Approved

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MINUTES OF THESENATE	COMMITTEE ON	FEDERAL AND STATE AFFAIRS	•
The meeting was called to order by		Edward F. Reilly, Jr. Chairperson	at
a.mxxxx. on	February 16	, 19 <u>88</u> in room2 <u>54-E</u>	of the Capitol.
All members were present excepts			

Committee staff present:

Mary Galligan, Legislative Research
Emalene Correll, Legislative Research
Mary Torrence, Assistant Revisor of Statutes
June Windscheffel, Committee Secretary
Conferees appearing before the committee:

The Minutes of the Meetings of January 27, February 2, February 4, and February 11, 1988, were before the Committee. <u>Senator Morris moved the Minutes be approved</u>. The motion was seconded by Senator Bond. The motion carried.

The Chairman announced there had been concerns on $\underline{\mathtt{SB471}}$, by the Joint Committee on Economic Development, and $\underline{\mathtt{SB478}}$, by the Joint Committee on Rules and Regulations. Senator Salisbury appeared before the Committee on January 26, to discuss these. Senator Reilly had appointed a Subcommittee, composed of Senator Bond, Chairman; Senator Vidricksen; and Senator Martin. Today Senator Bond has the Subcommittee Report (Attachment #1) for the Committee. The Subcommittee has recommended that the bills be combined into one bill, and it is being numbered $\underline{\mathtt{SB478}}$.

A balloon of the bill was distributed by staff (Attachment #2). Senator Bond moved the amendment to the balloon on line 426, page 29, following "register" to add "or such later date as clearly expressed in the body of such rule and regulation. Seconded by Senator Martin. The motion carried.

Senator Bond moved the adoption of the Subcommittee Report, and the amended bill be submitted favorably for passage. The motion was seconded by Senator Martin. The motion carried.

Senator Bond moved to report SB471 adversely. The motion was seconded by Senator Martin. The motion carried.

The Chairman thanked everyone for assistance in this matter which has required much time and study.

The Chairman called to the Committee's attention various handouts in the packets: Correspondence from Carol J. Brandert, Kansas Federation of Humane Societies entitled "Why Inspect All Kansas Kennels" (Attachment #3); Statement regarding Senate Bill 615, dated February 10, 1988, concerning speculative investments by the Kansas Public Employees Retirement Board (Attachment #4); an editorial "Matters for development" from The Topeka Capital-Journal, dated February 11, 1988 (Attachment #5); an article, from the Regional Health Review, entitled "Drug Abuse Programs in the Workplace; The Need for a Comprehensive Approach," (Attachment #6)

Senator Hoferer explained a request from the American Cancer Society relating to insurance; requiring mammogram and pap smear coverage to be offered for inclusion in certain health and accident policies (7 RS 2067), (Attachment #7). Senator Bond moved to introduce the proposal. The motion was seconded by Senator Daniels. The motion carried.

Senator Morris moved the Committee request of the President of the Senate, Senator Talkington, that SB479, be referred for interim study. The motion was seconded by Senator Strick. Following discussion the Chairman suggested that motion be postponed until the next meeting of the Committee.

CONTINUATION SHEET

MINUTES OF THE	SENATE	COMMITTEE ON .	FEDERAL AND	STATE AFFAIRS	
room, Statehou	se, at11:0	00 a.m. 為來來 on	February	16	, 19_88

There was Committee discussion of $\underline{SB354}$, concerning licensee fees, retailers, and Class A clubs, and it was decided that no action would be taken on the bill at this time.

The matter of using credit cards to purchase alcoholic beverages and having certain signs in retail stores was discussed by the Committee. Senator Strick moved to introduce the proposal to allow credit cards and such signs. The motion was seconded by Senator Martin. The motion carried.

The Chairman stated that there were other matters that had been reviewed by the Liquor Law Review Commission which would obviously want to be looked at in the state. (Attachment #8)

The Senator said he had received requests from various individuals concerning the bingo. The question is: what we can do concerning bingo to make it a viable operation in the State of Kansas.

The Committee will not meet tomorrow. The schedule is the same for Thursday and Friday, to meet at the regular time as shown on the Agenda.

The meeting was adjourned at noon.

SUBCOMMITTEE REPORT

SENATE FEDERAL AND STATE AFFAIRS SUBCOMMITTEE ON S.B. 471 AND S.B. 478

The Subcommittee, composed of Senators Bond, Vidricksen, and Martin met on February 11, 1988 in Room 254-E, with all members in attendance. Senator Salisbury also attended the meeting.

After discussing the bills with Senator Salisbury and Mr. Tuck Duncan, and considering testimony provided at the Committee hearings on the bills, the Subcommittee agreed upon the following recommendations to the full Committee:

Increase the required notice prior to the public hearing on proposed rules and regulations from 15 days to 21 days.

Require, whenever possible, the publication of a notice of intent to modify existing rules and regulations and establishment of public comment period prior to revision or amendment of existing rules and regulations.

Substitute the term "economic impact" for the term "fiscal impact" throughout the bill.

Replace the Revisor of Statutes with the Secretary of State as the secretary to the Rules and Regulations Board.

Require agencies to keep minutes or transcripts of public hearings and records of public comments regarding proposed new or revised rules and regulations for a minimum of three years.

The Subcommittee further recommends that the amendments be incorporated into a single bill.

Senator Richard Bond,

Chairman

Senator Ben Vidricksen

Senator Phil Martin

471-478/mkg/jl

Senate F5A 2/16/88 Attachment #1 0019

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SENATE BILL No. 478

By Joint Committee on Administrative Rules and Regulations

1-12

0017 AN ACT relating to rules and regulations; concerning the filing preof; providing for the transfer of certain rules and regulah files; amending K.S.A. 2-2606, 16a-6-405, 16a-6-406, 17-1282, 32-185, 32-507, 34-101d, 40-2308, 44-573, 45-404, 46-224, 46-1211, 46-1501, 47-1215, 65-1630, 65-1825, 65-2703, 65-2865, 72-7514b, 74-3214, 74-4909, 75-430, 75-431, 75-3504 76-168, 76-1927, 77-416, 77-417, 77-418, 77-419, 77-424, 77-428, 77-430a, 77-432a, 77-435, 77-436, 79-3297a, 79-3385, 82a-816, 82a-923 and 83-147 and K.S.A. 1987 Supp. 74-8710, 77-420, 77-421, 77-422, 77-425 and 77-426 and repealing the existing sections; also repealing K.S.A. 1987 Supp. 77-439.

77-423,

0028 Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

New Section 1. The secretary of state shall file and publish 0030 all rules and regulations as provided by article 4 of chapter 77 of 0031 the Kansas Statutes Annotated.

New Sec. 2. (a) All rules and regulations of state agencies lly filed with the office of the revisor of statutes prior to the 0034 ____ctive date of this act shall continue to be effective and shall 0035 be deemed to be duly filed with the secretary of state provided 0036 for by this act until revised, amended, revoked or nullified 0037 pursuant to law.

- (b) All temporary rules and regulations filed prior to the 0039 effective date of this act and which are in effect on the effective 0040 date of this act, shall expire on October 1, 1988.
- (c) On the effective date of this act, all rules and regulations 0042 of state agencies lawfully filed with the office of the revisor of 0043 statutes prior to the effective date of this act and all records ining to such rules and regulations, shall be transferred to ffice of the secretary of state.
 - Sec. 3. K.S.A. 2-2606 is hereby amended to read as follows:

2-2606. In the administration of this act the commission shall have the following duties, authorities and powers:

- 0049 (1) To conduct a campaign of development, education and 0050 publicity;
- 0051 (2) to find new markets for wheat and wheat products;
- 0052 (3) to accept grants and donations;
- 0053 (4) to sue and be sued;
- 0054 (5) to enter into such contracts as may be necessary or advis-0055 able for the purpose of this act;
- (6) to appoint an administrator and an assistant administrator and fix their compensation and the said administrator and assistant administrator shall be in the unclassified service of the 0059 Kansas civil service act. With the approval of the commission, 0060 said the administrator may appoint such other personnel as is needed and such employees shall be in the classified service of 0062 the Kansas civil service act. Other than said the administrator 0063 and the assistant of the administrator, all employees of the 0064 commission at the time this act takes effect shall from such 0065 effective date be in the classified service under the Kansas civil service act and each such employee shall attain permanent status 0067 in a classified position without examination and without a pro-0068 bationary period; and. The time served by each of them em-0069 ployee with a state agency prior to July 1, 1965, shall be credited o in determining longevity and longevity benefits under the Kan-പ്71 sas civil service act; and. Each such employee shall be entitled to 0072 annual sick leave accumulated prior to July 1, 1965: Provided, 0073 except that the personnel whose positions are by this act placed 0074 for the first time within the classified service of the Kansas civil service shall suffer no reduction in classification or pay thereby, 0076 but in particular each one shall be paid on a step within the 0077 authorized salary range of the approved class of positions that 0078 either coincides with or is the next step above the payroll 0079 monthly gross amount of pay that would be payable had this 0080 statute not been enacted;
- (7) to cooperate with any local, state or national organization or agency, whether voluntary or created by the law of any state, or by national law, engaged in work or activities similar to the

on a joint campaign of development, education and publicity;

- 0087 (8) to expend funds held in the revolving fund previously 0088 authorized under the provisions of this subsection for payment to 0089 the great plains wheat market development association, inc., 0090 pursuant to contracts with such association for purposes autho-0091 rized by the Kansas wheat act;
- 0092 (9) to establish an office of the administrator at any place in his state the commission may select;
- (10) to prosecute in the name of the state of Kansas any suit or action for the collection of the tax or assessment herein provided; and
- (11) to adopt, rescind, modify and amend all necessary and proper orders, resolutions and regulations for the procedure and exercise of its powers and the performance of its duties, and all rules and regulations shall be filed in the office of the revisor of that statutes secretary of state as provided in article 4 of chapter 77 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated.
- Sec. 4. K.S.A. 16a-6-405 is hereby amended to read as follows: 16a-6-405. (1) Every rule and regulation or amendment or
 revocation thereof shall be filed by the administrator in the office
 of the revisor of statutes secretary of state in the manner provided by article 4 of chapter 77 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated
 and amendments thereto.
- 0109 (2) Each rule and regulation or amendment or revocation 0110 thereof shall take effect at times prescribed under the provisions 0111 of article 4 of chapter 77 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated and 0112 amendments thereto.
- O113 Sec. 5. K.S.A. 16a-6-406 is hereby amended to read as fol-O114 lows: 16a-6-406. The revisor of statutes secretary of state shall O115 publish all rules and regulations filed under the provisions of O116 this act subject to and in the manner provided for the publication O117 of rules and regulations under the provisions of article 4 of O118 chapter 77 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated and amendments thereto.
 - Sec. 6. K.S.A. 17-1282 is hereby amended to read as follows:

117-1282. The securities commissioner may adopt reasonable 122 rules and regulations to carry out the provisions of this act. Prior 123 to the adoption of any rule of and regulation, the securities 124 commissioner shall give notice and provide for a hearing in 125 accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 1973 Supp. 77-421, and 126 nets amendatory thereof amendments thereto. All such rules and 127 regulations shall be filed in the office of the revisor of statutes 128 secretary of state pursuant to K.S.A. 77-416, and nets amendatory 129 thereof et seq., and amendmendments thereto.

- Sec. 7. K.S.A. 32-185 is hereby amended to read as follows: 31 32-185. The forestry, fish and game commission secretary of the J132 Kansas department of wildlife and parks is hereby authorized to make and adopt rules and regulations establishing and desig-0134 nating:
- (a) Certain portions of the Missouri river bordering on the state of Kansas and certain streams, lakes, impoundments, or parts thereof, in the state of Kansas, to be open to commercial fishing for such period of time as the commission may specify;
- (b) certain methods and equipment to be legal for the taking of fish for commercial purposes, and require daily inspection;
- 0141 (c) the size and specifications relative to seines, nets, traps, 0142 and other commercial fishing equipment, and prescribing 0143 method of tagging;
- 9144 (d) procedure for the handling, sale, or exchange of fish taken 45 for commercial purposes;
- 0146 (e) species of fish, in addition to those hereinbefore named, 0147 to be subject to commercial fishing; such additional specifica-0148 tions may be by specie alone or specie and size;
- 0149 (f) such reports to be made by the permittee as the commis-0150 sion/deems advisable.

The commission regulations adopted as provided for in this act rules and regulations adopted by the commission shall be effective upon the filing of a copy of the same with the revisor of statutes secretary of state. The commission shall have authority to contract, after securing the best competitive bid, for the removal of fish, both game fish and undesirable fish, from any waters of the state and may limit related commercial fishing to

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secretary of the Kansas department of wildlife and parks

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158 the person holding the contract.

