Approved	February	1.	1990
* *	Date	7	

MINUTES OF THE <sub>SENATE</sub> COMMITTEE ON — WAYS	AND MEANS
The meeting was called to order bySENATOR_AUGUST_"GU	Chairperson at
11:10 a.m. XXn. on JANUARY 23	, 19 <sub>-90</sub> in room <u>123-s</u> of the Capitol.
All members were present except:	

Committee staff present:

Research Department: Diane Duffy, Leah Robinson

Revisor: Norm Furse, Gordon Self

Committee Staff: Judy Bromich, Administrative Assistant Conferees appearing before the committee: Committee Secretary

Ron Miles, Board of Indigents Defense
Gerald Goodell, Board of Indigents Defense
Gene Olander, Shawnee County District Attorney
Nick Tomasic, Wyandotte County District Attorney
Tom Bath, on behalf of Paul Morrison, Johnson County District Attorney
Keith Farrar, Board of Tax Appeals
Elwaine Pomeroy, Kansas Parole Board

Chairman Bogina called the meeting to order and announced that subcommittee assignments had been made and were being distributed. (Attachment 6).

### SB 373 - Compensation and expenses of members of state board of regents

Senator Bogina explained that  $\underline{SB\ 373}$  would equate compensation for members of the Board of Regents with that of legislators. The cost of the bill would be an \$8,412 additional expenditure from the State General Fund based on last year's figures.

Following discussion, <u>Senator Gaines moved and Senator Feleciano seconded to amend SB 373 to include the Turnpike Authority.</u> Following further discussion, Senators Gaines and Feleciano withdrew their motion and second.

Senator Bogina announced that the Committee would hold the bill to allow staff time to provide more information regarding compensation rates for various state boards.

### SB 359 - Prescribing annual salaries of public officers.

Ron Miles appeared before the Committee on behalf of the State Board of Indigents' Defense Services in support of amending <u>SB 359</u> to allow district public defenders to be compensated at the same rate as district attorneys. He reviewed <u>Attachment 1</u>, and told the Committee that the average salary of the 5 public defenders is \$45,000; whereas the average salary of a district attorney is \$60,000.

Gerald Goodell, State Board of Indigents' Defense Services, told the Committee that the public defender system is more economical than assigned counsel. There are currently 5 offices in Salina, Junction City, Topeka, Wichita, and Johnson county; plans to locate in Wyandotte and Leavenworth; and a recommended office in Garden City. In answer to a question, Mr. Goodell stated that he was proposing raising the salary from \$46,000 to \$60,000 for 5 persons plus any additional offices which may be opened.

Gene Olander, Shawnee County District Attorney, appeared before the Committee in opposition to section one of  $\underline{SB\ 359}$ , and reviewed  $\underline{Attachment\ 2}$ .

Nick Tomasic, District Attorney of Wyandotte County, appeared before the

### CONTINUATION SHEET

:	SENATE		WAYS AND	MEANS	
MINUTES OF THE	COMM	HTTEE ON			
123 <b>-</b> S	11:10	XX	JANUARY	23	90
room, Statehou	ise, at a.m	n./p.m. on			, 19

Committee to ask that district attorneys' salaries be equal to that of judges. (Attachment 3)

Tom Bath, Assistant District Attorney of Johnson County, appeared before the Committee on behalf of Paul Morrison, Johnson County District Attorney, and reviewed  $\underline{\text{Attachment 4}}$ .

Keith Farrar, Board of Tax Appeals, told the Committee that all board members would prefer to stay under current provisions. He noted that members of the Board of Tax Appeals are appointed from Congressional districts, and these persons have the additional expense of maintaining a home in Topeka. Mr. Farrar suggested that because the Corporation Commission, the Board of Tax Appeals and the Parole Board all have similar responsibilities, their pay should be commensurate.

Elwaine Pomeroy, Kansas Parole Board, appeared in opposition to  $\underline{SB\ 359}$ , and reviewed Attachment 5.

