons for the need for the appointment of a guardian ozo6 or conservator, or both;
- 0207 (7) a request that the court make a determination that the 0208 proposed ward or proposed conservatee is a minor; make one or 0209 more of the orders provided for by K.S.A. 59-3010 and 59-3011 0210 and acts amendatory thereof; and appoint a guardian or a con-0211 servator, or both;
- 0212 (8) the name, address, and relationship to the proposed ward 0213 or proposed conservatee, if any, of the person whom the court is 0214 requested to appoint as a guardian or as a conservator.
- (C) (c) If the proposed conservatee has been duly adjudged an incapacitated person, a disabled person, an insane person or an incompetent person by any court of competent jurisdiction in any other state and a domiciliary conservator or guardian for the estate of such person has been appointed, a duly authenticated transcript of such adjudication and appointment shall be prima facie evidence of such incapacity and may be relied upon for the appointment of an ancillary conservator in this state; such authenticated transcript shall be attached to the application which shall state:
- (1) That the proposed conservatee has been duly adjudged an ozen incapacitated person, a disabled person, an insane person or an ozen incompetent person by a court of competent jurisdiction of ozen another state and a domiciliary conservator or guardian for such conservatee's estate has been appointed, which adjudication and ozen appointment are still in full force and effect;

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- 0231 (2) the name, age, residence and present address of the 0232 proposed conservatee, if known to the applicant;
- 0233 (3) the name and address of the nearest relatives of the 0234 proposed conservatee, if known to the applicant and if not 0235 known, that said the applicant has made diligent inquiry to learn 0236 the name of such relatives;
- 0237 (4) the location and value of Kansas property for which an 0238 ancillary conservatorship is needed;
- 0239 (5) the name and address of the person, if any, having custody 0240 and control of the proposed conservatee, if known to the appli-0241 cant;
- 0242 (6) the reasons for the need for the appointment of an an-0243 cillary conservator;
- 0244 (7) a request that the court appoint an ancillary conservator as 0245 provided in subsection (C) (c) of K.S.A. 59-3010 and amendments 0246 thereto.
- Sec. 6. K.S.A. 59-3010 is hereby amended to read as follows: 0248 59-3010. Upon the filing of the application provided for in K.S.A. 0249 59-3009 and amendments thereto:
- O250 (A) (a) When the proposed ward or proposed conservatee is O251 alleged to be an incapacitated a disabled person, the district O252 court shall issue the following:
- 0253 (1) An order fixing the time and place of the hearing on the 0254 application. The time designated in the order shall in no event 0255 be earlier than seven (7) days or later than fourteen (14) 14 days 0256 after the date of the filing of the application.
- 0257 (2) An order that the proposed ward or proposed conservatee 0258 appear at the time and place of the hearing unless the court 0259 enters an order that the presence of the proposed ward or 0260 proposed conservatee is injurious to his or her the welfare of the 0261 proposed ward or proposed conservatee.
- 0262 (3) An order appointing an attorney to represent the proposed 0263 ward or proposed conservatee at all stages of the proceedings. 0264 The court shall give preference, in the appointment of the 0265 attorney, to any attorney who has represented the proposed ward 0266 or proposed conservatee in other matters if the court has knowl-0267 edge of the prior relationship. The proposed ward or proposed

The Judicial Council proposes that the following language be inserted at the end of subsection (a)(2) of K.S.A. 59-3010:

"The court shall enter in the record of the proceedings the facts upon which the court has found that the presence of the proposed ward or proposed conservatee at the hearing would be injurious to such persons welfare. Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this subsection, if the proposed ward or proposed conservatee requests in writing to the court or to such person's attorney that he or she be present at the hearing then such person's presence cannot be waived."

This proposal requires the court to make a finding if it enters an order that the presence of the proposed ward or proposed conservatee is injurious to such person's welfare and provides such person's presence cannot be waived in certain circumstances. SB 11

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0268 conservatee shall have the right to choose and to engage an 0269 attorney of his or her own choice and, in such an event, the 0270 attorney appointed herein shall be relieved of all duties by the 0271 court.

- 0272 (4) An order that the proposed ward or proposed conservatee 0273 shall appear at a time and place that is in the best interest of the 0274 proposed ward or proposed conservatee to consult with his or her 0275 the court appointed attorney, which time shall be prior to the 0276 execution of the order for mental evaluation, if one is to be 0277 issued, unless an order of protective custody provided for in 0278 K.S.A. 59-2912, and acts amendatory thereof, has been issued 0279 and detention of the proposed ward or proposed conservatee 0280 thereunder is in a place outside the jurisdiction of the court.
- 0281 (5) A notice in the manner provided for in K.S.A. 59-3012 and 0282 acts amendatory thereof.
- (6) An order for mental evaluation. Such order may be served 0284 on the proposed ward or proposed conservatee at the same time 0285 or after notice is given. It shall be served in the manner provided for in K.S.A. 59-3012, and acts amendatory thereof. It shall order the proposed ward or proposed conservatee to submit himself or herself for a mental evaluation and to undergo such evaluation at 0289 a general hospital or a psychiatric hospital, mental health clinic, private psychiatrist or physician designated by the court in the 0291 order. A state psychiatric hospital shall receive and evaluate any 0292 proposed ward or proposed conservatee ordered evaluated 0293 therein. At the time designated by the court in the order, but in 0294 no event later than three (3) days prior to the date of the hearing provided for in K.S.A. 59-3013 and amendments thereto, the 0296 examiner shall submit to the court a report, in writing, of the 0297 evaluation which report also shall be made available to counsel 0298 for the parties at least three (3) days prior to such hearing. Such 0299 report shall state that the examiner has made an examination of 0300 the proposed ward or proposed conservatee and shall state the 0301 results of the examination on the issue of whether the proposed 0302 ward or proposed conservatee is an incapacitated a disabled 0303 person. Such order shall be issued unless the court shall deter-0304 mine that the statement of the physician, if any, filed with the

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0305 application is a sufficient evaluation.

(B) (b) When the proposed ward or proposed conservatee is 0307 alleged to be a minor, the court shall issue an order fixing the 0308 time and place of the hearing on the application. If the applica-0309 tion is filed on behalf of the minor by such minor's next friend or 0310 by the natural guardian of the minor, the time of the hearing 0311 designated in the order may be forthwith and without notice, but 0312 in no event later than fourteen (14) 14 days after the date of filing 0313 of the application. In all other cases the time designated in the 0314 order shall in no event be earlier than seven (7) days or later than 6315 fourteen (14) 14 days after the date of the filing of the application. (C) (c) When the proposed conservatee has been duly ad-0317 judged an incapacitated person, a disabled person, an insane 0318 person or an incompetent person and a conservator or guardian 0319 of such person's estate has been appointed by any court of 0320 competent jurisdiction of any other state, the court, relying upon 0321 the application which incorporates the duly authenticated tran-0322 script required by subsection (C) (c) of K.S.A. 59-3009 and 0323 amendments thereto, shall issue an order fixing the time and 0324 place of the hearing, which hearing may be forthwith held 0325 immediately and without notice.

Sec. 7. K.S.A. 59-3011 is hereby amended to read as follows: 59-3011. At or after the filing of the application provided for in 6328 K.S.A. 59-3009, and any amendments thereto, and prior to the 6329 hearing provided for in K.S.A. 59-3013 and amendments thereto: 6330 (A) (a) When the proposed ward or proposed conservatee is 6331 alleged to be either an incapacitated a disabled person or a 6332 minor, the court may issue either of the following orders:

0333 (1) An order for investigation. Such investigation may, at the 0334 direction of the court, cover the character, family relationships 0335 and past conduct of the proposed ward or proposed conservatee; 0336 whether or not the proposed ward or proposed conservatee is 0337 likely to injure himself or herself oneself or others; the character 0338 and past conduct of any proposed guardian or conservator; the 0339 nature and extent of the property and income of the proposed 0340 ward or proposed conservatee; and other pertinent factors. If 0341 requested by the court, the secretary of social and rehabilitation

os42 services shall make such investigation. At the direction of the os43 court, any person, appointed by the court, may make such in-os44 vestigation. The person who conducts the investigation shall promptly make a report to the court, in writing, which report os46 shall be made available to counsel for the parties at least three (3) os47 days prior to such hearing.