Sec. 8. K.S.A. 32-507 is hereby amended to read as follows: 0160 32-507. The commission shall may adopt such rules and regula-0161 tions that it shall deem deems necessary to implement and 0162 administer the provisions of this act. All rules and regulations 0163 adopted under this act shall be adopted and filed in the office of 0164 the revisor of statutes secretary of state as provided in the acts 0165 contained in article 4 of chapter 77 of the Kansas Statutes Anno-0166 to I and nets amendatory thereof or supplemental amendments iO.

Sec. 9. K.S.A. 34-101d is hereby amended to read as follows: 0169 34-101d. The director of the Kansas state grain inspection de-0170 partment, with the approval of the state grain advisory commis-0171 sion and the governor, is authorized and empowered to enter 0172 into a contract or contracts with the state of Missouri or any 0173 agency of said such state which may correspond to the state grain 0174 inspection and weighing department to provide for the taking of 0175 samples and weighing of grain by employees of the Kansas 0176 department from railroad cars which may be held by the railroad 0177 in the area immediately east of the city of Atchison in the state of 0178 Missouri, which railroad cars contain grain in which Kansas grain 0179 dealers or warehousemen or other Kansas citizens or merchants

have an interest. A copy of any agreement which may be ed into pursuant to this section shall be filed with the 0182 revisor of statutes secretary of state as a rule and regulation of 0183 the department.

Sec. 10. K.S.A. 40-2308 is hereby amended to read as fol-0185 lows: 40-2308. The state agency shall make may adopt, publish, 0186 and file in the office of the revisor of statutes secretary of state as 0187 provided by law, such rules and regulations, not inconsistent 0188 with the provisions of this act, as it finds necessary or appropriate 0189 to the efficient administration of the functions with which it is 0190 charged under this act.

ec. 11. K.S.A. 44-573 is hereby amended to read as follows: 0191 73. The director may adopt and promulgate such rules and 0192 0193 regulations as the director deems necessary for the purposes of 0194 administering and enforcing the provisions of the workmen's secretary of the Kansas department of wildlife and parks

one workers compensation act. The commissioner of insurance may adopt and promulgate such rules and regulations as the commissioner of insurance deems necessary for the purposes of administering the workers' compensation fund and group-funded workers' compensation pools. All such rules and regulations of shall be filed in the office of revisor of statutes the secretary of state as provided by article 4 of chapter 77 of the Kansas Statutes of Annotated or acts amendatory thereof and amendments thereto.

Sec. 12. K.S.A. 45-404 is hereby amended to read as follows: 0204 45-404. The state records board shall:

- (a) Approve or modify retention and disposition schedules and records manuals prepared pursuant to subsections (c) and (d) of K.S.A. 45-406 and amendments thereto. Once approved by the board the retention and disposition schedules for state agencies shall be filed with the revisor of statutes secretary of state. Without further action by the board, noncurrent records of state agencies scheduled for disposition may be disposed of as provided in the schedules and noncurrent records scheduled for cetention may be transferred to the state archives, subject to approval by the state archivist and in accordance with procedures to be established by the state archivist.
- 0216 (b) Pass upon any proposed revisions in the retention and 0217 disposition schedules and upon requests for authority to dispose 0218 of records of state agencies or counties not listed in the schedules 1219 ules. No records of state agencies or counties shall be disposed of 0220 before the retention periods designated in the schedules have 0221 elapsed without the approval of the board. No state agency or 0222 county shall be required to destroy records which it chooses to 0223 retain, even though the retention and disposition schedules 0224 authorize their destruction. The retention and disposition 0225 schedules for all local agencies except counties shall be recom-0226 mendations and shall not alter or replace current statutes autho-0227 rizing or restricting the disposition of government records by 0228 local agencies.
- (c) Any board of county commissioners may order disposition of any noncurrent county government records after minimum retention periods set forth in the schedules prepared pursuant to

subsection (d) of K.S.A. 45-406 and amendments thereto. Any board of county commissioners may petition the state records board for amendments to the schedules, for authority to depart from specific provisions of the schedules or for authority to implement schedules applicable to only a single county.

- (d) With the approval of the state archivist, the board of county commissioners of any county may transfer any noncurrent county government records to the custody of the state historical iety. The board of county commissioners of any county may after any noncurrent county government records which have been determined by the state archivist to be records, which are not required by law to be confidential or restricted, to the custody of a county historical society, a genealogical society, a public library, a college or university library or another local or regional repository in Kansas, determined by the state archivist to be suitable, which will accept such records, except that under authority of this subsection no records relating to the mental or physical health of any person shall be so transferred.
 - (e) Pass upon recommendations by the state archivist for transfer to the state archives of any noncurrent government records with enduring value which are held by a state agency opposing such a transfer. When the state archivist makes such a commendation, the state agency opposing the transfer shall fend before the board its reasons for wanting to retain the records in its custody, and the board shall determine whether the transfer shall occur.
 - (f) Approve or modify recommended microphotographic standards prepared by the state archivist and pass upon requests for authority to dispose of original government records of state agencies following reproduction on film, as provided in K.S.A. 45-412 and amendments thereto.
- Sec. 13. K.S.A. 46-224 is hereby amended to read as follows: 0264 46-224. (a) "State agency" means the legislature, legislators, 026 gislative committees and councils and all executive departone ones, institutions, offices, officers, commissions, boards and 0267 authorities of the state, but does not include municipalities and 0268 other political subdivisions.

(b) "Rules and regulations" means rules and regulations re-0270 quired by law to be filed with the revisor of statutes secretary of 0271 state, and does not include rules adopted by the judicial branch 0272 or any court.

Sec. 14. K.S.A. 46-1211 is hereby amended to read as fol-0274 lows: 46-1211. (a) There is hereby established the office of 0275 revisor of statutes whose head shall be the revisor of statutes and who shall be appointed by the legislative coordinating council to serve under its direction. The revisor of statutes may be removed 78 from office by a vote of five (5) members of the legislative 279 coordinating council taken at any regular meeting of such coun-0280 cil. The revisor of statutes shall receive such compensation as is 0281 determined by the legislative coordinating council. The revisor 0282 of statutes, and any of his the revisor of statutes' assistants specified by the legislative coordinating council, shall receive 0284 expenses and allowances for in-state and out-of-state travel as is 0285 provided by law for members of the legislature. The revisor of 0286 statutes shall appoint such assistants and employees of the office of revisor of statutes as are authorized by the legislative coordinating council and shall set their compensation subject to the 0289 approval of such council. The revisor of statutes and all assistants 0290 and employees of the office of revisor of statutes shall be in the 0291 unclassified service.

(b) The office of revisor of statutes shall perform the following functions: Drafting of bills, resolutions and other legislative documents; legal consultation for members of the legislature and legislative committees; legal research; supervise revisions and compilations of the general laws of this state; prepare and publication of additional and replacement volumes thereto and publication of additional and regulations as provided by law; recommend to the standing judiciary committees or to other appropriate legislative committees such bills as will tend to update or clarify existing laws; other duties as provided by law; and such other legal duties as are directed by the legislative coordinating council.

05 (c) The office of revisor of statutes, to the extent possible,

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0306 shall provide a staff member in attendance at all meetings of all 0307 special committees, select committees and all standing commit-0308 tees when the legislature is not in session. Such staff member 0309 shall provide legislative legal consultation and bill drafting ser-0310 vices, and shall suggest such technical changes in statutes and 0311 bill drafts as may be expedient to make the same more harmoni-0312 ous, clear or understandable, consistent with the policies 0313 espoused by such committee and within the subject field of its 0314

ly. Such staff member shall also assist in legislative proce-I matters as may be needed.

(d) Special committees, select committees and standing 0316 0317 committees are expected to utilize the foregoing staff services to 0318 the extent the same are available in making all studies.

Sec. 15. K.S.A. 46-1501 is hereby amended to read as fol-0320 lows: 46-1501. In accordance with any instructions given by the 0321 legislative coordinating council and as provided in this act, the 0322 revisor of statutes shall introduce in phases and supervise or 0323 operate, or both supervise and operate as may be appropriate, a 0324 comprehensive legislative information system. Such system 0325 shall initially be operated to accomplish computer search of 0326 existing statutes of Kansas and computer preparation of legisla-0327 tive bills and resolutions. In succeeding years, as may be conveat, such system shall encompass computer preparation of the 0328

owing:

- (a) Statutory search;
- (b) search of other documents; 0331
- (c) bill and resolution preparation; 0332
- printing (outside the office of revisor of statutes) of bills, 0333 resolutions and other documents within the legislative branch; 0334
- preparation of such legislative documents as journals, calendars, bill locators, bill indexes and research materials;
- cathode ray tube display of any of the foregoing; 0337
- preparation of session laws, statutes, rules and regulations 0338 d other books;; and 0339
- i) printing (outside the office of revisor of statutes) of any or 034 all of the foregoing.
- Sec. 16. K.S.A. 47-1215 is hereby amended to read as fol-

lows: 47-1215. The commissioner shall make may adopt and enforce such reasonable rules and regulations relating to transportation of carcasses of domestic animals and packing house refuse, specifications for disposal plants, substations, places of transfer, equipment and vehicles, and all operations in connection therewith, as he may deem the commissioner deems advisuable and which are not inconsistent with provisions of this act. All such rules and regulations shall be filed with the revisor of state.

Sec. 17. K.S.A. 65-1630 is hereby amended to read as fol-0353 lows: 65-1630. The board may adopt and promulgate such rea-0354 sonable rules and regulations, not inconsistent with law, as may 0355 be necessary to carry out the purposes and enforce the provisions 0356 of this act, which rules and regulations shall be filed in the office 0357 of the revisor of statutes secretary of state as required by article 4 0358 of chapter 77 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated and any acts 0359 amendatory thereof or supplemental amendments thereto.

Sec. 18. K.S.A. 65-1825 is hereby amended to read as fol-10361 lows: 65-1825. The board may adopt and enforce such rules and 10362 regulations as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of this 10363 act. Every such rule or regulation shall be posted for public 10364 inspection in the main office of the board and a certified copy 1365 thereof shall be filed in the office of the secretary of the board 1366 and in the office of the revisor of statutes secretary of state in the 1367 manner prescribed by law. The board may also publish such 10368 rules and regulations in such press publications representing the 10369 barber industry as the board deems necessary.

O370 Sec. 19. K.S.A. 65-2703 is hereby amended to read as fol-O371 lows: 65-2703. The secretary of health and environment is au-O372 thorized to adopt such rules and regulations as are necessary to O373 protect the public from improper use of poisonous household O374 articles, and as are necessary to administer the provisions of this O375 act; said such rules and regulations may include requirements O376 for: Cautionary labeling, the setting out on labels of specific toxic O378 against common types of misuse, specific prohibition of sale of O379 articles which are inherently so hazardous that they are unsafe

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osso for domestic use under any type of labeling. Such *rules and* osso regulations shall be filed in the office of the revisor of statutes osso secretary of state, as required by law.

Sec. 20. K.S.A. 65-2865 is hereby amended to read as folossal lows: 65-2865. The board shall promulgate all necessary rules;
ossa regulations and forms and regulations, not inconsistent
ossa herewith, for carrying out the provisions of this act, which rules
ossa and regulations shall include standards for the dispensing of
osp rugs by persons licensed to practice medicine and surgery. It
ay also adopt rules and regulations supplementing any of the
ossa provisions herein contained but not inconsistent with this act.
ossa All rules and regulations promulgated and adopted by the board
ossa shall be filed with the revisor of statutes secretary of state as
ossa required by law.

Sec. 21. K.S.A. 72-7514b is hereby amended to read as fol-0395 lows: 72-7514b. (a) Every rule and regulation which is adopted 0396 by the state board of education pursuant to authority granted to 0397 the board under section 2 of article 6 of the constitution of the 0398 state of Kansas and which is not adopted pursuant to statutory 0399 authority of the board shall be adopted by the state board of 0400 education and filed as a rule and regulation as provided in this 0401 section.

oh (b) Prior to the adoption of such rule and regulation, the state ard of education shall give at least 15 days' notice of its intended action in the Kansas register and hold a public hearing thereon. The notice shall be published in the Kansas register and shall contain a summary of the substance of the proposed rule and regulation along with the full text of any such rule and regulation to be considered at the hearing. Such notice shall state the time and place of the public hearing to be held thereon and the manner in which interested parties may present their views thereon. Publication of such notice in the Kansas register shall constitute notice to all parties affected by the rule and regulation.

On the date of the hearing, all interested parties shall be given sonable opportunity to present their views or arguments on adoption of the rule and regulation, either orally or in writing.

