

MINUTES OF THE <u>SENATE</u> COMMITTEE ON _	LABOR, INDUSTRY & SMALL BUSINESS
The meeting was called to order by <u>Senator Alicia</u>	L. Salisbury at Chairperson
1:35	
All members were present except: Senator Norma Daniels - Excused	
Committee staff present: Jerry Ann Donaldson, Kansas Legislative Re Gordon Self, Revisor of Statutes Office Mary Allen, Committee Secretary	search Department

Conferees appearing before the committee:

Brandon Meyers, Kansas Commission on Civil Rights Robert Anderson, Division of Workers' Compensation Rob Hodges, Kansas Chamber of Commerce and Industry

The meeting was called to order by the Chairman, Senator Alicia L. Salibury.

Senator Morris moved that the minutes of the February 22, 1989, February 23, 1989, March 1, 1989, and March 2, 1989, meetings of the Committee be approved. Senator Sallee seconded the motion. The motion carried.

Senate Bill 329 - An Act concerning the Kansas age discrimination in employment act; authorizing the adoption of certain rules and regulations.

Brandon Meyers, Attorney for the Kansas Commission on Civil Rights, appeared before the Committee to explain \underline{SB} 329, which, he said, would give the Commission the authority to promulgate rules and regulations in its administration of the Kansas Age Discrimination in Employment Act.

Senator Petty moved that SB 329 be recommended favorably for passage. Senator Martin seconded the motion. The motion carried.

Senate Bill 354 - An act concerning workers compensation; relating to rehabilitation benefits; procedures for hearings and awards.

Chairman Salisbury called on Robert Anderson, Director of the Division of Workers' Compensation in the Department of Human Resources, to explain the provisions of SB 354. Mr. Anderson called the attention of the Committee to the proposed changes contained in the bill which would amend K.S.A. 44-510g and distributed a chart (Attachment I) which describes the language currently in the Workers' Compensation Act concerning the purpose of the Act, work disability and vocational rehabilitation services. Mr. Anderson said that this section of SB 354 provides that when, as a result of an injury or occupation disease which is compensible under the Workers' Compensation Act, an employee is unable to perform work for the same employer at a comparable wage with or without accommodation or to enter the open labor market to perform work for which the employee has previous training, education, qualifications or experience and earn comparable wage, the employee will be entitled to such vocational rehabilitation services as may be reasonably necessary to restore to the employee the ability to perform work in the open labor market and to earn comparable wage.

Senator Morris observed that some employers are concerned that if this proposed change becomes law, and if an employee returns to work at a lesser wage and also receives work disability, that employee might, at a later date, decide to have vocational rehabilitation training and the employer would not only have to pay work disability but would also pay for the training. Mr. Anderson answered that if all the thresholds were made for a person who eventually entered vocational rehabilitation, the employer, if there is a running award and there has not been a work disability settlement, should be able, under K.S.A. 44-528, Review and modification, to state that as a result of vocational rehabilitation the employee no longer has the previous

CONTINUATION SHEET

MINUTES OF THE SENATE COMMITTEE ON LABOR, INDUSTRY & SMALL BUSINESS, room 527-S, Statehouse, at 1:35 xxxx./p.m. on March 15 , 1989

work disability and the work disability should be lessened.

Mr. Anderson discussed the proposed amendment to $\underline{SB\ 354}$ to K.S.A. 44-534 and noted that it would give the Workers' Compensation Director the discretion to assign a case to a special administrative law judge instead of to an assistant director in instances when an award is not entered in thirty days.

Rob Hodges, Kansas Chamber of Commerce and Industry, told the Committee that he has had some concerns expressed to him from Beech Aircraft over the proposed amendment to K.S.A. 44-510g(d) in \underline{SB} 354 where the comparable wage language is inserted in lines 69 and 70 as to whether or not returning to work for the same employer at a comparable wage precludes someone from returning to work at some lesser wage and leaving them open, if anything less than that, to return at a lesser wage and also receive vocational rehabilitation. He stated that he does not believe it is the intention of the Committee or the Legislature that claimants be placed in the position where a return to work is also an avenue for vocational rehabilitation.

Mr. Anderson observed that one complication in this whole issue is that "comparable wage" has not been defined in any appellate court or in the Director's Office.

Senator Morris moved that SB 354 be amended by inserting the provisions of Substitute for HB 2506, as the substitute bill was originally drafted before the House Committee of the Whole amendments were passed. (Attachment II) Senator Thiessen seconded the motion.

