Approved	July	6	199	0
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MINUTES OF THE _SENATE COMMITTEE ON _	WAYS AND MEANS	
The meeting was called to order bySENATOR	AUGUST "GUS" BOGINA Chairperson	at
10:15 a.m./pxxn. onAPRIL_24	, 19_90in room <u>123-S</u> of the Capito	l.
All members were present except:		

Committee staff present:

Research Dept: Diane Duffy, Leah Robinson, Ellen Piekalkiewicz, Alan Conroy, Scott Rothe, Laura Howard

Revisors Office: Norman Furse, Gordon Self Committee Staff: Judy Bromich, Pam Parker

Conferees appearing before the committee:

Winston Barton, Secretary, Department of Social and Rehabilitation Services (SRS) John Alquest, Commissioner of Income Maintenance and Medical Services, SRS Representative David Miller James Hays, Research Director, Kansas Association of School Boards Bruce Roby, Legal Counsel, SRS Representative Joan Adam Brenda Manske, Citizen Representative Vern Williams Jack McCord, Department of Administration Gene Johnson, Kansas Alcoholism and Drug Addiction Counselors Association, Kansas Association of Alcohol and Drug Abuse, Kansas Community Alcohol Safety Action **Project Coordinators Association** John Smith, Driver Licensing and Control

The Chairman explained that due to the apparent lack of implementation of additional revenue measures during the legislative session, he felt the need to look at some appropriations which far exceeded expectations. Therefore, he had requested a report from the Department of Social and Rehabilitation Services (SRS) reviewing federal mandates and illustrating areas where the state of Kansas exceeds federal mandates, case loads, etc. Distributed for Committee members was a Summary of SRS Budget for FY 1989-1991 prepared by the Kansas Legislative Research Department. (ATTACHMENT 1)

Winston Barton, Secretary, SRS, distributed copies of charts he reviewed regarding program history of some of the major programs of SRS, <u>i.e.</u>, Aid to Families with Dependent Children (AFDC), Medicaid, Foster Care and Long Term Care. He also discussed difficulties in trying to forecast the future of these programs. (ATTACHMENT 2)

During discussion of AFDC, Secretary Barton stated that they would like to think that programs like Kan-Work would cause the caseload to decrease, however that has not been true. In some instances, it has caused the caseloads to increase because people stay in the program longer to finish training or obtain a GED. They used to think that caseload growth or decrease was due to unemployment, but they have found that is not necessarily so.

MINUTES OF THE SENATE	COMMITTEE ON	WAYS AND A	MEANS
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In regard to Foster Care, Secretary Barton stated that the \$32.2 million quoted in the FY 1991 GBR does not include the present 10 percent increase or caseload growth. They are forecasting a 15 percent caseload increase as well as an increase in cost of care due to the children needing more expensive services. The FY 1990 Maintenance Level figure of \$41.8 million does include the present 10 percent increase. Commissioner Barnum answered a question by stating that the federal match for Foster Care is generally a 48 - 52 percent for 4-E, however it depends whether the recipient is AFDC, GA, etc. as those matches vary somewhat. What they expect to get in Foster Care is about \$11 million in federal funds, most of which is probably 4-E and child welfare.

John Alquest talked about what was happening within the Regular Medical Assistance Program this year. (Attachment 3) Mr. Alquest stated the Pregnant Women and Children expansion is drawing more people who are also eligible for AFDC due to income level relating to unemployment and inability to work because of medical conditions, etc. He noted that it takes about all of their energies to operate the programs and they do not have a research arm to study demographics, etc. He said the computers are set up right now to process the factors of eligibility, there is potential within the computer, at additional costs, to be able to gather management data. J. Sanford Duncan, SRS, stated that the computer was not designed to be a statistical analysis tool.

Mr. Alquest responded to a question by stating that an increase in medical programs is being experienced all over the country at the state and federal level due, in part, to the aging population and the need for more expensive care as they age as well as nursing home care. Data indicates surrounding states have higher medical assistance expenditures overall than Kansas, particularly Oklahoma. In Mr. Alquest's opinion Kansas is serving approximately one-third of the people who are potentially eligible for AFDC.

Mr. Alquest stated SRS does not pay for hospital admission unless medical necessity has been demonstrated. Under the DRG system the review is a post review of 30 - 60 days later. Katie Klaussen stated that between \$10 and \$12 million per year is denied from hospital payments because of lack of medical necessity. They have not done a comparison study of what the state pays in hospital costs versus private insurers, but that is something that they could do.

During discussion, Mr. Alquest stated that his report is not so much to explain "why" these things are happening, but to explain "what" is happening. There is an increase in the number of people getting medical cards in addition to a greater use of services by those already having cards. Secretary Barton explained that people receiving medical cards presently are more at risk medically.

SB 793 - Omnibus Appropriations Act of 1990

Senator Doyen submitted a letter dated April 12, 1990 to Paul West, Legislative Research, to Harland E. Priddle regarding a response to a request from Senator Doyen to identify some improvement programs for exhibition and display materials. (Attachment 4)

Senator Doyen moved, Senator Hayden seconded, to amend SB 793 by adding \$25,600 for a display program for recruitment efforts for film services. The motion carried.

MINUTES OF THE	SENATE	COMMITTEE ON	WAYS	AND MEANS	
room 123-S Stateh	ouse, at 10:15	a.m./ ½¾ ¥. on		APRIL 24	, 1990.

INTRODUCTION OF BILLS

Senator Doyen moved, Senator Rock seconded the introduction of bill draft 9 RS 2937, an act defining land devoted to open space for property taxation purposes. The motion carried.

Senator Allen moved, Senator Doyen seconded, the introduction of a bill which would provide a two and one-half percent cut of all state general fund appropriations. Part of the motion was to assign the bill to Senate Ways and Means Committee. The motion carried.

Senator Winter moved, Senator Gaines seconded, the introduction of a bill consistent with an opinion from the U.S. Supreme Court on April 18, 1990 upholding a law in Ohio which banned child pornography. The motion carried.

SB 793 - Omnibus Appropriations Act of 1990

Staff reported that the Joint Committee on State Building Committee has recommended that the provision be added to the Omnibus Appropriations bill authorizing the State Finance Council to authorize the KDFA to issue bonds for the acquisition and renovation of the Victory Life building. The Building Committee also recommended to authorize KDFA to issue \$1.49 million in bonds for the acquisition of the Santa Fe building in Wichita for the Department of Corrections. The Building Committee recommended the authorization of shifting funds at KCIL for life safety improvements with a portion of the previous funds for the KCIL dormitory. The next item reviewed by staff was the Kansas University Press. Last year the legislature authorized KU to build a new office building. They have not achieved quite as much revenue as they had hoped. The Building Committee recommends they be authorized to issue revenue bonds up to \$250,000 to complete that project. The last item was the Plant Science project at Kansas State University. Inadvertently there has never been legislative authorization for them to obliterate the old foundations of the greenhouses.

Senator Harder moved, Senator Gaines seconded, the above recommendations of the Joint Committee on State Building Construction.

Following discussion, Senator Winter made a substitute motion, Senator Kerr seconded, to adopt the recommendations made by the Joint Committee on State Building Construction except for the acquisition of the Victory Life Insurance building. The motion failed.

The primary motion by Senator Harder and seconded by Senator Gaines passed.

Senator Doyen moved, Senator Harder seconded, to introduce the Omnibus Appropriations Act of 1990 as amended. The motion carried.

Senator Kerr moved, Senator Feleciano seconded, to recommend the Omnibus Appropriations Act of 1990 (SB 793), as amended, favorably for passage. The motion carried on a roll call vote.

The meeting was recessed for lunch.

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The Chairman called the meeting to order at 1:45 p.m.

HB 2586 - Sub. for HB 2586 by Committee on Appropriations -- Mental health reform act.

Senator Kerr explained his amendment. (<u>Attachment 5</u>) During discussion, Mr. Nemec, SRS, stated that he thought the intent was that the counties would participate up to at least a minimum of 75 % of what the state is putting into the mental health center operations for that catchment area.

Senator Kerr moved, Senator Doyen seconded, to amend Attachment 5 to read, "... 75% per capita of the State Aid and grants". During discussion, Mr. Nemec stated that the amount of mill levy funding that goes to the Centers is almost equal to the state match. The motion failed.

The Chairman stated that a letter had been received from District Judge Paul Miller, Chairman of Legislative Coordinating Commission, which expressing concerns they have which had been considered by the Senate Public Health and Welfare Committee. (Attachment 6) Staff stated that the information the Public Health and Welfare Committee had related to broadening the QFAP definition to allow health professionals in communities without local mental health centers to make appropriate recommendations.

Senator Winter moved, Senator Parrish seconded, to amend Section 26 (f) to read, "....from a qualified mental health professional. In the event the qualified mental health professional does not recommend treatment at a state psychiatric hospital, the participating mental health center which employs a contracts with the qualified mental health professional shall assume responsibility for securing any and all treatment required by the proposed patient. An order for treatment in a treatment.....". The motion carried.

Senator Parrish moved, Senator Winter seconded, to amend Sub. for HB 2586, Page 34, line 37, New Section 30, by changing the January 1, 1991 to January 1, 1992. The motion carried.

Senator Johnston moved, Senator Parrish seconded, to report Sub. for HB 2586, as amended, favorably for passage. The motion carried on a roll call vote.

Following a short break the Vice-Chairman called the meeting back to order.

HB 2900 - State finances, governor's executive orders to reduce appropriations and demand transfers from state general fund.

Representative David Miller appeared before the Committee in favor of <u>HB 2900</u>. Representative Miller stated that this bill permits the Governor the flexibility to make across the board cuts in virtually all appropriations, expenditures or transfers from the State General Fund if two conditions are met. One that the cash ending balance of the SGF were projected to drop below five percent, and two, if the state Finance Council approved of the action. Exemptions voted on by the House Appropriations Committee include appropriations for bond payments and KPERS retirement for teachers.

In answer to questions, Representative Miller stated that he felt <u>HB 2900</u> compliments HB 2867 (the spending lid bill) and would act as a backup. He agrees with the administration's position that the five percent is necessary for escrow purposes and emergencies.

James Hays, Research Director, Kansas Association of School Boards, appeared in opposition to HB 2900. (Attachment 7)

MINUTES OF THE SENATE	_ COMMITTEE ON	WAYS AND MEAN	IS
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HB 3085 - Social Welfare, payment schedules for health care providers.

Bruce Roby was the next conferee. (Attachment 8) Written testimony was submitted by Dick Hummel, Executive Vice-President, Kansas Health Care Association (KHCA). (Attachment 8-A)

HB 2859 - Heritage trust fund established for purpose of historic preservation.

Representative Joan Adam was next to appear. (<u>Attachment 9 and 10</u>) During discussion of a proposed amendment submitted by Senator Winter (<u>Attachment 11</u>), Representative Adam suggested a large match for for-profit businesses or organizations. It was her intention for this money to be used for those properties that are falling down and those facilities that have great historical significance. Her preference is that the money be kept for historic preservation purposes having to do with history and/or architecture. This should be considered being a statewide benefit.

Representative Adam distributed copies of written testimony provided by Don Chubb, President of Historic Topeka, who was unable to be present. (Attachment 12)

Written testimony was submitted and reviewed for Ramon Powers, Executive Director, Kansas State Historical Society, by a representative of the Historic Society. (Attachment 13) He stated that the elimination of for-profit entities for competing for this money would have a negative effect on some of the mainstreet programs. The Historical Society would not be adverse to an additional match for these as compared to a private homeowner or a non-profit organization. They feel that the return of funds collected in counties would be an administrative nightmare and would be counter productive in relation to requirements set out in the bill. He stated that they would be happy to work on further amendments with Senator Winter and staff.

Brenda Manske appeared as an interested citizen. (Attachment 14) She stated she was formerly director of the Southeast Kansas Tourism Region and past president of the Kansas Downtown Development Association.

Submitted for the record was testimony from Trudy Aron, Executive Director, The Kansas Society of Architects, AIA (<u>Attachment 14-A</u>), and Linda Fincham, Chairman of the Register of Deeds Legislative Committee (<u>Attachment 14-B</u>).

HB 2719 - State affinity credit card program for members of retirement systems under KPERS

Representative Vern Williams appeared before the Committee. (<u>Attachment 15</u>) In answer to questions, Representative Williams stated that the cards could be used for identification purposes. Concern was expressed concerning the size bank that would administer this program.

Jack McCord stated that this was an opportunity to offer a benefit to state employees at no cost which is unusual. It is also a voluntary action on the part of the individual employees as to whether they want to participate or not. The successful vender will be the one who submits the lowest bid for the annual fee to be paid for the card, the lowest interest rate above prime, and the rate paid to the state as a pursuing a business.

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SB 770 - Examination and reinstatement fees for drivers' licenses.

Gene Johnson presented testimony in support of SB 770. (Attachment 16)

John Smith (<u>Attachment 17</u>) stated that currently there is a \$25 reinstatement fee in addition to any fines and court costs. That is \$25 for each charge regardless of the outcome. They are proposing to raise that to \$50. They also intend to increase the examination fee from \$3 to \$5 for those individuals convicted of DUI who must submit to a driving examination. Mr. Smith stated that this will cause no additional work because the court currently collects the reinstatement feel now and the examiner in the field collects the fee. The additional examination fee would stay in the Highway Fund and the additional reinstatement fee would go to the to the alcohol program. There are about 5,000 DUI convictions per year not counting diversions. There are approximately 25,000 who fail to appear, many of which are dual charges if not more.

Mr. Smith asked that line five, page three, the reference be changed from subsection (f) to subsection (e).

SB 751 - Elimination of nonjudicial employees salary payback provision.

Attachment 18 illustrates the collections they have made to date on the 10 day payback. He explained it is not really a collection, it is a reduction of the final paycheck.

HB 3076 - Fiscal notes on legislative bills, preparation and distribution.

The Chairman briefly reviewed the bill and there was a short discussion.

The Chairman announced the next meeting will be a 1:30 p.m. on Wednesday, April 25th.

	GUEST LIST	•
COMMITTEE: SENATE WAYS AND ME	ANC D.	ATE: 4-24-90
SERVICE WALL AND HE	ANO	7 2) 10
NAME (PLEASE PRINT)	ADDRESS	COMPANY/ORGANIZATION
Gabe Farmon	300 SW Dolley, Tapeko	SRS/Rehab Sucs
Jask Lewery .	//	: //
Kelents Surphallen	Buller, 16s	AARP State Leg Comm
Mark Intermill	Topeka	Ks Coalition on Aging
John Peterson		Rs Asia Pat Psychligh
Natalie Mason	Emporia St. Univ.	SRS/BUDGET OFFICE
Ondeen o Janer en	Toloka.	3Q5/ADAS.
Sandy Manning	Topeta	SRS - Adult Serv
Dan allen	Popeka	SRS-Commissioner
Karen De Viney	Topeta	GRG Budget
Larry Hinton	Topeka	SRS "
DON POUND	11	" BUDET
David Scott	1/	Youth Serv.
BIB BARNUM	(/	YOUTH SUC
MIKE FLYZIK	20	SRS/ADAS.
Melisa Ness	1/ :	KCSL
Doug Bouman	tt.	Children & Youth Advisory
Lewis Aller	11	HS Health Care Kon.
DICK Hammel	и	11 11 11
Jeff Chanay	31	KAHA
Kevin McFarland	, ie	KAHA
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WAYNE K Wignecki	(1	AFSCME
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Tori Class	Tpefia o	hental Health Kansan
Jim HAYS	TOPEKA	KASB
Jerry Sloan	11	OJA
Faul Shelby	Topela	OJA
Lewis Allen		KHCA
Kevin D-McFarland	. ((· KAHA
Hobert Huden	Emporiti St.	Mental Health Consit.
natalis mason		SRS/Budget
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GUEST LIST

NAME (PLEASE PRINT)	ADDRESS	COMPANY/ORGANIZATIO
CARRY MEIKEL	to Peich	Menorae Verety Consorter
PAUL M. HLOTI	· ropeka	Assoc of MHB WKs.
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SUMMARY OF SRS BUDGET FY 1989-1991

All Funds

	FY 1989	Gov. Rec.* FY 1990	House Rec. FY 1990	Senate Rec. FY 1990	Gov. Rec.* FY 1991	House Rec. FY 1991	Senate Rec. FY 1991
State Operations	\$153,269,322	\$159,080,986	\$153,778,709	\$156,576,892	\$161,913,995	\$159,015,656	\$164,591,100
Aid to Local Units: State Aid to Community Mental							
Health State Aid to Community Mental	\$ 9,549,312	\$ 10,211,343	\$ 10,211,343	\$ 10,211,343	\$ 10,211,343	\$ 10,211,343	\$ 10,211,343
Retardation	5,780,950	6,069,996	6,069,996	6,069,996	6,069,996	6,069,996	6,069,996
Other Mental Retardation Grants	5,516,809	7,871,085	8,219,842	7,981,467	8,935,355	13,474,624	11,723,913
Other Mental Health Grants	2,726,034	4,845,827	4,845,827	4,845,827	<u>6,211,536</u>	<u>6,476,179</u>	<u>5,059,179</u>
Subtotal - Aid to Locals	<u>\$ 23,573,105</u>	\$ 28,998,251	\$ 29,347,008	\$ 29,108,633	\$ 31,428,230	<u>\$ 36,232,142</u>	\$ 33,064,431
Other Assistance:							
Aid to Families with Dependent							
Children (AFDC)	\$101,577,843	\$108,122,119	\$109,181,837	\$108,815,280	\$103,567,385	\$109,580,250	\$113,240,729
General Assistance	11,570,615	8,876,781	13,755,719	13,996,088	0	9,700,000	9,700,000
Long-Term Care	143,931,312	173,574,971	173,574,971	173,574,971	190,020,682	190,665,198	196,434,294
Regular Medical Assistance	162,797,547	208,901,606	206,524,800	214,825,014	237,963,883	221,656,383	258,106,271
MediKan	18,094,761	16,165,132	20,868,128	20,868,128	0	9,500,000	9,500,000
Foster Care	26,158,252	32,153,109	33,844,581	34,442,499	32,153,109	39,631,396	41,118,846
All Other	62,059,381	70,023,302	69,698,400	68,385,358	<u>74,670,008</u>	<u>76,475,450</u>	<u>76,066,410</u>
Subtotal - Other Assistance	<u>\$526,189,711</u>	<u>\$617,817,020</u>	<u>\$627,448,436</u>	<u>\$634,907,338</u>	<u>\$638,375,067</u>	<u>\$657,208,677</u>	<u>\$704,166,550</u>
TOTAL	<u>\$703,032,138</u>	\$805,896,257	<u>\$810,574,153</u>	\$820,592,863	\$831,717,292	\$852,456,475	\$901,822,1

^{*} Governor's recommendations include Governor's Budget Amendment Nos. 1 and 2.