Chairman Bogina asked for the Committee's wishes. <u>Senator Winter moved and Senator Allen seconded that SB 359 be reported adversely. The motion carried.</u>

Chairman Bogina requested that the subcommittee which has the Board of Indigents' Defense review salaries of that board.

The meeting was adjourned at 11:50 A.M. with the next meeting scheduled for 11:00 A.M., January 24, 1990.

# GUEST LIST

DATE: 1-23-90 COMMITTEE: SENATE WAYS AND MEANS NAME (PLEASE PRINT) COMPANY/ORGANIZATION ADDRESS Bd of India Kon Wiles Sacre! " Gerald Goodell Mile Woscien DIVISION OF BUDGET Kansas Palole Board BOTA JO CO DA FUTTER - BULLE LAWRENCE

### Senate Bill 359

The State Board of Indigents' Defense Services supports amending this bill to allow District Public Defenders to be compensated at the same rate as district attorneys.

Public defenders protect the constitutional rights of our citizens.

Public defenders have district-wide jurisdiction, sometimes multi-district assignments.

Public defenders routinely represent clients charged with society's most heinous crimes, at great personal sacrifice in terms of time, effort and prestige.

District Public Defenders must possess the same experience and educational qualifications as district judges.

District Public Defenders are active trial lawyers and administrators, requirements not made of district attorneys.

Kansas ranked 9th in a recent survey of public defender salaries in ten states.

District Public Defenders continually strive to provide effective <u>and</u> economical defense services, having averaged \$300 per case in FY 89, contrasted with an assigned counsel average of \$471.

# SENATE BILL No. 359

By Committee on Ways and Means

3-13

AN ACT concerning salaries and compensation of certain public officers and employees; providing for increases thereof under certain circumstances; amending K.S.A. 22-3708, 22a-105 and 74-601 and K.S.A. 1988 Supp. 74-2434 and repealing the existing sections.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

Section 1. K.S.A. 22a-105 is hereby amended to read as follows: 22a-105. Except as otherwise provided in section 5, each of the district attorneys elected under this act shall receive an annual salary equal to the salary provided for district judges in K.S.A. 1978 Supp. 75-3120g, and any amendments thereto of \$60,978. The salary of each district attorney shall be paid by the county comprising the judicial district in which he or she the district attorney is elected in equal monthly installments and in the manner county officers and employees are paid. The district attorneys and their deputies and assistants shall be reimbursed for their actual travel and subsistence expenses incurred while in the performance of their official duties within or without the district. A county may continue to supplement a district attorney's salary only until the expiration of such district attorney's present term of office.

New Sec. 2. Each district public defender employed by the state board of indigents' defense services pursuant to K.S.A. 22-4501 et seq. for the purpose of providing and supervising felony defense services in one or more judicial districts of the state shall receive an annual salary equivalent to that received from the state by each district attorney, as provided in Sections 1 and 6.

Sec. 23. K.S.A. 22-3708 is hereby amended to read as follows: 22-3708. (a) (1) Except as otherwise provided by section 5, the annual salary of the chairperson of the Kansas parole board shall be an amount equal to the annual salary paid by the state to a district judge designated as administrative judge \$61,673; and

(2) the annual salary of each other member of the Kansas parole board shall be an amount which is \$2,165 less than the annual salary of the chairperson \$59,208.

(b) Members of the Kansas parole board shall be allowed all actual travel and necessary expenses incurred while in the discharge of

official duties.

Sec. 3.4. K.S.A. 74-601 is hereby amended to read as follows: 74-601. (a) There is hereby created the state corporation commission, which shall consist of three members appointed by the governor, subject to confirmation by the senate as provided in K.S.A. 75-4315b and amendments thereto. No more than two members of the commission shall belong to the same political party. Each member shall be appointed for a term of four years and until a successor has been appointed and qualified. In case of a vacancy in the office of a member of the commission, the governor shall appoint a successor to fill the vacancy for the unexpired term.

