	Approved March 15, 1988			
			Date	
MINUTES OF THES	enate_ COMMITTEE ON	Local Governme	ent	•
The meeting was called to	order by <u>Senator I</u>	Oon Montgomery Chairperson		at
9:07 a.m./pakk on _	March 2	, 19_8.8	Sin room <u>531-N</u>	of the Capitol.
All members were present	except:			
Committee staff present:	Mike Heim, Arden En	nsley and Lila Mo	cClaflin	

Conferees appearing before the committee:

Chip Wheelan, Kansas Medical Society
Dr. Robert A. Worsing, Chairman, Committee on EMS, Kansas Medical Society, Wichita, Ks.

Bob Orth, Kansas E.M.S. Committee

Bob Pruitt, representing himself and other entities

Tom Pollan, Sedgwick County EMS

Sylvia Davis, President, Kansas E.M.T.'s Association

Ralph Unger, Decatur County, county commissioner

Peggy Jewell, President of the Kansas Emergency Nurses Association

Charles Neal, Hoxie, Ks., Regent #1 E.M.S.

Darlene Whitlock, Kansas State Counsel of the Emergency Nurses Association

Lillian McDaneld, Director, Osborne Ambulance Service

The hearing for the opponents of <u>Substitute</u> for <u>H.B.</u> 2639 was opened. The Chairman called on Chip Wheelan.

Chip Wheelan stated they did not oppose the bill, but would ask that it be amended and asked that H.B. 2835, concerning the use of automated defibrillators and certification of persons who use them, be looked at and be amended into the EMS legislation. He presented an amendment that states temporary rules and regulations that became effective after May 1, 1987, "shall remain temporary rules and regulations until such time that the board revises, amends, repeals or adopts such rules and regulations. Such temporary rules and regulations may become permanent May 1, 1989 if adopted by the Board pursuant to law" (Attachment I). Mr. Wheelan introduced Dr. Worsing from Wichita.

Robert A. Worsing presented written tesimony stating the KMS EMS Committee supports the concept of unification of EMS activities under one administrative body; they have some specific concerns, which he outlined in his testimony (Attachment II).

Bob Orth, Kansas EMS Committee, presented written testimony and a balloon of the bill; they consider these changes to be basically housekeeping changes as they do not affect the concept of the act (Attachment III). Mr. Orth distributed copies of Attorney General Opinion No. 87-172 addressed to Representative Brown (Attachment IV).

Bob Pruitt supported Bob Orth's remarks and expressed concern with Dr. Cooney's recommendation to allow K. U. oversite of the program.

Thomas W. Pollan presented written testimony stating he did not oppose the bill, he did think it needed some modifications to clarify and assist in its implementation (Attachment V).

### CONTINUATION SHEET

MINUTES OF THE	Senate COMMITTEE ON	Local Government	,
room <u>531-</u> ,NStatehouse	, at9:07 a.m./pxxx. on	March 2	, 19_88

Sylvia Davis expressed concern with the deletion of the Training Officers Program and asked for the adoption of the immunity clauses for EMS instructors and cetified EMT's. (Attachment VI).

Ralph Unger stressed the importance of volunteers in the rural areas and suggested this area be addressed (Attachment VII).

Peggy Jewell believes it is essential to have a registered nurse, who is actively involved in emergency nursing be assigned to the board (Attachment VIII). In response to questions, she stated it would be hard to say if a nurse should replace a hospital administrator, but if the board could not be increased in membership someone should be omitted so a nurse could be included, perhaps a legislator.

Charles Neal wanted the bill to address the first responder program and certification of first responders.

Darlene Whitlock representing the council of emergency nurses requested the addition of an emergency nurse to the proposed board (Attachment IX).

Lillian McDaneld expressed concern that the continuing education and training officer programs remain in affect  $(Attachment\ X)$ .

Senator Salisbury stated the section regarding the rules and regulations needed cleanup.

Senator Gaines moved to adopt the minutes of February 25. Senator Ehrlich seconded the motion. Motion carried.

Next meeting will be March 3, 1988. The Chairman adjourned the meeting at 9:58 a.m.

Chairman, Senator Don Montgomery

Date: March 2, 1988

## GUEST REGISTER

## SENATE

# LOCAL GOVERNMENT

NAME	ORGANIZATION	ADDRESS
Lillian The Double	Oslime Co Ems	129 W. New North Ostorne Ko 67473
Margarer (Paggs) Jewell	Emergory Nurses Associonis	Ostorne Ko 67473 13401 Johnson DR. Shaunee Kans 66016
Kay Jones.	none	Soneto to WILD
Dane Swhitlan	Emergency Nurses associ	Silver Lace, Ks. 66539
Harry Hohle	EMS Region IV	Topolo
Lordon Harms	EMS Region IL	Jetmore, KS 67854
Diana arnold	EMS Rigion H	Minneals to 678651
Danet Wight		marpulle, Ks66508
Mark Merzinger	Marion High School	Rt. Marion KSGG86
Michael OTTensmeia	marion High School	614 Sherman Marion KS 66861
Leonard Champress	Marion High School	RT3 Box 82 Maron Ks 66861
Greg Tice	Marion High School	301 South Coble, Marion KS 6686
Dona Connell	Marion High School	710 Eyst Main, Marion, KS, 6686
GATTLE HUB	KOBLE	Toposon
JON JOSSERAJO	Univ. of Kars	Lourence
Marlin Kein	Ku	
Bib My Dould	£HD	III W 6kg. Tour
Bob Prewitt	Finney Co EMS	Garden City, K1
W. E. (Bill) Coats	Region III EMS	Harper XS 47058
Tom Pollar	SROWNICK CO EMS	S38 N MAIH
Janet AHEAD	Ky med Center	39th Rainbow Blied KCK
Aldmit	Kuma	K-CICS
. ,		

Date: march 2, 1988

## GUEST REGISTER

# SENATE

# LOCAL GOVERNMENT

NAME	ORGANIZATION	ADDRESS
ALAN STEPPAT	PETE McGILI & ASSOCIATES	TOPEKA
Datris McConvey	Region 1 Ems	Hays, Ks
Jacque nie	Mas. N Name Skalth & Nasper	· Sarden City XS
Dean Oroke	Leavenworth County Commissio	
FRED THORP	Ki Ciki Fire	RCK,
Sylvia DAVIS	Kansay Emergency Medical Technicians Assoc.	Oberlin, \$5
Balph & Unger	Decatur Co. Comm.	Box28, Melin Ko62
LOBERT ORTH	KANEAS EMS Com	
Charles A Neal	Kansa GMS Rogin 1	Hope Ks
Chip Wheelen	Ks Medical Society	Topeka
Robert Worsing, M		Wichita.
Houl Milatel	KS Fire Marshal Dept.	Topeka
James A. Jack	KSII A	a lichita
Millie Martin	Siely Co,	Michita
Mary Buce Boyd	Ks Med. Soo Ceny	Cluebila
	•	
•		

which were adopted under K.S.A. 65-4314 to 65-4331, inclusive, one and amendments thereto, in existence immediately prior to the effective date of this act shall continue to be effective and shall be deemed to be the orders or directives of the emergency medical services board, until revised, amended, repealed or outlified pursuant to law.

All rules and regulations of the emergency medical services of council which relate to emergency medical services and which were adopted under K.S.A. 65-4314 to 65-4331, inclusive, and mendments thereto, in effect on May 1, 1987, shall continue to be effective and shall be deemed to be the rules and regulations of the emergency medical services board, until revised, amended, repealed or nullified pursuant to law. Any such rules and regulations which were not in effect on or before May 1, 1987, including any temporary rules and regulations that became effective after May 1, 1987, and permanent rules and regulations that are scheduled to take effect on May 1, 1988, shall expire on the effective date of this act and be of no force and effect.

Sec. 5. Officers and employees who were engaged immedi179 ately prior to the effective date of this act in the performance of
180 powers, duties and functions, which are transferred pursuant to
181 the provisions of this act, and who, in the opinion of the emer182 gency medical services board, are necessary to perform the
184 powers, duties and functions of the board shall become officers
185 and employees of the board. Any such officer or employee shall
186 retain all retirement benefits and all rights of civil service which
187 had accrued to or vested in such officer or employee prior to the
188 effective date of this act. The service of each such officer and
188 employee so transferred shall be deemed to have been continu189 ous. All transfers and any abolishment of personnel in the clas190 sified service under the Kansas civil service act shall be in
191 accordance with civil service laws and any rules and regulations
192 adopted thereunder.

Sec. 6. Whenever any conflict arises as to the disposition of any power, duty or function as a result of any abolishment or transfer made by this act, such conflict shall be resolved by the governor, and the decision of the governor shall be final.

Ashall remain temporary rules and regulations until such time that the board revises, amends, repeals or adopts such rules and regulations. Such temporary rules and regulations may become permanent May 1, 1989 if adopted by the Board pursuant to law.

The Wichita Clinic 3311 E. Murdock Wichita, KS 67208 316 689-9231 Residence 8409 Huntington Wichita, KS 67206 316 683-0002

1 March 1988

The Honorable Donald Montgomery Chairman, Committee on Local Government The Kansas Statehouse Topeka, Kansas 66612

Dear Senator Montgomery,

I appreciate the opportunity to present comments from the Kansas Medical Society's Committee on Emergency Medical Services regarding the Substitute for House Bill No. 2639 on EMS reorganization. I also appreciate your accommodation of my schedule in allowing me to appear today in support of the Bill.

The KMS EMS committee supports the concept of unification of EMS activities under one administrative body, provided there is timely and appropriate medical input, by physicians actively involved in EMS activities, and aware of the unique circumstances involved in prehospital care. KMS is neutral on the location and organization of that administrative body.

We are grateful for the efforts of the interim committee and staff to consolidate EMS statutory authority and provide a consistent, unified framework. We strongly support the consolidation effort.

Our committee does have specific concerns regarding the following areas of the Bill:

1) The use of the term "first responder services" (page 8, line 294) which is not defined or referenced elsewhere in the Bill. We are concerned about the addition of another level of EMS service without appropriate medical control and without integration into the existing EMS system.

(Attachment II) Local Go 3/2/88

- 2) First responders need to be an integral part of the EMS system, therefore we would suggest their training, certification, scope of practice, and retraining requirements be developed and administered by the Board.
- 3) The proposed repeal of the temporary regulations may have an adverse effect on retraining, relicensure, and current EMT-Defibrillator programs depending on the time involved in establishing and appointing the new Board. Therefore, we would recommend your consideration of a compromise position to continue the current temporary regulations one additional year or until they can be acted upon by the Board, according to administrative rules, regulations, and statutory authority.
- 4) The proposed bill is unclear as to whether a municipality could initiate a new EMS service and levy a tax to support that service, even if adequate, comparable service is currently being provided.
- 5) To aid in the evaluation of the conduct of ambulance services, instructor/coordinators, and attendants, we strongly support granting the Board subpoena powers for the production of records and such other information as may be required. We would also suggest granting the Board the authority to subpoena hospital and other medical records, with appropriate safeguards for patient confidentiality, as required to determine patient outcome or adverse consequences resulting from the activities under investigation.
- 6) If the provisions of House Bill No. 2835 (Automated Defibrillator Bill) are incorporated into the current Bill by Committee or through amendment, we would encourage your reading of the KMS position paper on Automated Defibrillators and the very similar position taken by UKMC when queried by the EMS Council. Based on those position papers, the EMS committee would recommend the Committee on Local Affairs support:
  - a) Granting the Board statutory authority to develop training programs and standards, testing and certification standards, protocols for use, reporting, and retraining requirements, in consultation with appropriate medical authorities.

- b) Mandating active local medical control, including the development of local protocols, approved by the local component medical society.
- c) Requiring integration into the local EMS system for automated defibrillator units. (This might not include units prescribed by a physician for certain high-risk cardiac patients, though local EMS units should be made aware of these patients.)

The EMS committee of the Kansas Medical Society looks forward to the significant potential benefits from active legislative representation on the new Board. Appreciating that legislators and physicians suffer from many of the same demands on that valuable resource, time, we encourage the active participation of the legislators appointed to the Board, so the Legislature, EMS community, and people of Kansas will not lose this incredible opportunity, due to conflicting demands on time and responsibilities, to continue the development of their excellent EMS system.

I am honored to have the opportunity to present these comments in the hopes that they may assist your deliberations.

Respectfully,

Robert A. Worsing, Jr., M.D.

Chairman, Committee on Emergency Medical Services

Kansas Medical Society

## ROBERT ORTH

February 19, 1988

Senator Don Montgomery State Capitol Topeka, KS 66612

Dear Senator Montgomery,

I would like to introduce the Kansas EMS Committee. The Kansas EMS Committee is a loosely organized group of people consisting of the leadership of the Kansas EMT Association, the Kansas Association of EMS Administrators, the Kansas I/C Society and the Regional EMS Councils. I have been selected as the spokesperson for the Committee.

We certainly support the concept of House Bill 2639 - we believe strongly in the consolidation of EMS functions under one agency, the location of that agency in Topeka and the gathering of existing legislation into one act and we sincerely appreciate the efforts that the House Committee on Local Government has expended in their considerations of this legislation.

We have enclosed a marked copy of House Bill 2639 indicating some remaining concerns. We are obviously not revisors nor do we pretend to advise you on the legislative process. Our concerns are directed towards our strong desire for good legislation and the opportunity you have to strengthen the act even further and the continuation of EMS excellence in Kansas.

