The meeting was called to order by \_\_\_\_\_Representative Thomas F.

9:00 a.m./p.m. on \_\_\_\_\_ January 21

\_\_\_\_\_, 19\_87 in room \_\_\_\_522-S\_\_\_ of the Capitol.

Walker Chairperson

All members were present except:

Representative Barr Representative Peterson

Committee staff present:

Avis Swartzman - Revisor Carolyn Rampey - Legislative Research Dept. Julian Efird - Legislative Research Dept. Mary Galligan - Legislative Research Dept. Jackie Breymeyer - Secretary Conferees appearing before the committee:

Ramon Powers - Legislative Research Dept. Phil Martin - Chairman, Kansas Water Authority

The meeting was called to order by Chairman Walker. He told the committee about a bill regarding electrolysis that an agency has requested. A brief discussion took place. Representative Love moved to introduce legislation regarding electrolysis. Graeber gave a second to the motion. The motion carried.

A list giving the names of the Subcommittees and their members was distributed. (See Attachment 1).

The minutes were read and two corrections made. Representative Bowden moved to approve the minutes as amended. Representative Schauf gave a second to the motion. The motion carried.

The Chairman introduced Ramon Powers, Legislative Research Department, who was present to give an overview of the Kansas Water Office, the Office of the Director, and the Kansas Water Authority. He began with background and duties of the agencies, the respective roles of each entity and stated that these are primarily planning bodies, with some additional administrative responsibilites in addition to the planning responsibilities. (See Attachment 2)

The Chairman thanked Ramon and introduced Phil Martin, Chairman, Kansas Water Authority. Mr. Martin distributed several handouts. (See Attachments 3 through 8) He thanked the legislative staff, stating that they are doing and excellent and dedicated job. There are some disagreements on policy but there is great improvement in their capabilities and expertise. Mr. Martin went on to say that the Governmental Organization Committee may be one of the key elements in the review of the functions of the agencies. When asked if he would have any regorganization recommendations, Mr. Martin replied that he had doubts about a reorganization plan as such but would like to see the agency operated in a corporate type fashion with the variance between the practical and political types.

The Chairman thanked Mr. Martin and said the Subcommittee will be contacting him in the future. After going over the agenda for Thursday and Friday, the meeting was adjourned.

#### GUEST LIST

COMMITTEE: GOVERNMENTAL ORGANIZATION DATE: JANUARY 21-, 1987

NAME	ADDRESS	COMPANY/ORGANIZATION
Reth Willie	Topeku	SiDSunt Couriel
Ed ReinerT	Topella	KLWVs
John Myers	topeka	
Janet Stubbs	",1	HBAK
Phil Martin	Larnel	KWA
LARRY PANNING	ELLINWOOD	KWA
Mary and Brokford	Japaka	Women Valero KS
Cyula F. Kovach	Topeka.	KDHE
John Wyn Koop	Wicheta	KWA
Laymond & Komer	Franfield H.	KWA,
Layund & Horner	Franka W.	KDHE

#### 1987

### HOUSE GOVERNMENTAL ORGANIZATION COMMITTEE SUBCOMMITTEES

#### SUBCOMMITTEE 1

DEPT. OF REVENUE

Staff: Julian Efird 3535 Carolyn Rampey 4404 Mary Galligan 4408

REP. NANCY BROWN, CHAIRPERSON

REP. GRAEBER

REP. PETERSON

REP. RAMIREZ

REP. SCHAUF

REP. SEBELIUS

REP. WEIMER

#### SUBCOMMITTEE 2

WATER DEPT. - WATER AUTHORITY

Staff: Raymon Powers 4405 Carolyn Rampey 4404 Mary Galligan 4408

REP. ELAINE HASSLER, CHAIRPERSON

REP. BARR

REP. BOWDEN

REP. HARDER

REP. LOVE

REP. SPRAGUE

REP. SUGHRUE

#### **MEMORANDUM**

January 20, 1987

TO: House Governmental Organization Committee

FROM: Kansas Legislative Research Department

RE: Sunset Review of the Kansas Water Office, the Office of the Director, and the Kansas Water Authority

#### Background

The Kansas Sunset Law, K.S.A. 74-7245 et seq., contains two sections that provide that the Kansas Water Authority and the Kansas Water Office and Office of the Director will be abolished on July 1, 1987 (K.S.A. 74-7271 and 74-7272). These agencies would continue for one year beyond the date of abolition before termination of their responsibilities unless reestablished by the Legislature in accordance with the provisions of the Sunset Law.