- (b) The commission shall elect one of its members as chairperson of the commission. Except as otherwise provided in section 5, the chairperson of the commission shall receive an annual salary in an amount equal to the annual salary prescribed by law for the chief judge of the court of appeals of \$69,483, payable monthly. Except as otherwise provided in section 5, each other member of the commission shall receive an annual salary in an amount equal to the annual salary paid by the state to a judge of the court of appeals, other than the chief judge of \$67,638, payable monthly. Each member of the commission shall devote full time to the duties of the office.
- (c) The provisions of the Kansas sunset law apply to the state corporation commission created by this section and the commission is subject to abolition under that law.
- Sec. 4.5.K.S.A. 1988 Supp. 74-2434 is hereby amended to read as follows: 74-2434. (a) Each member of the board shall receive an annual salary as provided in this section. Each of the members of the board shall devote full time to the duties of such office.
- (b) (1) Except as otherwise provided in section 5, the annual salary of the chairperson shall be an amount equal to the annual salary paid by the state to a district judge designated as administrative judge \$61,673; and
- (2) the annual salary of each member other than the chairperson shall be an amount which is \$2,465 less than the annual salary of the chairperson \$59,208.

New Sec. 5.6. Whenever the rate of compensation of the pay plan

for persons in the classified service under the Kansas civil service act are increased for payroll periods chargeable to fiscal years commencing after June 30, 1989, the annual salary of the chairperson and other members of the state corporation commission, the chairperson and other members of the state board of tax appeals, the chairperson and other members of the Kansas parole board and each district attorney shall be increased by an amount, adjusted to the nearest dollar, computed by multiplying the average of the percentage increases in all monthly steps of such pay plan by the annual salary of each such public official which is being received as provided by law and which is in effect prior to the effective date of such increase in the rates of compensation of the pay plan for persons in the classified service under the Kansas civil service act.

Sec. <del>6.7</del>• K.S.A. 22-3708, 22a-105 and 74-601 and K.S.A. 1988 Supp. 74-2434 are hereby repealed.

Sec. 78. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its publication in the Kansas register.

each public defender

### Testimony of Gene M. Olander, Shawnee County District Attorney on Senate Bill 359

The five District Attorneys are opposed to section one of Senate Bill 359.

In 1973, District Attorneys' salary (\$21,000) - same as District Judges.

The District Attorneys' salary lagged behind District Judges until 1978 when 22a-105 was amended to its present provision - present salary is \$65,248.

American Bar Association: Standards on the Prosecution Function; recommends that the chief full time prosecutor receive the same salary as judges of general jurisdictions in their respective districts.

The District Attorneys' salary has no fiscal impact on the State budget.

There are only five District Attorneys, all in the largest jurisdictions with large staffs and many responsibilities.

District Attorneys have basically the same qualifications as District Judge and economic fairness should be considered in passing on this provision.

The relationship and responsibility between District Attorneys and District Judges are very similar. We can't speak to the other positions affected by this bill but only to the five District Attorney positions.

There is a clear and rational relationship between the two positions and this has not only been recognized by the American Bar Association but by the 1978 Kansas legislature.

Our question is, what is the imperative for the change at this time after twelve years under the present statute?

SWAM January 23, 1990 Úttaerment 2



Wyandotte County Court House First Floor 710 N. 7th Kansas City Kansas 66101 (913) 573-2851

> DISTRICT ATTORNEY Nick A. Tomasic

The American Prosecutor, representing the executive branch, under a system of divided powers, defined in a written constitution, is an officer of the Court only in the same sense as any other lawyer. He is not a career official or civil servant. He is an elected local official, having no ties with the Judiciary, or Legislative branches of the government, nor even with the Attorney General of the State.

The prosecutor has enormous power. The power of the prosecutor to institute criminal prosecutors rests in him an authority in the administration of criminal justice, at least as sweeping as, and perhaps greater than, the authority of the Judge who presides in criminal cases.

The prosecutor has a final rule which reflects in a sense the conflicting public attitudes on law enforcement and is the source of some difficulties.

On the one hand, the prosecutor is the leader of law enforcement in the community. He is expected to participate actively in the fight against crime.