SRS BUDGET SUMMARY - FY 1991

	FY 91 Gov. Rec.*			FY 91 House Rec.				FY 91 Senate Rec.				
Expenditure Items	S	tate Funds		All Funds		State Funds		All Funds		State Funds		All Funds
State Operations	\$	73,673,283	\$	161,913,995	\$	74,318,842	\$	159,015,656	\$	76,212,779	\$	164,591,123
Aid to Local Units State Aid to Community Mental Health State Aid to Community Mental Retard. Other MH Grants Other MR Grants Subtotal	\$	10,211,343 6,069,996 3,026,281 8,420,355 27,727,975	\$	10,211,343 6,069,996 6,211,536 8,935,355 31,428,230	\$ <u>\$</u>	10,211,343 6,069,996 3,426,281 12,959,624 32,667,244	\$	10,211,343 6,069,996 6,476,179 13,474,624 36,232,142	\$ <u>\$</u>	10,211,343 6,069,996 2,462,258 11,208,913 29,952,510	\$ <u>\$</u>	10,211,343 6,069,996 5,059,179 11,723,913 33,064,431
Assistance and Grants Medical Assistance Aid to Families with Dependent Children General Assistance KanWork Refugee and Alien Assistance Low Income Energy Assistance Emergency Assistance Emergency Assistance Foster Care Adoption Support Other Youth Services Grants Day Care Alcohol and Drug Abuse Grants Community Services Grants Weatherization Assistance Other Adult Services Grants Housing and Urban Dev. Grants Other Assistance, Grants & Benefits Subtotal-Assistance and Grants	\$	194,015,149 44,815,307 0 3,432,061 0 247,500 21,411,770 1,021,747 2,363,586 2,242,684 3,472,226 0 0 2,971,033 0 2,262,666 278,255,729	\$	427,984,565 103,567,385 0 7,261,650 4,630,216 11,845,000 495,000 32,153,109 1,478,740 3,856,018 8,210,651 10,941,248 2,591,701 4,733,734 12,720,563 2,234,274 3,671,213 638,375,067	\$	195,196,746 47,399,035 9,700,000 3,432,061 0 247,500 27,996,690 1,021,747 2,363,586 2,242,684 3,472,226 0 0 2,971,033 0 2,413,966 298,457,274	\$ 150	109,580,250 9,700,000 7,261,650 4,630,216 11,845,000 495,000 39,631,396 1,478,740 3,856,018 8,210,651 10,941,248 2,591,701 4,733,734 12,577,563 2,234,274 5,619,655	\$	214,191,164 49,327,981 9,700,000 3,432,061 0 247,500 28,851,974 1,021,747 2,363,586 2,942,684 3,472,226 0 0 2,971,033 0 2,588,966 321,110,922	\$	464,040,565 113,240,729 9,700,000 7,261,650 4,630,216 11,845,000 495,000 41,118,846 1,478,740 3,856,018 8,910,651 11,321,150 2,591,701 4,733,734 12,577,563 2,234,274 4,130,713 704,166,550
Total Operating	\$	379,656,987	\$	831,717,292	\$	405,443,360	\$	852,456,475	\$	427,276,211	\$	901,822,104
Capital Improvements	<u>\$</u>	0	\$	5,557,516	\$	0	\$	5,747,416	\$	0	<u>\$</u>	<u>5,747,416</u>
TOTAL BUDGET	\$	379,656,987	\$	837,274,808	\$	405,443,360	\$	858,203,891	<u>\$</u>	427,276,211	\$	907,569,520
State General Fund Financed SRS Fee Fund Financed	\$ \$	361,600,901 18,056,086			\$ \$	387,387,274 18,056,086			\$ \$	409,220,125 18,056,086		

Note: State Funds include State General Fund and SRS Fee Fund.

includes Governor's Budget Amendments No. 1 and No. 2.

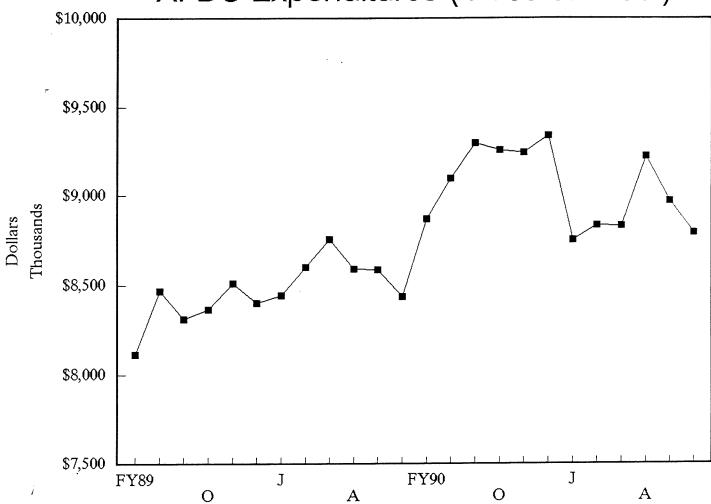
SRS BUDGET SUMMARY - FY 1990

		FY 90 G	iov.			FY 90 House Rec.				FY 90 Senate Rec.			
Expenditure Items		State Funds		All Funds		State Funds		All Funds		State Funds		All Funds	
State Operations	\$	69,479,538	\$	159,080,986	\$	68,253,220	\$	153,778,709	\$	68,404,685	\$	156,576,892	
Aid to Local Units State Aid to Community Mental Health	\$	10,211,343	\$	10,211,343	\$	10,211,343	\$	10,211,343	\$	10,211,343	\$	10,211,343	
State Aid to Community Mental Retard.	Ψ	6,069,996	Ψ	6,069,996	Ψ	6,069,996	Ψ	6,069,996	Ψ	6,069,996	Ψ	6,069,996	
Other MH Grants		2,443,040		4,845,827		2,443,040		4,845,827		2,443,040		4,845,827	
Other MR Grants		7,174,217		7,871,085		7,729,842		8,219,842		7,491,467		7,981,467	
Subtotal	\$	25,898,596	\$	28,998,251	\$	26,454,221	\$		\$	26,215,846	\$	29,108,633	
Assistance and Grants													
Medical Assistance	\$	194,758,203	\$	398,641,709	\$	198,384,820	\$	400,967,899	\$	201,657,025	\$	409,268,113	
Aid to Families with Dependent Children		48,092,684		108,122,119		48,278,693		109,181,837		48,771,988		108,815,280	
General Assistance		7,873,678		8,876,781		12,492,835		13,755,719		11,612,477		13,996,088	
KanWork		2,152,295		3,926,816		1,831,621		3,285,468		2,152,295		3,926,816	
Refugee and Alien Assistance		0		1,647,656		0		1,647,656		0		1,647,656	
Low Income Energy Assistance		0		14,119,061		0		14,119,061		0		14,119,061	
Emergency Assistance		225,000		450,000		225,000		450,000		225,000		450,000	
Foster Care		24,062,152		32,153,109		26,080,947		33,844,581		25,977,069		34,442,499	
Adoption Support		1,010,380		1,478,740		1,010,380		1,478,740		1,140,177		1,700,000	
Other Youth Services Grants		2,342,586		4,220,243		2,342,586		4,116,345		2,342,586		4,269,108	
Day Care		3,576,605		9,420,880		3,576,605		9,420,880		3,576,605		9,420,880	
Alcohol and Drug Abuse Grants		3,928,230		9,672,248		3,928,230		9,672,248		3,928,230		9,672,248	
Community Services Grants		0		2,916,350		0		2,752,350		0		2,752,350	
Weatherization Assistance		0		4,252,618		0		4,252,618		0		4,252,618	
Other Adult Services Grants		2,973,808		12,506,588		3,231,606		12,363,588		3,231,606		12,363,588	
Housing and Urban Dev. Grants		0		1,903,020		0		1,903,020		0		1,903,020	
Other Assistance, Grants & Benefits		2,296,070	_	3,509,082	_	2,296,070	_	4,236,426	_	2,296,070	_	1,908,013	
Subtotal-Assistance and Grants	<u>\$</u>	293,291,691	<u>\$</u>	617,817,020	<u>\$</u>	303,679,393	<u>\$</u>	627,448,436	<u>\$</u>	306,911,128	<u>\$</u>	634,907,338	
Total Operating	\$	388,669,825	\$	805,896,257	\$	398,386,834	\$	810,574,153	\$	401,531,659	\$	820,592,863	
Capital Improvements	<u>\$</u>	372,540	\$	4,096,558	\$	372,540	<u>\$</u>	4,096,558	\$	372,540	\$	4,096,558	
TOTAL BUDGET	\$	389,042,365	\$	809,992,815	\$	398,759,374	\$	814,670,711	\$	401,904,199	\$	824,689,421	
State General Fund Financed SRS Fee Fund Financed	\$	369,603,062 19,439,303			\$	379,320,071 19,439,303			\$	382,464,896 19,439,303			

Note: State Funds include State General Fund and SRS Fee Fund.

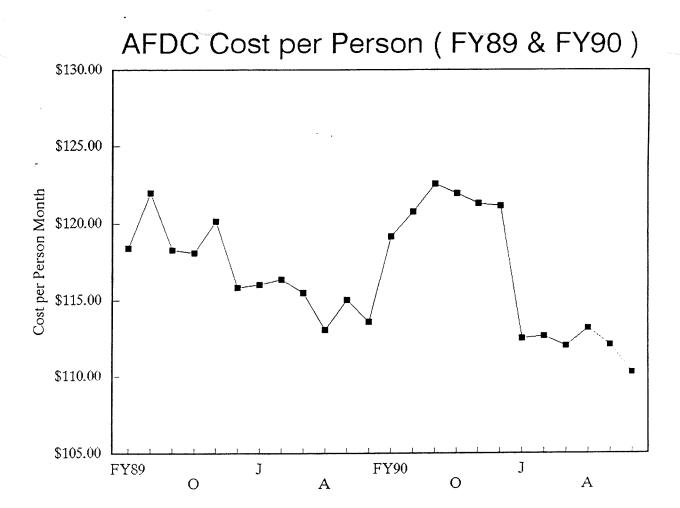
^{*} Includes Governor's Budget Amendments No. 1 and No. 2.

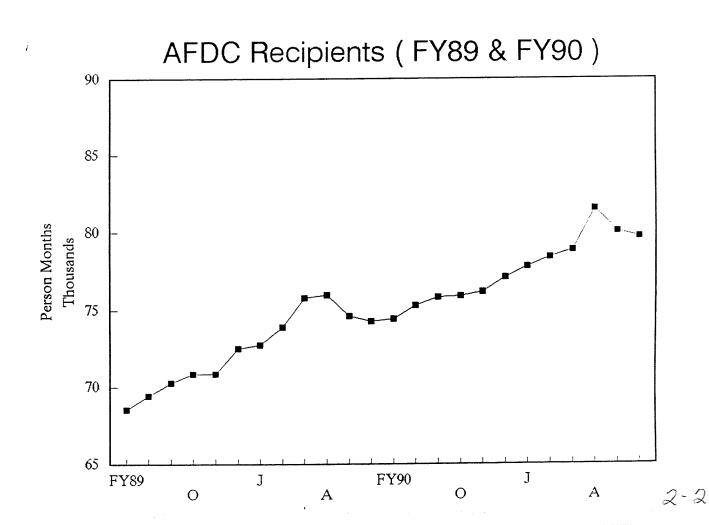
AFDC Expenditures (FY89 & FY90)



ATTACHMENT 2 SWAM 4-24-90





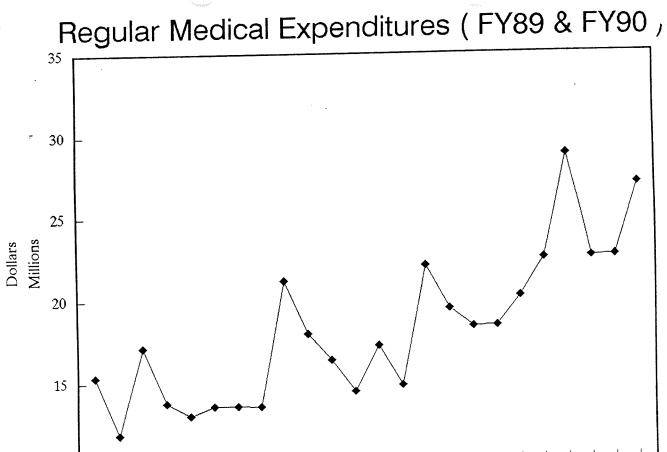




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FY89

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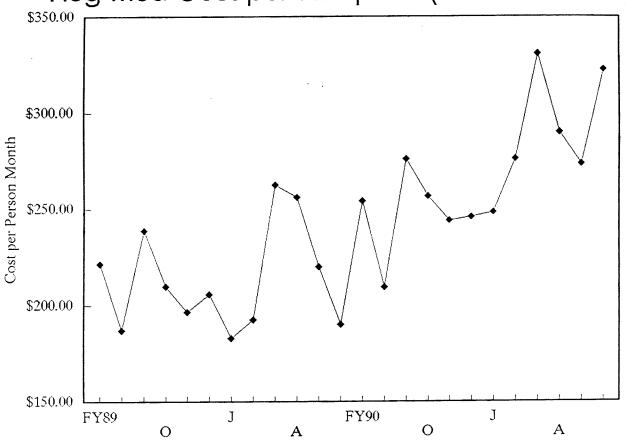
FY90

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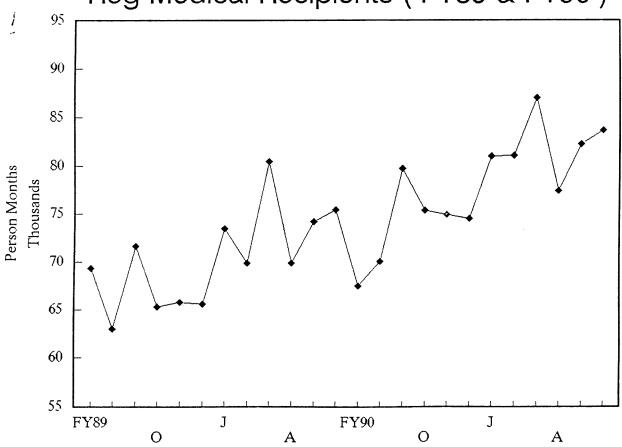
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Reg Med Cost per Recipient (FY89 & FY90)



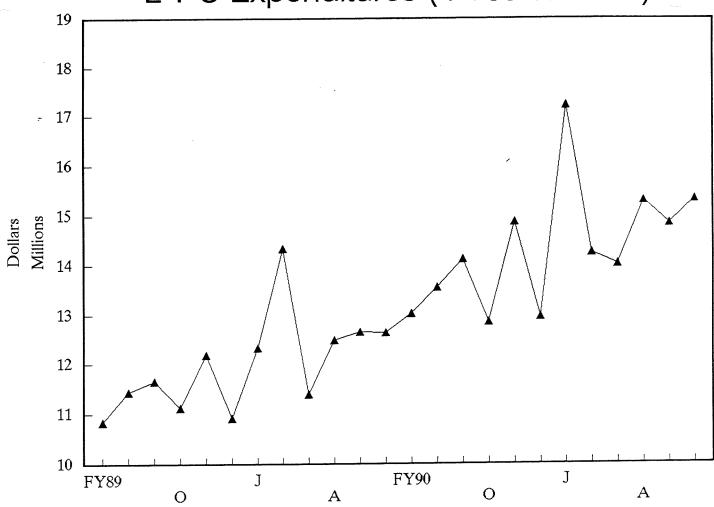
Reg Medical Recipients (FY89 & FY90)



2-4

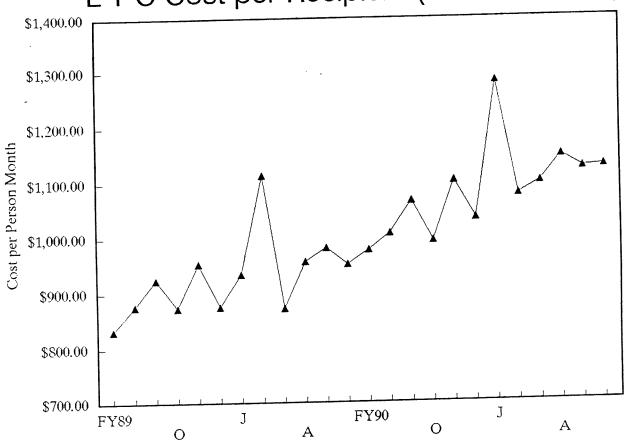
(5)

LTC Expenditures (FYd9 & FY90)

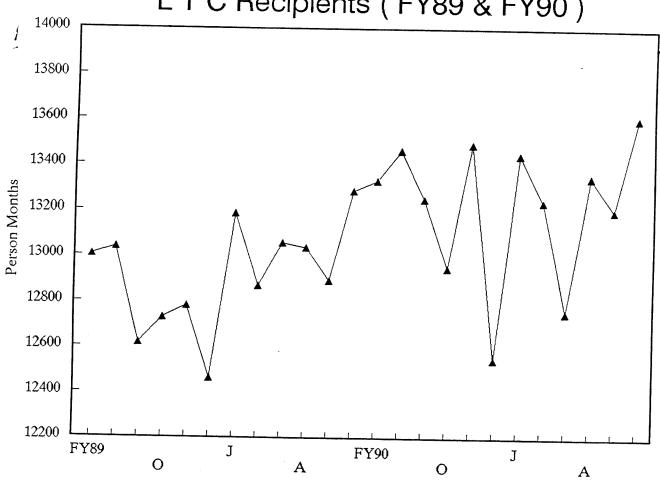




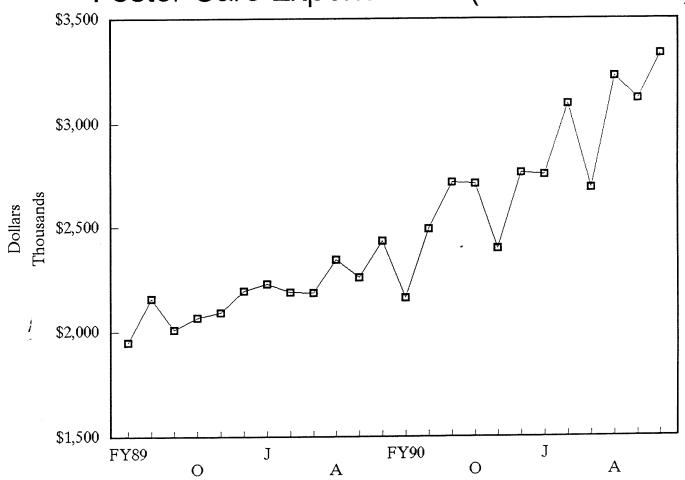




LTC Recipients (FY89 & FY90)

