Approved _	April	25,	1990	
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MINUTES OF THE HOUSE COMMITTEE ON LOCAL GOVERNMENT

The meeting was called to order by REPRESENTATIVE ROBERT D. MILLER Chairperson

_ at

1:40 A.m./p.m. on MARCH 21

All members were present except:
Representative Patrick, excused
Representative Williams, excused

Committee staff present:

Mike Heim, Legislative Research Dept. Theresa Kiernan, Revisor of Statutes' Office Connie Smith, Committee Secretary

Conferees appearing before the committee:

Bob McDaneld, Administrator of the Emergency Medical Services Board, was present to answer questions from the Commmittee.

Chairman Miller called the Committee's attention to the Attorney General's opinion, No. 90-32, regarding $\frac{\text{House Bill 2943}}{\text{I}}$. The Chairman stated the bill is not needed. (Attachment I)

Chairman Miller called for discussion and possible action on the following bills.

SB 566 - Sheriff's fees

Chairman Miller asked staff to give a brief overview of SB 566.

Chairman Miller recognized Representative Russell who stated the bill was requested by the Montgomery County Sheriff's office and filed by Senator Johnston. Representative Russell stated the bill deals with the amount of fees collected by sheriffs for traveling, serving writs, etc. The present fee is nine cents and the bill requests an increase to $22\frac{1}{2}$ cents. On the first of March, the federal and state rate was raised to 24 cents. Discussion followed.

Representative Reinhardt moved to conceptually amend SB 566 to apply the going state rate; seconded by Representative Russell. No discussion. Motion carried.

Representative Russell moved to pass favorably as amended SB 566; seconded by Representative Lane. Motion carried.

Chairman Miller recognized Representative Johnson for a point of discussion on <u>SB 466</u> and <u>SB 668</u>.

SB 466 - Act concerning emergency medical services; relating to qualifications for certain classes of attendant's certificates.

Representative Johnson stated \underline{SB} 466 changes the definition of EMTI to an individual who is currently certified as an EMT who has successfully completed an approved training course. Representative Johnson presented, as an amendment, Substitute for $\underline{\text{House Bill 2049}}$, providing for the certification of emergency medical dispatchers, which was passed out in Committee last year and by the full House. ($\underline{\text{Attachment II}}$)

Chairman Miller expressed concern that the bill had not been heard in the Senate.

Representative Johnson moved to amend Substitute House Bill 2049 into SB 466; seconded by Representative Bowden. Discussion followed. The motion carried.

CONTINUATION SHEET

MINUTES OF THE HOUSE COMMITTEE ON LOCAL GOVERNMENT,
room 521-S Statehouse, at 1:40 4.m./p.m. on MARCH 21, 1990

Representative Johnson moved to pass SB 466 favorably as amended; seconded by Representative Sawyer. The motion carried.

SB 668 - Act concerning the emergency medical services board; relating to the powers, duties and functions thereof;

Representative Johnson stated she had some clean-up amendments pertaining to the powers and duties of the board; also clarifying the definition of ambulances. Representative Johnson asked Bob McDaneld if there were any wheel-chair vans that had a life support system that they would be cutting out by changing the definition of ambulance. Mr. McDaneld could not think of any instances. Representative Johnson stated she was in favor of the bill as you see it here. Chairman asked for any questions? Representative Bowden asked if there was a court case pending dealing with the definition of ambulance. Mr. McDaneld stated there is one case pending in Shawnee county district court. It has been pending for 2 years. The Attorney General will not issue an opinion to help clarify the statutes while litigation is pending. The board is left in an extremely difficult position as to what entities it regulates. Discussion followed.

Representative Reinhardt moved to pass SB 668; seconded by Representative Johnson. Discussion followed. Representative Bowden stated he had notes to amend in section 6. Representative Reinhardt withdrew his motion.

Representative Bowden moved to amend SB 668 in section 6, line 18 after the word attendant add "or instructor coordinator"; seconded by Representative Johnson. The motion carried.

Representative Reinhardt moved to pass SB 668 favorably as amended; seconded by Representative Johnson. The motion carried.

Chairman Miller turned the Committee's attention to $\underline{\text{SB 584,}}$ act relating to fire department in certain townships.

Chairman Miller stated the bill filed by Senator Sallee deals with fire departments and townships and amends Jackson County in with the other counties that are listed.

Representative Sawyer moved that SB 584 be passed favorably and placed on the consent calendar; seconded by Representative Graeber.

Representative Johnson stated she had an amendment for this bill.

Representative Sawyer withdrew his motion.

Representative Johnson moved to conceptually amend SB 584 to localize it to Kansas City, Kansas and Wyandotte County that a firefighter shall not be required to be a resident of the city; seconded by Representative Bowden. Discussion followed. Staff stated it would be a new section applying only to Kansas City, Kansas. Motion carried.

