		Approved _	April 27, 1	984
MINUTES OF THE HOUSE	COMMITTEE ON _	ASSESSMENT	AND TAXATION	
The meeting was called to order by	Repres	entative Jim B Chairperson	raden	at
9:00 a.m./pxnx onMarc	ch 26	, 19_8	4in room <u>519S</u>	_ of the Capitol.
All members were present except.				
The meeting was called to order by  9:00 a.m./xxxx on Marc	Repres	<u>entative Jim B</u> Chairperson	raden	

## Committee staff present:

Tom Severn, Legislative Research Department Wayne Morris, Legislative Research Department Don Hayward, Revisor of Statutes' Office Nancy Wolff, Secretary to the Committee

## Conferees appearing before the committee:

Senator Dan Thiessen
Marian Warriner, League of Women Voters
Georgianna Meyer, Department of Revenue
Ron Gaches, Kansas Chamber of Commerce and Industry
Tom Kennedy, A.B.C.

Hearings were held on <u>Senate Bill 670</u> which would index the benefits under the Homestead Property Tax Refund Act to the cost-of-living adjustments in federal Social Security benefits.

Senator Dan Thiessen, sponsor of <u>Senate Bill 670</u>, testified in support of the legislation.

Marian Warriner, Kansas League of Women Voters, testified in support of <u>Senate Bill 670</u>. She stated that her organization feels that it will protect low income property owners from decreased benefits from Homestead Property Tax Relief rather than being elevated out of the top of the program as their Social Security benefits rise. (Exhibit I)

Georgianna Meyer, Department of Revenue, testified that the budget for fiscal year '85 is \$7.1 million for Homestead Property Relief. She stated that passage of <u>Senate Bill 670</u> would increase that figure, but there is no way to estimate how much it would be increased.

This concluded hearings on <u>Senate Bill 670</u>. The Chairman then called for hearings on <u>House Bill 3108</u>. House Bill 3108 would revise the date for licensing of bonded warehouses to make such licenses run according to a calendar year as opposed to running from July 1 to June 30.

Ron Gaches, Kansas Chamber of Commerce and Industry, testified in support of  $\underline{\text{House Bill 3108}}$ .

Representative Rolfs made a motion that House Bill 3108 be reported favorable for passage and placed on the consent calendar. Representative Lowther seconded the motion. The motion carried.

The Chairman then called for hearings on  $\underline{\text{House Bill 3110 which}}$  which would amend the liquor enforcement tax to remove a duplication in the law.

Tom Kennedy, Director of the ABC Division of the Revenue Department, testified in support of  $\underline{\text{House Bill 3110}}$ . (Exhibit II)

Representative Ott made a motion that House Bill 3110 be reported favorable for passage and placed on the consent calendar. Representative Erne seconded the motion. The motion carried.

The Chairman called for discussion on <u>Senate Bill 624</u> which would amend the Kansas Income Tax Act to exclude from Kansas adjusted gross income (AGI) any amounts received as social security or tier 1 Railroad Retirement benefits which are included in federal AGI.

### CONTINUATION SHEET

MINUTES OF THE HOUSE COMMITTEE ON ASSESSMENT AND TAXATION

room 519S, Statehouse, at 9:00 a.m./pxx. on March 26 1984

Representative Lowther made a motion that Senate Bill 624 be reported favorably and Representative Spaniol seconded the motion. The motion failed. Representative Aylward voted "Yes".

The Chairman called for discussion on <u>Senate Bill 589</u> which would amend the farm machinery exemption statute to include with the definition of "farming or ranching activity" the performance of custom grain cutting for hire. The bill would also exempt farm machinery which is leased pursuant to a lease/purchase agreement, rather than owned by, the farm or ranch operator.

Representative Rolfs made a conceptual amendment that any tax-exempt entity that leases property pursuant to a lease/purchase agreement would be exempt from property taxes for that property; i.e., churches, school districts, hospitals, etc. Representative Ott seconded the motion.

Representative Spaniol made a substitute motion that Senate Bill 589 be tabled and Representative Jarchow seconded the motion. The motion passed, 11-10.

The committee then discussed <u>Sub. for SB 631</u> which would amend the tax increment financing law to authorize a second category of bonds which may be issued under the act--full faith and credit tax increment bonds. Under current law, only special obligation bonds may be issued and the full faith and credit of the city may not be pledged as backing for the bonds.

Representative Spaniol made a motion that Sub. for SB 631 be tabled. Representative Roe seconded the motion.

Representative Rolfs made a substitute motion that Substitute for Senate Bill 631 be amended by the contents of the attached balloon draft (Exhibit III). Representative Wagnon seconded the motion.

Representative Roe requested that the question be divided so that the committee could vote on the language at the bottom of page 8, after line 299, in the draft amendment separately from the balance of the amendments contained in the draft.

The Chair ruled that the question could be divided.

Representative Frey requested that the question be further divided to allow the committee to vote on the amendment on page 1 of the bill draft separately from the balance of the amendments in the draft.

The Chair ruled that the language on page 1 could also be divided.

The Chair called for the vote on all amendments in the draft with the exception of the language on Page 1 of the draft and the language at the bottom on Page 8, after line 299, of the draft. The motion carried.

The Chair then called for a vote on the amendment on page 1 of the draft. The motion failed 9-11.

The Chairman then called for a vote on the amendment language at the bottom of page 8, after line 299, in the draft. The motion carried.

Representative Ott made a conceptual motion that the language in Section 3 of Sub. for Senate Bill 631 be amended to make an election of the voters mandatory rather than permissive. Representative Spaniol seconded the motion.

Representative Spaniol made a substitute motion that Sub. for Senate Bill 631 be tabled. Representative Roe seconded the motion. The motion failed.