- 0348 (2) An order of continuance. For good cause shown, a con-0349 tinuance may be granted to either the applicant or the proposed 0350 ward or proposed conservatee.
- 0351 (3) An order of advancement. Upon request by the proposed 0352 ward or the proposed conservatee or his or her the attorney of the 0353 proposed ward or proposed conservatee, the district court may 0354 advance the date of the hearing to as early a date as is practicable.
- (B) (b) When the proposed ward or proposed conservatee is 0356 alleged to be a minor, the court may issue any of the following 0357 orders:
- 0358 (1) An order of temporary custody.
- 0359 (2) An order that the proposed ward or proposed conservatee 0360 appear at the time and place of the hearing.
- 0361 (3) An order appointing an attorney to represent the proposed 0362 ward or proposed conservatee at all stages of the proceedings. If 0363 over fourteen (14) 14 years of age, the proposed ward or proposed 0364 conservatee shall have the right to choose and to engage an 0365 attorney of his or her own choice and, in such an event, the 0366 attorney appointed herein shall be relieved of all duties by the 0367 court.
- 0368 (4) A notice in the manner provided for in K.S.A. 59-3012 and 0369 amendments thereto.
- 0370 (5) An order for psychological testing. Such order may be 0371 served on the proposed ward or proposed conservatee at the 0372 same time or after notice is given. It shall be served in the 0373 manner provided for in K.S.A. 59-3012 and amendments thereto. 0374 It shall order the proposed ward or proposed conservatee to 0375 submit himself or herself for psychological tests and to undergo 0376 such tests at a mental health clinic, psychological clinic or with a 0377 psychologist or physician designated by the court in the order. 0378 The examiner shall submit to the court a report of the evaluation



0379 at the time designated by the court.

- Sec. 8. K.S.A. 1982 Supp. 59-3012 is hereby amended to read as follows: 59-3012. (a) The notice provided by K.S.A. 59-3010 and 59-3011, and amendments to these sections, shall be given to the proposed ward or proposed conservatee named in the application, the attorney of the proposed ward or proposed conservatee, if any, and to such other persons as the court shall direct. If the proposed ward or proposed conservatee has a spouse, natural guardian, custodian, guardian, or conservator notice shall also be given them.
- 0389 (1) The notice shall state:
- O390 (A) That an application has been filed, alleging that the O391 proposed ward or proposed conservatee is either an ineapacious tated a disabled person or a minor and requesting that the court O393 appoint a guardian or a conservator, or both;
- 0394 (B) the time and place of the hearing and whether the pro-0395 posed ward or proposed conservatee shall be present thereat;
- 0396 (C) the name of the attorney, if any, appointed to represent 0397 the proposed ward or proposed conservatee and the time and 0398 place where the proposed ward or proposed conservatee shall 0399 consult with such attorney;
- 0400 (D) that the proposed ward, or proposed conservatee, if al-0401 leged to be an incapacitated a disabled person, has a right to 0402 demand a hearing before a commission or a jury.
- 0403 (2) The court may order any of the following to serve the 0404 notice:
- O405 (A) The physician currently administering to the proposed o406 ward, or proposed conservatee provided the physician consents;
- 0407 (B) the head of the local mental health clinic or designee of 0408 such head;
- 0409 (C) the local health officer or designee of the local health 0410 officer;
- 0411 (D) the commissioner of adult services or the commissioner's 0412 designee;
- 113 (E) any law enforcement officer;
- 414 (F) the attorney of the proposed conservatee.
- 0415 (b) The notice shall be served personally on the proposed

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ward or proposed conservatee and the attorney of the proposed of ward or proposed conservatee, if any, not less than five days prior to the date of the hearing and immediate return thereof shall be made. If the proposed ward or proposed conservatee may not be personally served within the state, the court may direct notice be given to the proposed ward or proposed conservatee in such manner and for such a period of time as the court shall deem reasonable. Notice required to be given to any other person shall be given in such manner and for such a period of time as the court shall deem reasonable. If the proposed ward or proposed conservatee is a patient in any psychiatric hospital notice by mail of the hospital.

Sec. 9. K.S.A. 59-3013 is hereby amended to read as follows: 59-3013. The hearing shall be held at the time and place specified in the court's order, unless an advancement or a continuance has been granted, and may be consolidated with the hearing provided for in K.S.A. 59-2917 and acts and amendments thereof thereto. The hearing shall be held to the court only, unless the court shall determine that it shall be held before a commission or a jury or unless the proposed ward or proposed conservatee shall, at least forty eight (48) 48 hours prior to the time of the hearing, request in writing; a hearing before a commission or a jury.

The commission, if one is ordered or requested, shall be composed of two (2) persons duly licensed to practice medicine and surgery by the state board of healing arts, which commission shall make and file a report of its findings upon which the court shall enter judgment. The court shall allow a reasonable fee per day to each commissioner for his or her services, which fee shall be taxed as costs.

The jury, if one is ordered or requested, shall consist of six (6) 0446 persons and shall be selected in the manner provided in K.S.A. 0447 59-2917 and acts amendatory thereof amendments thereto.

The applicant and the proposed ward or proposed conservatee shall be afforded an opportunity to appear at the hearing, to testify, and to present and cross-examine witnesses. All persons not necessary for the conduct of the proceedings may be excluded. The hearing shall be conducted in as informal a manner

The Judicial Council recommends that reference to the commission procedure be stricken from K.S.A. 59-3013. The proposal is made because the procedure is seldom used and removes decision making authority from the judge.

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as may be consistent with orderly procedure and in a physical setting not likely to have a harmful effect on the proposed ward or proposed conservatee. The court shall receive all relevant and material evidence which may be offered, including the testionary or written findings and recommendations of the hospital, clinic, physician or psychologist who has examined or evaluated the proposed ward or proposed conservatee and the testimony and written findings and recommendations of the investigators appointed pursuant to subsection (A)(a)(1) of K.S.A. 59-3011 and other area amendatory thereof amendments thereto. Such evidence shall not be privileged for the purpose of this hearing.

1646 If the proposed conservatee has been duly adjudged an inca-1646 pacitated person, a disabled person, an insane person or an 1646 incompetent person by any court of competent jurisdiction in 1647 any other state and a domiciliary conservator or guardian for the 1648 estate of such person has been appointed, and such facts have 1649 been established in accordance with subsection (C) (c) of K.S.A. 1647 59-3009 and amendments thereto, the court shall appoint a 1647 suitable ancillary conservator.

If, upon the completion of the hearing, the court commission of jury finds by clear and convincing evidence that the proposed ward or proposed conservatee is an incapacitated a disabled person in need of a guardian or conservator, or both, or if the court commission or jury finds that the proposed ward or proposed conservatee is a minor in need of a guardian or conservator, or both, the court shall appoint one or more suitable persons, who are not minors, as guardian or conservator, or both, of such incapacitated disabled person or minor as the case may be.

If, upon the completion of the hearing, the court, commission of the lear and convincing evidence that the proother posed ward or proposed conservatee is not an ineapacitated a other disabled person or a minor has not been shown, the court shall enter such findings the finding in the record and shall the court by an appropriate order shall terminate the proceedings.

Sec. 10. K.S.A. 59-3014 is hereby amended to read as fol-0488 lows: 59-3014. (a) Subject to K.S.A. 59-3004 and amendments 0489 thereto, the court in appointing a suitable guardian or conservaThe Judicial Council recommends that in 59-3013, the paragraph beginning at line 0472 be rewritten to read as follows:

"If, upon the completion of the hearing, the court or jury finds by clear and convincing evidence that the proposed ward or proposed conservatee is an-ineapaeitated a disabled person in need of a quardian or conservator, or both, or if the court or jury finds that the proposed ward or proposed conservatee is a minor in need of a quardian or conservator, or both, the court shall appoint-one-or-more-suitable-persons,-who-are-not minors,-as-quardian-or-conservator,-or-both,-of-such ineapaeitated-person-or-minor-as-the-ease-may-be shall make a finding as to what extent the disabled person is able to, and should be permitted to, make decisions which affect that person and the court shall specifically set forth such findings of fact in the court's order and pursuant to K.S.A. 59-3014, as amended, shall appoint one or more suitable individuals or corporations as quardian or conservator, or both, of such disabled person."