He is also called upon to make public statements, to propose legislative reform, or to direct the energies of the law enforcement machinery of the community. He is expected to be tough on crime.

On the other hand, the office demands and the public expects, that the prosecutor will respect the rights of persons accused of crime.

Our nation began with resistance to oppressive official conduct and our constitutions demand that the prosecutor accord basic fairness to all persons. Because of the power the prosecutor has, the constitution imposes on him a special duty to protect the innocent and to safeguard the rights guaranteed to all, including those who may be guilty.

The conflicting demands on a prosecutor may exert pressures on him, but his public responsibilities as well as his obligations to the bar and the community require that he be something more than a partisan advocate intent on winning cases.

The legal profession has long been aware of the special aspects of the prosecutors role. The code of Professional Responsibility, states,

"The responsibility of a public prosecutor differs from that of the usual advocate; his duty is to seek justice, not merely to convict."

Because he is lawyer as well as a public officer, he is answerable not only to the voting public, but also to the professional discipline code, and also to appellate review, where his conduct can be called into question.

Trials, represent a small part of the activity of the prosecutor.

The vast majority of the criminal cases are disposed of without trial as the result of guilty pleas.

Properly conducted, plea discussion may produce a result that we expect from a trial, but more quickly.

Disposition without a trial provides a substantial saving to the legal community and the general public, both in terms of time and money.

Cost saving alone is not an appropriate justification for avoiding a trial. However, a fair and just disposition of a case without a trial is obviously preferable to its disposition by trial, as is true in civil litigation. The speed and certainly of a disposition by plea promotes deterrence, a basic goal of criminal justice.

The plea discussion process also affords an important avenue for a personalized application of standards to take into account the particular circumstances of the offense and of the offender. It gives the defense attorney an opportunity to expose more of the background of the accused which may lead to a better disposition of the case.

There is an enormous rise in the crime rate. The public is concerned with the quality and the efficiency of the administration of the justice system. All aspects of the criminal justice system have undergone changes in the past 10 or 20 years.

The legislative and the county have imposed restraints upon the justice system, and some of the restraints are the result of excesses on the part of law enforcement agencies and their failure to adapt to changing conditions.

I have no quarrel with this. Law enforcement in our free society <u>must</u> obey the rules established by our constitution. We must serve society.

### STATE OF KANSAS Tenth Judicial District

# OFFICE OF DISTRICT ATTORNEY

PAUL J. MORRISON
DISTRICT ATTORNEY

JOHNSON COUNTY COURTHOUSE P.O. BOX 728, 6TH FLOOR TOWER OLATHE, KANSAS 66061 913-782-5000, EXT. 5333

January 23, 1989

TO: MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE WAYS AND MEANS COMMITTEE

RE: SENATE BILL #359

Good Morning:

I am here today for District Attorney Paul Morrison opposing Senate Bill #359. Mr. Morrison could not be here today as he is involved in an anti-drug meeting with the County Commission.

I believe it is only fair that a District Attorney in the State of Kansas should be paid commensurate with a District Court Judge. The District Attorney in today's world runs a large office in a sizeable urban area. In many respects, that individual is like the head of a large corporation. The demands are very great and oftentimes there are scant resources to deal with the problems. I know that the District Attorney of Johnson County, more often than not, works a sixty hour week. I know that to do the job well requires a massive investment of time and energy. To say that the District Attorney in the State of Kansas is not equal to the pay of a District Court Judge is ridiculous. We strongly oppose this measure.

PAUL J. MORRISON
DISTRICT ATTORNEY

Francisco, Henderson, Jr. Chairman

Carla J. Stovall Vice-Chairman

Elwaine F. Pomeroy Member

George Rogers Member

Donald E. Mainey 'Member



Micah A. Ross Director

Sandra K. Smith Assistant Director

### KANSAS PAROLE BOARD LANDON STATE OFFICE BUILDING 900 JACKSON STREET, 4TH FLOOR ROOM 452 S TOPEKA, KANSAS 66612-1220

(913) 296-3469

#### OUTLINE OF REMARKS

By Elwaine F. Pomeroy

Member, Kansas Parole Board

Senate Ways and Means Committee

January 23, 1990

Senate Bill 359

Kansas Parole Board opposes SB 359

KPB performs quasi-judicial functions

Unless court grants probation, KPB decides when inmate is to be released

KPB is an integral part of criminal justice system

Valid reasons to tie compensation of officers of these agencies to judicial salaries