The Chairman asked the Workers' Compensation Director to provide an explanation of <u>Substitute for HB 2506</u> as it was recommended by the House Labor and Industry Committee. Mr. Anderson explained that the amendments to K.S.A. 44-534 and K.S.A. 44-556 would apply if a party has paid medical compensation or temporary total compensation to a claimant and it is later determined, by a full presentation of the facts, that the accident was not compensable or that the claimant was given more compensation than was ultimately awarded. The party could, by certification through the Director's Office, recover that additional payment from the Workers' Compensation Fund. Mr. Anderson said that this provision would encourage employers to voluntarily provide vocational rehabilitation benefits.

Senator Martin offered a substitute motion that SB 354 be amended by inserting Substitute for HB 2506 as passed by the House of Representatives. Senator Petty seconded the substitute motion. The substitute motion failed.

A vote was taken on the original motion offered by Senator Morris. The original motion carried. Senators Feleciano, Martin and Petty asked to be recorded as voting no.

Senator Morris moved that SB 354 as amended be recommended favorably for passage. Senator Sallee seconded the motion. The motion carried. Senator Martin asked to be recorded as voting no.

The meeting was adjourned by the Chairman at 2:15 p.m.

GUEST LIST

NAME

Brandon L. Mye

RICHARD LIHOMAS

Robert A. Anderson

Mile German

REPRESENTING

KCCI

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VOCATIONAL REHABILITATION

PRIMARY PURPOSE 44-510g(a)	WORK DISABILITY (GENERAL BODY INJURIES) 44-510e(a)	THRESHOLD FOR REHAB 44-510g(d)	VOCATIONAL REHABILITATION SERVICES - 44-510g(d)
A primary purpose of the Morkers Compensation Act shall be to restore to the injured employee the ability to perform work in the open labor market and to earn comparable mages.	The extent of permanent general disability shall be the extent, expressed as a percentage, to which the ability of the employee to perform work in the open labor market and to earn comparable wageshas been reduced.	Employee is unable to perform work for the same employer with or without accommodation or for which such employee has previous training, education qualification or experience. RECOMMENDATION 1. Same employer at a comparable wage. 2. Previous training, education, qualification or experience to enter open labor market and to earn comparable wage.	work in the open labor market and to earn compart wages.

SENATE BILL No. 354

By Committee on Ways and Means

3-2

AN ACT concerning workers compensation; relating to rehabilitation benefits; procedures for hearings and awards; <u>amending K.S.A.</u> 44-523 and K.S.A. 1988 Supp. 44-510g, 44-534a and 44-556 and repealing the existing sections.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

Section 1. K.S.A. 1988 Supp. 44-510g is hereby amended to read as follows: 44-510g. (a) A primary purpose of the workers compensation act shall be to restore to the injured employee the ability to perform work in the open labor market and to earn comparable wages, as determined pursuant to subsection (a) of K.S.A. 44-510e and amendments thereto. To this end, the director shall appoint, subject to the approval of the secretary, a specialist in medical, physical and vocational rehabilitation, who shall be referred to as the rehabilitation administrator. The director shall appoint, subject to the approval of the secretary, four assistant rehabilitation administrators. The rehabilitation administrator and the assistant rehabilitation administrators shall be in the classified service under the Kansas civil service act. The rehabilitation administrator and the assistant rehabilitation administrators, subject to the direction of the rehabilitation administrator, shall: (1) Continuously study the problems of physical and vocational rehabilitation; (2) investigate and maintain a directory of all rehabilitation facilities, public or private, in this state, and, where such rehabilitation administrator determines necessary, in any other state; and (3) be fully knowledgeable regarding the eligibility requirements of all state, federal and other public medical, physical and vocational rehabilitation facilities and benefits. With respect to private facilities and agencies providing medical, physical and vocational rehabilitation services, including rehabilitation service programs provided directly by employers, the PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO S.B. NO. 354

For Consideration by Senate Committee on Labor, Industry and Small Business

securing payment of compensation;

payments made pending appeal and review; requiring reimbursement in certain cases

and 44-532

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director shall approve as qualified such facilities, institutions, agencies, employer programs and physicians as are capable of rendering competent rehabilitation services. No such facility, institution, agency or employer program shall be considered qualified unless it is specifically equipped to provide rehabilitation services for persons suffering from either some specialized type of disability or some general type of disability within the field of occupational injury or disease, and is staffed with trained and qualified personnel and, with respect to medical and physical rehabilitation, unless it is supervised by a physician qualified to render such service. No physician shall be considered qualified unless such physician has had such experience and training as the director may deem necessary.