This proposed change would require the judge to set forth findings of fact relating to the extent that the proposed ward or proposed conservatee is disabled.

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0490 tor shall give priority in the following order:

- 0491 (1) To the nominee of a minor over the age of fourteen (14) 14
  0492 years who is not himself or herself an incapacitated a disabled
  0493 person.
  - (2) To the nominee of a natural guardian.
- (b) Subject to K.S.A. 59-3004 and amendments thereto, if a person, other than a corporation, is serving as guardian or conservator, or both, for 15 or more wards or conservatees, or both, and is the nominee of a minor or natural guardian under subsection (a) or is otherwise proposed to be appointed as a guardian or conservator, or both, the court shall consider the workload and capabilities of the proposed guardian or conservator, or both, before making such appointment.
- 0503 (c) Subject to K.S.A. 59-3004 and amendments thereto, in 0504 appointing a suitable guardian for a person who is an adherent 0505 of a religion whose tenets and practices call for reliance on 0506 prayer alone for healing, the court shall consider, but shall not 0507 be limited to, the appointment of a person as guardian who is 0508 sympathetic to and will support such system of healing.
- (d) Upon the filing of an oath according to law, letters of guardianship shall be granted. Upon the filing of a bond in such an amount as the court may direct and an oath according to law, letters of conservatorship shall be granted. If there is no property, the court may waive the filing of a bond, but if the conservator receives or becomes entitled to any property, he or she the conservator shall immediately file a report thereof and a bond in such amount as the court may direct. Provided, That. If the guardian or conservator appointed is the one named by a testator under the provisions of K.S.A. 59-3004 and amendments thereto and the testator has provided by his or her will that no bond be required of such guardian or conservator, then no bond shall be required, unless the court shall otherwise direct. If either the guardian or the conservator dies, resigns, or is removed, the occur, with or without notice, may appoint a successor.

The Judicial Council recommends that in 59-3014(b), all before the comma in line 0500 be stricken. The reason is that, as drafted, the section could be interpreted to state that the workload and capabilities of the proposed guardian or conservator shall be considered only if such person is serving 15 or more wards or conservatees. The implication could be that if a person is serving less than 15 wards or conservatees that such person's workload and capabilities need not be considered.

The Judicial Council recommends that subsection (d) of K.S.A. 59-3014 be rewritten to read as follows:

(d) Upon the filing of an oath according to law, letters of quardianship shall be granted. If the court, pursuant to K.S.A. 59-3013, has made a finding that a disabled person is able to and should be permitted to make some decisions which affect the person, a quardian shall be appointed and "Letters of Limited Guardianship" shall specify which of the powers and duties of a quardian shall be assigned to the limited quardian. If the court, pursuant to K.S.A. 59-3013, has made a finding that a disabled person is unable to, and should not be permitted to, make any decisions which will affect the person of said disabled person, or if the ward is a minor, a quardian shall be appointed and the quardian shall be possessed of all the powers and duties of a quardian as set out in K.S.A. 59-3018. Upon the filing of a bond in such amount as the court shall direct and an oath according to law, letters of conservatorship shall be

Sec. 11. K.S.A. 59-3015 is hereby amended to read as fol-0525 lows: 59-3015. All courts having control over or custody of any 0526 amount of money not exceeding two thousand dollars (\$2,000) granted. If the court, pursuant to K.S.A. 59-3013 has made a finding that a disabled person is able to and should be permitted to make some decisions which affect the person's property, a limited conservator shall be appointed and the "Letters of Limited Conservatorship" shall specify which of the powers and duties of a conservator shall be assigned to the limited conservator. If the court, pursuant to K.S.A. 59-3013, has made a finding that the disabled person is unable to make any decisions which affect the property of said disabled person, or the ward is a minor, a conservator shall be possessed of all powers and duties of a conservator as set out in K.S.A. 59-3019. If there is no property, the court may waive the filing of a bond, but if the conservator receives or becomes entitled to any property. he-er-she the conservator shall immediately file a report thereof and a bond in such amount as the court may direct +- Previded -- Thet. If the quardian or conservator appointed is the one named by a testator under the provisions of K.S.A. 59-3004 and amendments thereto and the testator has provided by his-or her will that no bond be required, unless the court shall otherwise direct. If either the quardian or the conservator dies, resigns, or is removed, the court, with or without notice, may appoint a successor.

The proposed change in this subsection provides for "Letters of Limited Guardianship" and Letters of Limited Conservatorship" in addition to "Letters of Guardianship" and "Letters of Conservatorship".

0527 \$5,000, the right to which is vested in a minor, may in its 0528 discretion, without the appointment of a conservator, or the 0529 giving of bond, and notwithstanding the provisions of K.S.A. 0530 59-3003 and amendments thereto, authorize the deposit thereof 0531 in a savings account of a bank or savings and loan association, 0532 payable to the conservator when appointed or to the minor upon 0533 his or her attaining the age of majority, or the payment thereof to 0534 any person, including the natural guardian of the minor or the 0535 minor himself or herself. Such person shall have the right and 0536 duty, for the benefit of the minor, to manage, invest or otherwise 0537 dispose of such monies moneys for the benefit of such minor-0538 Provided, That. If such minor is a conservatee, the court shall 0539 authorize the payment thereof to the conservator of such minor. Sec. 12. K.S.A. 59-3016 is hereby amended to read as fol-0541 lows: 59-3016. After the application provided for in K.S.A. 59-3009 or 59-3027, and amendments to these sections, is filed, the district court may at any time, on its own motion or upon the written request of any person, change the place of hearing on 0545 such application:

- 0546 (a) To the county of the residence of the proposed ward or 0547 ward;
- (b) To the county in which the proposed ward or proposed conservatee or ward or conservatee is a patient receiving care or treatment under the authority of a psychiatric hospital;
- 0551 (c) To any other county designated by the court, when the 0552 proposed ward or proposed conservatee or ward or conservatee 0553 has made a request for a change of hearing and the district court 0554 finds that the proposed ward or proposed conservatee or ward or 0555 conservatee cannot obtain a fair hearing.

If any proposed ward or proposed conservatee, who is alleged to be an incapacitated a disabled person, or any ward or conservatee who was found to be an incapacitated a disabled person, is in a psychiatric hospital the district court of the county in which is located such hospital may not change the hearing under any circumstances unless the proposed ward or proposed conservatee or ward or conservatee has requested such change.

When any order changing the place of hearing is issued, the

0564 district court issuing such order shall transmit to the district court 0565 in which the hearing is to be held a certified copy of all pleadings 0566 and orders in the case.

Any district court to which the hearing is changed shall pro-0568 ceed in the case as if the application had been originally filed 0569 therein and shall cause notice of the change of the place of the 0570 hearing to be given to the persons and in the manner provided 0571 for in K.S.A. 59-3012 and amendments thereto, except that the 0572 court need not issue the order for mental evaluation pursuant to 0573 subsection (F)(a)(6) of K.S.A. 59-3010 and amendments thereto, 0574 if such order has previously been issued and the court shall not 0575 determine the suitability of nor appoint or discharge a guardian 0576 or conservator.

Any district court holding such a hearing shall transmit a ossess statement of any court costs incurred and a certified copy of all ossess pleadings and findings of fact in the case to the district court having venue. Upon receipt of such certified copy, the court having venue shall hold a hearing, after having given such notice as the court may direct. At such hearing, the court shall either grant or deny the request contained in the application or shall ossess dismiss the case as the findings of fact in the certified copy may indicate.