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- Jair which is open to the public and shall not be adopted unless it oals receives approval by roll call vote of a majority of the total oals membership of the state board of education.
- (d) Each rule and regulation adopted by the state board of education shall be filed in duplicate triplicate with the revisor of statutes secretary of state and shall indicate that such rule and regulation was adopted pursuant to authority granted to the state board of education under section 2 of article 6 of the constitution of the state of Kansas. The state board of education shall number each section with a distinguishing number. Upon filing, the revisor of statutes secretary of state shall assign a distinguishing number to each section for purposes of publication in the annual supplement to the Kansas administrative regulations.
- 0430 (e) All rules and regulations adopted and filed with the 0431 revisor of statutes secretary of state in accordance with the 0432 provisions of this section on or before December 31 in any year 0433 shall be published in the annual supplement to the Kansas 0434 administrative regulations which is published during the next 0435 succeeding year after the year in which such rules and regulations were filed unless otherwise directed by the state rules and 0437 regulations board.
- (f) As used in this section, "rule and regulation" means a standard, statement of policy, procedure or practice or general order, including amendments or revocations thereof, of general application which is adopted by the state board of education pursuant to authority granted to the board under section 2 of article 6 of the constitution of the state of Kansas and which is not adopted pursuant to statutory authority of the board.
- O445 Sec. 22. K.S.A. 74-3214 is hereby amended to read as fol-O446 lows: 74-3214. All rules and regulations adopted by the board O447 under authority of this act shall be filed in the office of the O448 revisor of statutes secretary of state as provided by law.
- O449 Sec. 23. K.S.A. 74-4909 is hereby amended to read as fol-0450 lows: 74-4909. (1) The board of trustees shall be responsible for 11 the general administration of the system, subject to the provisions of this act.
- 53 (2) The board shall establish rules and regulations for the

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oinistration of the system and for the transaction of its business consistent with law, which rules and regulations shall be oin the office of the revisor of statutes secretary of state.

- other of the filed in the office of the revisor of statutes secretary of state.

 (3) The board shall be responsible for the installation of a complete and adequate system of accounts and records. The board shall contract with the department of administration to provide such accounting services as are necessary to avoid duplication of efforts and promote efficiency. The board shall pay the department of administration an amount not exceeding the al cost incurred in providing this service, which payments all be deposited in the state treasury and then credited to the state general fund.
- 0466 (4) All meetings of the board shall be open to the public. The 0467 board shall keep a record of its proceedings.
- 0468 (5) The board may prescribe rules and regulations for the 0469 determination of the value of maintenance, board, lodging, 0470 laundry and other allowances to employees in lieu of money.
- 0471 (6) The board may adopt all necessary actuarial tables to be 0472 used in the operation of the system as recommended by the 0473 actuary, and may compile such additional data as may be neces-0474 sary for required actuarial valuations and calculations.
- (7) The board or the investment committee may invest all outs much not required for current payments in securities eligible for estment under this act. All actions of the investment committee shall be reported to the board at the first meeting of the board following the action of the investment committee.
- 10480 (8) The board, as soon after the close of the fiscal year as 10481 practical, shall publish for distribution among members a finan-10482 cial statement showing the financial status of the system.
- 0483 (9) All decisions of the board as to questions of fact shall be 0484 final and conclusive on all persons except for the right of review 0485 as provided by law and except for fraud or such gross mistake of 0486 fact as to have an effect equivalent to fraud.
- (10) Each member's account and records shall be adminisout ed in a confidential manner and specific data regarding the mber shall not be released unless authorized in writing by the output member; however, the board may release information to the

employer or to other state and federal agencies as it deems 0492 necessary.

Sec. 24. K.S.A. 1987 Supp. 74-8710 is hereby amended to read as follows: 74-8710. The commission, upon the recommendation of the executive director, shall adopt rules and regulations governing the establishment and operation of a state lottery as necessary to carry out the purposes of this act. Temporary rules and regulations may be adopted by the commission without being subject to the provisions and requirements of K.S.A. 77-415 through 77-438, and amendments thereto, but shall be subject to approval by the attorney general as to legality and shall be 1502 filed with the revisor of statutes and published in the Kansas

secretary of state

0505 (a) The types of lottery games to be conducted, including but 0506 not limited to instant lottery, on-line and traditional games.

0503 register. Temporary and permanent rules and regulations may

0504 include but shall not be limited to:

- 0507 (b) The manner of selecting the winning tickets or shares, 0508 except that, if a lottery game utilizes a drawing of winning 0509 numbers, a drawing among entries or a drawing among finalists, 0510 such drawings shall always be open to the public and shall be 0511 recorded on both video and audio tape.
- (c) The manner of payment of prizes to the holders of winning tickets or shares.
- (d) The frequency of the drawings or selections of winning objectives or shares.
- 0516 (e) The type or types of locations at which tickets or shares 0517 may be sold.
- 0518 (f) The method or methods to be used in selling tickets or 0519 shares.
- 0520 (g) Additional qualifications for the selection of lottery re-0521 tailers and the amount of application fees to be paid by each.
- (h) The amount and method of compensation to be paid to lottery retailers, including special bonuses and incentives.
- (i) Deadlines for claims for prizes by winners of each lottery game.
- (j) Provisions for confidentiality of information submitted by 0527 vendors pursuant to K.S.A. 1987 Supp. 74-8705, and amend-

0528 ments thereto.

- (k) Information required to be submitted by vendors, in adoution to that required by K.S.A. 1987 Supp. 74-8705, and amendments thereto.
- (l) The major procurement contracts or portions thereof to be awarded to minority business enterprises pursuant to subsection (a) of K.S.A. 1987 Supp. 74-8705, and amendments thereto, and procedures for the award thereof.
- O536 Sec. 25. K.S.A. 75-430 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 30. (a) The secretary of state shall compile, index and pubnotation to be known as the Kansas register. Such register shall contain:
- 0540 (1) All acts of the legislature required to be published in the 0541 Kansas register;
- 0542 (2) all executive orders and directives of the governor which 0543 are required to be filed in the office of the secretary of state;
- 0544 (3) summaries of all opinions of the attorney general inter-0545 preting acts of the legislature as prepared by the office of the 0546 attorney general;
- (4) All notices of hearings on proposed administrative rules and regulations required to be filed in the office of the revisor of statutes secretary of state under the provisions of article 4 of other ter 77 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated and a summary of all sed administrative rules and regulations to be considered at such hearings together with the address of the state agency from which a copy of the full text of the proposed rules and regulations may be received;
- the full text of all administrative rules and regulations which have been adopted and filed in accordance with the provisions of article 4 of chapter 77 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, except that the secretary of state may publish a summary of any rule and regulation together with the address of the state agency from which a copy of the full text of the proposed rules and regulations may be received, if such rule and tion is lengthy and expensive to publish and otherwise available in published form and a summary will, in the opinion of the secretary, properly notify the public of the contents of such

notice of any public comment period on contemplated modification of an existing rule and regulation, which notice shall contain the information required by K.S.A. 77-421 and amendments thereto; (5)

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5د	rule and regulation;	(7)
0566	(6) a cummulative index of all administrative rules and reg-	(/ /
0567	ulations which have been adopted and filed in accordance with	
0568	the provisions of article 4 of chapter 77 of the Kansas Statutes	
0569	Annotated;	(8)
0570	(6) (7) all notices of hearings of special legislative interim	(-,
0571	study committees, descriptions of all prefiled bills and resolu-	
0572	tions and descriptions of all bills and resolutions introduced in	
0573	the legislature during any session of the legislature, and other	
`574	legislative information which is approved for publication by the	
15	legislative coordinating council;	— (9)
0576	(7) (8) The hearings docket of the Kansas supreme court and	
0577	the court of appeals;	 (10)
0578	(8) (9) summaries of all orders of the board of tax appeals	(10)
0579	which have statewide application;	- (11)
0580	(9) (10) all advertisements for contracts for construction, re-	(II)
0581	pairs, improvements or purchases by the state of Kansas or any	
0582	agency thereof for which competitive bids are required; and	(12)
0583	(10) (11) any other information which the secretary of state	
0584	deems to be of sufficient interest to the general public to merit its	
0585	publication or which is required by law to be published in the	
0586	Kansas register.	
0587	(b) The secretary of state shall publish such register at regu-	
*88	lar intervals, but not less than weekly.	
.89	(c) The secretary of state may omit from the register any	
0590	information the publication of which the secretary deems cum-	
0591	bersome, expensive, or otherwise inexpedient, if the information	
0592	is made available in printed or processed form by the adopting	
0593	agency on application for it, and if the register contains a notice	
0594	stating the general subject matter of the information and the	
0595	manner in which a copy of it may be obtained.	٠.
0596	(d) One copy of each issue of the register shall be made	
0597	available without charge on request to each officer, board, com-	
0598	mission, and department of the state having statewide jurisdic-	
≒99	tion, to each member of the legislature, to each county clerk in	
.ю	the state, and to the supreme court, court of appeals and each	
0601	district court.	

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- te) The secretary of state shall make copies of the register 0603 available to other persons on payment of a fee to be fixed by the 0604 secretary of state under K.S.A. 75-433, and amendments thereto. Sec. 26. K.S.A. 75-431 is hereby amended to read as follows: 0606 75-431. (a) Each agency shall file materials for publication in the 0607 Kansas register by delivering to the office of the secretary of state 0608 during normal working hours two certified copies of the docu-0609 ment to be filed, except that rules and regulations required to be 0610 filed in the office of the secretary of state under the provisions rticle 4 of chapter 77 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated shall filed in triplicate. On receipt of a document required by this 061. 0613 act to be published in the register, the secretary of state shall 0614 note the day and hour of filing on the certified copies. One 0615 certified copy of each filed document shall be maintained in 0616 original form or on microfilm in a permanent register in the office 0617 of the secretary of state and, on filing, shall be made available 0618 immediately for public inspection during regular business hours.
- (b) If there is a conflict, the official text of a rule and regula-0620 tion is the text on file with the revisor of statutes secretary of 0621 state, and not the text published in the register or on file with the 0622 issuing agency.
- (c) The secretary of state is hereby authorized to adopt rules and regulations necessary to the effective administration of this Such rules and regulations may include, but are not limited to, rules prescribing paper size and the format of documents required to be published by this act. The secretary of state may refuse to accept for filing and publication any document that does not substantially conform to the promulgated rules and regulations.
- (d) The secretary of state may maintain on microfilm the files of information required by this act to be published in the register and, after microfilming, destroy the original copies of all information submitted for publication.
- Sec. 27. K.S.A. 75-3504 is hereby amended to read as fol-067 /s: 75-3504. The board shall pass upon the requests of the 0637 atte departments or other agencies for the destruction or other 0638 disposition of records, and shall have power to order the de-

struction, reproduction, temporary or permanent retention, and disposition of the public records of any department or agency of the state, to establish records disposal schedules for the orderly retirement of records, and to adopt such other rules and regulations as they may deem necessary to accomplish the purposes of this act. Said The disposal schedules shall be filed by the board with the revisor of statutes secretary of state. Records so schedule uled may be transferred to the state records center at regular intervals, in accordance with procedures to be established by the center, without further action by the board. In all its acts the board shall be specifically required to safeguard the legal, financial and historical interests of the state in such records.

Sec. 28. K.S.A. 76-168 is hereby amended to read as follows: 76-168. All proceeds of such leases shall be paid into the state

Sec. 28. K.S.A. 76-168 is hereby amended to read as follows: 76-168. All proceeds of such leases shall be paid into the state treasury and shall be kept by the state treasurer in separate funds for the use and benefit of the proper state institutions entitled to such proceeds under rules and regulations adopted by the board of regents, approved by the attorney general, and filed with the revisor of statutes secretary of state as provided by law.

Sec. 29. K.S.A. 76-1927 is hereby amended to read as fol10030 lows: 76-1927. The Kansas veterans' commission shall have the
10031 authority to establish rules and regulations for the management
10032 and operation of the Kansas soldiers' home and governing con10034 duct and discipline of the members of and other persons in the
10035 with the revisor of statutes secretary of state as provided by law10036 Provided, That all such rules and regulations of the board of
10037 managers on file in the office of the revisor of statutes in force
10038 and effect on the date this act takes effect shall continue in force
10039 and effect until revoked or amended by the Kansas veterans'
10040 eemmission.