The Kansas Water Authority and the Kansas Water Office are those entities in state government charged with responsibility to plan for the management of the water resources of the state. The actual management of water resides with other state agencies such as the Kansas Department of Health and Environment (water quality), the Division of Water Resources of the State Board of Agriculture (water rights), the Fish and Game Commission and the State Park and Resources Authority (recreational uses of water), and the State Conservation Commission (water conservation).

The duties of the Kansas Water Office include:

- the collection of data on water resources;
- creation of a state plan for the management, conservation, and development of water resources, and the creation of water planning areas; and
- 3. development and maintenance of guidelines for water conservation plans and practices. (added in '86 Session)

In addition, the Office may:

- 1. accept grants and other financial assistance that the federal government and other public or private sources make available;
- 2. contract with public agencies or private persons to undertake any study required or authorized by the Office;

- acquire water rights for public water supply storage in either federally funded or nonfederally funded multipurpose small lakes; and
- 4. authorize the issuance of revenue bonds for the purpose of paying all or part of the cost of expanding large reservoir projects or financing the purchase of storage in existing reservoirs.

The Kansas Water Authority is granted the following powers:

- 1. to consult and be advisory to the Governor, the Legislature, and the Director of the Kansas Water Office:
- to review plans for the development, management, and use of the state's water resources;
- to study the laws of the state, other states, and the federal government relative to conservation and development of water resources;
- 4. to make recommendations to state agencies and political subdivisions for coordinating water activities;
- 5. to make recommendations to each regular session of the Legislature and to the Governor concerning needed legislation;
- 6. to approve, prior to submission to the Legislature: (a) any water contract; (b) any amendments to the State Water Plan; and (c) any other legislation concerning water resources;
- 7. to approve any policy changes proposed by the Kansas Water Office concerning the pricing of water from state storage;
- 8. to approve any agreement entered into with the federal government by the Kansas Water Office:
- 9. to require all agencies to submit budget estimates of water- related programs for review and provide recommendations on those budget requests to the Governor and Legislature; and
- 10. to approve rules and regulations adopted by the Kansas Water Office.

The respective roles of the Kansas Water Authority and the Kansas Water Office are not clearly set forth in the statutes. It would appear that the Authority is the primary water policy development body with the Office as the staffing entity that formulates that policy in a planning process.

Although water resources planning in Kansas can be traced back to the 1890s, the floods of the early 1950s followed by severe drought led to the formation of the first state agency with primary responsibility for water resources planning. The law creating the Water Resources Board in

1955 directed that body to "work out a state plan of water resources development for each watershed in the state." From 1955 to 1981, the five-member Board, with the support of a staff that ranged in size from four to 30, issued reports that would form the basis of plans on 12 hydrologic regions of the state and initiated the proposals that led to state participation in the water storage program in federal reservoirs. The Board undertook statewide planning that resulted in several publications on topics such as special water districts; irrigation; water law; water demands for industrial, municipal, and rural domestic users; and a water atlas.

Disenchantment with the Board resulted in the enactment of S.B. 303 in the 1981 Session. That legislation created the Kansas Water Office with a director appointed by the Governor to a four-year term which overlaps the Governor's four-year term. The Kansas Water Office and the Office of the Director were authorized to carry out the powers, duties, and functions of the former Water Resources Board. (The legislation provided that certain water resources planning activities of the Kansas Department of Health and Environment would be transferred to the new agency.)

In addition, the Legislature created a 16-member Kansas Water Authority composed of the following: nine members appointed by the Governor, which includes the Chairman of the Authority. The eight remaining gubernatorial appointees serve for four-year staggered terms. One of those members must be a representative of large municipal water users, one a representative of small municipal water users, one a board member of a western Kansas groundwater management district, one a board member of a central Kansas groundwater management district, one member of the Kansas Association of Conservation Districts, one representative of industrial water users, one member of the state association of watershed districts, and one representative of the public.

