Approved On: 2387

Minutes of the House Committee on Assessment and Taxation. The meeting was called to order by E. C. Rolfs, Chairman, at 9:00 a.m. on January 29, 1987 in room 519 South at the Capitol of the State of Kansas.

The following members were absent (excused):

Representatives Fox and Francisco

Committee staff present:

Tom Severn, Legislative Research Chris Courtright, Legislative Research Don Hayward, Reviser of Statutes Millie Foose, Committee Secretary

The meeting was called to order by Chairman Rolfs. Representative Roe moved, second by Rolfs, that a bill concerning taxation of foreign source dividends be introduced. The motion carried.

Secretary Harley Duncan continued his discussion of the changes in the tax laws and his comparison of the federal and state deductions. He distributed copies of Schedule A - Itemized Deductions - and discussed how itemizing deductions would affect tax payment in different income categories. ($\underline{\text{Attachment 1}}$)

Mr. Duncan then distributed a form showing individual income tax in the tax year 1986 for resident taxpayers and the impact by bracket. ($\underline{\text{Attachment 2}}$)

Mr. Duncan also distributed a schedule showing areas of non-conformity between state and federal itemized deductions after the reform act of 1986, and the changes in federal itemized deductions. (Attachment 3) Paragraph 1 covers Medical and Dental Expenses, paragraph 2 Social Security and Related Employment Taxes, paragraph 3 State and Local Gas Taxes. and the fiscal impact for tax year 1987.

Section 4 of this report covers other deductions - Solar Energy Amortization, Contributions to Segregated Schools, Casualty Losses, Charitable Contributions, Political Contributions, Work of Art Contribution, and the fiscal impact for tax year 1987.

The next three paragraphs of the report cover State and Local Sales Taxes, Non-Mortgage Interest, Moving Expenses, and the fiscal impact for years 1987 and 1988.

Attachment 4 lists Areas of Non-Conformity Between State and Federal Itemized Deductions After the Tax Reform Act of 1986. The Committee members asked questions and discussed the fiscal note on Conformity and Personal Exemptions. They also discussed what the result would be if personal deductions were increased. Chairman Rolfs asked the Committee to think about options.

The minutes of the January 28 meeting were approved.

There being no further business to come before the Committee, the meeting was adjourned.

E. C. Roifs Chairman

SCHEDULES A&B (Form 1040)

Department of the Treasury Internal Revenue Service (X)

Schedule A—Itemized Deduc

(Schedule B Is on back)

► Attach to Form 1040. ► See Instructions for Schedules A and B (Form 1040).

1985

Your social security number Name(s) as shown on Form 1040 Prescription medicines and drugs; and insulin Medical and a Doctors, dentists, nurses, hospitals, insurance premiums Dental Expenses 2a you paid for medical and dental care, etc. (Do not include 2bTransportation and lodging expenses Other (list-include hearing aids, dentures, eyeglasses, etc.) reimbursed or paid by others.) 3 Add lines 1 through 2c, and write the total here Modelles 3 Instructions on Multiply the amount on Form 1040, line 33, by 5% (.05). .7.5% 4 page 19.) Subtract line 4 from line 3. If zero or less, write -0-. Total medical and dental . ▶ State and local income taxes . Delete. Taxes You 7 7 Real estate taxes Paid 8a -a--General sales tax (see sales tax tables in instruction booklet)-8b (See -b---General sales tax on motor vehicles------Instruc. 9 Other taxes (list—include personal property taxes) ▶ tions on page 20.) Total taxes . ▶ 10 10 Add the amounts on lines 6 through 9. Write the total here. 11a a Home mortgage interest you paid to financial institutions . . Interest You Home mortgage interest you paid to individuals (show that Paid person's name and address) 11b Qualified residence interest (See 12 Instruc. 12 Total credit card and charge account interest you paid tions on 13 Other interest you paid (list) page 20.) Investment Interest 14 Add the amounts on lines 11a through 13. Write the total here. Total interest . > 15 a Cash contributions. (If you gave \$3,000 or more to any one Contributions 15a organization, report those contributions on line 15b.) . . . You Made b Cash contributions totaling \$3,000 or more to any one (See organization. (Show to whom you gave and how much you Instruc. gave.) > tions on 15b page 21.) 16 Other than cash. (You must attach Form 8283 if over \$500.). 16 Add the amounts on lines 15a through 17. Write the total here. Total contributions . 🕨 Total casualty or theft loss(es). (You must attach Form 4684 or similar statement.) Casualty and 19 Theft Losses (See page 21 of Instructions.) . . Modified. 20 Miscellaneous 21 Deductions 21 Other (list type and amount) (See Instruc-Employee Business Expenses Total in tions on page 21.) excess of 2% -- Adoption-Expenses 23 Add the amounts on lines 20 through 22. Write the total here. Total miscellaneous . 23 Summary of 24 24 Add the amounts on lines 5, 10, 14, 18, 19, and 23. Write your answer here. . Itemized Deductions 25 If you checked Form 1040 Filing Status box 2 or 5, write \$3,540 }---EAVOR TO THE 25 (See Filing Status box 3; write \$1,770 Instructions on Subtract line 25 from line 24. Write your answer here and on Form 1040, line 34a. (If page 22.) line 25 is more than line 24, see the Instructions for line 26 on page 22.) !>

eduction Act Notice, see Form 1040 Instructions.