We realize that any legislative session requires that you apply your expertise to many bills and various groups of concerned constitutents. We do hope that you will allow us to work with you for the good of the EMS system in Kansas.

I would be happy to visit with you at your convenience.

Sincerely,

Robert Orth

Kansas EMS Committee

(Attachment III) Local Go 3/2/88

Session of 1988

0048

## Substitute for HOUSE BILL No. 2639

By Committee on Local Government

2-3

0018 AN ACT concerning the regulation of emergency medical services; abolishing the bureau of emergenc; medical services; 0019 creating the emergency medical services poard; transferring 0020 certain powers and duties; authorizing certain municipalities 0021 to establish, operate and maintain emergency medical ser-0022 vices and ambulance services and providing for the regulation 0023 thereof; authorizing the levy of taxes therefor; providing for 0024 the regulation of persons engaged in emergency medical 0025 service and ambulance service activities; making certain acts 0026 unlawful and providing penalties for violations; repealing 0027 K.S.A. 19-262, 19-263, 19-263a, 19-263b, 19-3623b, 19-3633, 0028 19-3634, 19-3635, 19-3636, 19-3636a, 65-4302 to 65-4306, in-0029 clusive, 65-4307 to 65-4309, inclusive, 65-4314 to 65-4316, 0030 inclusive, 65-4318 to 65-4320, inclusive, 65-4322, 65-4323, 0031 65-4326 to 65-4331, inclusive, 74-2126 to 74-2132, inclusive, 0032 80-1423, 80-1424, 80-1426 to 80-1428, inclusive, and K.S.A. 0033 1987 Supp. 19-261, 19-3632, 65-4301, 65-4306a, 65-4306b, 0034 65-4306c, 65-4306d, 65-4317, 65-4321, 65-4324, 65-4325, 65-0035 4325a, 65-4339 to 65-4348, inclusive, and 80-1425. 0036

0037 Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

O038 Section 1. (a) The bureau of emergency medical services 0039 established pursuant to K.S.A. 74-2127, and amendments 0040 thereto, is hereby abolished and all of the powers, duties and 0041 functions of such bureau are transferred to and conferred and 10042 imposed upon the emergency medical services board established pursuant to section 2. Except as provided by this act, all 10044 powers, duties and functions of the university of Kansas relating 10045 to emergency medical services are transferred to and conferred 10046 and imposed upon the emergency medical services board established pursuant to section 2.

(b) The position of the director of the bureau of emergency

CHANGES SUBMITTED

BY

THE KANSAS EMS COMMITTEE

We respectfully submit these changes to this act.

We consider these changes to be basically housekeeping changes as they do not affect the concept of the act but are presented in the interest of good legislation.

Gahment III

(Rationale for the suggested changes is parenthetically indicated.)

3/2/88

Sub. for HB 2639—Am. by HCW 2

medical services appointed pursuant to K.S.A. 74-2127, and amendments thereto, is hereby abolished and all of the powers, duties and functions of the director of emergency medical services are transferred to and conferred and imposed upon the emergency medical services board or the administrator thereof as provided by this act. The director shall continue to carry out the duties of that position until an administrator is appointed and qualified pursuant to this act.

- (c) The emergency medical services council established under K.S.A. 65-4316, and amendments thereto, is hereby abolished and all of the powers, duties and functions of the council are transferred to and conferred and imposed upon the emergency medical services board.
- Sec. 2. (a) There is hereby established the emergency mediocal services board. The office of the emergency medical services board shall be located in the city of Topeka, Kansas. The uniocentric tise and consultation in areas related to medical procedures and training upon request by the board.
- 0068 (b) The emergency medical services board shall be com-0069 posed of 13 members appointed by the governor. Of such mem-0070 bers:
- 0071 (1) One shall be a member of the Kansas medical society who 0072 is actively involved in emergency medical services;
  - (2) two shall be county commissioners of counties making a levy for ambulance service, at least one of whom shall be from a county having a population of less than 15,000;
- 0076 (3) four shall be legislators to be selected from recommenda-0077 tions submitted by the president of the senate, minority leader of 0078 the senate, the speaker of the house of representatives and the 0079 minority leader of the house of representatives;
  - (4) one shall be an instructor-coordinator;

0080

- 0081 (5) one shall be a hospital administrator actively involved in 0082 emergency medical services;
- 0083 (6) one shall be a member of a firefighting unit which pro-0084 vides emergency medical service; and
  - 35 (7) three shall be attendants who are actively involved in

#### Insert "executive director"

(This term is used universally to designate the head of a state EMS entity - i.e. The National Association of EMS Directors. The change should be reflected everywhere necessary in the act.) one of such members shall represent the same classification of attendants. At least one of such members shall be from a volunteer emergency medical service.

All members of the board shall be residents of the state of the state of Kansas. Appointments to the board shall be made with due consideration that representation of the various geographical areas of the state is ensured. The governor may remove any member of the board upon recommendation of the board.

- (c) Of the members first appointed to the board, four shall be appointed for terms of one year, three for terms of two years, three for terms of three years and three for terms of four years. Thereafter, members shall be appointed for terms of four years and until their successors are appointed and qualified. In the case of a vacancy in the membership of the board, the vacancy shall be filled for the unexpired term.
- (d) The board shall meet at least six times annually and at least once each quarter and at the call of the chairperson or at the request of the administrator of the emergency medical services board or of any six members of the board. At the first meeting of the board after January 1 each year, the members shall elect a chairperson and a vice-chairperson who shall serve for a term of one year. The vice-chairperson shall exercise all of the powers of the chairperson in the absence of the chairperson. Members of the board attending meetings of the board or attending a sub-committee meeting thereof authorized by the board shall be paid compensation, subsistence allowances, mileage and other expenses as provided in K.S.A. 75-3223, and amendments thereto.
- 0114 (e) Members of the emergency medical services council ap-0115 pointed pursuant to K.S.A. 65-4316, and amendments thereto, 0116 shall continue to serve until the members of the emergency 0117 medical services board are appointed and qualified pursuant to 0118 this section.
- 0119 (f) Except as otherwise provided by law, all vouchers for 0120 expenditures and all payrolls of the emergency medical services 0121 board shall be approved by the emergency medical services 0122 board or a person designated by the board.

Insert "October"

(To enable the board to reorganize each year before the legislature convenes)

- Sec. 3. The chief administrative officer of the emergency medical services board shall be the administrator of the emergency medical services board. The emergency medical services board shall appoint the administrator. The administrator shall be in the unclassified service under the Kansas civil service act and shall serve at the pleasure of the board. The administrator shall administer the duties and responsibilities of the emergency medical services board as directed by the board. The administrator shall trator shall appoint other officers and employees as may be necessary to carry out the functions of the emergency medical services board. All such officers and employees shall be within the classified service under the Kansas civil service act.
- Sec. 4. (a) Except as provided in this act, the emergency medical services board established by section 2 shall be the successor in every way to the powers, duties and functions of the bureau of emergency medical services established by K.S.A. 139 74-2127, and amendments thereto, in which the same were vested prior to the effective date of this act.
- (b) Except as provided in this act, the administrator of the emergency medical services board appointed pursuant to section 3 shall be the successor in every way to the powers, duties and functions of the director of the bureau of emergency medical services established by K.S.A. 74-2127, and amendments thereto, in which the same were vested prior to the effective date of this act.
- 0148 (c) Whenever the bureau of emergency medical services or 0149 emergency medical services council or words of like effect are 0150 referred to or designated by a statute, contract or other docu0151 ment, such reference or designation shall be deemed to apply to 0152 the emergency medical services board established by section 2. 0153 Whenever the director of the bureau of emergency medical 0154 services or words of like effect are referred to or designated by a 0155 statute, contract or other document, such reference or designa0156 tion shall be deemed to apply to the emergency medical services 0157 board.
- 0158 (d) All orders and directives of the emergency medical ser-0159 vices council which relate to emergency medical services and

which were adopted under K.S.A. 65-4314 to 65-4331, inclusive, one and amendments thereto, in existence immediately prior to the effective date of this act shall continue to be effective and shall one be deemed to be the orders or directives of the emergency medical services board, until revised, amended, repealed or one nullified pursuant to law.

All rules and regulations of the emergency medical services of council which relate to emergency medical services and which were adopted under K.S.A. 65-4314 to 65-4331, inclusive, and amendments thereto, in effect on May 1, 1987, shall continue to be effective and shall be deemed to be the rules and regulations of the emergency medical services board, until revised, amended, repealed or nullified pursuant to law. Any such rules and regulations which were not in effect on or before May 1, 1987, including any temporary rules and regulations that became effective after May 1, 1987, and permanent rules and regulations that are scheduled to take effect on May 1, 1988, shall expire on the effective date of this act and be of no force and effect.

Sec. 5. Officers and employees who were engaged immedi-0178 ately prior to the effective date of this act in the performance of powers, duties and functions, which are transferred pursuant to 0181 the provisions of this act, and who, in the opinion of the emer-0182 gency medical services board, are necessary to perform the 0183 powers, duties and functions of the board shall become officers 0184 and employees of the board. Any such officer or employee shall 0185 retain all retirement benefits and all rights of civil service which 0186 had accrued to or vested in such officer or employee prior to the effective date of this act. The service of each such officer and employee so transferred shall be deemed to have been continuous. All transfers and any abolishment of personnel in the classified service under the Kansas civil service act shall be in accordance with civil service laws and any rules and regulations 0192 adopted thereunder.

Ol93 Sec. 6. Whenever any conflict arises as to the disposition of Ol94 any power, duty or function as a result of any abolishment or Ol95 transfer made by this act, such conflict shall be resolved by the Ol96 governor, and the decision of the governor shall be final.

- Sec. 7. The emergency medical services board shall succeed to all property and records which were used for, or pertain to, the performance of the powers, duties and functions transferred to the board pursuant to section 1. The unexpended balances of any appropriations for the bureau of emergency medical services, abolished by this act, shall be transferred to the emergency medical services board to be used by the board to carry out the powers, duties and functions transferred by this act. Any conflict as to the proper disposition of property or records or the unexpended balance of any appropriation arising under this section shall be determined by the governor, and the decision of the governor shall be final.
- Sec. 8. No suit, action or other proceeding, judicial or adozlo ministrative, lawfully commenced, or which could have been ozlo commenced, by or against the bureau of emergency medical ozlo services abolished by this act, or by or against any officer or ozlo employee of such bureau in the official capacity of such officer or ozlo employee or in relation to the discharge of official duties of such officer or employee, shall abate by reason of the governmental ozlo reorganization effected under the provisions of this act. The ozlo court may allow any such suit, action or other proceeding to be maintained by or against the successor of such state agency or ozlo any officer or employee affected.
- O220 Sec. 9. (a) The board shall adopt any rules and regulations necessary for the regulation of ambulance services. Such rules and regulations shall include: (1) A classification of the different types of ambulance services; (2) requirements as to equipment necessary for ambulances and rescue vehicles; (3) qualifications and training of attendants, instructor-coordinators and first responders; (4) requirements for the licensure and renewal of licensure for ambulances and rescue vehicles; (5) records and equipment to be maintained by operators and attendants and (6) such other matters as the board deems necessary to implement and administer the provisions of this act.
- 0231 (b) Vehicles in use as emergency ambulances on July 1, 1975, 0232 may continue to be used for this purpose as long as the owner or 0233 lessee of such vehicle as of July 1, 1977, continues to own or

-(To reflect the fact that the board does not regulate rescue vehicles)

Insert "training officers"

(To relect the inclusion of training officers and the change in definition of first responders in Sec. 11 (d))

\*Insert "instructor-coordinators and training officers)
(To reflect the retention of records by these
additional categories of people)

lease such vehicle. Sec. 10. The emergency medical services board shall: 0235 (a) Adopt any rules and regulations necessary to carry out the 0236 provisions of this act; (b) review and approve the allocation and expenditure of 0238 moneys appropriated for emergency medical services; (c) conduct hearings for all regulatory matters concerning 0240 emergency medical services and first responders certified pursuant to this act; (d) submit a budget to the legislature for the operation of the 0243 0244 board; (e) develop a state plan for the delivery of emergency medi-0245 cal services; 0246 (f) enter into contracts as may be necessary to carry out the 0247 duties and functions of the board under this act; (g) review and approve all requests for state and federal 0249 funding involving emergency medical services projects in the state or delegate such duties to the administrator; (h) approve all training programs for ambulance attendants; 0252 (i) approve methods of examination of applicants for initial 0253 attendants' certificates and prescribe examination fees by rules and regulations; (j) develop the criteria for and approve a course of instruction 0256 for instructor-coordinators; 0257 (k) conduct or contract for the provision of instruction of 0258 instructor-coordinators; 0259 (l) certify instructor-coordinators; 0260 (m) appoint a medical consultant for the board. Such person 0261 shall be a person licensed to practice medicine and surgery and shall be active in the field of emergency medical services; and (n) approve all training programs for certified first reoges sponders. Sec. 11. As used in this act: (a) "Administrator" means the administrator of the emergency medical services board.

0268 (b) "Ambulance" means any privately or publicly owned 0269 motor vehicle, airplane or helicopter designed, constructed, 0270 prepared and equipped for use in transporting and providing

Insert "attendants, instructor-coordinators and training officers" (To reflect a change in Sec. 11 (d) and Sec. 29.) (All attendants are not considered ambulance attendants) Insert "and training officers" (To recognize this additional responsibility) (To reflect the change in Sec. 11 (d))

0271 emergency care for individuals who are ill, injured or otherwise 0272 disabled, including any specially constructed and equipped 0273 motor vehicle, airplane or helicopter which is capable of pro-0274 viding life support services for extended periods of time.