- (b) Under the direction of the director, and subject to the director's final approval, the rehabilitation administrator shall have the duties of directing and auditing medical, physical and vocational rehabilitation of employees in accordance with the provisions of this section.
- (c) An employee who has suffered an injury shall be entitled to prompt medical and physical rehabilitation services as may be reasonably necessary to restore to such employee the ability to perform work in the open labor market and to earn comparable wages, as determined pursuant to subsection (a) of K.S.A. 44-510e and amendments thereto, and as provided in this section.
- (d) When as a result of an injury or occupational disease which is compensable under the workers compensation act, the employee is unable (1) to perform work for the same employer at a comparable wage with or without accommodation or (2) to enter the open labor market to perform work for which such employee has previous training, education, qualifications or experience and earn a comparable wage, such employee shall be entitled to such vocational rehabilitation services, including retraining and job placement, as may be reasonably necessary to restore to such employee the ability to perform work in the open labor market and to earn comparable wages, as determined pursuant to subsection (a) of K.S.A. 44-510e and amendments thereto, and as provided in this section.
- (e) (1) If the employee has remained off work for 90 days or if it is apparent to the director the employee requires vocational re-

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habilitation services and, in either case, if approved rehabilitation services are not voluntarily furnished to the employee by the employer, the director, on such director's own motion or upon application of any party, may refer the employee to a qualified public agency, if the employee is eligible, or private agency or facility, or the employer's rehabilitation service program, if qualified, for evaluation and for a report of the practicability of, need for, and kind of service, treatment, training or rehabilitation which is or may be necessary and appropriate to render such employee able to perform work in the open labor market and to earn comparable wages, as determined pursuant to subsection (a) of K.S.A. 44-510e and amendments thereto. The costs of such evaluation and report shall be at the expense of the employer. Each report shall contain a rehabilitation plan which shall adhere to the following priority listing of rehabilitation goals:

- (A) The first priority is to return the employee to the same work for the same employer;
- (B) the second priority is to return the employee to the same work, with accommodation, for the same employer;
- (C) the third priority is to return the employee to other work, with or without accommodation, for the same employer;
- (D) the fourth priority is to return the employee to the same work for another employer;
- (E) the fifth priority is to return the employee to other work for another employer; and
- (F) the sixth priority is to provide vocational rehabilitation, reeducation and training.
- (2) Within 50 days after such referral, the report shall be submitted to and reviewed by the rehabilitation administrator and copies shall be furnished to each party. If all parties do not agree with the report, the rehabilitation administrator shall confer with the rehabilitation service provider, the employee and the employer to review the evaluation and the proposed rehabilitation plan in the report. The rehabilitation administrator shall ensure the evaluation and the rehabilitation plan are objective and reasonable and the rehabilitation goal is reasonably obtainable. Within 20 days after the initial review of the report, the rehabilitation administrator shall deliver copies of

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the report, together with the rehabilitation administrator's recommendations and any revisions of or objections to the rehabilitation plan, to each party, to the director and to the assigned administrative law judge, if there is one. Within 10 days after receipt of such report, any party may request a hearing before the director on any matter contained in the report or any such recommendations or

(A) May order any treatment, or medical and physical rehabilitation, as recommended in the report or as the director may deem necessary, be provided at the expense of the employer;

revisions. After affording the parties an opportunity to be heard and

present evidence, the director:

- (B) may order the employer to pay temporary total disability compensation, computed as provided in K.S.A. 44-510c and amendments thereto, or temporary partial disability compensation, computed as provided in K.S.A. 44-510e and amendments thereto, during the period of rehabilitation evaluation and continuing through the date the rehabilitation plan is delivered to the director as provided in subsection (e)(2). Temporary total or temporary partial disability compensation paid solely because of involvement in the rehabilitation evaluation process shall not be payable for more than 70 days from the date of the evaluation, except such temporary total or temporary partial disability compensation may be continued by the director for an additional period of not more than 30 days if circumstances outside the control of the employee prevents completion of the evaluation or the formulation of the rehabilitation plan;
- (C) where vocational rehabilitation, reeducation or training is recommended in the report, or is deemed necessary by the director to restore to the employee the ability to perform work in the open labor market and to earn comparable wages, as determined pursuant to subsection (a) of K.S.A. 44-510e and amendments thereto, may direct the employee to the appropriate federal, state or other public facility or agency where such services will or may be provided at no cost to the employer, except as otherwise provided in this section, or, upon the request of the employer, to a qualified rehabilitation service program provided directly by the employer; and
- (D) if the employee is not eligible for such vocational rehabilitation, reeducation or training through any such state, federal or

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190 191 other public facility or agency, or where such services through such facilities or agencies are not available to the employee within a reasonable period of time, may order such services be provided at the expense of the employer by any qualified private agency or facility in this state or any state contiguous to this state or by a qualified rehabilitation service program provided directly by the employer.