Sec. 30. K.S.A. 77-416 is hereby amended to read as follows: 0042 77-416. (a) Every state agency shall file with the revisor of o043 statutes secretary of state every rule and regulation adopted by it and every amendment and revocation thereof. Every rule and regulation, other than a temporary rule and regulation, filed in 0046 the office of the revisor of statutes secretary of state shall be filed

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0047 in duplicate triplicate, and nine copies of every temporary rule 0048 and regulation shall be filed in the office of the secretary of 0049 state, and each section shall include a citation to the statutory 0050 section or sections being implemented or interpreted and a 0051 citation of the authority pursuant to which it, or any part thereof, 0052 was adopted. Every rule and regulation filed in the office of the 0053 revisor of statutes secretary of state shall be accompanied by a 0054 copy of the fiscal or financial impact statement required by 0055 rection (b) of this section and any document which is adopted ference by the rule or and regulation, except that for the 0057 purpose of avoiding unwarranted expense the board may autho-0058 rize and direct the revisor of statutes secretary of state to file any 0059 rule or and regulation without the document which is adopted by 0060 such rule or and regulation whenever the board determines that: 0061 (1) The document is a technical manual of limited public inter-0062 est; (2) the cost of providing file copies of such document is 9063 excessive in view of its limited public interest; and (3) the 0064 document will be available for public inspection during normal 0065 business hours in the office of the agency adopting the rule and 0066 regulation. A copy of any document adopted by reference in a 0067 rule and regulation shall be available from the state agency 0068 which adopted the rule and regulation upon request by any on interested therein. The state agency shall, under the ction of the revisor of statutes secretary of state, shall 0071 number each section with a distinguishing number and, in mak-0072 ing a compilation of the rules and regulations, the sections shall 0073 be arranged therein in numerical order. A decimal system of 0074 numbering shall be prohibited.

(b) At the time of drafting any a proposed rule and regulation 0076 or amendment to any an existing rule and regulation, the state 0077 agency shall prepare a statement of the fiscal or financial effect or 0078 impact of such proposed rule and regulation or amendment upon 0079 all governmental agencies or units and, private businesses which Whe subject thereto and upon the general public, and. If such 0080 posed rule and regulation is mandated by federal law as a 0082 requirement for participating in or implementing a federally

0083 subsidized or assisted program, the state agency shall so specify

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and all persons

economic v084 as a part of the fiscal or financial impact statement. The state 0085 agency shall reevaluate and, when necessary, update the state-0086 ment at the time of giving notice of hearing on a proposed rule and regulation and at the time of filing a rule and regulation with the revisor of statutes secretary of state. If a public hearing was held prior to the adoption of the rule and regulation, a state 0090 agency at the time of filing a rule and regulation with the revisor 0001 of statutes secretary of state shall include as a part of the fiscal or economic 0092 financial impact statement a statement specifying the time and 93 place at which the hearing was held and the attendance at the economic bearing. A copy of the current fiscal or financial impact statement 0095 shall be available from the state agency upon request by any 0096 party interested therein. (c) Upon request of the state rules and regulations board, the 0098 joint committee on administrative rules and regulations or the 0099 chairperson of either committee or board, the director of the economic 0100 budget shall review the fiscal or financial impact statement 0101 prepared by any state agency and shall prepare a supplemental 0102 or revised statement. If possible, the supplemental or revised 0103 statement shall include a reliable estimate in dollars of the anticipated change in revenues and expenditures of the state. It also shall include a statement, if determinable or reasonably economic impact 0106 foreseeable, of the immediate and long-range financial effect of of the regulation on private businesses, and the general public. If, rule and regulation upon person subject thereto J108 after careful investigation, it is determined that no dollar es-0109 timate is possible, the statement shall set forth the reasons why 0110 no dollar estimate can be given. Every state agency is directed to 0111 cooperate with the division of the budget in the preparation of 0112 any statement pursuant to this subsection when, and to the 0113 extent, requested by the director of the budget. Sec. 31. K.S.A. 77-417 is hereby amended to read as follows: 77-417. The revisor of statutes secretary of state shall: (1) En-0116 dorse on each rule and regulation filed, the time and date of the 0117 filing thereof; (2) maintain a file of such rules and regulations for 18 public inspection; (3) keep a complete record of all amendments A19 and revocations of rules and regulations; (4) index the rules and 0120 regulations so filed; and (5) publish the rules and regulations as

0121 hereinafter provided.

Sec. 32. K.S.A. 77-418 is hereby amended to read as follows: 0123 77-418. All rules and regulations adopted and filed by every state 0124 agency shall be typewritten, mimeographed, multilithed, or 0125 printed on standard letter size (8 1/2 by 11 inches) paper, the 0126 kind, grade, and durability thereof to be subject to the approval 0127 of the revisor of statutes secretary of state. Whenever If any rule 0128 and regulation is amended or revoked after the same has been 0129 r 'noted and filed, each rule and regulation amended or revoked be filed on a separate sheet or sheets of paper, except this 013 0131 tung requirement may be complied with for consecutively 0132 numbered rules and regulations which are being revoked by 0133 filing with the revisor of statutes secretary of state a statement 0134 clearly identifying the consecutively numbered rules and regu-0135 lations. Such statement shall clearly express that the consecu-0136 tively numbered rules and regulations are being revoked and o137 shall specify the effective date of the revocation of such rules and 0138 regulations. If a rule and regulation is filed with the revisor of 0130 statutes secretary of state on more than one page, each page of 0140 such rule and regulation, subsequent to the first page, shall be 0141 consecutively numbered at the top of each page, and the number 0142 of the rule and regulation shall be placed in the upper right hand ner of each page. 0142

old 33. K.S.A. 77-419 is hereby amended to read as follows: 0145 77-419. No section of any rule of and regulation shall be revived or amended unless the new rule of and regulation contains the entire section revived or amended, and any section so amended shall be revoked. For the purpose of filing in the office of the revisor of statutes secretary of state and for submission to the olfo joint committee on administrative rules and regulations and to the legislature as provided in K.S.A. 77-426, and amendments thereto, a rule and regulation amending an existing regulation shall indicate the new matter contained therein by underlining printing in italics the new matter, and material to be deleted such rule and regulation shall be shown in cancelled type. The revisor of statutes secretary of state in preparing such rules and regulations for publication in the Kansas administrative

o158 regulations shall omit all material shown in cancelled type and o159 such rules and regulations shall be printed in Roman style type. o160 The revisor of statutes secretary of state shall not file any o161 regulation which amends or revives a regulation unless the o162 regulation so amending or reviving conforms to the provisions of o163 this section.

Sec. 34. K.S.A. 1987 Supp. 77-420 is hereby amended to read 0165 as follows: 77-420. (a) Every rule and regulation proposed to be 1166 adopted by any state agency, before being submitted to the attorney general under this section, shall be submitted to the secretary of administration for approval of its organization, style, 0169 orthography and grammar subject to such requirements as to 0170 organization, style, orthography and grammar as the secretary 0171 may adopt. Every rule and regulation submitted to the secretary 0172 of administration under this subsection (a) shall be accompanied 0173 by a copy of any document which is adopted by reference by the 0174 rule and regulation. Every rule and regulation approved by the 0175 secretary of administration under this subsection (a) shall be 0176 stamped as approved and the date of such approval shall be 0177 indicated therein. No rule and regulation proposed to be adopted 0178 by any state agency as a permanent rule and regulation shall be 0179 submitted to the secretary of administration for approval of its 90 organization, style, orthography and grammar after October 15 in any year. The secretary of administration shall not approve any 0182 permanent rule or regulation submitted or received after 5:00 0183 p.m. on October 15 in any year.

(b) Every rule and regulation proposed by any state agency which has been approved by the secretary of administration as 0186 provided in subsection (a) of this section before being adopted or 0187 filed shall be submitted to the attorney general for an opinion as 0188 to the legality of the same, and the attorney general shall 0189 promptly furnish an opinion as to the legality of the proposed 0190 rule and regulation so submitted. Every rule and regulation submitted to the attorney general under this subsection (b) shall be accompanied by a copy of any document which is adopted by 0193 reference by the rule and regulation. Every rule and regulation 0194 approved by the attorney general under this subsection (b) shall

0195 be stamped as approved and the date of such approval shall be 0196 indicated therein.

- 0197 (c) No rule and regulation shall be filed by the revisor of 0108 statutes secretary of state unless:
- 0199 (1) The organization, style, orthography and grammar have 0200 been approved by the secretary of administration;
- 0201 (2) the rule and regulation has been approved in writing by 0202 the attorney general as to legality;
- 10203 (3) the attorney general finds that the making of such rule and 1020 plation is within the authority conferred by law on the state 10205 usency submitting the same;
- 0206 (4) the rule and regulation has been formally adopted by the 0207 state agency after it has been approved by the secretary of 0208 administration and the attorney general and is accompanied by a 0209 certified or other formal statement of adoption when adoption is 0210 by an executive officer of a state agency, or by a certified copy of 0211 the roll call vote required for its adoption by K.S.A. 77-421, and 0213 any amendments thereto, when adoption is by a board, commis-0213 sion, authority; or other similar body;
- 0214 (5) the rule and regulation to be filed is accompanied by a 0215 copy of the fiscal or financial impact statement as provided by 0216 K.S.A. 77-416, and amendments thereto; and
- 16) the rule and regulation, if a permanent rule and regulation.
 15 is submitted or received for filing in the office of the revisor
 160 of statutes not later than 5:00 p.m. on December 15 of any year;
 1620 and
- 0224 (7) (6) the rule and regulation is accompanied by a copy of 0222 any document which is adopted by reference by such rule and 0223 regulation unless specifically exempt by the state rules and 0224 regulations board pursuant to subsection (a) of K.S.A. 77-416, and 0225 amendments thereto.
- Sec. 35. K.S.A. 1987 Supp. 77-421 is hereby amended to read
 as follows: 77-421. (a) Prior to the adoption of any permanent rule
 d regulation or any temporary rule and regulation which is
 uried to be adopted as a temporary rule and regulation in
 order to comply with the requirements of the statute authorizing
 the same and after any such rule and regulation has been ap-

Whenever possible, prior to formulating a new rule and regulation or modification or revocation of an existing rule and regulation, a state agency shall provide a period for written public comment on the contemplated rule and regulation, modification or revocation unless such rule and regulation, modification or revocation is in response to enactment or amendment of a statute. The agency shall give notice of the public comment period by mailing notice to the secretary of state, who shall publish such notice in the Kansas register. The notice shall contain a brief summary of the substance of the contemplated rule and regulation, modification or revocation and shall state the period of time, established by the agency, during which the agency will receive written public comments on the contemplated rule and regulation, modification or revocation and the address where such comments may be submitted to the agency.

(b)

proved by the secretary of administration and the attorney gen-0233 eral, the adopting state agency shall give at least 15 days' notice 0234 of its intended action in the Kansas register and to the revisor of 0235 statutes secretary of state. The notice shall be mailed to the 0236 revisor of statutes secretary of state and published in the Kansas 0237 register and. The notice shall contain a summary of the substance 0238 of the proposed rules and regulations and the address where a 0239 complete copy of the proposed rules and regulations may be 0240 obtained. Such notice shall state the time and place of the public I hearing to be held thereon and the manner in which interested 12 parties may present their views thereon. The notice shall be 0243 accompanied by a copy of the fiscal or financial impact statement 0244 provided by K.S.A. 77-416, and amendments thereto, which is 0245 applicable to all proposed rules and regulations which will be 0246 considered at such public hearing, and. The notice shall state. 0247 that a copy of the complete fiscal or financial impact statement 0248 may be obtained from the state agency and shall provide the 0249 address of the state agency from which such liseal or financial 0250 impact statement may be obtained. A summary of such fiscal or 0251 Anancial impact statement, as required by K.S.A. 77-416, and 0252 amendments thereto, indicating the estimated monetary impact 0253 en-governmental agencies or units, private businessestand the 254 general public shall be published in the Kansas register with the 5 notice of hearing on the applicable rules and regulations. Publi-0256 cation of such notice in the Kansas register shall constitute notice 0257 to all parties affected by the rules and regulations.

O258 (b). On the date of the hearing, all interested parties shall be o259 given reasonable opportunity to present their views or arguments on adoption of the rule and regulation, either orally or in writing. When requested to do so, the state agency shall prepare a concise statement of the principal reasons for adopting the rule o263 and regulation or amendment thereto. Whenever a state agency is required by any other statute to give notice and hold a hearing before adopting, amending, reviving or revoking a rule and regulation, the state agency may, in lieu of following the requirements or statutory procedure set out in such other law, give o268 notice and hold hearings on proposed rules and regulations in

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include: (1) A brief description of the proposed rules and regulations and what will likely be accomplished by adoption thereof; (2) an identification of the persons who will be subject to or otherwise affected by the proposed rules and regulations, including those who will directly or indirectly bear the costs thereof and those who will directly or indirectly benefit therefrom; (3) an identification of the probable quantitative and qualitative impact of the proposed rules and regulations on the persons directly or indirectly affected thereby, including the agency proposing the rules and regulations, other governmental agencies or units, private citizens and consumers of the or services which are the subject of the rules and regulations or the enforcement thereof; (4) any consideration given to less costly methods, quantitative or qualitative, or less intrusive methods for achieving the statedpurpose of the rules and regulations; (5) a description of any alternative methods that were considered by the state agency for achieving the stated purpose of the rules and regulations and the quantitative or qualitative reasons why such methods were rejected in favor of the proposed rules and regulations. The notice shall state that a copy of the complete economic

statement indicating the estimated economic impact on governmental agencies or units, persons subject to the proposed rules and regulations

the manner prescribed by this act. Notwithstanding the other provisions of this section, the Kansas adult authority parole board and the secretary of corrections may, but shall not be required to, may give notice or an opportunity to be heard to any inmate in the custody of the secretary of corrections with regard to the adoption of any rule and regulation.