- (c) "Ambulance service" means any organization operated for the purpose of transporting sick, injured, disabled or other-wise incapacitated persons to or from a place where medical care is furnished, whether or not such persons may be in need of emergency care in transit.
- (d) "Attendant" means a crash injury management technician, an emergency medical technician, an emergency medical technician-intermediate, an emergency medical technician-defibrillator or a mobile intensive care technician whose primary function is ministering to the needs of persons requiring emergency medical services.
- (e) "Board" means the emergency medical services board established pursuant to section 2.
- 0288 (f) "Crash injury management technician" means any person 0289 who has been trained in preliminary emergency medical care in 0290 a 72 hour training program approved by the board.
- (g) "Emergency medical service" means a service which provides for the effective and coordinated delivery of such emergency care as may be required by an emergency, including this tresponder services and transportation of individuals by ground or air ambulances and the performance of authorized emergency care by a person licensed to practice medicine and surgery, a licensed professional nurse, a registered physician's assistant, a crash injury management technician, an emergency medical technician, emergency medical technician-intermediate, emergency medical technician ate, emergency medical technician.
- 0302 (h) "Emergency medical technician" means any person who
  0303 has been trained in preliminary emergency medical care in an
  0304 81 hour training program approved by the board.
- 0305 (i) "Emergency medical technician-defibrillator" means any 0306 person, currently certified as an emergency medical technician 0307 or emergency medical technician-intermediate, who has suc-

Insert "a certified first responder"

(Includes this category of personnell as an attendant)

(Reflects the language in Sec. 9 (a)(3))

- (Not all care is defined as emergency care)

Insert "a certified first responder" (Includes this category as a part of emergency medical services)

(REflects the language in Sec. 9 (a)(3))

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0308 cessfully completed a training program in cardiac defibrillation 0309 approved by the board.

- 0310 (j) "Emergency medical technician-intermediate" means any 0311 person, currently certified as an emergency medical technician, 0312 who, after not less than one year's certification as an emergency 0313 medical technician, has completed a training program approved 0314 by the board which consists of a minimum of 40 clock hours and 0315 includes training in veni-puncture for blood sampling and ad-0316 ministration of intravenous fluids and advanced patient assess-
- (k) First responder" means a person who has been trained in preliminary emergency care, who holds a valid first responder certificate under this act and who provides services to individuals als in need of emergency medical care that assist in stabilization or improvement of such individual's condition until personnel with a higher level of training arrive at the scene and assume responsibility for the individual.
- 0325 (l) "Instructor-coordinator" means any person who has suc-0326 cessfully completed a course of training, approved by the board, 0327 to instruct attendants.
- 0328 (m) "Local component medical society" means a county 0329 medical society or a multicounty medical society.
- 0330 (n) "Medical adviser" means a person licensed to practice 0331 medicine and surgery.
- (o) "Mobile intensive care technician" means any person who has been specially trained in emergency cardiac and noncardiac care in a training program approved by the board.
- 0335 (p) "Municipality" means any city, county, township, fire 0336 district or ambulance service district.
- (q) "Operator" means a person or municipality who has a permit to operate an ambulance service in the state of Kansas.
- 0339 (r) "Person" means an individual, a partnership, an associa-0340 tion, a joint-stock company or a corporation.
- O341 Sec. 12. (a) The governing body of any municipality may O342 establish, operate and maintain an emergency medical service or O343 ambulance service as provided in this act as a municipal function O344 and may contract with any person, other municipality or board of

(Reflects the language in Sec. 9 (a)(3))

Insert "Certified"

(To differentiate between the commonly accepted usage of the term "first responder" and the trained person.)

Insert new subsection ""Training Officer" means any person who has successfully completed a course of training, approved by the board, to teach specified units of supplemental instruction"

(Inclusion in the definitions)

0345 a county hospital for the purpose of furnishing emergency med-0346 ical services or ambulance services within or without the 0347 boundaries of the municipality upon such terms and conditions 0348 and for such compensation as may be agreed upon which shall be 0349 payable from the general fund of such municipality or from a 0350 special fund for which a tax is levied under the provisions of this 0351 act.

- (b) The governing body of the municipality may make an annual tax levy of not to exceed three mills upon all of the taxable tangible property within such municipality for the establishment, operation and maintenance of an emergency medical service or ambulance service under this act and to pay a portion of the principal and interest on bonds issued under the authority of K.S.A. 12-1774, and amendments thereto. Such tax levy shall be in addition to all other tax levies authorized or limited by law and shall not be subject to or within the limitations upon the levy of taxes imposed by K.S.A. 79-5001 to 79-5037, inclusive, and amendments thereto.
- (c) No tax shall be levied under the provisions of subsection 0363 (b) until the governing body of the municipality adopts an 0365 ordinance or resolution authorizing the levy of such tax. Such ordinance or resolution shall be published once each week for 0367 three consecutive weeks in the official newspaper of the munic-0368 ipality. If within 60 days following the last publication of such ordinance or resolution, a petition in opposition to the levy of such tax, signed by a number of the qualified electors of such municipality equal to not less than 5% of the electors of such municipality who voted for the office of secretary of state at the last general election, is filed with the county election officer of the county in which such municipality is located, the question of whether the levy shall be made shall be submitted to the electors of the municipality at the next primary or general election within such municipality, or if such primary or general election does not take place within 60 days after the date the petition was filed, the 0379 question may be submitted at a special election called and held 0380 therefor. If no petition has been filed and the time prescribed for 0381 filing the petition expires prior to August 1 in any year, or if the

petition was filed and a majority of the electors voting on the question of levying the tax vote in favor thereof at an election held after September 30 in any year, or if the petition was filed and a majority of the electors voting on the question of levying the tax vote in favor thereof at an election municipality may levy in that year and in each succeeding year in the amount specified in the ordinance or resolution, but not exceeding three mills. If no petition has been filed and the time prescribed for filing the petition expires after September 30 in any year, or if the petition was filed and a majority of the electors voting on the question of levying the tax vote in favor thereof at an election held after September 30 in any year, the governing body of the municipality may levy in the next succeeding year one of the ordinance or resolution, but not exceeding three mills.

(d) In the case of a county, the board of county commissioners shall not provide ambulance service under the provisions of this act in any part of the county which receives ambulance service, but the county shall reimburse any taxing district which on the effective date of this act provides ambulance services to such district with its proportionate share of the county general 0401 fund or special tax levy fund budgeted for ambulance services within the county. Such reimbursement shall be based on the amount that the assessed tangible taxable valuation of the taxing district bears to the total taxable tangible valuation of the county, 0405 but in no event shall such taxing district receive from the county 0406 more than the district's cost of furnishing such ambulance ser-0407 vices. Any taxing district establishing ambulance service in any 0408 part of a county under the provisions of this act on or after the 0409 effective date of this act shall not be entitled to receive reim-0410 bursement pursuant to this subsection until a final order of the 0411 emergency medical services board ordering such reimbursement 0412 is issued following the furnishing of notice and an opportunity for a hearing to the interested parties. [No order for reimbursement shall be issued unless the emergency medical service board finds that such establishment shall enhance or improve ambulance service provided to the residents of such taxing 0417 district as determined in accordance with criteria established by 0418 rules and regulations adopted by the board.]

Sec. 13. The governing body of any municipality may es-0419 tablish, operate and maintain a centralized emergency service communication system as a municipal function, within or without the boundaries of the municipality, for the purpose of furnishing those services required to establish, operate and maintain an emergency medical service or ambulance service, and 0425 such emergency communication system may include a county or city fire dispatch communication service for the purpose of providing a common communication network for all fire-fighting 0428 facilities, equipment and personnel. Such onergency communication system may provide for coordinated communication between all law enforcement agencies, ambulances, ambulance services and dispatchers, emergency receiving centers, fire dispatcher services, fire departments, health care institutions, medical practitioners, motor vehicle repair and towing services, and such other persons and service agencies as may be required. Sec. 14. The governing body of any municipality is hereby authorized to continue, in accordance with the provisions of this act, operation of any emergency medical service or ambulance service or centralized emergency service communications system previously established, operated and maintained, or continue any contract with any person, other municipality or board of a county hospital for the furnishing of emergency medical 0442 services or ambulance service previously executed, pursuant to 0443 the authority of any statute repealed by this act. Such governing 0444 body is hereby authorized to continue to levy under authority of this section any tax for the operation and maintenance of such services or contracts previously authorized and levied pursuant 0447 to any statute repealed by this act in any amount not exceeding the amount specified in the ordinance or resolution providing for the levy in such municipality under such repealed statute. No increase in the amount of the tax previously authorized for the 0451 operation and maintenance of such services or contracts shall be levied until the governing body of such municipality adopts a new ordinance or resolution which authorizes such increase and 0454 is subject to referendum in accordance with the provisions of 0455 subsection (c) of section 12.

- O456 Sec. 15. In addition to other powers set forth in this act, the O457 governing body of any municipality operating an emergency O458 medical service or ambulance service shall have the power:
- 0459 (a) To acquire by gift, bequest, purchase or lease from public 0460 or private sources, and to plan, construct, operate and maintain 0461 the services, equipment and facilities which are incidental or 0462 necessary to the establishment, operation and maintenance of an 0463 emergency medical service or ambulance service;
- 0464 (b) to enter into contracts including, but not limited to, the 0465 power to enter into contracts for the construction, operation, 0466 management, maintenance and supervision of emergency medi0467 cal services or ambulance services with any person or govern0468 mental entity;
- 0469 (c) to make application for and to receive any contributions, 0470 moneys or properties from the state or federal government or any 0471 agency thereof or from any other public or private source;
- 0472 (d) to contract or otherwise agree to combine or coordinate its 0473 activities, facilities and personnel with those of any person or 0474 governmental entity for the purpose of furnishing the emergency 0475 medical services or ambulance services within or without the 0476 municipality;
- 0477 (e) to establish and collect any charges to be made for emer-0478 gency medical services or ambulance services within or without 0479 the municipality and to provide for an audit of the records of the 0480 emergency medical services operation or ambulance services; 0481 and
- 0482 (f) to perform all other necessary and incidental functions 0483 necessary to accomplish the purposes of this act.
- O484 Sec. 16. If the governing body of a municipality establishes o485 an emergency medical service or ambulance service as provided o486 in this act, it shall establish a minimum set of standards for the o487 operation of such service, for its facilities and equipment, and for o488 the qualifications and training of personnel.
- O489 Sec. 17. Whenever the board of county commissioners of any 0490 county which is furnishing ambulance services within the 0491 county under the authority of this act shall determine that such 0492 service can best be provided by the creation of an ambulance

service taxing district, such board shall by resolution create and establish such district and define the boundaries thereof. The boundaries of such district shall include the territory receiving ambulance service provided by the county on the date of the adoption of the resolution creating such district. The board of county commissioners shall be the governing body of the district and shall have the authority, powers and duties granted to boards of county commissioners under the authority of this act, except that all costs incurred by the governing body of the district in 0502 providing ambulance services in such district shall be paid from the proceeds of the tax levies of the district hereinafter authorized. The provisions of this act shall govern the operation of ambulances providing services within districts established under the provisions of this section. The governing body of each ambulance service taxing district is hereby authorized to levy an annual tax upon all taxable tangible property in such district in accordance with the provisions of section 12. The county treasurer shall receive and have custody of all of the funds of the district and shall expend the same upon the order of the govern-0512 ing body of the district as provided by law.

- Sec. 18. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, mobile intensive care technicians may perform any of the following:
  - (a) Render reseue, first aid and resuscitation services.

0515

- 0516 (b) During training at a medical care facility and while caring 0517 for patients in a medical care facility administer parenteral med-0518 ications under the direct supervision of a person licensed to 0519 practice medicine and surgery or a registered professional nurse.
- 0520 (c) Perform cardiopulmonary resuscitation and defibrillation 0521 in a pulseless, nonbreathing patient.
- 0522 (d) When voice contact or a telemetered electrocardiogram is 0523 monitored by a person licensed to practice medicine and surgery 0524 or a registered professional nurse where authorized by a person 0525 licensed to practice medicine and surgery, and direct communi-0526 cation is maintained, and upon order of such person or such 0527 nurse do any of the following:
- 0528 (1) Perform veni-puncture for the purpose of blood sampling 0529 collection and initiation and maintenance of intravenous infu-

-Insert "May perform any of the activities described by Section 20 which an emergency medical technician may perform" (A conforming change to use the same language as used in other attendant sections)

- 0530 sion of saline solutions, dextrose and water solutions or ringers 0531 lactate IV solutions.
- 0532 (2) Perform gastric suction by intubation.
- 0533 (3) Perform endotracheal intubation.
- 0534 (4) Administer parenteral injections of any of the following 0535 classes of drugs:
- 0536 (A) Antiarrhythmic agents.
- 0537 (B) Vagolytic agents.
- 0538 (C) Chronotropic agents.
- 0539 (D) Analgesic agents.
- 0540 (E) Alkalinizing agents.
- 0541 (F) Vasopressor agents.
- 0542 (5) Administer such other medications or procedures as may 0543 be deemed necessary by such an ordering person.
- (e) Perform, during an emergency, those activities specified to subsection (d) before contacting the person licensed to practice medicine and surgery or authorized registered professional nurse when specifically authorized to perform such activities by written protocols approved by the local component medical society.
- O550 Sec. 19. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the O551 contrary, an emergency medical technician-intermediate:
- 0552 (a) May perform any of the activities described by section 20 0553 which an emergency medical technician may perform;
- (b) when approved by the local component medical society and where voice contact by radio or telephone is monitored by a person licensed to practice medicine and surgery or a registered professional nurse, where authorized by a person licensed to practice medicine and surgery, and direct communication is maintained, upon order of such person or such nurse may perform veni-puncture for the purpose of blood sampling collection and initiation and maintenance of intravenous infusion of saline solutions, dextrose and water solutions or ringers lactate IV solutions; or
- 0564 (c) when under the direct supervision of a mobile intensive 0565 care technician who is functioning under the provisions of sub-0566 section (e) of section 18 may perform the functions authorized

0010 under subsection (a) of this section.

