Approved	February 11, 1988	
rr	Date	

MINUTES OF THE HOUSE	COMMITTEE ON	ECONOMIC	DEVELOPMENT	•
The meeting was called to order by	Phil	Kline		at
		Chairpe	rson	
3:40 XXX/p.m. onThurs	day, January 21	, 19	9 <u>88</u> in room <u>423-S</u>	_ of the Capitol.
All members were present except: Teagarden, Mainey and Hei		•	Lyward, Chronist	ter,

Committee staff present: Jim Wilson, Revisor Lynn Holt, Research Elaine Johnson, Secretary

Conferees appearing before the committee:
Michael O'Keefe, Director of the Budget
Dr. Anthony Redwood, Executive Director, Institute for Public Policy and
Business Research, University of Kansas
Dr. Bill Brundage, President, Kansas Technology Enterprise Corporation
Bernie Koch, Wichita Chamber of Commerce
Gary Toebben, President, Lawrence Chamber of Commerce
Jerry Lonergan, Kansas Inc.
Joe Harkins, Kansas Water Office
Bud Grant, Kansas Chamber of Commerce and Industry

Chairman Phil Kline called the meeting to order and asked Lynn Holt to brief the committee on $\underline{\text{H.C.R.}}$ 5033 on the Expenditure of Gaming Fund Revenues.

Ms. Holt said that the Joint Committee on Economic Development reviewed a proposal by Kansas, Inc. for Expenditure of Gaming Fund Revenues. The committee's interim report endorsed three recommendations made by Kansas Inc.; 1) that EDIF expenditures not be used to finance the salaries of permanent positions; 2) that EDIF monies not replace the State General Fund as a source of financing established economic development programs, but may be used for state economic development enhancements; and 3) that expenditures from the EDIF be applied only to those programs and policies which clearly identify with a pillar of the economic development strategy of the state. See (Attachment 1).

Michael O'Keefe, Director of the Budget gave an overview of what the Govenor recommended from the EDIF. See (Attachment 2). Mr. O'Keefe said the way the statute read is that the transfer from the lottery of Gaming Revenue Funds for FY88 is at the discretion of the Executive Director of the Lottery. The Govenor recommended that 8.5 million dollars for FY88 be transferred from the lottery fund to the Gaming Revenue Fund. The first transfer is to go to EDIF and the 2nd transfer to go to the General Fund. The Govenor has recommended that in FY89 20% permanently be allocated to Natural Resource Fund for the protection of existing supplies of water. The Govenor's position is that we have to do something about the quantity and quality of water in Kansas. The General Fund continues to fund water but is not even making a dent on the Kansas water plan.

Discussion followed.

The first conferee was Dr. Anthony Redwood who testified in support of Kansas, Inc.'s FY 1989 budget recommendations for gaming revenues resulting from the sale of lottery tickets. (See Attachment 3). Dr. Redwood states that the Kansas Inc. proposals are well founded and should be adopted. Concern was expressed about the budget proposals. First the proposal to use newly available Initiatives Fund monies to substitute for previously legislated General Fund monies; second, a number of initiatives that have been included that were not recommended by Kansas Inc., or anybody else

CONTINUATION SHEET

MINUTES OF THE	HOUSE (COMMITTEE ON	ECONOMIC	DEVELOPMENT	,
room 423-S, Statel	nouse at 3:40	XXX/n.m. on	Thursday, Jai	nuary 21	19.88

and third, the proposed funding levels for some initiatives being pathetically low. Total support is given to the Kansas Inc. principles. 1) Expenditures from the Economic Development Initiatives Fund should not be used for salaries; 2) The Economic Development Initiatives Fund should not replace the State General Fund as a source of financing ongoing economic development programs; and 3) Expenditures from the Economic Development Initiatives Fund should be applied to only those programs which clearly relate to economic development strategy. Kansas Inc. made no recommendations for funding the water plan from the lottery fund. The concern of spending one-fourth of the lottery fund on these purposes is that a number of other budget recommendations are substantially reduced. The funding for the arts and tourism and for KTEC should be brought to the level where they can make a significant impact.