0275 (e) No public hearing required by this section shall be 0276 scheduled or held by a state agency after December 1 of any 0277 calendar year.

(d) (c) No rule and regulation shall be adopted except at a meeting which is open to the public and notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, no rule and regulation shall be adopted by a board, commission, authority or other similar body unless it receives approval by roll call vote of a majority of the total membership thereof.

Sec. 36. K.S.A. 1987 Supp. 77-422 is hereby amended to read 0285 as follows: 77-422. (a) A rule and regulation may be adopted by a 0286 state agency as a temporary rule and regulation if the state 0287 agency and the state rules and regulations board finds that: (1) 0288 The preservation of the public peace, health, safety or welfare 0289 necessitates or makes desirable putting such rule and regulation 0290 into effect prior to the time it could be put into effect if the 0291 agency were to comply with the notice, hearing and publication requirements of this act or prior to the effective date prescribed by K.S.A. 77-426, and amendments thereto; of (2) it is necessary 0294 for such rule and regulation to take effect prior to the effective 0295 date prescribed by K.S.A. 77-426, and amendments thereto, in 0296 order to comply with the requirements of the statute authorizing 0297 the adoption of such rule and regulation or with any federal law 0298 with which the state agency is required to comply or with rules 0299 and regulations of federal agencies adopted pursuant to any such 0300 federal law; or (3) the rule and regulation is adopting, amending 0301 or revoking a rule and regulation in response to specific direction 0302 contained in a concurrent resolution adopted by the legislature and directed to such agency; or (4) (A) insufficient appropriations are available for a specific fiscal year to meet certain budget 0305 requirements for such fiscal year which necessitates putting a

(d) When, pursuant to this or any other statute, a state agency holds a hearing on the adoption of a proposed rule and regulation, the agency shall cause minutes or a transcript of the hearing to be made. If the proposed rule and regulation is adopted and becomes effective, the state agency shall maintain, for not less than three yearsafter its effective date, such minutes or transcript, together with a list of all persons who appeared at the hearing and who they represented, any written testimony presented at the hearing and any written comments submitted during the public comment period, if any, provided by the agency pursuant to subsection (a).

oxo6 rule and regulation into effect prior to the effective date preoxo7 scribed by K.S.A. 77-426, and amendments thereto, (B) the temoxo8 porary rule and regulation applies only to such fiscal year, and oxo9 (C) the proposed rule and regulation is not contrary to the oxo10 provisions of an appropriations act or other act of the legislature.

- (b) No temporary rule and regulation shall be adopted on the basis that such rule and regulation must be adopted as a tempo-0313 rary rule and regulation for the purpose of complying with the requirements of the statute authorizing the rule and regulation to
- be adopted or on the basis that such rule and regulation must be adopted as a temporary rule and regulation for the purpose of emplying with any federal law with which the state agency is required to comply or with rules and regulations of federal agencies adopted pursuant to any such federal law without notice having been given and a hearing thereon held in the manner prescribed by K.S.A. 77-421, and amendments thereto. Temporary rules and regulations, other than temporary rules and regulations adopted on the basis that such rules and regulations must be adopted as temporary rules and regulations for the purpose of complying with the requirements of the statute au
 0323 purpose of complying with any federal law with which the state agency is required to comply or with rules and regulations of
- of federal agencies adopted pursuant to any such federal law or other adopted pursuant to paragraph (4) 2 or 4 of subsection (a); of may be adopted without the giving of notice and the holding of a hearing thereon.
- (c) No temporary rule and regulation shall be adopted prior to the effective date of the statute authorizing its adoption, but, prior to the effective date of such statute, the proposed temporary rule and regulation may be submitted to the secretary of administration and to the attorney general for approval as required by K.S.A. 77-420, and amendments thereto and notice of the proposed rule and regulation may be given and a hearing held thereon in the manner prescribed by K.S.A. 77-421, and amendments thereto.
 - (d) A temporary rule and regulation shall take effect: (1) After

pursuant to subsection (a)(2) or (4)

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val by the secretary of administration and the attorney 0344 general as provided by K.S.A. 77-420, and amendments thereto, 0345 and; (2) after approval by the state rules and regulations board as 0346 provided by K.S.A. 77-423, and amendments thereto; and (3) 0347 upon filing with the revisor of statutes secretary of state. The 0348 effective date of all or specific parts of a temporary rule and 0340 regulation may be delayed to a date later than its filing date if the 0350 delayed effective date of such rule and regulation, or specific 0351 parts thereof, is clearly expressed in the body of such rule and 0352 regulation. A temporary rule and regulation filed during any year not be effective after April 30 of the year succeeding the 9354 year in which the temporary rule and regulation was filed shall

0355 be effective for a period not to exceed 120 days.

0356 (e) A temporary rule and regulation which amends an exist-0357 ing rule and regulation shall have the effect of suspending the 0358 force and effect of the existing rule and regulation until such 0359 time as the temporary rule and regulation is no longer effective. 0360 In such case, at the time the temporary rule and regulation 0361 ceases to be effective, the existing permanent rule and regulation 0362 which was amended by the temporary rule and regulation shall 0363 be in full force and effect unless such existing rule and regula-0364 tion is otherwise amended, revoked or suspended as provided by 0365 law.

Temporary rules and regulations shall be numbered in rdance with the numbering arrangement approved by the 0367 0368 revisor of statutes secretary of state and shall otherwise conform 0369 to the approval, adoption and filing requirements of this act, 0370 insofar as the same can be made applicable.

Sec. 37. K.S.A. 77-424 is hereby amended to read as follows: 0372 77-424. The state rules and regulations board shall meet as soon 0373 as possible after December 15 each year to determine which 0374 rules and regulations are to be published in the Kansas adminis-0375 trative regulations or annual supplement thereto. For the pur-0376 pose of avoiding unwarranted expense, the board may authorize

lirect the revisor of statutes secretary of state to withhold 0377 0378 publication of any technical rule and regulation of any state 0379 agency where such rules and regulations are of limited public

Sec. 37. K.S.A. 77-423 is hereby amended to read as follows: There is hereby created a state rules and regulations board consisting of the attorney general, the secretary of state, the secretary of administration, the chairperson of the joint committee on administrative rules and regulations or a member of the joint committee designated by the chairperson from the same house of the legislature as the chairperson and the vice-chairperson of the joint committee on administrative rules and regulations or a member of the joint committee designated by the vice-chairperson from the same house the legislature as the vice-chairperson. If a member is designated to serve on the board by the chairperson or vice-chairperson of the joint committee, the designated member shall serve in lieu of the designating officer on a temporary or permanent basis as specified by the designating officer. The attorney general shall be the chairperson of said the board. The revisor-of-statutes secretary of state shall serve as the secretary to the board. The state rules and regulations board shall determine whether a rule and regulation should be adopted as a temporary rule and regulation, shall determine the rules and regulations to be published in the Kansas administrative regulations and in the annual supplement to such regulations as provided for in this act and shall perform such other duties as may be required by this act.

Renumber remaining sections accordingly

one of statutes and regulations are not published in one of statutes and regulations are not published in one of statutes and regulations or annual supplement, one of statutes and regulations or annual supplement, one of statutes and regulations of statutes secretary of one of statutes and regulations of statutes and shall one of statutes and regulations may be obtained and that the rules and regulations are on file in the office of one of statutes the secretary of state. Rules and regulations one of statutes the secretary of state. Rules and regulations of adopted jointly by two or more agencies shall not be published in more than one place in the compilation or supplement thereto.

Sec. 38. K.S.A. 1987 Supp. 77-425 is hereby amended to read as follows: 77-425. Every rule and regulation other than a tem-0392 porary rule and regulation which is filed by a state agency in the o393 office of the revisor of statutes secretary of state as provided in this act shall have the force and effect of law on and after the date prescribed in K.S.A. 77-426, and amendments thereto, until o396 amended or revoked as provided by law and such amendment or revocation shall have become effective. Any rule and regulation not filed and published as required by this act shall be of no force o399 or effect, except that any error or irregularity in form or any o400 clerical error or omission of the revisor of statutes secretary of o401 state in the filing of such regulation not affecting substantial rights shall not invalidate the same. The filing and publication of

rules and regulations as required by this act shall not be construed as dispensing with the requirements of any other law necessary to make the rules and regulations effective. The revoout cation of a rule and regulation by a state agency shall not be construed as reviving a rule and regulation previously revoked by such agency, nor shall such revocation by a state agency be construed as affecting any right which accrued, any duty imout posed, any penalty incurred, nor any proceeding commenced, outlined or by virtue of the rule and regulation revoked.

o412 Sec. 39. K.S.A. 1987 Supp. 77-426 is hereby amended to read as follows: 77-426. (a) All rules and regulations on file with the revisor of statutes secretary of state which are in force and effect at the time this act takes effect shall continue in full force and o416 effect and may be amended, revived or revoked as provided by

sas register.

0417 law. All new rules and regulations and all amendments, revivals
0418 or revocations of rules and regulations, other than temporary
0419 regulations, adopted in any year shall be filed with the revisor of
0420 statutes on or before December 15 of such year, and shall
0421 become effective on and after May 1 of the succeeding year. No
0422 rules and regulations shall be filed by the revisor of statutes after
0423 December 15 in any year or prior to the next following May 1,
0424 except temporary rules and regulations secretary of state and
0425 shall become effective 45 days following its publication in the

- O427 (D) As soon as possible after the filing of any rules and 0428 regulations by a state agency, the revisor of statutes secretary of 0429 state shall submit to the joint committee on administrative rules 0430 and regulations such number of copies as may be requested by 0431 the joint committee on administrative rules and regulations.
- (c) At any time prior to adjournment sine die of the regular session of the legislature, the legislature may adopt a concurrent resolution expressing the concern of the legislature with any permanent or temporary rule and regulation which is in force and effect and on file in the office of the revisor of statutes secretary of state and any permanent rule and regulation filed in the office of revisor of statutes the secretary of state during the receding year and requesting the revocation of any such rule regulation or the amendment of any such rule and regulation the manner specified in such resolution.
- Sec. 40. K.S.A. 77-428 is hereby amended to read as follows: 0443 77-428. (a) At the beginning of each calendar year the revisor of 0444 statutes shall secretary of state, as soon as possible, shall assemble all rules and regulations, except temporary rules and 0446 regulations, filed during the preceding year in accordance with 0447 the provisions of this act. The state rules and regulations board 0448 shall determine which of such rules and regulations are to be 0449 published in the Kansas administrative regulations or annual 0450 repplement as provided in this act.
- O45 b) Annual supplements shall be cumulative and shall in-O452 crude all rules and regulations published in the annual supple-O453 ment in the next preceding year which remain in force and effect

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on the effective date of the current supplement, together with all outs rules and regulations, other than temporary regulations, which were regularly adopted and filed in the office of the revisor of outs statutes secretary of state in the year next preceding the year in which such annual supplement is published and becomes effectives and which were approved for publication by the state rules outs and regulations board.

(c) The revisor of statutes secretary of state shall prepare annual supplements to the rules and regulations and material to be published therewith, in one or more paperbound volumes in the form determined by the revisor of statutes secretary of state. The annual supplement of rules and regulations shall be published and shall include a general index of all rules and regula-0467 tions contained therein and such notes, cross references and explanatory materials as will facilitate the use of such supple-0469 ments. All rules and regulations and material published in the 0470 annual supplement shall be delivered to and published by the 0471 director of printing. Authentication of all supplement volumes 0472 shall be in the manner provided in K.S.A. 77-429, and amendments thereto. The director of printing shall print the number of 0474 copies requisitioned by the revisor of statutes secretary of state. Sec. 41. K.S.A. 77-430a is hereby amended to read as fol-1476 lows: 77-430a. (a) The revisor of statutes secretary of state shall 0477 edit and prepare for printing and publication volumes of rules 0478 and regulations which replace existing volumes of the Kansas 0479 administrative regulations when authorized by the legislative 0480 coordinating council within the limitations of available appro-0481 priations therefor. Replacement volumes shall be published and 0482 printed in the same format and in accordance with the same 0483 printing specifications used in the volume replaced and shall be 0484 authenticated as required by K.S.A. 77-429, and amendments 0485 thereto. Replacement volumes of the Kansas administrative reg-0486 ulations shall be printed by the director of printing and delivered 1887 to the secretary of state who shall distribute and sell them in the 0488 same manner as provided in K.S.A. 77-430, and amendments 0489 thereto, for the distribution and sale of other volumes of the 0490 Kansas administrative regulations.