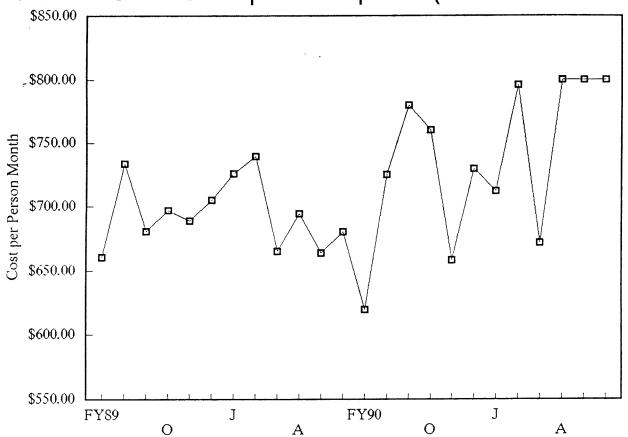


Foster Care Expenditures (FY89 & FY90)

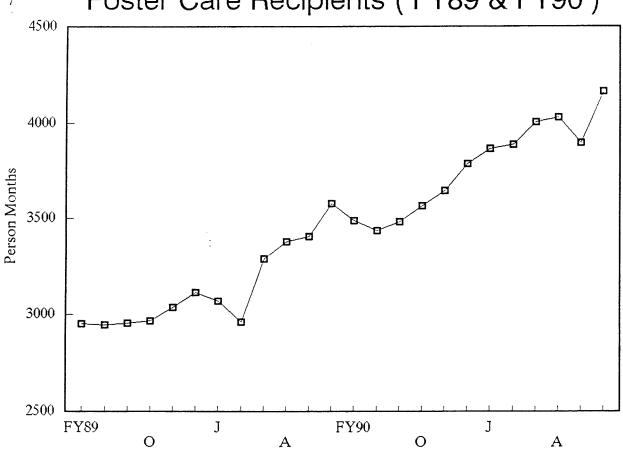




Foster Care Cost per Recipient (FY89 & FY90)







2-8

Expenditures

	AFDC	Reg Med	LTC	Foster Care
FY89 J A S O N D J F M A	8,468,866 8,310,258 8,365,338 8,511,741 8,400,275 8,442,660 8,599,567 8,754,165 8,589,864 8,584,602	\$15,355,263 11,795,405 17,120,930 13,695,552 12,941,526 13,506,894 13,489,960 13,464,164 21,140,153 17,908,304 16,322,304	\$10,831,442 11,432,816 11,662,486 11,120,531 12,185,084 10,908,034 12,320,863 14,328,813 11,389,264 12,474,641 12,642,722	\$1,949,900 2,160,177 2,010,349 2,068,415 2,092,547 2,197,162 2,228,358 2,188,732 2,187,292 2,345,035 2,261,203 2,433,788
FY90 J FY90 J S C N I J H M	8,867,970 9,094,504 9,294,251 9,258,166 9,241,770 9,340,169 8,747,939 8,829,882 8,828,742 9,221,000 8,968,000	14,354,218 17,180,193 14,693,142 21,991,259 19,374,205 18,290,350 18,328,629 20,109,889 22,373,824 28,739,560 22,440,950 22,490,000 26,940,000	12,634,616 13,022,551 13,551,217 14,116,030 12,853,901 14,867,982 12,960,694 17,220,329 14,244,794 14,008,608 15,288,774 14,826,590 15,324,168	2,162,493 2,490,937 2,714,927 2,709,899 2,398,643 2,760,578 2,750,733 3,093,299 2,688,912 3,223,660 3,116,205 3,331,115

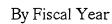
Recipients

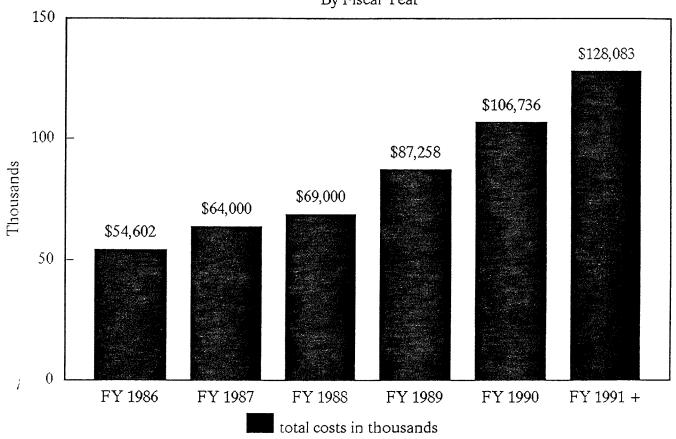
		AFDC	Reg Med	LTC	Foster Care
i					
FY89	J	68 , 537	69 , 345	13,005	2,952
	Α	69,428	63,015	13,038	2,945
	S	70,260	71,686	12,620	2,955
	0	70,838	65 , 297	12,729	2,968
	N	70,837	65,827	12,780	3,038
	D	72,520	65,634	12,465	3,116
	J	72,762	73,527	13,186	3,070
	F	73,889	69,896	12,870	2,960
	M	75,804	80,471	13,059	3,290
	Α	75 , 987	69,871	13,037	3,378
	M	74,616	74,235	12,893	3,408
	J	74,269	75,460	13,288	3,579
FY90	J	74,429	67,500	13,331	3,490
	A	75,313	70,110	13,463	3,436
	S	75,829	79,701	13,252	3,482
	0	75,922	75,421	12,948	3,566
	N	76,198	74,943	13,491	3,645
	D	77,106	74,527	12,546	3,785
	J	77 , 779	81,011	13,445	3,864
	F	78,386	81,063	13,241	3,886
	M	78,845	87,010	12,756	4,004
	A	81,492	77,417	13,350	4,030
	M	80,022	82,252	13,202	3,895
	J	79,679	83,610	13,607	4,164

Cost per Recipient

	F	AFDC	Reg Med	LTC	Foster Care
FY89	J	\$118.40	\$221.43	\$832.87	\$660.54
	A	121.98	187.18	876.88	733.51
	S	118.28	238.83	924.13	680.32
	0	118.09	209.74	873.64	696.91
	N	120.16	196.60	953.45	688.79
	D	115.83	205.79	875.09	705.12
	J	116.03	183.47	934.39	725.85
	F	116.38	192.63	1113.35	739.44
	M	115.48	262.71	872.14	664.83
	A	113.04	256.31	956.86	694.21
	M	115.05	219.87	980.59	663.50
	J	113.58	190.22	950.83	680.02
FY90	J	119.15	254.52	976.86	619.63
	A	120.76	209.57	1006.55	724.95
	S	122.57	275.92	1065.20	779.70
	0	121.94	256.88	992.73	759.93
	N	121.29	244.06	1102.07	658.06
	D	121.13	245.93	1033.05	729.35
	J	112.47	248.24	1280.80	711.89
	F	112.65	276.01	1075.81	796.01
	M	111.98	330.30	1098.20	671.56
	A	113.15	289.87	1145.23	800.00
	M	112.07	273.43	1123.06	800.00
	J	110.29	322.21	1126.20	800.00

Kansas Health Care Insurance Costs





+ estimated

SOCIATION REHABILITATION SERVICES
Comparison of FY 1. Request to Gov Budget Rec and SB 413
Total Funding and SGF by Program
(in millions)

Program		FY 1990 Maint Level*	FY 1990 GBR* And SB 413	* Difference
AFDC -	SGF TOTAL			
Reg Med	SGF TOTAL	107.5 232.5		
LTC	SGF TOTAL	67.6 172.3		
Foster Care	SGF TOTAL	26.2 34.4		
General Assist	SGF TOTAL			
MediKan	SGF TOTAL	20.4	20.9 20.9	
All Other	SGF TOTAL	111.0 260.2 	111.1 259.5 	0.1 -0.7
Grand Total #628	SGF TOTAL	393.4 842.3 =====	379.7 817.5 =====	-13.7 -24.8 =====

^{*} includes March Caseload adjustments, 10% fostercare increase, federal mandates and continuation of GA and MediKan thru 6-30-90.

Source: SRS Budget Unit CSS 4-23-90

^{**} includes GBAs of 2-8-90 and 4-17-90.



SOCIAL AND REHABILITATION SERVICES Comparison of FY 1991 Request to Gov Budget Recs Total Funding and SGF by Program (in millions)

Program		FY 1991 Maint Level*FY	1991 GBR**	Difference
AFDC	SGF TOTAL	47.8 109.8	44.8 103.6	-3.0 -6.2
Reg Med	SGF TOTAL	130.0 285.1	104.9 238.0	-25.1 -47.1
LTC	SGF TOTAL	76.9 195.1	75.5 190.0	-1.4 -5.1
Foster Care	SGF TOTAL	30.2 41.8	21.4 32.2	-8.8 -9.6
General Assist	SGF TOTAL	9.7 9.7	0.0	-9.7 -9.7
MediKan	SGF TOTAL	9.5 9.5	0.0	-9.5 -9.5
All ['] Other	SGF TOTAL	120.9 267.9 	114.6 267.9 	-6.3 0.0
Grand Total #628	SGF TOTAL	425.0 918.9 =====	361.2 831.7 ======	-63.8 -87.2 =====

^{*} includes March Caseload adjustments, federal mandates and includes continuation of a modified GA and MediKan.

Source: SRS Budget Unit CSS 4-23-90

^{**} includes GBAs of 2-8-90 and 4-17-90.

REG MED ASST CASELOAD ESTIMATES FOR FY 1990 (PERSON MONTHS)

			ACTUAL THRU
	ACTUAL	BASIS OF	APRIL + 2
	FY 89	FY 90 GBR	MOs PROJECTED**
	*****	*****	*****
ELDERLY/DISABLED			
SSI AGED	79,000	85,000	85,000
SOCIAL SEC-AGED	137,000	152,000	152,000
SSI-DISABLED	164,000	170,000	173,000
SOCIAL SEC-DISABLED	39,000	40,000	41,000
Subtotal	419,000	447,000	451,000
FAMILIES/OTHER			
AFDC FAMILIES *	859,000	943,000	950,000
Working Families	80,000	130,000	122,000
FOSTER KIDS/ADOPTS	45,000	52,000	52,000
GA/OTHERS	74,000	87,000	79,000
Subtotal	1,058,000	1,212,000	1,203,000
TOTAL	1,477,000	1,659,000	1,654,000

ATTACHMENT 3 SWAM 4-24-90

^{*} INCLUDES FORMER AFDC CLIENTS RECEIVING TRANSITIONAL MEDICAL COVERAGE.

^{**} Projection done by simply assuming April caseload will occur in May & June.

REG MED ASST COST ESTIMATES FOR FY 1990 (IN MILLIONS)

	ACTUAL	BASIS OF	ACTUAL THRU	EXCESS
	FY 89	FY 90 GBR	APRIL + 2	SPENDING
	& PENDS	(THRU 4/16)	MOs PROJECTED**	(In Millions)
	*****	*****	*****	*****
ELDERLY/DISABLED				
,	•			
SSI AGED	\$6	\$7	\$8	\$1
Social Sec-Aged	. 11	13	13	0
SSI-DISABLED	35	41	48	7
SOCIAL SEC-DISABLED	9	11	13	2
MEDICARE PREMIUMS	8	10	10	0
Subtotal	\$69	\$82	\$92	\$10
FAMILIES/OTHER				
AFDC FAMILIES *	\$68	\$81	\$91	\$10
Working Families	15	28	32	4
FOSTER KIDS/ADOPTS	12	15	14	(1)
GA/OTHERS	20	24	24	0
	E3 85 86 46 46 4			
Subtotal	\$115	\$148	\$161	\$13
TOTAL	\$184	\$230	\$253	\$23
. •	¥107	*LJU	¥LJJ	4LJ
STATE FUNDS	\$95	\$119	\$131	\$12

^{*} INCLUDES FORMER AFDC CLIENTS RECEIVING TRANSITIONAL MEDICAL COVERAGE.

^{**} Assumes Expenditure pattern of recent months will continue.

INPATIENT HOSPITAL COST ESTIMATES FOR FY 1990 (IN MILLIONS)

		BASIS OF	ACTUAL THRU	EXCESS
	ACTUAL	FY 90 GBR	APRIL + 2	SPENDING
	FY 89	(THRU 4/16)	MOs PROJECTED**	(In Millions)
	*****	*****	*****	*****
ELDERLY/DISABLED				
SSI AGED	1	\$2	\$2	\$0
SOCIAL SEC-AGED	1	1	1	0
SSI-DISABLED	17	20	25	5
SOCIAL SEC-DISABLED	3	4	6	2
SUBTOTAL	\$22	\$27	\$34	\$7
FAMILIES/OTHER				
AFDC FAMILIES *	\$34	\$44	\$52	\$8
Working Families	9	18	22	4
FOSTER KIDS/ADOPTS	9	10	10	0
GA/OTHERS	12	17	17 	0
Subtotal	\$64	\$89	•	\$12
TOTAL	\$86	\$116	\$135	\$19
STATE FUNDS	\$46	\$63	\$71	\$8

^{*} INCLUDES FORMER AFDC CLIENTS RECEIVING TRANSITIONAL MEDICAL COVERAGE.

^{**} PROJECTION ASSUMES SAME COST PER ADMISSION AND SAME RATE OF ADMISSIONS
AS IN APRIL.

	ACTUAL FY 89	BASIS OF FY 90 GBR (THRU 4/16)	ACTUAL THRU APRIL + 2 MOs PROJECTED**	EXCESS SPENDING (In Millions)
FI DEDLY (DICADI ED	*****	******	*****	******
ELDERLY/DISABLED				
SSI AGED	\$1,575	\$1,764	\$2,091	\$0.4
Social Sec-Aged	£ 857	960	865	(0.1)
SSI-DISABLED	3,820	4,279	4,841	2.7
SOCIAL SEC-DISABLED	3,876	4,341	5,505	1.2
SUBTOTAL	\$3,194	\$3,578	\$4,034	\$4.2
FAMILIES/OTHER				
AFDC FAMILIES *	\$2,680	\$3,056	\$2,762	(\$5.2)
Working Families	2,407	\$2,744	2,826	0.6
FOSTER KIDS/ADOPTS	7,497	7,722	6,845	(1.1)
GA/OTHERS	3,419	3,830	4,310	1.8
SUBTOTAL	\$3,027	\$3,391	\$3,141	(\$4.0)
TOTAL	\$3,069	\$3,437	\$3,328	\$0.3
			STATE FUNDS	\$0.1

^{*} INCLUDES FORMER AFDC CLIENTS RECEIVING TRANSITIONAL MEDICAL COVERAGE.

^{**} PROJECTION ASSUMES SAME COST PER ADMISSION AS IN APRIL.

	*,			
	. .	BASIS OF	ACTUAL THRU	EXCESS
	ACTUAL	FY 90 GBR	APRIL + 2	SPENDING
	FY 89	(THRU 4/16)	MOs PROJECTED**	(In Millions)
	*****	*****	*****	*****
ELDERLY/DISABLED				
SSI AGED	815	941	1,122	\$0.3
SOCIAL SEC-AGED	743	889	1,019	0.1
SSI-DISABLED	4,002	4,482	4,889	1.7
SOCIAL SEC-DISABLED	807	904	1,033	0.6
Subtotal	6,367	7,216	8,063	\$2.7
FAMILIES/OTHER				·
AFDC FAMILIES *	11,386	13,454	17,826	\$13.4
Working Families	3,346	6,390	7,629	3.4
FOSTER KIDS/ADOPTS	1,054	1,306	1,290	(0.1)
GA/OTHERS	3,361	4,246	3,698	(2.1)
SUBTOTAL	19,147	25,396	30,442 A	\$14.5
TOTAL	25,514	32,612	38,505	\$17.3
			STATE FUNDS	. \$7.8

^{*} INCLUDES FORMER AFDC CLIENTS RECEIVING TRANSITIONAL MEDICAL COVERAGE.

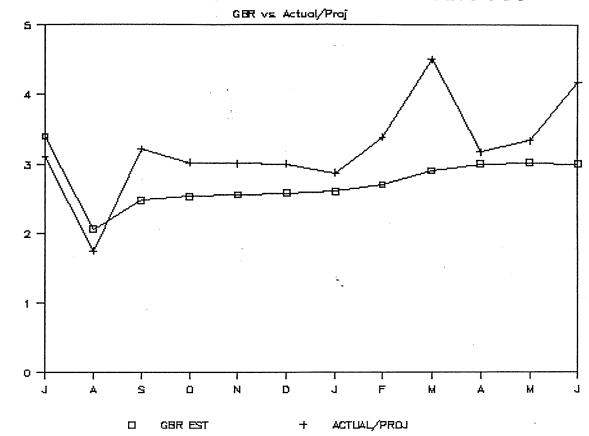
^{**} PROJECTION ASSUMES SAME LEVEL OF ADMISSIONS AS IN APRIL.

		BASIS OF	ACTUAL THRU	EXCESS
	ACTUAL	FY 90 GBR	APRIL + 2	SPENDING
	FY 89	(THRU 4/16)	MOs PROJECTED**	(In Millions)
	*****	*****	*****	*****
PHYSICIAN SERVICES	\$30.6	\$35.0	\$37.1	\$2.1
OUTPATIENT HOSPITAL	6.6	7.5	8.8	1.3
HOME HEALTH	2.9	2.9	3.9	1.0
MED SUPPLIES / EQUIP	2.0	2.1	3.1	1.0
ALL OTHER (NET)	56.0	66.4	65.1	(1.3)

	\$98.1	\$113.9	\$118.0	\$4.1
Tuning Danie False				
INPATIENT DATA FROM	† 05.0	4116.0	4407.0	
Other Pages	\$86.0	\$116.0	\$135.0	\$19.0
T D W 4	4104 1			
TOTAL, REG MED ASST	\$184.1	\$229.9	\$253.0	\$23.1
STATE FUNDS	\$95.0	\$119.0	\$131.0	\$12.0

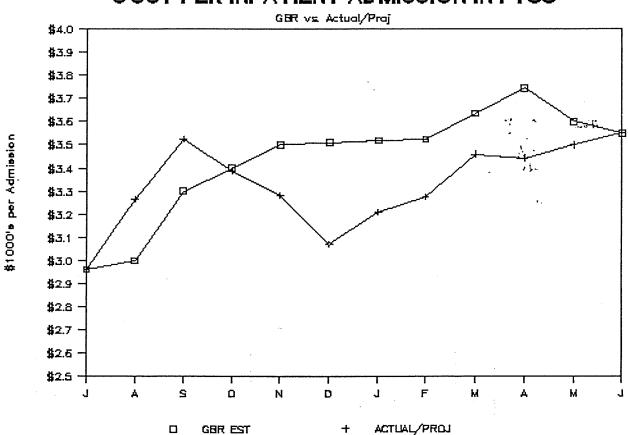
^{**} PROJECTION ASSUMES SAME LEVEL OF ADMISSIONS AS IN APRIL.