### CONTINUATION SHEET

MINUTES OF THE	HOUSE	COMMITTEE O	NASSESSMENT	AND TAXATION	
room519S, State	ehouse, at <u>9:00</u>	a.m. <b>xxxx</b> . on	March 26		, 19.84

The Chairman called for the vote on the original motion that the language in Section 3 of Sub. for Senate Bill 631 be amended to make an election mandatory rather than permissive. The motion carried.

Representative Leach made a motion that the language in Section 2 of Sub. for Senate Bill 631 be made mandatory for an election rather than permissive. Representative Spaniol seconded the motion.

Representative Wagnon made a substitute motion that Sub. for Senate Bill 631 be reported favorably as amended and Representative Lowther seconded the motion. The motion failed.

The Chairman then called for the vote on the original motion to amend Section 2 of Sub. for Senate Bill 631 so that an election would be mandatory rather than permissive. The motion carried.

Representative Spaniol made a motion that Sub. for Senate Bill 631 be reported favorable as amended and Representative Rolfs seconded the motion. The motion carried.

The Chairman called for discussion on <u>House Bill 2211</u> which would amend the statutes to remove the sales tax exemption for the sale of services in new construction.

Representative Rolfs made a motion that House Bill 2211 be reported favorable for passage and Representative Lowther seconded the motion.

Representative King made a motion that House Bill 2211 be amended to give mobile homes the same type of sales tax breaks as are currently allowed for other types of homes. This would impose a tax on 50% of the sales price of new mobile homes and would also exempt used mobile homes from sales tax. Representative Lowther seconded the motion.

Representative Leach requested that the question be divided and the Chair ruled that the request was in order.

The Chairman first called for the vote on the portion of the motion that would exempt 50% of the sales price of a new mobile home from sales tax. The motion failed.

The Chairman then called for the vote on that portion of the motion that would totally exempt used mobile homes from sales tax. The motion carried. Representative Erne voted "no".

Representative Rolfs made a motion that House Bill 2211 be reported favorable for passage as amended and Representative Lowther seconded the motion. The motion carried.

The meeting was adjourned.



DATE:	3 -	26	-8	4	

# GUEST REGISTER

# HOUSE

# ASSESSMENT & TAXATION COMMITTEE

NAME	ORGANIZATION	ADDRESS
Van Thiersen	Lineitar	
Janice Marcun	Dept of Revenue	Topelsa
Faix & Copenhagen	Tupeka Area Retired Teachers	
	Topeka Area Retired Teachers Assertion	Josepha
Ralph T. Neuman	Topoka Area Retires Tedeler	Topoka
Marien Harriner	LYVK	Lawrence
Manay Kantolo	Kansas Co-op Council	Topeka
Jan Morgan	AGC of 165	Topeka
Margi Bradon	2m4I	Topeke
ML Jenkins	Speaker's office	ν (,
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Joyce Hammond	Intern, Joan Wagnen	Lawrence
Ruth Wilkin	AAUP - PS.S.	Topeka
Paul E. Fleener	Kansas Farm Bureau	Manhattan
Thereng Shugl	Intern	Sopeka
Road Curcha	Datem	Jopely
Chris McKenige	heague of Ks. Municipalities	Topepa
Harold Pitts	TARTA	
Sleve OBunette	KRTA.	Topeha
Basil Covery	KRTA	Topeba
TOM KENNEDY	ABC	TOPEXA
John G. Miller		TOPEKA
P. Har Berske	KRTA	Topt 159
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# GUEST REGISTER

HOUSE

# ASSESSMENT & TAXATION COMMITTEE

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## MEMORANDUM

TO: Honorable James D. Braden

Chairman, House Assessment and Taxation Committee

FROM: THOMAS J. KENNEDY, Director, ABC Division

RE: House Bill 3110

DATE: March 26, 1984

## PURPOSE

House Bill 3110, if enacted in its present form, amends K.S.A. 1983 Supp. 79-4101 to provide that an enforcement tax of 8% will be collected on all retail sales to consumers by farm wineries.

### PERSPECTIVE

The 1983 Legislature passed Substitute for House Bill 2551, the farm winery bill. This bill, which went into effect July 1, 1983, created a new class of alcoholic liquor license for domestic Kansas farm wineries.

A licensed farm winery can manufacture wine and then sell that wine either to other distributors or directly to the public through its own retail outlet. Thus, a farm winery is similar to any other manufacturer of alcoholic liquor and similar to any other retail seller of alcoholic liquor.

However, the farm winery bill amended K.S.A. 41-102 (the definition section for the Liquor Control Act) to exclude farm wineries from the definitions of "manufacturer" and "retailer". As a result, current statutes that apply to other licensed alcoholic liquor retailers do not apply to farm wineries. For that reason, K.S.A. 79-4101 is being amended by this bill to require the collection of the 8% enforcement tax on retail sales by farm wineries to consumers, the same as retail liquor store licensees are required to do.

## COMMENTS AND/OR RECOMMENDATIONS

Currently, there are no licensed farm wineries in Kansas. For that reason, it is impossible to estimate what income will result from House Bill 3110. However, if and when we do have a farm winery and they do sell direct to consumers, the machinery is in place for the collection of an enforcement tax. While we are cognizant that the farm winery is an agricultural enterprise,

Representative Braden Page 2 HB 3110

we feel very strongly that as a seller of alcoholic liquor which domestic wine is, licensed farm wineries should be treated the same as other alcoholic liquor businesses in Kansas.

Recommend approval of House Bill 3110.

Respectfully submitted,

HOMAS J// KENNED

DIRECTOR

TJK:cjk

# --- H-0-1100

# Substitute for SENATE BILL No. 631

By Committee on Local Government

2-24

0016 AN ACT concerning the development and redevelopment of central business district areas in cities; amending K.S.A. 12-0018 1770, 12-1771, 12-1772, 12-1773, 12-1774, 12-1775 and 12-1778 and repealing the existing sections.