- (3) Any vocational rehabilitation, reeducation or training to be provided at the expense of the employer under subsection (e)(2) shall not extend for a period of more than 36 weeks, except, in extremely unusual cases, after a hearing and the presentation of evidence, the director, by special order, may extend the period for not more than an additional 36 weeks. The employer shall have a right to appeal to the district court any such special order by the director for any extension of the initial thirty-six-week period, within the time and in the manner provided in K.S.A. 44-556 and amendments thereto and any such special order shall be stayed until the district court has determined the appeal. There shall be no right of appeal to the Kansas supreme court or court of appeals from a judgment of the district court sustaining or overruling any such special order of the director.
- (f) Where vocational rehabilitation, reeducation or training is to be furnished at the expense of the employer under this section, and such services require that the employee reside at or near a facility or institution, away from the employee's customary county of residence, either in or out of the state of Kansas, the reasonable costs of the employee's board, lodging and travel, not to exceed a maximum total of \$3,500 for any thirty-six-week period, shall be paid by the employer, except, in unusual cases where, after a hearing and the presentation of evidence the director finds the costs are clearly reasonable and necessary, the director may require by special order that the employer pay an additional amount for the costs of the employee's board, lodging and travel of not more than \$2,000.
- (g) The employer shall pay temporary total disability compensation during any period of vocational rehabilitation, reeducation or training, computed as provided in K.S.A. 44-510c and amendments thereto, but the employer shall receive credit for any weekly,

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monthly or other monetary payments made to the employee or such employee's family by any state, federal or other public agency during any such period, exclusive of any such payments for the board, lodging and travel expenses of the employee. Subject to a maximum of 26 weeks, the number of weeks during which temporary total disability compensation is paid during vocational rehabilitation, reeducation or training shall not be deducted from the maximum number of weeks available for the payment of disability compensation under the schedule provided in K.S.A. 44-510d and amendments thereto.

- (h) The director shall cooperate with federal, state and other public or private agencies for vocational rehabilitation, reeducation or training, or medical or physical rehabilitation. The employer shall not be required to pay the reasonable costs of the employee's board, lodging and travel where such costs are borne by any federal, state or other public agency, nor shall any costs for vocational rehabilitation, reeducation or training be assessed to the employer if such vocational rehabilitation, reeducation or training is in fact furnished by and at the expense of any federal, state or other public agency.
- (i) Whenever the director determines there is a reasonable probability that with appropriate medical, physical or vocational rehabilitation, reeducation or training, a person, who is entitled to compensation for permanent total disability, partial disability or any other disability under the workers compensation act, may be rehabilitated to the extent such person can become able to perform work in the open labor market and to earn comparable wages, as determined pursuant to subsection (a) of K.S.A. 44-510e and amendments thereto, and it is for the best interests of such person to undertake such rehabilitation, reeducation or training, if the injured employee without good cause refuses to undertake the rehabilitation, educational or training program determined by the director to be suitable for such employee or refuses to be evaluated under the provisions of subsection (e) and the refusal is not due to the employee's physical or mental ability to do so, the employee shall be considered as having elected not to participate in such rehabilitation, reeducation or training and the director may suspend the payment of any disability compensation until the employee consents to undertake such program or to be so evaluated. The director may reduce

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the disability compensation otherwise payable if any such refusal persists for a period in excess of 90 days, except disability compensation shall not be reduced to less than that payable for permanent partial disability in accordance with K.S.A. 44-510d and amendments thereto or for permanent partial general disability for functional impairment in accordance with K.S.A. 44-510e and amendments thereto.