District Attorney prosecutes all criminal cases

Parole Board decides upon release

Corporation Commission decided complex cases, often after protracted hearings

Board of Tax Appeals always has heavy workload - especially now

KPB and BTA salaries were tied to administrative judges

Chairman - administrative judge who was a district judge

Members - administrative judge who was an associate district judge

When associate judges eliminated, differential was set at \$2,465, which was the difference between district judges and associate district judges

KCC differential is between chief judge and other judges of court of appeals

Outline of Remarks Page 2

Section 5 would widen differential between chairmen and members of KPB, KCC and BTA

Tie to judicial salaries in a sense recognizes principle of "comparable worth"

KPB favors continued tie to judicial salaries, but can justify increases on own merits

KPB - judicial tie was in 1985

Caseload dramatically increased since then

FY 1985 - 2325

FY 1986 - 2718

FY 1987 - 3072

FY 1988 - 3945

FY 1989 - 4457

First half FY 1990 - 2980

625 more cases in 6 months than entire FY 1985!

This week, 206 cases

Henderson, Mainey, and Rogers in Hutchinson

Yesterday I joined them in Ellsworth

Left Topeka at 7:00 A.M., returned 9:15 P.M.

KPB members are active in related areas

Chairman Henderson serves on Coordinating Council for Criminal Justice and also on Governor's Advisory Commission on Mental Health and Retardation Services

Vice-Chairman Stovall serves on Sentencing Commission

I serve on Criminal Law Advisory Committee of Kansas Judicial Council

KPB has been frugal

Only supplemental requests have been when there have been retirement of director or replacement of board members

In 1986, I paid own way to attend American Correctional Associaton annual meeting

Ougline of Remarks Page 3

In 1987, KPB members joined in voluntary salary reductions

In 1987, KPB members paid some of our own travel expenses

In current budget recommendations for FY 1991, governor recommended  $l^{1}_{2}$ % increase for judges, but 4% increase for KPB members

If SB 359 is to be passed, it needs to be updated

The salaries listed were those of last fiscal year, not current fiscal year

I assume no one was proposing a cut in pay

Salaries would need to be updated

Line 84, 1989 changed to 1990

Sentence on lines 32 to 34 should be stricken

### **SENATE WAYS AND MEANS**

## Subcommittee Assignments on Senate Appropriation Bills

	Analyst	Subcommittee	Final Committee Action
Senate Bill No. 451			February 13
General Government I Legislative Agencies Governor Insurance Commissioner	Ahrens Ahrens Rothe	Kerr, Chairman Rock	
Attorney General	Rampey	Doyen, Chairman Parrish	
Secretary of State Lieutenant Governor State Treasurer	Mah Ahrens Duffy	Winter, Chairman Feleciano	
Senate Bill No. 449			February 19
General Government II Judicial Council Indigents Defense Services	Duffy Duffy	Salisbury, Chairman Gaines	
Judicial Branch	Duffy	Harder, Chairman Allen Hayden	
Senate Bill No. <u>450</u>			February 22
General Government IV Department of Revenue	Efird	Bogina, Chairman Doyen Johnston	
Lottery	Efird	Kerr, Chairman Bogina Feleciano	
Racing Commission Board of Tax Appeals Kansas, Inc. Technology Enterprise Corporation	Efird Efird West West	Allen, Chairman Johnston	
Department of Commerce	West	Doyen, Chairman Rock	