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- 0491 (b) Whenever it shall become necessary to print additional 0492 copies of any volume of the Kansas administrative regulations, 0493 the revisor of statutes secretary of state shall requisition the 0494 necessary number of copies from the director of printing.
- Sec. 42. K.S.A. 77-432a is hereby amended to read as fol-0496 lows: 77-432a. Whenever the secretary of state and the revisor of 0497 statutes determine determines that any volume of Kansas ad-0498 ministrative regulations or any annual supplement to the Kansas 0499 administrative regulations has become obsolete by reason of the
- publication of a later volume or annual supplement, such officers
 the secretary of state may provide for the disposition of the
 remaining copies of such obsolete volumes or supplement volumes by whatever means such officers determine the secretary
 determines, without making a charge therefor.
- Sec. 43. K.S.A. 77-435 is hereby amended to read as follows: 77-435. In publishing the material in the Kansas administrative regulations and latest supplements thereto, the revisor of statutes secretary of state shall not alter the sense, meaning or effect of any rule and regulation but may correct manifest orthographical, clerical or typographical errors and may edit the rules and regulations in the following manner:
- 0512 (a) By inserting the correct references in lieu of any internal 0513 cross-references to session laws or other outdated statutory ref2514 erences or outdated references to other rules and regulations 5 sections.
- (b) By changing descriptive-subject-word headings of sections, subsections or subparts of a rule and regulation in order to
 briefly and clearly indicate the subject matter of such sections.
- 0519 (c) Wherever a board, commission, commissioner, depart0520 ment or other agency or officer of the state government has been
 0521 abolished by statute and the powers, duties and jurisdiction
 0522 thereof transferred to some other board, commission, commis0523 sioner, department or other agency or officer now in existence,
 0524 the revisor of statutes secretary of state may edit the rules and
 0525 regulations affected thereby by striking out the name of the
 16 abolished board, commission, commissioner, department or
 0527 other agency or officer and inserting in lieu thereof the name of

0528 the proper board, commission, commissioner, department or 0529 other agency or officer.

- 0530 (d) Where a pronoun of only masculine or only feminine 0531 gender appears a pronoun of the opposite gender may be added, 0532 or language may be changed for the same purpose, so long as the 0533 opening limitation of this section is not violated.
- 0534 (e) By striking the word "that" wherever it appears as the 0535 first word of any section in the Kansas administrative regulations 0536 or the latest supplement thereto.
 - 37 (f) By correcting doublets.
- No change made pursuant to the provisions of this section shall 0539 effect any change in the substantive meaning of the rule and 0540 regulation section, and any error made by the revisor of statutes 0541 secretary of state in editing the rules and regulations as autho-0542 rized by this section shall be construed as a clerical error only. Sec. 44. K.S.A. 77-436 is hereby amended to read as follows: 0544 77-436. (a) There is hereby established a joint committee on administrative rules and regulations which shall consist of five 0546 senators and seven members of the house of representatives. The 0547 five senator members shall be appointed as follows: Three by the 0548 committee on organization, calendar and rules and two by the 0549 minority leader of the senate. The seven representative mem-9550 bers shall be appointed as follows: Four by the speaker of the 51 house of representatives and three by the minority leader of the 0552 house of representatives. The first named appointee of the com-0553 mittee on organization, calendar and rules shall be chairperson 0554 or vice-chairperson of the joint committee as provided in this 0555 section. The first named appointee of the speaker of the house of 0556 representatives shall be chairperson or vice-chairperson of the 0557 joint committee as provided in this section.
- (b) A quorum of the joint committee on administrative rules
 and regulations shall be seven. All actions of the committee may
 be taken by a majority of those present when there is a quorum.
 In odd-numbered years the chairperson of the joint committee
 shall be a member of the house of representatives from the
 convening of the regular session in that year until the convening
 of the regular session in the next ensuing year. In even-num-

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565 bered years the chairperson of the joint committee shall be a member of the senate from the convening of the regular session of that year until the convening of the regular session of the next 0568 ensuing year. The vice-chairperson shall exercise all of the 0569 powers of the chairperson in the absence of the chairperson.

- 0570 (c) All rules and regulations filed each year in the office of 0571 the revisor of statutes secretary of state shall be submitted to and 0572 reviewed by the joint committee on administrative rules and 0573 regulations. All forms used by state agencies and all rules and 'ations specifically excluded from the definition of rule and ation under paragraph (4) of K.S.A. 77-415, and amend-0576 ments thereto, shall be subject to review by the joint committee. 0577 The committee may introduce such legislation as it deems nec-0578 essary in performing its functions of reviewing administrative
- (d) The provisions of article 12 of chapter 46 of the Kansas 0581 Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto, applicable to spe-0582 cial committees shall apply to the joint committee on adminis-0583 trative rules and regulations to the extent that the same do not 0584 conflict with the specific provisions of this act applicable to such 0585 joint committee.

0579 rules and regulations and agency forms.

Sec. 45. K.S.A. 79-3297a is hereby amended to read as fol-0587 lows: 79-3297a. The secretary of revenue shall change the perge of the amount required to be withheld from wages under 1. 79-3296, and amendments thereto, when such rate no 0590 longer bears the proper correspondence to the employees' in-0591 come tax liability on wages because of changes in the federal 0592 withholding rate. Any such change in the state withholding rate 0593 shall be in proper proportion to the amount of increase or 0594 decrease in the federal withholding tax, increases or decreases in 0595 the tax rates under K.S.A. 79-32,110, and amendments thereto, or 0596 increases or decreases in the tax base so that the withholding rate 0597 as changed bears the same correspondence to the employees' 0598 expected income tax liability. Such rate may be fixed for all ted gross income classes, or variable rates may be estab-0600 haned, based upon adjusted gross income class, to insure proper

0601 withholding consistent with the taxpayer's expected tax liability.

subsection

Any such change in rate shall be adopted as a rule and regulation and shall be effective when filed with the revisor of the statutes secretary of state.

O605 Sec. 46. K.S.A. 79-3385 is hereby amended to read as fol-O606 lows: 79-3385. The secretary of revenue shall have the power to O607 make and enforce such rules and regulations as may be necessary O608 to administer and enforce the provisions of this act. Such rules O609 and regulations shall be filed in the office of the revisor of O610 statutes secretary of state as required by law.

Sec. 47. K.S.A. 82a-816 is hereby amended to read as follows: 82a-816. A copy of the rules and regulations adopted pursuant to this act, and of any amendments thereto, shall be 1614 filed in the office of the commission and in the office of the 1615 revisor of statutes secretary of state as provided by law. Rules 1616 and regulations shall be published by the commission in a 1617 convenient form.

Sec. 48. K.S.A. 82a-923 is hereby amended to read as fol-0619 lows: 82a-923. The office shall adopt, amend, promulgate, and 0620 enforce such rules and regulations as are necessary and proper to 0621 carry out the provisions of this act. Such rules and regulations 0622 shall be filed in the office of the revisor of statutes secretary of 0623 state as provided by law. The Kansas water office may prepare 0624 and distribute, free or at cost, compilations of its rules and 7 regulations.

Sec. 49. K.S.A. 83-147 is hereby amended to read as follows: 83-147. The state sealer of weights and measures is authorized to promulgate and adopt such rules and regulations and establish tolerances within a maximum of two percent (2%) 2%, plus or minus, which may be necessary for the enforcement of this act. Such rules and regulations shall be filed in the office of the revisor of statutes secretary of state as provided by article 4 of chapter 77 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated.

0634 Sec. 50. K.S.A. 2-2606, 16a-6-405, 16a-6-406, 17-1282, 32-0635 185, 32-507, 34-101d, 40-2308, 44-573, 45-404, 46-224, 46-1211, 46-1501, 47-1215, 65-1630, 65-1825, 65-2703, 65-2865, 72-7514b, 74-3214, 74-4909, 75-430, 75-431, 75-3504, 76-168, 76-1927, 77-0638 416, 77-417, 77-418, 77-419, 77-424, 77-428, 77-430a, 77-432a,

77-423,

0639 77-435, 77-436, 79-3297a, 79-3385, 82a-816, 82a-923 and 83-147 0640 and K.S.A. 1987 Supp. 74-8710, 77-420, 77-421, 77-422, 77-425, 0641 77-426 and 77-439 are hereby repealed.

O642 Sec. 51. This act shall take effect and be in force from and O643 after May 1, 1988, and its publication in the Kansas register.



P.O. BOX 515 - SALINA, KANSAS 67402 - 0515 1514

WHY INSPECT ALL KANSAS KENNELS

Literally, the issue before you is one that cries out for attention. The animals in any deficient kennel, USDA-inspected or not, suffer equally. Parasites, disease, extremes of heat and cold, inadequate food, water and shelter from the elements do not disappear merely because a kennel owner possesses a USDA license.

The following is a list of communities in which USDA kernels have been found deficient. The list is by no means complete but shows that problems exist throughout the state. Studying the forms from which this information comes is an enlightening experience. One observation which emerges is that some inspectors find no deficiencies in any of the kennels under their jurisdiction. It may be that they are fortunate enough to be assigned only the good kennels. There is, however, an obvious alternative.

Abilene Lucas Galva Rexford Beloit Marinattari Goff Rossville Bubler Marysville Goodland Russell Carbondale McCurie Chanute Havensville Mirmeapolis Sedari Oberlin Seldon Cherokee Highland Clyde Junction City Olsburg Summerford Wamence Calumbus Kansas City Oriaga Washington Cuba Kirgmarı Osbarrie Lincoln Pittsburg Waterville Delohos Wirichester

USDA inspections are not sufficiently frequent to curb abuses in deficient kennels. Dr. Charles Stumpff, USDA veterinarian for Kansas, admits that "'ideally, kennels should be inspected four times a year.'" (KANSAS CITY STAR, Dec. 13, 1987) His budget allows inspections only 1 1/2 times a year. Funds for support of the federal Animal Welfare Act have been cut under the Reagan administration, just as funds for every social welfare program have been cut.

The breeding industry is a Kansas problem. The business of conscientious breeders is hurt when they are unable to sell their animals because the irresponsible breeders have given all Kansas animals a bad name. The federal government is not concerned about protecting the business of reputable breeders. Kansans should be.

Unfortunately, many Kansas breeders, both the responsible and otherwise, have received deliberately distorted information from some persons who appase regulation through the bill before you. That information says that a person with just one breeding bitch will have to be licensed. If the people who have disseminated such falsehood have nothing to hide, why are they using scare tactics to achieve the defeat of this measure?

The Kansas Federation of Humane Societies, representing humane groups throughout this state, urges you to allow reason, evidence, and conscience to prevail. These are the hallmarks of legislation in a democratic society.

Carol J. Brandert Will Svandul Kansas Federation of Humane Societies

Sevate ESA 2/16/88 Attachment #3

JACK STEINEGER SENATOR SIXTH DISTRICT STATE CAPITOL BLDG. ROOM 136-NORTH TOPEKA, KANSAS 66612 19131296-7375



COMMITTEE ASSIGNMENTS MEMBER INTERSTATE COOPERATION LABOR INDUSTRY, AND SMALL BUSINESS LEGISLATIVE AND CONGRESSIONAL APPORTIONMENT LOCAL GOVERNMENT

TOPEKA

SENATE CHAMBER

STATEMENT REGARDING SENATE BILL 615 FEBRUARY 10, 1988

Today, we have filed a bill for consideration by will somewhat restrict 1988 Legislatures which speculative investments by the Kansas Public Employees Retirement Board. We believe that the pension fund of Kansas employees should be more concerned with the return of the money rather than a high return on the money.

Many people are alarmed with recent information from KPERS concerning their investment strategies. statutes authorized KPERS to invest pension funds to make them as productive as possible while exercising the care and judgement that intelligent and prudent men exercise in their own affairs. KPERS has interpreted this language to give it the broadest possible authority and discretion concerning the types of investments it can make, and as a result, has entered into financial dealings which are speculative, at best.

There is concern with reports that KPERS is:

- Investing in junk bonds;
- Assuming real estate mortgages on distressed 2. properties;
- Taking second positions on obligations; and, З.
- 4. Agreeing to interest on loans only when cash flows permit.

These kinds of investments are not consistent with the Prudent Man Rule and violate KPERS own policy requiring investment managers to seek out investments in "substantially, seasoned companies in sound financial condition" within the State of Kansas.

This bill will eliminate from the Prudent Man Rule the authority to invest in junk bonds or distressed property, to take second positions on mortgages, and to engage in business dealing with KPERS advisors who have taken a proprietary interest in the investment property. The duty of the Kansas Public Employees Retirement System is to ensure the future of Kansas employees. There is a difference between "investments" and "speculating" in junk bonds and Senate FSA distressed shopping centers.

2/16/88 AHackment #4

Editorials

In God We Trust-

Matters for development

When voters were offered the lottery and pari-mutuel amendments in 1986, economic development was one of the selling points. Part of the proceeds from the lottery would be earmarked for economic development. In addition, pari-mutuel would create development in the form of jobs and support services relating to the tracks.