Gas Tox AND SOCIAL SECURITY

Schedule A (Form 1040) 1985

. 184:

TAX YEAR 1987 CONFORMITY TO FEDERAL ITEMIZED DEDUCTIONS

Individual Income Tax In Tax Year 1986 Resident Taxpayers Ixpact By Bracket

Att		,	,	Married					incle	AND ALL OF THE			Total Residents			
ach. 2	No. Of Returns	Percent Increase	Dollar Change In Liability	Dollar Change Per Return	Effective Rate		Percent Increase	Dollar Change In Liability	Dollar Change Per Return	Effective Rate	No. Of Returns	Percent Increase	Dollar Change In Liability	Dollar Change Per Return	Effectiv Rate	ie -
in disa	11,263	3 0.0%	58.88	\$2.00	0.ex	5,789	6.6×	\$2.23	\$2.20	2.81	17,053.	8. SX	\$2.92	\$8.08	0.0	31
			\$2.22	. 52. 65	e.ex	104, 105	-4.8%	(\$49, 489, 88)	(\$0.48)	2.3x	119,053	-4.8x	(\$49, 489.88)	(\$2,42)	8.3	32
\$5,222	14.947 73,895		(\$1,176,832.65)	(\$15.93)	2.8%	166, 421	-3.6%	(\$1,257,522.45)	(\$6.35)	1.8%	248,316	-6.2%	(\$2,234,355.10)	(\$9.32)	1.4	× .
\$5,020 \$15,000			\$1,865.745.92	\$18.68	1.6%	85, 158	6.5x	\$3, 173, 265. 31	\$37.26	3.1%	184, 929	6.1%	\$5, 839, 811, 22	\$27.39	5.4	
\$15,882 \$25,888	96,843		\$12.292,443.88	5114.94	2.7%	34, 421	11.4%	\$3,590,385.12	\$107.21	3.5%	141,358	15.0%	\$15,982,750.88	\$113.26	2.9	3%
\$25,000 \$35,000	125,947		\$31,128,621.02	\$251.75	3.4%	15,263	16.7%	\$3.333,795.92	\$218.75	3.7%	134, 185	22.4%	\$34, 447, 396. 94	\$256.87	3.4	×
\$35,222 \$52,222	116,846		\$32,258,979.59	\$381.38	3.5%	6,947	8.7%	\$1,475,718.37	\$212.55	4.2%	85,789	18.5%	\$31,545,637.96	\$357.71	3.7	7%
\$58,888 \$188,888 \$188,888 Over	78, 843 10, 947		\$9,519,751.02	\$869.59	4.4%	1,684	5.4%	\$1, :47, 755.10	\$581.48	4.8%	12,632	10.0%	\$10,667,506.12	\$844.51	4.4	×
Total	5:4,526	5 17.2%	\$83,678,568.78	\$162.63	3.1%	419,769	6.9%	\$11,719.828.57	\$27.92	3.0%	934, 315	14.5%	\$95,396,517.35	\$102.11	3.1	, X
Fiscal Impact:			\$83,578,588.78					\$11,719,828.57					\$95,398,517.35			
All Taxpayers:			\$103,757,905.10			Non-Resider	nt:	\$8,359,387.76				•				•
													a region of the second			***