Dr. Bill Brundage testified that the Kansas Technology Enterprise Corporation concurs with Kansas Inc. in its recommendation that "expenditures from the state economic development initiative fund (EDIF) should not be used for salaries or permanent personnel." Dr. Brundage proceeded to list the KTEC programs that EDIF monies are appropriate for. (See Attachment 4).

Mr. Bernie Kock of the Wichita Area Chamber of Commerce testified that the Wichita Chamber Legislative Committee endorsed the Kansas Inc. recommendations. (See Attachment 5).

Mr. Gary Toebben testified in support of <u>H.C.R. 5033</u>. He stated that from the comments heard during the committee hearings and committee meetings held in 1986, there was never any question but that the Kansas Legislature intended the lottery money to be used for the purposes and under the parameters spelled out by Kansas Inc. in their recommendations to Govenor Hayden and the Legislature this fall. (See Attachment 6).

Mr. Jerry Lonergan, Manager of Research of Kansas Inc. brought a copy of "Proposal for Expenditure of Gaming Revenues" which is available through Kansas Inc., 400 S.W. 8th, Suite 113. Mr. Lonegran stated that their recommendations were made and supported by the Kansas Inc. Board of Directors. All of the budgets were reviewed before being recommended. Kansas Inc. met with university people and people knowledgeable about economic development of the state before coming up with their recommendations. The most important and necessary thing that needs to be funded is the infrastructure programs.

Discussion followed.

Joe Harkins testified that he would hate to see the issue of economic development deteriorate over an argument over which bureaucracy will get the money. For economic development it takes a balanced and complete system. It takes roads, good people, competent people, water, the ability to treat waste water, and power. In Kansas we have power. Mr. Harkins feels the Governor's budget is a balanced one. He urged the committee to consider not which one is the most important but to consider if we have adequate strength in all areas to be fulfilled. In that sense the argument should not be whether water is part of economic development or not, it clearly is. No economic development occurs without it.

Bud Grant informed the committee that their board at its December 4th meeting in Topeka voted unanimously to support the recommendations of Kansas Inc. as contained in the reolution before you today and hopes for favorable passage.

Representative Gjerstad requested that a representative from the Governor's Office be called in to explain the rationale, because of the mixed signals the committee has received on EDIF. Representative Kline said he would see what he could arrange.

The meeting adjourned at 4:50 p.m. The next meeting is scheduled for Tuesday, January 26, at 3:30 p.m.

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Date: 1/2//88

UEST REGISTE

H O U S E

Committee on Economic Development

NAME	ORGANIZATION	ADDRESS
TONY RED WOOD	IPPBR , linir. of Konsa	0
Debbie Zabel	IPPBR, University	g.Ks.
	Wichita Chamber	
	Ks Motor Carrier Assn.	
Dio CORANT	KCCI	
	KE DEV FIN AUTHORITY	
Steve Commons	City & Emporia	Emporia
Mang E. Turienero	& Ks. Motor amiers Assen	- Topeka
Marquel ahrens	Derra Club Kol	hap Topella
Michael O'kup	Division of Budget	Topeka
	SEK TRURISM REGION	
111	State Rep	
Joe Kalens	Ke Water Office	Topel
HOVIN GODERTSON	Travel gradustry ass.	Hope Pra
Beth Tatauko	Kansas Inc	Topeka
Jerry Lovergon	Kauses Inc.	Toppke
Shaun M'Grath	KWO	
Gary Toebben	Chamber of Commerce	Laurence
\mathcal{O}	U	

Date: 1/21/88

GUEST REGISTE

H O U S E

Committee on Economic Development

NAME	ORGANIZATION	ADDRESS
John Strickler	Dovernois Office	Topseks
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Committee Conclusions and Recommendations

The Committee recommends the introduction of a strongly worded concurrent resolution that endorses the three recommendations of Kansas, Inc., governing expenditures from the EDIF. The Committee shares the position adopted by Kansas, Inc., that EDIF expenditures should not be used to finance salaries of permanent positions and replace commitments from the State General Fund to ongoing programs; expenditures from gaming revenues may be used, however, to augment existing economic development programs and to fund new economic development programs. The Committee also concurs with the position taken by Kansas, Inc. that EDIF expenditures be applied to only those programs and projects identified with the economic development strategy, as proposed by Kansas, Inc.