Representative Sawyer moved to pass SB 584 favorably as amended; seconded by Representative Graeber. Motion carried.

Chairman Miller turned the Committee's attention to \underline{SB} 697, act concerning cities and counties relating to unpaid property taxes.

Representative Sawyer moved to pass SB 697 favorably and place it on the consent calendar; seconded by Representative McClure. Motion carried.

CONTINUATION SHEET

MINUTES OF THE HOUSE COMMITTEE ON LOCAL GOVERNMENT,
room 521-S, Statehouse, at 1:40 g/pn./p.m. on MARCH 21 , 19_9.0

Chairman Miller turned the Committee's attention to \underline{SB} 478, act concerning cities; relating to the limitation on bonded indebtedness.

Representative Sawyer moved to pass SB 478 and place it on the consent calendar; seconded by Representative Johnson. Motion carried.

Chairman Miller turned the Committee's attention to <u>SB 511</u>, investment of interest of municipal utility security deposits.

Representative Sawyer moved to pass SB 511 favorably; seconded by Representative Watson. Discussion followed. Motion failed.

Representative Graeber made a request to staff to prepare for him an opinion as to whether or not Leavenworth County is included in <u>SB 186</u>. If so, are they included because of being contiguous to Wyandotte County, also would it still require a local vote for them to be brought into the compact. Chairman Miller suggested that staff work directly with Representative Graeber. Chairman Miller stated that he is planning to work the bill Monday.

Chairman Miller stated the subcommittee on <u>HB 3058</u> met this morning and there are problems that need to be addressed. Chairman Miller suggested that maybe an ad hoc or blue ribbon committee should be appointed to assure a study. Representatives Brown, Bowden and Johnson stated they would rather have an interim study. Discussion followed. Chairman Miller stated we don't know if we can get an interim study and felt that if an ad hoc or blue ribbon committee was formed we would be assured of a clean bill to work with prior to the 1991 session.

Meeting adjourned at 2:35 p.m.

HOUSE COMMITTEE ON LOCAL GOVERNMENT

DATE March 21, 1990

MAME Sabre	ADDRESS Topeka	REPRESENTING Travel Industry Lougne of Munic	Cern.
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STATE OF KANSAS

OFFICE OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL

2ND FLOOR, KANSAS JUDICIAL CENTER, TOPEKA 66612-1597

ROBERT T. STEPHAN ATTORNEY GENERAL

March 16, 1990

MAIN PHONE: (913) 296-2215 CONSUMER PROTECTION: 296-3751 TELECOPIER: 296-6296

ATTORNEY GENERAL OPINION NO. 90- 32

The Honorable R. D. Miller Chairman, House Local Government Committee State Representative, One Hundred Tenth District State Capitol, Room 183-W Topeka, Kansas 66612

Re:

Drainage and Levees--Drainage Districts Within Counties or Cities; Drainage Act of 1905 and Amendments--Organization of Drainage Districts

Synopsis:

K.S.A. 24-401 et seq. authorize a drainage district, organized pursuant to the act, to prohibit or limit discharges into a drainage ditch that prevent its maintenance. The drainage district is authorized by statute to maintain suits to enforce the reasonable orders of its directors and thus includes the ability to seek an injunction to this effect thus obviating the need for 1990 House Bill No. 2623. Cited herein: K.S.A. 24-401 et seq.; 24-407; 24-429; 24-434.

Dear Representative Miller:

As representative of the one hundred tenth district you inquire whether current law authorizes a drainage district to prohibit or limit discharges into district drainage ditches by an order or an injunction to that effect, obviating the need for 1990 House Bill No. 2623.

You indicate the drainage district was organized pursuant to K.S.A. 24-401 et seq. and is currently unable to

JJ 3/21/90 Attach I maintain a drainage ditch because a landowner refuses to schedule drainage from his commercial fish pond at intervals that would allow the ditch to dry, allowing for bulldozers to clean and maintain the ditch.

A drainage district is a quasi-municipal corporation, created by the legislature and deriving its authority from statute. State, ex rel., v. Drainage District, 123 Kan. 191 (1927). The powers and authority conferred on the drainage district generally are set out in K.S.A. 24-407. The board of directors of every drainage district incorporated under this article have the power:

- "(4) To take charge of and exercise exclusive control of all natural watercourses within the district, and widen, deepen, establish, regulate and maintain the channels thereof, construct and maintain levees along the banks thereof and detention dams and...
- "(9) To maintain in any court of competent jurisdiction suits to enforce the reasonable orders of its directors, enjoin the placing or maintenance in any natural watercourse of any unauthorized bridge, embankment, pier or other work or structure constituting to any extent whatever an obstruction to the flow of the water, restrain all other wrongful or unauthorized encroachments upon or interference with the channel of the watercourse and to have all obstructions wrongfully placed in the channel of natural watercourses adjudged public nuisances and abated as such.