INPATIENT ADMISSIONS PER MONTH IN FY90



1000's of Admissions Per Month

COST PER INPATIENT ADMISSION IN FY90



Department of Social and Rehabilitation Services Winston Barton, Secretary

Omnibus Reconciliation Act of 1989

Obstetrical and Pediatric Services

Effective April 1 states must provide assurances that fee for service payment rates for obstetrical and pediatric practitioner services are high enough to assure these services are available to the Medicaid population. This has been defined as at least 90 percent of the average allowance (weighted by frequency) of private insurers. It is believed that rates set at the 75th percentile of provider profiles should assure the availability of these services to all Medicaid recipients.

\$6,775,270

\$3,184,377 SGF

Kan Be Healthy (EPSDT) Services

Effective April 1 states must provide assurances that rates paid for health screenings of children are high enough to assure that 80 percent of all eligible children are screened and that all medically necessary services discovered through screenings are provided. SRS screens about 30 percent of all eligible children, and must increase screens by 10 percent each year until the requirement is met. To determine the cost of providing all services found medically necessary, services for foster children were reviewed. These are paid as provided. It was assumed that 55 percent of children in Kan Be Healthy would receive these expanded services.

\$8,505,895

\$3,997,771 SGF

Federally Qualified Health Centers

Effective April 1 states are required to reimburse federally qualified health centers at 100 percent of reasonable costs. These include Community Health Centers eg. Hunter Health Clinic in Wichita and Migrant Health Centers in Garden City. Specifications describe the services that are included as physician nurse practioner, psychologist, clinical social worker and others. To determine reimbursement an interim rate will be set based on cost reports submitted by the facility and will be adjusted annually to audited costs.

\$203,104

\$81,485 SGF

Medicare Buy-In For Certain Working Disabled

Effective July 1 states must cover Medicare Part A premiums and cost sharing requirements for working disabled persons who lose social security benefits because of excess income. The qualifying level for medical coverage is 200 percent of the federal poverty level and resources not to exceed \$4,000 for a single individual and \$6,000 for a couple. It has been found that the vast majority of those who apply are already on the regular MA-Disabled program. The small number remaining (about 30 persons per year) is assumed would be healthy, therefore, the cost beyond the monthly premium would be the same as other Qualified Medicare Beneficiaries, approximately \$12 per month.

\$39,381 SGF

DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND REHABILITATION SERVICES Winston Barton, Secretary

Medical Assistance Cost Management Strategies

The strategies for FY 1991 cost reductions shown below have been refined from the original list presented as suggestions to the House Appropriation Committee and the Senate Ways and Means Committee. These are considerations by SRS for reducing the budget if that becomes necessary. These are not in any priority order. Priority must be determined later by the amount of reduction necessary and the extent of need for the service.

	Strategy	Start Date	Annual SGF Reduction	FY91 Pipe- line SGF Reduction	FY91 Total Annual Reduction
Perso	ons Eligible				
1.	Eliminate coverage of adults in medically needy families	7–1–90	\$2,700,000	\$2,100,000	\$6,100,000
Medio	cal Services		Ino hunta Test		
1.	Give no hospital rate increase	7–1–90	\$2,900,000	\$2,900,000	\$6,200,000
2.	Additional Copayment	7-1-90	\$1,200,000	\$ 970,000	\$2,300,000
3.	Tighten criteria for psychiatric admission for both children and adults	7–1–90	\$3,300,000	\$2,700,000	\$6,250,000
4.	Discontinue coverage of mental health services except CMHC and psychiatric services by physicians	8–1–90	\$ 280,000	\$ 220,000	\$ 480,000 L. K
5.	Make psychotherapy content of service of partial hospitalization for the long-term mentally ill	8-1-90	\$ 60,000	\$ 50,000	\$ 140,000
6.	Reduce allowed hours of psychotherapy for all recipients except children screened through KAN Be Healthy to 10 hours individual and 20 hours group and family combined per year	8–1–90	\$ 363,000	\$ 285,000	\$ 620,000

	Strategy	Start Date	Annual SGF Reduction	FY91 Pipe- line SGF Reduction	FY91 Total Annual Reduction
7.	Reduce all rates 5% except Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1989 changes and inpatient hospital	7–1–90 1	\$1,800,000	\$1,560,000	\$3,820,000
8.	Reduce Primary Care Network case management payment by 50%	6-1-90	\$ 330,000	\$ 330,000	\$ 705,000
9.	Eliminate coverage of all sole source (brand name) prescription drugs	7–1–90	\$5,709,000 	\$5,367,000	\$12,304,000
10.	Contract for selected drugs and family planning products through bidding	7–1–90	\$ 464,000	\$ 436,000	\$1,000,000
11.	Reimburse only for specific drugs when the diagnosis meets established criteria	7–1–90	\$ 232,000	\$ 220,000	\$ 500,000
12.	Reduce maximum rates for procedures above the 50th percentile to the 50th except for specified procedures	7-1-90 t	\$ 40,000	\$ 35,000	\$ 86,000
13.	Reduce Home Health Agency services to Medicare guide- lines	8–1–90	\$ 850,000	\$ 660,000	\$1,585 , 000
14.	Eliminate Home Health, occupational therapy, physical therapy, and speech therapy for adults	8–1–90	\$ 27,000	\$ 21,000	\$ 54,000
15.	Reduce all physician office visits for adults to a total of 2 per year	8–1–90	\$ 760,000	\$ 618,000	\$1,500,000
16.	Reduce office visits for KAN Be Healthy to a total of 12 per year	8–1–90	\$ 22,000	\$ 18,000	\$ 46,000
17.	Cover liver and heart transplants for children only thru KUMC	8–1–90	\$ 230,000	\$ 168,000	\$ 403,000

	Strategy	Start Date	Annual SGF Reduction	FY91 Pipe- line SGF Reduction	FY91 Total Annual Reduction
18.	Delete the following optional services for adults: optometric except for medical conditions of the eye, audiology, chiropractic, podiatry and dental except oral surgery and dental care for severe medical conditions that are prior authorized	8-1-90	\$ 355,000	\$ 288,000	\$ 548,000
19.	Eliminate Hospice Services except for Qualified Medicare Beneficiaries		\$ 227,000	\$ 177,000	\$ 448,000
20.	Tighten criteria for Medical necessary diagnostic and surgical procedures	7–1–90	\$ 518,000	\$ 424,000	\$1,100,000
21.	Cover only substance abuse detoxification in general hospitals. Continue to federally match Alcohol and Drug Abuse Services SGF for community treatment programs	8-1-90	\$ 766,000	\$ 555,000	\$1,330,000
22.	Eliminate non-ambulance medical transportation and selected non-emergency ambulance transportation for non-KAN Be Healthy participants	8-1-90	\$ 338,000	\$ 254,000	\$ 642,000
23.	Eliminate coverage of durable medical equipment, orthotics and prosthetics for adults	7–1–90	\$ 937,000	\$ 749,000	\$2,011,000
24.	Make psychotherapy content of services for all inpatient hospitalizations	8–1–90	\$ 397,000	\$ 288,000	\$ 689,000
Tota	al Reduction		\$24,805,000	\$21,393,000	\$50,961,000



DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Mike Hayden Governor

Harland E. Priddle Secretary

April 12, 1990

MEMORANDUM

To:

Paul West, Legislative Research

From:

Harland E. Priddle

Secretary of Commerce

RESPONSE TO A REQUEST FROM SENATOR DOYEN SUBJECT:

Senator Doyen and Senator Vidricksen attended the film exposition with our film services staff in Los Angeles this year. Upon their return, both of them expressed a desire for us to identify some improvement programs for exhibition display materials at such shows as the Los Angeles Film Exposition.

In order to provide and meet the needs outlined by the Senators in their discussions with our staff as well as myself, we believe we can develop an excellent display program for approximately \$25,600. This would include booth materials, display materials, and would meet the standards being used by other states in recruiting efforts for film services activities into their states.

We wanted you to be aware of this request and our staff actions in response to their suggestions.

td

cc: Walt Darling

Senator Ross Doyen Senator Ben Vidricksen That each licensed Mental Health Center shall be supported by a mill levy for operations from each county in its catchment area. The mill levy for operations to be provided by the combination of counties in the Mental Health catchment area shall not be less than 75% of the State Aid and grants provided to the Mental Health Center during the prior state fiscal year; provided, however, that no county mill levy for Mental Health operations shall exceed the legal limits established in K.S.A. 79-1947; provided further that each licensed mental health center shall provide to social and rehabilitation services certification of the mill levy percentage and amounts for each county in their catchment area. State aid and grant amounts shall be certified to the Mental Health Centers by Social & Rehabilitation Services on May 1st of each year.



The Kansas District Judges' Association



March 19, 1990

Senator Roy M. Ehrlich Chairman, Public Health and Welfare Comm. State Capitol Topeka, Kansas 66612

Senator Gus Bogina Chairman, Ways and Means Committee State Capitol Topeka, Kansas 66612

Gentlemen:

I write on behalf of the Kansas District Judges' Association. At a meeting of our Executive Committee, held on March 15, 1990, it was unanimously resolved that the Association recommend that Substitute House Bill 2586 be amended to broaden the definition of "qualified mental health professionals" to allow those health professionals in communities without local mental health centers to make the appropriate recommendations and referrals required by the proposed bill. Our concern is that there are a number of counties throughout Kansas that do not have local mental health centers and that the definition of "qualified mental health professional" found in the bill will make it difficult, if not impossible, for emergency mental illness cases to be appropriately treated. We would appreciate your consideration of this request and if you need further input, please do not hesitate to contact me.

very truly yours,

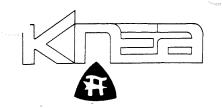
PAUL E. MILLER District Judge

Chairman, Legislative Coordinating Comm.

Member, Executive Comm.

Kansas District Judges' Association 100 Courthouse Plaza, P.O. Box 158

Manhattan, Kansas 66502







Joint Testimony on HB 2900
before the
Senate Committee on Ways and Means
by
James Hays, Research Director
Kansas Association of School Boards

for

Kansas Association of School Boards
Kansas-National Education Association
United School Administrators
Unified School District No. 512 (Shawnee Mission)
Unified School District No. 259 (Wichita)
Unified School District No. 229 (Blue Valley)
Unified School District No. 501 (Topeka)
Schools for Quality Education
Schools for Equal Education in Kansas

Mr. Chairman and members of the Committee, we appreciate the opportunity to testify today on behalf of the school districts and organizations listed above.

We oppose HB 2900. Current law permits the Governor to impose allotments upon any fund which, in the view of the Director of the Budget, is likely to end the fiscal year with an ending balance of \$0, or less. This law has been used since its enactment to regulate the fiscal stability of certain fee fund agencies, and has been used to reduce spending during times of extreme emergency in the State General Fund.

The essential changes in HB 2900, from current law, are that the ending balance necessary to trigger this process is not \$0, but is 5%

ATTACHMENT 7 Swam #4-24-90 of total annual spending, and all items of State General Fund demand would be subject to reduction by the Governor. This would include demand transfers of revenue from the State General Fund. Furthermore, the Governor would have no ability to manage the revenue shortfall which presumably would occasion these reductions because the bill would require that he cut equally from all areas of spending. Current law does not restrict the Governor, in making allotments, from continuing some expenditures and diminishing others.

We believe that requiring pro-rata reductions from every item of expenditure is illogical and bad public policy. You and I would not manage our personal affairs that way. A business would not manage its finances that way. Some expenditures we make as individuals, and businesses make are so important that we would continue to make them regardless of how diminished our revenues might be. And some expenditures we make might be better not made at all, rather than to be reduced by some arbitrary percentage. We urge you to retain for the Governor the right, and the responsibility, to manage state government as any chief executive officer would manage his corporation.

As representatives of local school boards and professional educators, we are particularly concerned with including the School District Income Tax Rebate program under this bill's blanket expenditure reduction process, but we are confident that our concerns will be echoed by all others similarly affected by other demand transfer mechanisms.

Demand transfers are creations of the Legislature fundamentally different from the appropriations process. The Income Tax Rebate is not a state aid program; it is an alternative local revenue source tied to a state revenue source. The Legislature created the program in this way

precisely because it was expected to operate in concert with a state aid appropriation. The program rebates to each of the 304 local school districts a portion of the resident individual income tax liability of each and every taxpayer living in that school district. The Legislature does not have to decide on a total amount each year; it is decided for you by the amount of tax liability accruing. You do not have to decide on a distribution formula; it is decided for you by the address lines on the taxpayer's return form.

We are at a loss to understand how the Governor and the Director of the Budget would go about exercising the powers HB 2900 would grant them over the Income Tax Rebate. Presumably, the occasion to make these reductions would come from some revenue shortfall, probably associated with an economic downturn in the state. In all likelihood, the income tax would be affected by this economic downturn. So, the Rebate program would have been already automatically reduced in total by a shortfall in liabilities; what is the need to reduce it still further? But reductions in the rebate due to this economic downturn would affect different school districts different ways. One district may be a "white collar" area of suburban commuters and may be relatively unaffected by the economic downturn; their rebate may be very close to "normal". Another district may have suffered layoffs of hundreds or thousands of aircraft workers; their rebate may have already been reduced by 25% or 30%. Are we to understand that the Governor would be required to instruct the Director of Accounts and Reports to reduce both of those districts next rebate checks by some percentage? How would he know how much to reduce the check by? Total disbursements during any particular fiscal year under the rebate program are, unlike

an appropriation amount which is certain, unknown until they are actually made. They are affected somewhat by the speed of processing in the Department of Revenue. If the Governor is working from the total estimated disbursements in calculating his percentage reduction, and this revenue shortfall occurs in the second half of the fiscal year, it is possible that a school district may have already received the money he is trying to cut. Can the Governor ask them to send it back?

In summary, we believe that including demand transfers in this process is illogical and unworkable. The wisdom of current law in excluding them from the allotment process should be thoroughly reviewed before changes are made.

Thank you for the opportunity to discuss this matter with you. We would be happy to answer any questions.

KANSAS DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND REHABILITATION SERVICES Winston Barton, Secretary

Testimony presented to Senate Committee on Ways and Means

April 23, 1990

Statement Regarding: H.B. 3085

TITLE:

AN ACT concerning social welfare; relating to payment schedules for health care providers; amending K.S.A. 39-708c and repealing the existing section.

PURPOSE:

This bill updates and amends state statutes regarding the Secretary's duties to establish payment schedules for health care providers, and clarifies that, for hospital and adult care home providers under the State Medicaid plan, the payment schedules shall be "reasonable and adequate to meet the costs which must be incurred by efficiently and economically operated facilities."

BACKGROUND:

This bill is in response to concerns about growth in the adult care home budget which is projected to continue in FY 1990 and FY 1991. While average annual growth in the cost of long-term care was 8.4 percent from FY 1979 to FY 1989, the rate of growth has been increasing. Long-term care costs grew 13.2 percent from 1987 to 1988, and 15.4 percent from 1988 to 1989. In discussions with the House Appropriations Subcommittee, we reviewed previous efforts to contain adult care home costs and noted that litigation often resulted. To clarify legislative intent that adult care home reimbursement be as efficient and economical as possible, we have proposed these provisions.

These amendments to K.S.A. 39-708c(x) would have three main purposes:

- 1. To update the provider payment provisions to include specific terms from the federal Medicaid "Boren Amendment" which replaced the "reasonable cost-related" standard with a lower, reasonable and adequate, standard for Medicaid payments for adult care home and hospital services.
- 2. To reduce the confusion from pre-Boren Amendment lawsuits in Kansas and to specify that federal law now allows consideration of budget restraints (as long as the rates otherwise meet federal requirements), that rates are only to meet efficient costs, and that the state program is not to be required to use all state funds for any services or rates that do not meet federal requirements for federal match payments.
- 3. To clarify or specifically grant the authority to place exclusion or moratorium limits, within the provisions of federal law, on unnecessary services.

EFFECT OF PASSAGE:

Passage of H.B. 3085 would better enable SRS to defend proposed changes in the adult care home reimbursement system which may be challenged by litigation and to better manage continued growth in this program.

ATTACHMENT 8 SWAM 4-24-90





Kansas Health Care Association

221 SOUTHWEST 33rd STREET TOPEKA, KANSAS 66611 • 913-267-6003

To:

Senate Ways & Means Committee

From:

Kansas Health Care Association

Date:

April 24, 1990

Subject:

Position on HB 3085

HB 3085 amends K.S.A. 39-708c(x) (page 5, line 10) as

follows:

"Any payment schedules which are a part of the state medicaid plan shall conform to federal law." This is currently the law (federal and state) with respect to Medicaid Plan payments that qualify for federal financial participation. the present time, there may be parts of the state Medicaid Plan which do not meet requirements for federal participation. future, SRS may adopt, under the state Medicaid Plan, programs which will not meet requirements for federal financial participation.

The second sentence of the proposed amendment would seem to limit any payments for state Medicaid Plan programs which do not meet the requirements for federal financial participation.

"(1) The secretary shall consider budgetary constraints as a factor in establishing payment schedules so long as the result complies with federal law."

The Leader in Long Term Health Care in Kansas SwAm 4-24-90

Federal court decisions clearly recognize that a state Medicaid agency may consider budgetary constraints. Those same federal cases require any state Medicaid Plan for reimbursement to comply with federal law. The proposed amendment is nothing more than a repeat of current federal law.

for providers of hospital and adult care home services under the medicaid plan that are reasonable and adequate to meet the costs which must be incurred by efficiently and economically operated facilities in order to provide care and services in conformity with applicable state and federal laws, regulations, and quality and safety standards. The secretary shall not be required to establish rates for any such facility that are in excess of the minimum necessary to efficiently and economically meet those standards regardless of any excess costs incurred by any such facility."

The first sentence is taken verbatim from 42 U.S.C. § 1396(a)(13)(A), and is, therefore, a repeat of current federal law. It has long been recognized that the Medicaid program is a voluntary program but once a state has decided to participate in the program, the standards for reimbursement become obligatory upon the state. (Country Club Home, Inc. v. Harder, 228 Kan. 756, modified at 228 Kan. 802 (1981).

As stated above, the second sentence is not necessary in that the state Medicaid reimbursement system must comply with federal law (42 U.S.C. § 1396(a)(13)(A) and numerous federal and state court decisions). Additionally, such an amendment is absolutely meaningless unless a definition can be provided for the term "efficiently and economically" and the term "minimum necessary." The current reimbursement system provides that a long term care home can be reimbursed its cost or the SRS established cost center limit, whichever is Less. The only portion of the current reimbursement system which is not supported by actual expenditures involves the "efficiency factor." The efficiency factor can range from zero to fifty cents per patient day.