More than a year since voters overwhelmingly said yes, Kansas lottery is providing its part of that package. Last week, Gov. Mike Hayden announced formation of the Kansas Partnership Fund to help local governments provide improvements needed by new or expanding businesses. The special loan fund will amount to \$5.5 million — all from the lottery.

Announcement of the Kansas Partnership Fund came at the same time as Charles R. Warren was named the new president of Kansas Inc., the state's economic development arm. Warren, who has Kansas roots and experience working with a similar organization in Indiana, comes well equipped for the job.

Both of those announcements are welcome news. But Kansas officials must not forget the rest of this economic development package.

Getting pari-mutuel tracks established in Kansas is itself a race against the competition from other states. Especially in Kansas City, where Kansas and Missouri are battling to beat each other out of the starting gate, the selection of a developer is of paramount importance.

Developers have presented their proposals. But while they are waiting for an official nod from the racing commission, those interested in Missouri sites are moving ahead with their plans. And once one developer starts, the race is over. No one expects Kansas City to support tracks on both sides of the state line.

Members of the Kansas Racing Commission have indicated a willingness to cooperate. But they are plowing new ground. They need the cooperation of the Legislature to smooth out any problems that get in their way — just as it did for the multi-state lottery.

Some people would like to see Kansas lose this race. In addition to those who oppose gambling, there also are those who operate tracks in nearby states. They don't want the competition.

But Kansans overwhelmingly approved the pari-mutuel amendment in 1986. The state owes it to them to make the most of this opportunity.

> Senate FSA 2/16/88 Attachment #5

REGIONAL

HEALTH REVIEW

Mr. Jean D. Neal, Regional Manager State Government Affairs HLR Service Corporation A Subsidiary of Hoffmann-La Roche Inc. 1237 Main Street Georgetown, Texas 78626 (512) 255-7303



FALL 1987

Drug Abuse Programs in the Workplace: The Need for a Comprehensive Approach

Overview of the Drug Abuse Problem

The nation's attention in recent months has been focused dramatically on the tragic results of drug abuse. The news media's detailed reporting of the drug-related deaths of college basketball star Len Bias and professional football player Don Rogers and the use of cocaine by baseball star Dwight Gooden, coupled with mounting safety concerns resulting from drug abuse by airline and train crews and air traffic controllers, has demonstrated the growth of the problem.

Business Insurance magazine reports that drug and alcohol abuse are now the nation's third largest health problem, estimated to cost between \$60 and \$120 billion a year in lost productivity, increased job accidents and injuries, higher medical and insurance costs, absenteeism and worker theft to support drug habits. The Federal Railroad Administration found that train accidents caused by substance abuse killed 37 people and injured 80 during a nine-year period ending in 1984. These numbers will, of course, increase greatly if it is shown that the recent Amtrak/Conrail tragedy in Maryland was drug-related.

Increasingly, the focus is on the jobsite as the place to confront drug abuse with well-conceived, proven programs of prevention, education and rehabilitation. Initially, at least, employers' responses to the growing drug abuse problem varied widely—from heavy-handed actions such as surprise drug testing followed by no-recourse firing for unconfirmed positive results to benign neglect by firms wary of legal, labor and employee morale problems.

Media attention to drug abuse by public figures, and the resulting public awareness, has resulted in a dramatic increase in governmental and private action. These efforts include First Lady Nancy Reagan's nationwide education campaign against drug abuse; the expansion of counseling, assistance and rehabilitation programs; the establishment of information hotlines and support groups; and, more recently, the creation by employers of programs for the workplace that reflect a broad understanding of drug abuse, its prevention and its treatment.

Methods of Preventing Drug Abuse in the Workplace

Many employers, including Federal and state officials, are implementing comprehensive drug abuse programs aimed not just at the detection of substance abuse but, more importantly, at education, prevention and treatment. These programs, which almost always are based on a written policy, address the needs not only of the employer but of individual employees, fellow workers and the public at large. They are designed to maintain high standards of safety, quality and productivity, and they include the education, rehabilitation and treatment of those employees found to have substance abuse problems.

Historically, employers relied primarily on observation to identify drug abuse. Later, the sensitive nature of certain jobs and the growing awareness of the potential for workplace drug abuse prompted some companies to institute searches of employees' briefcases, lunchboxes, lockers and work areas. Now, a greater number of employers are using some form of employee drug testing, as part of a comprehensive program, to help spot problems before they become a greater danger to the worker and to others.

In the early 1970s, the military began the first large-scale drug abuse program. The Department of Defense now requires mandatory testing of all service personnel and performs more than three million tests a year. The primary test used by the military is the Abuscreen® System, a highly accurate urinalysis using the Radioimmunoassay (RIA) technique. The use of random urinalysis is the linchpin of the military's program, with approximately three million urine specimens being tested annually. Drug abuse in the armed forces has dropped to the lowest point since the program's inception in the early 1970s, and officers in all four services credit this to the deterrent of "pervasive testing through urinalysis," as The New York Times reported in April of 1987. Military officers said that in 1986 less than 3 percent of those tested were found to have used illicit drugs, compared to the 27 percent of those surveyed confidentially in 1980 who admitted to using drugs



he Inc. Sevate FSA 2/16/88 Attach ment #6 before military testing began. The military's program places great emphasis on informing its personnel of the dangers of drug abuse and helping them overcome it.

The results of the military's program have encouraged other government agencies and private enterprises to implement similar programs. Many of these programs use testing to identify abusers, who are then offered assistance.

Who Should Be Tested?

Employers make crucial decisions in determining the frequency and nature of testing once they decide to develop an employee drug abuse prevention program. Several levels of testing are in use:

1. pre-employment testing,

2. "for-cause" testing based on observable evidence of drug abuse,

3. testing as part of periodic physical examinations, and

4. random testing.

The most frequent testing use is pre-employment screening, where hiring depends on a favorable outcome. Usually, applicants failing the test are told why they did not get the job and are allowed to reapply at a later date. Many companies also require employees, once hired, to be tested "for cause" if drug abuse is suspected from certain types of continuing behavior, erratic conduct, loss of productivity or safety problems. Random testing, because of its unexpected nature, is said to be the most effective. But random testing is controversial and more likely to be challenged by employees, unions or civil rights groups. Some employers have decided to require random testing only in cases where public safety is a factor, such as for airline or railroad crews.

Only 3 percent of the Fortune 500 companies screened job applicants for drug abuse in 1983; but by 1986 some 40 percent were doing so, according to the National Institute on Drug Abuse. Very soon, at least 50 percent of these major corporations are expected to have some type of employee drug abuse prevention program involving testing. Companies have identified the following advantages of setting up a comprehensive drug abuse prevention and testing program:

1. a safer and healthier work environment,

2. improved safety and product or service quality,

3. increased worker productivity,

4. fewer work days lost.

5. less need for more disruptive actions such as searches and police referrals,

6. reduced security costs, and

7. reduced health, accident and disability benefit costs.

Accuracy and Reliability

Drug testing must be a two-step process, involving an initial test and then a confirmatory test for those samples that tested positive. Three screening techniques are primarily used: Enzyme Immunoassay (EIA), Radioimmunoassay (RIA) and Thin-Layer Chromatography (TLC). The Defense Department has selected an RIA screening test that is extremely accurate and cost-effective for the detection of THC (marijuana), cocaine, morphine, barbiturates, amphetamines, PCP, methaqualone and LSD. For those members of the armed forces testing positive in the initial assay, the second, confirmatory test—a gas chromatograph/mass spectroscopy (GC/MS) test—is required. This dual testing procedure assures maximum accuracy and is strongly recommended for all employers with worksite drug abuse programs.

Drug testing results can be extremely reliable. The Department of Defense has a continuing proficiency verification program for the nine military and two civilian laboratories conducting its drug tests. In scientific (double-blind) weekly checks of all 11 labs, test results are examined for "false-positive" reports, in which evidence of drug abuse is erroneously reported. The acceptable rate of false positives is 0 percent; to date, not a single false-positive result has been reported. Should any lab report a false positive, it will be closed and decertified, under military policy.

Testing Policies

Knowledgeable employers provide rehabilitation services as part of their health benefit plans and view these services as the keystone of a "comprehensive" program approach to drug abuse prevention. These companies recognize that their most important asset is a safe and healthy workforce. They base their drug abuse program on a written policy defining the consequences of illicit drug use. Management then strives to make the policy clear to all employees, implement the policy fairly, provide education and treatment resources and train supervisors in all aspects of the program. There should be rigid safeguards to keep

employees' names and test results confidential and, by monitoring the "chain of custody," to maintain the integrity and identity of urine samples.

Courts generally have upheld such workplace drug abuse testing policies when they are part of a comprehensive program that addresses the needs not only of the employer but of the employee and the general public. Many court challenges are to random testing—that is, testing imposed without suspicion on a mandatory basis. In June, the New York State Court of Appeals, the first state supreme court to examine the issue, ruled unanimously that random tests to identify drug abuse by probationary school teachers violated constitutional guarantees against unreasonable search and seizure. But U.S. appeals courts have upheld random tests for certain U.S. Customs Service workers, Iowa prison guards and New Jersey racetrack jockeys. A number of other challenges to workplace drug testing are now before state and Federal courts, based on Fourth Amendment search questions brought by public employees.

Federal Government Response

The Federal government is approaching workplace drug abuse on a number of fronts, both for its own employees and for certain private-sector employees. A rule established by the U.S. Department of Transportation in February of 1986 requires post-accident drug testing of railroad workers involved in major train accidents and authorizes testing when there is evidence of impairment. It also requires pre-employment screening and preventive education. A unique "bypass" feature of the rule allows drug- or alcohol-dependent rail employees to step forward and obtain treatment confidentially, through employee assistance programs. Workers are not disciplined for admitting to abuse problems.

This comprehensive approach involving education, rehabilitation and assurance of the reliability of testing, is also the thrust of President Ronald Reagan's September 15, 1986, executive order on drug abuse affecting all Federal agencies. The order calls for a number of preventive and educational actions, including drug testing of certain Federal employees in "sensitive" jobs. These include jobs that demand a high degree of public trust and confidence, such as agents of the Drug Enforcement Administration, the Customs Service and the FBI who fight illicit drug trafficking and related crimes.

In the 100th Congress, at least six bills have been introduced concerning drug abuse and testing (HR 280, HR 691, HR 693, S 352, S 356 and S 1041). Prompting the introduction of at least one of the bills was the January 4, 1987, Amtrak/Conrail railroad accident in Maryland. Post-accident urinalysis revealed the presence of marijuana residue in two train engineers. Dr. Robert L. DuPont, former head of the National Institute on Drug Abuse, concluded that the accident "is a very compelling argument for random [drug] testing of any [person in a] safety position." Transportation Secretary Elizabeth Dole has proposed a program that would require testing of many transportation industry employees. The Senate Commerce Committee, by a vote of 19-1, has approved a bill (S 1041) along these lines that calls for testing in five categories—random, pre-employment, post-accident, "reasonable suspicion" and "periodic recurrent"—for airline pilots, train crews, air traffic controllers, long-haul bus and truck drivers and others. The measure, now awaiting Senate action, would require rehabilitation programs for all affected government and private-sector employees.

State and Local Government Activities

In the first half of 1987, more than 80 bills related to workplace drug abuse or testing were introduced in various state legislatures. Montana, Vermont and Connecticut adopted laws that prohibit the testing of most workers without at least "reasonable suspicion" of drug abuse. Iowa banned random testing, requiring "probable cause" before employees can be tested for drug abuse. These new laws place fewer restrictions on testing job applicants than on testing employees. The Vermont and Iowa laws prohibit the firing of employees who successfully complete drug rehabilitation programs. Other legislatures are still considering various measures to regulate or authorize workplace drug abuse testing.

At the local level, a number of city and county governments have considered similar proposals. To date, San Francisco is the only major city that has enacted a measure to prohibit mandatory workplace drug testing.

Private Sector Initiatives

Long before regulatory laws were proposed widely, some private companies were implementing drug testing programs for humanistic reasons and to contain costs, including the expense of hiring and training replacement employees. Many firms can now document the savings resulting from comprehensive drug programs. In a survey commissioned by United Technologies, General Motors reported a 60 to 65 percent recovery rate for employees testing positive for drugs. In treating cocaine users, GM reported saving three dollars for every dollar spent. United Airlines said it spent from \$5,000 to \$10,000 treating each case of cocaine abuse, but reported a 4-1 return on the investment by returning rehabilitated employees to their jobs.

Evidence of reduced accidents and absenteeism and improved health and productivity was related by the Mid-Cal Corporation, an oil well service company of Taft, California. Less than two years after instituting an employee drug program, Mid-Cal reported that the percentage of employees testing positive for drugs plunged from 60 percent to 3 percent. Accidents resulting in time lost from work dropped from 30 to 0 and Worker's Compensation payments dropped from \$156,276 to \$25,116.