"(16) To do all other acts necessary to carry out and execute the general powers granted under the provisions of K.S.A. 24-401 et seq., and amendments thereto, although not specifically enumerated. . . " (Emphasis added).

Subsections (4), (9) and (16) authorize the exclusive control of the maintenance of ditches, the issuance of reasonable orders and includes powers not specifically enumerated. Additionally, K.S.A. 24-429 charges the board of directors with the duty to keep the works and improvements (such as ditches) in repair. Liberal construction of the act is mandated to encourage the improvement of watercourses and to protect lands from damage and injury by overflow. K.S.A. 24-434. See generally, Wolf v. Second Drainage District, 179 Kan. 655, 665 (1956) (discussing the act in question); 26 Am.Jur.2d Drains and Drainage Districts §36 (1966).

Given the powers clearly set out in the act and the duty imposed to maintain drainage ditches, it is our opinion K.S.A. 24-401 et seq. authorizes a drainage district, organized pursuant to the act, to prohibit or limit discharges that prevent the maintenance of the ditch as required by K.S.A. 24-429. The drainage district is authorized by statute to maintain suits to enforce the reasonable orders of its directors and thus includes the ability to seek an injunction to this effect, obviating the need for 1990 House Bill 2623.

Very truly yours,

ROBERT T. STEPHAN

Attorney General of Kansas

Guen Easley

Assistant Attorney General

RTS:JLM:GE:jm

 Session of 1989

Substitute for HOUSE BILL No. 2049

By Committee on Local Government

3-3

AN ACT concerning emergency medical services; providing for the certification of emergency medical dispatchers; and providing for the administration of the provisions of the act.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

Section 1. As used in this act:

- (a) "Emergency medical service" shall have the meaning ascribed to such term by K.S.A. 65-6101 et seq., and amendments thereto.
- (b) "Emergency medical services board" or "board" shall mean the board established by K.S.A. 65-6102, and amendments thereto.
- (c) "Emergency medical dispatcher" means a person who is employed, primarily, as a dispatcher for emergency medical services provided pursuant to K.S.A. 65-6101 et seq., and amendments thereto.
- Sec. 2. (a) From and after July 1, 1991, no person shall be employed as an emergency medical dispatcher unless such person has been awarded a certificate attesting to satisfactory completion of a course of instruction approved by the emergency medical services board.
- (b) Any person serving as a dispatcher for emergency medical services provided pursuant to K.S.A. 65-6101 et seq., and amendments thereto, on July 1, 1991, shall be entitled to certification and employment as an emergency medical dispatcher upon making application therefor to the emergency medical services board upon forms prescribed and provided by the board without having completed the required course of instruction.
- (c) From and after July 1, 1991, any person who does not hold a certificate as required by subsection (a) may be employed as an emergency medical dispatcher on a provisional basis for a period of

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regulations of the board.

requirements by falsifying documents or failing to disclose information required for certification. The procedure for suspension, re-

vocation and denial of certification shall be established by rules and

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Sec. 6. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its publication in the statute book.

- not more than one year. Any person employed as an emergency medical dispatcher on a provisional basis who does not receive the certificate required under subsection (a) within one year following the date of original employment shall forfeit such position at the end of such one-year period and shall not be eligible for employment on a provisional basis within one year following the date on which such person last served as an emergency medical dispatcher.
- Sec. 3. The emergency medical services board shall develop an emergency medical dispatcher training and certification program.
- (a) To receive initial certification as an emergency medical dispatcher an individual shall:
- (1) Successfully complete a course of instruction prescribed by the board for such purpose;
- (2) be currently certified in cardiopulmonary resuscitation, through a course approved by the board; and
- (3) successfully pass the written examination adopted by the board for such purpose.
- (b) To remain certificated an individual shall be recertificated each year. To be recertificated as an emergency medical dispatcher an individual shall:
- (1) Make application to the emergency medical services board on a form prescribed and provided by the board;
- (2) provide evidence of a current certificate in cardiopulmonary resuscitation through a course approved by the board; and
- (3) successfully complete a course of continuing education as prescribed and approved by the board.
- (c) If a certificate is not renewed within 30 days following expiration, such certificate shall be void.
- Sec. 4. The emergency medical services board is hereby authorized to adopt rules and regulations necessary for the administration of this act. The board shall by rule and regulation prescribe fees to be charged persons enrolled in courses of instruction, to persons taking examinations and to persons making application for certification or recertification pursuant to this act.
- Sec. 5. The emergency medical services board may suspend, revoke or deny the certification of an emergency medical dispatche who fails to meet the requirements of this act or has met such