Long term care providers are currently regulated (i.e., standards are enforced) by the Kansas Department of Health and Environment and the Health Care Financing Administration. The Congress, HCFA and KDHE often times require additional standards (additional money must be spent), and long term care facilities are unable to be compensated for up to one year for the cost they must incur to meet new standards. (For example, OBRA '87 requirements were first calculated by SRS to be in excess of 6.2 million dollars. That figure has now been reduced by the Subcommittee to 1.7 million dollars. The federal minimum wage was first calculated by SRS to cost an excess of 6.6 million dollars, and that figure has been reduced to nothing by the Subcommittee.)

"(3) The secretary shall have the authority to refuse to enter into contracts with any health care provider providing medicaid services if such exclusions or moratoriums comply with federal law."

It is hard to determine from the language quoted just exactly what paragraph (3) intends to do. There is no definition of "exclusions or moratoriums." At present SRS enters into contracts with providers on a one year basis; there is nothing in the present law which requires SRS to enter into contacts with providers - SRS can presently refuse to enter into contracts.

In summary, it would seem that K.S.A. 39-708c(x) as amended, the only thing necessary to bring the statute within the framework of current federal law is the sentence which states, "Any payment schedules which are part of the state medicaid plan shall conform to federal law." All additional language of the proposed amendment is surplus and can only add additional confusion to the present reimbursement system.

CONTACT: Dick Hummel, Executive Vice President

JOAN ADAM
REPRESENTATIVE, FORTY-EIGHTH DISTRICT
305 NORTH: TERRACE
ATCHISON, KANSAS 66002-2526



COMMITTEE ASSIGNMENTS
MEMBER ASSESSMENT AND TAXATION
JUDICIARY
TRANSPORTATION
RANKING MINORITY MEMBER LEGISLATIVE JUDICIAL
AND CONGRESSIONAL APPORTIONMENT

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

HB 2859 April 23, 1990

Mr. Chairman and members of the Senate Ways and Means Committee:

I greatly appreciate your willingness to allow a hearing on this bill, especially given the lateness in the session.

I want to conserve time as much as possible for others who wish to express their support for this bill, so I would like to quickly describe what this bill will do, discuss the amendments that were added in the House and finally discuss some additional changes for your consideration.

This bill is intended to provide funding for the repair and rehabilitation of historic buildings in Kansas - specifically those listed on the National or State Register of Historic Places. Funding for this bill will come from a one-penny increase in the mortgage registration tax. As you recall this tax is now levied at the rate of 25 cents per \$100 registered. That amount is retained in the county general fund. This bill will make that tax 26 cents and the extra one penny will be sent to the state on a quarterly basis to the state treasury to be deposited in the Heritage Trust Fund. The Historical Society will then use this money as matching grants for properties to qualify through an application process. The Society will use an application process similar to one they used in the late 1970's when for a period of time the federal government provided money for a similar purpose.

Based on 1988 revenue of \$14.5 million from the mortgage registration tax, the fund could expect revenue in the amount of \$580,000. If distributed on a matching basis this amount will make a dent in restoring and rehabilitating properties which often have been neglected for years. Often a relatively small grant can encourage substantial restoration. The involvement of the state Historical Society's professional staff will also encourage the work to be done in a professional way.

That basically describes the bill. Now let me describe the amendments added in the House.

The House Approrpiations Committee added two amendments, one which would permit the Historical Society to set up a revolving loan fund. It was felt that such a fund would extend the use of the money and I think the Historical Society is interested in pursuing this approach with a portion of the funds. The other amendment added in Committee lists factors which the Historical Society should consider - factors such as the architectural and historic significance of the building, financial need of the applicant and geographic location of the property.

ATTACHMENT 9 SWAM 4-24-90 Representative Joan Adam Testimony -- HB 2859 April 23, 1990 Page Two

On the House floor two amendments were added - one which denies the use of these funds to any member of the legislature and the other amendment states that 50 percent of this money shall be used by county historical societies which own qualifying property.

Although I support this concept of local historical societies receiving a definite portion of the funding, it was only after the floor debate that we learned that there are only 30 qualifying local Historical Society properties thus these 30 buildings would have access to approximately \$290,000 while all of the other properties would share the other \$290,000. I have provided suggested language that would broaden the local historical societies catagory, to include property owned by local governments, by private non-profit preservation groups such as Historic Topeka. Under this language 200 properties would be eligible rather than the 30 covered under the present language. This completes my discussion of the amendments added in the House.

Informal discussions of this bill during the last few weeks generated another possible amendment that both the authors of the Bill and the Historic Society would approve of - that is a recapture provision. This would allow the Historical Society to recapture part of the grant money if the building were sold within five years of receiving the grant. I have attached a draft of such an amendment. That completes the discussion of the Bill in general. I would like to close by listing some of the benefits of this bill.

- ° The state of Kansas has a state policy of protecting and rehabilitating historic property. This bill will help accomplish that stated statutory goal.
- ° The Bill will augment economic development activities by many cities and counties. Many local governments have found historic property to be a boon to their tourism effort and economic development.
- ° The trust fund will benefit not just owners of historic properties but will benefit all Kansans by enriching their awareness of Kansas cultural heritage.
- ° A funding program will make the difference between making it and not making it for many of the historically significant properties in Kansas.
- ° Thirty-two states now have some form of financial incentives for preservation, including income tax relief, property tax relief, state grants and loans allow Kansas to join that group.

* * * * * * * *

Revision to H.B. 2859

The sentence on lines 39 to 42 which was inserted as an amendment on the f? or of the House should be revised to read as follows:

At least 50% of the amount awarded annually in grants shall be used for the preservation of eligible properties owned by county and local governments, county and local historical societies, and by private non-profit organizations.

Amendment to House Bill 2859

Insert on page 2, line 4, after "this section."

In counties having more than 300,000 population, the state historical society may also award grants from this fund for the purposes of conducting cultural resource surveys, preparing National Register nominations, preservation plans, and historic preservation educational materials, and disseminating information on historic preservation.

9-3

Properties marked through with a line are owned by the State or Federal government and would not be eligible for the proposed heritage Trust $F\psi nd$ grants.

NATIONAL REGISTER LISTINGS FOR KANSAS

TOTAL 556

12/89

ALLEN

Allen County Jail, 204 North Jefferson, Iola (1-25-71) Funston Home, 4-miles north of Iola on US-169 (9-3-71)

ANDERSON

Anderson County Courthouse, Fourth and Oak Street, Garnett (4-26-72) Shelley-Tipton House, 812 West 4th, Garnett (5-6-82) Tipton (Samuel S.) House, three miles west, one mile south of Harris (1-23-75)

ATCHISON

Atchison County Courthouse, southwest corner, Fifth and Parallel, Atchison (4-16-75)Atchison Post Office, 621 Kansas, Atchison (3-17-72) Benedictine College North Campus Historic Complex, Atchison (3-17-82) Brown (J.P.) House, 805 North 4th Street, Atchison (4-14-75) Earhart (Amelia) Birthplace, 223 North Terrace, Atchison (4-16-71) Glancy-Pennell House, 519 North 5th St., Atchison (8-26-83) Harwi (A.J.) House, 1103 Atchison, Atchison (5-6-75) Hetherington (W.W.) House, 805 North 5th Street, Atchison (7-12-74) Howard (Frank) House, 305 North Terrace, Atchison (10-15-84) Howe (Edgar W.) House, 1117 North 3rd, Atchison (3-17-72) McInteer Villa, 1301 Kansas, Atchison (3-26-75) Mount Saint Scholastica Convent, 801 South 8th Street, Atchison (4-17-72) Muchnic (H.E.) House, 704 North 4th Street, Atchison (7-12-74) Pease (Robert L.) House, 203 North 2nd, Atchison (8-26-83) Price Villa, 801 South 8th Street, Atchison (3-17-72) Trinity Episcopal Church, 300 S. 5th, Atchison (4-4-85) Waggener (B.P.) House, 819 N. 4th Street, Atchison (5-3-74)

BARBER

Nation (Carry) House, 211 West Fowler, Medicine Lodge * (3-24-71) Medicine Lodge Peace Treaty Site, Medicine Lodge vicinity * (8-4-69)

BARTON

Walnut Creek Crossing, Great Bend vicinity (4-26-72)
U.S. Post Office, 121 E. Second Street, Hoisington (Kansas Post Offices with Artwork, 1936-1942 MPS) (10-17-89)
Pawnee Rock, Pawnee Rock State Park, Pawnee Rock vicinity (12-29-70)

BOURBON

Fort Scott Historic Area, Old Fort Boulevard, Fort Scott * (7-19-64)
Fort Scott Public Carnegie Library, 201 S. National, Fort Scott (Carnegie Libraries of Kansas TR) (8-18-87)
Moody Building, 15 East Second, Fort Scott (11-9-77)
Union Block, 24 South Main, Fort Scott (4-26-72)
Marmaton Bridge, 1 mile northeast of Fort Scott (5-11-82)

BROWN

Davis Memorial, Mount Hope Cemetery, Hiawatha (8-29-77)
Hiawatha Memorial Auditorium, 611 Utah Street, Hiawatha (9-5-85)
U.S. Post Office, 825 First Avenue East, Horton (Kansas Post Offices with Artwork, 1936-1942-MPS) (10-17-89)
Nebraska Kansas Public Land Survey Monument, located on the Brown Doniphaneounty line at the Kansas Nebraska state line, White Gloud vicinity (joint nomination with Nebraska) (6-19-87)

James (C.N.) Cabin, 305 State Street, Augusta (4-13-73)

BUTLER

U.S. Post Office, 119 East Fifth Street, Augusta (Kansas Post Offices with Artwork, 1936-1942 MPS) (10-17-89)

(Old) El Dorado Carnegie Library Building, 101 S. Star, El Dorado (Carnegie Libraries of Kansas TR) (6-25-87)

Muddy Creek Bridge, off US-77, Douglass vicinity (Masonry Arch Bridge TR) (7-2-85)

Polecat Creek Bridge, 5 miles west and 2 miles south of Douglass (Masonry Arch Bridge TR) (7-2-85)

<u>CHAS</u>

Cartter Building, 303 Broadway, Cottonwood Falls (11-23-77)
Chase County Courthouse, Courthouse Square on K-177, Cottonwood Falls (2-24-71)
Chase County National Bank, 301 Broadway, Cottonwood Falls (11-9-77)
Cottonwood River Bridge, off K-177, north edge of Cottonwood Falls (Masonry Arch Bridge TR) (7-2-85)
Clements Stone Arch Bridge, Clements vicinity (12-12-76)
Clover Cliff Ranch House, 4 miles southwest of Elmdale (11-9-77)
Crocker Ranch, 1 1/2 miles north of Matfield Green (11-17-77)
Lower Fox Creek School, 3 miles north of Strong City on K-177 (9-6-74)
Spring Hill Ranch House, 3 miles north of Strong City on K-177 (4-16-71)
Wood (Samuel N.) House, 1 mile east of Cottonwood Falls (3-17-72)

CHAUTAUQUA

CHEROKEE

Johnston Library, 210 West 10th, Baxter Springs (11-21-76)
Columbus Public Carnegie Library, 205 North Kansas, Columbus (Carnegie
Libraries of Kansas TR) (6-25-87)
Schermerhorn, Edgar Backus, House, 803 E. 5th St., Galena (8-21-89)
Brush Creek Bridge, 3.4 miles north of Baxter Springs (Rainbow Arch Bridge TR)
(3-10-83)

CLARK

First National Bank, Eighth and Main, Ashland (4-26-72) Bear Creek Redoubt, Ashland vicinity (3-30-78) Cimarron Redoubt, Ashland vicinity (5-23-78)

CLAY

Clay Center Carnegie Library, 706 Sixth Street, Clay Center (Carnegie Libraries of Kansas TR) (6-25-87) Clay County Courthouse, Fifth and Court, Clay Center (1-29-73)

CLOUD

Van De Mark (Charles W.) House, 504 Washington, Clyde (7-5-85) Bankers Loan and Trust Company, 517 Broadway, Concordia (11-9-77) Brown Grand Opera House, 310 West Sixth, Concordia (7-26-73) Nazareth Convent and Academy, Thirteenth and Washington, Concordia (1-18-73)

COFFEY

Burlington Carnegie Free Library, 201 North Third, Burlington (Carnegie Libraries of Kansas TR) (6-25-87)

U.S. Post Office, 107 South Fourth Street, Burlington (Kansas Post Offices with Artwork, 1936-1942 MRS) (10-17-89)

Williamson Archeological Site, John Redmond Reservoir (11-19-74)

Neosho River Bridge, .2 miles east of Hartford (Rainbow Arch Bridge TR) (3-10-83)

COMANCHE

Big Gyp Cave Pictograph Site, 14CM305, Buttermilk vicinity (Rock Art TR) (7-9-82)

COWLEY

Arkansas City Commercial Center Historic District, Summit and Fifth, Arkansas City (10-28-83)
Old Arkansas City High School, 300 West Central, Arkansas City (11-21-74)
Cowley County National Bank Building, 820-822 Main, Winfield (8-11-83)
Hackney (W.P.) House, 417 East Tenth Street, Winfield (3-7-73)
Winfield Public Carnegie Library (Carnegie Libraries of Kansas TR), 1001
Millington St., Winfield (01-11-88)

COWLEY (Cont.)

Arkansas City Country Club Site, Arkansas City vicinity (8-25-78)
Bucher Bridge, off US-77, Rock vicinity (Masonry Arch Bridge TR) (7-2-85)
Esch's Spur Bridge, 3 miles south and 3 miles west of Dexter (Masonry Arch
Bridge TR) (7-2-85)
Magnolia Ranch, 11 miles southeast of Winfield (3-7-73)
Silver Creek Bridge, 6 miles east, 3 miles south, and 2 miles east of Winfield
(Masonry Arch Bridge TR) (1-30-87)

CRAWFORD

Girard Carnegie Library, 128 West Prairie, Girard (Carnegie Libraries of Kansas TR) (6-25-87)
Wayland (Julius A.) House, 721 North Summit, Girard (11-21-76)
Hotel Stilwell, 707 Broadway, Pittsburg (4-30-80)
Pittsburg Public Library, Fourth and Walnut, Pittsburg (11-9-77)
Hudgeon Bridge, 10 miles south and 3.2 miles west of Girard (Masonry Arch Bridge TR) (7-2-85)

DICKINSON

(Old) Belle Springs Creamery and Produce Building, Court and Cottage, Abilene (4-12-82)

Eisenhower Home, 201 South East Fourth Street, Abilene (1-25-71)

Lebold (C.H.) House, 106 North Vine, Abilene (5-8-73)

Parker Carousel, 412 South Campbell, Abilene * (2-27-87)

Seelye (A.B.) House, 1105 North Buckeye, Abilene (4-25-86)

Herington Carnegie Public Library, 102 South Broadway, Herington (Carnegie Libraries of Kansas TR) (6-25-87)

U.S. Post Office, 17 East Main Street, Herington (Kansas Post Offices with Artwork, 1936-1942 HPS) (10-17-89)

Prospect Park Farm (Taylor Farm), NE 1/4, Sec. 33, T13S, R4E, Chapman vicinity (2-19-82)

St. Patrick's Mission Church and School, one mile northeast of Chapman (6-26-87)

DONIPHAN

Irvin Hall, Highland Community Junior College, on US-36, Highland (2-24-71)
Doniphan County Courthouse, Walnut and Main, Troy (7-15-74)
Eclipse School, off US 36 NE of Troy (3-7-88)
Harding (Benjamin) House, 308 North Fifth, Wathena (8-29-77)
Poulet House, Poplar Street, White Cloud (9-3-71)
White Cloud School, Southwest corner of Fifth and Main Streets, White Cloud (4-13-73)
Doniphan Archeological Site, Doniphan vicinity (3-1-74)
Fanning Archeological Site, Fanning vicinity (6-20-72)
Towa, Sac and Fox Presbyterian Mission, 1.5 miles east of Highland on US-36 (12-2-70)

Albers (Albert) Barn, 3 3/4 miles south of Bendena (Byre and Bluff Barns of Doniphan County TR) (5-7-87)

DONIPHAN (Cont.)

Bohr (Nicholas) Barn, 6 miles southeast of Troy (Byre and Bluff Barns of Doniphan County TR) (5-7-87)

Chrystal (Herman) Barn, 4 miles southwest of Wathena (Byre and Bluff Barns of Doniphan County TR) (5.7-87)

Eylar (Matthew) Barn No. 1, 4 3/4 miles south of Denton (Byre and Bluff Barns of Doniphan County TR) (5-7-87)

Eylar (Matthew) Barn No. 2, 5 1/2 miles southeast of Denton (Byre and Bluff Barns of Doniphan County TR) (5-7-87)

Hale (John R.) Barn, 3 1/4 miles south of Highland (Byre and Bluff Barns of Doniphan County TR) (5-7-87)

Hanson (George) Barn, 1 mile south of Leona (Byre and Bluff Barns of Doniphan County TR) (5-7-87)

Kienhoff (Fred W.) Barn, 5 miles southwest of Wathena (Byre and Bluff Barns of Doniphan County TR) (5-7-87)

Kinkhead (George) Barn, north edge of Troy (Byre and Bluff Barns of Doniphan County TR) (5-7-87)

Mission-Herring Barn, 1 mile east of Highland (Byre and Bluff Barns of Doniphan County TR) (5-7-87)

Nuzum (Godfrey) Barn, 4 1/2 miles northeast of Highland (Byre and Bluff Barns of Doniphan County TR) (5-7-87)

Silvers (John) Barn, 4 1/2 miles north of Wathena (Byre and Bluff Barns of Donibhan County TR) (5-7-87)

Streib (John) Barn, 1/2 mile north of Leona (Byre and Bluff Barns of Doniphan County TR) (5-7-87)

Symns (J.A.) Barn, 9 miles southwest of Troy (Byre and Bluff Barns of Doniphan County TR) (5-7-87)

White (T.L.) Barn, 9 miles southwest of Troy (Byre and Bluff Barns of Doniphan County TR) (5-7-87)

Williams (M.D.L.) Barn, 5 1/2 miles southwest of Bendena (Byre and Bluff Barns of Doniphan County TR) (5-7-87)

DOUGLAS

Case Library, Baker University, Eighth and Grove, Baldwin (6-5-86) Old Castle Hall, 513 Fifth Street, Baldwin (2-24-71) Parmenter Hall, Baker University, Eighth and Dearborn, Baldwin (9-19-77) Santa Fe Depot, 1601 High, Baldwin (1-2-83) Stoebener Barn, Baldwin vicinity (1-9-89) Pilla (Charles) House, 615 Elm, Eudora (9-6-74) Achning, Ralph and Cloyd, House, 846 Missouri St., Lawrence (9-15-87) Bell (George and Annie) House, 1008 Ohio, Lawrence (8-11-83) Blood (Col. James) House, 1015 Tennesse, Lawrence (2-23-72) Douglas County Courthouse, Massachusetts and 11th Sts., Lawrence (4-14-75) Duncan (Charles) House, 933 Tennessee, Lawrence (6-5-86) Dyche Hall, KU Campus, Lawrence (7 14 74) Eldridge House Hotel, Seventh and Massachusetts, Lawrence (12-1-86) Green Hall, KU Gampus, Lawrence (7-15-74) Haskell Institute, 23rd and Barker Avenue, Lawrence * (7 4 61) Ludington House, 1613 Tennessee, Lawrence (5-14-71) Miller (Robert H.) House, 1111 E. 19th St., Lawrence (6-14-84)

DOUGLAS (Cont.)