O011 Sec. 20. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, an emergency medical technician may perform any of the following:

- 0014 (a) Patient assessment and vital signs;
- 0015 (b) airway maintenance to include use of:
- 0016 (1) Oropharyngeal and nasopharyngeal airways;
- 0017 (2) esophageal obturator airways with or without gastric suc-0018 tion device; and
- 0010 (3) oxygen demand valves.
- 0020 (c) Oxygen therapy;
- 0021 (d) oropharyngeal suctioning;
- 0022 (e) cardiopulmonary resuscitation procedures;
- 0023 (f) control accessible bleeding;
- 0024 (g) application of pneumatic anti-shock garment;
- 0025 (h) management of outpatient medical emergencies;
- 0026 (i) extrication of patients and lifting and moving techniques;
- 0027 (j) management of musculoskeletal and soft tissue injuries to 0028 include dressing and bandaging wounds or the splinting of
- 0029 fractures, dislocations, sprains or strains;
- 0030 (k) use of backboards to immobilize the spine; or
- 0031 (l) monitor peripheral intravenous line delivering intra-0032 venous fluids during interfacility transport with the following 0033 restrictions:
- 0034 (1) The patient is noncritical and deemed stable by the 0035 transferring physician and the physician approves the transfer by 0036 an emergency medical technician;
- 0037 (2) no medications or nutrients have been added to the in-0038 travenous fluids;
- 0039 (3) the emergency medical technician may monitor and 0040 maintain the flow of intravenous fluid and shut off the flow 0041 except that by voice contact with a person licensed to practice 0042 medicine and surgery or a registered professional nurse when 0043 authorized by a person licensed to practice medicine and surgery 0044 the intravenous line may be discontinued.
- O045 Sec. 21. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the O046 contrary, a crash injury management technician may perform any

Insert "(b)"
 (To correct an error from the printed laws)

# Sub. for HB 2639—Am. by HCW 17

#### 0047 of the following:

- 0048 (a) Initial scene management;
- 0049 (b) patient assessment and vital signs;
- 0050 (c) airway maintenance to include:
- 0051 (1) Oropharyngeal airways;
- 0052 (2) oropharyngeal suctioning; or
- 0053 (3) use of bag valve mask.
- 0054 (d) Oxygen therapy;
- 0055 (e) provide cardiopulmonary resuscitation procedures;
- 0056 (f) control accessible bleeding;
- 0057 (g) application of pneumatic anti-shock trousers;
- 0058 (h) management of outpatient medical emergencies;
- 0059 (i) extrication of patients and lifting and moving techniques;
- 0060 (j) management of musculoskeletal and soft tissue injuries to 0061 include dressing and bandaging wounds and the splinting of
- 062 fractures, dislocations, sprains or strains; or
- 0063 (k) use of backboards to immobilize the spine.
- O064 Sec. 22. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, an emergency medical technician-defibrillator:
- 0066 (a) May perform any of the activities described by section 20 0067 which an emergency medical technician may perform;
- 0068 (b) when approved by the local component medical society 0069 and where voice contact by radio or telephone is monitored by a 0070 person licensed to practice medicine and surgery or a registered 0071 professional nurse, where authorized by a person licensed to 0072 practice medicine and surgery, and direct communication is 0073 maintained, upon order of such person or such nurse, may 0074 perform electrocardiographic monitoring and defibrillation; or
- 0075 (c) perform, during an emergency, those activities specified 0076 in subsection (b) before contacting the person licensed to practice medicine and surgery or authorized registered professional 0078 nurse when specifically authorized to perform such activities by 0079 written protocols approved by the local component medical 0080 society.
- O081 Sec. 23. (a) No person licensed to practice medicine and O082 surgery or registered professional nurse, who gives emergency instructions to a mobile intensive care technician or emergency

#### .Insert new section:

- A certified first responder may perform any of the following activities:
- (a) Initial scene management including, but not limited to, gaining access to the individual in need of emergency care, and only in life or limb threatening situations, the appropriate extrication, lifting and moving the individual;
- (b) cardiopulmonary resuscitation and airway
  management;
  - (c) control of bleeding;
- (d) extremity splinting excluding traction
  splinting;
- (e) stablization of the condition of the individual in need of emergency care;
  - (f) oxygen therapy;
  - (g) use of oropharyngeal airways;
  - (h) use of bag valve masks; and
- (i) other techniques of preliminary care a certified first responder is trained to provide by the board.

(Relocation of Sec. 43)

#### Insert new subsection:

"when under the direct supervision of a mobile intensive care technician who is functioning under the provisions of subsection (e) of section may perform the functions authorized under subsection (b) of this section."

(To enable a mobile intensive care technician to direct action at the scene)

medical technician-intermediate during an emergency, shall be liable for any civil damages as a result of issuing the instructions, except such damages which may result from gross negligence in giving such instructions.

- (b) No mobile intensive care technician or emergency medical technician-intermediate who renders emergency care during
  an emergency pursuant to instructions given by a person licensed to practice medicine and surgery or a registered professional nurse shall be liable for civil damages as a result of
  implementing such instructions, except such damages which
  may result from gross negligence or by willful or wanton acts or
  omissions on the part of such mobile intensive care technician or
  omissions on the part of such mobile intensive care technician or
  mergency medical technician-intermediate rendering such
- (c) No person certified as an instructor-coordinator shall be liable for any civil damages which may result from such instruction tor-coordinator's course of instruction, except such damages which may result from gross negligence or by willful or wanton acts or omissions on the part of the instructor-coordinator.
- (d) No medical adviser who reviews, approves and monitors the activities of attendants shall be liable for any civil damages as a result of such review, approval or monitoring, except such damages which may result from gross negligence in such review, approval or monitoring.
- Sec. 24. It shall be unlawful for any person or municipality one to operate an ambulance service within this state without obtaining a permit pursuant to this act.
- O111 Sec. 25. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), each emer-O112 gency medical service shall have a medical adviser appointed by O113 the operator of the service to review, approve and monitor the O114 activities of the attendants. The board may approve an alterna-O115 tive procedure for medical oversight if no medical adviser is O116 available.
- 0117 (b) Each emergency medical service which employs an 0118 emergency medical technician defibrillator shall have a medical 0119 adviser appointed by the operator of the service to review, 0120 approve and monitor the activities of the emergency medical

Insert "or training officer"
 (Extends immunity to training officers)

(Removes a regundancy)

#### 0121 technician-defibrillator

Sec. 26. (a) Application for a permit to operate an ambulance service shall be made to the emergency medical services board by the operator of the ambulance service upon forms provided by the administrator and shall be accompanied by a permit fee which shall be a base amount plus an amount for each vehicle used by such operator in such operator's ambulance service and which shall be fixed by rules and regulations of the board to cover all or any part of the cost of regulation of ambulance services.

- 0131 (b) The application shall state the name of the operator, the 0132 names of the attendants of such ambulance service, the primary 0133 territory for which the permit is sought, the type of service 0134 offered, the location and physical description of the facility 0135 whereby calls for service will be received, the facility wherein 0136 vehicles are to be garaged, a description of vehicles and other 0137 equipment to be used by the service and such other information 0138 as the board may require.
- 0139 (c) Nothing in this act shall be construed as granting an 0140 exclusive territorial right to operate an ambulance service. Upon 0141 change of ownership of an ambulance service the permit issued 0142 to such service shall expire 60 days after the change of owner-0143 ship.
- (d) The permit fee in effect immediately prior to the effective 0144 date of this act shall continue in effect until the board adopts 0146 rules and regulations fixing a different fee under subsection (a). Sec. 27. A permit shall not be issued to an operator unless 0147 the board finds the ambutance service is or will be staffed and equipped in accordance with the rules and regulations promulgated by the board pursuant to section 9. If the board determines that an applicant is not qualified, such applicant shall be notified of the denial of such application with a statement of the reasons for such denial. The applicant may reapply upon submission of 0154 evidence that the disqualifying factor alleged by the board has 0155 been corrected. No fee shall be required for the first reapplica-0156 tion made if it is submitted to the board within one year of the 0157 date of the denial of the application.

A permit to operate an ambulance service shall be valid for the calendar year for which it is issued and may be renewed upon payment of a permit in the amount pursuant to section 26. At least once each month, all fees received pursuant to the provisions of this section shall be remitted to the state treasurer. Upon receipt of each such remittance, the state treasurer shall deposit the entire amount thereof in the state treasury. Each such deposit shall be credited to the state general fund.

Sec. 28. (a) Application for an attendant's certificate shall be made to the emergency medical services board upon forms provided by the administrator. The board may grant an attendant's certificate to an applicant who: (1) Has made application within one year after successfully completing the appropriate course of instruction for the classification of attendant's certificate for which application has been made; (2) has passed an examination prescribed by the board; and (3) has paid a fee for the classification of attendant's certificate for which application has been made as prescribed by rule and regulation of the board.

(b) An attendant applying for a crash injury management technician's certificate shall have at least 72 clock hours training in preliminary emergency medical care in a cours instruction approved by the emergency medical services board. An attendant applying for an emergency medical technician's certificate shall have at least 81 clock hours of training in preliminary emergency medical care in a course of instruction 0183 approved by the emergency medical services board, or the equivalent thereof of preliminary emergency medical care, or a program of instruction in emergency medical care offered by the armed forces of the United States which has been approved by the board. An attendant applying for a mobile intensive care technician's certificate shall have completed a training program. in a course of instruction approved by the emergency medical services board, consisting of a minimum of 200 clock hours of training including, but not limited to, didactic and clinical expe-9192- rience in a cardiac care unit and in an emergency vehicle unit. 0193 An attendant applying for an emergency medical technician-in-0194 termediate certificate shall have been certified as an emergency

Insert "completed a training program" (Reflects language in Sec. 9 (a)(3))

Insert "An attendant applying for a certified first responder's certificate shall have completed a training program approved by the emergency medical services board" (Inclusion of this attendant category)

(Reflects language in Sec. 9 (a)(3))

0195 medical technician for not less than one year and, after certifica-0196 tion as an emergency medical technician for at least one year, shall have completed a training program, approved by the emergency medical services board, consisting of a minimum of 40 clock hours and including training in veni puncture for blood sampling and administration of intravenous fluids and advanced patient assessment. An attendant applying for an emergency medical technician-defibrillator certificate shall have been certified as an emergency medical technician for not less than one 0204 year and, after certification as an emergency medical technician for at least one year, shall have completed a training program approved by the emergency medical services board. [Any program of instruction or training offered by the armed forces of the United States or in a jurisdiction other than Kansas, which program is at least equivalent to the program approved by the board for the class of attendant's certificate applied for, shall be granted reciprocity by the board for purposes of satisfying the requirements of subsection (a)(1) of this section.]

- (c) An attendant's certificate shall be valid through De0214 cember 31 of the year following the date of its initial issuance
  0215 and may be renewed thereafter for a period of one year for each
  0216 renewal for a fee as prescribed by rule and regulation of the
  0217 board upon presentation of satisfactory proof that the attendant
  0218 has successfully completed continuing education in emergency
  0219 medical care as provided in this subsection. Attendants shall
  0220 complete not less than eight hours of continuing education as
  0221 prescribed and approved by the emergency medical services
  0222 board for each full calendar year that has elapsed since the
  0223 certification or the last renewal thereof. If a certificate is not
  0224 renewed within 30 days after its expiration such certificate shall
  0225 be void.
- 0226 (d) The emergency medical services board may issue a tem-0227 porary certificate to any person who has not qualified for an 0228 attendant's certificate under subsection (a) when:
- 0229 (1) The operator for whom such person serves as an attendant 0230 requests a temporary certificate for that person; and
- 0231 (2) such person meets or exceeds minimum training pre-

(Reflects language in Sec. 9 (a)(3)) Insert "a program" (Reflects language in Sec. 9 (a)(3)) 0232 scribed by the board by rules and regulations.

A temporary certificate shall be effective for one year from the date of its issuance or until the person has qualified as an attendant under subsection (a), whichever comes first. A tempo-0236 rary certificate shall not be renewed and shall be valid only while an attendant works for the operator requesting the tempo-0238 rary certificate.