The Committee notes that although it did not review in any depth the funding allocations recommended by Kansas, Inc. for the identified economic development initiatives and is, therefore, disinclined at this time to propose any adjustments to them, it is, in general, favorably predisposed to the funding priorities contained in the proposal. However, the Committee submits that one concern expressed by several of its members is that no expenditures from the EDIF were recommended by Kansas, Inc. for Centers of Excellence and other KTEC operations. Nonetheless, the Committee recommends that the funding priorities and allocations recommended by Kansas, Inc. serve as the basis for further deliberation and consideration by the Senate Committee on Ways and Means and the House Appropriations Committee during the 1988 Session and that these priorities and allocations also be considered very seriously by the standing Economic Development Committees. The Committee notes that it might even be advisable for the standing committees to meet jointly with the budget subcommittees in reviewing this issue.

Hause Eco Devo Attachment 1 1/21/88

TABLE 1
Kansas Inc. Recommended Initiatives and Funding Levels
Given \$10.8 Million in Gaming Fund Revenue

Init		Level of Funding (in millions)
la.	Infrastructure Revolving Loan Progra	am \$ 2.708
1b.	Infrastructure Grant Program	\$ 1.703
2.	Customized Training	\$ 1.000
3.	Research Matching Grants	\$ 1.000
4.	Seed Capital	\$.750
5.	Arts	\$.700
6.	Database Development	\$.131
7.	Small Business Innovation Research Grants (SBIR)	\$.300
8.	SBDC/CDC	\$.150
9.	Training Equipment Grants	\$.500
10.	Research Equipment Grants	\$.700
11.	Evaluation/Studies	\$.150
12.	Incubators	\$.300
13.	Industry Extension	\$.400
14.	Tourism	\$.250
15.	Education Awards Pilot	\$.050

FY 1989

TABLE 2 Kansas Inc. Recommended Initiatives and Funding Levels Given \$20 Million in Gaming Fund Revenue

Init		Level of Funding (in millions)
1a.	Infrastructure Revolving Loan Progra	am \$ 8.540
1b.	Infrastructure Grant Program	\$ 4.029
2.	Customized Training	\$ 1.000
3.	Research Matching Grants	\$ 1.000
4.	Seed Capital	\$ 1.000
5.	Arts	\$.700
6.	Database Development	\$.131
7.	Small Eusiness Innovation Research Grants (SBIR)	\$.300
8.	SBDC/CDC	\$.150
9.	Training Equipment Grants	\$.750
10.	Research Equipment Grants	\$ 1.250
11.	Evaluation/Studies	\$.150
12.	Incubators	\$.300
13.	Industry Extension	\$.400
14.	Tourism	\$.250
15.	Education Awards Pilot	\$.050