Old Lawrence City Library, northwest corner, Ninth & Vermont, Lawrence (2-18-75)

Old West Lawrence Historic District, major portion bounded by Sixth and Eighth Streets, and Tennessee and Indiana Streets (2-23-72) Priestly House, 1505 Kentucky St., Lawrence (3-10-88) Riggs (Samuel) House, 1501 Pennsylvania, Lawrence (8-29-77)

Roberts (John R.) House, "Tea Castle", 1307 Massachusetts, Lawrence (9-6-74)
Spooner Hall, KU Gampus, Lawrence (7-15-74)
Stephens (Judge Nelson T.) House, 340 N. Michigan St., Lawrence (2-19-82)
Taylor (Lucy Hobbs) Building, 809 Vermont Street, Lawrence (6-14-82)
Usher (John Palmer) House, 1425 Tennessee, Lawrence (3-7-75)
Watkins National Bank (Old Lawrence City Hall), 1047 Massachusetts, Lawrence
(2-24-71)
Zimmerman (S.T.) House, 304 Indiana, Lawrence (9-6-74)
Constitution Hall, Lecompton * (5-14-71)
Lane University, Lecompton (3-24-71)

ELE

Durbin Archeological Site, Moline vicinity (5-2-75)

ELLIS

Chrysler (Walter P.) Home, 104 West Tenth, Ellis (2-23-72)
First Presbyterian Church, 100 West Seventh Street, Hays (3-30-73)
Fort Hays, Frontier Historical Park, on Alt. US-103, Hays (1-25-71)
Philip Hardware Store, 719 Main, Hays (3-16-82)
St. Fidelis Church, 10th Street and Cathedral Avenue, Victoria (5-14-71)
Grant (George) Villa, 5 miles south and 2 miles east of Victoria (4-26-72)

ELLSWORTH

Hodgden (Perry) House, 104 West Main, Ellsworth (1-29-73)
Fort Harker Guardhouse, northwest corner, Wyoming and Ohio Streets, Kanopolis (2-23-72)
Fort Harker Officer's Quarters, Ohio Street, Kanopolis (11-20-74)
Tarking (Arrhyr) Names 25 mile court of Fligworth (2-24-75)

Larkin (Arthur) House, .25 mile south of Ellsworth (2-24-75)
Indian Hill Site, 14EW1, Marquette vicinity (12-31-74)
Ward Petroglyph Site, 14EW17, Ellsworth vicinity, (Rock Art TR) (7-9-82)
Elm Greek Petroglyph Site, 14EW14, Garneiro vicinity (Rock Art TR) (7-9-82)
Cave Hollow Petroglyph Site, 14EW33, Carneiro vicinity (Rock Art TR) (7-9-82)
Haystack Mound Petroglyph Site, 14EW303, Ellsworth vicinity (Rock Art TR)
(7-9-82)

Katzenmeier Petroglyph Site, 14EW401, Ellsworth vicinity, (Rock Art TR) (7-9-82)

Owl's Nest Petroglyph Site, 14EW403, Carneiro vicinity (Rock Art TR) (7-9-82) Petroglyph Site, 14EW404, Ellsworth vicinity (Rock Art TR) (7-9-82) Petroglyph Site, 14EW405, Ellsworth vicinity (Rock Art TR) (7-9-82) Petroglyph Site, 14EW406, Ellsworth vicinity (Rock Art TR) (7-9-82)

FINNEY

Windsor Hotel, 421 North Main, Garden City (4-26-72)

FORD

Dodge City Public Library, northwest corner, Spruce and Second, Dodge City (3-26-79)
Lora Locke Hotel, Central and Gunsmoke Streets, Dodge City (1-3-85)
Mueller-Schmidt House, 112 East Vine, Dodge City (2-23-72)
Sacred Heart Cathedral, 903-905 Central Avenue, Dodge City (2-10-83)
Santa Fe Trail Remains, 9 miles west of Dodge City, just off US-50 * (5-23-63)
Immaculate Heart of Mary Catholic Church, Windthorst (1-5-89)

FRANKLIN

Dietrich Cabin, City Park, Fifth and Main, Ottawa (2-23-72) Downtown Ottawa Historic District, 200 block of South Main (east side) and 135 South Main, Ottawa (6-29-72) Franklin County Courthouse, Courthouse Square on Main Street, Ottawa (3-17-72)(Old) Santa Fe Railroad Depot, 135 West Tecumseh Street, Ottawa (3-1-73) Ottawa Library, 5th and Main, Ottawa (12-1-80) Ransom (James H.) House, 318 South Locust, Ottawa (11-21-74) Tauy Jones Hall, Ottawa University Campus, 10th and Cedar Streets, Ottawa Jones (Tauy) House, 1 mile north of Ottawa on US-59, 2 miles east and .8 mile northeast on secondary roads (6-19-72) Middle Creek Tributary Bridge, 5.8 miles west of Princeton (Masonry Arch Bridge TR) (7-2-85) Silkville, 3 miles southwest of Williamsburg (12-15-72) Walnut Creek Bridge, off K-33 one mile south of Wellsville (Masonry Arch Bridge TR) (7-2-85)

GEARY

First Territorial Capitol, on K-18 in Fort Riley Military Reservation
(12-2-70)

Hain Post Area, Fort Riley, Junction City vicinity (5-1-74)

Bartell House, Sixth and Washington, Junction City (12-1-80)
(Old) Junction City High School, Adams and Sixth, Junction City (4-24-81)

Bogan Archeological Site, Milford Reservoir, Junction City vicinity (5-17-73)
Conroe Bridge, 7 miles east northeast of Junction City (Rainbow Arch Bridge
TR) (3-10-83)

Elliott Village Archeological Site, Junction City vicinity (12-8-78)
Wetzel (Christian) Cabin, 2 miles east of Junction City on I-70 at the K-57
intersection (10-15-73)

GOVE

Grainfield Opera House, Main Street, Grainfield (11-28-80)

GRAHAM

Nicodemus Historic District, Nicodemus * (1-7-76) Penokee Stone Figure, Penokee vicinity (6-23-82)

GRANT

Wagon Bed Springs, 12 miles south of Ulysses on US-270 * (12-19-60)

GRA'

Cimarron Hotel, 203 North Main, Cimarron (2-10-83)

GREELEY

(Old) Greeley County Courthouse, Tribune (7-12-76)

GREENWOOD

Eureka Carnegie Library, 520 N. Main, Eureka (Carnegie Libraries of Kansas TR) (8-10-88)

U.S. Post Office, 301 North Oak Street, Eureka (Kansas Post Offices with Artwork, 1936-1942 MPS) (10-17-89)

Curry Archeological Site, Madison vicinity (11-20-74)

Indian Spring Petroglyph Site, 14CR320, Fall River vicinity (Rock Art TR) (7-9-82)

Lone Cone Archeological Site, Madison vicinity (5-17-76)

North Branch Otter Creek Bridge, 1 mile west and 5 miles north of Piedmont (Masonry Arch Bridge TR) (7-2-85)

Two Duck Archeological Site, Fall River Reservoir, Severy vicinity (3-26-75)

Verdigris River Bridge, .5 miles north of Madison (Masonry Arch Bridge TR) (7-2-85)

HAMILTON

Fort Aubrey Site, Syracuse vicinity (8-31-78)

HARPEF

Anthony Public Carnegie Library, 104 North Springfield, Anthony (Carnegie Libraries of Kansas TR) (6-25-87)

Harper County Courthouse, 200 North Jennings, Anthony (11-22-78)

U.S. Post Office, 121 West Steadman, Anthony (Kansas Post Offices with Artwork, 1936-1942 MPS) (10-17-89)

Old Runnymede Church, northeast corner of Eleventh and Pine, Harper (2-6-73)
Thompson-Wohlschlegel Round Barn, off US-160, Harper vicinity (2-21-85)

U.S. Post Office, 319 Main St., Halstead (Kansas Post Offices with Artwork, 1936-1942 MPS) (10-19-09)
Warkentine Homestead, Halstead (2-15-74)
Brown (Samuel A.) House, 302 W. Sixth, Newton (10-17-88)
Carnegie Library, 203 Main Street, Newton (5-31-74)
Neal (Jairus) House, 301 East 4th Street, Newton (5-6-82)
(Old) Railroad Savings and Loan Building, 500 Main, Newton (5-6-82)
Santa Fe Depot, 414 North Main, Newton (4-11-85)
Warkentine Home, 211 East First Street, Newton (1-12-70)
Warkentine Mill, 3rd and Main, Newton (1-12-70)
Bethel College Administration Building, Bethel College Campus, North Newton (3-17-72)

HODGEMAN

HARVEY

Haun (T.S.) House, Main Street, Jetmore (1-18-73) Hackberry Creek Bridge, 13 miles west and 11 miles north of Jetmore (Masonry Arch Bridge TR) (7-2-85)

JACKSON

State Bank of Holton, Fourth and Pennsylvania, Holton (11-9-77) Shedd and Marshall Store, Third and Whiting, Whiting (11-25-77) Harris Archeological Site, Soldier vicinity (6-23-78)

JEFFERSON

Union Block, southwest corner, Delaware and Jefferson, Oskaloosa (4-23-73) Buck Creek School, off US 24, 2 mi. east of Williamstown (12-27-88)

JEWELL

First National Bank, northwest corner, Commercial and Jefferson, Mankato (6-16-76)

<u>JOHNSON</u>

Lanesfield School, 18745 S. Dillie road, Edgerton vicinity (10-13-88) Shawnee Methodist Mission, 53rd and Mission Rd., Fairway * (5-23-68) Majors (Alexander) House, 8145 State Line Road, Leawood (12-29-70) Mahaffie (J.B.) House, 1100 Kansas City Road, Olathe (8-29-77) Parker (Martin Van Buren) House, 631 West Park, Olathe (12-20-88) * Pickering (1.0.) House, 507 West Park, Olathe (12-1-80)

KINGMAN

Kingman Carnegie Library, 455 North Main, Kingman (Carnegie Libraries of Kansas TR) (6-25-87)
Kingman City Building, Main Street and Avenue C, Kingman (4-13-72)
Kingman County Courthouse, 120 Spruce Street, Kingman (9-11-85)
U.S. Post Office, 425 N. Main Street, Kingman (Kansas Post Offices with Artwork, 1936-1942-MPS) (10-17-89)

KIOWA

Greensburg Well, Sycamore Street, Greensburg (2-23-72)
Belvidere Medicine River Bridge, .25 miles north of Belvidere (Masonry Arch
Bridge TR) (7-2-85)
Roth Petroglyph Site, 14KW302, Belvidere vicinity (Rock Art TR) (7-9-82)
Star Petroglyph Site, 14KW301, Belvidere vicinity (Rock Art TR) (7-9-82)
Fromme-Birney Round Barn, 4 miles south and two miles west of Mullinville
(7-16-87)

LABETTE

First State Bank, Delaware and Main, Edna (11-1-82)
Oswego Public Carnegie Library, 704 Fourth St., Oswego (Carnegie Libraries of Kansas TR) (6-25-87)
U.S. Post Office, 819 Fourth Street, Oswego (Kansas Post Offices with Artwork, 1936-1942 MPS) (10-17-89)
Carnegie Library, 17th and Broadway, Parsons (4-14-76)
Harmon Archeological Site, (14LT324), Chetopa vicinity (5-9-83)
Harmon Archeological Site, (14LT324), Chetopa vicinity (5-7-84)
Big Hill Archeological District, Dennis vicinity (11-22-77)
Labette Creek Tributary Bridge, off US-160, 2.3 miles west of Parsons (Masonry Arch Bridge TR) (7-2-85)
Parsons Filled Arch Bridge, off US-160, 1 mile east and 1.2 miles south of Parsons (Masonry Arch Bridge TR) (7-2-85)
Pumpkin Creek Tributary Bridge, off K-22, 2 miles west of Mound Valley (Masonry Arch Bridge TR) (7-2-85)

LANE

Pottorff Archeological Site, Healy vicinity (3-8-78)

LEAVENWORTH

Fort Leavenworth, Fort Leavenworth * (12-19-60) Quarry Creek Archeological Site, Fort Leavenworth (4-23-73) Angell (A.J.) House, 714 South Broadway, Leavenworth (11-17-77) Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe Railroad Passenger Depot, 781 Shawnee Street, Leavenworth (6-11-86) AXA Building, Fourth and Delaware, Fort Leavenworth (3-17-72) Brewer (David J.) House, 403 Fifth Avenue, Leavenworth (2-23-72) Burt, Nathaniel H. House, 400 Fifth Avenue, Leavenworth (10-27-87) Carroll, Edward, House, 334 Fifth Avenue, Leavenworth (10-2-86) Harvey (Fred) House, Seventh and Olive, Leavenworth (4-26-72) Insley, Merritt, House and Outbuildings, 602 Seneca St., Leavenworth (10-2-86)Leavenworth Public Library, 601 South 5th, Leavenworth (7-30-86) North Esplanade Historic District, 203-515 North Esplanade, Leavenworth (12-12-77)(Old) Union Depot, 201 South Main, Leavenworth (3-11-82) Harris (Sen. William A.) House, .25 mile west of Linwood on K-32 (11-5-74) Lansing Man Archeological Site, Lansing vicinity (3-24-71) Powers (David) House, 2 miles northwest of Leavenworth (8-30-77) Zacharias Archeological Site (14LV380), Leavenworth vicinity (1-8-87)

3-0

LINCOLN

Lincoln Carnegie Library, 203 South Third, Lincoln (Carnegie Libraries of Kansas TR) (6-25-87)
Lincoln County Courthouse, Third and Lincoln Avenue, Lincoln (7-13-76)
Bullfoot Creek Bridge, 4 miles south and .9 miles east of Vesper (Masonry Arch Bridge) (7-2-85)
Wildebrandt Petroglyph Site, 14LC306, Sylvan Grove vicinity (Rock Art TR) (7-9-82)
Spring Creek Tributary Bridge, 8 miles south and 5 miles west of Lincoln (Masonry Arch Bridge TR) (7-2-85)

LINN

Linn County Courthouse, Fourth and Main, Mound City (7-15-74)
Old Linn County Jail, 312 Main, Mound City (11-30-78)
Prescott School, Third and Main, Prescott (5-6-82)
Battle of Mine Creek Site, 2.5 miles southwest of Pleasanton (12-12-73)
Lander's Creek Bridge, south edge of Goodrich (Masonry Arch Bridge TR)
(7-2-85)
Marais des Cygnes Massacre Site, 4 miles northeast of Trading Post, off
US-69* (6-21-71)
Mine Creek Bridge, 6 miles east and .5 miles south of Mound City (Rainbow Arch
Bridge TR) (3-10-83)

LOGAN

Old Logan County Courthouse, Main Street, Russell Springs (2-23-72)

LYON

Anderson Memorial Library, Way College of Emporia, 1300 W. Twelfth Ave., Emporia (Carnegie Libraries of Kansas TR) (6-25-87) (01d) Emporia Public Library, 118 East Sixth, Emporia (11-2-81) Granada Theater, 809 Commercial, Emporia (4-4-85) Howe (Richard) House, 315 E. Logan, Emporia (7-17-86) Kress Building, 702 Commercial, Emporia (8-25-83) Plumb (Mrs. Preston B.) House, 224 E. 6th Avenue, Emporia (10-4-84) Soden (Hallie B.) House, 802 South Commercial, Emporia (11-9-77) Soden's Grove Bridge, south edge of Emporia on K 57/99 (Rainbow Arch Bridge TR) (3-10-83) White (William A.) House, 927 Exchange Street, Emporia * (5-14-71) Hartford Collegiate Institute, Hartford (2-23-72) Harris Bridge, 3 miles north and 4 miles west of Americus (Masonry Arch Bridge TR) (7-2-85)

MCPHERSON

Canton Township Carnegie Library, 300 North Main, Canton (Carnegie Libraries of Kansas TR) (6-25-87)

Smoky Valley Roller Mill, Old Mill Park, Lindsborg (2-23-72)

Swedish Pavilion, Old Mill Park, Lindsborg (3-20-73)

U.S. Post Office, 125 E. Lineoln Street, Lindsborg (Kansas Post Offices with Artwork, 1936-1942-MPS) (10-17-89)

McPherson County Courthouse, northwest corner, Maple and Kansas, McPherson (11-21-76)

McPherson Opera House, 221 South Main, McPherson (3-17-72)

Hanson (Hans) House, 211 East Fifth, Marquette (2-19-82)

Paint Creek Archeological Site, Lindsborg vicinity (6-20-72)

Sharps Creek Archeological Site, Lindsborg vicinity (6-2-72)

MARION

Bethel School, 5 miles east of Lincolnville (12-17-87)
Burns Union School, southwest corner, Main and Ohio, Burns (3-26-75)
Harvey House, 204 West Third, Florence (8-14-73)
Pioneer Adobe House, US-56 and South Ash Street, Hillsboro (3-30-73)
Elgin Hotel, Third and Santa Fe Streets, Marion (9-13-78)
Hill Grade School, 601 East Main, Marion (5-28-76)
Marion County Courthouse, southeast corner, Third and Williams, Marion (7-2-73)
Old Peabody Library, southeast corner of Walnut and Division, Peabody (7-2-73)
Peabody Township Carnegie Library, 214 Walnut, Peabody (Carnegie Libraries of Kansas TR) (6-25-87)
Lost Springs, Lost Springs vicinity (9-30-76)
Marion Archeological District, Marion vicinity (4-21-76)