0020 Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

Section 1. K.S.A. 12-1770 is hereby amended to read as fol10022 lows: 12-1770. It is hereby declared to be the purpose of this act
10023 to promote, stimulate and develop the general and economic
10024 welfare of the state of Kansas and its communities and to assist in
10025 the development and redevelopment of central business district
10026 areas of cities and enterprise zones located within cities, thus
10027 promoting the general welfare of the citizens of this state, by
10028 authorizing cities to acquire certain property and to issue special
10029 obligation bonds and full faith and credit tax increment bonds
10030 for the financing of redevelopment projects. It is further found
10031 and declared that the powers conferred by this act are for public
10032 uses and purposes for which public money may be expended and
10033 the power of eminent domain exercised; and that. The necessity
10034 in the public interest for the provisions herein enacted of this act
10035 is hereby declared as a matter of legislative determination.

O036 Sec. 2. K.S.A. 12-1771 is hereby amended to read as follows:
0037 12-1771. (a) No city shall exercise any of the powers conferred by
0038 K.S.A. 12-1770 et seq., and amendments thereto, unless the
0039 governing body of such city has adopted a resolution finding
0040 that: (1) The [specific project] area sought to be redeveloped is a
0041 blighted area; or (2) has been designated as an enterprise zone
0042 pursuant to K.S.A. 12-17,110, and amendments thereto; and (3)
0043 the conservation, development of redevelopment of such area is

0044 necessary to promote the general and economic welfare of such

the redevelopment project area

Ex. TIT 3/26/84

city. For the purpose of this subsection, the term "blighted area" means an area which, because of the presence of a majority of the following factors, substantially impairs or arrests the sound development and growth of the municipality or constitutes an economic or social liability or is a menace to the public health, safety, morals or welfare in its present condition and use: (A) A substantial number of deteriorated or deteriorating structures; (B) predominance of defective or inadequate street layout; (C) unsanitary or unsafe conditions; (D) deterioration of site improvements; (E) diversity of ownership; (F) tax or special assessment delinquency exceeding the fair value of the land; (G) defective or unusual conditions of title; (H) improper subdivision or obsolete platting or land uses; (I) the existence of conditions which endanger life or property by fire and other causes; or 0059 (J) conditions which create economic obsolescence.

- 0060 (b) The powers conferred upon cities under the provisions of 0061 K.S.A. 12-1770 et seq., and amendments thereto, shall be exer-0062 cised in central business district areas of cities, as determined by 0063 resolution adopted pursuant to K.S.A. 12-1772, and amendments 0064 thereto, or in enterprise zones designated pursuant to K.S.A. 0065 12-17,110, and amendments thereto.
- 0066 (c) No privately owned property subject to ad valorem taxes 0067 shall be acquired and redeveloped under the provisions of K.S.A. 0068 12-1770 et seq., and amendments thereto, if the board of county 0069 commissioners or the board of education levying taxes on such 0070 property determines by resolution adopted within 30 days fol-0071 lowing the hearing provided for in K.S.A. 12-1772, and amend-0072 ments thereto, that the proposed project will have an adverse 0073 effect on such county or school district.
- (d) Any redevelopment plan undertaken in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 12-1770 et seq., and amendments thereto, shall fix a date on which the development shall: (1) Commence, which date shall be not more than one year from the date that any property is acquired by the city following adoption of the plan; and (2) be completed, which date shall be not more than five years from the date the plan was adopted.
  - (e) Any increment in ad valorem property taxes resulting



ones from a redevelopment project undertaken in accordance with the provisions of this act, apportioned to a special fund for the payment of special obligation bonds or full faith and credit tax increment bonds issued to finance such project pursuant to the K.S.A. 12-1775, and amendments thereto, may be pledged to such fund for not to exceed 20 years. For the purposes of this act, increment means that amount of ad valorem taxes collected from real property located within the redevelopment project area which is attributable to its increase in assessed valuation resulting from a redevelopment project and which is in excess of that amount which is produced from such property and attributable to the assessed valuation of such property prior to any increase in assessed valuation resulting from a redevelopment project and as of the date the redevelopment plan was adopted, as provided in subsection (c)(2) of K.S.A. 12-1775, and amendments thereto.

0097 (f) Before any redevelopment project is undertaken, a com-0098 prehensive feasibility study, which shows the benefits derived 0099 from such project will exceed the costs and that the income 0100 therefrom will be sufficient to pay for the project shall be 0101 prepared.

Sec. 3. K.S.A. 12-1772 is hereby amended to read as follows: 12-1772. (a) Any city proposing to undertake a redevelopment 0104 project in accordance with the provisions of this act shall first prepare a redevelopment plan in consultation with the planning commission of the city. The redevelopment plan shall include: 0107 (1) A summary of the feasibility study required by K.S.A. 12-0108 1771, and amendments thereto; (2) a description and map of the 0109 area to be redeveloped; (3) the relocation assistance plan re-0110 quired by K.S.A. 12-1777, and amendments thereto;; (4) a de-0111 scription of the buildings and facilities proposed to be con-0112 structed or improved in such area; and (5) any other information the governing body deems necessary to advise the public of the intent of the plan. A copy of the redevelopment plan shall be 0115 delivered to the board of county commissioners of the county 0116 and the board of education of any school district levying taxes on 0117 property within the proposed redevelopment project area. Upon 0118 a finding by the planning commission that the redevelopment

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olio plan is consistent with the comprehensive general plan for the olio development of the city, the governing body of the city shall adopt a resolution stating that the city is considering the adoption of the plan. Such resolution shall:

- 0123 (1) Give notice that a public hearing will be held to consider 0124 the adoption of the redevelopment plan and fix the date, hour 0125 and place of such public hearing;
- 0126 (2) describe the boundaries of the central business district of 0127 the city or the boundaries of the enterprise zone to be estab-0128 lished;
- 0129 (3) describe the boundaries of the area proposed to be in-0130 cluded within the redevelopment project area; and
- 0131 (4) state that the redevelopment plan, including a summary 0132 of the feasibility study, relocation assistance plan and financial 0133 guarantees of the prospective developer and a description and 0134 map of the area to be redeveloped are available for inspection 0135 during regular office hours in the office of the city clerk.

