Approved	January	23,	1984
11pp10+04 <u>—</u>		Date	

MINUTES OF THE House COMMITTEE ON	Insurance
The meeting was called to order by Rep. Rex Hoy	at Chairperson
3:30 xxx./p.m. onJanuary 17,	, 19 <u>84</u> in room <u>521 S</u> of the Capitol.
All members were present except:	

No exceptions.

Committee staff present:

Wayne Morris, Legislative Research Gordon Self, Revisor's Office Mary Sorensen, Committee secretary

Conferees appearing before the committee:

Fletcher Bell, Insurance Commissioner Larry Magill, for Independent Insurance Agents of Kansas

Chairman Hoy introduced the new members of the committee, and then introduced Fletcher Bell, Insurance Commissioner for the State of Kansas. Commissioner Bell invited the members of the committee to visit the Insurance Department offices and to consider holding a committee meeting in their offices sometime before the end of the session. Commissioner Bell then briefly explained the five legislative proposals the Insurance Department would like to have introduced during this session. These proposals are attached (Attachment 1). The senate committee is being asked to introduce Proposals 1 and 4; and this committee is being asked to introduce Proposals 2, 3, and 5. Commissioner Bell also briefly discussed SB 507 concerning Health Care Providers, and answered some questions from members of the committee.

Larry Magill, representing the Independent Insurance Agents of Kansas, spoke to the committee with a request for a committee bill concerning countersignature requirements on certain insurance policies, and he passed around a rough draft of such a bill (Attachment 2).

Wayne Morris, of Legislative Research, reviewed the bills remaining in committee from the 1983 session, and the action taken by the committee, if any, on these bills. They are as follows: $\frac{\text{HB}}{2061}$ (re-referred), $\frac{2062}{1000}$ (re-referred), $\frac{2111}{2000}$ (re-referred), $\frac{2118}{2000}$, $\frac{2247}{2000}$, $\frac{2248}{2000}$ (re-referred), $\frac{2251}{2000}$, $\frac{2363}{2000}$, $\frac{2411}{2000}$, $\frac{2435}{2000}$, $\frac{2460}{2000}$, $\frac{2517}{2000}$, $\frac{2518}{2000}$, and $\frac{2519}{2000}$.

Rep. Littlejohn moved that the committee have drafted and introduce as committee bills Proposals 2, 3, and 5 from the Insurance Department, and the bill requested by the Independent Insurance Agents of Kansas, and ask to have them referred to the committee for action. Rep. David Webb seconded. The motion carried.

Rep. Hoy announced the next meeting would be at 3:30 Thursday, for an explanation of the two new bills assigned to the committee. Rep. Bunten, Chairman of the Interim Committee that drafted <u>HB 2635</u>, concerning the Firemen's Relief Fund, will be here to explain it; and there will be a staff explanation of HB 2614.

The meeting adjourned at 4:10 PM.

GUEST LIST

COMMITTEE: House Insurance DATE: Jan 17, 1984 NAME ADDRESS COMPANY/ORGANIZATION DERTA DENTAL

GUEST LIST

COMMITTEE: House Insu	DAT	E: Jan 17, 1984
NAME .	ADDRESS	COMPANY/ORGANIZATION
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Jeanne Temple	Yopeka	Intern Seneral's Office
Jee With	Lenexa	FARMERS INS. GROUP
Jay Lewer	Japelia	SIA af Ks
Homer Cowar Sa	Ft Scott . Ks	The Western Ins Cos
Bill Mitchell	Hutchinson	HILIDINCE.
Martha Jenkins	lopeka	Speaker's Office
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attachment !

EXPLANATORY MEMORANDUM FOR LEGISLATIVE PROPOSAL NO. 1

This proposal increases the minimum financial requirements applicable to insurance companies doing business in this state. It proposes to increase the capital stock, surplus and deposit requirements for life insurance companies, including fraternals, by 100%. Property and casualty insurers, including the so-called "1027" companies are increased 50%. Though not scientifically measured or calculated, these increases will place Kansas requirements in the mainstream of those applying in the respective states. We will not be the highest or the lowest and we will be in roughly the same relative position as the preponderance of the states.

A "grandfather" provision has been inserted the effect of which will be as follows: Companies admitted or organized on and after January 1, 1984 must comply with the new requirements — Companies admitted after January 1, 1969 and prior to January 1, 1984 will have 5 years to comply — Companies doing business in Kansas on January 1, 1969 will have 5 years to meet the requirements in effect for all other companies prior to the passage of this act and another 5 years to meet the requirements of this proposal. By 1994, under this arrangement, all companies will be subject to the same financial requirements and the favored treatment currently accorded companies that were admitted on January 1, 1969 will be eliminated.

This proposal also eliminates the provisions requiring payment of duplicative admission and renewal fees for companies authorized to transact both life and health and accident insurance.

As an editorial change, this proposal eliminates the obsolete "special" provisions that were included for particular insurers.

Atch. 1

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF KANSAS:

Section 1. K.S.A. 40-401 is hereby amended to read as follows: 40-401. Any ten (10) or more persons, a majority of whom are citizens of this state, may associate in accordance with the provisions of this code and form an incorporated company, upon either the stock or mutual plan, to make insurance upon the lives of persons and every insurance appertaining thereto or connected therewith and to grant, purchase or dispose of annuities: Provided, That such companies may incorporate in their policies provisions for the waiver of premiums or for the granting of an annuity to the insured, or for special surrender values or other benefits, in the event that the insured shall from any cause become totally and permanently disabled, and any such company may provide for the payment of a larger sum if death is caused by accident than if it results from any other causes. For the purposes of this section, "totally and permanently disabled" shall mean disabled continuously for a period, such period to be specified in any such provision, of not less than sixty (60) days nor more than one (1) year, except this provision shall not apply to and specifically excludes group life insurance. Such company may make insurance on the health of individuals, against accidental personal injury, disablement or death, and against loss, liability or expense on account thereof; but such company so transacting such health and accident insurance business, or either kind, shall maintain statutory and separate reserves for such business, shall issue such contracts only in separate policies, shall pay separate admission and renewal fees and taxes, and shall make separate reports to the commissioner of insurance of the premiums received and expenses and losses incurred in connection with such business.

The business of life insurance in this state shall not be in any wise conducted or transacted by any company which in this state makes insurance on marine, fire, inland, or any other like risks: Provided, That life, health and accident insurance on the group or industrial plan may be combined in one policy, which shall show the premium charged for life insurance and the premium charged for health and accident insurance, and the assured, at his or her option, may discontinue either and by payment of the stated premium continue the other. The amount of capital stock of a company organized on the stock plan shall be not less than three hundred thousand dollars (\$300,000). six hundred thousand dollars (\$600,000).

Companies organized on the mutual plan shall be required to have applications from at least two hundred (200) persons for insurance upon their lives, aggregating not less than two hundred thousand dollars (\$200,000), four hundred thousand dollars (\$400,000), upon which one full annual premium in cash shall have been paid. No such company shall transact any business of insurance until, if a stock company, all the capital stock named in its charter has been paid in cash including all contributions to surplus to be made by the original purchasers of such stock: Provided, That such surplus shall be at least three hundred thousand dollars (\$300,000), six hundred thousand dollars (\$600,000), and at least two hundred thousand dollars (\$200,000), four hundred thousand dollars (\$400,000), in securities authorized by this code shall have been deposited with the state treasurer and commissioner of insurance as joint custodians, and if a mutual company a guaranty fund of at least six hundred thousand dollars (\$600,000), one million two hundred thousand dollars (\$1,200,000), and at least two hundred thousand dollars (\$200,000) four hundred thousand dollars (\$400,000) of which shall be in securities as authorized in this code and deposited with the state treasurer and commissioner of insurance as joint custodians. Said guaranty fund may be returned to the contributors thereto with interest at six percent (6%) per annum whenever the surplus shall equal the amount of such guaranty fund and interest, and no company shall transact any business of insurance unless it shall maintain the capital and/or surplus herein required of a company commencing to transact business, or, if a mutual company, the required number and amount of applications for insurance have been received and the annual premiums thereon collected in cash. Such securities deposited pursuant to this section shall be held by the state treasurer and commissioner of insurance as joint custodians in trust for the benefit and protection of the policyholders and/or creditors of the company depositing the same and may be withdrawn only upon order of the commissioner of insurance.

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Until May 1, 1989, life insurers, which phrase shall include a fraternal benefit society which has filed with the commissioner of insurance a plan for conversion to a stock or mutual life insurance company under the terms of K.S.A. 40-726 to 40-733, both inclusive, and which plan has been approved by the commissioner, which were authorized to do business in Kansas on subsequent to January 1, 1969, but prior to January 1, 1984, shall be required to have a paid-up capital stock, surplus and deposit equal to that which was required by this section prior to the passage of this act. After May 1, 1989, such companies shall comply with the paid-up capital stock, surplus and deposit requirements provided by this act.

Until May 1, 1989, companies doing business in this state on January 1, 1969 shall be required to have a paid-up capital stock, surplus and deposit equal to that required of such companies prior to the passage of this act. On and after May 1, 1989, companies doing business in this state on January 1, 1969 shall be required to have a paid-up capital stock, surplus and deposit equal to that required of all other companies to whom this section applies immediately prior to the passage of this act.