- (j) At such time as any medical, physical or vocational rehabilitation, reeducation or training has been completed under this section, the employer shall have the right, by the filing of an application with the director, to seek a modification of any award which has been rendered granting any compensation to the employee for any disability. Upon at least 20 days' notice by registered mail to all parties, the director shall set the application for hearing and the parties shall present all material and relevant evidence. In the event the director determines the employee is rehabilitated so such employee is able to perform work in the open labor market and to earn comparable wages, as determined pursuant to subsection (a) of K.S.A. 44-510e and amendments thereto, the director shall modify any award of compensation or, if no such award has been made, the director shall make an award to reflect only such disability, if any, as exists at the conclusion of such rehabilitation. Any award of partial disability, or modification of an existing award, made pursuant to this subsection (i) shall be subject to the provisions of K.S.A. 44-510d and 44-510e and amendments thereto.
- Sec. 2. K.S.A. 44-523 is hereby amended to read as follows: 44-523. (a) The director, administrative law judge or court shall not be bound by technical rules of procedure, but shall give the parties reasonable opportunity to be heard and to present evidence, insure an employee an expeditious hearing and act reasonably without partiality.
- (b) Whenever a party files an application for hearing pursuant to K.S.A. 44-534 and amendments thereto, the matter shall be assigned to an administrative law judge for hearing and the administrative law judge shall set a terminal date to require the claimant to submit all evidence in support of the claimant's claim no later than thirty (30) 30 days after the first full hearing before the administrative law

judge and to require the respondent to submit all evidence in support of the respondent's position no later than thirty (30) 30 days thereafter. An extension of the foregoing time limits may be granted:

- (1) If all parties agree;
- (2) if the employee is being paid temporary or permanent total disability compensation;
- (3) for medical examination of the claimant if the party requesting the extension explains in writing to the administrative law judge facts showing that the party made a diligent effort but was unable to have a medical examination conducted prior to the submission of the case by the claimant but then only if the examination appointment was set and notice of the appointment sent prior to submission by the claimant; or
 - (4) on application to the director for good cause shown.
- (c) When all parties have submitted the case to an administrative law judge for an award, the administrative law judge shall issue an award within thirty (30) 30 days. When the award is not entered in thirty (30) 30 days, any party to the action may notify the director that an award is not entered and the director shall assign the matter to an assistant director or to a special administrative law judge who shall enter an award forthwith based on the evidence in the record, or the director, on the director's own motion, may remove the case from the administrative law judge who has not entered an award within thirty (30) 30 days following submission by the party and assign it to an assistant director or to a special administrative law judge for immediate decision based on the evidence in the record.
- Sec. 3. K.S.A. 1988 Supp. 44-534a is hereby amended to read as follows: 44-534a. (a) After filing an application for a hearing pursuant to K.S.A. 44-534 and amendments thereto, the employee may make application for a preliminary hearing, in such form as the director may require by rules and regulations, on the issues of the furnishing of medical treatment and the payment of temporary total disability compensation and for any matter relative to the furnishing of vocational rehabilitation in accordance with and subject to the provisions of K.S.A. 44-510g and amendments thereto. At least seven days prior to filing an application for a preliminary hearing, the employee shall notify the employer of the employee's intent to file

INSERT Sec. 3 amending K.S.A. 44-532 Attached

And by renumbering sections accordingly

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such an application and shall confirm such notice by letter. Upon receipt of an application for such a preliminary hearing, the director shall give seven days' written notice by mail to the employer of the date set for such hearing. Such preliminary hearing shall be summary in nature and shall be held by the director or an administrative law judge in any county designated by the director or administrative law judge, and the director or administrative law judge shall exercise such powers as are provided for the conduct of full hearings on claims under the workers compensation act. Upon a preliminary finding that the injury to the employee is compensable and in accordance with the facts presented at such preliminary hearing, the director or administrative law judge may make a preliminary award of medical compensation and temporary total disability compensation to be in effect pending the conclusion of a full hearing on the claim. The decision in such preliminary hearing shall be rendered within five days of the conclusion of such hearing. No such preliminary findings or preliminary awards shall be appealable by any party to the proceedings, and the same shall not be binding in a full hearing on the claim, but shall be subject to a full presentation of the facts.

(b) If compensation in the form of medical benefits or, temporary total disability benefits or vocational rehabilitation benefits has been paid by the employer or the employer's insurance carrier either voluntarily or pursuant to a preliminary award entered under this section and, upon a full hearing on the claim, the amount of compensation to which the employee is entitled is found to be less than the amount of compensation paid or is totally disallowed, the employer and the employer's insurance carrier shall be reimbursed from the workers compensation fund established in K.S.A. 44-566a and amendments thereto, for all amounts of compensation so paid which are in excess of the amount of compensation the employee is entitled to as determined in the full hearing on the claim. The director shall determine the amount of compensation paid by the employer or insurance carrier which is to be reimbursed under this subsection, and the director shall certify to the commissioner of insurance the amount so determined. Upon receipt of such certification, the commissioner of insurance shall cause payment to be made to the employer or the employer's insurance carrier in accordance therewith.