The member representing large municipal water users is appointed from three nominations submitted by the Kansas League of Municipalities. member representing small municipal water users is appointed from nominations submitted by the Kansas rural water districts' association. The member representing the western Kansas groundwater management districts is appointed from three nominations submitted by the president of the groundwater management district boards of districts 1, 3, and 4. The member representing the central Kansas groundwater management districts is appointed three nominations submitted by the president of groundwater management district boards of districts 2 and 5. The member representing industrial users is appointed from three nominations submitted by the Kansas Association of Commerce and Industry. The member representing the Kansas Association of Watershed Districts is appointed from three nominations submitted by the Association. The member representing the Kansas Association of Conservation Districts is appointed from three nominations submitted by the Association.

The person appointed by the Governor as chairman of the Authority serves at the pleasure of the Governor and is subject to Senate confirmation. (As noted earlier the Governor appoints the <u>Director</u> of the Kansas Water Office for a four-year term that overlaps the Governor's term.) The statute provides that members appointed by the Governor are to be selected with special reference to training and experience with respect to the functions of the Authority, and not more than five shall belong to the same political party.

In addition to the Governor's appointees, two members are appointed by legislative leaders. One member is appointed by the President of the Senate for a two-year term, and one member is appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives for a two-year term.

original legislation creating the Authority provided for five ex officio nonvoting members: the State Geologist, the Chief Engineer of the Division of Water Resources of the State Board of Agriculture. Director of the Agricultural Experiment Stations of Kansas State University, the Director of the Division of the Environment of the Department of Health and Environment, and the Director of the Kansas Water Office, who as secretary to the Authority. S.B. 119, which was enacted in the 1986 Session, expanded the nonvoting ex officio membership to include Chairman of the State Corporation Commission and the Director of the Director of the Kansas Fish and Game Commission. The bill also named the Secretary of the Department of Health and Environment as the representative of agency on the Authority or the Director of the Division of the Environment if so designated by the Secretary. Substitute for H.B. 2703, the legislation the development of water conservation plans and practices and also enacted in the 1986 Session, amended K.S.A. 74-2622 and did not contain the changes in S.B. 119. Consequently, two versions of K.S.A. 74-2622 appear in the statutes. Legislation will be required in the 1987 Session to reconcile/ these two sections.

#### State Water Plan

The development of the present State Water Plan was initiated in early 1983 when the Kansas Water Office outlined the "Development of the State Water Policy Plan." A draft Plan was developed in the summer and fall of 1983 and submitted for public hearing. In light of criticism of the original draft of the Plan, a redrafted Plan was submitted to the public in 1984; a revised version of that Plan was submitted to the Governor and the Legislature in January of 1985. The Plan that was submitted was described as simply a part of the planning process that would provide for continuous planning as an integral part of the state's water management process.

In the 1985 Session, the procedure for adoption of the Plan was changed to permit the Kansas Water Office, with the approval of the Kansas Water Authority, to submit annually an updated Plan containing recommendations necessary to achieve the long-range goals and objectives for the management, conservation, and development of the waters of the state. The 1985 legislation deleted the requirement that the Plan be formally approved by the Legislature.

As presented to the Governor and the 1985 Legislature, the State Water Plan contained sections on management, conservation, quality, and development. Sixty-five recommendations were presented to the Legislature, with 30 of the recommendations requiring legislative enactments if the Legislature desired to implement them.

Minimum\_desirable streamflow legislation had been enacted in the 1984 Session, and in the 1985 Session funds were appropriated for the state's cost-share assistance to landowners for installation and treatment measures and for targeting priority areas for land treatment. Additional funding was provided for detention dam construction outside watershed districts and for water research on stream-aquifer interaction and the Dakota aquifer. Legislation creating the Multipurpose Small Lakes Program was enacted in the 1985 Session.