On and after May 1, 1994, companies doing business in this state on January 1, 1969 shall comply with the paid-up capital, surplus and deposit requirements provided

Sec. 2. K.S.A. 40-402 is hereby amended to read as follows: 40-402. It shall not be lawful for any life insurance company organized or incorporated under the laws of the United States or of any other state of the United States to transact business in this state unless, if a stock company, it shall have and maintain a paid-up capital stock of at least three hundred thousand dollars (\$300,000) six hundred thousand dollars (\$600,000) and a surplus of at least three hundred thousand dollars (\$300,000), six hundred thousand dollars (\$600,000), and shall have deposited two hundred thousand dollars (\$200,000), four hundred thousand dollars (\$400,000), or if a mutual company, a surplus of at least six hundred thousand dollars (\$600,000), one million two hundred thousand dollars (\$1,200,000), and shall have deposited two hundred thousand dollars (\$200,000) four hundred thousand dollars (\$400,000) in approved securities for the benefit of all of its policyholders and/or creditors with the commissioner, superintendent of insurance or chief financial officer of the state in which such company is incorporated, or, if such company is incorporated under the laws of the United States, with some financial officer of the United States; or if incorporated under the laws of any foreign government, such deposit shall be made with such an officer in any state of the United States: Provided, That any such company not having such deposit made in the state in which it is organized, or with some officer of the United States, shall make such deposit in this state in the manner and subject to the provisions relating to such companies organized under the laws of this state. Until May 1, 1989, life insurers which were authorized to do business in Kansas on subsequent to January 1, 1969, but prior to January 1, 1984, shall be required to have a paid-up stock, surplus and deposit equal to that which was required by this section prior to the passage of this act. After May 1, 1989, such companies shall comply with the paid-up capital stock, surplus and deposit requirements provided by this act.

Until May 1, 1989, companies doing business in this state on January 1, 1969 shall be required to have a paid-up capital stock, surplus and deposit equal to that required of such companies prior to the passage of this act. On and after May 1, 1989, companies doing business in this state on January 1, 1969 shall be required to have a paid-up capital stock, surplus and deposit equal to that required of all other companies to whom this section applies immediately prior to the passage of this act.

On and after May 1, 1994, companies doing business in this state on January 1, 1969 shall comply with the paid-up capital, surplus and deposit requirements provided by this act.

Sec. 3. K.S.A. 40-901 is hereby amended to read as follows: 40-901. It shall be lawful for any stock fire insurance company organized under the laws of this state, the United States, or any other country, state or territory, and authorized to transact business in this state, having a paid-up capital of not less than three hundred thousand dollars (\$300,000) four hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$450,000), and a surplus of two hundred thousand dollars (\$200,000), three hundred thousand dollars (\$300,000) and a deposit equal to the minimum capital stock to make contracts of insurance or to cede or receive reinsurance thereon, for such of the following kinds of business as are specified in its articles of incorporation, namely:

(a) To make insurance upon property or any valuable interest thereon against loss or damage caused by fire, lightning, or other electrical disturbances, earthquake, windstorm, cyclone, tornado, tempest, hail, frost, snow, ice, sleet, weather or climatic condition, including excess or deficiency of moisture, flood, rain, or drought, a rising of the waters of the ocean or its tributaries, bombardment, invasion, insurrection, riot, civil war or commotion, military or usurped power, explosion, other than the explosion of steam boilers, or the breaking of flywheels, against loss or damage from any cause to trees, crops and farm products.

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(b) To make insurance against loss or damage to property and against the liability of the insured for loss or damage to the property of others caused by water entering through leaks or openings in buildings or from the breakage or leakage of sprinklers, pumps, water pipes, plumbing and all tanks, apparatus, conduits and containers designated to bring water into buildings or for its storage or utilization therein, or caused by the falling of a tank, tank platform or supports, and against loss or damage from any cause to such sprinklers, pumps, water pipes, plumbing, tanks, apparatus, conduits or containers.

(c) To make insurance upon teams, automobiles and all vehicles, airplanes, seaplanes, dirigibles and other aircraft: (1) Against all loss or damage to the same, their fittings and contents from any cause, including the hazards of burglary, theft or other criminal act, vandalism or malicious mischief. (2) Against loss or damage to property, including legal liability therefor, caused by the operation, maintenance and

use of the same.

- (d) To make insurance against loss or damage to vessels, craft, aircraft, automobiles and vehicles of every kind (excluding automobiles operating under their own power or while in storage not incidental to transportation) as well as all goods, freights, cargoes, merchandise, effects, disbursements, profits, moneys, bullion, precious stones, securities, choses in action, evidence of debt, valuable papers, bottomry and respondentia interests, and all kinds of property and interests herein in respect to, pertaining to or in connection with any or all risks or perils of navigation, transit or transportation, including war risks, on or under any seas or waters, on land or in the air, or while being assembled, packed, crated, baled, compressed or similarly prepared for shipment or while awaiting the same, or during any delays, storage, transshipment or reshipment incidental thereto; including marine builders' risks and war risks; and from loss or damage to persons or property in connection with or appertaining to marine, inland marine, transit or transportation insurance, including loss or damage to either, arising out of or in connection with the construction, repair, operation, maintenance or use of the subject matter of such primary insurance (but not including life insurance or surety bonds), but except as herein specified shall not mean insurance against loss by reason of bodily injury to the person.
- (e) Against loss or damage to property from any casualty, power to insure against which is not prohibited by the laws of this state or exclusively delegated by

this code to any other class or kind of company.

(f) And against consequential loss or damage arising from any of the causes above enumerated.

(g) Against loss or damage to horses, cattle, other livestock and domestic animals by accident, theft or death, or against any known or contingent event whatever which may lawfully be the subject of insurance.

And generally to do and perform all other matters and things proper to promote these objects: Provided, That no such insurance company organized under the laws of this state transacting business in this state shall expose itself to loss on any one risk or hazard to an amount exceeding ten percent (10%) of its paid-up capital and surplus, unless the excess shall be reinsured in some other company duly authorized to transact similar business in this state or as otherwise provided in the insurance code, and no such insurance company not organized under the laws of this state and transacting business in this state shall expose itself to loss on any one risk or hazard to an amount exceeding ten percent (10%) of its paid-up capital and surplus unless the excess shall be reinsured either in some company duly authorized to transact similar business in this state or as provided by the laws of such company's domiciliary state: Provided, That any stock company with charter powers so to do, and having a paid-up capital stock of at least six hundred thousand dollars (\$600,000) nine hundred thousand dollars (\$900,000) and a surplus of at least four hundred thousand dollars (\$400,000), six hundred thousand dollars (\$600,000), may in addition to the kinds and classes of business mentioned in this section, transact the kinds and classes of business mentioned in K.S.A. 40-1102, including surety bonds and except as herein specified, insurance against loss by reason of bodily injuries as provided for in said K.S.A. 40-1102, and shall maintain all reserves required by law for the kinds and class of business transacted: Provided further, Any such company executing suretyship obligations shall be subject to the provisions of K.S.A. 40-1107. Until May 1, 1989, stock insurers which were authorized to transact business in Kansas on subsequent to January 1, 1969, but prior to January 1, 1984, shall be required to have paid-up capital stock, surplus, and deposits equal to that which was required by this section prior to the passage of this act: Provided, That stock fire insurers, which were authorized to do business in Kansas on January 1, 1970, solely to issue policies under only one (1) subdivision of this section, may issue policies under subdivisions (a) to (g), inclusive, of this section and may, in addition, engage in reinsurance transactions as respects the kinds and classes of business mentioned in K.S.A. 40-1102, when such insurer is possessed of a paid-up capital of two hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$250,000) and a surplus of one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000): Provided, That, except as otherwise provided, any stock

company which was authorized to do business in Kansas on January 1, 1965, shall be required to have a paid-up capital stock and surplus equal to that required by this section on January 1, 1965, and after May 1, 1970, such company shall comply with the paid-up capital stock and surplus requirements provided by this act: Provided further, That any stock company incorporated under the laws of this state on December 21, 1961, which was authorized to do business in Kansas on January 1, 1965, shall be required to have a paid-up capital stock and surplus equal to that required by this section on January 1, 1965, and after May 1, 1975, such company shall comply with the paid-up capital stock and surplus requirements provided by this act. After May 1, 1989, such companies shall comply with the paid-up capital stock, surplus and deposit requirements provided by this act.

Until May 1, 1989, companies doing business in this state on January 1, 1969 shall be required to have a paid-up capital stock, surplus and deposit equal to that required of such companies prior to the passage of this act. On and after May 1, 1989, companies doing business in this state on January 1, 1969 shall be required to have a paid-up capital stock, surplus and deposit equal to that required of all other companies

to whom this section applies immediately prior to the passage of this act.

On and after May 1, 1994, companies doing business in this state on January 1, shall comply with the paid-up capital, surplus and deposit requirements provided

by this act.

Sec. 4. K.S.A. 40-1027 is hereby amended to read as follows: 40-1027. (a) Any insurance company organized and existing as a mutual fire and tornado insurance company of the state of Kansas, and having a bona fide net surplus of three hundred thousand dollars (\$300,000), four hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$450,000), and having deposited with the commissioner of insurance lawful securities for the protection of its policyholders and/or creditors, in the amount of one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000), one hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$150,000), shall have the authority and right to make and issue contracts of insurance or to cede or accept reinsurance on any portion of any risk for the following kinds of insurance, namely:

(1) To make insurance upon property or any valuable interest therein against loss or damage caused by fire, lightning or other electrical disturbances, earthquake, windstorm, cyclone, tornado, tempest, hail, frost, snow, ice, sleet, weather or climatic condition, including excess or deficiency of moisture, flood, rain, or drought; a rising of the waters of the ocean or its tributaries, bombardment, invasion, insurrection, riot, civil war or commotion, military or usurped power, explosion, other than the explosion of steam boilers, or the breaking of flywheels; against loss or damage from any cause

to trees, crops and farm products.