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT INITIATIVES FUND

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT INITIATIVES	FUND		
			Percent of
	FY 1988	FY 1989	Total Resources
ANTICIPATED REVENUES	\$5,100,000	\$15,120,000 1,610,300	
Total Available Resources	\$5,100,000	\$16,730,300	
RECOMMENDED EXPENDITURES Natural Resource Projects			
Wellington Multipurpose Small Lake	\$	\$917,482	
Cedar Bluff Reservoir		365,418	
Centralia Site 50 Multipurpose Small Lake	1 1 9 7 1	240,000	
Hillsdale Reservoir		700,000	
Saltwater Contamination Clean-up	55	1,250,000	
Wetlands Purchase	· ·	27,100	
Galena Clean-up Matching Funds	_	500,000	00.00/
Subtotal Natural Resources	\$	\$4,000,000	23.9%
Kansas Technology Enterprise Corporation	\$505,000	#C10 000	
Research Matching Grants	\$303,000	\$610,000 150,000	
Business Innovative Research Grants	295,000	295,000	
Research Equipment Grants			
Centers of Excellence	600,000	600,000	
Special Projects	125,000		
Seed Capital	500,000	500,000	
Incubators	125,000	125,000	
Operations	#0.150.000	204,119	14.00/
Subtotal Kansas Technology Enterprise Corporation .	\$2,150,000	\$2,484,119	14.8%
Commerce	\$75,000	\$75,000	
Small Business Development Centers	φ/3,000	75,000	
	1001	7,550	
Development Company/Center Support	500,000	500,000	
	31,000	31,000	
Film Commission	25,000	31,000	
Amtrak Study			
Bloomingdale's Project	68,300	CC 424	
Computerization		66,434	
Video Equipment		44,899	
Infrastructure Loan Program	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	5,500,000	
Main Street Program Expansion		75,000	
Education Awards Pilot	- C	50,000	
Tourism	8 . 9.	100,000 80,000	
Small Business Incubators	¢600 200		39.5%
Subtotal Commerce Public Broadcasting	\$699,300	\$6,604,883	33.3%
KOOD Television—Lakin	\$100,000	\$300,000	1.8%
Agriculture			
Arkansas River Study	\$-	\$25,000	
Bloomingdale's Project	65,400	5 4 5	
Marketing Program Expansion		178,696	
Subtotal Agriculture	\$65,400	\$203,696	
Racing Commission Operations		\$280,000	
Arts	\$	\$50,000	
Total Expenditures	\$3,014,700	\$13,922,698	
Year-End Transfers		\$— \$2,807,602	
Unanocatea neserve	ψ1,010,000	ΨΔ,007,002	10.0/0

House Eco Devo Attachment 2 1/21/88

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT INITIATIVES FUND INITIAL DISTRIBUTION SUMMARY BY CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT—FY 1989

	FIRST DISTRICT	SECOND DISTRICT	THIRD DISTRICT	FOURTH DISTRICT	FIFTH DISTRICT	UNDISTRI- BUTED AMOUNTS
Natural Resource Projects Wellington Multipurpose Small Lake Cedar Bluff Reservoir Centralia Site 50 Multipurpose Small	\$— 365,418	\$ <u> </u>	\$	\$917,482 —	\$ <u> </u>	\$ <u> </u>
Lake Hillsdale Reservoir Saltwater Contamination Clean-Up Wetlands Purchase Galena Clean-up Matching Funds	600,000 27,100	240,000 — — — —	700,000	300,000	350,000 — 500,000	
Kansas Technology Enterprise Corporation						
Research Matching Grants Business Innovative Research Grants	_	y w		_		610,000
Research Equipment Grants	_	_			_	150,000 295,000
Centers of Excellence	_		_	_		600,000
Seed Capital						500,000
Incubators	- The state of the					125,000
Operations	40,823	40,824	40,824	40,824	40,824	
Commerce Small Business Development Center						75,000
Certified Development Companies	_	25	_	_		75,000
Development Company/Center Support .				_		7,550
Kansas Industrial Training	·		_			500,000
Film Commission	_	-				31,000
Computerization	_			_	·	66,434
Video Equipment				_		44,899
Main Street Program Expansion	_	_		_	,	5,500,000 75,000
Education Awards Pilot	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	73,000
Tourism				10,000	10,000	100,000
Small Business Incubators	_			_	-	80,000
Public Broadcasting KOOD Television—Lakin	300,000	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		· · · · · ·		_
Agriculture						
Arkansas River Study	25,000	_	_	_	_	 178,696
Racing Commission Operations	56,000	56,000	56,000	56,000	56,000	
Arts	_					50,000
TOTAL	\$1,424,341	\$346,824	\$806,824	\$1,324,306	\$956,824	\$9,063,579

TESTIMONY ON

THE USE OF GAMING FUND REVENUES

H.C.R. 5033

presented to the

House Committee on Economic Development

presented by

Dr. Anthony L. Redwood
Professor, School of Business
and
Executive Director
Institute for Public Policy and Business Research
University of Kansas

January 21, 1988

House Eco Devo Attachment 3 1/21/88 Mr. Chairman, I appreciate the opportunity to testify in support of Kansas, Inc.'s FY 1989 budget recommendations for gaming revenues resulting from the sale of lottery tickets.