			Final
	Analyst	Subcommittee	Committee Action
Senate Bill No. 454			February 28
Education I University of Kansas	Conroy	Harder, Chairman Feleciano	
University of Kansas Medical Center Board of Regents	Conroy Conroy	Bogina, Chairman Salisbury Hayden	
Kansas State University Kansas State University Vet. Med.	Conroy Conroy	Kerr, Chairman Parrish	
Wichita State University	Conroy	Doyen, Chairman Rock	
Pittsburg State University Emporia State University	Conroy Conroy	Winter, Chairman Johnston	
Fort Hays State University Kansas College of Technology	Conroy Conroy	Allen, Chairman Gaines	
Systemwide	Conroy	Bogina, Chairman Winter Doyen Gaines Johnston	February 12
Senate Bill No. 448			February 26
Education II  Department of Education School District Income Tax	Rampey Rampey	Bogina, Chairman Winter Harder Gaines Johnston	
Senate Bill No. 453			February 15
Education III School for the Visually Handicapped School for the Deaf	Rampey Rampey	Kerr, Chairman Rock	
Historical Society	Piekalkiewicz	Winter, Chairman Hayden	
Public Broadcasting Bicentennial Commission Arts Commission	Piekalkiewicz Piekalkiewicz Piekalkiewicz	Harder, Chairman Johnston	
State Library Council on Vocational Education	Piekalkiewicz Rampey	Doyen, Chairman Salisbury Parrish	

	Analyst	Subcommittee	Final Committee Action
Senate Bill No. 452			February 21
Agriculture and Natural Resources Board of Agriculture	Robinson	Harder, Chairman Parrish	
Animal Health Grain Inspection Wheat Commission State Fair	Duncan Robinson Robinson Robinson	Allen, Chairman Gaines	
State Conservation Commission Kansas Water Office	West West	Salisbury, Chairman Feleciano	
Department of Wildlife and Parks	Duncan	Winter, Chairman Kerr Hayden	
Senate Bill No. 442			January 18
Emergency Supplemental Appropriation	Staff		
Supplemental Appropriation	Staff		March 1
Capital Improvements	Staff	Harder Bogina Gaines	March 1

# SUBCOMMITTEE LIST

# Committee Assignments on Senate Appropriation Bills

	Fiscal Staff	Final Committee <u>Action</u>
BOGINA		
Department of Revenue (Chair) Lottery University of Kansas Medical Center (Chair) Board of Regents (Chair) Regents Systemwide (Chair) Department of Education (Chair) School District Income Tax (Chair) Capital Improvements (Chair)	Efird Efird Conroy Conroy Conroy Rampey Rampey Staff	Feb. 22 Feb. 22 Feb. 28 Feb. 28 Feb. 12 Feb. 26 Feb. 26 March 1
WINTER		
Secretary of State (Chair) Lt. Governor (Chair) State Treasurer (Chair) Pittsburg State University (Chair) Emporia State University (Chair) Regents Systemwide Department of Education School District Income Tax Historical Society (Chair) Department of Wildlife and Parks (Chair)	Mah Ahrens Duffy Conroy Conroy Rampey Rampey Piekalkiewicz Duncan	Feb. 13 Feb. 13 Feb. 28 Feb. 28 Feb. 12 Feb. 26 Feb. 26 Feb. 15 Feb. 21
ROCK		
Legislative Agencies Governor Insurance Commissioner Department of Commerce Wichita State University School for the Visually Handicapped School for the Deaf	Ahrens Ahrens Rothe West Conroy Rampey Rampey	Feb. 13 Feb. 13 Feb. 22 Feb. 28 Feb. 15 Feb. 15