(2) To make insurance against loss or damage to property and against the liability of the insured for loss or damage to the property of others caused by water entering through leaks or openings in buildings or from the breakage or leakage of sprinklers, pumps, water pipes, plumbing and all tanks, apparatus, conduits and containers designated to bring water into buildings or for its storage or utilization therein; or caused by the falling of a tank, tank platform or supports, and against loss or damage from any cause to such sprinklers, pumps, water pipes, plumbing, tanks, apparatus, conduits or containers.

(3) And against consequential loss or damage arising from any of the causes above enumerated. And generally to do and perform all other matters and things proper to promote these objects. It shall be requisite to so acting, for its board of directors to authorize the same by the affirmative vote of at least two-thirds (2/3) of its membership. Any company having taken action as herein provided shall certify such action to the commissioner of insurance, together with a statement showing its financial status and a net surplus sufficient to warrant such action. Any company operating hereunder shall maintain unearned premium reserves equal to a pro rata amount of the premiums received on all unexpired risks and such unearned premium reserves shall be held and regarded as an absolute liability of the company. For the purpose of this section the unearned premium reserve for policies written on the note plan shall be determined by the amount of cash collected on said notes in excess of the percentage earned on policies written for a cash premium. Until May 1, 1989 Such companies which were authorized to transact business in Kansas on January 1, 1969, 1984, shall be required to have surplus and deposit equal to that which was required by this section prior to the passage of this act.

(b) Any insurance company organized and existing as a mutual fire and tornado insurance company of the state of Kansas shall have the authority and right to make and issue contracts of insurance in addition to those specified in subsection (a) of this section, which include such amount and kind of insurance against legal liability for injury, damage or loss to the person or property of others, and for medical, hospital, and surgical expense related to such injury, as the commissioner of insurance deems to be reasonably incidental to insurance of real or personal property against fire or other perils under policies covering residential properties involving not more than two (2) with or without incidental office, professional, private school or studio occupancy by

an insured, whether or not the premium or rate charged for certain perils so covered is Any provision of K.S.A. 40-1016, to the contrary specified in the policy. Any provision of K.S.A. 40-1016, to the contrary notwithstanding: (i) No insurer having a bona fide net surplus of at least four hundred thousand dollars (\$400,000) six hundred thousand dollars (\$600,000) but less than one million dollars (\$1,000,000) one million five hundred thousand dollars (\$1,500,000)authorized as to property insurance only shall, pursuant to this subsection (b), retain risk as to any one subject of insurance as to hazards other than property insurance hazards in an amount exceeding three percent (3%) of its surplus to policyholders; and (ii) no insurer having a bona fide net surplus of less than four hundred thousand dollars-(\$400,000) six hundred thousand dollars (\$600,000) authorized as to property insurance only shall, pursuant to this subsection, retain any risk other than property insurance hazards, and all such companies shall reinsure all such risks as to hazards other than property insurance hazards. Until May 1, 1989 such companies which were authorized to transact business in Kansas on January 1, 1969, 1984, shall be required to have surplus and deposit equal to that which was required by this section prior to the passage of this act. After May 1, 1989, such companies shall comply with the paid-up capital stock, surplus and deposit requirements provided by this act.

Until May 1, 1989, companies doing business in this state on January 1, 1969 shall be required to have a paid-up capital stock, surplus and deposit equal to that required of such companies prior to the passage of this act. On and after May 1, 1989, companies doing business in this state on January 1, 1969 shall be required to have a paid-up capital stock, surplus and deposit equal to that required of all other companies

to whom this section applies immediately prior to the passage of this act.

On and after May 1, 1994, companies doing business in this state on January 1, 1969 shall comply with the paid-up capital, surplus and deposit requirements provided by this act.

- Sec. 5. K.S.A. 40-1102 is hereby amended to read as follows: 40-1102. Any insurance company, other than a life insurance company, organized under the laws of this state or authorized to transact business in this state may make all or any one or more of the kinds of insurance and reinsurance comprised in any one of the following numbered classes, subject to and in accordance with its articles of incorporation and the provisions of this code.
- (1) (a) To insure against bodily injury or death by accident and against disablement resulting from sickness and every insurance appertaining thereto.
- (b) To insure against the liability of the insured for the death or disability of or damages suffered by an employee or other person, and to insure the obligations accepted by or imposed upon employers under the laws for workmen's compensation.
- (c) To insure against loss of or damage to, or destruction of property of the insured, or to the property interests of the insured, and to insure against such loss or damage to the property of others or to the property interests of others, for which loss or damage the insured may be liable.
- (d) To become surety or guarantor for any person, copartnership or corporation in any position or place of trust or as custodian of money or property, public or private; to be come a surety or guarantor for the performance by any person, copartnership or corporation of any lawful obligation, undertaking, agreement or contract of any kind, except contracts or policies of insurance.
- (e) To insure titles to property and against loss by reason of defective titles or encumbrances.
- (f) To insure the correctness of searches for all instruments, liens, and charges affecting property.

(g) To insure against loss by reason of the insufficiency of the security conveyed

or pledged under mortgage or deed of trust.

- (h) To insure the payment of bonds and notes secured by mortgages or deeds of trust, and to buy and sell mortgages or deeds of trust upon real property and interest therein.
- (i) To insure against loss or damage which may result from the failure of debtors to pay their obligations to the insured, and including the incidental power to acquire and dispose of debts so insured, and to collect any debts owed to such insurer or to any person so insured by him.
- (j) To insure the payment of money for personal services under contracts of
- hiring.

 (k) To make inspections of and issue certificates of inspections upon elevators, boilers, machinery, and all mechanical apparatus and appliances appertaining thereto.
- (i) To insure against loss of use or occupancy caused by or resulting from any of the risks comprised within this class.
- (m) To insure against liability, loss or damage from any other risk, hazard, or contingency which may lawfully be the subject of insurance, and specific authority for the transaction of which has not been exclusively delegated to any other class or kind of company: Provided, That any company writing insurance against the loss or damage caused by fire, lightning, or by the perils of either marine or inland navigation or transportation, to buildings or other structures erected upon land, to piers, wharves,

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405 406 bulkheads, warehouses, marine vessels, railroad engines, rolling stock or equipment of railroads, or carrying charges for shipments of freight shall have a paid-up capital stock of at least six hundred thousand dollars (\$600,000), nine hundred thousand dollars (\$900,000), a surplus of at least four hundred thousand dollars (\$400,000), six hundred thousand dollars (\$600,000), and shall have deposited, for the protection of its policyholders and/or creditors, with the state treasurer and commissioner of insurance as joint custodians securities authorized by K.S.A. 40-227 in an amount equal to not less than the minimum capital stock required by such a company, and shall maintain all reserves required by law for the kinds and classes of business transacted. The deposit required by this section for insurance companies not organized under the laws of this state may be deposited as provided herein or with the insurance department of any other state in the United States: Provided, Until May 1, 1989 insurers which were authorized to transact business in Kansas-on subsequent to January 1, 1969, but prior to January 1, 1984, shall be required to have paid-up capital stock, surplus, and deposits equal to that which was required by this section prior to the passage of this act: Provided further, That, except as otherwise provided, any stock company which was authorized to do business in Kansas on January 1, 1965, shall be required to have a paid-up capital stock and surplus equal to that required by this section on January 1, 1965, and after May 1, 1970, such company shall comply with the paid-up capital stock and surplus requirements provided by this act: Provided further, That any stock company incorporated under the laws of this state on December 21, 1961, which was authorized to do business in Kansas on January 1, 1965, shall be required to have a paid-up capital stock and surplus equal to that required by this section on January 1, 1965, and after May 1, 1975, such company shall comply with the paid up capital stock After May 1, 1989, such companies and surplus requirements provided by this act. shall comply with the paidup capital stock, surplus and deposit requirements provided

Until May 1, 1989, companies doing business in this state on January 1, 1969 shall be required to have a paid-up capital stock, surplus and deposit equal to that required of such companies prior to the passage of this act. On and after May 1, 1989, companies doing business in this state on January 1, 1969 shall be required to have a paid-up capital stock, surplus and deposit equal to that required of all other companies to whom this section applies immediately prior to the passage of this act.

On and after May 1, 1994, companies doing business in this state on January 1, 1969 shall comply with the paid-up capital, surplus and deposit requirements provided by this act.

Sec. 6. K.S.A. 40-1103 is hereby amended to read as follows: 40-1103. No insurance company hereafter organized under the laws of this state shall be authorized to commence the transaction of either of the numbered classes of business specified in K.S.A. 40-1102 in this state unless it has a capital stock of at least three hundred thousand dollars (\$300,000) four hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$450,000) and a surplus of at least two hundred thousand dollars (\$200,000) three hundred thousand dollars of at least two hundred thousand dollars (\$200,000), three hundred thousand dollars (\$300,000), both fully paid in cash, and shall have deposited with the state treasurer and commissioner of insurance as joint custodians securities authorized by K.S.A. 40-227 40-2a01 et seq. in an amount equal to not less than the minimum capital stock the protection of its policyholders and/or required of such company for the protection of its policyholders and/or creditors: Provided, That stock fire insurers, which were authorized to do business in Kansas on January 1, 1970, solely to issue policies under only (one) (1) subdivision of K.S.A. 40-901, may engage in reinsurance transactions as respects the kinds and classes of insurance specified in K.S.A. 40-1102 when such insurer is possessed of a paid-up capital of two hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$250,000) and a surplus of one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000): Provided further, Such Until May 1, 1984 companies which were authorized to transact business in Kansas on subsequent to January 1, 1969, but prior to January 1, 1984 shall be required to have paid-up capital stock, surplus, and deposits equal to that which was required by this section prior to the passage of this act: Provided further, That, except as otherwise provided, any stock company which was authorized to do business in Kansas on January 1, 1965, shall be required to have a paid-up capital stock and surplus equal to that required by this section on January 1, 1965, and after May 1, 1970, such company shall comply with the paid-up capital stock and surplus requirements provided by this act: And provided further, That any stock company incorporated under the laws of this state on December 21, 1961, which was authorized to do business in Kansas on January 1, 1965, shall be required to have paid-up capital stock and surplus equal to that required by this section on January 1, 1965, and after May 1, 1975, such company shall comply with the paid-up capital stock and surplus requirements provided by this act. May 1, 1989, such companies shall comply with the paid-up capital stock, surplus and deposit requirements provided by this act.