It was only two legislatures ago, in 1986, that you made the commitment to dedicate the bulk of the net lottery proceeds to economic development initiatives and it is satisfying to reach the stage where that will come to fruition. Of course on the other hand, it has been frustrating to wait this long before this level of financial commitment could be made, particularly as very little other state funding has been committed to economic development in the meantime.

In May 1987, Governor Hayden requested Kansas Inc., the state's economic development strategic planning group, to recommend priorities for the use of gaming funds for economic development initiatives.

Kansas Inc. submitted their recommendations, including goals, criteria for allocation, specific initiatives, and proposed funding levels based on the availability of \$10.8 or \$20 million, in the document Proposal for Expenditure of Gaming Fund Revenues dated October 1, 1987.

The Kansas Inc. proposals are well founded and should be adopted. Hence it is pleasing to note that the Governor's budget has recommended funding for most of the initiatives proposed by Kansas Inc. I might add that these initiatives are consistent with those recommended earlier by the Legislative Commission on Economic Development. Furthermore, the proposed levels of funding for a number

of the initiatives are also pleasing (for example, the Infrastructure Loan Program).

On the other hand, the budget proposals give rise to serious concern in several areas. First, the magnitude of this long awaited economic development initiative has been critically weakened, by the proposal to use newly available Initiatives Fund monies to substitute for previously legislated General Fund monies. The funding for KTEC is the obvious case in point.

Second, and this is related to the first point, a number of initiatives have been included that were not recommended by Kansas Inc., or anybody else, because they do not represent hard core investment in the basic foundations or underpinnings for economic development. For example, the proposed Water Plan Expenditures constitute 25 percent of the Initiatives Fund proposed expenditures. If the proposals are important, and I do not dispute that they are, then they should be funded from other sources.

Third, the proposed funding levels for some initiatives are pathetically low. Examples include tourism, the arts, seed capital, Centers of Excellence, research equipment, customized training, training equipment to post secondary institutions, and incubators.

Two years ago we used to think that a solid meaningful effort by the state would involve expenditures in the range of M\$35-45. Kansas would not be a pacesetter at that level, but it would be enough to make a difference. By any stretch of the imagination, this proposal of a net addition of less than \$10 million can only be described as disappointing.

We at the Institute for Public Policy and Business Research are in total agreement with the three principles which Kansas, Inc. established to govern expenditures from the Economic Development Initiatives Fund. Briefly, these recommendations and their rationale are (page 3 & 4 of the Kansas Inc. document:

 Expenditures from the Economic Development Initiatives Fund should not be used for salaries.

"The gaming fund should not be used to fund permanent personnel. Lottery dollars are not a stable source of revenue therefore it is unwise to fund permanent positions from a fluctuating source of revenue."

2. The Economic Development Initiatives Fund should not replace the State General Fund as a source of financing ongoing economic development programs.

"The intent of the gaming fund is to fund "new" economic development initiatives. This does not mean transferring costs from the state's general fund to the gaming fund. The fund is to enhance economic development in the state."

3. Expenditures from the Economic Development Initiatives Fund should be applied to only those programs which clearly relate to economic development strategy.

"Programs and policies should clearly identify with a pillar (listed below) of the Economic Development Strategy. The pillars are the foundation of a healthy economic strategy. Gaming Fund allocations should relate with at least one of the six following pillars: entrepreneurial environment, capital markets, human capital, infrastructure, capacity, and technology."

I strongly urge the Legislature to adopt these principles, as recommended by the interim Joint Committee on Economic Development (H.C.R. 5033).

The Economic Development Initiatives Fund is the primary vehicle for Kansas to materially improve our state's competitive position by

encouraging the birth, expansion, retention and recruitment of Thus monies flowing to the Economic Development Initiatives Fund provide the state the opportunity to make strategic investments Therefore, with this in mind, we support current in Kansas' future. law which allocates 60 percent of gaming revenues to the Economic Development Initiatives Fund in FY89, and 90 percent in FY90 and thereafter. The Governor has recommended in his recent budget report that the Legislature extend current allocation percentages through FY In other words, 60 percent rather than 90 percent would be available for economic development in future years. This fails to follow the recommendation made by Kansas, Inc. not to replace general fund dollars with lottery funds. This change, if adopted, will not allow adequate funding to targeted areas for economic development identified by Kansas, Inc. and Kansas Legislature Economic Development Committees and ourselves. It will seriously dissipate our long-term effort to promote economic development.