Sec. 13. K.S.A. 59-3018 is hereby amended to read as fol1087 lows: 59-3018. (a) A guardian shall be subject to the control and
10588 direction of the court at all times and in all things. He or she shall
10580 have charge of the person of the ward and unless otherwise
10590 limited by law shall have the right, if permission is granted by
10591 the court appointing the guardian, after hearing and notice
10592 thereof to the conservator, if any, and to such other persons and
10593 in such manner as the court shall direct, to establish the resi10594 dence of his or her ward either within or without the state. In
10595 particular, and without qualifying the foregoing, a guardian has
10596 the following powers and duties, except as otherwise limited by
10597 law or court order:

0598 (1) To the extent that it is consistent with the terms of any 0599 order by a court of competent jurisdiction relating to detention 0600 or commitment of the ward and except as otherwise limited by

The Judicial Council proposes that 59-3018 be amended to read as follows:

59-3018. Guardian; rights and duties. A-guardian shall-be-subject-to-the-control-and-direction-of-the-court at-all-times-and-in-all-things.--He-or-she-shall-have-charge of-the-person-of-the-ward-and-unless-otherwise-limited-by law-shall-have-the-right.-if-permission-is-granted-by-the court-appointing-the-guardian,-after-hearing-and-notice thereof-to-the-conservator,-if-any,-and-to-such-other persons-and-in-such-manner-as-the-court-shall-direct,-to establish-the-residence-of-his-or-her-ward-oither-within-or without-the-stated.

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law, the guardian is entitled to custody of the person of the ward of the many establish, if permission is granted by the court appointing the guardian, after hearing and notice thereof to the conservator, if any, and to such other persons in such manner as the court shall direct, the ward's place of abode within or without this state.

- 0607 (2) If entitled to custody of the ward, the guardian shall 0608 make provision for the care, comfort and maintenance of the 0609 ward and, whenever appropriate, arrange for training and edu-0610 cation of the ward. Without regard to custodial rights of the 0611 ward's person, the guardian shall take reasonable care to protect 0612 the ward's clothing, furniture, vehicles and other personal ef-0613 fects and commence protective proceedings if other property of 0614 the ward is in need of protection.
- 0615 (3) A guardian may give any consents or approvals that may 0616 be necessary to enable the ward to receive medical or other 0617 professional care, counsel, treatment or service.
- 0618 (4) If no conservator for the estate of the ward has been 0619 appointed, the guardian may:
- 0620 (A) Institute proceedings to compel any person under a duty 0621 to support the ward or to pay sums for the welfare of the ward to 0622 perform such duty;
- (B) receive money and tangible property deliverable to the ward and apply the money and property for support, care and education of the ward; but the guardian may not use funds from the ward's estate for room and board which the guardian's spouse, parent or child has furnished the ward unless a charge for the service is approved by order of the court made upon notice to at least one of the next of kin of the ward, if notice is possible. The guardian shall exercise care to conserve any excess money and property for the ward's needs.
- 0632 (5) If a conservator has been appointed, all of the ward's of estate received by the guardian in excess of those funds expended to meet current expenses for support, care and education of the ward shall be paid to the conservator for management, and the of guardian shall account to the conservator for funds expended.
  - (6) Exercise such other powers and perform such other duties

- (A) A guardian shall be subject to the control and direction of the court at all times and in all things. It is the general duty of an individual or corporation appointed to serve as a guardian to carry out diligently and in good faith the specific duties and powers assigned by the court. In carrying out these duties and powers, the guardian shall assure that personal, civil, and human rights of the ward or minor whom the guardian serves are protected.
- (B) The guardian of a minor shall be entitled to the custody and control of the ward and shall provide for the ward's education, support, and maintenance.
- (C) A limited guardian shall have only such of the general duties and powers herein set out as shall be specifically set forth in the dispositional order pursuant to 59-3013(d) and as shall also be specifically set forth in letters of limited guardianship pursuant to 59-3014.
- (D) A guardian shall have all of the general duties and powers as set out herein and as also set out in the dispositional order and in the letters of guardianship.
- (E) The general powers and duties of a guardian shall be to take charge of the person of the ward and to provide for the ward's care, treatment, habilitation, education, support, maintenance, and to file an annual accounting; the powers and duties shall include, but not be limited to, the following:
- (1) Assuring that the ward resides in the best and least restrictive setting reasonably available;
- (2) assuring that the ward receives medical care and other services that are needed;
- (3) promoting and protect the care, comfort, safety, health, and welfare of the ward;
- (4) providing required consents on behalf of the ward;
- (5) exercising all powers and discharging all duties necessary or proper to implement the provisions of this section.



0638 as may be authorized by law.

- 0639 (b) At the time of appointment of a guardian or at a later 0640 time, the court making the appointment may specify the au-0641 thorities and responsibilities which the guardian and ward, 0642 acting together or separately, shall have with regard to:
- 0643 (1) Selecting the ward's place of abode within or without this 0644 state;
- 0645 (2) arranging for medical care for the ward;
- 0616 (3) protecting the personal effects of the ward;
- 0647 (4) giving necessary consent, approval or releases on behalf 0648 of the ward;
- 0649 (5) arranging for training, education or other habilitating 0650 services appropriate for the ward;
- 0651 (6) applying for private or governmental benefits to which 0652 the ward may be entitled;
- 0653 (7) instituting proceedings to compel any person under a 0654 duty to support the ward or to pay sums for the welfare of the 0655 ward to perform such duty, if no conservator has been ap-0656 pointed;
- 0657 (8) entering into contractual arrangements on behalf of the 0658 ward, if no conservator has been appointed; and
- 0659 (9) receiving money and tangible property deliverable to the 0660 ward and applying such money and property to the ward's 0661 expenses for room and board, medical care, personal effects, 0662 training, education and habilitating services, if no conservator 0663 has been appointed, or requesting the conservator to expend the 0664 ward's estate by payment to third persons to meet such expenses.

  16 If the court does specify such authorities and responsibilities.
- 1665 If the court does specify such authorities and responsibilities, of the specifications shall be endorsed upon the letters of guard-ianship and shall be treated as specific limitations upon the general powers, rights and duties accorded by law to the guard-ian.
- 0670 (c) A guardian shall not have the power:
- 0671 (1) To place a ward in a facility or institution to which an 0672 individual without a guardian would have to be committed 0673 under the act for obtaining treatment for a mentally ill person or 0674 under article 40 of chapter 65 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated

- (F) A guardian of a ward is not obligated by virtue of the guardian's appointment to use of the guardian's own financial resources for the support of the ward.
- (G) A guardian shall not have the power: (1) To place a ward in a facility or institution other than through a formal commitment proceeding in which the ward has independent counsel and a separate guardian ad litem, or with the consent of the ward. A ward may voluntarily admit himself or herself to such a facility or institution.
- (2) To consent, on behalf of a ward, to sterilization, psychosurgery, removal of a bodily organ, or amputation of a limb unless the procedure is first approved by order of the court or is necessary, in an emergency situation, to preserve the life or prevent serious impairment of the physical health of the ward.
- (3) To consent on behalf of the ward to the withholding of life-saving medical procedures;
- (4) To consent on behalf of a ward to the performance of any experimental biomedical or behavioral medical procedure or to participation in any biomedical or behavioral experiment unless:
- (a) It is intended to preserve the life or prevent serious impairment of the physical health of the ward; or
- (b) It is intended to assist the ward to develop or regain that person's abilities and has been approved for that person by the court.
  - (5) To prohibit the marriage or divorce of a ward.
- (6) To consent on behalf of a ward to the termination of the ward's parental rights.
- (H) The guardian shall at least annually file a report concerning the personal status of the ward as provided by K.S.A. 59-3029 as amended.