SIMPLIGATION NO. 123: TEX REFORM ACT OF 1986

TAX YEAR 1988
CONFORMITY TO FEDERAL ITEMIZED DEDUCTIONS

Kansas Department Of Revenue

Individual Income Tax In Tax Year 1966 Resident Taxoayers Ixoact By Bracket

CONFORMITY TO FEDERAL ITEMIZED DEDUCTIONS

,			• 1	Married					Sincle				Total Residents		
K.A.G.I. Bracket		Percent Increase	Dollar Change In Liability	Dollar Change Per Return	Effective Rate	No. Of Returns	Percent Increase	Dollar Change In Liability	Dollar Change Per Return	Effective Rate	No. Of Returns	Percent Increase	Dollar Change In Liability	Dollar Change Per Return	Effective Rate
Nor K. A. S. I.	11.253	0. ex	\$8.88	\$8.00	8.83	5.789	9.6%	\$2, 82	\$8.28	8. 8×	17,653	2.2×	\$3.82	\$8.88	2.21
\$5,222	14.947	e. ex	\$2.88	\$2. 22	e.ex	184, 185	-4.8x	(\$49.387.75)	(\$0.47)	8.3×	119.053	-4.7%	(\$49,367.76)	(\$2,41)	8.3x
\$5,222 \$15,222	73,695		(\$1,142,955,10)		2.8%	155, 421	-3.4%	(\$1,823,848,93)	(\$5, 83)	1.8%	248,316	-5.9%	(\$2,145,824.28)	(\$8.93)	1.4%
\$15,022 \$25,022	98,842		\$2,225,952,88	\$22.32	1.8%	65, 158	7.2x	\$3,586.020.41	\$41.17	3.5%	184, 929	6.9%	\$5,711,972.41	\$31.84	2.4%
\$25.282 \$25.282	125, 347	17.8%	\$13,218,555,33	\$123.58	£.7⊁	34, 421	12.1%	\$4,222,915,37	\$115.83	3.7%	141,358	:5.2%	\$17,239,434.59	\$121.95	3.2%
\$25,000 \$50,000	116, 642		\$33, 377, 958, 78	\$262, 85	3.4%	15, 263	17.:%	\$3,722,624,49	\$243.58	4.1%	134, 185	23.6%	\$37, 103, 613, 27	\$276,65	3,5%
\$58,888 \$182,888	75, 542		132,775,835,73	\$415.73	3.7%	5,947	8.7%	\$1,542,102.04	\$235.08	4.6%	85,789	19.7%	\$34,416,938.78	\$421.18	3.6%
\$102,000 Over	18, 347		\$11,457,914.29	\$1,845.64	4.5%	1,684	5, 4%	\$1,308,061.22	\$776.66	5.4%	12,632	11.7%	\$12,765,975.51	- \$1, 818. 54	4.6%
		-													
Total	514.526	16.7%	\$91,834,381.02	\$178.60	3.8%	419, 789	7.4%	\$13,144,489.60	\$31.31	3.1%	934,316	15.7\$	\$105, 238, 792.62	\$112.42	3.5%
Fiscal Ispact: -			\$91,894,321.22					\$13,144,489.88		-	,		\$105, 838, 793.82		
All Taxpayers:			\$114,364,248.82	•	•	Non-Reside	ent:	19, 325, 450.00							

Kansas Department of Revenue

AREAS OF NON-CONFORMITY BETWEEN STATE AND FEDERAL ITEMIZED DEDUCTIONS AFTER THE TAX REFORM ACT OF 1986

Changes to Federal Itemized Deductions

1. Medical and Dental Expenses -- Kansas allows all unreimbursed expenses in excess of \$50 while the federal deduction allows only unreimbursed expenses in excess of 7.5% of A.G.I. Requires two calculations and delays in processing when taxpayers who cannot claim federally do not provide detail on Schedule A for state verification.

Fiscal Impact:

Tax Year

1987

State

Total \$ 30.3 m

Resident \$ 28.2 m

Non-Resident \$ 2.1 m

2. Social Security and Related Employment Taxes -- Allowed as a deduction at the State level, but not at federal.

Fiscal	Impact:	Tax	Year	-
		19	987	
		S	tate	
	Total Resident Non-Resident		52.8 47.7 5.1	

3. State and Local Gas Taxes -- Still allowed as state itemized deduction. Repealed at the federal level in 1979.

Fiscal Impact: Tax Year

1987

State

Total \$ 2.7 m
Resident \$ 2.5 m
Non-Resident \$.2 m

4. Other Deductions

- A. Solar Energy Amortization -- More generous provisions allowed at the State level. To our knowledge has never been used. Two calculations necessary.
- B. Contributions to Segregated Schools -- No longer necessary as federal law now interpreted to coincide with state law.
- C. Casualty Losses -- Non-Conformed since 1983. State allows all unreimbursed losses in excess of \$100. Federal is limited to losses in excess of 10% of A.G.I. Two calculations required.
- D. Charitable Contributions -- Our rate for mileage is 7 cents per mile which was the federal rate in 1977. Current federal rate is 12 cents. Also, the Tax Reform Act imposed additional limits on travel which can be included as charitable.
- E. Political Contributions -- State allows itemized deduction of \$100/\$200. At the federal level, it was converted to a credit in 1979 and with the Tax Reform Act, the credit will be repealed.
- F. Work of Art Contribution -- Special excess deduction allowed at the State level. Never been utilized.