I had been under the impression that we had all gained an understanding of the states long-term economic plight and of the challenge facing us in doing something about it. Maybe we need to remind ourselves of our dilemma. The bottom line is that state employment growth in the past 10 years has been half of that of US average. Furthermore our models predict that Kansas employment growth in 1988 will be .6 to .8 percentage points below expects US employment growth of 1.9 percent. (Indeed if one takes further farm displacement into account, the net gain in employment in Kansas will be close to zero.) Continued underperformance of this nature has awesome

implications for the state.

The proposed budget calls for \$4.0 million of lottery funds to go toward financing part of the state's water plan. Kansas Inc. made no recommendations for funding the water plan from the lottery fund. While water infrastructure is certainly needed for economic development, the concern is that by spending one-fourth of the lottery fund on this purpose, a number of other budget recommendations are substantially reduced. It is a question of priorities from the perspective of economic development. As was mentioned above, the amount available for economic development is already very small by any standard. While we recognize that a comparison with other states' spending on economic development is not enough to conclusively support such a statement, it is useful as a limited standard of comparison, particularly if focused on a particular component like the KTEC programs.

For example, the Colorado Advanced Technology Institute (CATI) expects to receive \$3.7 million for their programs versus Kansas, Inc.'s request for \$3.05 million and the budget recommendation of \$2.5 million for FY 1989. The Arkansas Science and Technology Authority has total appropriations of \$6.0 million for FY 1988 and the Indiana Corporation for Science and Technology will receive approximately \$10.0 million from the state compared to the Governor's budget recommendation of \$2.5 million. Michigan is spending \$16 million on Centers of Excellence alone at 3 state universities.

For further illustration, the Arkansas Science and Technology Authority has appropriations of \$1.8 million towards seed capital

(versus Kansas, Inc.'s recommended \$750,000 and the Governor's recommended \$500,000) and \$1.0 million toward incubators (versus \$300,000 from Kansas, Inc. and \$205,000 from the Governor). Ohio's Thomas Edison Program has appropriated a total of \$33.0 million for FY 1987-89 of which \$8.0 million will be targeted to seed capital and \$1.0 million to business incubators. Michigan committed \$12 million to its Seed Capital Program. Even closer to home, the Missouri Corporation for Science and Technology has been appropriated \$1.5 million for business incubators.

It is our recommendation that the funds expected to be available in the Initiatives Fund, around \$15 million, be committed fully to the program of initiatives proposed by Kansas Inc. On the basis of the Kansas Inc.'s recommendations for the two levels of \$10.8 and \$20 million respectively, the attached table provides an indication of what the funding levels might be for each initiative at the \$15 million level of expenditure. In virtually all instances these individual initiative amounts should be perceived as net additions to current funding levels for those activities.

You will also note the inclusion of several initiatives not recommended in the budget. First, the infrastructure grant program is important to small rural communities lacking the capacity to support a loan arrangement. Second, the industry extension program is vital—we must link up the technology knowledge in our universities and colleges with our struggling business sector. Third, the state needs to encourage vocational and skill training at our Community Colleges and technical schools responsive to rapidly changing industry needs

through support for training equipment acquisition.

Let me make just a few observations on the levels of funding for particular initiatives. The budget proposals for the arts and tourism verge on being an embarrassment to the state. If anything, the Kansas Inc. recommendations for tourism are themselves unduly low, but I presume there was an anticipation of increasing them in future years as the infrastructure loan fund reaches a viable level. Second let's get KTEC funding to a level where that organization can make a significant impact. The future lies in technology and innovation and it must be underpinned in a fiercely competitive world by research and development and adaptation to change.