- 0239 (e) At least once each month all fees received pursuant to the 0240 provisions of this section shall be remitted to the state treasurer. 0241 Upon receipt of each such remittance, the state treasurer shall 0242 deposit the entire amount thereof in the state treasury to the 0243 credit of the state general fund.
- (f) If, within two years of the date of expiration of an attend-0245 ant's certificate, such person applies for renewal of the certifi-0246 cate, the board may grant a certificate to such applicant without 0247 such applicant completing a course of instruction specified in 0248 subsection (b) if the applicant has passed an examination pre-0249 scribed by the board and has paid a fee prescribed by rule and 0250 regulation of the board.
- Sec. 29. The board may inquire into the operation of ambulance services and the conduct of attendants, and may conduct periodic inspections of facilities, communications services, materials and equipment at any time without notice. The board may issue subpoenas to compel an operator holding a permit to make access to or for the production of records regarding services performed and to furnish such other information as the board may require to carry out the provisions of this act to the same extent and subject to the same limitations as would apply if the subpoenas were issued or served in aid of a civil action in the district court. A copy of such records shall be kept in the operator's files for a period of not less than three years. The board also may require operators to submit lists of personnel employed and to notify the board of any changes in personnel or in ownership of the ambulance service.
- O266 Sec. 30. Nothing in this act shall be construed to preclude O267 any municipality from licensing and regulating ambulance ser-O268 vices located within its jurisdiction, but any licensing require-

Insert new section:

"The board may inquire into the conduct of attendants, instructor-coordinators and training officers. The board may issue subpoenas to compel and attendant, instructor-coordinator or training officer holding a certificate to make access to or for the production of records regarding services performed and to furnish such other information as the board may require to carry out the provisions of this act to the same extent and subject to the same limitations as would apply if the subpoenas were issued or served in aid of a civil action in the district court. A copy of such records shall be kept in the attendant's, instructor-coordinator's or training officer's files for a period of not less than three years."

(To expand the jurisdiction of the board)

0287

0269 ments or regulations imposed by a municipality shall be in 0270 addition to and not in lieu of the provisions of this act and the 0271 rules and regulations promulgated thereunder.

- Sec. 31. (a) An operator's permit may be denied, revoked or ozra suspended by the board upon proof that such operator or any ozra agent or employee thereof:
- (1) Has been guilty of misrepresentation in obtaining the permit or in the operation of the ambulance service;
- 0277 (2) has engaged or attempted to engage in, or represented 0278 themselves as entitled to perform, any ambulance service not 0279 authorized in the permit;
- 0280 (3) has demonstrated incompetence as defined by rules and 0281 regulations adopted by the board or has shown themselves 0282 otherwise unable to provide adequate ambulance service;
- 0283 (4) has failed to keep and maintain the records required by 0284 the provisions of this act, or the rules and regulations promul-0285 gated thereunder, or has failed to make reports when and as 0286 required;
  - (5) has knowingly operated faulty or unsafe equipment; or
- 0288 (6) has violated or aided and abetted in the violation of any 0289 provision of this act or the rules and regulations promulgated 0290 thereunder.
- 0291 (b) The board shall not revoke or suspend any operator's 0292 permit pursuant to this section without first conducting a hearing 0293 in accordance with the provisions of the administrative procedure act.
- O295 Sec. 32. (a) An attendant's ex instructor-coordinator's certifi-O296 cate may be revoked or suspended by the board upon proof that O297 such attendant:
- 0298 (1) Has been guilty of misrepresentation in obtaining the 0299 certificate;
- 0300 (2) has engaged or attempted to engage in, or represented 0301 themselves as entitled to perform, any service not authorized in 0302 the certificate;
- 0303 (3) has demonstrated incompetence as defined by rules and 0304 regulations adopted by the board or has shown themselves 0305 otherwise unable to provide adequate service;

Insert "or training officer's"

- 0306 (4) has violated or aided and abetted in the violation of any 0307 provision of this act or the rules and regulations promulgated 0308 thereunder;
- 0309 (5) has been convicted of a felony and, after investigation by 0310 the board, it is determined that such person has not been suffi-0311 ciently rehabilitated to warrant the public trust;
- 0312 (6) has demonstrated habitual intemperance or is addicted to 0313 the use of habit-forming drugs; or
- 0314 (7) has engaged in unprofessional conduct, as defined by 0315 rules and regulations adopted under this act.
- 0316 (b) The board shall not revoke or suspend any attendant's er 0317 instructor-coordinator's certificate pursuant to this section with-0318 out first conducting a hearing in accordance with the provisions 0319 of the Kansas administrative procedure act.
- Sec. 33. An operator's permit may be temporarily limited or 0321 restricted by the board, pending a hearing, upon receipt of a 0322 complaint indicating the public health, safety or welfare to be in 0323 imminent danger. If an inspection proves the complaint to be 0324 invalid, or that the cause therefor has been corrected, the limita-0325 tion or restriction shall be terminated.
- O326 Proceedings under this section may be initiated by the board O327 or by any person filing written charges with the board. The board O328 shall not limit nor restrict any permit pursuant to this section O329 without first conducting a hearing in accordance with the provious osons of the Kansas administrative procedure act.
- O331 Sec. 34. (a) All ambulance services providing emergency O332 care as defined by the rules and regulations adopted by the board O333 shall offer service 24 hours per day every day of the year.
- (b) Whenever an operator is required to have a permit, at 0335 least one person on each vehicle providing emergency medical 0336 service shall be an attendant certified as an emergency medical 0337 technician or a mobile intensive care technician, a person li0338 censed to practice medicine and surgery, a registered physician's 0339 assistant or a registered professional nurse.
- 0340 Sec. 35. (a) Nothing in this act shall be construed:
- 0341 (1) To prevent the operation of a police emergency vehicle;
- 0342 (2) to affect any statute or regulatory authority vested in the

Insert "or training officer's"

department of transportation concerning automotive equipment and safety requirements;

- 0345 (3) to prohibit any privately owned vehicles and aircraft not 0346 ordinarily used in the ambulance service business from trans-0347 porting persons who are sick, injured, wounded or otherwise 0348 incapacitated or helpless;
- 0349 (4) to prevent any vehicle from being pressed into service as 0350 an ambulance; or
- (5) to prohibit any ambulance lawfully operating under the laws of a state adjoining Kansas from providing emergency transportation of a patient from a municipality not otherwise served by an ambulance service located in Kansas to a location within or outside the state of Kansas when the governing body of such municipality declares a hardship. The governing body or board shall notify the board 30 days prior to the initiation of such out-of-state service.
- 0359 (b) Ambulances owned and operated by an agency of the 0360 United States government shall be exempt from the provisions of 0361 this act.
- (c) Any ambulance based outside of this state receiving a patient within the state for transportation to a location within this state or receiving a patient within this state for emergency transportation to a location outside this state shall comply with the provisions of this act except when such ambulance is rendering service in the case of a major catastrophe, such ambulance is making a prearranged hospital-to-hospital transfer or except as otherwise provided by rules and regulations adopted by the board.
- Sec. 36. Any person violating any provision of this act or any or rule and regulation issued hereunder shall be deemed guilty of a class B misdemeanor.
- Sec. 37. In order to provide adequate emergency medical oracle for the people of this state, the emergency medical services board is hereby authorized to establish, maintain and operate an emergency medical services communications system, subject to approval by the secretary of administration under K.S.A. 75-4709, and amendments thereto. The emergency medical services

osso board shall establish communication centers, to be known as medical communications centers, in various locations in the state to be determined by the emergency medical services board, for the purposes of receiving requests for emergency medical assistance and for coordinating the activities of ambulances with medical care facilities and other emergency public safety agencies. Subject to approval by the secretary of administration under K.S.A. 75-4709, and amendments thereto, the emergency medical services board may provide mobile radio units to ambulance services, as hereinafter provided, which will provide such ambulance services with direct communication to or from medical communication centers established for such purpose.

Sec. 38. For the purpose of establishing, operating and maintaining the emergency medical services communications system, the board may enter into contracts with any state agency, and any such agency is authorized to contract for such purpose with the board. The board also may enter into contracts or other agreements with any city, county, township, fire district or hospital district, or any person, firm or corporation for the establishment of an emergency medical services communications system or the establishment or operation of any part thereof including placement, operation and maintenance of equipment. In accordance with the authority of the secretary of administration under K.S.A. 75-4709, and amendments thereto, all contracts entered into by the board under this section shall be subject to approval by the secretary of administration.

Any contract or agreement for the placement or operation of equipment with any ambulance service shall provide that the placement of person, firm, corporation or municipality operating such ambulance service shall maintain such equipment in accordance with terms and conditions established by the board. The contracts, agreements or contracts for the placement of equipment in medical communication centers shall provide that such equipment shall only be used for the purpose of operating the emergency medical services communications system and that the board or the board's designated agent may inspect such equipment at any time. Ownership of any such equipment shall remain with the

# Sub. for HB 2639—Am. by HCW 27

other state and any contracts for the placement of such equipment may be withdrawn or canceled at any time, at the option of the board and the secretary of administration under K.S.A. 75-4709, and mendments thereto.

Sec. 39. For the purposes of establishing, operating and maintaining an emergency medical services communications system, the emergency medical services board may accept any grant of money or property, including any federal moneys available able therefor. Within the limits of appropriations available therefor and subject to approval by the secretary of administration under K.S.A. 75-4709, and amendments thereto, the emergency medical services board may acquire, in the name of the state, any equipment necessary for such communications system.

See. 40. (a) It shall be unlawful for any individual to reprosent oneself as a certified first responder unless such individual holds a valid certificate as a first responder under this act.

0133 (b) Any violation of subsection (a) shall constitute a class B

Sec. 41. (a) Application for a first responder's certificate shall be made to the emergency medical services board upon forms provided by the administrator. The board may grant a certificate to an applicant who: (1) Has made application within two years after successfully completing the appropriate course of instruction for the first responder as specified in subsection (b) if such course of instruction was completed prior to the effective date of this act or has made application within one year after successfully completing such course of instruction if such course of instruction was completed on or after the effective date of this act; (2) has passed an examination prescribed by the board; and regulations of the board.

(b) An individual applying for a first responder's certificate
shall have completed training in preliminary emergency medicaleare of not less than 45 clock hours in a course of instruction
approved by the board.

(e) A first responder's certificate shall be valid through December 31 of the year following the date of its initial issuance

(Suggested changes have incorporated Sections 40 thru 46 inclusive in prior sections of this act)

and may be renewed thereafter for a period of one year for each renewal for a fee in an amount prescribed by rules and regulations of the board and upon presentation of satisfactory proof that the first responder has successfully completed continuing education in emergency medical care as provided in this subsection.

First responders shall complete not less than eight hours of continuing education as prescribed and approved by the board for each full calendar year that has olapsed since the certification or the last renewal thereof. If a certificate is not renewed within 30 days after its expiration, such certificate shall be vote.

- (d) The administrator shall remit to the state treasurer at least monthly all fees received pursuant to the provisions of this act.

  Upon receipt of each such remittance, the state treasurer shall deposit the entire amount thereof in the state treasury to the order of the state general fund.
- (e) If an applicant for a certificate has within two years preceding the date of the application held a first responder's certificate, the board may grant a certificate to such applicant without such applicant completing a course of instruction specified in subsection (b) if the applicant has passed an examination prescribed by the board and has paid a registration fee in an amount prescribed by rules and regulations of the board.
  - See. 42. The board may inquire into the conduct of first responders. The board may require a first responder cortified under this act to make records regarding services performed and to furnish such other information as the board may require to carry out the provisions of this act. A copy of such records shall be kept in the first responder's files for a period of not less chanthree years. The records shall be made available to the board upon request.
- Sec. 43. A first responder may perform any of the following outside activities:
- (a) Initial scene management including, but not limited to, oats gaining access to the individual in need of emergency care, and oats only in life or limb threatening situations, the appropriate extri-oats eation, lifting and moving the individual;
- (b) cardiopulmonary resuscitation and airway managements

- 0491 (e) control of bleedings
- 0492 (d) extremity splinting excluding traction splinting
- (0) stabilization of the condition of the individual in need of emergency care;
- 0405 (f) oxygen therapy;
- 0406 (g) use of oropharyngeal airways,
- 0497 (h) use of bag valve masks; and
- 0498 (i) other techniques of preliminary care a first responder is
- -0500 Sec- 44. Nothing in this act shall be construed: (a) To pre-
- 0501 olude vay municipality from licensity or otherwise regulating
- 6503 first responders operating within its jurisdiction, but any licens-
- 9503 ing requirements or regulations imposed by a municipality shall
- 9504 be in addition to and not in lieu of the provisions of this act and
- 0505 the rules and regulations adopted pursuant to this act;
- 4506 (b) to preclude any person certified as an attendant from
- 0507 providing emergency medical services to persons requiring such
- 0508 services; or
- eson (c) to preclude any individual who is not a certified first
- 0510 responder from providing assistance during an emergency so
- 0511 long as such individual does not represent oneself to be a
- 0519 certified first responder.
- 9513 Sec. 45. (a) A first responder's certificate may be denied
- 9514 revoked, limited or suspended by the board upon proof that such
- 0515 first responder:
- 0516 (1) Has been guilty of misrepresentation in obtaining the 0517 certificate:
- 0518 (2) has engaged or attempted to engage in, or represented
- oneself as entitled to perform, any service not authorized in the objectificates
- 0521- (3) has demonstrated incompetence as defined by rules and 0522- regulations adopted by the board or has shown oneself otherwise unable to provide adequate services.
- (4) has violated or aided and abetted in the violation of any provision of this act or the rules and regulations promulgated thereunders
- 0527 (5) has been convicted of a felony and, after investigation by

the board, it is determined that such person has not been suffi ciently rehabilitated to warrant the public trust; (6) has demonstrated habitual intemperance or is addicted to the use of habit-forming drugs, or (7) has engaged in unprofessional conduct (b) The board shall not revoke, limit or suspend any first responder's certificate pursuant to this section without first conducting a hearing in accordance with the provisions of the Kansas administrative procedure act. Proceedings under this section may be initiated by the board or by any person filing written charges with the board. Sec. 46. No first responder who renders emergency during an omergency shall be liable for civil damages as a result of rendering such emergency care, except for such damages which may result from gross negligence or from willful or wanton acts or omissions on the part of the first responder rendering such emergency care. Sec. 47. K.S.A. 19-262, 19-263, 19-263a, 19-263b, 19-3623b, 19-3633, 19-3634, 19-3635, 19-3636, 19-3636a, 65-4302 to 65-4306, inclusive, 65-4307 to 65-4309, inclusive, 65-4314 to 65-4316, inclusive, 65-4318 to 65-4320, inclusive, 65-4322, 65-4323, 65-4326 to 65-4331, inclusive, 74-2126 to 74-2132, inclusive, 80-1423, 80-1424, 80-1426 to 80-1428, inclusive, and K.S.A. 1987 Supp. 19-261, 19-3632, 65-4301, 65-4306a, 65-4306b, 65-4306c, 65-4306d, 65-4317, 65-4321, 65-4324, 65-4325, 65-4325a, 65-4339 to 65-4348, inclusive, and 80-1425 are hereby repealed. Sec. 48. This act shall take effect and be in force from and

after its publication in the Kansas register.