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0675 or acts amendatory of the provisions thereof or supplemental 0676 thereto, other than through a formal commitment proceeding in 0677 which the ward has independent counsel and a separate guard-0678 ian ad litem:

- 0679 (2) to consent on behalf of a ward to an abortion, steriliza-0680 tion, psychosurgery or removal of a bodily organ, except as 0681 specifically authorized by the court appointing the guardian or 0682 when necessary to preserve the life or prevent serious impair-0683 ment of the physical health of that person;
- 0684 (3) to consent on behalf of a ward to the withholding of 0685 nonheroic, life-saving medical procedures except as specifically 0686 authorized by the court;
- 0687 (4) to consent on behalf of a ward to the performance of any 0688 experimental biomedical or behavioral procedure or participa-0689 tion in any biomedical or behavioral experiment unless:
- 0690 (A) It is intended to preserve the life or prevent serious 0691 impairment of the physical health of the ward; or
- 0692 (B) it is intended to assist the ward to develop or regain 0693 abilities and has been approved for that person by the court 0694 which appointed the guardian;
  - (5) to prohibit the marriage or divorce of a ward; and
- 0696 (6) to consent on behalf of a ward to the termination of the 0697 ward's parental rights.
- New Sec. 14. (a) At the time of appointment of a conservator of or at a later time, the court making the appointment may limit the rights and duties of a conservator otherwise conferred under the act for obtaining a guardian or conservator, or both, or previously conferred by the court and may at any time change, modify or remove any limitation. If the court making the appointment limits any rights or duties of a conservator otherwise conferred under the act for obtaining a guardian or conservator, or both, the limitation shall be endorsed upon the letters of conservatorship of the conservator.
  - (b) This section shall be part of and supplemental to the act for obtaining a guardian or conservator, or both.
- O710 Sec. 15. K.S.A. 59-3023 is hereby amended to read as fol-0711 lows: 59-3023. The conservator of a spouse may, with or without

The amendment to 59-3018 proposed by the Judicial Council is similar to the proposal in S.B. 11, with some differences. S.B. 11 lists powers a guardian has if a conservator has not been appointed, the Judicial Council proposal does not. The Judicial Council proposal contains a statement that a guardian is not obligated to use the guardians own financial resources for the support of the ward, S.B. 11 does not. The Judicial Council

includes language in this section requiring the filing of the annual report of the guardian. There also are slight differences in the sections listing the prohibited powers of the guardian.

S.B. 11, in new section 14, authorizes the court to limit the rights and duties of a conservator by endorsement upon the letters of conservatorship. The Judicial Council agrees to the concept of limited conservatorships but would insert the concept by amending 59-3013 and 69-3014 instead of enacting new section 14.



notice, upon the order of the district court, sell, convey, lease or mortgage, the inchoate interest of such conservator's conservatee in any real estate, except the homestead, the title to which is in the other spouse; but no conservator's deed or other instrument executed by virtue of such order shall be valid unless the other spouse, or if an adjudged incapacitated disabled person, such spouse's conservator, shall join therein as one of the grantors thereof.

Sec. 16. K.S.A. 59-3026 is hereby amended to read as fol-0721 lows: 59-3026. Any person having a demand, other than tort, 0722 against the estate of a conservatee, or against his or her such 0723 person's conservator as such, may present it to the district court 0724 for determination, and upon proof thereof procure an order for its 0725 allowance and payment. Upon the death of a conservatee, the 0726 conservator upon order of the district court may pay appropriate 0727 funeral expenses and the expenses of the conservatee's last 0728 illness, in such amounts as are reasonably necessary, with due 0729 regard to the assets and rights of creditors. If there remain assets 0730 in the estate of the deceased conservatee after any such pay-0731 ments, they shall be held by the conservator until the court 0732 directs the disposition thereof, and the conservator shall not be 0733 discharged until such funds are transferred as directed according 0734 to law by the court. If the funeral and last illness expenses and 0735 expenses of closing and final accounting will deplete the estate, 0736 the conservator shall so show on the hearing for final accounting oraz and if the court finds the final account is correct, it may discharge 0738 the conservator and such conservator's sureties.

Sec. 17. K.S.A. 59-3027 is hereby amended to read as fol-0740 lows: 59-3027. Any ward or conservatee who has been found to 0741 be an incapacitated a disabled person or any person on such 0742 ward's or conservatee's behalf may file a verified application for 0743 restoration to capacity in the district court which has venue of the 0744 guardianship or conservatorship. The application shall state:

0745 (A) (a) The name of the ward or conservatee;

0746 (B) (b) the name and address of the nearest relatives of the 0747 ward or conservatee:

0748 (C) (c) the name and address of the guardian or of the con-



0749 servator; and

 $\frac{(D)}{(D)}$  (d) a request for restoration to capacity.

The court may refuse to hear said the application for six (6) months from either the date of the original adjudication finding the ward or conservatee to be an incapacitated a disabled person, or for six (6) months from the date of any subsequent hearing on an application for restoration.

Upon the filing of the application, the district court shall proceed with a hearing in the same manner and with the same powers as if an application, pursuant to K.S.A. 59-3009 and mendments thereto, had been filed in said the court except that the court need not issue the orders provided for in K.S.A. 59-3010 and amendments thereto.

Upon the completion of the hearing, if the court finds by clear and convincing evidence that such ward or conservatee continues to be an incapacitated a disabled person, the court shall deny the application for restoration to capacity. If the court finds that it has not been shown by clear and convincing evidence that such ward or conservatee is no longer an incapacitated continues to be a disabled person, the court shall order such ward or conservatee restored to capacity.

O770 Sec. 18. K.S.A. 59-3028 is hereby amended to read as fol-0771 lows: 59-3028. The guardianship of a ward or the conservatorship 0772 of a conservatee shall terminate upon any of the following 0773 conditions:

- 0774 (A) (a) When the ward or conservatee is an incapacitated a 0775 disabled person;
- 0776 (1) upon an order of the court after a finding that there is no 0777 further need of the guardianship or conservatorship;
- 0778 (2) upon the death of the ward or conservatee; or
- 0779 (3) upon the restoration to capacity of the ward or conserva-0780 tee;
- 0781 (B) (b) when the ward or conservatee is a minor;
- 1782 (1) upon an order of the court after a finding that there is no orange further need of the guardianship or conservatorship;
- 0784 (2) upon the death of the ward or conservatee;
- 0785 (3) upon the attainment of legal age of the ward or conserva-

0786 tee: or

- 0787 (4) upon the marriage of the ward or conservatee: Provided, 0788 That, except that the conservatorship shall not be terminated 0789 unless by such marriage the rights of majority are thereby con-0790 ferred upon such conservatee;
- 0791 (C) (c) when the guardian or conservator was appointed 0792 pursuant to K.S.A. 59-3008 and amendments thereto;
- 0793 (1) upon an order of the court after a finding that there is no 0794 further need of the guardianship or conservatorship;
- 0795 (2) upon the death of the ward or conservatee;
- 0796 (3) upon the finding that the ward or conservatee is an 0797 adjudged incapacitated disabled person; or
- (4) upon the filing of a verified application by the ward or 0798 0799 conservatee that he or she the ward or conservatee no longer 0800 desires to have the guardianship or conservatorship continue. Sec. 19. K.S.A. 1982 Supp. 59-3029 is hereby amended to 0802 read as follows: 59-3029. (a) Except where expressly waived by 0803 the court, every guardian shall file annually with the court, on a 0804 form prescribed for this purpose by rule of the supreme court, a 0805 report on the condition of the guardian's ward and of the estate 0806 which has been subject to the possession and control of the 0807 guardian. The supreme court may require by rule that other 0808 matters relating to guardianship be contained in the report. At 0809 the termination of the guardianship or upon the guardian's 0810 removal or resignation, the guardian or the guardian's repre-0811 sentative, in the event of the guardian's death or incapacity, 0812 shall file with the court a final report the contents of which shall 0813 be prescribed by rule of the supreme court on a form prescribed 0814 for this purpose by rule of the supreme court.
- (b) Except where expressly waived by the court, every con-0816 servator shall annually present a verified account covering the 0817 period from the date of appointment or the last account. At the 0818 termination of the conservatorship or upon the conservator's 0819 removal or resignation, the conservator, or the conservator's 0820 representative, in the event of the conservator's death or inca-0821 pacity, the conservator's representative, shall present a verified 0822 final account with an application for the settlement and allow-

The Judicial Council recommends striking, "Except where expressly waived by the court" from 59-3029(6).

ance thereof. The conservator or the conservator's estate shall not be discharged from liability until such account is presented, settled and allowed. A conservator's surety, in such surety's discretion, may perform the duties required of a conservator pursuant to this section in the event the conservator or the conservator's representative fails to perform such duties.