Until May 1, 1989, companies doing business in this state on January 1, 1969 shall be required to have a paid-up capital stock, surplus and deposit equal to that required of such companies prior to the passage of this act. On and after May 1, 1989,

companies doing business in this state on January 1, 1969 shall be required to have a paid-up capital stock, surplus and deposit equal to that required of all other companies to whom this section applies immediately prior to the passage of this act.

On and after May 1, 1994, companies doing business in this state on January 1, 1969 shall comply with the paid-up capital, surplus and deposit requirements provided

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475 476 by this act.

Sec. 7. K.S.A. 40-1104 is hereby amended to read as follows: 40-1104. Except as authorized in K.S.A. 40-209, 40-401, and 40-501, no insurance company organized under the laws of any other state, district, territory or possession of the United States shall hereafter transact any of the kinds or classes of business specified in K.S.A. 40-1102 in this state unless at the time of its application to transact such business in this state it has a capital, and surplus and deposits equal to that required of a similar domestic insurance company. Such Until May 1, 1989 companies which were authorized to do business in Kansas on subsequent to January 1, 1969, but prior to January 1, 1984 shall be required to have capital stock, surplus and deposits equal to that required by this section prior to the passage of this act. After May 1, 1989, such companies shall comply with the paid-up capital stock, surplus and deposit requirements provided by this act.

Until May 1, 1989, companies doing business in this state on January 1, 1969 shall be required to have a paid-up capital stock, surplus and deposit equal to that required of such companies prior to the passage of this act. On and after May 1, 1989, companies doing business in this state on January 1, 1969 shall be required to have a paid-up capital stock, surplus and deposit equal to that required of all other companies

to whom this section applies immediately prior to the passage of this act.

On and after May 1, 1994, companies doing business in this state on January 1, 1969 shall comply with the paid-up capital, surplus and deposit requirements provided by this act. No insurance company organized under the laws of a country other than the United States shall hereafter be authorized to transact such business in this state unless it shall satisfy the commissioner of insurance of this state that it has on deposit with American trustees, or with the proper officer or officers of a state or states of the United States, or both, satisfactory securities equal in value to the total of the capital and surplus required of a similar domestic insurance company, and that such securities are held in trust for the fulfillment by said company of all its obligations within the United States. Every such foreign insurance company, when applying for admission to transact business in this state, shall file with the commissioner of insurance (1) a copy of its charter or deed of trust or settlement and bylaws; (2) a verified detailed statement of all the items, matter and other information in regard to its affairs required by law to be stated in the annual report of a similar domestic insurance company.

Sec. 8. K.S.A. 40-1204 is hereby amended to read as follows: 40-1204. The commissioner of insurance shall issue a certificate of authority to such company, when

it has fully complied with the following conditions:

(a) It shall hold bona fide applications for insurance upon which it shall issue simultaneously, or it shall have in force, at least two hundred (200) policies to at least two hundred (200) members for the same kind of insurance upon not less than two hundred (200) separate risks of any single class each within the maximum single risk described herein.

(b) No such insurance company organized under the laws of this state and transacting business in this state shall expose itself to loss on any one risk or hazard to an amount exceeding ten percent (10%) of its surplus unless the excess shall be reinsured in some other company duly authorized to transact similar business in this state or as otherwise provided in the insurance code and no such insurance company not organized under the laws of this state and transacting business in this state shall expose itself to loss on any one risk or hazard to an amount exceeding ten percent (10%) of its surplus unless the excess shall be reinsured either in some company duly authorized to transact similar business in this state or as provided by the laws of such company's domiciliary state.

(c) It shall have collected the full consideration according to its filed rate on each contract applied for. The total of such considerations shall be held in cash or securities in which such insurance companies are authorized by law to invest, and it shall be in the possession of a residue of lawful assets over and above all liabilities in an amount not less than the capital and surplus required of a domestic stock insurance company transacting the same kinds of insurance. Such company shall deposit with the state treasurer and commissioner of insurance as joint custodians lawful securities in an amount equal to not less than the minimum capital stock required of a domestic

stock insurance company transacting the same kinds of insurance.

(d) Such Until May 1, 1989, companies which were authorized to do business in Kansas on subsequent to January 1, 1969, but prior to January 1, 1984, shall be required to have surplus and deposits that are equal to that which was required by section (c) prior to the passage of this act.

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533 534 (e) For the purpose of transacting employer's liability and workmen's compensation insurance, the application shall cover not less than one thousand five hundred (1,500) employees, each such employee being considered a separate risk for determining the maximum single risk. After May 1, 1989, such companies shall comply with the surplus and deposit requirements provided by this act.

Until May 1, 1989, companies doing business in this state on January 1, 1969 shall be required to have a surplus and deposit equal to that required of such companies prior to the passage of this act. On and after May 1, 1989, companies doing business in this state on January 1, 1969 shall be required to have a surplus and deposit equal to that required of all other companies to whom this section applies immediately prior to the passage of this act.

On and after May 1, 1994, companies doing business in this state on January 1,

1969 shall comply with the surplus and deposit requirements provided by this act.

Sec. 9. K.S.A. 40-1210 is hereby amended to read as follows: 40-1210. Any such mutual insurance company organized under the laws of any other country, state or territory, having a surplus and deposit equal to the surplus that required of a domestic company writing the same kind of business and being in possession of total assets of not less than one hundred thousand dollars, and having complied with the other requirements of this code, shall be authorized to transact business in this state; _ to the extent and with the powers and privileges specified in this article: Provided, That in the case of companies writing public liability and property damage insurance on taxicabs and on trucks and buses licensed by the state corporation commission shall be in possession of a surplus of not less than two hundred thousand dollars.

Sec. 10. K.S.A. 40-1605 is hereby amended to read as follows: 40-1605. There shall be maintained at all times, unearned premiums or reserves, in cash or securities authorized by the laws of the state in which the principal office of the attorney is located, for the investment of similar funds of insurance companies doing the same kind of business, in an amount equal to a pro rata amount of the premium or deposits collected from subscribers on all unexpired risks. In addition to the assets previously provided in this section there shall also be maintained as a claim or loss reserve, cash or such securities sufficient to discharge all liability on all outstanding losses arising under policies issued, the same to be calculated in accordance with the laws of the state relating to similar reserves for companies insuring similar risks. Any reciprocal exchange shall have and maintain a surplus equal to the capital and surplus required of a domestic stock insurance company transacting the same kinds of insurance and may provide for the issuance of a nonassessable policy. Any reciprocal exchange issuing nonassessable policies shall have lawful securities on deposit, for the protection of all subscribers and/or creditors of the exchange, with the department of insurance of this or any other state in the United States in an amount equal to the minimum capital stock required of a domestic stock insurance company transacting the same kinds of insurance. Such Until May 1, 1989, companies which were authorized to do business in Kansas on subsequent to January 1, 1969, but prior to January 1, 1984, shall be required to have surplus and deposit equal to that which was required by this section prior to the passage of this act. After May 1, 1989, such companies shall comply with the paid-up capital stock, surplus and deposit requirements provided by this act.

Until May 1, 1989, companies doing business in this state on January 1, 1969 shall be required to have a surplus and deposit equal to that required of such companies prior to the passage of this act. On and after May 1, 1989, companies doing business in this state on January 1, 1969 shall be required to have a surplus and deposit equal to that required of all other companies to whom this section applies immediately prior to the passage of this act.

On and after May 1, 1994, companies doing business in this state on January 1, 1969 shall comply with the surplus and deposit requirements provided by this act. No reciprocal exchange shall issue any assessable insurance policies.

Sec. 11. K.S.A. 40-401, 40-402, 40-901, 40-1027, 40-1102, 40-1103, 40-1104, 40-1204, 40-1210 and 40-1605 are hereby repealed.

Sec. 12. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its publication in the statute book.

EXPLANATORY MEMORANDUM FOR LEGISLATIVE PROPOSAL NO. 2

This proposal amends House Bill No. 2247 to meet the objections raised by Prime Health of Kansas City and Family Health Plan of Newton during the 1983 legislative session.

Specifically, Prime Health was concerned because the original bill did not accommodate a situation where an HMO does business in more than one state. As a result, since Prime Health is domiciled in Missouri and also does business in Kansas and since the Missouri deposit law was already in place or about to be enacted, it appeared Prime Health would be subject to duplicative deposit requirements. Consequently, the amendment following line 91 will permit us to recognize deposits in other states to the extent they are for the benefit of Kansas enrollees. (According to the Missouri department, the deposit they hold is calculated only on Missouri business and is held for the protection of Missouri enrollees. Thus, if the bill is enacted with this amendment, Prime Health would be required to make a deposit with two different states but they would not be duplicative in amount or purpose.)