Fiscal Impact: Tax Year

1987

State

Total \$.50 m
Resident \$.45 m
Non-Resident \$.05 m

5. State and Local Sales Taxes -- Federal deduction repealed in the Tax Reform Act. If continued at the State level, we should maintain deduction tables for all states to accomodate part-year residents which would involve considerable research time to keep current. Also, local option considerations make the non-conformity more cumbersome.

Fiscal Impact:

Tax Year

	1987	1988
	State	State
Total Resident Non-Resident	\$11.6 m \$10.1 m \$ 1.5 m	\$11.9 m \$10.3 m \$ 1.6 m

6. Non-Mortgage Interest -- The Tax Reform Act phases out the deduction for non-mortgage interest from 1987-1991 with exceptions of home equity loans for educational and medical purposes. State law would still allow the full deduction.

Fiscal Impact:

Tax Year

	1987	1988
	State	State
Total Resident Non-Resident	\$12.6 m \$12.0 m \$.6 m	\$22.3 m \$21.2 m \$ 1.1 m

7. Moving Expenses -- The Tax Reform Act makes moving expenses a miscellaneous itemized deduction not subject to the 2% of A.G.I. floor. It is currently an allowable adjustment to adjusted gross income. At the state level, therefore, taxpayers would lose the adjustment to income but not have the itemized deduction available to them

Fiscal Impact:

Tax Year

	1987	1988
	State	State
Total Resident Non-Resident	\$(3.2)m \$(1.9)m \$(1.3)m	\$(3.2)m \$(1.9)m \$(1.3)m

8. Employee Business Expenses -- Those currently taken as an adjustment to income on the front of the 1040 are converted to a miscellaneous itemized deduction subject to the 2% of A.G.I. floor. These would be lost to Kansas taxpayers at the State level.

Fiscal Impact:

Tax Year

	1987	1988
	State	State
Total Resident Non-Resident	\$(7.2)m \$(6.3)m \$(.9)m	\$(7.3)m \$(6.6)m \$(.7)m

9. Other Miscellaneous Deductions -- Are allowed only to the extent they exceed 2% of A.G.I. Would be allowed fully at the State level. In short, with respect to miscellaneous itemized deductions, taxpayers would be required to both delete some from the federal total and add back greater amount of others.

Fiscal Impact:

Tax Year

	1987	1988
	State	State
Total Resident Non-Resident	\$8.7 m \$7.8 m \$.9 m	\$9.1 m \$7.6 m \$1.5 m

Areas of Non-Conformity Between State and Federal Itemized Deductions After the Tax Reform Act of 1986

- 1. Medical and Dental Expenses Kansas allows all unreimbursed expenses in excess of \$50 while the federal deduction allows only unreimbursed expenses in excess of 7.5% of AGI.
- 2. Social Security and Related Employment Taxes Allowed as a deduction at the state level, but not at federal.
- 3. Solar Energy Amortization More generous provisions allowed at the state level. To our knowledge has never been used.
- 4. Contributions to Segregated Schools No longer necessary as federal law now interpreted to coincide with state law.
- 5. Casualty Losses Non-conformed since 1983. State allows all unreimbursed losses in excess of \$100 per occurrence. Federal is limited to losses in excess of 10% of AGI.
- 6. Charitable contributions Our rate for mileage is 7 cents per mile which was the federal rate in 1977. Current federal rate is 12 cents. Also, TRA imposed additional limits on travel which can be included as charitable.
- 7. State and Local Gas Taxes Still allowed as state itemized deduction. Repealed at the federal level in 1979.
- 8. Political Contributions State allows deduction of \$100/200. At the federal level, it was converted to a credit in 1979 and with TRA, the credit will be repealed.
- 9. Work of Art Contribution Special excess deduction allowed at the state level. Never been utilized.
- 10. State and Local Sales Taxes Federal deduction repealed in TRA. If continued at the state level, we should maintain deduction tables for all states to accommodate part-year residents which would involve considerable research time to keep current. Also, local option considerations make the non-conformity more cumbersome.
- 11. Non-mortgage interest TRA phases out the deduction for non-mortgage interest from 1987 1991 with exceptions of home equity loans for educational and medical purposes. State law would still allow full deduction.
- 12. Moving Expenses TRA makes moving expenses a miscellaneous itemized deduction not subject to the 2% of AGI floor. It is currently an allowable adjustment to gross income. At the state level, therefore, taxpayers would lose the adjustment to income but not have the itemized deduction available to them.
- 13. Employee Business Expenses Those currently taken as an adjustment to income on the front of the 1040 are converted to a miscellaneous itemized deduction subject to the 2% of AGI floor. These would be lost to Kansas taxpayers at the state level.
- 14. Other Miscellaneous Deductions Are allowed only to the extent they exceed 2% of AGI. Would be allowed fully at the state level. Taxpayers would be required to both delete some from the federal total and add back greater amounts of others.