We are additionally respectfully suggesting four changes that we consider policy changes. While they do not reflect changes to the concept of the act, they do change the content.

The first change is the addition of two more members to the emergency medical services board. We feel that these additions encompass EMS input that would be of value to the board.

The second change deals with some additional language that was inserted by the House Local Government Committee. The essence of this additional language is that it nullifies current temporary regulations dealing with training officers, emergency medical technician-defibrillator services, continuing education requirements and the licensing of type III and type IV ambulance services. We feel that it was the intent of the House Committee to continue these temporary regulations as temporary until January 1, 1989. The language that is reflected in the act cancels them upon adoption of the act. The loss of the guidance contained in those temporary regulations is crippling to EMS in Kansas.

The third change deletes language that could be interpreted as authorizing emergency medical services consisting of only certified first responders. We do not feel that this is either the intent of the legislature or desireable from an EMS standpoint. While we certainly value the additional coverage of certified first responders, we strongly feel that they should be under the direction of an established ambulance service.

The fourth change is two-fold. We are suggesting the inclusion of an immunity clause covering those that teach attendants. There has all ready been some reluctance by physicians and nurses to be involved in courses of instruction because of the liability exposure and the inclusion of the suggested immunity clause would alleviate these concerns and assure the availability of quality instruction. The other change also deals with immunity and we are suggesting the inclusion of an attendant immunity clause. We are aware that some attendants are covered in 65-2891. We are also aware of the bills that have been introduced in both the House and the Senate concerning 65-2891. It seems to us that the logical place for attendant immunity is within the EMS act and that 55-2891 should reflect what has long been considered as the public and health care provider good samaritan law.

We tender these changes with the deep conviction that they are in the best interests of the continuing excellence of emergency medical services in Kansas

medical services appointed pursuant to K.S.A. 74-2127, and amendments thereto, is hereby abolished and all of the powers, duties and functions of the director of emergency medical services are transferred to and conferred and imposed upon the emergency medical services board or the administrator thereof as provided by this act. The director shall continue to carry out the duties of that position until an administrator is appointed and qualified pursuant to this act.

- 0057 (c) The emergency medical services council established 0058 under K.S.A. 65-4316, and amendments thereto, is hereby abol-0059 ished and all of the powers, duties and functions of the council 0060 are transferred to and conferred and imposed upon the emer-0061 gency medical services board.
- Sec. 2. (a) There is hereby established the emergency mediocal services board. The office of the emergency medical services board shall be located in the city of Topeka, Kansas. The university of Kansas medical center shall provide technical expertise and consultation in areas related to medical procedures and training upon request by the board.
- 0068 (b) The emergency medical services board shall be com-0069 posed of 13 members appointed by the governor. Of such mem-0070 bers:
- 0071 (1) One shall be a member of the Kansas medical society who 0072 is actively involved in emergency medical services;
- 0073 (2) two shall be county commissioners of counties making a 0074 levy for ambulance service, at least one of whom shall be from a 0075 county having a population of less than 15,000;
- 0076 (3) four shall be legislators to be selected from recommenda-0077 tions submitted by the president of the senate, minority leader of 0078 the senate, the speaker of the house of representatives and the 0079 minority leader of the house of representatives;
- 0080 (4) one shall be an instructor-coordinator;
- 0081 (5) one shall be a hospital administrator actively involved in 0082 emergency medical services;
- 0083 (6) one shall be a member of a firefighting unit which pro-0084 vides emergency medical service; and
- 0085 (7) three shall be attendants who are actively involved in

Add two members:

One shall be a registered professional nurse actively involved in emergency medical services.

One shall be the designated representative of the secretary of health and environment.

which were adopted under K.S.A. 65-4314 to 65-4331, inclusive, one and amendments thereto, in existence immediately prior to the effective date of this act shall continue to be effective and shall one be deemed to be the orders or directives of the emergency medical services board, until revised, amended, repealed or one nullified pursuant to law.

All rules and regulations of the emergency medical services of council which relate to emergency medical services and which were adopted under K.S.A. 65-4314 to 65-4331, inclusive, and amendments thereto, in effect on May 1, 1987, shall continue to be effective and shall be deemed to be the rules and regulations of the emergency medical services board, until revised, amended, repealed or nullified pursuant to law. Any such rules and regulations which were not in effect on or before May 1, 1987, including any temporary rules and regulations that became effective after May-1, 1987, and permanent rules and regulations that are scheduled to take effect on May 1, 1988, shall expire on the effective date of this act and be of no force and effect.

Sec. 5. Officers and employees who were engaged immedi-0178 0179 ately prior to the effective date of this act in the performance of 0180 powers, duties and functions, which are transferred pursuant to 0181 the provisions of this act, and who, in the opinion of the emer-0182 gency medical services board, are necessary to perform the 0183 powers, duties and functions of the board shall become officers 0184 and employees of the board. Any such officer or employee shall 0185 retain all retirement benefits and all rights of civil service which 0186 had accrued to or vested in such officer or employee prior to the 0187 effective date of this act. The service of each such officer and employee so transferred shall be deemed to have been continu-0189 ous. All transfers and any abolishment of personnel in the clas-0190 sified service under the Kansas civil service act shall be in 0191 accordance with civil service laws and any rules and regulations 0192 adopted thereunder.

Sec. 6. Whenever any conflict arises as to the disposition of 0194 any power, duty or function as a result of any abolishment or 0195 transfer made by this act, such conflict shall be resolved by the 0196 governor, and the decision of the governor shall be final.

Insert "in existence immediately prior to the effective date of this act"

Delete

o271 emergency care for individuals who are ill, injured or otherwise o272 disabled, including any specially constructed and equipped o273 motor vehicle, airplane or helicopter which is capable of proo274 viding life support services for extended periods of time.

- 0275 (c) "Ambulance service" means any organization operated 0276 for the purpose of transporting sick, injured, disabled or other-0277 wise incapacitated persons to or from a place where medical care 0278 is furnished, whether or not such persons may be in need of 0279 emergency care in transit.
- 0280 (d) "Attendant" means a crash injury management techni-0281 cian an emergency medical technician, an emergency medical 0282 technician-intermediate, an emergency medical technician-defi-0283 brillator or a mobile intensive care technician whose primary 0284 function is ministering to the needs of persons requiring emer-0285 gency medical services.
- 0286 (e) "Board" means the emergency medical services board 0287 established pursuant to section 2.
- 0288 (f) "Crash injury management technician" means any person 0289 who has been trained in preliminary emergency medical care in 0290 a 72-hour training program approved by the board.
- (g) "Emergency medical service" means a service which provides for the effective and coordinated delivery of such emergency care as may be required by an emergency, including first responder services and transportation of individuals by ground or air ambulances and the performance of authorized emergency care by a person licensed to practice medicine and surgery, a licensed professional nurse, a registered physician's assistant, a crash injury management technician, an emergency medical technician, emergency medical technician-intermediate, emergency medical technician.
- 0302 (h) "Emergency medical technician" means any person who 0303 has been trained in preliminary emergency medical care in an 0304 81-hour training program approved by the board.
- 0305 (i) "Emergency medical technician-defibrillator" means any 0306 person, currently certified as an emergency medical technician 0307 or emergency medical technician-intermediate, who has suc-

Delete

medical technician-intermediate during an emergency, shall be 10085 liable for any civil damages as a result of issuing the instructions, 10086 except such damages which may result from gross negligence in 10087 giving such instructions.

- (b) No mobile intensive care technician or emergency medioness cal technician-intermediate who renders emergency care during ones an emergency pursuant to instructions given by a person lionessed to practice medicine and surgery or a registered professional nurse shall be liable for civil damages as a result of ones implementing such instructions, except such damages which may result from gross negligence or by willful or wanton acts or omissions on the part of such mobile intensive care technician or ones emergency medical technician-intermediate rendering such ones emergency care.
- 0098 (c) No person certified as an instructor-coordinator shall be 0099 liable for any civil damages which may result from such instruction tor-coordinator's course of instruction, except such damages 0101 which may result from gross negligence or by willful or wanton 0102 acts or omissions on the part of the instructor-coordinator.
- 0103 (d) No medical adviser who reviews, approves and monitors 0104 the activities of attendants shall be liable for any civil damages as 0105 a result of such review, approval or monitoring, except such 0106 damages which may result from gross negligence in such review, 0107 approval or monitoring.
- Oldo Sec. 24. It shall be unlawful for any person or municipality oldo to operate an ambulance service within this state without obtaining a permit pursuant to this act.
- Sec. 25. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), each emeronly gency medical service shall have a medical adviser appointed by only the operator of the service to review, approve and monitor the activities of the attendants. The board may approve an alternative procedure for medical oversight if no medical adviser is only available.
- 0117 (b) Each emergency medical service which employs an 0118 emergency medical technician-defibrillator shall have a medical 0119 adviser appointed by the operator of the service to review, 0120 approve and monitor the activities of the emergency medical

.Insert new subsection:

"No attendant, as defined in this act, who renders care shall be liable for civil damages as a result of rendering such care, except for such damages which may result from gross negligence or from willful or wanton acts or omissions on the part of the attendant rendering such care."

Insert new subsection:

"No person licensed to practice medicine and surgery or registered professional nurse who gives instruction to an attendant, as defined by this act, while they are a student during an approved course of instruction shall be liable for any civil damages as a result of giving such instruction, except such damages which may result from gross negligence or by willful or wanton acts or omissions on the part of the person licensed to practice medicine and surgery or registered professional nurse who gives instruction."



#### STATE OF KANSAS

#### OFFICE OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL

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ROBERT T. STEPHAN
ATTORNEY GENERAL

December 1, 1987

MAIN PHONE: (913) 296-2215 CONSUMER PROTECTION: 296-3751 ANTITRUST: 296-5299

ATTORNEY GENERAL OPINION NO. 87-172

The Honorable Nancy Brown
Representative, Twenty-Seventh District
15429 Overbrook Lane
Stanley, Kansas 66224-9744

Re:

Public Health -- Emergency Medical Services; Cities

and Counties -- Care Rendered Pursuant to Instructions; Liability of Training Personnel

Synopsis:

Hospitals, physicians and nurses involved in training medical intensive care technicians are not insulated from liability by K.S.A. 65-4307(a) for their wrongful acts. Cited herein: K.S.A. 1986 Supp. 65-2891; K.S.A. 65-4301, as amended by L.

1987, ch. 248, sec. 4; 65-4305; 65-4306;

65-4307; 65-4308; 75-6115.

\*

Dear Representative Brown:

As Representative of the Twenty-Seventh District, you have requested our opinion regarding emergency medical services. Specifically, you inquire whether physicians, nurses and hospitals have any statutory protection from liability when they participate in training mobile intensive care technicians (MICT's).

MICT's are required to receive a minimum of 200 hours training in didactic and clinical experience in a cardiac care unit and in an emergency vehicle unit. K.S.A. 65-4308. The training program is to be certified by the University of Kansas medical school. K.S.A. 65-4305. For a training program to be certified, it must consist of didactic, clinical, and field

(Attachment IV) Local Go 3/2/88

training, with an accumulation of well beyond the 200 hours statutory requirement. These areas of training are conducted consecutively, with possible overlap between the clinical and field internship phases. See generally, Operational Policies & Procedures Manual for Mobile Intensive Care Technician Instructors/Coordinators, page 7-9 (Rev. August, 1987). While in training at a hospital, MICT's are authorized to administer medications subcutaneously, intramuscularly or intravenously under the direct supervision of a physician or nurse. K.S.A. 65-4306(b). We have previously opined that such administration of parenteral medications in a hospital setting is authorized whether or not an emergency exists. Attorney General Opinion No. 78-43.

Physicians and nurses have some protection from liability for giving instructions to MICT's during emergencies. Pursuant to K.S.A. 65-4307(a), absent gross negligence in giving instructions, persons who are licensed to practice medicine and surgery or who are registered professional nurses are not liable for damages resulting from instructions given to an MICT during an emergency. An MICT is defined as a person who has "been specially trained on emergency cardiac and noncardiac care in a training program certified by the university of Kansas school of medicine." K.S.A. 65-4301(g), as amended by L. 1987, ch. 348, sec. 4. We believe, however, that K.S.A. 65-4307(a) does not insulate physicians and nurses from liability for claims arising out of MICT training. That section makes no reference to MICT's-in-training, but merely references MICT's, which by definition includes those who have already been trained. It applies only in emergency situations. In addition, K.S.A. 65-4307(a) makes no mention of hospitals being immune from liability.