	Fiscal Staff	Final Committee Action
DOYEN		`
Attorney General (Chair) Department of Revenue Department of Commerce (Chair) Wichita State University (Chair) Regents Systemwide State Library (Chair) Council on Vocational Education (Chair)	Rampey Efird West Conroy Conroy Piekalkiewicz Rampey	Feb. 13 Feb. 22 Feb. 22 Feb. 28 Feb. 12 Feb. 15 Feb. 15
PARRISH		
Attorney General Kansas State University Kansas State Veterinary Medical Center State Library Council on Vocational Education Board of Agriculture	Rampey Conroy Conroy Piekalkiewicz Rampey Robinson	Feb. 13 Feb. 28 Feb. 28 Feb. 15 Feb. 15 Feb. 21
JOHNSTON		
Department of Revenue Racing Commission Board of Tax Appeals Kansas, Inc. Kansas Technology Enterprise Corporation Emporia State University Pittsburg State University Regents Systemwide Department of Education School District Income Tax Public Broadcasting Commission Bicentennial Commission Arts Commission	Efird Efird West West Conroy Conroy Rampey Rampey Piekalkiewicz Piekalkiewicz	Feb. 22 Feb. 22 Feb. 22 Feb. 22 Feb. 28 Feb. 28 Feb. 12 Feb. 12 Feb. 26 Feb. 26 Feb. 15 Feb. 15 Feb. 15
SALISBURY		
Judicial Council (Chair) Board of Indigents Defense (Chair) University of Kansas Medical Center Board of Regents State Library Council on Vocational Education State Conservation Commission (Chair) Kansas Water Office (Chair)	Duffy Duffy Conroy Conroy Piekalkiewicz Rampey West West	Feb. 19 Feb. 28 Feb. 28 Feb. 15 Feb. 15 Feb. 21 Feb. 21

	Fiscal Staff	Final Committee Action
GAINES		
Judicial Council Board of Indigents Defense Services Kansas College of Technology Fort Hays State University Regents Systemwide Department of Education School District Income Tax Animal Health Grain Inspection Wheat Commission State Fair Capital Improvements	Duffy Duffy Conroy Conroy Conroy Rampey Rampey Duncan Robinson Robinson Staff	Feb. 19 Feb. 28 Feb. 28 Feb. 12 Feb. 26 Feb. 26 Feb. 21 Feb. 21 Feb. 21 March 1
ALLEN		
Judicial Branch Racing Commission (Chair) Board of Tax Appeals (Chair) Kansas, Inc. (Chair) Kansas Technology Enterprise Corporation (Chair) Fort Hays State University (Chair) Kansas College of Technology (Chair) Animal Health (Chair) Grain Inspection (Chair) Wheat Commission (Chair) State Fair (Chair)	Duffy Efird Efird West West Conroy Conroy Duncan Robinson Robinson	Feb. 19 Feb. 22 Feb. 22 Feb. 22 Feb. 28 Feb. 28 Feb. 21 Feb. 21 Feb. 21 Feb. 21
HAYDEN		
Judicial Branch University of Kansas Medical Center Board of Regents Historical Society Department of Wildlife and Parks	Duffy Conroy Conroy Piekalkiewicz Duncan	Feb. 19 Feb. 28 Feb. 28 Feb. 15 Feb. 21

	Fiscal Staff	Final Committee <u>Action</u>
KERR		
Legislative Agencies (Chair) Governor (Chair) Insurance Commissioner (Chair) Lottery (Chair) Kansas State University (Chair) Kansas State Veterinary Medical Center (Chair) School for the Visually Handicapped (Chair) School for the Deaf (Chair) Department of Wildlife and Parks	Ahrens Ahrens Rothe Efird Conroy Conroy Rampey Rampey Duncan	Feb. 13 Feb. 13 Feb. 26 Feb. 28 Feb. 28 Feb. 15 Feb. 15 Feb. 21
FELECIANO		
Secretary of State Lt. Governor State Treasurer Lottery University of Kansas Kansas Water Office State Conservation Commission	Mah Ahrens Duffy Efird Conroy West West	Feb. 13 Feb. 13 Feb. 22 Feb. 28 Feb. 21 Feb. 21
HARDER		
Judicial Branch (Chair) University of Kansas (Chair) Department of Education School District Income Tax Public Broadcasting Commission (Chair) Bicentennial Commission (Chair) Arts Commission (Chair) Board of Agriculture (Chair) Capital Improvements	Duffy Conroy Rampey Rampey Piekalkiewicz Piekalkiewicz Piekalkiewicz Robinson Staff	Feb. 19 Feb. 28 Feb. 26 Feb. 26 Feb. 15 Feb. 15 Feb. 15 Feb. 15 March 1