Family Health Plan's concern was less complex in that the minimum \$100,000 deposit required under the original bill far exceeded the uncovered expenditures of the HMO. Further, the organization simply did not have assets of that magnitude available for deposit. As a result, the purpose of the deposit requirements was re-examined and it was concluded that the "uncovered expenditures" were really what creates the need for some type of reserve or deposit. Accordingly, \$10,000 has been substituted for \$100,000 as the minimum amount but the deposit required in relation to the "uncovered expenditures" has not been changed from that included in the NAIC's model bill.

The other significant amendment consists of eliminating subsection (h) of Sec. 2. This subsection would require the existence of a \$100,000 capital account for all new HMO's. Such a requirement would discourage the formation of HMO's without greatly enhancing financial solidity.

The other amendments are primarily editorial in nature and are designed to clarify the law or facilitate its administration. A brief explanation of these amendments follows:

Page 1, line 21 -- Adds a definition of "uncovered expenditures"

Page 1, line 34 -- Substitutes \$10,000 for \$100,000 for reasons previously discussed.

Pages 1 & 2, lines 44 & 45 -- See above plus removes the language regarding the implementation time. This need is accommodated in the effective date section.

Page 2, lines 46, 48 & 50 -- Delete reference to "fiscal" year. Since the annual statements are on a calendar year basis and since the fiscal year of each HMO may be different, the designation of fiscal year is removed simply to provide latitude which will permit the administratively best period to evolve.

Page 2, line 69 -- Delete reference to "organization-related" because it was an undefined term which created an unnecessary vagary.

Page 2, lines 72 through 77 -- This paragraph was deleted because it "capped" the deposit in an unrealistic fashion as far as enrollees are concerned. For example, a deposit equal to the capital and surplus of a casualty company could be accumulated and yet be of no value to enrollees because it would bear no relationship to actual net worth. To use this as the basis for capping a deposit would be contrary to the purpose of the legislation.

Page 3, line 91 -- This accommodates the multiple state concern previously addressed.

Page 3, line 118 -- This establishes an effective date of April 1, 1985. This advance date will permit the initial and succeeding deposits to be calculated on the basis of the most current information available on an annual basis.

LEGISLATIVE PROPOSAL NO. 2 (Amendment to House Bill No. 2247 (1983))

Amend House Bill No. 2247.

On page 1, line 21 by adding a different Section 1 which amends K.S.A. 40-3202 to include a definition of uncovered expenditures which reads as follows, "Uncovered expenditures' means the costs of health care services that are covered by a health maintenance organization, for which an enrollee would also be liable in the event of the organization's insolvency as determined by the commissioner from the latest annual statement filed pursuant to K.S.A. 40-3220", and renumbering the current sections accordingly;

On page 1, line 27 by adding the phrase, "for the payment of uncovered expenditures.";

On page 1, line 34 by substituting "\$10,000" for "\$100,000";

On page 1, line 44 and on page 2, line 45 by substituting "\$10,000" for "\$100,000" and deleting the remaining language;

On page 2, lines 46, 48 and 50 by deleting the word "fiscal";

On page 2, line 69 by deleting the term "organization-related";

On page 2, lines 72 through 77 by deleting the entire paragraph;

On page 3, line 91 by adding the phrase, "set forth in Article 11, Chapter 40, Kansas Statutes Annotated" immediately following the word, "requirements";

On page 3, line 91 by adding the following sentence, "The deposit requirements imposed by this act shall not apply to health maintenance organizations not organized under the laws of this state to the extent an amount equal to or exceeding that required by this act has been deposited with an organization or trustee acceptable to the department of insurance of its state of domicile for the benefit of Kansas enrollees.";

On page 3, lines 110 through 116 by deleting the entire subsection.

On page 3, line 118 by changing the effective date from "January 1, 1984" to "April 1, 1985"; and

In the title by adding "amending K.S.A. 40-3202 and repealing the existing section".

HOUSE BILL No. 2247

By Committee on Insurance

(By Request)

2-8

0018 AN ACT relating to health maintenance organizations; protection against insolvency; requirements.

0020 Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

Section 4- (a) Unless otherwise provided below, each health maintenance organization doing business in this state shall deposit with any organization or trustee acceptable to the commissioner through which a custodial or controlled account is utilized, cash, securities or any combination of these or other measures that are acceptable in the amount set forth in this sections for the payment of uncovered expenditures.

- (6)28 (b) The amount for an organization that is beginning opera-(2) tion shall be the greater of: (1) Five percent of its estimated (6)30 expenditures for health care services for its first year of opera-(6)31 tion; or
 - 2 (2) twice it: estimated average monthly uncovered expenditures for its first year or open trens or
 - o: (3) -5-PMH-43-E

At the beginning of each succeeding year, unless not applica-0036 ble, the organization shall deposit with the organization or 1037 trustee, each, securities or any combination of these or other 1038 measures acceptable to the commissioner, in an amount equal to 1039 4% of its estimated annual uncovered expenditures for that year.

- (c) Unless not applicable, an organization that is in operation to the effective date of this act shall make a deposit equal to the larger of: (1) One percent of the preceding 12 months' uncovered expenditures; or
 - 14 (2) \$100,000 on the first day of the first fiscal year beginning

_amending K.S.A. 40-3202 and repealing the existing section

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Section 1. K.S.A. 40-3202 is hereby amended to read as follows: 40-3202. Definitions. As used in this act: (a) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of insurance.

(b) "Basic health care services" means but is not limited to usual physician, hospitalization, laboratory, x-ray, emergency and preventive services and out-of-area coverage.

(c) "Director" means the secretary of health and environment.

(d) "Enrollee" means a person who has entered into a contractual arrangement or on whose behalf a contractual arrangement has been entered into with a health maintenance organization for health care services.

(e) "Mealth care services" means basic health care services and other services, medical equipment and supplies which may include, but are not limited to, medical, surgical and dental care; psychological, obstetrical, osteopathic, optometric, optic, podiatric, numbian, physical therity services, chiropractic services and pharamaceutical cervices; may be education, preventive medical, rehabilitative and home health services; inpatient and outpatient hospital services, extended care, nursing home care convalescent institutional care, laboratory and ambulance services, appliances, drugs, medicines and supplies; and any other care, service or treatment for the prevention, control, or elimination of disease, the correction of defects, or the maintenance of the physical or mental well-being of human beings.

(f) "Health maintenance organization" means an organization which:

(1) Provides or otherwise makes available to enrollees health care services, including at a minimum those basic health care services which are determined by the commissioner to be generally available on an insured or prepaid basis in the geographic area served;

(2) is compensated, except for reasonable copayments, for the provision of basic health care services to enrollees solely on a predetermined periodic rate basis;

(3) provides physician services directly through physicians who are either employees or partners of such organization or under arrangements with a physician or any group of

15 six months or more after the effective date of this act.

In the second fiscal year, if applicable, the amount of the additional deposit shall be equal to 2% of its estimated annual 0048 uncovered expenditures. In the third fiscal year, if applicable, the additional deposit shall be equal to 3% of its estimated; annual uncovered expenditures for that year. In the fourth fiveal year and subsequent years, if applicable, the additional deposit shall be equal to 4% of its estimated annual uncovered expendi-6053 tures for each year. Each year's estimate, after the first year of (a5) operation, shall reasonably reflect the prior year's operating 2255 experience and delivery arrangements.

- (d) The commissioner may waive any of the deposit requirements set forth in subsections (b) and (c) whenever satisfied that: 6053 (1) The organization has sufficient net worth and an adequate 6650 history of generating net income to assure its financial viability for the next year; or (2) the organization's performance and obligations are guaranteed by an organization with sufficient net 663 worth and an adequate history of generating net income; or (3) 0003 the assets of the organization or its contracts with insurers, 0064 hospital or medical service corporations, governments or other: 665 organizations are reasonably sufficient to assure the performance 0066 of its obligations.
- (e) When an organization has achieved a net worth not including land, buildings and equipment of at least \$1,000,000 or (8)69 has achieved a net worth including organization-related land. 10070 buildings and equipment of at least \$5,000,000, the annual deposit requirement shall not apply.

The annual deposit requirement shall not upde to an organic zation if the total amount of the accumulated deposit is equal to calendar year, or the capital and surplus requirements for the formation for admittance of an accident and health incurarin this states whichever is less.

If the organization has a guaranteeing organization which has been in operation for at least five years and has a net worth not including land, buildings and equipment of at least \$1,000,000 or 381 which has been in operation for at least 10 years and has a net physicians or under arrangements as an independent contractor with a physician or any group of physicians:

(4) is responsible for the availability, accessibility and quality of the health care services provided or made available.

(g) "Person" means any natural or artificial person including but not limited to individuals, partnerships, associations, trusts or corporations.

(h) "Provider" means any physician, hospital or other person which is licensed or

otherwise authorized in this state to furnish health care services.

(i) "Uncovered expenditures" means the costs of health care services that are covered by a health maintenance organization, for which an enrollee would also be liable in the event of the organization's insolvency as determined by the commissioner from the latest annual statement filed pursuant to K.S.A. 40-3220.

worth including organization-related land, buildings and equipment of at least \$5,000,000, the annual deposit requirement shall not apply. If the guaranteeing organization is sponsoring more than one organization, the net worth requirement shall be increased by a multiple equal to the number of such organizations. This requirement to maintain a deposit in excess of the deposit required of an accident and health insurer shall not apply during any time that the guaranteeing organization maintains for each organization it sponsors a net worth at least equal to the capital and surplus requirements for an accident and health insurer.