0136 \( \sqrt{\text{If the governing body determines that it may issue full faith} \)
0137 and credit tax increment bonds to finance the redevelopment
0138 project, in whole or in part, the resolution also shall include
0139 notice thereof.

- 0140 (b) The date fixed for the public hearing shall be not less than 0141 30 or more than 70 days following the date of the adoption of the 0142 resolution fixing the date of the hearing.
- (c) A copy of the resolution providing for the public hearing old shall be delivered to the board of county commissioners of the county and the board of education of any school district levying taxes on property within the proposed redevelopment project area. Copies shall also shall be mailed by certified mail to each owner and occupant of land within the proposed redevelopment project area not more than 10 days following the date of the adoption of the resolution. The resolution shall be published once in the official city newspaper not less than one week or more than two weeks preceding the date fixed for the public hearing. A sketch clearly delineating the area in sufficient detail old advise the reader of the particular land proposed to be included within the project area shall be published with the

Except as provided in (b)(3) of section 5,

0156 resolution.

- (d) At the public hearing, a representative of the city shall present the city's proposed redevelopment plan. Following the presentation of the plan, all interested persons shall be given an opportunity to be heard. The governing body for good cause shown may recess such hearing to a time and date certain, which shall be fixed in the presence of persons in attendance at the olfa hearing.
- (e) Following the public hearing, the governing body may olfost adopt the redevelopment plan by ordinance passed upon a 2/3 vote. Any substantial changes to the plan as adopted shall be subject to public hearing following publication of notice thereof olfost at least twice in the official city newspaper.
- Sec. 4. K.S.A. 12-1773 is hereby amended to read as follows: 0170 12-1773. (a) Any city which has adopted a redevelopment plan in 0171 accordance with the provisions of this act may purchase or 0172 otherwise acquire real property. Upon a 2/3 vote of the members 0173 of the governing body thereof a city may acquire by condemna-0174 tion any interest in real property, including a fee simple title 0175 thereto, which it may deem deems necessary for or in connection 0176 with any redevelopment plan of an area located within the 0177 central business district. Any such city may exercise the power of 0178 eminent domain in the manner provided in article 5 of chapter 26 0170 of Kansas Statutes Annotated and acts amendatory thereof or 9180 supplemental thereto, but, by K.S.A. 26-501 et seq., and amend-0181 ments thereto. In addition to any compensation or damages allowable allowed under the eminent domain procedure act, 0183 such city shall also provide for the payment of relocation assistance as provided in K.S.A. 12-1777, and amendments thereto.
- (b) Any property acquired by a city under the provisions of this act may be sold or leased to any person, firm or corporation, hereinafter referred to as a developer, in accordance with the redevelopment plan and under such other conditions as may be agreed upon. Such city shall use the proceeds of special obligation bonds issued under K.S.A. 12-1774, and amendments thereto, or full faith and credit tax increment bonds issued under section 7 [5] to acquire real property within the project

Sub. for SB 631—Am. by SCW

0193 area including the payment of relocation assistance, to prepare 0194 the site for redevelopment, to finance any necessary related 0195 streets and municipal utilities, and to pay all necessary related 0196 expenses to redevelop and finance the redevelopment project. 0197 None of the proceeds from the sale of such special obligation 0198 bonds shall be used for the construction of buildings or other 0199 improvements to be owned by such developer.

Sec. 5. K.S.A. 12-1774 is hereby amended to read as follows: 0201 12-1774. (a) (1) Any city shall have the power to issue special obligation bonds to finance the undertaking of any redevelop-0203 ment project in accordance with the provisions of this act. Such 0204 special obligation bonds shall be made payable, both as to 0205 principal and interest: (1) (A) From property tax increments 0206 allocated to, and paid into a special fund of the city under the 0207 provisions of K.S.A. 12-1775, and amendments thereto;

- (2) (B) from revenues of the city derived from or held in 0209 connection with the undertaking and carrying out of any redevelopment project or projects under this act;
- (3) (C) from any private sources, contributions or other fi-0212 nancial assistance from the state or federal government; or
- (4) (D) from other funds or revenues of the city; or
- (E) by any combination of these methods. 0214
- (b) (2) Bonds issued under this section paragraph (1) of 0216 subsection (a) shall not be general obligations of the city, nor in 0217 any event shall they give rise to a charge against its general 0218 credit or taxing powers, or be payable out of any funds or 0219 properties other than any of those set forth in paragraph (1) of 0220 subsection (a) of this section; and special obligation and such bonds issued under this section shall so state on their face.
- (e) (3) Bonds issued under the provisions of this aet para-0223 graph (1) of subsection (a) shall be special obligations of the city 0224 and are declared to be negotiable instruments. They shall be 0225 executed by the mayor and clerk of the city and sealed with the 0226 corporate seal of the city. All details pertaining to the issuance of 0227 such special obligation bonds and terms and conditions thereof 0228 shall be determined by ordinance of the city. All special obliga-0229 tion bonds issued pursuant to this act and all income or interest

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0230 therefrom shall be exempt from all state taxes except inheritance 0231 taxes. Such special obligation bonds shall contain none of the 0232 recitals set forth in K.S.A. 10-112, and amendments thereto. Such 0233 special obligation bonds shall, however, contain the following 0234 recitals, viz., the authority under which such special obligation 0235 bonds are issued, they are in conformity with the provisions, 0236 restrictions and limitations thereof, and that such special obliga-0237 tion bonds and the interest thereon are to be paid from the 0238 money and revenue received as provided in paragraph (1) of subsection (a) of this section.