In 1986, the Fish, Wildlife, and Recreation section of the was developed and presented to the Legislature; bills to implement that section were also introduced but were not enacted. Bills authorizing the development of water conservation plans, creating the Water Assurance Program, and amending the water marketing program were passed in the 1986 Session along with bills authorizing the issuance of revenue bonds to finance construction of large reservoir projects or finance purchase of storage in existing reservoirs and transferring from the Kansas Water Office to the State Conservation Commission authority to administer a program providing financial assistance to watersheds. Three water quality bills and nine other Water Plan bills were not enacted. Funding for the Water Plan totaled \$121,667 for FY 1987, in addition to the creation of the \$4 million escrow Water Plan bills were not enacted. Funding account to demonstrate the state's intention to purchase reservoir storage space under the Assurance Program.

In 1987, water planning will shift focus from policy development to the implementation of policies that have been enacted through legislation. The basin planning process, initiated in 1985, will involve the development of recommendations for the operation of state programs that will assist in the resolution of water problems identified in each basin. Twelve basin advisory committees have submitted plans that identify priority problems in each basin, identify state programs to resolve the problems, and propose guidelines for the operation of state programs to assist in resolution of the problems.

#### Water Office Organization and Budget

The State Water Office consists of 22 staff members, including the Director. Agency operations are divided into five sections:

Section	No. of staff
Research and Data Water Marketing Management and Missouri River Basin Development Water Quality and Arkansas River Basin Development Conservation and Kansas River Basin Development Administration Total	6 1 4 3 3 5 22

The agency budgets for fiscal years 1984 to 1988 are as follows:

	FY 1984 Actual	FY 1985 Actual		FY 1987 Rev. Est.	FY 1988 Ag. Req.
Total expenditures	\$3,025,419	\$3,082,911	\$3,102,006	\$2,533,141	\$3,476.989

Operating expenses for the FY 1987 revised estimate are \$1,262,612, which includes \$33,268 for the operation of the Water Authority (travel and subsistence, etc.). The remaining \$1,270,529 is appropriated for payments to the federal government for the water storage capacity in certain reservoirs in the state and operation and maintenance costs for the state's storage capacity in each of those reservoirs.

B87-16/RP



# KANSAS WATER OFFICE AND KANSAS WATER AUTHORITY RESPONSIBILITIES

Fact Sheet No. 3

May 1985

Kansas Water Office

#### Background

The Kansas Water Office and the Kansas Water Authority were established in 1981. Kansas Water Office is the water planning, policy, coordination and marketing agency for the state. Kansas Water Authority is within and a part of the Kansas Water Office, with responsibility for advising the Governor, Legislature and the Director of the Kansas Water Office on water policy issues; for approving water storage sales the State Water Plan and revisions thereto, federal contracts, regulations and legislation proposed by the Kansas Water Office.

#### Purpose

The primary statutory function of the agency is the development and implementation of the State Water Plan. State law requires the Kansas Water Office to "Formulate on a continuing basis a comprehensive State Water Plan for the management, conservation and development of the water resources of the state. Such State Water Plan shall include sections corresponding with water planning areas as determined by the office." To

accomplish this goal, the agency is given further statutory responsibility to:

#### KANSAS WATER AUTHORITY

- Consult with and be advisory to the Governor, Legislature and Director of the Kansas Water Office on water management issues.
- Review plans of any state or local agency related to the water resources of the state.
- 3. Study laws related to water resources management issues and make recommendations on such issues to the Governor and Legislature.
- 4. Make recommendations to other state agencies and political subdivisions of the state for the coordination of their activities related to water resources management.
- To Review and furnish recommendations to the Governor and Legislature on program plans pertaining to the state's water resources of any agency of the state.

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#### KANSAS WATER OFFICE

- Collect and compile information pertaining to the water resources of the state.
- 2. Work out a plan of water resources management, conservation and development for water planning areas in the state.

The agency is also assigned responsibility for administration of the State Water Plan Storage Act, which created the water marketing program in 1974. This program authorizes the Kansas Water Office to enter into contracts with the federal government for the purchase of water supply storage in major reservoirs and to then sell the storage to municipal and industrial water users.