The stakes are high here for Kansas. If we are serious about economic development, let's get on with it.

TESTIMONY BY DR. ANTHONY L. REDWOOD UNIVERSITY OF KANSAS January 21, 1988

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT INITIATIVES FUND

		Kansas Ir	ic., FY1989	Recommendations
	FY1989	<u>10.8M</u>	20 M	_15.00M_
ANTICIPATED REVENUES	\$15,120,000	\$10,800,000	\$20,000,000	\$15,120,000
Carry Forward Balance	1,610,300			1,610,300
Total Available Resources	\$16,730,000	\$10,800,000	\$20,000,000	\$16,730,000
RECOMMENDED EXPENDITURES				
Natural Resource Projects				
Wellington Multipurpose Small Lake	\$ 917,482			
Cedar Bluff Reservoir	365,418			
Centralia Site 50 Multipurpose Small Lake	240,000			
Hillsdale Reservoir	700,000			
Saltwater Contamination Clean-up	1,250,000			
Wetlands Purchase	27,100			
Galena Clean-up Matching Funds	500,000	~-·		
Subtotal Natural Resources	\$ 4,000,000	\$ -0-	\$ -0-	\$ -0-
Kansas Technology Enterprise Corporation				
Research Matching Grants	\$ 610,000	\$ 1,000,000	\$ 1,000,000	
Business Innovative Research Grants	150,000	300,000	300,000	
Research Equipment Grants	295,000	700,000	1,250,000	
Centers of Excellence	600,000	-		500,000
Special Projects				
Seed Capital	500,000	750,000	1,000,000	
Incubators	125,000	300,000	300,000	150,000
Operations	204,119			
Industry Extension		400,000	400,000	400,000
Subtotal Kansas Tech. Enterprise Corp.	\$ 2,484,119	\$ 3,300,000	\$ 4,100,000	\$ 4,350,000

				Kansas In	ıc.,			mmendations
		<u>FY1989</u>		<u>10.8M</u>		<u> 20 M</u>	-	15.00M
Commerce								
Small Business Development Centers	\$	75,000 }						
Certified Development Companies		75,000 }		150,000		150,000	\$	150,000
Development Company/Center Support		7,550						
Kansas Industrial Training		500,000		1,000,000		1,000,000		1,000,000
Film Commission		31,000						
Amtrak Study								
Bloomingdale's Project								
Computerization/Data Base Development		66,434		131,000		131,000		131,000
Video Equipment		44,899						
Infrastructure Loan Program	5	5,500,000	:	2,708,000	8	,540,000		5,500,000
Infrastructure Grant Program			:	1,703,000	4	,029,000		2,069,000
Main Street Program Expansion		75,000						
Educational Awards Pilot		50,000		50,000		50,000		50,000
Tourism		100,000		250,000		250,000		250,000
Small business Incubators		80,000		150,000		150,000		150,000
Training Equipment Grants				500,000		750,000		500,000
Kansas Inc.:Evaluation/Studies				150,000		150,000		150,000
Subtotal Commerce	\$ 6	6,604,883	\$	6,792,000	\$1	5,200,000	\$	9,950,000
Public Broadcasting								
KOOD Television - Lakin	\$	300,000	\$		\$		\$	
Agriculture								
Arkansas River Study	\$	25,000	\$		\$		\$	
Bloomingdale's Project								
Marketing Program Expansion		178,696						
Subtotal Agriculture	\$	203,696	\$		\$		\$	
Racing Commission Operations	\$	280,000	\$		\$		\$	
Arts	\$	50,000	\$	700,000	\$	700,000	\$	700,000

1/21/88

	<u>FY1989</u>		nc., FY1989 20 M	Recommendations 15.00M
Total Expenditures	\$ 13,922,698	\$10,792,000	\$20,000,000	\$ 15,000,000
Year-End Transfers	\$	\$	\$	
Unallocated Reserve	\$ 2,807,602	\$	\$	\$ 1,730,000

a-3-11

Testimony to the House Economic Development Committee January 21, 1988 Dr. Bill Brundage, President, KTEC

The Kansas Technology Enterprise Corporation (KTEC) concurs with Kansas Inc. in its recommendation that "expenditures from the state economic development initiatives fund (EDIF) should not be used for salaries or permanent personnel."