- (b) (1) Subject to the provisions of paragraph (2) of this 0241 subsection, any city shall have the power to issue full faith and 0242 credit tax increment bonds to finance the undertaking of any 0243 redevelopment project in accordance with the provisions of 0244 K.S.A. 12-1770 et seq., and amendments thereto. Such full faith 0245 and credit tax increment bonds shall be made payable, both as 0246 to principal and interest: (A) From the revenue sources iden-0247 tified in paragraph (1) of subsection (a); and (B) subject to the 0248 provisions of paragraph (2) of this subsection, from a pledge of 0249 the city's full faith and credit to use its ad valorem taxing 0250 authority for repayment thereof in the event all other autho-0251 rized sources of revenue are not sufficient.
- (2) Except as provided in paragraph (3) of this subsection, 0253 before the governing body of any city proposes to issue full faith 0254 and credit tax increment bonds as authorized by this subsection, 0255 the feasibility study required by K.S.A. 12-1771, and amend-0256 ments thereto, shall demonstrate that the benefits derived from 0257 the project will exceed the cost and that the income therefrom 0258 will be sufficient to pay the costs of the project. No full faith and 0259 credit tax increment bonds may be issued unless the governing 0260 body states in the resolution required by K.S.A. 12-1772, and 0261 amendments thereto, that it may issue such bonds to finance the 0262 proposed redevelopment project. The governing body may issue 0263 the bonds unless within 60 days following the date of the public 9264 hearing on the proposed redevelopment plan a protest petition 0265 signed by 10% [5%] of the qualified voters of the city is filed 0266 with the city clerk in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A.

0267 25-3601 et seq., and amendments thereto. If a sufficient petition 0268 is filed, no full faith and credit tax increment bonds shall be 0269 issued until the issuance of the bonds is approved by a majority 0270 of the voters voting at an election thereon. Such election shall be 0271 called and held in the manner provided by the general bond law. 0272 The failure of the voters to approve the issuance of full faith and 0273 credit tax increment bonds shall not prevent the city from 0274 issuing special obligation bonds in accordance with K.S.A. 12-0275 1774, and amendments thereto. No such election shall be held in 0276 the event the board of county commissioners or the board of education determines, as provided in K.S.A. 12-1771, and amendments thereto, that the proposed project will have an adverse effect on the county or school district.

(3) Any city which at the time of the effective date of this act 0281 has adopted a redevelopment plan in accordance with K.S.A.

0282 12-1772, and amendments thereto, and has not commenced the 0283 acquisition of property in the redevelopment project area may 0284 issue full faith and credit tax increment bonds if the governing 0285 body of the city adopts a resolution stating its intent to issue the 0286 bonds. The resolution shall be published once each week for two 0287 consecutive weeks in the official city newspaper. The governing 0288 body may issue the bonds unless within 30 days following final 0289 publication of the resolution a protest petition signed by 16% of 0290 the qualified voters of the city is filed with the city clerk in 0291 accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 25-3601, and amend-0292 ments thereto. If a sufficient petition is filed, no full faith and 0293 credit tax increment bonds may be issued until the issuance of 0294 the bonds is approved by a majority of the voters voting at an 0295 election thereon. Such election shall be called and held in the 0296 manner provided by the general bond law. The failure of the 0297 voters to approve the issuance of full faith and credit tax 0298 increment bonds shall not prevent the city from issuing special 0299 obligation bonds pursuant to paragraph (1) of subsection (a). (4) During the progress of any redevelopment project in

0301 which the city's costs will be financed, in whole or in part, with

0302 the proceeds of full faith and credit tax increment bonds, the 0303 city may issue temporary notes in the manner provided in K.S.A.

The governing body may submit the question of issuing full faith and credit tax increment bonds to an election without a petition being filed in the manner provided by the general bond law.

-[As an alternative to paragraph (2) of this subsection,

[acquired

-fadopts

but does not state its intent to issue full faith and credit tax increment bonds in the resolution required by

-160

The governing body may submit the question of issuing full faith and credit tax increment bonds to an election without a petition being filed in the manner provided by the general bond law.

Any redevelopment plan adopted by a city prior to the effective date of this act in accordance with K.S.A. 12-1772, and amendments thereto, shall not be invalidated by any requirements of this act.

- 0304 10-123, and amendments thereto, to pay the city's cost for the 0305 project. Such temporary notes shall not be issued and the city 0306 shall not acquire property in the redevelopment project area 0307 until the requirements of paragraph (2) or (3) of this subsection, 0308 whichever is applicable, have been met.
- 0309 (5) Full faith and credit tax increment bonds issued under 0310 this subsection shall be general obligations of the city and are 0311 declared to be negotiable instruments. They shall be issued in 0312 accordance with the general bond law. All such bonds and all 10313 income or interest therefrom shall be exempt from all state taxes 0314 except inheritance taxes. The amount of the full faith and credit 10315 tax increment bonds issued and outstanding which exceeds 3% 0316 of the assessed valuation of the city shall be within the bonded 0317 debt limit applicable to such city.
- 0318. Sec. 6. K.S.A. 12-1775 is hereby amended to read as follows: 0319 12-1775. (a) For the purposes of this act, the term "taxing sub-0320 division" shall include only the county, the city and the unified 0321 school district, the territory or jurisdiction of which includes the 0322 redevelopment project area. The term "real property taxes" 0323 includes all taxes levied on an ad valorem basis upon land and 0324 improvements thereon.
- oscillatorial (b) All tangible taxable property located within a redevelopment project area shall be assessed and taxed for ad valorem tax purposes pursuant to law in the same manner that such property would be assessed and taxed if located outside such area, and all oscillatorial advancement taxes levied on such property shall be paid to and collected by the county treasurer in the same manner as other taxes are paid and collected. Except as otherwise provided in this section, the county treasurer shall likewise distribute such taxes as may be collected in the same manner as if such property were located outside a redevelopment area. Each redevelopment area established under the provisions of this act shall constitute a separate taxing unit for the purpose of the computation and levy of taxes.
- 0338 (c) Beginning with the first payment of taxes which are 0339 levied following the date of approval of any redevelopment plan 0340 by ordinance pursuant to K.S.A. 12-1772, and amendments