The Judicial Council proposes that 59-3031 be amended to read as follows:

"59-3031. Hearing on accounting. On the hearing, unless otherwise ordered, the conservator shall, and other persons may, be examined. The conservator shall produce for examination by the court or a duly authorized clerk or other appointee thereof, evidence of balances on deposit and investments reported in the accounting which shall be described in such account in sufficient detail so that they may be identified. If the account is correct, it shall be settled, and allowed. The order of settlement and allowance shall show the amount of the personal property remaining. Upon settlement of the final account, and upon delivery of the property on hand to the person entitled thereto, the court shall discharge the conservator and his or her sureties."

The Judicial Council recommends that K.S.A. 59-3032 be amended to add the petitioner as one of the parties to whom costs of the action may be taxed.

59-3032. Costs; payment by resident county, when. In each proceeding the court shall allow and order paid to any individual or institution as a part of the costs thereof a reasonable fee and expenses for any professional services ordered performed by the court pursuant to this act other than those performed by any individual or institution under the jurisdiction of the department of social and rehabilitation services, but including the fee of counsel for the proposed ward or pro-

posed conservatee or ward or conservatee when counsel is appointed by the court. Other costs and fees shall be allowed and paid as are allowed by law for similar services in other cases. The costs shall be taxed to the estate of the proposed ward or proposed conservatee or ward or conservatee, to those bound by law to support him or her or to the county of the residence of the proposed ward or proposed conservatee or ward or conservatee as the court having venue shall direct. Any district court receiving a statement of costs from another district court shall forthwith approve the same for payment out of the general fund of its county except that it may refuse to approve the same for payment only on the grounds that the proposed ward or proposed conservatee or ward or conservatee is not a

, or to the petitioner

resident of its county. In such case it shall transmit the statement of costs to the department of social and rehabilitation services which shall determine the question of residence and certify its findings to each district court. If the claim for costs is not paid within thirty (30) days after such certification, an action may be maintained thereon by the claimant county in the district court of the claimant county against the debtor county. The findings made by the department of social and rehabilitation services as to the residence of the proposed ward or proposed conservatee or ward or conservatee shall be applicable only to the assessment of costs. Any county of residence which pays from its general fund court costs to the district court of another county may recover the same in any court of competent jurisdiction from the estate of the proposed ward or proposed conservatee or ward or conservatee or from those bound by law to support him or her, unless the court shall find that the proceedings in which such costs were incurred and were instituted without probable cause and not in good faith. [L.

New Sec. 20. (a) Within three years from the date of ap-0830 pointment of a conservator or guardian, or both, and each three 0831 years thereafter, the court shall conduct a review of the conser-0832 vatorship or guardianship, or both. The court may order a more 0833 frequent review upon its own motion, upon the request of the 0834 guardian or conservator or upon the request of the ward or 0835 conservatee. The review shall be conducted to determine:

- 0836 (1) Whether the guardian or conservator, or both, is serving 0837 the needs of the ward or conservatee;
- 0838 (2) whether the guardian or conservator, or both, is perform-0839 ing functions in a manner consistent with the letters of guard-0840 ianship or the letters of conservatorship;
- 0841 (3) whether limitations should be placed on the rights and 0842 duties of a guardian or conservator, or both;
- 0843 (4) whether limitations previously placed on the rights and 0844 duties of a guardian or conservator, or both, should be continued, 0845 changed, modified or removed; and
- 0846 (5) whether the guardianship or conservatorship, or both, 0847 should be terminated.
- (b) In conducting a review under subsection (a), the court may review the reports filed under K.S.A. 59-3029 and amendoments thereto and may request written or oral comments, or both written and oral comments, or such reports from the guardian or conservator, or both, from the ward or conservatee and from other persons as the court may order. In addition, in conducting a review under subsection (a), the court may order a full evidentiary hearing. The hearing shall be conducted in the same manner and with the same powers as if an application pursuant to K.S.A. 59-3009 and amendments thereto had been filed in the court except that the court need not issue the orders provided for in K.S.A. 59-3010 and amendments thereto.

S.B. 11, in new section 20, mandates periodic review by the court of a guardianship or conservatorship. The Judicial Council agrees with the intent of S.B. 11 to hold the guardian and conservator more accountable, but believes that new section 20 should be stricken. The Council believes that other actions taken by this bill, and proposed by the Judicial Council, meet the need for more accountability by guardians and conservators. The other actions are the requirement by this bill that guardians file annual reports and the requirement by this bill that the Supreme Court designate by rule the form for the annual report of the guardians. Also, the Judicial Council recommends, in section 19, that K.S.A. 59-3029 be amended in new subsection (b) to not allow waiver of annual reports of conservators.

The Judicial Council also has pending before it the recommendation of the Guardianship and Conservatorship Advisory Committee that a Supreme Court Rule be adopted that provides that unless the court waives a hearing after having received the annual accounting a hearing shall be held. The rule also requires notice of failure to file annual accountings be given to the fiduciary and attorney of record.



- 0860 (c) Upon the completion of the review under this section, the 0861 court may issue such orders as it deems appropriate.
- 0862 (d) This section shall not be construed to limit the authority 0863 of the court on its own motion at any time to conduct a review of 0864 a guardianship or conservatorship, or both.
- (e) This section shall be part of and supplemental to the act of some obtaining a guardian or conservator, or both.
- New Sec. 21. (a) (1) If during the pendency of a proceeding initiated under K.S.A. 59-3009 and amendments thereto, it appears that there is an imminent danger that the physical health or safety of the proposed ward will be seriously impaired unless immediate action is taken, the proposed ward, or any adult interested in the welfare of the proposed ward, may apply to the court in which the proceeding is pending for the emergency appointment of a guardian.
- 0875 (2) The application shall state:
- 0876 (A) The names and addresses of the individuals and entities 0877 entitled to notice; and
- 0878 (B) the relief requested and the facts and reasons supporting 0879 that request.
- 0880 (3) A hearing shall be held no more than 48 hours after an 0881 application for an emergency appointment has been filed. Notice 0882 shall be given in the manner directed by the court.
- 0883 (4) If the court determines that there is an imminent danger 0884 that the physical health or safety of the proposed ward will be 0885 seriously impaired unless immediate action is taken, the court 0886 shall appoint a guardian in the manner prescribed in K.S.A. 0887 59-3014 and amendments thereto. The court shall assign to an 0888 emergency appointee only those duties and powers necessary to 0889 protect against the imminent danger shown.
- 0890 (5) The emergency appointment shall remain in effect until 0891 the conclusion of the hearing conducted under K.S.A. 59-3013 0892 and amendments thereto.
- 0893 (b) If at any time the court has probable cause to believe that 0894 a guardian is not effectively performing such person's duties and 0895 powers, and that there is an imminent danger that the physical 0896 health or safety of the ward will be seriously impaired unless

Section 21 of S.B. 11 provides for emergency appointment of a guardian in certain circumstances, for the appointment of a temporary guardian, and for designation of another person who may assume the duties and powers of a guardian in the event of resignation, disability, temporary absence, or death of the guardian. The Judicial Council agrees that the provisions relating to emergency appointment should be enacted, but does not find the necessity for the "standby" guardian or conservator.

The Judicial Council recommends that the parts of section 21 which relate to "standby" guardians and conservators be stricken. The Judicial Council does not agree that there is a need for "standby" guardians and conservators.