MARSHALL

Blue Rapids Library, east side of Public Square, Blue Rapids (3-17-72)
Frankfort School, 400 Locust Street, Frankfort (2-27-72)
Old Frankfort City Jail, Railway Avenue, Frankfort (11-1-82)
Koester (Charles) House, 919 Broadway, Marysville (5-12-75)
Koester Block Historic District, block bounded by Broadway, Elm, Ninth, and
Tenth Streets, Marysville (12-5-80)
Marshall County Courthouse, 1207 Broadway, Marysville (11-5-74)
Pusch-Randell House, 1000 Elm Street, Marysville (9-22-86)
Pony Express Barn, 108 South Eighth, Marysville (4-2-73)
Moore (Z. H.) Store, Oketo (6-24-76)
Powell (S. T.) House, 108 West Commercial, Waterville (12-27-72)
Weaver Hotel, 126 South Kansas, Waterville (8-28-75)
Alcove Spring, 4 miles north of Blue Rapids (2-23-72)
Barrett Schoolhouse, 4 miles southwest of Frankfort (3-14-75)
Rutchinson (Perry) House, 1 mile northwest of Marysville (4-17-72)

MIAMI

Brown (John) - Gabin, John Brown Memorial Park, Osawatomie (3-24-71) Miami County Courthouse, Miami and Silver Streets, Paola (3-1-73) Creamery Bridge, on FAS 456 at the north edge of Osawatomie (Rainbow Arch Bridges TR) (3-10-83) Hillsdale Archeological District, Hillsdale vicinity (5-12-77) Pottawatomie Creek Bridge, .5 miles south of Osawatomie on FAS 1604 (Rainbow Arch Bridges TR) (3-10-83) Jake's Branch of Middle Creek Bridge, off-US 69, Louisburg vicinity (Masonry Arch Bridge TR) (7-2-85) Mills (William) House, 212 First Sreet, Osawatomie (11-20-86)

MITCHELL

Hart (F. H.) House, 304 East Main, Beloit (1-29-73) Mitchell County Courthouse, Main and Hersey, Beloit (11-23-77) Perdue (C. A.) House, 422 West Eighth, Beloit (12-12-76) St. John the Baptist Catholic Church, 701 East Court Street, Beloit (4-14-75) Old Cawker City Library, northeast corner, Seventh and Lake Streets, Cawker City (3-7-73) Wisconsin Street Historic District, 700 block Wisconsin Street, Cawker City (6-11-86)Norris (E. W.) Service Station, southeast corner, Market and Main, Glen Elder (12-12-76)MONTGOMERY

Cherryvale Carnegie Free Library, 329 E. Main, Cherryvale (Carnegie Libraries of Kansas TR) (8-18-87) Brown (W. P.) Mansion, South Walnut and Eldridge Streets, Coffeyville (12-12-76)Coffeyville Carnegie Public Library Building, 415 West Eighth, Coffeyville (Carnegie Libraries of Kansas TR) (6-25-87) Condon National Bank, 811 Walnut St., Coffeyville (1-12-73) Terminal Building, 717 Walnut St., Coffeyville (6-14-82) Blakeslee Motor Company Building, 211 W. Myrtle, Independence (8-25-89) Booth Hotel, 201-209 West Main, Independence (4-28-83) Booth Theater, 119 West Myrtle, Independence (10-13-88) Federal Building U.S. Post Office, 123 North 8th, Independence (10-19-88) Independence Public Carnegie Library (Carnegie Libraries of Kansas TR), 220 E. Maple, Independence (01/11/88) Pennsylvania Avenue Rock Creek Bridge, Pennsylvania Ave. over Rock Creek, Independence (Masonry Arch Bridge TR) (7-2-85) Union Implement and Hardware Building-Masonic Temple, 121-123 West Main, Independence (10-13-88) Dewlen-Spohnhauer Bridge, 1 mile east of Independence on old US-160 (Rainbow Arch Bridges TR) (3-10-83) Elk River Archeological District, Elk City vicinity (9-13-78)

MONTGOMERY (Cont.)

Infinity Archeological Site, Elk City reservoir (3-24-71) Treaty Rocks Petroglyph Site, 14MY1, Liberty vicinity (Rock Art TR) (7-9-82) Lookout Station Petroglyph Site, 14MY1385, Liberty vicinity (Rock Art TR) Petroglyph Site, 14MY365, Liberty vicinity (Rock Art TR) (7-9-82) Petroglyph Site, 14MY1320, Liberty vicinity (Rock Art TR) (7-9-82)

Cottage House Hotel, 25 N. Neosho, Council Grove (8-4-88) Council Grove Carnegie Library, 303 West Main, Council Grove (Carnegie Libraries of Kansas TR) (6-25-87) Council Grove Historic District, Council Grove * (5-23-63) Council Grove National Bank, 130 West Main, Council Grove (6-3-76) Farmers and Drovers Bank and Indicator Building, 201 West Main, Council Grove (2-19-82)Hays (Seth) House, 203 Wood, Council Grove (9-25-75) Kaw Methodist Mission, 500 North Mission, Council Grove (3-24-77) Last Chance Store, Main and Chautauqua, Council Grove (6-21-71) Simcock (G. M.) House, 206 and 208 Columbia, Council Grove (3-11-82) U.S. Post Office, 103 West Main Street, Council Grove (Kansas Post Offices with Artwork, 1936-1942 MPS) (10-17-89) Diamond Spring, Wilsey vicinity (9-30-76) William Young Archeological Site, Council Grove reservoir (2-24-71)

MORTON

Morton County WPA Bridge, 6 miles west and 4 miles north of Richfield (Masonry Arch Bridges TR) (10-22-86)

NEMAHA

U.S. Post Office, 122 South Ninth Street, Sabetha (Kansas Post Offices with Artwork, 1936-1942 MPS) (10-17-89) U.S. Post Office, 607 Main Street, Seneca (Kansas Post Offices with Artwork, 1936-1942 MPS) (10-17-89) Old Albany Schoolhouse, 2 miles north of Sabetha (4-13-72) St. Mary's Church, St. Benedict (12-5-80)

State Street Bridge, State street over Neosho River Tributary, Erie (Masonry Arch Bridge TR) (7-2-85) Austin Bridge, 4 miles southeast of Chanute (9-15-77) Maxwell's Slough Bridge, .5 miles west and 1 mile south of St. Paul (Masonry Arch Bridge TR) (7-2-85)

NESS

Ness County Bank, Main and Pennsylvania, Ness City (2-23-72)
Carver (George Washington) Homestead Site, 1 1/2 miles south of Beeler
(11-23-77)
Pawnee River Tributary Bridge, 8 miles south of Bazine (Masonry Arch
Bridge TR) (7-2-85)

OSAGE

Lyndon Carnegie Library, 127 East Sixth, Lyndon (Carnegie Libraries of Kansas TR) (6-25-87)

Gow-Killer Archeological Site, Melvern vicinity (6-24-75)

Osage City Santa Fe Depot, 508 Market, Osage City (5-11-89)

OSBORNE

Downs Carnegie Library, 504 South Morgan, Downs (Carnegie Libraries of Kansas TR) (6-25-87)
Osborne Public Carnegie Library, Third and Main, Osborne (Carnegie Libraries of Kansas TR) (6-25-87)
Geodetic Center of the United States, 17 miles southeast of Osborne (10-9-73)

OTTAWA

Minneapolis Archeological Site, Minneapolis vicinity (6-2-72) Petroglyph Site, 140T4, Minneapolis vicinity (Rock Art TR) (7-9-82)

PAWNEE

Fort Larned National Historical Site, 6 miles west of Larned off US-156 w (12-19-60).

Lewis Archeological Site, Larned vicinity (5-3-76)

Township Line Bridge, 3 miles west of Rozel (Masonry Arch Bridge TR) (10-24-85)

POTTAWATOMIE

Pottawatomie Indian Pay Station, Mission Street, St. Marys (4-13-72)
Old Dutch Mill, City Park, Wamego (1-8-73)
Coffey Archeological site, Tuttle Greek Reservoir (4-11-77)
Vermillion Creek Archeological District, Onaga vicinity (3-10-75)
Vermillion Creek Crossing, 6 miles northwest of Belvue (6-20-74)
Vermillion Creek Tributary Stone Arch Bridge, 5 miles south and 1 mile east of Onaga (Masonry Arch Bridges TR) (10-22-86)

PRATT

Gebhart (S.P.) House, 105 N. Iuka, Pratt (2-12-87) Pratt Archeological Site, Pratt vicinity (4-13-72)

RENO

Fox Theater, 18 E. First, Hutchinson (9-7-89)
(Old) Hutchinson Carnegie Library Building (Labor Temple), 427 North Main,
Hutchinson (Carnegie Libraries of Kansas TR) (6-25-87)
Kansas Sugar Refining Company Mill, 600 E. First St., Hutchinson (1-3-85)
Reno County Courthouse, 206 W. First, Hutchinson (4-13-87)
Terminal Station, 111 Second Avenue, Hutchinson (10-13-83)
U.S. Post Office, 128 East First Street, Hutchinson (Kansas Post Offices with
Artwork, 1936-1942 MPS) (10-17-89)
Plevna General Store, 3rd and Main, Plevna (12-22-88)

REPUBLI

U.S. Post Office, 1119 Eighteenth Street, Bellevillo (Kansas Post Offices with Artwork, 1936-1942 MPS) (10-17-89)

Nebraska Kansas Public Land Survey Monument, located on the Republic Washington county line, at the Kansas Nebraska state line, Mahaska vicinity. (joint nomination with Nebraska) (6-19-87)

Pawnee Indian Village, 8 miles north of US-36 on K-266, Republic vicinity (5-14-71)

RICE

Cooper Hall, North Broadway, Sterling (5-3-74)
Sterling Free Public Carnegie Library, 132 North Broadway, Sterling (Carnegie Libraries of Kansas TR) (6-25-87)
Little River Archeological District, Geneseo vicinity * (7-19-64)
Malone Archeological Site, Lyons vicinity (6-26-72)
Saxman Archeological Site, Saxman vicinity (5-3-76)
Petroglyph Site, 14RC11, Little River vicinity (Rock Art TR) (7-9-82)

RILEY

Anderson Hall, Kansas State University Campus, Vattier Drive, Manhattan (11-28-80)

Goodnow Memorial Home, 2301 Claflin Road, Manhattan (2-24-71)

KSAC Radio Towers, Kansas State University Campus, Manhattan (8-27-83)

(Old) Manhattan Carnegie Library Building, Fifth and Poyntz, Manhattan (Carnegie Libraries of Kansas TR) (6-25-87)

Platt (Jeremiah) House, 2005 Claflin Road, Manhattan (5-20-81)

Ulrich (Robert) House, 121 North Eighth Street, Manhattan (9-20-78)

Woman's Club House, 900 Poyntz, Manhattan (11-28-80)

RUSH

Rush County Courthouse, 715 Elm Street, LaCrosse (4-13-72)
Walnut Creek Tributary Bridge, .5 miles north and 2.5 miles west of Nekoma
(Masonry Arch Bridge TR) (7-2-85)
Rush County Line Bridge, 11 miles north of Otis (Masonry Arch Bridges TR)
(10-22-86)

SHERIDAN

Pratt (John-Fenton) Ranch, west-of-Studley-on-US-24-(4-28-85)

SHERMAN

Goodland City Library, 120 West 12th, Goodland (9-13-85)

U.S. Post Office, 124 East Eleventh Street, Goodland (Kansas Post Office with Artwork, 1936-1942 MPS) (10-17-89)

Veselik (John Ludwig) House, Ruleton vicinity (10-24-85)

SMITH

"Home on the Range" Cabin, 17 miles northwest of Smith Center (3-26-73)

STAFFORD

Comanche Archeological Site, Stafford vicinity (9-18-78)

SUMNER

Salter (Susanna) Home, 220 West Garfield, Argonia (9-3-71)
Caldwell Carnegie Library, 13 North Osage Street, Caldwell (2-24-83)
U.S. Post Office, 14 North Main Street, Caldwell (Kancas Post Offices with Artwork, 1936-1942 MPS) (10-17-89)
Wellington Carnegie Library, 121 West Seventh, Wellington (Carnegie Libraries of Kansas TR) (6-25-87)
Buresh Archeological Site, Caldwell vicinity (5-14-71)
Old Oxford Mill, Oxford vicinity (4-26-82)

THOMAS

Thomas County Courthouse, 300 North Court, Colby (11-21-76)

TREGO

Walsh Archeological District, Collyer vicinity (1-15-85)

WABAUNSEE

Security State Bank, Main and 2nd, Eskridge (5-6-82) Beecher Bible and Rifle Church, off K-18, Wabaunsee (2-24-71)

WALLACE

Goose Creek Tipi Ring Site, Weskan vicinity (11-21-78)
Pond Creek Stage Station, roadside park on US-40, Wallace (2-23-72)

WASHINGTON

Hollenberg (Gottonwood) Pony Express Station, Hanover vicinity * (11-15-61)

WILSON

Dr. A. C. Flack House, 303 North 8th Street, Fredonia, KS (9-21-89)
U.S. Post Office, 428 Madison Street, Fredonia (Kansas Post Offices with Artwork, 1936-1942 MPS) (10-17-89)
Norman No. 1 Oil Well Site, Neodesha * (8-28-74)
U.S. Post Office, 123 North Fifth Street, Neodesha (Kansas Post Offices with Artwork, 1936-1942 MPS) (10-17-89)
Brush Creek Bridge, .5 miles south of Coyville (Masonry Arch Bridge TR) (7-2-85)

WOODSON

Stockebrand and Kemmerer Department Store, 100 East Rutledge, Yates Center (10-17-85)
Woodson County Courthouse, Courthouse Square, Yates Center (10-10-85)
Yates Center Carnegie Library, 218 North Main, Yates Center (Carnegie Libraries of Kansas TR) (6-25-87)
Yates Center Courthouse Square Historic District, Courthouse Square, Yates Center (5-20-86)

WYANDOTTE

Argentine Carnegie Library, 28th Street and Metropolitan Avenue, Kansas City (4-30-86)City Hall and Fire Headquarters, 805 and 815 North Sixth, Kansas City (4-25-86)Fire Station No. 9, 2 South 14th Street, Kansas City (9-5-85) Grinter Place, 1420 South 78th ST., Kansas City (1-25-71) Gates (Judge Louis) House, 4126 Cambridge, Kansas City (12-1-80) Huron Building, 905 N. 7th, Kansas City (7-5-84) Huron Cemetery, Minnesota Avenue between Sixth and Seventh Streets, Kansas City (9-3-71) Rosedale World War I Memorial Arch, Mt. Marty Park, near Booth and Drexel, Kansas City (8-2-77) Sauer Castle, 935 Shawnee Drive, Kansas City (8-2-77) St. Augustine Hall, 3301 Parallel Avenue, Kansas City (2-24-71) Scottish Rite Temple, 803 North 7th, Kansas City (9-11-85) Shawnee Street Overpass, northwest of I-35, Kansas City (3-8-84) Soldiers and Sailors Memorial Building, 600 North 7th Street, Kansas City (9-5-85)Trowbridge Archeological Site, Kansas City (2-24-71) Westheight Manor Historic District, Kansas City (3-26-75) (2-19-82 expansion) Whitefeather Spring, 3818 Ruby Avenue, Kansas City (8-27-75) Wyandotte High School, 2500 Minnesota, Kansas City (4-30-86)

TR-Thematic Resource
MPS-Multiple Property Resource

WOODSON COUNTY

Henry F. Stockebrand House, 211 South Main, Yates Center

WYANDOTTE COUNTY

George Rushton Baking Company, 814 Southwest Boulevard, Kansas City White Church Memorial Church, 2200 N. 85th, Kansas City St. Mary's Church, 800 N. 5th St., Kansas City *

* Determined eligible for National Register

STATE REGISTER

Total 75

03/90

The register of Historic Kansas Places includes all Kansas properties listed on the National Register of Historic Places and the following properties.

BARTON COUNTY

Dick Building, 2-4 North Main, Ellinwood

BUTLER COUNTY

Robert H. Hazlett House, 115 South Washington, El Dorado

CHASE COUNTY

Flat Top Quarry Site, Elmdale vicinity

CHAUTAUQUA COUNTY

Ernie's Rockshelter, Peru vicinity *

CLARK COUNTY

Clark County State Lake Site 14CK306, Kingsdown vicinity

CRAWFORD COUNTY

Haldeman-Julius House, Route 4, Girard

DECATUR_COUNTY

Immaculate Conception Church, Main Street, Leoville

DONIPHAN COUNTY

Dr. John S. Long Barn, SE4, S34, T2S, R19E, Highland vicinity* William Ritenour Barn, SE4, NE4, SE4, NE4, S16, T3S, R19E, Leona vicinity *

DOUGLAS COUNTY

(Frank & Nelle) Benedict House, 923 Tennessee, Lawrence Chi Omega Sorority House, 1345 West Campus Road, Lawrence Consolidated Barb Wire Company Building, 546 New Hampshire, Lawrence Shalor Eldridge House, 945 Rhode Island, Lawrence Dudley Wiggins House, 840 West 21st Street, Lawrence

ELLIS COUNTY

St. Catherine's Catholic Church, Catherine John Kutina House, Ellis vicinity

ELLSWORTH COUNTY

Red Rock Canyon Petroglyph Site 14EW304, Carneiro vicinity (Kansas Rock Art TR) *

FORD COUNT

Immaculate Heart of Mary Catholic Church, Windthorst

GREENWOOD COUNTY

Christian and Congretational Church, 117 E. 3rd., Eureka

JACKSON COUNTY

Denison Christian Church, Central Avenue, Denison

JEFFERSON COUNTY

Benedict Meyer Log Cabin, Threshing Bee grounds on K-4, Meriden, Kansas Cedar Creek Bridge, Valley Falls vicinity

JOHNSON COUNTY

Dr. William C. Harkey House, 224 E. Main, Gardner Charles Hyer House ("Hycrest"), 505 East Cedar, Olathe Frank R. Lanter House, 562 W. Park St., Olathe Graham Rogers House, 6741 Mackey, Overland Park

LABETTE COUNTY

Mt. Zion Church, Osage township, Cherryvale vicinity Smith-Hollingsworth-Thomas Log Cabin, Thomas Park, Oswego

LANE COUNTY

First National Bank, SW Corner of Long and Lane Street, Dighton

LEAVENWORTH COUNTY

Hollywood Theater, 401 Delaware, Leavenworth J. L. Abernathy House, 508 S. Broadway, Leavenworth Leavenworth Landing, 201-211 and 215-221 Delaware, Leavenworth

LINCOLN COUNTY

Kyne House, 214 West Lincoln, Lincoln

LINN COUNTY

Kincaid and Crocker Opera House, Eighth & Main, Pleasanton Trading Post School, 4th Street, Trading Post