thereto, real property taxes received by the county treasurer resulting from taxes which are levied subject to the provisions of this act by and for the benefit of a taxing subdivision, as herein defined, on property located within such redevelopment area constituting a separate taxing unit under the provisions of this section, shall be divided as follows:

- 0347 (1) From the taxes levied each year subject to the provisions 0348 of this act by or for each of the taxing subdivisions upon property 0349 located within a redevelopment area constituting a separate 0350 taxing unit under the provisions of this act, the county treasurer 0351 first shall first allocate and pay to each such taxing subdivision 0352 all of the real property taxes collected which are produced from 0353 that portion of the current assessed valuation of such real propenty 10354 erty located within such separate taxing unit which is equal to 0355 the total assessed value of such real property on the effective 0356 date of such ordinance.
- (2) Any real property taxes produced from that portion of the current assessed valuation of real property within the redevelopment project area constituting a separate taxing unit under the provisions of this section in excess of an amount equal to the total assessed value of such real property on the effective date of such ordinance shall be allocated and paid by the county treasurer to the treasurer of the city and deposited in a special fund of the city to pay the principal of and interest on any special obligation bonds or full faith and credit tax increment bonds issued by such city to finance, in whole or in part, such redevelopment project. When such special obligation bonds and interest thereon have been paid, all moneys thereafter received from real property taxes within such redevelopment project area shall be allocated and paid to the respective taxing subdivisions in the same manner as are other ad valorem taxes.
- (d) In any redevelopment plan or in the proceedings for the ostal issuing of any special obligation bonds or full faith and credit ostal tax increment bonds by the city to finance a redevelopment project, the property tax increment portion of taxes provided for ostal paragraph (2) of subsection (c)(2) of this section may be ostal processed in paragraph of the payment of the principal of and

0378 interest on such special obligation bonds, subject to the provi-0379 sions of subsection (e) of K.S.A. 12-1771, and amendments 0380 thereto.

Sec. 7. K.S.A. 12-1778 is hereby amended to read as follows: 12-1778. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, it is hereby stated that it is an object of all ad valorem taxes levied by or for the benefit of any city, county or school district of the state on taxable tangible real property located within any redevelopment project undertaken pursuant to this act, that such taxes may be applied and allocated to and when collected paid into a special fund of a city pursuant to the procedures and limitations of this act to pay the principal of and interest on special obligation bonds or full faith and credit tax increment bonds issued by such city to finance, in whole or in part, such redevelopment project.

0393 Sec. 8. K.S.A. 12-1770, 12-1771, 12-1772, 12-1773, 12-1774, 0394 12-1775 and 12-1778 are hereby repealed.

O395 Sec. 9. This act shall take effect and be in force from and O396 after its publication in the Kansas register.

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# Proposed amendment to HB 2211

On page 1, by striking all in lines 21 to 44, inclusive;

On page 2, by striking all in lines 45 to 81, inclusive;

On page 3, by striking all in lines 82 to 118, inclusive;

On page 4, by striking all in lines 119 to 155, inclusive;

On page 5, by striking all in lines 156 and 157; after line 157, by inserting a new section to read as follows:

"Section 1. K.S.A. 1983 Supp. 79-3606 is hereby amended to read as follows: 79-3606. The following shall be exempt from the tax imposed by this act:

- (a) All sales of motor-vehicle fuel or other articles upon which a sales or excise tax has been paid, not subject to refund, under the laws of this state except cigarettes as defined by K.S.A. 79-3301, and amendments thereto, cereal malt beverages and malt products as defined by K.S.A. 79-3817, and amendments thereto, including wort, liquid malt, malt syrup and malt extract and motor vehicles as defined by K.S.A. 1982 1983 Supp. 79-1017;
- (b) all sales of tangible personal property or service, including the renting and leasing of tangible personal property, purchased directly by the state of Kansas, a political subdivision thereof, other than a school or educational institution, or purchased by a public or private nonprofit hospital or nonprofit blood bank and used exclusively for state, political subdivision, hospital or nonprofit blood bank purposes, except when such state, political subdivision, or hospital is engaged or proposes to engage in a business specifically taxable under the provisions of this act and such items of tangible personal property or service are used or proposed to be used in such business;
- (c) all sales of tangible personal property or services, including the renting and leasing of tangible personal property, purchased directly by a public or private elementary or secondary

school or public or private nonprofit educational institution and used primarily by such school or institution for nonsectarian programs and activities provided or sponsored by such school or institution or in the erection, repair or enlargement of buildings to be used for such purposes. The exemption herein provided shall not apply to erection, construction, repair, enlargement or equipment of buildings used primarily for human habitation;