0897 immediate action is taken, the court shall:

- 98 (1) Suspend and temporarily replace the guardian with a 99 guardian meeting the qualifications set forth in K.S.A. 59-3014 000 and amendments thereto;
- 0901 (2) reassign the duties and powers of the suspended guardian 0902 to the emergency appointee; and
- 0903 (3) direct the temporary appointee to file an application 0904 under K.S.A. 59-3029 and amendments thereto within five days if 0905 such an application is not already pending, and submit such 0906 reports as may be necessary.
- (c) The court may designate another eligible person selected in accordance with K.S.A. 59-3014 and amendments thereto to assume the duties and powers assigned to the guardian upon the resignation, disability, temporary absence or death of the guardian. The individual so designated shall submit an application or report, or both, pursuant to K.S.A. 59-3029 and amendments thereto within 10 days after an individual appointed on a standby basis assumes the duties of a guardian. A guardian serving on a standby basis may exercise all of the duties and powers assigned to the predecessor as a guardian until the conclusion of the proceedings under K.S.A. 59-3029 and amendments thereto or, in case of the temporary absence of the predecessor guardian, until the predecessor guardian returns, unless otherwise ordered by the court.
- 0921 (d) This section shall be part of and supplemental to the act 0922 for obtaining a guardian or conservator, or both.
- Sec. 22. K.S.A. 1982 Supp. 38-1505 is hereby amended to 1924 read as follows: 38-1505. (a) Appointment of guardian ad litem; 1925 duties. Upon the filing of a petition the court shall appoint a 1926 person who is an attorney to serve as guardian ad litem for a child 1927 who is the subject of proceedings under this code. The guardian 1928 ad litem shall make an independent investigation of the facts 1929 upon which the petition is based and shall appear for and 1930 represent the child.
- (b) Attorney for parent or custodian. A parent or custodian of op32 a child alleged or adjudged to be a child in need of care may be op33 represented by an attorney, other than the guardian ad litem

one of the child, in connection with all proceedings under this code. If at any stage of the proceedings a parent of desires but is financially unable to employ an attorney, the court shall appoint an attorney for the parent. It shall not be necessary of the appoint an attorney to represent a parent who fails or refuses to appoint an attorney to represent a parent who fails or refuses to of attend the hearing after having been properly served with process in accordance with K.S.A. 1982 Supp. 38-1534 and amendments thereto. A parent or custodian who is not a minor, a mentally ill person as defined in K.S.A. 59-2902 and amendments thereto or incapacitated a disabled person as defined in K.S.A. of the stage of the proceedings a parent of the stage of the proceedings apparent of the stage of the proceedings apparent of the stage of the proceedings apparent of the parent of the stage of the proceedings apparent of the pro

- 0946 (c) Attorney for parent who is a minor, mentally ill or inca-0947 pacitated disabled. The court shall appoint an attorney for a 0948 parent who is a minor, a mentally ill person as defined in K.S.A. 0949 1982 Supp. 59-2902 and amendments thereto or an incapacitated 0950 a disabled person as defined in K.S.A. 59-3002 and amendments 0951 thereto, unless the court determines that there is an attorney 0952 retained who will appear and represent the interests of the 0953 person in the proceedings under this code.
- (d) Continuation of representation. A guardian ad litem apopposite of the continue to represent the client at all subsequent opposite opposite of the continue to represent the client at all subsequent opposite opposite of the court upon a opposit
- 0960 (e) Fees for counsel. A guardian ad litem or attorney ap-0961 pointed for parties to proceedings under this section shall be 0962 allowed a reasonable fee for their services, which may be as-0963 sessed as an expense in the proceedings as provided in K.S.A. 0964 1982 Supp. 38-1511 and amendments thereto.
- Sec. 23. K.S.A. 77-201 is hereby amended to read as follows: 0966 77-201. In the construction of the statutes of this state the 0967 following rules shall be observed, unless such construction would be inconsistent with the manifest intent of the legislature 0969 or repugnant to the context of the statute:
  - 770 First. The repeal of a statute does not revive a statute pre-

0971 viously repealed, nor does such repeal affect any right which 0972 accrued, any duty imposed, any penalty incurred, nor any pro0973 ceeding commenced, under or by virtue of the statute repealed.
0974 The provisions of any statute, so far as they are the same as those 0975 of any prior statute, shall be construed as a continuation of such 0976 provisions, and not as a new enactment.

Second. Words and phrases shall be construed according to the context and the approved usage of the language; but technical words and phrases, and such others as may have acquired a peculiar and appropriate meaning in law, shall be construed according to such peculiar and appropriate meaning.

70982 Third. Words importing the singular number only may be extended to several persons or things, and words importing the plural number only may be applied to one person or thing and words importing the masculine gender only may be extended to open females.

6987 Fourth. Words giving a joint authority to three or more public 6988 officers or other persons shall be construed as given such au-6989 thority to a majority of them, unless it be otherwise expressed in 6990 the act giving the authority.

6991 Fifth. The words "highway" and "road" include public 6992 bridges, and may be held equivalent to the words "county way," 6993 "county road," "common road," "state road," and "territorial 6994 road."

Sixth. The words "incompetent person" include incapacitated person disabled person as that term is defined in K.S.A. 59-3002 and amendments thereto.

Seventh. The word "issue," as applied to the descent of estates, includes all the lawful lineal descendants of the ancestor.

1000 Eighth. The word "land," and the phrases "real estate" and 1001 "real property," includes lands, tenements and hereditaments, 1002 and all rights thereto and interest therein, equitable as well as 1003 legal.

Ninth. The words "personal property" include money, goods, bos chattels, evidences of debt, and "things in action."

1006 Tenth. The word "property" includes personal and real prop-1007 erty.

1008 Eleventh. The word "month" means a calendar month, unless 1009 otherwise expressed, and the word "year" alone, and also the 1010 abbreviation "A.D.," is equivalent to the expression "year of our 1011 Lord."

1012 Twelfth. The word "oath" includes "affirmation," in all cases 1013 where an affirmation may be substituted for an oath, and in like 1014 cases the word "swear" includes the word "affirm."

1015 Thirteenth. The word "person" may be extended to bodies 1016 politic and corporate.

Fourteenth. Where the seal of a court or public office or officer may be required by law to be affixed to any paper, the word "seal" shall include an impression of such seal upon the paper lo20 alone, as well as upon wax or a wafer affixed thereto, and such term also shall include a rubber stamp seal to be used with permanent ink, so that such seal may be legibly reproduced by photographic process.

1024 Fifteenth. The word "state," when applied to the different 1025 parts of the United States, includes the District of Columbia and 1026 the territories, and the words "United States" may include the 1027 said district and territories.

1028 Sixteenth. The word "town" may mean a civil township, un-1029 less a different meaning is plainly intended.

1030 Seventeenth. The word "will" includes codicils.

Eighteenth. The words "written" and "in writing" may in-1032 clude printing, engraving, lithography, and any other mode of 1033 representing words and letters, excepting those cases where the 1034 written signature or the mark of any person is required by law.

Nineteenth. The term "sheriff" may be extended to any person
 performing the duties of the sheriff, either generally or in special
 cases.

1038 Twentieth. The word "deed" is applied to an instrument 1039 conveying lands, but does not imply a sealed instrument, and the 1040 words "bond" and "indenture" do not necessarily imply a seal, 1041 but in other respects mean the same kind of instruments as 1042 heretofore; and the word "undertaking" means a promise or 1043 security in any form where required by law.

1044 Twenty-first. The term "executor" includes an administrator,

1045 where the subject-matter applies to an administrator.

Twenty-second. The Roman numerals and Arabic figures are to be taken as a part of the English language.

Twenty-third. The term "residence" shall be construed to mean the place adopted by a person as such person's place of habitation, and to which, whenever such person is absent, such person has the intention of returning. When a person eats at one place and sleeps at another, the place where such person sleeps shall be deemed such person's residence.

Twenty-fourth. The terms "usual place of residence" and 1055 "usual place of abode," when applied to the service of any 1056 process or notice, shall be construed to mean the place usually 1057 occupied by a person. If such person has no family, or does not 1058 have his or her one's family with him or her oneself, such 1059 person's office or place of business, or if such person has no place 1060 of business, the room or place where such person usually sleeps 1061 shall be construed to be such place of residence or abode.