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Sec. 4. K.S.A. 1988 Supp. 44-556 is hereby amended to read as follows: 44-556. (a) Any action of the director pursuant to the workmen's workers compensation act shall be subject to review in accordance with the act for judicial review and civil enforcement of agency actions. Such review shall be upon questions of law and fact as presented and shown by a transcript of the evidence and proceedings as presented, had and introduced before the director. The venue of the action shall be the county where the cause of action arose or the county mutually agreed upon by all of the parties. Any such action shall have precedence over all other hearings except those of like character, and shall be heard not later than the first term of the district court after the appeal has been perfected, and the court shall decide all such cases within 60 days after submission. The appealing party shall notify the director when judgment is issued by the court. If judgment is not issued within 60 days of submission, the appealing party shall notify the director to that effect. The director will advise the judge to whom the case was submitted that 60 days has elapsed since submission of the case and request that a decision be rendered. If no decision is forthcoming within 30 days of such request by the director, the director will advise the supreme court justice having jurisdiction over such judge of all of the facts in regard to the review and the failure of the judge to render a decision as required by this section.

(b) On any such review the district court shall have jurisdiction to grant or refuse compensation, or to increase or diminish any award of the director as justice may require. No compensation shall be due or payable until the expiration of the time for commencing an action for review and then the payment of past due compensation awarded by the director shall not be payable if, within such time notice of appeal to the district court a petition for review, has been filed in accordance with the act for judicial review and civil enforcement of agency actions. The right of review shall include the right to make no payments of such compensation until the review has been decided by the district court if the employer is insured for workmen's workers compensation liability with an insurance company authorized to do business in this state, if the employer is maintaining membership in a qualified group-funded workers com-

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- (c) If review of the decision of the district court is sought pursuant to K.S.A. 77-623 and amendments thereto, the compensation payable under the decision of the district court shall not be stayed pending such review. Review of the decision of the district court shall take precedence over other cases except cases of the same character.
- (d) If compensation, including medical benefits, temporary total disability benefits or vocational rehabilitation benefits, has been paid to the worker by the employer or the employer's insurance carrier during the pendency of review by the district court or by appellate courts and the amount of compensation awarded by the director or the district court is reduced or totally disallowed by the decision on the appeal or review, the employer and the employer's insurance carrier, except as otherwise provided in this section, shall be reimbursed from the workers compensation fund established in K.S.A. 44-566a and amendments thereto for all amounts of compensation so paid which are in excess of the amount of compensation that the worker is entitled to as determined by the final decision on review. The director shall determine the amount of compensation paid by the employer or insurance carrier which is to be reimbursed under this subsection, and the director shall certify to the commissioner of insurance the amount so determined. Upon receipt of such certification, the commissioner of insurance shall cause payment to be made to the employer or the employer's insurance carrier in accordance therewith.

Sec. 5. K.S.A. 44-523 and K.S.A. 1988 Supp. 44-510g, 44-534a and 44-556 are hereby repealed.

Sec. 6. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its publication in the statute book.

if the employer is maintaining membership in a group-funded pool under the Kansas municipal group-funded pool act which includes workers compensation and employers' liability under the workers compensation act

Subsections (e) & (f) attached insert (\mathcal{Z})

and 44-532

INSERT C

- Sec. 3. K.S.A. 44-532 is hereby amended to read as follows: 44-532. (a) Where the payment of compensation of the employee or the employee's dependents is insured by a policy or policies, at the expense of the employer, or the employer is a member of a qualified group-funded workers compensation pool, the insurer or the qualified group-funded workers compensation pool shall be subrogated to the rights and duties under the workmen's workers compensation act of the employer so far as appropriate, including the immunities provided by K.S.A. 44-501 and amendments thereto.
- (b) Every employer shall secure the payment of compensation to the employer's employees by insuring in one of the following ways: (1) By insuring and keeping insured the payment of such compensation with an insurance carrier authorized to transact the business of workers compensation insurance in the state of Kansas; (2) by showing to the director that the employer carries such employer's own risk and is what is known as a self-insurer and by furnishing proof to the director of the employer's financial ability to pay such compensation for the employer's self; or (3) by maintaining a membership in a qualified group-funded workers compensation pool as--provided--by--K-S-A-44-581--to-44-591,-inclusive,-and-amendments-thereto. The cost of carrying such insurance or risk shall be paid by the employer and not the employee.
- (c) The knowing and intentional failure of an employer to secure the payment of workers compensation to the employer's employees as required in subsection (b) of this section is a class C misdemeanor.
- (d) (1) Every insurance carrier writing workers' compensation insurance for any employment covered under the workmen's workers compensation act shall file, with the director, written notice of the issuance, nonrenewal or cancellation of a policy or contract of insurance, or any endorsement, providing

workers compensation coverage, within 10 days after such issuance, nonrenewal or cancellation. Every such insurance carrier shall file, with the director, written notice of all such policies, contracts and endorsements in force on the effective date of this act.