#### Kansas Water Authority Membership

The 16 member Kansas Water Authority is comprised of 11 private citizen members and five ex officio members. The 11 private citizen members serve as follows: 1) appointment of the Governor (this member serves as chairperson of the Kansas Water Authority); 2) appointment of the President of the Senate; 3) appointment of the Speaker of the House of Representatives; 4) a representative of large

municipal water users; 5) a representative of small municipal water users; 6) a board member of western Kansas groundwater management district; 7) a board member of a central Kansas groundwater management district; 8) a member of the Kansas Association of Conservation Districts; 9) a representative of industrial water users; 10) a member of the State Association of Watershed Districts and 11) a representative of general public. The five ex officio members are as follows: 1) The State Geologist; 2) the Chief Engineer of the Division of Water Resources of the State Board of Agriculture; 3) the Director of the Division of Environment of the Department of Health and Environment; 4) the Director of the Kansas Water Office (this member serves as Secretary of the Kansas Water Authority) and 5) the Director of the Agricultural Experiment Station of Kansas State University.

#### Additional Information

Further information on this subject or copies of the State Water Plan may be obtained from: Director, Kansas Water Office, 109 S.W. 9th, Suite 200, Topeka, Kansas 66612 (913) 296-3185 or Chairperson, Kansas Water Authority, 109 S.W. 9th, Suite 200, Topeka, KS 66612.



## HISTORY OF STATE WATER PLANNING

Fact Sheet No. 4

May 1985

Kansas Water Office

#### 1917 - 1955

The Kansas Water Commission was created by the 1917 Legislature to "...work out a systematic general plan for the complete development of each watershed in the state..." However, no planning funds were provided. In 1927 the Kansas Water Commission was abolished and its planning functions were assigned to the newly created Division of Water Resources, State Board of Agriculture. No legislative appropriations for water planning were made available until 1942. 1947 a plan was officially adopted for the Neosho River Basin.

#### 1955 - 1961

In 1955, the Legislature removed the planning responsibility from the Division of Water Resources and gave it to the newly created Kansas Water Resources Board. The Board was directed to "...work out a state plan of water resources development for each watershed in the state..." Two events in 1958 were significant for

the future direction of state water planning: An amendment to the Kansas constitution removed the prohibition against state financial involvement in water projects; and the passage of the 1958 Federal Water Supply Act authorized a portion of the costs of a federal multipurpose reservoir project to be allocated to future municipal and industrial water supply.

#### 1963 - 1965

In 1963, the Legislature enacted the State Water Plan Act, which directed the Board to formulate, adopt and present to the Legislature a comprehensive state water plan. In 1965, the Board submitted a draft of proposed legislation which was enacted as the State Water Plan. spelled out eight state water policies and 17 goals and objectives for the development the state's water resources.

#### 1966 - 1969

In 1966, the Board undertook

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G.O. COMM. 1/21/87

an intensive statewide planning effort that culminated in reports on special water districts, groundwater, water quality control needs, irrigation, water law and water demands for industrial, municipal and rural domestic In 1968, the Board, in uses. cooperation with the Bureau of Reclamation, began studies to analyze the land and water resources of Kansas. Included in this study were projections of the economy, population and water needs for the years 1985 and 2000.

#### 1970 - 1974

During this period the Board concentrated on studies of mineral intrusion areas, and modifications to the 1968 Groundwater Management District Act. Two significant pieces of legislation were enacted during this period: The 1972 Groundwater Management District Act, and the 1974 State Water Plan Storage Act.

#### 1978 - 1982

In 1978, the final report of a two-year study by a governor's task force contained 39 recommendations regarding the state's legal, policy and administrative water problems. In 1979, the Board began to revise the State Water Plan, placing increased emphasis on conservation and management. In 1981, the revised plan was passed by the Legislature. On July 1 of 1981, the Kansas Water Resources Board was abolished by the Legislature and renamed the Kansas Water Office. A 16 member Kansas Water Authority was created and assumed many of the duties and responsibilities of the former Board.