1062 Twenty-fifth. The term "householder" shall be construed to 1063 mean a person of full age, and owning or occupying a house as a 1064 place of residence, and not as a boarder or lodger.

1065 Twenty-sixth. The term "general election" refers to the elec-1066 tion required to be held on the Tuesday succeeding the first 1067 Monday in November of each even-numbered year.

1068 Twenty-seventh. The phrase "under legal disability" includes 1069 persons within the period of minority, or incapacitated, or im-1070 prisoned.

1071 Twenty-eighth. When a person is required to be disinterested 1072 or indifferent in acting on any question or matter affecting other 1073 parties, relationship within the degree of second cousin, inclu-1074 sive, shall disqualify such person from acting, except by consent 1075 of parties.

1076 Twenty-ninth. The phrase "head of a family" shall include any 1077 person who has charge of children, relatives or others living with 78 such person.

79 Thirtieth. The term "mentally ill person" shall mean any 1080 person who is mentally impaired to the extent such person is in 1081 need of treatment and who is dangerous to himself or herself or

1082 others and

- 1083 (a) who lacks sufficient understanding or capacity to make
  1084 responsible decisions with respect to his or her need for treat1085 ment, or:
- 1086 (b) who refuses to seek; except that no person who is being 1087 treated by prayer in the practice of the religion of any church 1088 which teaches reliance on spiritual means alone through prayer 1089 for healing shall be determined to be a "mentally ill person" 1000 unless substantial evidence is produced upon which the court 1001 finds that such person is dangerous to himself or herself or 1092 others, means any person who is mentally impaired to the extent 1093 that such person is in need of treatment and who is dangerous to 1094 self or others and:
- 1095 (1) Who lacks sufficient understanding or capacity to make 1096 responsible decisions with respect to the person's need for treat-1097 ment, or
- 1098 (2) who refuses to seek treatment. Proof of a person's failure 1099 to meet the person's basic physical needs, to the extent that the 1100 failure threatens such person's life, shall be deemed as proof that 1101 the person is dangerous to self, except that no person who is 1102 being treated by prayer in the practice of the religion of any 1103 church which teaches reliance on spiritual means alone through 1104 prayer for healing shall be determined to be a mentally ill 1105 person unless substantial evidence is produced upon which the 1106 district court finds that the proposed patient is dangerous to self 1107 or others.
- Thirty-first. The term "incapacitated person" shall mean any person who is impaired by reason of mental illness, mental deficiency, physical illness or disability, advanced age, chronic interest drug addiction, chronic intexication, or other cause to the extent that such person lacks sufficient understanding or capacity to make or communicate responsible decisions continuous earning either his or her person or estate means disabled person as that term is defined in K.S.A. 59-3002 and amendments thereto.
- 1117 Thirty-second. The term "guardian" shall mean any person 1118 who means an individual or a nonprofit corporation certified in

1119 accordance with section 24 which has been appointed by a court
1120 of competent jurisdiction to exercise control over the person of
1121 an incapacitated person or of a minor act on behalf of a ward and
1122 to exercise such powers and perform such duties as may be
1123 authorized by law.

1124 Thirty-third. The term "natural guardian" shall mean means
1125 both the father and mother of a legitimate minor or the mother of
1126 an illegitimate minor, provided that both such parents or parent
1127 shall not have been found to be an incapacitated a disabled
1128 person or had their parental rights severed by a court of compe1129 tent jurisdiction. If either parent of a legitimate minor dies, or
1130 has been found to be an incapacitated a disabled person or has
1131 had parental rights severed by a court of competent jurisdiction,
1132 the other shall be the natural guardian.

1133 Thirty-fourth. The term "conservator" shall mean any means a 1134 person who has been appointed by a court of competent juris-1135 diction to exercise control over the estate of any person act on 1136 behalf of a conservatee and to exercise such powers and perform 1137 such duties as may be authorized by law.

1138 Thirty-fifth. The term "minor" shall mean means any person 1139 defined by K.S.A. 38-101 and amendments thereto, as being 1140 within the period of minority.

1141 Thirty-sixth. The term "proposed ward" shall mean means a 1142 person for whom an application for the appointment of a guard-1143 ian pursuant to K.S.A. 59-3006 and amendments thereto has been 1144 filed.

1145 Thirty-seventh. The term "proposed conservatee" shall mean 1146 means a person for whom an application for the appointment of a 1147 conservator pursuant to K.S.A. 59-3006 and amendments thereto 1148 has been filed.

1149 Thirty-eighth. The term "ward" shall mean means a person 1150 who has a guardian.

1151 Thirty-ninth. The term "conservatee" shall mean means a 152 person who has a conservator.

New Sec. 24. (a) A private, nonprofit corporation organized under the Kansas general corporation code may act as guardian for an individual found to be in need of a guardian under the act



1156 for obtaining a guardian or conservator, or both, if the private, 1157 nonprofit corporation has been certified by the secretary of social 1158 and rehabilitation services as a suitable agency to perform the 1159 duties of a guardian.

- 1160 (b) The secretary of social and rehabilitation services shall 1161 establish criteria for determining whether a private, nonprofit 1162 corporation should be certified as a suitable agency to perform 1163 the duties of a guardian. The criteria shall be designed for the 1164 protection of the ward and shall include, but not be limited to, 1165 the following:
- 1166 (1) Whether the private, nonprofit corporation is capable of 1167 performing the duties of a guardian;
- 1168 (2) whether the staff of the private, nonprofit corporation is 1169 accessible and available to wards and to other persons concerned 1170 about their well-being and is adequate in number to properly 1171 perform the duties and responsibilities of a guardian;
- 1172 (3) whether the private, nonprofit corporation is a stable 1173 organization which is likely to continue in existence for some 1174 time; and
- 1175 (4) whether the private, nonprofit corporation will agree to 1176 submit such reports and answer such questions as the secretary 1177 may require in monitoring corporate guardianships.
- 1178 (c) Application for certification under this section shall be 1179 made to the secretary of social and rehabilitation services on 1180 forms supplied by the secretary. The secretary of social and 1181 rehabilitation services may suspend or revoke certification of a 1182 private, nonprofit corporation under this section, after notice and 1183 hearing, upon a finding that such corporation has failed to 1184 comply with the criteria established by rules and regulations 1185 under subsection (b). Such corporation shall not be appointed as 1186 a guardian during the period of time the certificate is suspended 1187 or revoked.
- 1188 (d) No private, nonprofit corporation shall be eligible for 1189 certification under this section if such corporation provides resi-1190 dential care in an institution or community based program or is 1191 the owner, part owner or operator of an adult care home, lodging 1192 establishment or institution engaged in the care, treatment or

- 1193 housing of any person physically or mentally handicapped, in-1194 firm or aged.
- 1195 (e) The secretary of social and rehabilitation services may 1196 adopt rules and regulations necessary to administer the provi-1197 sions of this section.
- 1198 (f) This section shall be part of and supplemental to the act 1199 for obtaining a guardian or conservator, or both.
- New Sec. 25. (a) Any person adjudged an incapacitated per-1201 son prior to the effective date of this act who has not been 1202 restored to capacity prior to that date shall be considered a 1203 disabled person for the purposes of this act. No act of a guardian 1204 or conservator, or both, lawfully performed under the act for 1205 obtaining a guardian or conservator, or both, prior to the effective 1206 date of this act shall be deemed unlawful because of any of the 1207 provisions of this act.
- 1208 (b) This section shall be part of and supplemental to the act 1209 for obtaining a guardian or conservator, or both.
- 1210 Sec. 26. K.S.A. 59-3002, 59-3006, 59-3007, 59-3008, 59-3009,
- 1211 59-3010, 59-3011, 59-3013, 59-3014, 59-3015, 59-3016, 59-3018,
- 1212 59-3023, 59-3026, 59-3027, 59-3028, 59-3033 and 77-201 and
- 1213 K.S.A. 1982 Supp. 38-1505, 59-3012 and 59-3029 are hereby 1214 repealed.
- 1215 Sec. 27. This act shall take effect and be in force from and 1216 after its publication in the statute book.