(d) all sales of tangible personal property or services purchased by a contractor for the purpose of constructing, equipping, reconstructing, maintaining, repairing, enlarging, furnishing or remodeling facilities for any public or private nonprofit hospital, public or private elementary or secondary school or a public or private nonprofit educational institution, which would be exempt from taxation under the provisions of this act if purchased directly by such hospital, school or educational institution; and all sales of tangible personal property or services purchased by a contractor for the purpose of constructing, equipping, reconstructing, maintaining, repairing, enlarging, furnishing or remodeling facilities for any political subdivision of the state the total cost of which is paid from funds of such political subdivision and which would be exempt from taxation under the provisions of this act if purchased directly by such political subdivision. Nothing in subsection or in the provisions of K.S.A. 12-3418, and amendments shall be deemed to exempt the purchase of thereto, in the construction machinery, equipment or used tools constructing, equipping, reconstructing, maintaining, repairing, enlarging, furnishing or remodeling facilities for any political subdivision of the state. As used in this subsection, K.S.A. 12-3418, and amendments thereto, and K.S.A. 1982 1983 Supp. 79-3640, "funds of a political subdivision" shall mean general gifts tax revenues, the proceeds of any bonds and grants-in-aid. Gifts shall not mean funds used for the purpose of constructing, equipping, reconstructing, repairing, enlarging,

furnishing or remodeling facilities which are to be leased to the donor. When any political subdivision of the state, public or private nonprofit hospital, public or private elementary or secondary school or public or private nonprofit educational institution shall contract for the purpose of constructing, equipping, reconstructing, maintaining, repairing, enlarging, furnishing or remodeling facilities, it shall obtain from the state and furnish to the contractor an exemption certificate for the project involved, and the contractor may purchase materials for incorporation in such project. The contractor shall furnish the number of such certificate to all suppliers from whom such purchases are made, and such suppliers shall execute invoices covering the same bearing the number of such certificate. Upon completion of the project the contractor shall furnish to the educational subdivision, hospital, school or political institution concerned a sworn statement, on a form to be provided by the director of taxation, that all purchases so made were entitled to exemption under this subsection. All invoices shall be held by the contractor for a period of five years and shall be subject to audit by the director of taxation. If any materials purchased under such a certificate be found not to have been incorporated in the building or other project or not to have been returned for credit or the sales or compensating tax otherwise imposed upon such materials which will not be so incorporated in the building or other project reported and paid by contractor to the director of taxation not later than the 20th day of the month following the close of the month in which it shall be determined that such materials will not be used for the purpose for which such certificate was issued, the political educational institution subdivision, hospital, school or concerned shall be liable for tax on all materials purchased for the project, and upon payment thereof it may recover the same from the contractor together with reasonable attorney fees. Any contractor or any agent, employee or subcontractor thereof, who shall use or otherwise dispose of any materials purchased under

such a certificate for any purpose other than that for which such a certificate shall be issued without the payment of the sales or compensating tax otherwise imposed upon such materials shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction therefor, shall be subject to the penalties provided for in <u>subsection (g) of K.S.A.</u> 1982-Supp:--79-3615(4) 79-3615, and amendments thereto;

all sales of tangible personal property or services purchased by a contractor for the erection, repair or enlargement of buildings or other projects for the government of the United States, its agencies or instrumentalities, which would be exempt from taxation if purchased directly by the government of United States, its agencies or instrumentalities. When the agencies or United States, its government of the instrumentalities shall contract for the erection, repair, or enlargement of any building or other project, it shall obtain from the state and furnish to the contractor an exemption certificate for the project involved, and the contractor may materials for incorporation in such project. purchase contractor shall furnish the number of such certificates to suppliers from whom such purchases are made, and such suppliers shall execute invoices covering the same bearing the number of such certificate. Upon completion of the project the contractor shall furnish to the government of the United States, agencies or instrumentalities concerned a sworn statement, on a form to be provided by the director of taxation, that all made were entitled to exemption under so purchases subsection. All invoices shall be held by the contractor for a period of five years and shall be subject to audit by the director of taxation. Any contractor or any agent, employee or subcontractor thereof, who shall use or otherwise dispose of any materials purchased under such a certificate for any purpose other than that for which such a certificate shall be issued without the payment of the sales or compensating tax otherwise imposed upon such materials shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction therefor, shall be subject to the penalties provided for in subsection (g) of K.S.A.  $\pm 982--Supp.--79-36\pm 5(4)$  79-3615, and amendments thereto;

- (f) tangible personal property purchased by a railroad or public utility for consumption or movement directly and immediately in interstate commerce;
- (g) sales of aircraft including remanufactured and modified aircraft, sales of aircraft repair, modification and replacement parts and sales of services employed in the remanufacture, modification and repair of aircraft sold to persons using such aircraft and aircraft repair, modification and replacement parts as certified or licensed carriers of persons or property in interstate or foreign commerce under authority of the laws of the United States or any foreign government or sold to any foreign government and all sales of aircraft, aircraft parts, replacement parts and services employed in the remanufacture, modification and repair of aircraft for use outside of the United States;
- (h) all rentals of nonsectarian textbooks by public or private elementary or secondary schools;
- (i) the lease or rental of all films, records, tapes, or any type of sound or picture transcriptions used by motion picture exhibitors;
- (j) meals served without charge or food used in the preparation of such meals to employees of any restaurant, eating house, dining car, hotel, drugstore or other place where meals or drinks are regularly sold to the public if such employees' duties are related to the furnishing or sale of such meals or drinks;
- (k) any motor vehicle, semitrailer or pole trailer, as such terms are defined by K.S.A. 8-126, and amendments thereto, or aircraft sold and delivered in this state to a bona fide resident of another state, which motor vehicle, semitrailer, pole trailer or aircraft is not to be registered or based in this state and which vehicle, semitrailer, pole trailer or aircraft will not remain in this state more than 10 days;
  - (1) all isolated or occasional sales of tangible personal

property, services, substances or things, except isolated or occasional sale of motor vehicles specifically taxed under the provisions of subsection (o) of K.S.A. 1982-Supp:--79-3603(e) 79-3603, and amendments thereto;