- (2) Every employer covered by the workmen's workers compensation act who is a qualified self-insurer shall give written notice to the director if such employer changes from a self-insurer status to insuring through an insurance carrier or by maintaining a membership in a qualified group-funded workers compensation pool, such notice to be given within 10 days after the effective date of such change. Every self-insurer shall file with the director annually a report verifying the employer's continuing ability to pay compensation to the employer's employees.
- (3) Every employer covered by the workmen's workers compensation act who is a member of a qualified group-funded workers compensation pool shall give written notice to the director if such employer changes from a group-funded workers compensation pool to insuring through an insurance carrier or becoming a self-insurer, such notice to be given within 10 days after the effective date of such change.
- (4) The mailing of any written notice or report required by this subsection (d) in a stamped envelope within the prescribed time shall comply with the requirements of this subsection.
- (5) The director shall provide by regulation for the forms of written notices and reports required by this subsection (d).
- (e) As used in this section, "qualified group-funded workers compensation pool" means any qualified group-funded workers compensation pool under K.S.A. 44-581 through 44-591 and amendments thereto or any group-funded pool under the Kansas municipal group-funded pool act which includes workers compensation and employers' liability under the workers compensation act.

- If compensation, including medical benefits, temporary total disability benefits or vocational rehabilitation benefits, has been paid to the worker by the employer, the employer's insurance carrier or the workers compensation fund during the pendency of review by the district court or by appellate courts, and the employer, the employer's insurance carrier or the workers compensation fund, which was held liable for and ordered to pay all or part of the amount of compensation awarded by the director or the district court, is held not liable by the final decision on the appeal or review for the compensation paid or is held liable on such appeal or review to pay an amount of compensation which is less than the amount paid pursuant to the award, then employer, employer's insurance carrier or workers compensation fund shall be reimbursed by the party or parties which were held liable on such appeal or review to pay the amount of compensation to the worker that was erroneously ordered paid by the director or district court. The director shall determine the amount of compensation which is to be reimbursed to each party under this subsection, if any, in accordance with the final decision on the appeal or review and shall certify each such amount to be reimbursed to the party required to pay the amount amounts of such reimbursement. Upon receipt of such or certification, the party required to make the reimbursement shall pay the amount or amounts required to be paid in accordance with such certification. No worker shall be required to make reimbursement under this subsection or subsection (d).
- (f) As used in subsections (d) and (e), "employers' insurance carrier" includes any qualified group-funded workers compensation pool under K.S.A. 44-581 through 44-591 and amendments thereto or a group-funded pool under the Kansas municipal group-funded pool act which includes workers compensation and employers' liability under the workers compensation act.

REPORTS OF STANDING COMMITTEES

MR. PRESIDENT:

Your Committee on Labor, Industry and Small Business

Recommends that Senate Bill No. 329

"AN ACT concerning the Kansas age discrimination in employment act; authorizing the adoption of certain rules and regulations."

Be passed.

Chairperson

REPORTS OF STANDING COMMITTEES

MR. PRESIDENT:

Your Committee on Labor, Industry and Small Business

Recommends that Senate Bill No. 354

"AN ACT concerning workers compensation; relating to rehabilitation benefits; procedures for hearings and awards; amending K.S.A. 44-523 and K.S.A. 1988 Supp. 44-510g, 44-534a and 44-556 and repealing the existing sections."

Be amended:

On page 8, preceding line 292, by inserting the following section to read as follows:

- "Sec. 3. K.S.A. 44-532 is hereby amended to read as follows: 44-532. (a) Where the payment of compensation of the employee or the employee's dependents is insured by a policy or policies, at the expense of the employer, or the employer is a member of a qualified group-funded workers compensation pool, the insurer or the qualified group-funded workers compensation pool shall be subrogated to the rights and duties under the workmen's workers compensation act of the employer so far as appropriate, including the immunities provided by K.S.A. 44-501 and amendments thereto.
- (b) Every employer shall secure the payment of compensation to the employer's employees by insuring in one of the following ways: (1) By insuring and keeping insured the payment of such compensation with an insurance carrier authorized to transact the business of workers compensation insurance in the state of Kansas; (2) by showing to the director that the employer carries such employer's own risk and is what is known as a self-insurer and by furnishing proof to the director of the employer's financial ability to pay such compensation for the employer's self; or (3) by maintaining a membership in a qualified group-funded workers compensation pool as--provided--by--K-S-A-44-581--to-44-5917-inclusive7-and-amendments-thereto. The cost of carrying such insurance or risk shall be paid by the employer and

not the employee.