- (f) All income from deposits shall belong to the depositing organization and shall be paid to it as it becomes available. A health maintenance organization that has made a securities deposit may withdraw that deposit or any part thereof after making a substitute deposit of cash, securities or any combination of these or other measures of equal amount and value. Any securities shall be approved by the commissioner before being substicuted.
- (g) In any year in which an annual deposit is not required of an organization, at the organization's request the commissioner shall reduce the required, previously accumulated deposit by 3100,000 for each \$250,000 of net worth in excess of the amount that allows the organization not to make the annual deposit. If the amount of net worth no longer supports a reduction of its required deposit, the organization shall immediately redeposit \$100,000 for each \$250,000 of reduction in net worth, provided that its total deposit shall not exceed the maximum required under this section.
- (h) Each health-maintenance organization that obtains a certificate of authority after the effective date of this act shall have
 and maintain a capital account of at least \$100,000 in addition to
 any deposit requirements under this section. The capital account
 shall be not of any account liabilities and be in the form of each,
 securities or any combination of these or other measures accept
 only able to the commissions.
- offer January 1, 1984; and its publication in the statute book.

set forth in Article 11, Chapter 40, Kansas Statutes Annotated

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The deposit requirements imposed by this act shall not apply to health maintenance organizations not organized under the laws of this state to the extent an amount equal to or exceeding that required by this act has been deposited with an organization or trustee acceptable to the department of insurance of its state of domicile for the benefit of Kansas enrollees.

EXPLANATORY MEMORANDUM FOR LEGISLATIVE PROPOSAL NO. 3

This proposal eliminates the requirement to conduct an examination of an insurance company at a specified periodic interval. In addition, this proposal permits the commissioner to waive or defer the costs of an examination. This waiver or deferment would be utilized at any time an insurer's financial condition seems to warrant an examination yet the costs of the examination to the company discourage an examination at the time it is most needed. Should the examination reveal that the financial condition of the company was sound, the costs of the examination would then be assessed. Funds to permit this latitude would be accumulated as a part of the "normal" costs of examination. By eliminating the periodic examination requirement and providing this latitude, examinations can be conducted purely on the basis of need thereby enhancing the efficiency and effectiveness of examination resources while at the same time improving the ability to regulate for solvency.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF KANSAS:

Section 1. K.S.A. 40-222 is hereby amended to read as follows: 40-222. Whenever the commissioner of insurance shall deem it necessary he or she may make, or direct to be made, an examination of the affairs and financial condition of any insurance company in the process of organization, or applying for admission or doing business in this state. For the purpose of such examination the commissioner of insurance, or the persons appointed by him or her, for the purpose of making such examination shall have free access to the books and papers of any such company that relate to its business and to the books and papers kept by any of its agents and may examine under oath, which he, she or they are hereby empowered to administer, the directors, officers, agents or employees of any such company in relation to its affairs, transactions and condition. The commissioner shall examine every insurance company organized under the laws of this state at least once in three (3) years. The commissioner shall also examine every foreign insurance company-doing business in this state at least once in five (5) years unless in the opinion of the commissioner an independent or external audit of such insurance companies' financial condition and affairs obviates the need for such examination. In lieu of examining a foreign insurance company, the commissioner of insurance may accept the report of the examination made by or upon the authority of the supervising insurance official of any other state.

Whenever it appears to the commissioner of insurance from such examination or other satisfactory evidence that the solvency of any such insurance company is impaired, or that it is doing business in violation of any of the laws of this state, or that its affairs are in an unsound condition so as to endanger its policyholders, the commissioner of insurance shall, before filing such report or making the same public, grant such company upon reasonable notice, a hearing, and, if on such hearing the report be confirmed, the commissioner shall suspend the certificate of authority of such company until its solvency shall have been fully restored and the laws of the state fully complied with; and the commissioner may, if there is an unreasonable delay in restoring the solvency of such company and in complying with the law, revoke the certificate of authority of such company to do business in this state. Upon revoking any such certificate the commissioner may communicate the fact to the attorney general, whose duty it shall be to commence and prosecute an action in the proper court to dissolve such company or to enjoin the same from doing or transacting business in this state.

Sec. 2. K.S.A. 40-223 is hereby amended to read as follows: 40-223. Any person or persons who shall make any examination under the provisions of this act, except as provided in K.S.A. 40-110 and 40-253, may receive, as full compensation for such person's services, on a per diem basis an amount fixed by the commissioner, which shall not exceed the amount recommended by the national association of insurance commissioners, for such time necessarily and actually occupied in going to and returning from the place of such examination and for such time the examiner is necessarily and actually engaged in making such examination including any day within the regular work week when the examiner would have been so engaged had the company or society been open for business, together with such necessary and actual expenses for traveling and subsistence as the examiner shall incur and on account of the performance of such services. For the purposes of this act, "necessary and actual expenses" shall be limited, whether for travel within the state or travel outside the state, to those limitations expressed in K.S.A. 1980 Supp. 75-3207 which pertain to official travel outside the state. The daily charge shall be calculated by dividing the amount the examiner is authorized by the commissioner of insurance to charge per week by the number of days in the regular work week of the company or society being examined.

Unless waived or deferred by the commissioner, all of said compensation, expenses, the employer's share of the federal insurance contributions act taxes, the employer's contribution to the Kansas public employees retirement system as provided in K.S.A. 74-4920, the self-insurance assessment for the workmen's compensation act as provided in K.S.A. 44-576, the single member premium under the group health insurance plan as provided in K.S.A. 1980 Supp. 75-4110 and 75-4113 and acts

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 amendatory thereof or supplemental thereto, and a pro rata amount determined by the commissioner to provide annual leave for the examiner not to exceed the number of days allowed state officers and employees in the classified service pursuant to regulations promulgated in accordance with the Kansas civil service act and a sum equal to 150% of the amount charged for annual leave to be used to pay any examination costs that are waived or deferred, shall be paid to the commissioner of insurance by the insurance company or society so examined, on demand of the commissioner. The amount accumulated for examination costs shall not total more than \$25,000 at any one time. Such demand shall be accompanied by the sworn statement of the person making such examination, setting forth in separate items the number of days necessarily and actually occupied in going to and returning from the place of such examination, the number of days the examiners were necessarily and actually engaged in making such examination including those days within the regular work week while the examination was in progress and the company or society had closed for business, and the necessary and actual expenses for traveling and subsistence, incurred in and on account of such services. A duplicate of every such sworn statement shall be kept on file in the office of the commissioner of insurance. All moneys so paid to the commissioner of insurance shall be remitted to the state treasurer and the state treasurer shall issue duplicate receipts therefor, one to be delivered to the commissioner of insurance and the other to be filed with the director of accounts and reports.

Sec. 3. K.S.A. 40-222 and K.S.A. 40-223 are hereby repealed.

Sec. 4. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its publication in the statute book.

EXPLANATORY MEMORANDUM FOR LEGISLATIVE PROPOSAL NO. 4

This proposal establishes some specific requirements which foreign insurance companies would have to meet in order to be granted a Kansas certificate of authority.

Currently, if it can be established that an insurer complies with the minimum financial requirements, we have little alternative but to issue a certificate. This has resulted in companies being admitted who are immediately deemed to be in a hazardous financial condition; companies whose senior management included persons who had been convicted of felonies; and insurers who were doing business in such a way that their fiscal integrity was suspect but the burden of proof to prove our suspicions was on the department and was therefore unattainable. Enactment of this proposal would provide the commissioner with some statutory authority to avoid grants of authority when concerns of this kind are present.

In addition, the department is increasingly faced with applications for admission from companies who are interested in being admitted to a large number of states but actually do business in very few. Other applications seem to be purely exploratory with no real commitment to pursuing an active business life in the Kansas community. These applications take a great deal of time to review and process. Yet under the existing structure, the fees for the work involved are collected only if a certificate of authority is issued. In order to address this problem, this proposal increases the fee for examining a charter and other documents from \$100 to \$1,000; requires the fee to be paid upon initial application for admission; and, provides that it is not refundable for any reason.

LEGISLATIVE PROPOSAL NO. 4

AN ACT relating to insurance; foreign companies; certificate of authority; requirements; fees; amending K.S.A. 40-209 and 40-252 and repealing the existing sections.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF KANSAS:

Section 1. K.S.A. 40-209 is hereby amended to read as follows: 40-209. (a) Any insurance company organized under the laws of any other country, state or territory, upon application, may be authorized to transact business in this state, when possessed of the required amount of paid-up capital and surplus, or surplus only if a mutual company, and

(1) has made the deposit required by this code with the department of insurance

of this or any other state in the United States;

(2) participates to the extent possible in the insurance regulatory information

system administered by the national association of insurance commissioners;

(3) has submitted an examination report of its financial condition and affairs which has been conducted by the insurance department of the state of domicile within three years of the date of application unless the commissioner determines that an earlier report will satisfy the purpose of this provision;

(4) demonstrates that any majority ownership interests are in sound financial

condition;

is not owned, managed or controlled by persons previously convicted of criminal activity involving fraud or embezzlement or offenses of a similar nature; and,

(6) has been in operation at least three (3) years and has been the subject of an examination of its affairs and financial condition other than its organizational examination. This requirement does not apply to subsidiary or affiliate companies with substantially the same management of an admitted company, a continuing corporation resulting from merger or consolidation, or a company whose admission is determined by the commissioner to be in the best public interest;

(7) if the company will not require immediate regulatory attention by this

department upon admission pursuant to K.S.A. 40-222b;
(8) otherwise satisfies the commissioner that it is of good business repute and that issuance of a certificate of authority will not be detrimental to the best interests of the public.