Our opinion is not in conflict with other well known statutes regarding liability of persons practicing medicine and surgery. For example health care providers who render professional services, even though they are governmental employees, are not included in the provisions of the tort claims act. K.S.A. 75-6115. See also, Attorney General Opinion No. 81-139. However, health care providers rendering care or assistance in an emergency are not liable for damages resulting from their acts, absent gross negligence or willful and wanton acts or omissions. K.S.A. 65-2891(a). These references are generalities, and not meant to be substitutes for more detailed analysis of each statutory scheme. There are nuances to each, and individuals who are included in one statute may be excluded in another. For example, registered professional nurses, except registered nurse anesthetists, and

licensed practical nurses are not health care providers for purposes of the tort claims act, and thus may be indemnified for damage awards if they are a governmental employee, but those persons are health care providers within the meaning of the good samaritan statute.

Establishing that physicians, nurses and hospitals are not insulated from liability by K.S.A. 65-4307(a) during an MICT's training period does not mean that each is automatically liable when damages occur as a result from their role in training an MICT. Obviously, there must be a reason for liability which can be determined only on a case-by-case basis. Similarly, individual situations may give rise to defenses which we cannot now predict. For example, a nurse may, under the circumstances, be an employee within the meaning of the tort claims act. Such defenses, however, must come from somewhere other than K.S.A. 65-4307(a) as it is currently written.

In conclusion, it is our opinion that hospitals, physicians and nurses involved in training MICT's are not insulated from liability by K.S.A. 65-4307(a) for their wrongful acts.

Very truly yours,

ROBERT T. STEPHAN

ATTORNEY GENERAL OF KANSAS

Mark W. Stafford

- Mark WStafford

Assistant Attorney General

RTS:JLM:MWS:bar

### SEDGWICK COUNTY, KANSAS



#### INTERGOVERNMENTAL COORDINATOR

#### WILLIE MARTIN

COUNTY COURTHOUSE • SUITE 315 • WICHITA, KANSAS 67203-3759 • TELEPHONE (316) 268-7552

To: Chairman Don Montgomery and Members of the Senate

Local Government Committee

From: Thomas W. Pollan, Interim Director of the Sedgwick

County Emergency Medical Service

Date: March 2, 1988

Re: House Bill 2639 - Emergency Medical Service

Mr. Chairman and Members of the Senate Local Government Committee:

First, I would like to express my sincere appreciation for the opportunity to review and comment on House Bill 2639. I would state that I do not oppose House Bill 2639, however, I believe that some modification would clarify and assist in it's implementation.

My presence before this committee is to represent Emergency Medical Service (EMS) of Sedgwick County and the Directors Association of South Central Kansas. Since 1975, the within entities Sedgwick County have devoted political considerable energy and funding to develop, implement, coordinate our sophisticated Advanced Life Support EMS system. Since 1977, this system has maintained an average of 1 out of 4 cardiac arrest victims in the field being delivered to a medical facility with a viable heart rhythm producing a pulse. "Field Resuscitation Rate," is second to none in the nation. 1987 this system responded to over 28,000 ambulance calls, estimated to be 1 out of 5 or 20% of the call volume of the state of Kansas, with an average response time of under six minutes. The success of this system is directly linked to support from

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The Directors Association of South Central Kansas is comprised of ten organizations who provide pre-hospital emergency care and communications in Sedgwick County. The association represents both the volunteer and paid EMS personnel.

state and local elected officials in establishing a coordinated county-wide EMS system. This system includes; an E911 phone system and centralized emergency communication network; first response program provided by local fire departments (Volunteer and Paid); volunteer ambulance services; area hospitals; and the Sedgwick County Advanced Life Support service. The end product of these efforts is that all citizens, regardless of their location or ability to pay, receive an expedient response to their call.

Having been involved in the emergency system of the State and Sedgwick County for the past twenty years, I have witnessed or been directly involved with the majority of the events described in the interim committee report and the supplemental notes accompanying HB 2639. I would like to commend the Interim Committee, the Senate and House Committee on Local Government for their commitment in improving the structure of our EMS system in Kansas. Again, I am not an opponent of HB 2639, I would simply like to suggest some changes that I believe will assist in it's clarity and administration.

The suggested changes are as follows:

1) Section 4 (d) line 169, 172 - 177: This section eliminates all temporary rules and regulations.

All of the temporary rules and regulations have been through the process of public hearings and are approved by the Attorney General and Department of Administration. Detailed in these regulations are the annual continued requirements for all attendants and the newly created "Training Officer" who can provide continued education training attendants and first responders that may not have easy access to Instructor/coordinator. Both of these are essential to ensuring the continuation of quality care to our citizenry. would suggest that the temporary rules and regulations continued as temporary until January 1, 1989 or until the new board determines appropriate rules and regulations.

## 2) Section 11 (g) line 293 - 294: Need to delete the language "in¢luding/fitst/tespøndet/setvices."

This language, when interpreted along with Section 12, seems to authorize services consisting of only first responders. While the response by certified first responders is a valuable part of the system, I do not feel that the intent of this legislation is to fund "first responder services" under the taxation entitled for EMS or Ambulance Service. I would submit that the language of "including first responder services" be deleted. This will ensure that all taxation levied under Section 12 is for the implementation and operation of services that provide both emergency care at the scene as well as transportation to a medical facility. Additionally, the term "first responder

services" is not defined in HB 2639 nor in the current K.S.A. 65-4339 which created the "First Responder" certification.

In summary, I respectfully submit that the amendments proposed are vital to the effective implementation and administration of this legislation. We believe these amendments will be beneficial in providing emergency medical services to both the rural and metropolitan areas of Kansas. Thank you for your valuable time and attention.

#### Sedgwick County EMS 1987 Summary (1987 Stats Estimates)

#### Call Volume

	Emergent	Non-Emergent	St. Francis Special Trsf.	Total	Avg/Day	Average # Calls/Crew
1980	13994	N/A	N/A	13994	38	583
1984	16969	N/A	N/A	16969	47	528
1985	17817	3068	N/A	20885	57	712
1986	19275	4301	1596	25172	69	730
1987				27382	78	740

96% Increase in Call Volume between 1980 and 1987 86% of the Call Volume occurs within Wichita

#### Patients Transported

	Total	Avg/Day	Average # Pts/Crew
1980	10702	29	446
1984	13925	38	515
1985	16810	46	563
1986	20673	57	600
1987	22727	62	614

112% Increase in patients transported between 1980 and 1987.

#### System Cost

	Total Cost/Call	Tax Sup/Call	User Fee/Call
1980	123.77	84.46	39.31
1984	131.90	84.40	47.80
1985	136,47	76.52	59.95
1986	126,51	76.46	50.05
1987	135,70	74.51	61.19

10% Increase in Total Cost per Call between 1980 and 1987.

#### Collections

	User Fees	% of Increase over Previous Year
1980	501377	N/A
1984	940130	27%
1985	1225226	30%
1986	1626402	33%
1987	1675375	3%

234% Increase in User Fees collected between 1980 and 1987.

Collection Rate for 1986	82%
for 1987	81%
*National Average Public	61.1%
Private	76.8%
*Fig.1 C 1	

<sup>\*</sup>Fitch & Associates, Kansas City, MO

#### Response Times

	Wichita	County	Overall
1980			5,46
1984	5.26	7.98	5.63
1985	5.18	7.70	5.52
1986	5.15	7.86	5.53
1987			5,60
1986 8 mi	n. or less avera	age	87.58%
	n. or less avera		87.44%

Standard National Target is 90% in 8 min. or less

### Field Resuscitation Rate

1980	26%
1984	29%
1985	21%
1986	24%
1987	24%

Units staffed within corporate limits of Wichita

Minimum 4 when staffing level is 7.

- 6 when status is 9.
- 7 when status is 11.
- 8 when status is 12.

3 of the 4 county posts are 1 mile or less from the city limits.

### CODE BLUE STATS 1987

TOTAL CODE BLUES 519

FIELD SAVES 99 CLINICAL SAVES 25

TOTAL SAVES 124 = 24% SAVE RATE

## AVERAGE SCENE TIME FOR ALL CODE BLUES = 22 MINUTES

CODE BLUES BY RHYTHM COARSE FIB FINE FIB TOTAL V-FIBS	INITIAL RHYTHM TOTALS/YR 100 24 124	% OF TOTAL BLUES 19% 5% 24%	SAVES/YR 35 5 40	SAVE RATE 35% 21% 32%
ASYSTOLE	225	43%	18	8%
EMD	119	23%	32	27%
V TACH	5	1%	2	40%
OTHERS	40	8%	32	80%
BY AGE	TOTALS/YR	% OF TOTAL BLUES	SAVES/YR	SAVE RATE
0-10 11-19 20-29 30-30 40-49 50-59 60-69 70-79 80-89 90 & UP	22 12 29 39 35 61 108 117 72 22	5% 2% 6% 7% 8% 12% 21% 22% 14% 5%	4 1 8 6 10 5 37 24 24	18% 8% 23% 15% 28% 8% 34% 21% 33% 22%
UNKNOWN	3	.06%	0	0%

#### TRAUMA ALERTS 1987

TOTAL TRAUMA ALERTS: 310

EMS TRANSPORTS : 286 = 92% OF TOTAL

L.W. TRANSPORTS: 24 = 7% OF TOTAL

PINS: 16 = 5% OF TOTAL

AVERAGE RESPONSE TIMES

EMS: 6 MINUTES

LIFE WATCH: 15 MINUTES

AVERAGE SCENE TIME: 14 MINUTES

AVERAGE TRANSPORT TIME: 8 MINUTES FOR EMS

8 MINUTES FOR LIFE WATCH

FROM ARRIVAL AT SCENE 22 MINUTES FOR EMS

TO ARRIVAL AT ER 27 MINUTES FOR LIFE WATCH

AVERAGE CALL TIME: 28 MINUTES

HOSPITALS TOTALS % OF TOTAL TRAUMA ALERTS RIVERSIDE 44 14%

ST. FRANCIS 79 25% HCA WESLEY 91 29%

NOTE: 24 (26%) OF HCA WESLEY'S TOTAL WERE TRANSPORTED BY LIFE WATCH

ST. JOSEPH 96 31%

		0 1/0
CAUSES	TOTALS	% OF TOTAL
MOTOR VEHICLE	142	27%
WITHOUT PINS	101	19%
WITH PINS	13	2%
WITH PEDESTRIANS	22	4%
WITH BICYCLES	2	.03%
WITH TRAINS	4	.07%
MOTORCYCLE	31	6%
ASSAULTS	89	34%
GSW	53	10%
STABBINGS	25	5%
OTHERS	11	2%
OTHER CAUSES		
ELECTROCUTIONS	2	.03%
FALLS	24	5%

 FALLS
 24
 5%

 INDUSTRIAL
 6
 1%

 HANGINGS
 2
 .03%

BURNS 8 1.5% OTHERS 6 1.5%

Sylvia Davis, President 207 S. Buffalo Oberlin, Kansas 67749 913-475-3732



## Kansas Emergency Medical Technicians Association

Mary Ann Luby, Executive Director

P.O. Box 1506 Emporia, Kansas 66801

316-343-2854

March 2, 1988

#### **OFFICERS**

Dale Creed, Past President 2728 Rawhide Lane Lawrence, Ks. 66046 913-841-6696

Tom Gray, Vice President R.R. 3 Box 2A Ulysses, Ks. 67880 316-356-3166

Dan Keener, Legislative Liasion 919 Main LaCrosse, Ks. 67548 913-222-2600 913-222-3742

Cathie Young, Secretary Box 224 Toronto, Kansas 66777 316-637-2755 316-637-2491

Steve Miller, Treasurer 617 MacVicar Topeka, Kansas 66606 913-354-1283

#### **REGIONAL DIRECTORS**

Region 1 Margaret Ziegler Box 66 Collyer, Ks. 67631 913-769-5385

Region 2 Sheryle Broeckelman 611 N. Campbell Lakin, Ks. 67860 316-355-7374 316-355-7111

Region 3 Bill Auchterlonie 538 N. Main Wichita, Kansas 67203 316-268-7994

Region 4 Jane Carwell R.R. 2, Box 2 White Cloud, Ks. 66094 913-742-2131 TO: Don Montgomery, Chairman

Members Senate Local Government Committee

FROM: Sylvia Davis, President

Kansas Emergency Medical Technicians Association

REF.: Substitute House Bill 2639 as

Amended by the Committee as a Whole

#### Senators:

Thank you for the opportunity to testify, I am Sylvia Davis, President of the Kansas Emergency Medical Technicians Association. The Officers and Board of Directors of KEMTA would like to commend the House Local Government Committee and the House of Representatives as a Whole on Substitute House Bill 2639, and offer our support for the concept of this bill.

We, as a state organization, do have some concerns in the bill and I would like to share two of them with you at this time:

Section 4, subsection D, paragraph 2, concerning the May 1, 1988 deletion date. Although all rules and regulations deleted with this date are critical to EMS, we want to express our concern for deletion of K.A.R. 109-1-1, specifically the Training Officer Program for volunteer and paid ambulance services in the State of Kansas.

Currently there are approximately 98 Training Officers instructing volunteer services and 33 instructing paid services. All 131 total are certified only after successfully completing a written and practical examination program offered to them by the Bureau of Emergency Medical Services, many of these individuals donated their personal time to challenge this testing.