- (c) The knowing and intentional failure of an employer to secure the payment of workers compensation to the employer's employees as required in subsection (b) of this section is a class C misdemeanor.
- (d) (1) Every insurance carrier writing workers' compensation insurance for any employment covered under the workmen's workers compensation act shall file, with the director, written notice of the issuance, nonrenewal or cancellation of a policy or contract of insurance, or any endorsement, providing workers compensation coverage, within 10 days after such issuance, nonrenewal or cancellation. Every such insurance carrier shall file, with the director, written notice of all such policies, contracts and endorsements in force on the effective date of this act.
- (2) Every employer covered by the workmen's workers compensation act who is a qualified self-insurer shall give written notice to the director if such employer changes from a self-insurer status to insuring through an insurance carrier or by maintaining a membership in a qualified group-funded workers compensation pool, such notice to be given within 10 days after the effective date of such change. Every self-insurer shall file with the director annually a report verifying the employer's continuing ability to pay compensation to the employer's employees.
- (3) Every employer covered by the workmen's workers compensation act who is a member of a qualified group-funded workers compensation pool shall give written notice to the director if such employer changes from a group-funded workers compensation pool to insuring through an insurance carrier or becoming a self-insurer, such notice to be given within 10 days after the effective date of such change.
- (4) The mailing of any written notice or report required by this subsection (d) in a stamped envelope within the prescribed time shall comply with the requirements of this subsection.

- (5) The director shall provide by regulation for the forms of written notices and reports required by this subsection (d).
- (e) As used in this section, "qualified group-funded workers compensation pool" means any qualified group-funded workers compensation pool under K.S.A. 44-581 through 44-591 and amendments thereto or any group-funded pool under the Kansas municipal group-funded pool act which includes workers compensation and employers' liability under the workers compensation act.";

And by renumbering sections accordingly;

On page 11, in line 378, preceding "or" by inserting the following: "if the employer is maintaining membership in a group-funded pool under the Kansas municipal group-funded pool act which includes workers compensation and employers' liability under the workers compensation act,"; preceding line 409, by inserting the following subsections to read as follows:

If compensation, including medical benefits, temporary total disability benefits or vocational rehabilitation benefits, has been paid to the worker by the employer, the employer's insurance carrier or the workers compensation fund during the pendency of review by the district court or by appellate courts, and the employer, the employer's insurance carrier or the workers compensation fund, which was held liable for and ordered to pay all or part of the amount of compensation awarded by the director or the district court, is held not liable by the final decision on the appeal or review for the compensation paid or is held liable on such appeal or review to pay an amount of compensation which is less than the amount paid pursuant to the award, then insurance carrier or workers employer's employer, compensation fund shall be reimbursed by the party or which were held liable on such appeal or review to pay the amount of compensation to the worker that was erroneously ordered paid by the director or district court. The director shall determine the amount of compensation which is to be reimbursed to each party under this subsection, if any, in accordance with the final

decision on the appeal or review and shall certify each such amount to be reimbursed to the party required to pay the amount or amounts of such reimbursement. Upon receipt of such certification, the party required to make the reimbursement shall pay the amount or amounts required to be paid in accordance with such certification. No worker shall be required to make reimbursement under this subsection or subsection (d).

(f) As used in subsections (d) and (e), "employers' insurance carrier" includes any qualified group-funded workers compensation pool under K.S.A. 44-581 through 44-591 and amendments thereto or a group-funded pool under the Kansas municipal group-funded pool act which includes workers compensation and employers' liability under the workers compensation act.";

Also on page 11, in line 409, after "44-523" by inserting "and 44-532";

On page 1, in the title, in line 16, after the first semicolon, by inserting "securing payment of compensation;"; also in line 16, after the last semicolon, by inserting "payments made pending appeal and review; requiring reimbursement in certain cases;"; in line 17, after "44-523" by inserting "and 44-532";

And the bill be passed as amended.

Chair	rper	son
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