#### 1983 - Present

Legislation was enacted concerning interbasin transfers of water, minimum desirable streamflows, and amendments to the State Water Plan Storage Act in 1983.

During the late summer and fall of 1983, the Office presented a proposed State Water Plan to the Authority and with its approval, discussed the plan at a series of public meetings conducted throughout the state.

Following additional public meetings and two formal public hearings in November 1984 the Kansas Water Plan was approved by the Kansas Water Authority and submitted to the Governor and Legislature. On February 18, 1985, HCR 5010 officially endorsed the planning process followed by the Kansas Water Office in developing the plan and requested the state's water agencies to submit legislation that would implement the plan's proposals.

The Kansas Water Office is now implementing the continuous planning process. This process continues state water policy planning and implementation, and initiates detailed project-oriented basin planning. An important part of this effort is the formation of an 11 member Basin Advisory Committee in each basin. Each committee will be responsible for advising the Authority on basin planning issues.

#### Additional Information

Further information on this may be obtained from: Director, Kansas Water Office, 109 S.W. 9th, Suite 200, Topeka, Kansas 66612 (913) 296-3185.

#### KANSAS WATER AUTHORITY

Name, Address & Telephone	Occupation	Representing	Term Expires
Lowell K. Abeldt 900 NW 2nd Abilene, KS 67410 913/263-4083	Real Estate Broker & Owner of Insurance Agency		5/1/90
Sharad V. Bhatia, Director Division of Environment Dept. of Health and Environment Bldg. 740, Forbes Field Topeka, KS 66620 913/862-9360	Div. of	Ex Officio	
Robert J. Binder HC 32, Box 410 Hays, KS 67601 913/625-5430	Farmer-Dairyman	Conservation District	5/1/88
Russell L. Crites 717 West 7th Ottawa, KS 66067 913/242-2512	Retired businessman	Kansas Assoc. of Commerce & Industry	5/1/87
Dr. Lee C. Gerhard Director, Kansas Geololgical Survey 1930 Constant Ave., Campus West University of Kansas Lawrence, KS 66045 913/864-3965	Director, Ks. Geological Survey	Ex Officio	
Bill Hanzlick, Director Kansas Fish and Game Commission Route 2, Box 54-A Pratt, KS 67124 316/672-5911	Director, Kansas Fish and Game Commission	Ex Officio	
Joseph F. Harkins Director, Kansas Water Office Suite 200, 109 W. 9th Street Topeka, KS 66612 913/296-3185	Director, Kansas Water Office	Ex Officio	
Michael Lennen, Chairman Kansas Corporation Commission 4th Floor, State Office Bldg. Topeka, KS 66612 913/296-3325	Chairman, Ex Officio Kansas Corporation Commission		
H. Philip Martin Martin & Gatterman P.O. Box D 702 Broadway Larned, KS 67550	Attorney	Governor	Pleasure
316/285-6514		ATTACHMENT 5 G.O. COMM. 1/21	/87

ATTACHMENT 5 G.O. COMM. 1/21/87

Loren McCrory RR 1 Bird City, KS 67731 913/734-2669	Farmer	GMDs #1, 3, 4	5/1/87
Larry K. Panning 500 W. 4th Ellinwood, KS 67526 316/564-2199	Farmer	GMDs #2 & #5	5/1/90
David L. Pope Chief Engineer, Division of Water Resources State Board of Agriculture 109 SW 9th Street Topeka, KS 66612-1283 913/296-3717	Chief Engineer, Div. of Water Resources	Ex Officio	
Doyle Rahjes Kansas Farm Bureau 2321 Anderson Manhattan, KS 66502 913/537-2261	Farmer	President of Senate	6/30/87
Raymond Roemer Route 1, Box 54 Grainfield, KS 67737 913/938-2385	Farmer	Speaker of the House	6/30/87
Helen Schabel Route 2, Box 27 Cherryvale, KS 67335 316/336-3033	Manager, Cattle Operation	Public	5/1/89
Dennis F. Schwartz 3260 SE Tecumseh Rd. Tecumseh, KS 66542 913/379-5553	Manager, Rural Water District		5/1/88
Dr. Walter Woods Director, Agricultural Experiment Station 113 Waters Hall Kansas State University Manhattan, KS 66506 913/532-7137	Director, Ag. Exp. Station	Ex Officio	
John D. Wynkoop 8th Floor, City Hall 455 N. Main Wichita, KS 67202 316/268-4515	City Official	Kansas League of Municipalities	5/1/89