After these Training Officers met the required skill components requirements they set up recertification classes at their ambulance services to meet the requirements for yearly recertification and received approval for these classes from the Bureau of EMS. These,

(Attachment VI) Local Go 3/2/88

Sylvia Davis, President 207 S. Buffalo Oberlin, Kansas 67749 913-475-3732



## Kansas Emergency Medical Technicians Association

Mary Ann Luby, Executive Director
P.O. Box 1506 Emporia, Kansas 66801 316-343-2854

Page 2 of 2
Testimony to Senate
continued

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Region 4
Jane Carwell
R.R. 2, Box 2
White Cloud, Ks. 66094
913-742-2131

already approved classes in progress and future classes will cease with the May 1, 1988 bill deletion date if it is not altered. We feel this would be hazardous to EMS as a whole and affect the progress of EMS educational programs in the future.

To solve this problem, we respectfully ask that you consider the deletion of this paragraph from the bill to prevent any burden to the required educational recertification programs offered by Training Officers to ambulance services and their certified attendants.

The other concern we would like to highlight is the adoption of the immunity clauses for instructors and attendants as proposed by the Kansas EMS Committee submitted written changes. These immunity clauses are an attempt to guarantee immunity to all EMS instructors, services and various certified attendant levels as defined in this bill. After reviewing this bill we found not all attendants were granted the immunity clause, specifically to note the certified Emergency Medical Technician.

We, The Kansas Emergency Medical Technicians Association strive for progress in EMS and ask for your consideration of our concerns, as well as the other EMS providers testifying here today in our strive for excellence in the instruction and delivery of Emergency Medical Services in the State of Kansas.

Thank You Senators for this time to testify and for your considerations of our concerns.

Sincerely,

Sylvia Davis
President of KEMTA
EMT and T/O for Decatur County
Ambulance Service

#### CONSTITUTION

#### of the

KANSAS EMERGENCY MEDICAL TECHNICIANS ASSOCIATION, INC.

## ARTICLE I Organization

- SECTION 1. Name. The name of this organization shall be the <u>Kansas</u> <u>Emergency Medical Technicians Association</u>, Inc., Hereafter known as the "Association".
- SECTION 2. <u>Corporation</u>. This Association shall be a corporation not for profit under the laws of the State of Kansas.
- SECTION 3. Government. The Government of the Association shall be vested in a state membership and in the interim between its annual seminars, in a Board of Directors.
- SECTION 4. In addition to the state membership at large, the membership may organize local chapters of the Association to further its goals. The local chapters shall be chartered in a manner hereinafter set forth.
- SECTION 5. The Association shall be the Kansas state affiliate of the National Association of Emergency Medical Technicians immediately upon approval by the National Association
- SECTION 6. Objectives and Purposes. Subject to the specific, primary and general purposes stated in the Articles of Incorporation, and as a supplement thereto, the objectives and purposes of this Association are:
  - (a) To do all things appropriate to the advancement and maintenance of high standards in the art, science, and skills of emergency medical care and to encourage, establish, and maintain high standards of emergency medical care education and training for the emergency medical technician.
  - (b) To promote general awareness of the field of emergency medical care as an allied health profession.
  - (c) To gather, publish, and disseminate information via a periodic newsletter pertinent to growth, development, and the improvement in the skills of the EMT's and EMIC-T. To establish an efficient communication network throughout the State of Kansas for this purpose.
  - (d) To affiliate, cooperate, and work with other health system agencies, professionals, and associations of the health service field, and to cooperate, work with, and obtain professional recognition from county and state medical societies via improving and maintaing high standards in the field of emergency care.

## ARTICLE II The State Association

SECTION 1. Name. The name of the Association shall be the Kansas Emergency Medical Technicians Association. Inc.

## unty of Decatur

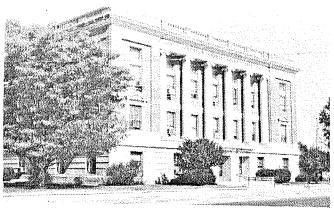
**DENNIS L. SLOAN** JACK NOONE RALPH D. UNGER COMMISSIONERS

MARILYN HORN COUNTY CLERK

MILDRED WALDO COUNTY TREASURER

**TERRY ROGERS** COUNTY ATTORNEY

CHARLOTTE MEINTS CLERK OF THE DISTRICT COURT



Oberlin, Kansas 67749

March 1, 1988

The Honorable Senator Don Montgomery, Chairman; and Members of the Senate Local Government Committee:

RE: HB 2639

Thank you for the opportunity to testify before your Committee. I am Ralph D. Unger, Decatur County Commissioner. I have served on our County Commission since 1973 and have been actively involved in the County's role in providing EMS services during this period.

We commend the Legislature for addressing the consolidation of EMS services in a single agency located in Topeka. We support the passage of HB 2639 as it passed the House of Representatives. We have two areas of concern, at this time.

- 1. Immunity for all classes of attendants, instructors, and/or training officers needs to be addressed either in this bill (Sections 18 - 24 and 41) or in the new Good Samaritan bill which I understand is being proposed. It appears that the basic EMT and the training officers have been inadvertently omitted.
- 2. Philosophically, we support the general idea of bringing training, testing, and recertification to the people -- rather than taking the people to the sites that provide these services.

We support the "Certified Training Officer" program which has been initiated during the past two years. This program is advantageous in providing ongoing training throughout the year as well as being more cost effective for the local EMS services. Our EMT's have indicated to us that recently the emphasis in testing has stressed the importance of the practical application of their knowledge and skills rather than just the recall of memorized procedures. We feel this is a real improvement.

We have concerns that the present wording in Section 4: Part D, lines 0166 to 0177 regarding rules and regulations may apparently place this essential program in "limbo" between the effective date of this bill and the meeting of the new EMS board. We request that these temporary rules either remain in effect until addressed by the new EMS board or that the May 1, 1987 date be changed to a later date, perhaps January 1, 1988 to continue the authorization of this valuable training program.

JOHN E. BREMER MAGISTRATE JUDGE

PATRICIA M. WHETZEL REGISTER OF DEEDS

KEN BADSKY COUNTY SHERIFF

JIM BAXENDALE COUNTY ENGINEER

CHARLES F. VOTAPKA COUNTY WEED SUPERVISOR

> RUTH M. BAINTER COUNTY APPRAISER

**EULA JUENEMANN** COUNTY HEALTH NURSE We understand that approximately 135 certified training officers are providing services under these rules to ambulance services throughout Kansas at this time. Many of these services are provided by and for volunteers.

We want to continue to support and strengthen the volunteers role in the providing of EMS services in many counties throughout Kansas. Effective medical care services are most responsive to local needs when they are controlled and directed by the local government and the local health care providers such as has been done in Decatur County in the past.

Attached to our letter you will find vital statistics about Decatur County and its record of EMS services for the past several years. We are proud of the improvements we have made during this time and of the many volunteer hours donated by our EMT's, doctors, community leaders and medical personnel, without whom none of this would be possible. We ask for your support for the position we suggest on the preceding page so we can continue this advancement.

Thank you for the opportunity to share our concerns with your Committee.

Sincerely,

DECATUR COUNTY BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS:

Dennis L. Sloan, Chairman Jack Noone, Member Ralph D. Unger, Member

HEALTH OFFICER & MEDICAL DIRECTOR
OF AMBULANCE SERVICE:

Ren R. Whitaker, MD

# DECATUR COUNTY STATISTICS

YEAR	VALUATION	LEVY
1987	27,199,868	39.049
1986	28,178,855	29.700
1985	31,165,086	21.007
1984	31,305,577	19.097
1983	33,226,365	21.900
1982	39,405,669	19.840

EMS Ambulance Runs -- 1975 through 1987

3,403 Runs

212,176 accident-free miles

Average response time:

3.7 minutes

Volunteer Time on Call

365 days X 24 hours X 6 EMT's = 52,560 hrs/yr 683,280 hrs @ \$3.50 = \$2,391,480 \*

<sup>\*</sup> If this would have to be added to each ambulance call, the basic charge would need to increase by \$702.75. This is why it is so important to us to keep our volunteers.

To: Special Committee on Local Government

My name is Peggy Jewell. I am a Kansas Emergency Nurse. I am currently President of the Kansas Emergency Nurses Association. My position in reference to House Bill 2639 is as follows:

Emergency Nurses are an integral functioning part in the day to day functioning of the Emergency Medical System. We deal closely with the pre-hospital care providers in their educational programs, in telecommunication regarding patients they are assessing and triaging and in disaster planning and disaster protocol implementation. The Emergency Nurse is not only a vital care giver, but the essential communication link between the pre-hospital care givers and the Emergency Medical physician.

Given our involvement in every phase, I believe it is very essential to have a Registered Nurse who is actively involved in Emergency Nursing be assigned to this board.

I appreciate the time you have given to me today. I appreciate the letters and phone calls returned to me by many of you and I thank you for your attention to this matter.

Leggy Jewell R.N. CEN Peggy Jewell, R.N., CEN

(Attachment VIII) Local Go 3/2/88

EMERGENCY
EMERGENCY
EMERGENCY
EMERGENCY
EMERGENCY
EMERGENCY
NURSESASSOCIATION

## KENA



#### KANSAS EMERGENCY NURSES ASSOCIATION

1988

Position presented by Darlene S. Whitlock, RN Regarding Substitute for House Bill 2639

I would like to thank you for allowing me to testify to this committee regarding the Substitute for House Bill 2639. I was asked to be brief in my remarks, but I would be happy to answer any questions.

I am here to represent the Kansas State Council of the Emergency Nurses Association.

I am currently a member of the EMS Council because I was the immediate past president of that group and was endorsed by them for the nurse position currently allowed on the council. The KENA group is comprised of emergency nurses across the state. I have attached a statement from the executive committee that speaks to the proposed legislation also.

We are strongly in favor of many aspects of the substitute for House Bill 2639. As a current member of a board of education, I know how much time and effort goes into decision making even on that small scale. I also feel that input is helpful in the decision making and KENA feels that at least one aspect of the proposal needs attention. We would stongly urge the committee to consider the addition of a nurse position to the proposed Emergency Medical Services Board.

Current and proposed legislation speaks of a registered professional nurse being involved in certain aspects of EMS. It would seem appropriate to us that a nurse would be helpful in the initial decision making also. We feel that nurse should be one that has a background in emergency nursing. We feel that an emergency nurse would be an excellant resource because of the close interface with prehospital caregivers. We do not feel the nurse should be in place of the proposed prehospital members, but in addition to that group.

The KENA group would appreciate your consideration for the addition of an emergency nurse to the proposed Board. (Attachment IX) Local Go 3/2/88

EMERGENCY EMERCENCY EMERGENCY EMERGENCY EMERGENCY EMERGENCY NURSESASSOCIATION

## KENA



KANSAS EMERGENCY NURSES ASSOCIATION

1987

#### TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

The Executive Committee of the Kansas State Council of the Emergency Nurses Association would like to voice their support of the Bureau of Emergency Medical Services and the Emergency Medical Services Council.

The Kansas ENA group has been represented on the EMS Council for many years. KENA feels that it is in the best interest of Kansas consumers to have different branches of emergency care providers involved in the decision making and dialogue that occurs in that council. executive committee feels strongly that emergency nurses who directly. interact with EMT's, EMICT's and other prehospital caregivers should be involved with decision making in that area. Many emergency nurses are also certified at some of those same levels and have a good grasp of areas of concern.

Although KENA is not a large group (approximately 160 members), their members are statewide. With this kind of group the members are from both rural and urban areas. This range of caregivers gives a good understanding of the variety of problems that need to be addressed. We feel that the present Bureau of EMS has made a conserted effort to address urban and rural issues.

Please contact this group if we may be of any help in formulating plans for emergency care in Kansas.

CShe J-Wash

Sue Unruh, President Milford

Gwen Philbrook, Treasurer

Salina

Julen Phil brook RI

Deb Condit, Secreta:

Hays

Deb Condit

March 2, 1988

Lillian McDaneld

Testimony for House Bill 2639

I am representing Osborne County as the director of the Osborne Ambulance Service and as the county instructor coordinator. I would like to express my appreciation for all of the effort put forth by the House of Representatives to make House Bill 2639 an asset to Kansas EMS.

As an instructor coordinator in a rural area, I am concerned with section four, lines 172 through 177. If this language remains in the bill, it will nullify the current continuing education and training officer programs. I feel it is important that the continuing education regulations, which are far superior to those which I have worked with in the past, remain in effect until the new board can adopt a program to replace them. This will make the transition smoother for training providers and attendants. In regard to the training officer program, two of the counties which surround Osborne do not have instructors at present and utilize training officers to provide continuing education for their ambulance attendants. I have assisted with the training portion of this program since May 1987 and feel that the training officers have come away feeling very confident in their own skills and their ability to instruct their ambulance personnel. If the training officer program is abolished, the continuing education will have to be assumed by the instructor coordinators in the area. Since the attendants are for the most part volunteers and their personal schedules must be considered, one program for each service is not sufficient. Although I am willing to consult with the training officers regarding continuing education, I will find it difficult to conduct the entire programs. I believe it will also be a hardship for the counties that have to hire an instructor for continuing education.

#### (Attachment X) Local Go 3/2/88

I want to thank you for being allowed to testify and for your attention. I also appreciate the consideration you are giving to House Bill 2639.

Sincerely,

Lillian McDaneld

129 W. New Hampshire Osborne, Kansas 67473

Phone 913 346 5689