The sports industry has been actively involved in drug testing programs as well. The National Football League, several major league baseball teams and most National Collegiate Athletic Association (NCAA)

member colleges perform drug tests on athletes.

The well-documented success of drug abuse programs in large corporations has prompted smaller firms to introduce their own programs and has also encouraged professional and collegiate sports groups to undertake or endorse such comprehensive programs.

Conclusion

Already, a broad range of government and private-sector policymakers are establishing workplace drug abuse programs, with the military and large national corporations setting the pace. While much attention has been focused on drug testing, successful corporate programs consider testing to be only one part of a comprehensive approach that includes education, detection, treatment and rehabilitation. The public, too, seems to support employee drug testing, at least in a public safety context. In a Gallup poll conducted for Hospitals magazine, 66 percent of over 1000 Americans surveyed agreed that employees in public safety occupations should be tested.

Drug testing in the workplace is expected to continue to expand. It is increasingly apparent that a workplace drug program combining education, testing and employee assistance efforts is both an effective and an appropriate response to the cost and tragedy of drug abuse.

> If carefully designed and carried out, employer-required programs for the screening of employees and applicants for drugs, including alcohol, can serve to protect and improve employee health and safety in an ethically acceptable manner.

> > —Council on Social Issues American Occupational Medical Association

For more information on comprehensive employee substance abuse programs, write to:

Diagnostic Dimensions Inc. A Subsidiary of Hoffmann-La Roche Inc. Building 1, Fifth Floor 340 Kingsland Street Nutley, NJ 07110

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SENATE BILL NO.

By Senator Hoferer

AN ACT relating to insurance; requiring mammogram and pap smear coverage to be offered for inclusion in certain health and accident policies; amending K.S.A. 40-19c09 and repealing the existing section.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

New Section 1. This act applies to any individual, group or blanket policy of accident and sickness, medical or surgical expense coverage, or any provision of a policy, contract, plan or agreement for medical service, issued, issued for delivery, continued or renewed, covering Kansas residents on or after the effective date of this act.

New Sec. 2. Notwithstanding any provision of any policy, provision, contract, plan or agreement to which this act applies, whenever reimbursement or indemnity for laboratory, x-ray or both such services are covered, reimbursement or indemnification shall not be denied for mammograms or pap smears when performed at the direction of a licensed practitioner within the lawful scope of such practitioner's license.

Sec. 3. K.S.A. 40-19c09 is hereby amended to read as follows: 40-19c09. Corporations organized under the nonprofit medical and hospital service corporation act shall be subject to the provisions of the Kansas general corporation code, articles 60 to 74, inclusive, of chapter 17 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, applicable to nonprofit corporations, to the provisions of K:S:A:--40-2;116-and-40-2;117 sections 1 and 2 of this act and to the provisions of K.S.A. 40-214, 40-215, 40-216, 40-218, 40-219, 40-222, 40-223, 40-224, 40-225, 40-226, 40-229, 40-230, 40-231, 40-235, 40-236, 40-237, 40-247, 40-248, 40-249, 40-250, 40-251, 40-252, 40-254, 40-2,100, 40-2,101, 40-2,102,

Senate F517 2/16/88

Attachment #7

40-2,103, 40-2,104, 40-2,105, 40-2,116, 40-2,117, 40-2a01 to 40-2a19, inclusive, 40-2111 to 40-2116, inclusive, 40-2216 to 40-2220, inclusive, 40-2401 to 40-2421, inclusive, and 40-3301 to 40-3313, inclusive, and amendments thereto, except as the context otherwise requires, and shall not be subject to any other provisions of the insurance code except as expressly provided in this act.

Sec. 4. K.S.A. 40-19c09 is hereby repealed.

Sec. 5. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its publication in the statute book.

MEMORANDUM

TO:

The Honorable Edward F. Reilly, Chairman

Senate Committee on Federal and State Affairs

FROM:

Tom Hanna, Director

Alcoholic Beverage Control Division

DATE:

February 16, 1988

SUBJECT: Liquor Law Review Commission Recommendations

What follows is an informational outline of the Liquor Law Review Commission (LLRC) recommendations which were enacted and rejected by the 1987 Legislature.

RECOMMENDATIONS ENACTED

LICENSE FEES (p. 11)

The LLRC recommended a restructuring of license fees. The Commission recommended fees for eight licensing categories, of which, four were enacted in House Substitute for Senate Substitute Bill 141.

Licensing Category	Prior Fee	Recommended Fee	<u>SB 141 Fee</u>
Spirits Distributor	\$1,250 (Liquor)	\$1,000	\$1,000
Wine Distributor	NA	\$1,000	\$1,000
Beer Distributor	\$150-\$300	\$1,000	\$1,000
Liquor Retail	\$100	\$500	\$250
Drinking Estab.	NA	\$2,000	\$1,000
Class A Club	\$250	\$500-\$1,000	\$250-\$1,000
Class B Club	\$1,000	\$1,000	\$1,000
Caterer	NA	\$1,000	\$500

LICENSEE'S SPOUSE AND ELIGIBILITY (p.12)

The Commission recommended eliminating the requirement that a license candidate's spouse meet all the licensing requirements (except

Senate FSA 2/16/\$8 Attachment #8 citizenship, residency and age) on application for renewal of an existing license. Section 21 of the liquor bill included language implementing this recommendation.

DIRECTOR AND EMPLOYEES OF THE ABC (p.13)

The LLRC recommended the 2-year residency requirement for employees be eliminated and that the Director and employees be permitted to accept hospitality from industry members at conventions, etc. The liquor bill did eliminate the residency requirement and included a provision whereby the Secretary of Revenue could promulgate rules and regulations allowing the Director and his employees to accept official hospitality. Such regulations have not yet been written.

SERVICE OF WHOLESALERS AND RETAILERS (p.13)

The LLRC recommended that distributors and retailers not be disqualified for a license if they serve as city and county commissioners and there is no direct supervision of police activities. The liquor bill contained language allowing such public service.

LICENSING REQUIREMENTS FOR ON-PREMISE ESTABLISHMENTS (p.15)

The LLRC recommended making the licensing requirements consistent among existing and new licensing categories. This recommendation was enacted.

CEREAL MALT BEVERAGE RETAILERS (pp. 16 & 19)

The Commission recommended a stamp and review system whereby cereal malt beverage (CMB) licenses would continue to be issued at the local level but would be reviewed and approved or rejected by the Director of the ABC. New Section 98 of the bill included a provision for the Director to nondiscretionarily issue a \$25 stamp to applicants for a CMB license.

CATERER LICENSE (p.16)

The Commission recommended the establishment of a caterer license where the licensee would sell liquor to the public on unlicensed premises in wet counties. New Section 89 of the bill established such a license.

TEMPORARY PERMITS (p. 17)

The LLRC recommended that provisions for a temporary permit to sell liquor to the public on unlicensed premises without the services of a caterer be made for an individual or organization. It was recommended that each event be limited to 7 days. New Section 91 of the liquor bill established such a permit but restricted an event to 3 days and contained language limiting to 4 the number of times an individual/organization could obtain a temporary permit in a calendar year.

SUNDAY AND ELECTION DAY SALES (pp. 17 & 22)

The Commission recommended allowing the sale of cereal malt beverage for on-premise consumption on Sundays and election days. The sale of CMB for on-premise consumption on Sundays was legalized by the Legislature. The Commission also recommended legalizing election day sales at retail liquor stores. This recommendation, however, was not enacted.

RESIDENCY REQUIRMENTS (p.19)

The LLRC recommended eliminating the county residency requirements for on-premise licensees and retail liquor licensees. Sections 21 and 75 of the liquor bill eliminated the county residency requirements for liquor retailers and on-premise licensees.

DISQUALIFICATION OF CONVICTED FELONS (p.19)

The Commission recommended making all felony convictions a disqualifying factor for license candidates for retail liquor or CMB licenses. Section 21 of the bill prohibits any convicted felon from receiving a license under the liquor control act.

PRICE AND BRAND ADVERTISING (p. 21)

The Commission recommended legalizing the advertising of price and brand by retail liquor stores beginning July 1, 1988. Section 51 of the bill removed restrictions on price and brand advertising effective July 1, 1989.

SUPPLIER PERMITS (p.23)

The Commission recommended a one-time filing fee of \$25 for suppliers doing business in Kansas. New Section 125 of the liquor bill contained such language.

GALLONAGE TAX PAYMENTS (p. 24)

The LLRC recommended requiring all distributors, including beer distributors, to submit the gallonage tax. Before, the gallonage tax on beer was submitted by the brewer. Section 41 of the bill included a provision implementing this recommendation.

MICROBREWERIES (p. 24)

The Commission recommended the establishment of a microbrewery license. Language to implement this recommendation was contained in many sections of the bill.

STRENGTHS OF BEER (p. 9)

The Commission recommended maintaining the current distinction between cereal malt beverage (3.2% or less alcohol by weight) and strong beer (more than 3.2% alcohol). The issue was debated in both houses and no change was made, upholding the recommendation.

RECOMMENDATIONS CONSIDERED AND NOT ENACTED

POINT OF PURCHASE AND DELIVERY OF PRODUCT (p. 10)

The Commission recommended replacing the current 4-tier delivery system where strong beer, wine and spirits flow from supplier to wholesaler to liquor retailer to on-premise establishments, with an optional system. The recommendation was to enable on-premise establishments to purchase from distributors or liquor retailers

The rationale provided by the Commission for this recommendation was that on-premise establishments "are in reality retailers and thus should be given the same opportunity to buy from and be delivered to by a wholesaler that other retailers have." The marketplace, it was contended, should determine who buys what from whom.

Section 45 of the liquor bill was a compromise of sorts. It enabled onpremise establishments to purchase all strengths of beer (not just cereal malt beverage) and bulk wine directly from distributors.

TAXATION (pp. 10-11)

The Commission recommended replacing the current system of taxing alcoholic beverages with one with the following principals: "(1) All alcoholic beverage products (including cereal malt beverage) should be treated uniformly (2) Special excise levies on limited components of the alcoholic beverage market should be avoided (3) Any reform should be revenue neutral. These objectives could be met, it was stated, if the current system is replaced with a system of "(a) imposing the sales tax on all retail sales of alcoholic beverages; (b) instituting an excise tax on wholesale transactions; and (c) increases in gallonage rates."

The recommendation was forwarded because it was believed the current system offers opportunities for tax evasion by imposing high-rate, difficult to collect, excise taxes on on-premise sales of liquor. It was further contended that the current system encourages unfair competition and unnecessarily discriminates between types of products and points of sale. Undercollection of alcoholic beverage taxes was estimated at between \$500,000 and \$1,000,000 annually.

Both houses considered amendments to the current system but no major changes were made. The 8 percent enforcement tax was applied to all sales from distributors to on-premise establishments.

MANDATORY MINIMUM PENALTY FOR PURCHASES BY MINORS (p.12)

The Commission recommended a mandatory minimum penalty of a \$100 fine for minors who possess an alcoholic beverage or use false or altered identification to purchase or attempt to purchase an alcoholic beverage.

The recommendation was an effort to more effectively deal with the growing problem of underage consumption of alcohol.

This recommendation was not included in the liquor bill.

ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGE CONTROL DIVISION (p.12)

The Commission recommended increasing the number of members on the ABC Board of Review from 3 to 5 and increasing significantly the number of agents, auditors and clerical positions within the ABC.

The increase in staffing was recommended to provide for consistent and thorough enforcement and administration of the liquor laws.

Section 5 of the bill abolished the ABC Board of Review. Additional agents, auditors and clerical positions were created in an appropriations bill.

RECIPROCAL PRIVILEGES OF PRIVATE CLUBS (p. 16)

The LLRC recommended eliminating reciprocity among class B private clubs.

The Commission contended that the serving of liquor to the public should be limited to establishments so licensed and that reciprocity represented a way for private clubs to get around the prohibition against serving to the public.

This recommendation was not enacted.

ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGE HANDLER TRAINING AND LICENSING (p. 17)

The Commission recommended requiring all handlers and potential handlers of alcoholic beverages in an on-premise establishment to successfully complete a State mandated and supervised training program regarding the State liquor system. The training would be offered by public and private groups who would have to register with the State.

The recommendation was made to deal positively with the problem of drinking and driving, enhance professionalism within the industry and favorably affect the availability and cost of liquor liability insurance.

SALES OF LIQUOR ON CREDIT (pp. 21-22)

The LLRC recommended legalizing the use of credit cards in retail liquor stores.

The recommendation was made in order to modernize a long-standing restrictive law.

The recommendation was not enacted.

SALES TO THE MILITARY (p. 28)

The Commission recommended, to the extent possible, requiring military installations to purchase spirits, wine and beer in Kansas and exempting such purchases from the gallonage tax.

The recommendation was an attempt to keep business in Kansas.

The recommendation was not enacted.