EDIF monies are appropriate for the following KTEC programs: 1) Applied Research Matching Grant Fund; 2) SBIR; 3) Special Projects Fund; 4) Technology Transfer and Technical Referral Services; 5) the incubator program; 6) the Seed Capital Fund; and 7) certain operating expenditures. The EDIF monies would not be appropriate for the University Centers nor KTEC staffing and most of its operating expenditures.

The University Centers rely on an adequate pool of highly trained scientists and engineers and supporting staff. To build and maintain a pre-eminence in a technical field requires a stable base of funding. There is little likelihood of attracting these human resources with a fluctuating, uncertain base of financial support.

KTEC will also require a stable base of funding. The Corporation's economic development approach provides a progression of programs that are applicable to the job creating process from concept to commercialization. This is a new and complex approach which requires a highly-trained and professional staff. As with the Centers, it would be most difficult to employ such a staff if the funding base was unpredictable.

The most important component in advanced technology economic development is people. The quality of the individuals involved in industry and academic joint research is the single most important success factor. Kansas has many excellent scientists and engineers. However, we are competing in a global economy and many of our competitors have a decided advantage in funding and in nationally-recognized scientists and engineers. For example:

- 1. Kansas ranks 38th nationally in terms of scientists per 100,000 persons;
- 2. Kansas ranks 36th nationally in terms of university research and development on a per capita basis;
- 3. Kansas ranks 33rd nationally in number of patents issued per 1,000 persons; and
- 4. Out of 16 states surveyed, Kansas ranked 15th in expenditures for advanced technology development on a per capita basis.

The above represents measurable criteria employed to assess a state's status and potential for advanced technology economic development. If KTEC is to foster innovation and create jobs, it needs a stable base of funding for staffing and operating expenses.

House Eco Deuro Attachment 4 1/21/88

THE CHAMBER

January 21, 1988

Testimony on HCR 5033
House Committee on Economic Development
Bernie Koch
Wichita Area Chamber of Commerce



Mr. Chairman, members of the Committee,

I'm Bernie Koch with the Wichita Area Chamber of Commerce, appearing in support of House Concurrent Resolution No. 5033.

Our Chamber Legislative Committee has endorsed the Kansas, Inc. recommendations for use of gaming revenues for economic development initiatives, including the basic concepts that are contained in this resolution.

Our Board of Directors takes up the matter next week. However, we expect them to endorse the Kansas, Inc. recommendations also.

Thank you.

TESTIMONY ON HC 5033 JANUARY 21, 1988

My name is Gary Toebben. I am President of the Lawrence Chamber of commerce and the immediate Past President of the Kansas Industrial Developers Association. I am speaking here today representing both of these groups as a proponent of HCR 5033.

As you are well aware, the Kansas Legislature established Kansas, Inc. during the 1986 Legislative session. At that time you directed Kansas Inc. to:

"Oversee the formulation of economic development policy and short and long range strategic planning for the state; oversee the targeting of scarce state resources by size and sector of economic activity and by geographic location within the state in order to enhance the state's economic advantage."

During that same legislative session in 1986 you debated the pros and the cons of placing a state lottery before the voters of Kansas, and as a part of that debate, you spelled out for the voters in HB 2789 how the lottery funds would be used.

House Eco Deva Attachment 6 1/2, 188 From the comments I heard during the many committee hearings and committee meetings I observed in 1986, there was never any question but that the Kansas Legislature intended the lottery money to be used for the purposes and under the parameters spelled out by Kansas, Inc. in their recommendations to Governor Hayden and the Legislature this fall.

The recommendations of Kansas, Inc. comply with both the spirit of the debates in 1986 and the technical requirements of HB 2789.

This resolution is a confirmation of the legislature's confidence in the body it created, Kansas, Inc. It is also a reaffirmation of this body's intent when it passed HB 2789 establishing a state gaming revenues fund and submitted a state lottery to a vote of the people of Kansas.

I urge your support for HCR 5033.