January 1987

#### KANSAS WATER AUTHORITY

Suite 200, 109 S.W. 9th Street, Topeka, KS 66612 (913) 296-3185

II. Philip Martin, ChairmanP.O. Box D, 702 Broadway, Larned, KS 67550 (316) 285-6514



#### COMMITTEES OF THE KANSAS WATER AUTHORITY

A-1	B-1
QUALITY	FEDERAL & STATE AFFAIRS
ChairPanning Vice ChairCrites Hanzlick Harkins Lennen Bhatia	ChairBinder Vice ChairWynkoop Rahjes Martin Roemer Schabel
A-2	B-2
MANAGEMENT	CONSERVATION
ChairRahjes Vice ChairPanning Abeldt Harkins Martin Pope	ChairWoods Vice ChairRoemer Hambleton McCrory Schwartz Wynkoop
A-3	B-3
BASIN PLANNING	<u>RESEARCH</u>
ChairSchabel Vice ChairMcCrory Binder Crites Lennen Woods	ChairHambleton Vice ChairPope Abeldt Hanzlick Bhatia Schwartz

#### FISH, WILDLIFE & RECREATION

Chair-----Crites
Vice Chair-----Hanzlick
Panning
Hambleton
McCrory
Bhatia

#### COMMITTEES OF THE KANSAS WATER AUTHORITY

	Quality	Federal And State Affairs	Management	Conservation	Basin Planning	Research	Fish, Wildlife & Recreation
Abeldt			X			Х	
Bhatia	χ					Х	Х
Binder		С			Х		
Crites	VC				Х		С
Hambleton				Х		С	
Hanzlick	Х					X	VC
Harkins	Х		Χ				
Lennen	Х				Х		
Martin		Х	Х				
McCrory				Χ	VC		X
Panning	С		VC	·			Х
Pope			Χ			VC	
Rahjes		X	С				
Roemer		X		VC			
Schabel		Х			С		
Schwartz				Χ		Х	
Woods				С	Х		
Wynkoop	`	VC		X			

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#### BASIN ADVISORY COMMITTEE CHAIRPERSONS

MISSOURI BASIN

Deborah E. Strong P.O. Box 216 Robinson, Kansas 66532 Marais Des Cygnes Basin Advisory Committee

Frank Emery 6 E. Wall Fort Scott, Kansas 66701 (316) 223-1460

Upper Republican Basin Adv. Committee SOLOMON BASIN

W. A. White R.R. 3, Box 99 Norton, Kansas 67654 (913) 877-3955 Donald E. Riffel R.R.#1, Box 99 Stockton, Kansas 67669

Smoky-Hill Saline Basin Adv. Committee Kansas Lower Republican Advisory Committee

Frederick E. Lagergren 726 North 3rd Lincoln, Kansas 67455 (913) 524-4515

R. E. Pelton P.O. Box 1038
Topeka, Kansas 66601
(913) 295-3828

Lower Arkansas Basin Advisory Committee Upper Arkansas Basin Advisory Committee

Arthur Woodman 330 North Main Wichita, Kansas 67202 Office: 262-1481 E. Lee Musil Route 2, Box 4 Burdett, Kansas 67523

(316) 525-6710

Cimarron Basin Advisory Committee

Marvin Odgers Sublett, Kansas 67877

(316) 675-2564

Neosho Basin Advisory Committee

James R. Triplett
Dept. of Biology
Pittsburg, Kansas 66762
(316) 231-7000, Ext. 4730

<u>Verdigris Basin Advisory Committee</u>

Frank W. Liebert 701 West Second Coffeyville, Kansas 67337 (316) 251-5950 or 5024 Walnut Basin Advisory Committee

Harold E. Taylor Route 1 Burns, Kansas 66840 (316) 321-3793