(b) Provided, That Such authority shall not be granted, continued, or renewed to any insurance company owned or financially controlled, in whole or in part, by another state of the United States or by a foreign government, or by any political subdivision of either.

(c) Every such company shall file a certified copy of its charter or deed of settlement with the commissioner of insurance, together with a statement, under oath of the president, vice-president or other chief officer and the secretary of the company for which they act, stating the name of the company, the place where located, and the amount of its capital, with a detailed statement of the facts and items required from companies organized under the laws of this state; also a copy of the last annual report, if any was made, under any law of the state or country in which such company was incorporated.

(d) Upon the application of any such insurance company for a certificate of authority to transact business in this state, the commissioner of insurance shall immediately satisfy himself that the company is possessed of money and other admitted assets in excess of its liabilities, as herein provided, and that it has otherwise complied with all the other requirements of this code. He shall thereupon issue a certificate of authority to such company authorizing it to transact the classes of insurance permitted under its articles of incorporation and by the provisions of this

(e) Provided, however, That The funds of any such insurance company, in excess of the minimum paid-up capital required by this code, may at all times be invested in such securities as are or may be authorized by the laws of the state in which such company is organized or in which it has and maintains its United States deposits.

(f) Provided further, That The commissioner of insurance may, upon renewal of a certificate of authority, waive any of the above requirements except those relating to

assets, capital and surplus.

(g) Whenever any insurance company organized under the laws of any other country, state or territory is issued a certificate of authority to transact insurance in this state by the commissioner of insurance pursuant to this section, such company shall not be required to comply with the provisions of the general corporation code relating to foreign corporations, nor shall any such company be required to file with the secretary of state its articles of incorporation, charter, bylaws or other documents, or any amendments thereof, unless specifically required to do so by law.

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Sec. 2. K.S.A. 40-252 is hereby amended to read as follows: 40-252. Every insurance company or fraternal benefit society organized under the laws of this state or doing business in this state shall pay to the commissioner of insurance fees and taxes specified in the following schedule:

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Insurance companies organized under the laws of this state:

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. Capital stock insurance companies other than burial insurance companies and mutual legal reserve life insurance companies:

Filing application for sale of stock or certificates of indebtedness \$25.00 Admission fees:

Examination of charter and other documents 55.00 1000.00

Filing annual statement 100.00

Certificate of authority 10.00

Annual fees: Filing annual statement 100.00

Continuation of certificate of authority 10.00

2. Mutual life, accident and health associations:

80 Admission fees:

Examination of charter and other documents \$55.00 1000.00

Filing annual statement 100.00

Certificate of authority 10.00

Annual fees:

Filing annual statement 100.00

Continuation of certificate of authority 10.00

3. Mutual fire, hail, casualty and multiple line insurers and reciprocal or interinsurance exchanges:

Admission fees:

Examination of charter and other documents \$55.00 1000.00

Filing annual statement 100.00

Certificate of authority 10.00

Annual fees

Filing annual statement 100.00

Continuation of certificate of authority 10.00

4. Burial insurance companies:

Filing application for sale of stock \$25.00

Annual fees:

Filing annual statement 100.00

Continuation of certificate of authority 10.00

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In addition to the above fees and as a condition precedent to the continuation of the certificate of authority provided in this code, all such companies shall pay a fee of \$2 for each agent certified by the company and shall also pay a tax annually upon all premiums received on risk located in this state at the rate of 1% per annum less any taxes paid on business in this state pursuant to the provisions of K.S.A. 40-1701 and 75-1508, and any amendments thereto. In the computation of the gross premiums all such companies shall be entitled to deduct any premiums returned on account of cancellations, all premiums received for reinsurance from any other company authorized to do business in this state, dividends returned to policyholders and premiums received in connection with the funding of a pension, deferred compensation, annuity or profit-sharing plan qualified or exempt under sections 401, 403, 404, 408, 457 or 501 of the United States internal revenue code. Should any such company remo we or maintain, or both, either their home, principal or executive office or offices from this state, every such company shall be subject to the provisions of subsection D of this section.

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118 Fraternal benefit societies organized under the laws of this state:

Admission fees:

Examination of charter and other documents \$55.00 1000.00

Filing annual statement 100.00

Certificate of authority 10.00

123 Annual fees:

Filing annual statement 100.00

125 Continuation of certificate of authority 10.00

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Mutual nonprofit hospital service corporations, nonprofit medical service corporations, nonprofit dental service corporations and nonprofit optometric service corporations organized under the laws of this state:

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                  Mutual nonprofit hospital service corporations:
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            Admission fees:
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                  Examination of charter and other documents $55.00 1000.00
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                  Filing annual statement 100.00
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                  Certificate of authority 10.00
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            Annual fees:
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                  Filing annual statement 100.00
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                  Continuation of certificate of authority 10.00
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                  Nonprofit medical service corporations:
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            Admission fees:
                  Examination of charter and other documents $55.00 1000.00
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                  Filing annual statement 100.00
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                  Certificate of authority 10.00
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            Annual fees:
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                  Filing annual statement 100.00
145
                  Continuation of certificate of authority 10.00
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                  Nonprofit dental service corporations:
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            Admission fees:
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                  Examination of charter and other documents $55.00 1000.00
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                  Filing annual statement 100.00
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                  Certificate of authority 10.00
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                  Filing annual statement 100.00
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                  Continuation of certificate of authority 10.00
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                  Nonprofit optometric service corporations:
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            Admission fees:
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                  Examination of charter and other documents $55.00 1000.00
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                  Filing annual statement 100.00
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                  Certificate of authority 10.00
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            Annual fees:
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                  Filing annual statement 100.00
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                  Continuation of certificate of authority 10.00
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            In addition to the above fees and as a condition precedent to the continuation of
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In addition to the above fees and as a condition precedent to the continuation of the certificate of authority, provided in this code, every corporation or association shall pay annually to the commissioner of insurance a privilege fee in an amount equal to 1% per annum of the total of all premiums, subscription charges, or any other term which may be used to describe the charges made by such corporation or association to subscribers for hospital, medical or other health services or indemnity received during the preceding year. In such computations all such corporations or associations shall be entitled to deduct any premiums or subscription charges returned on account of cancellations and dividends returned to members or subscribers.

171172 Insurance companies or

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Insurance companies organized under the laws of any other state, territory or country:

1. Capital stock insurance companies other than burial insurance companies, and mutual legal reserve life insurance companies:

Filing application for sale of stock or certificates of indebtedness \$25.00 Admission fees:

Examination of charter and other documents 55.00 1000.00

Filing annual statement 100.00

Certificate of authority 10.00

Annual fees:

Filing annual statement 100.00

Continuation of certificate of authority 10.00

In addition to the above fees all such companies shall pay \$5 for each agent certified by the company, except as otherwise provided by law.

As a condition precedent to the continuation of the certificate of authority, provided in this code, every company organized under the laws of any other state of the United States or of any foreign country shall pay a tax upon all premiums received during the preceding year at the rate of 2% per annum. In the computation of the gross premiums all such companies shall be entitled to deduct any premiums returned on account of cancellations, dividends returned to policyholders and all premiums received for reinsurance from any other company authorized to do business in this state and premiums received in connection with the funding of a pension, deferred compensation, annuity or profit-sharing plan qualified or exempt under sections 401, 403, 404, 408, 457 or 501 of the United States internal revenue code.

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195 Mutual life, accident and health associations: 196 Admission fees; 197 Examination of charter and other documents \$55.00 1000.00 198 Filing annual statement 100.00 199 Certificate of authority 10.00 200 Annual fees: 201 Filing annual statement 100.00 202 Continuation of certificate of authority 10.00 203 In addition to the above fees, every such company organized under the laws of 204 any other state of the United States shall pay \$5 for each agent certified by the 205 company, and shall pay a tax annually upon all premiums received at the rate of 2% 206 per annum. In the computation of the gross premiums all such companies shall be 207 entitled to deduct any premiums returned on account of cancellations, dividends 208 returned to policyholders and all premiums received for reinsurance from any other 209 company authorized to do business in this state and premiums received in connection 210 with the funding of a pension, deferred compensation, annuity or profit-sharing plan 211 qualified or exempt under sections 401, 403, 404, 408, 457 or 501 of the United States 212 internal revenue code. 213 Mutual fire, casualty and multiple line insurers and reciprocal or 214 interinsurance exchanges: 215 Admission fees: 216 Examination of charter and other documents and issuance of certificate of 217 authority \$55.00 1000.00 218 Filing annual statement 100.00 219 Certificate of authority 10.00 220 Annual fees: 221 Filing annual statement 100.00 222 Continuation of certificate of authority 10.00 223 In addition to the above fees, every such company or association organized under 224 the laws of any other state of the United States shall pay a fee of \$5 for each agent 225 certified by the company and shall also pay a tax annually upon all premiums received 226 at the rate of 2% per annum. In the computation of the gross premiums all such 227 companies shall be entitled to deduct any premiums returned on account of 228 cancellations, all premiums received for reinsurance from any other company 229 authorized to do business in this state, and dividends returned to policyholders. 230 231 Fraternal benefit societies organized under the laws of any other state, territory or 232 country: 233 Admission fees: 234 Examination of charter and other documents \$55.00 1000.00 235 Filing annual statement 100.00 236 Certificate of authority 10.00 237 Annual fees: 238 Filing annual statement 100.00 239 Continuation of certificate of authority 10.00 240 241 Mutual nonprofit hospital service corporations and nonprofit medical service 242 corporations, nonprofit dental service corporations and nonprofit optometric service 243 corporations organized under the laws of any other state, territory or country: 244 Mutual nonprofit hospital service corporations: 245 Admission fees: 246 Examination of charter and other documents \$55.00 1000.00 247 Filing annual statement 100.00 248 Certificate of authority 10.00 249 Annual fees: 250 Filing annual statement 100.00 251 Continuation of certificate of authority 10.00 252 nonprofit dental service Nonprofit medical service corporations, 2. 253 corporations and nonprofit optometric service corporations: 254 Admission fees: 255 Examination of charter and other documents \$55.00 1000.00 256 Filing annual statement 100.00 257 Certificate of authority 10.00 258 Annual fees: 259 Filing annual statement 100.00

Continuation of certificate of authority 10.00

In addition to the above fees and as a condition precedent to the continuation of the certificate of authority, provided in this code, every corporation or association shall pay annually to the commissioner of insurance a privilege fee in an amount equal to 2% per annum of the total of all premiums, subscription charges, or any other term which may be used to describe the charges made by such corporation or association to subscribers in this state for hospital, medical or other health services or indemnity received during the preceding year. In such computations all such corporations or associations shall be entitled to deduct any premiums or subscription charges returned on account of cancellations and dividends returned to members or subscribers.