- (m) all sales of tangible personal property which become an ingredient or component part of tangible personal property or services produced, manufactured or compounded for ultimate sale at retail within or without the state of Kansas; and any such producer, manufacturer or compounder may obtain from the director of taxation and furnish to the supplier an exemption certificate number for tangible personal property for use as an ingredient or component part of the property or services produced, manufactured or compounded;
- (n) all sales of tangible personal property which is consumed in the production, manufacture, processing, mining, drilling, refining or compounding of tangible personal property, the providing of services or the irrigation of crops for ultimate sale at retail within or without the state of Kansas; and any purchaser of such property may obtain from the director of taxation and furnish to the supplier an exemption certificate number for tangible personal property for consumption in such production, manufacture, processing, mining, drilling, refining, compounding, irrigation and in providing such services;
- (o) all sales of animals, fowl and fish, the primary purpose of which is use in agriculture, the production of food for human consumption, the production of animal, dairy, poultry or fish products, fiber or fur, or the production of offspring for use for any such purpose or purposes;
- (p) trade fixtures and equipment which is already installed and second-hand when sold by a person ceasing to do business where said fixtures or equipment is installed;
- (q) all sales of prescription only drugs, as defined by K.S.A. 65-1626, and amendments thereto, dispensed pursuant to a prescription order, as defined by K.S.A. 65-1626, and amendments thereto, by a licensed practitioner;

- (r) all sales of insulin dispensed by a person licensed by the state board of pharmacy to a person for treatment of diabetes at the direction of a person licensed to practice medicine by the board of healing arts;
- (s) all sales of prosthetic and orthopedic appliances prescribed in writing by a person licensed to practice the healing arts, dentistry or optometry. For the purposes of this subsection, the term prosthetic and orthopedic appliances means any apparatus, instrument, device, or equipment used to replace or substitute for any missing part of the body; used to alleviate the malfunction of any part of the body; or used to assist any disabled person in leading a normal life by facilitating such person's mobility; but such term shall not include motor vehicles, accessories to be attached to motor vehicles or personal property which when installed becomes a fixture to real property;
- (t) all sales of tangible personal property or services purchased directly by a groundwater management district organized or operating under the authority of K.S.A. 82a-1020 et seq., and amendments thereto, which property or services are used in the operation or maintenance of the district;
- (u) all sales of used farm machinery and equipment, repair and replacement parts therefor and services performed in the repair and maintenance of such machinery and equipment. For of this subsection the term "farm machinery equipment" shall not include any passenger vehicle, truck, truck tractor, trailer, semitrailer or pole trailer, other than a farm trailer, as said terms are defined by K.S.A. 8-126 and amendments thereto. For the purposes of this subsection "sales of used farm machinery and equipment" shall mean and include sales other than the original retail sale of such machinery and equipment. Each purchaser of farm machinery or equipment exempted herein must certify in writing on the copy of the invoice or sales ticket to be retained by the seller that such purchaser engaged in farming or ranching and that the farm machinery or

equipment purchased will be used only in farming or ranching;

- (v) all leases or rentals of tangible personal property used as a dwelling where said tangible personal property is leased or rented for a period of more than 28 consecutive days;
- (w) all sales of food products to any contractor for use in preparing meals for delivery to homebound elderly persons over 60 years of age and to homebound disabled persons or to be served at a group-sitting at a location outside of the home to otherwise homebound elderly persons over 60 years of age and to otherwise homebound disabled persons, as all or part of any food service project funded in whole or in part by government or as part of a private nonprofit food service project available to all such elderly or disabled persons residing within an area of service designated by the private nonprofit organization;
- (x) all sales of natural gas, electricity, heat and water delivered through mains, lines or pipes to residential premises for noncommercial use by the occupant of such premises and all sales of natural gas, electricity, heat and water delivered through mains, lines or pipes for agricultural use;
- (y) all sales of propane gas, LP-gas, coal, wood and other fuel sources for the production of heat or lighting for noncommercial use of an occupant of residential premises;
- (z) all sales of intrastate telephone and telegraphservices for noncommercial use except noncommercial intrastatelong distance telephone service;
- (aa) all sales of materials and services used in the repairing, servicing, altering, maintaining, manufacturing, remanufacturing, or modification of railroad rolling stock for use in interstate or foreign commerce under authority of the laws of the United States;
- (bb) sales of tangible personal property and services purchased directly by a port authority or by a contractor therefor as provided by the provisions of K.S.A. 12-3418, and amendments thereto; and
  - (cc) all sales of materials and services applied to

equipment which is transported into the state from without the state for repair, service, alteration, maintenance, remanufacture or modification and which is subsequently transported outside the state for use in the transmission of liquids or natural gas by means of pipeline in interstate or foreign commerce under authority of the laws of the United States:

(dd) all sales of used mobile homes. As used in this subsection: (1) "Mobile homes" shall have the meaning ascribed thereto by K.S.A. 75-1226, and amendments thereto; and (2) "sales of used mobile homes" shall mean sales other than the original retail sale of such mobile homes; and

(ee) all sales of new mobile homes to the extent of 50% of the gross receipts received from such sale. As used in this subsection, "mobile homes" shall have the meaning ascribed thereto by K.S.A. 75-1226, and amendments thereto."

Also, on page 5, in line 158, by striking "1982 Supp. 79-3603" and inserting "1983 Supp. 79-3606";

In the title, in-line 17, by striking all after "therefrom"; in line 18, by striking all before the semicolon and inserting "of certain mobile homes"; also, in line 18, by striking all after "K.S.A." and inserting "1983 Supp. 79-3606"