All insurers shall pay a fee of \$10 for issuance of an amended certificate of authority.

For the purpose of insuring the collection of the tax upon premiums, assessments and charges as set out in subsection A, C, D and F, every insurance company, corporation or association shall at the time it files its annual statement, as required by the provisions of K.S.A. 40-225, make a return, verified by affidavits of its president and secretary or other chief officers, to the commissioner of insurance, stating the amount of all premiums, assessments and charges received by the companies or corporations in this state, whether in cash or notes, during the year ending on the December 31 next preceding. Upon the receipt of such returns the commissioner of insurance shall verify the same and assess the taxes upon such companies, corporations or associations on the basis and at the rate provided herein and such taxes shall thereupon become due and payable.

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The fee prescribed for the examination of charters and other documents shall apply to each company's initial application for admission and shall not be refundable for any reason.

 \overline{S} ec. 3. K.S.A. 40-209 and K.S.A. 40-252 are hereby repealed.

Sec. 4. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its publication in the statute book.

EXPLANATORY MEMORANDUM FOR LEGISLATIVE PROPOSAL NO. 5

Currently and since its inception K.S.A. 1982 Supp. 40-3413 has provided for a specific expiration of the health care provider insurance availability plan. This is the plan that assures health care providers a means of obtaining necessary professional liability insurance and there is no indication that the need for such a mechanism is abating. As a result, this proposal would eliminate the expiration provision in its entirety. By so doing, the legislature would avoid the need to periodically consider an extension yet, should it become evidence that a plan of this kind was no longer necessary or desirable, the entire enabling statute could be repealed.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF KANSAS:

Section 1. K.S.A. 40-3413 is hereby amended to read as follows: 40-3413. (a) Every insurer and every rating organization shall cooperate in the preparation of a plan or plans for the equitable apportionment among such insurers of applicants for professional liability insurance and such other liability insurance as may be included in or added to the plan, who are in good faith entitled to such insurance but are unable to procure the same through ordinary methods. Such plan or plans shall be prepared and filed with the commissioner within a reasonable time but not exceeding 60 calendar days from the effective date of this act. Such plan or plans shall provide:

(1) Reasonable rules governing the equitable distribution of risks by direct insurance, reinsurance or otherwise including the authority to make assessments against the insurers participating in the plan or plans;

(2) rates and rate modifications applicable to such risks which shall be reasonable, adequate and not unfairly discriminatory;

(3) a method whereby annually the plan shall compare the premiums earned to the losses and expenses sustained by the plan for the preceding fiscal year. If there is any surplus of premiums over losses and expenses received for that year such surplus shall be transferred to the fund. If there is any excess of losses and expenses over premiums earned such losses shall be transferred from the fund;

(4) the limits of liability which the plan shall be required to provide, but in no event shall such limits be less than those limits provided for in subsection (a) of K.S.A. 40-3402;

(5) a method whereby applicants for insurance, insureds and insurers may have a hearing on grievances and the right of appeal to the commissioner.

(b) The commissioner shall review the plan as soon as reasonably possible after filing in order to determine whether it meets the requirements set forth in subsection (a) of this section. As soon as reasonably possible after the plan has been filed the commissioner shall in writing approve or disapprove the same. Any plan shall be deemed approved unless disapproved within 30 days. Subsequent to the waiting period the commissioner may disapprove any plan on the ground that it does not meet the requirements set forth in subsection (a) of this section, but only after a hearing held upon not less than 10 days' written notice to every insurer and rating organization affected specifying in what respect the commissioner finds that such plan fails to meet such requirements, and stating when within a reasonable period thereafter such plan shall be deemed no longer effective. Such order shall not affect any assignment made or policy issued or made prior to the expiration of the period set forth in the order. Amendments to such plan or plans shall be prepared, and filed and reviewed in the same manner as herein provided with respect to the original plan or plans.

(c) If no plan meeting the standards set forth in subsection (a) is submitted to the commissioner within 60 calendar days from the effective date of this act or within the period stated in any order disapproving an existing plan, the commissioner shall after hearing, if necessary to carry out the purpose of this act, prepare and promulgate a plan meeting such requirements.

(d) If, after a hearing the commissioner finds that any activity or practice of any insurer or rating organization in connection with the operation of such plan or plans is unfair or unreasonable or otherwise inconsistent with the provisions of this act the commissioner may issue a written order specifying in what respects such activity or practice is unfair or unreasonable or otherwise inconsistent with the provisions of this act and requiring discontinuance of such activity or practice.

(e) For every such plan or plans, there shall be a governing board which shall meet at least annually to review and prescribe operating rules. Such board shall consist of nine members to be appointed by the commissioner as follows: Three members shall be representatives of foreign insurers, two members shall be representatives of the general public, one member shall be a licensed insurance agent actively engaged in the solicitation of casualty insurance and one member shall be a health care provider. The members shall be appointed for a term of two years.

(f) An insurer participating in the plan approved by the commissioner may pay a commission with respect to insurance written under the plan to an insurance agent licensed for any other insurer participating in the plan or to any insurer participating in the plan. Such commission shall be reasonably equivalent to the usual customary commission paid on similar types of policies issued in the voluntary market.

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(g) -The-provisions -of -this-section-shall-expire-on-July-1,-1984; -but-any-plan
created herounder-shall-continue-to-exist-for-the-purpose-of-allowing-policies-then-in
effect to expire, transferring surplus to the fund, completing the payment of claims
and-receiving reimbursement therefor-

Sec. 2. K.S.A. 40-3413 is hereby repealed.

Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its publication in the statute book.

attachment 2

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF KANSAS:

Section I. K.S.A. 40-246 is hereby amended to read as follows:

40-246. The commissioner of insurance is prohibited from issuing any license or authority to write policies of insurance, or to solicit and obtain such policies, to any person, agent or corporation, unless such person, agent or corporation is a legal resident of this state at the time such license or authority is issued. Under such regulations and restrictions as may be deemed necessary by the commissioner of insurance, licenses may be issued to nonresident agents, who are licensed by the state in which they reside, upon the payment of an annual fee of ten dollars (\$10). Whenever any other state imposes on Kansas companies or agents additional or greater fees, obligations, or prohibitions, the same shall be imposed on similar companies and agents of such other state. Such-agents-shall-not-countersign-any-policy-or-contract of-insurance-but-that-all-policies-and-contracts-shall-be-signed-by-resident agents-only,-such-countersignature-requirement-shall-not-apply-to-any-policy or-contract-of-life-insurance. Except for a policy or contract of life insurance, all policies or contracts shall be signed by a resident agent or a nonresident agent of a state which (1) does not require a countersignature or; (2) will permit Kansas residents possessing a nonresident agent's license of that state to countersign. By prior written agreement between a licensed resident agent and the issuing company, a facsimile signature, or the printing of the name and address of such licensed resident agent on the policy form or endorsement, shall be deemed to meet the countersignature and signature requirements of this section. Whenever any person, agent or corporation so authorized to issue policies of insurance and solicit and transact insurance business shall remove from this state the authority issued to such person, agent or corporation shall be revoked, and the same shall be null and void.

To the end that the state may receive the full tax imposed by law upon the premium receipts of insurance companies, and to the end, that proper supervision of the business may be vested in the state, it shall be unlawful for any fire, marine or fire and marine insurance company or casualty or surety company or association not incorporated under the laws of this state to make, write, place or cause to be made, written or placed any policy or bonds issued by any company, authorized to contract of insurance of any kind or character or any indemnity agreement upon property or persons situated in this state, except bid bonds issued by any company, authorized to issue such bonds and to do business in this state, in connection with any public or private construction contract and professional liability insurance policies issued to members of a professional association having in excess of ten thousand (10,000) members insured when the premium for such policies is paid by the association from the association's funds, unless-the-same-is signed-by-a-resident-agent-of-this-state-regularly-commissioned-and-licensed-as-such,-who-shall-receive-the-usual-and-customary-commission-thereon when-the-premium-is-paid. unless the same is signed by a resident agent or a nonresident agent of a state which (1) does not require a countersignature or; (2) will permit Kansas residents possessing a nonresident agent's license of that state to countersign who shall receive the usual and customary commission thereon when the premium is paid.

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Nothing contained in this section shall apply to direct insurance covering the rolling stock belonging to and used in the operation and maintenance of the plant and business of railroad corporations or other common carriers, or property in transit, while in the possession or custody of railroad corporations or other common carriers.

Section II. K.S.A. 40-246 is hereby repealed.

Section III. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its publication in the statute book.