LYON COUNTY

Santa Fe Depot, 2nd and Neosho, Emporia

MCPHERSON COUNTY

Washington Street Historic District, Marquette

MARION COUNTY

First Presbyterian Church, 610 Lawrence, Marion

MORRIS COUNTY

J. P. Mather House, 212 Simcock, Council Grove Santa Fe Trail Barn, Council Grove vicinity Charles G. Parker House, Parkerville vicinity

NORTON COUNTY

Dr. E. A. Lyons House, 212 South Kansas Avenue, Norton

NEOSHO COUNTY

Cut-Off Bridge, 6.3 miles south and 1.7 miles east of St. Paul Atchison, Topeka, & Santa Fe Depot, 111 North Lincoln, Chanute Chanute Public (Carnegie) Library, 102 S. Lincoln, Chanute

OSAGE COUNTY

Evangelical Covenant Mission Church, Topeka and Lakin, Osage City Melvern School, 106 East Beck, Melvern

PAWNEE COUNTY

Witcher Archeological Site, Rozel vicinity Meckfessel Archeological Site, Rozel vicinity

PHILITPS COUNTY

Church of the Transfiguration, 210 Washington, Logan

RAWLINS

Ratcliff Real Estate Building, Butcher Shop, and Carriage House, 412 State Street, Atwood

RENO COUNTY

Houston Whiteside House, 504 E. Sherman, Hutchinson Women's Civic Center Club, 925 North Main, Hutchinson

RICE COUNTY

Lyons Carnegie Library Building, 105 W. Lyon, Lyons

RILEY COUNTY

Union Pacific Depot, First & Yuma, Manhattan Manhattan State Bank, 400 Poyntz, Manhattan

ROOKS COUNTY

Stockton Public Library, 124 N. Cedar, Stockton SALINE_COUNTY

Flanders-Lee House, 200 South 7th St., Salina

SEDGWICK COUNTY

Calvary Baptist Church, 601 N. Water, Wichita
Carey House Historic District, 501-503, 505, 507, 511-515, 517-525
East Douglas, Wichita
Administration Building (Bldg. No. 1), McGonnell Air Force Base,
Wichita
Stearman Hanger (Bldg. No. 9), McGonnell Air Force Base, Wichita
Hackberry Archeological Site (148G508), Wichita

SEWARD COUNTY

Old Rock Island Depot, Kansas Avenue and Rock Island Railroad tracks, Liberal

SHAWNEE COUNTY

Bethany Place, 833-835 Polk, Topeka Elks Club Building, Seventh & Jackson, Topeka John E. Frost House, 935 Western, Topeka Stallard Mound (14SH320), Topeka vicinity Union Pacific Depot, Railroad and N. Jackson, Topeka *

SUMNER COUNTY

Conway Springs Springhouse, West Spring Avenue, Conway Springs

WILSON COUNTY

Frank Schloesser House, 320 North 7th, Fredonia

WOODSON COUNTY

Henry F. Stockebrand House, 211 South Main, Yates Center

WYANDOTTE COUNTY

George Rushton Baking Company, 814 Southwest Boulevard, Kansas City White Church Memorial Church, 2200 N. 85th, Kansas City St. Mary's Church, 800 N. 5th St., Kansas City *

* Determined eligible for National Register

Revision to H.B. 2859

This section may be inserted as an amendment by a member of the Senate Ways and Means Committee to address provisions for the recapture of grant funds. This amendment could be inserted as new subsection 2(a)(3) on page 2.

(3) The state historical society shall establish provisions to recapture grant moneys in accordance with the following factors: If an approved rehabilitated building is held by the grantee for longer than five years after the completion of the grant project, there is no recapture of the grant funds; if the owner, or designated heir (in the case of the owners death), disposes of the property after a holding period of less than one year after the completion of the grant project, 100% of the grant is recaptured; for properties held between one and five years, the grant recapture amount is reduced by 20% per year.

The state historical society may inspect a rehabilitated property at any time during the 5-year period and may revoke or invalidate the approval if work was not undertaken as presented in the grant application or if further unapproved alterations have been made. Modifications made during the five year period following the completion of the grant shall be made in accordance with standards established by the state historical society.

I'm Don Chubb, President of Historic Topeka, but my comments could easily have come from dozens of other local historical societies around the state.

We are primarily interested in historic preservation. While publicly owned buildings are nice, most restorations are done by private individuals, and the most cost effective way to maintain an older building is for an individual to live in it, or work in it, and maintain it for the use it was originally intended.

Our old buildings are an important asset to Kansas. Tourism brochures generally include pictures of our nicer older homes, and the downtowns that have the original store fronts are often the ones that are prospering. But restoration is expensive. Groups such as ours work to try to match people and endangered buildings, but the cost is often prohibitive. One problem is financing. Banks and savings and loans are often reluctant to loan rehabilitation money for properties in marginal neighborhoods or downtown areas — the places where historic buildings usually are located.

Another problem is that historic buildings frequently have a serious problem which an owner cannot afford to repair, but which threatens the existence of the building. Roof repairs, foundations, and steam boiler failure are examples. This bill would provide funding for these problems, especially where the existence of important private structures is concerned. It will tell preservationists that Kansans value their efforts to save our physical heritage. I urge your support.

Thank you.

ATTACHMENT 12 SWAM 4-24-90 TESTIMONY OF RAMON POWERS, EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR, KANSAS STATE HISTORICAL SOCIETY, TO THE WAYS AND MEANS COMMITTEE OF THE SENATE CONCERNING H.B. 2859, APRIL 20, 1990

As the executive director of the State Historical Society, I am pleased that the Ways and Means Committee has given opportunity for this hearing on the heritage trust fund bill. The Historical Society enthusiastically endorses the concept of a heritage trust fund; such a program of direct financial assistance to owners of historic buildings is much needed and would be a logical complement to the other components of the agency's historic preservation program and would be consistent with the intent of the state historic preservation legislation.

We worked with Representative Adam on the concepts embodied in the bill and have continued to work to refine it with her and the cosponsors, Representatives Fuller, Jenkins, and Wagnon, since its introduction and even after its passage by the House of Representatives. After analyzing the changes that were made to the bill on the House floor, the Historical Society believes that some clarifications are needed, which we understand Representative Adam also supports.

Very briefly, we urge a modification to the House amendment which presently requires that fifty percent of the funds credited to the heritage trust fund go to county historical societies. Presently, fewer than thirty buildings owned and operated by county historical societies are listed on the national or state registers. That amendment sets aside fifty percent of the funds for fewer than three percent of the eligible properties; the remaining 950 plus eligible properties would compete for the other fifty percent less the Society's costs of administration. We join in the recommendation that the bill be changed to require that at least fifty percent of the amount awarded annually in grants must go for the preservation of eligible properties owned



by county and local governments, county and local historical societies, and private non-profit organizations. Those three categories total around two hundred buildings and would constitute about twenty percent of the eligible properties. It would seem reasonable to allow those types of public and semi-public properties enhanced opportunities for funding.

Our opinion has been sought on some other proposed changes to this legislation. We will be glad to offer our comments on those proposals at the appropriate time.

In the mid and late 1970s the Historic Preservation Department passed through federal historic preservation grants to owners of National Register properties. The experiences of administering those federal grants will be utilized to develop and administer this state program.

I want to briefly convey to you a sense of how we would determine which historic properties would receive assistance. An application and evaluation process would be developed to provide all eligible properties a fair opportunity to compete for grants. That may require that we establish categories with a specified amount of funding for each category within the framework established by the bill; examples of such categories might include private residences, rural properties, Kansas Main Street project area buildings, etc. The State Historic Sites Board of Review, a gubernatorially appointed body, would be used to evaluate project applications and recommend funding.

The evaluation criteria are spelled out in the bill and would include such factors as the historical significance of the property, the condition of the property, the urgency of preservation work proposed, and whether or not the building is endangered. We would consider issues of structural repair and enclosure such as roofing, painting, window repair, etc., more important than

interior decorative finishes. We think that property owners should be required to provide matching funds, perhaps a minimum of 10%, in order to demonstrate their commitment to the preservation of the property.

We are concerned that the public benefit be assured and that the recipients continue to maintain the buildings that are assisted with a grant, so some form of maintenance agreement or covenant running with the land would be a condition of every grant.

In late 1987 we sent out approximately 2,000 questionnaires across the state to all owners of historic properties, government administrators, and a great variety of individuals and organizations interested in historic preservation. This was done at the request of a Congressional committee assessing the national historic preservation needs. We received 166 replies of which 39 identified needs in the areas of survey, planning, nominations, education, etc., while 127 identified construction needs totaling more than \$27,000,000. The 64 questionnaires which were returned for listed properties represented less than seven per cent of the eligible properties. We attributed the relatively low rate of return to the public perception that there wouldn't be any federal money available anyhow--a perception that turned out to be accurate.

In conclusion, there is a significant need for assistance to historic buildings in Kansas which is not now being addressed by any state or federal program. This bill would be a good start in remedying that situation.

PRESENTATION

to

SENATE WAYS AND MEANS COMMITTEE

by

BRENDA M. MANSKE

April 24, 1990

ATTACHMENT 14 SWAM 4-24-90

THE HISTORIC BUILT ENVIRONMENT NEEDS YOUR SUPPORT FOR H.B. 2859

Following so closely on the heels of Earth Day, this hearing provides yet another forum to encourage strong action to save a precious part of the world around us--our historic built environment. By supporting H.B. 2859, you will empower the State of Kansas to create a trust fund that will help Kansans to preserve for future generations the most significant remaining examples of this special environmental heritage.

There is no doubt that such help is needed. During my three years as director of the Southeast Kansas Tourism Region, the question I heard more than any other was: "What grants are available for historic preservation projects?" The answer was that there has never been state funding available for brick-and-mortar preservation in Kansas.

Even before 1989 property tax statements went out, I personally knew of dozens of state and national register-quality buildings that were falling into disrepair because their owners simply did not have the money to restore, repair or renovate them. Now that property taxes have increased so sharply, these owners are demolishing their historic buildings because they can't afford to pay taxes on them, let alone to repair them.

Once these structures are lost, they cannot be replaced. They represent an at-risk environmental resource that must be protected, just as we protect the endangered natural resources that Kansans prize so highly.

I urge you to allow Kansas to follow the lead of the 32 other states that currently offer financial incentives for historic preservation. Please support H.B. 2859.



THE KANSAS SOCIETY OF ARCHITECTS, AM

A Chapter of the American Institute of Architects The Jayhawk Tower 700 Jackson, Suite 209 Topeka, KS 66603 913•357•5308

April 24, 1990

TO:

Members of the Senate Ways & Means Committee

FROM:

Trudy Aron, Executive Director

RE:

SUPPORT FOR HOUSE BILL 2859

The Kansas Society of Architects supports House Bill 2859. We believe the establishment of a heritage trust fund is beneficial to the State for several reasons:

This legislation says Kansas values its architectural past and encourages its preservation

Assists owners in the continued preservation of those properties listed either on the National Register of Historic Places or the State Register of Historic Places

Will act as an incentive for owners to pursue historic designation for their properties

Tells potential buyers of historic properties that the State of Kansas is willing to assist owners of designated properties

It is especially exciting to be testifying on this issue in 1990 for this is the centennial year of the American Institute of Architects' Historic Resources Committee - AIA's oldest committee. The Kansas Society of Architects supports historic preservation as the process of conserving, for future generations, the significant elements of the built environment. Architecturally, this process extends beyond traditional restoration to include: identification, documentation, stabilization, reconstruction, rehabilitation, adaptive use, and maintenance.

We believe HB 2859 will enable more of our architectural heritage to be saved for those future generations with very modest costs to all property purchasers.

The Kansas Society of Architects urges your support of HB 2859.

PRESIDENT Edward M. Koser, AIA

PRESIDENT-ELECT Eugene Kremer, FAIA

SECRETARY David G. Emig, AIA

TREASURER Peter Gierer, AIA

DIRECTOR John H. Brewer, AIA

DIRECTOR Kent F. Spreckeimeyer, AIA

DIRECTOR Vincent Mancini, AIA

DIRECTOR Donnie D. Marrs, AIA

DIRECTOR Skyler W. Harper, AIA

DIRECTOR Steven A. Scannell, AIA

DIRECTOR F. Lynn Walker, AIA

PAST-PRESIDENT Vance W. Liston, AIA

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR
Trudy Aron

ATTACHMENT 14-A SWAM 4-24-90

REGISTER OF DEEDS

MARSHALL COUNTY

913-5 426

Good afternoon, Mr. Chairman and members of the committee. I am Linda Fincham, Chairman of the Register of Deeds Legislative Committee.

The Register of Deeds Association would like to express a few concerns about H.B. 2859.

The Kansas Mortgage Registration Tax was implemented in 1925 as a tax on intangibles. Through the years, this tax has been passed on to the borrower.

We appreciate the need to fund the Historical buildings within the state; but we question the use of the mortgage registration tax revenue as a means, since this has always been put in the County General Fund. If this bill is implemented the result would be that the historical buildings would be funded only by a fraction of the Kansas taxpayers. Larger counties would be contributing excessive amounts as a result of corporative building and the smaller counties contribution would be resulting from construction mortgages, first time home buyers, the oil and gas industry and the Kansas farmer who is still struggling after a number of years of drought and low prices. Reviewing the Kansas economy, these Kansans are those who could least afford the increase in mortgage registration tax.

Our association is not at all against funding the Heritage Trust Fund, however we feel that it should be supported by those who have expressed the concern, or by a mill levy that would be spread across the tax rolls such a libraries and museums which would be supported by all taxpayers in the respective counties to support their needs.

It is a real concern to the Register of Deeds Association that if this bill becomes law, a precedent would be set whereby the mortgage registration tax would become a vehicle for collection by private interest groups. This tax has always been generated in the county and used for the county general fund, we strongly feel that all of this tax should be kept at the county level.

In summary, the Register of Deeds Association is opposed to H.B. 2859 and any further erosion of the county tax base.

I you have any questions, I have several members of my committee here with me today and we would be happy to answer your questions. Thank you for allowing us to express our concerns.

REMARKS OF REP. VERN WILLIAMS (R)-WICHITA

April 23, 1990

BEFORE SENATE WAYS AND MEANS COMMITTEE

As Proponent of HB 2719 -

Affinity Credit Cards for Governmental Employees

Mr. Chairman, members of the Committee. I appreciate the opportunity to appear

before you in favor of HB 2719.

This is a simple bill with a positive fiscal note. It provides a benefit to all Kansas

governmental employees with little or no administrative costs.

Originally limited to KPERS members, the bill was amended by the House Pensions

and Benefits Committee to apply to all governmental employees in Kansas. It now will

benefit also employees of the City of Wichita (who are not KPERS members) and

employees of other local units of government who likewise are not KPERS participants.

The House Appropriations Committee added retired government employees and restricted

bidders to financial institutions located and doing business in Kansas.

Affinity Cards are those credit cards issued by financial institutions to persons with

a common interest such as being a government employee. Benefits include being able

to charge items or services purchased and for identification when lodging at hotels or

motels who offer government rates. This can be a significant saving.

Last summer my wife and I stayed at the Days Inn in Oakland. The rate was \$87

for the night. When I asked if they had a "government rate" the room charge was quoted

--\$43 for the night!

The program would be inaugurated by the Department of Administration. Secretary

Smith favors the concept.

He would solicit bids of financial institutions and negotiate terms of participation

and fees to be paid to the state. Mailings would be through normal channels (along with

payroll checks on bulk to local units) at no cost to the state. Neither would any lists

of employees be released. The successful bidder would pay all printing and distribution

costs.

The Budget Department estimates a fee to the state general fund (there are more

than 145,000 eligible employees) at \$350,000. While this may be on the high side,

whatever is realized would be a painless method of adding funds to state coffers while,

at the same time, providing a benefit to thousands of Kansas government employees

and their families.

I will be happy to answer any questions.

ATTACHMENT 15 SWAM 4-24-90

TESTIMONY

Senate Ways and Means Committee

SENATE BILL NO. 770 April 5, 1990

Mr. Chairman and Members of the Committee:

I represent the Kansas Alcohol and Drug Addiction Counselors Association, the Kansas Association of Alcohol and Drug Program Directors and the Kansas Community Alcohol Safety Action Project Coordinators Association. These individuals and organizations crisscross our State to offer professional assistance for those persons who are afflicted with that fatal illness of alcoholism and drug addiction. We support Senate Bill No. 770 as another measure to raise needed funds for the alcohol and drug treatment field in the year when funds are not too readily available. This source of revenue comes from those people who fail to recognize the privileges of driving in the State of Kansas. In addition, 22,000 of these individuals each year, more or less thumb their nose to the Court and fail to appear for a Court hearing or pay a traffic fine.

It is time that these individuals who become our chronic law breaking citizens realize that driving a vehicle in the State of Kansas is a privilege. Once they understand the penalities which will hurt their pocketbooks are in place, it is hoped that they will adhere with our traffic laws in the State of Kansas.

The funds that this proposed legislation would raise would offset some loss of budget funds in House Bill No. 2618. The House in 2618, adjusted the shift of \$452,977 alcohol abuse portion of the block grant to the mental health block grant and towards mental health's reform. This committee restored \$163,420 of those funds. However, I am not sure where the remaining \$289,557 fits into the picture. In addition, House Bill No. 2618 changed the general assistance formula for the year of 1991. Under the present formula, those alcohol and drug addicted persons who are now receiving general assistance while under treatment for their disease would be exempt. This is estimated by the Commissioner on Alcohol and Drug Abuse Section as a loss of approximately \$500,000.

This very committee saw this as a primary concern in Senate Bill No. 413 and reinstated those general assistance grants for the balance of fiscal year 1990 in excess of \$132,000.

The Alcohol and Drug Abuse Services allocate their money by grant methods. If the money is not in their budget, they can not allocate any money. At the present time, the indigent and working poor of the State of Kansas must wait over 30 days for a bed in a community based alcohol treatment program. Some of those individuals must spend this time incarcerated at a cost to the local taxpayers. Then there are those individuals who give up on treatment and continue to drink and drug until they show up at our hospitals as a medical patient, costing this State thousands of more dollars.

ATTACHMENT 16 SWAM 4-24-90 It is our belief that even though this legislation will raise less than 3/4 of a million dollars, that any little bit will help in a year where funds are quite scarce. Again, the organizations that I represent totally support this bill as another measure in our fight against alcoholism and drug addiction.

Respectfully,

Gene Johnson Lobbyist

Kansas Alcoholism and Drug Addiction Counselors Association Kansas Association of Alcohol and Drug Program Directors

Kansas Community Alcohol Safety Action Project Coordinators Association

TO:

Hon. August Bogina, Chairman Senate Ways and Mean Committee

FROM:

John W. Smith

Chief Administrator

Driver Licensing & Control

DATE:

April 5, 1990

RE:

Senate Bill No. S0770AVH

FISCAL IMPACT

1. LICENSE REINSTATEMENT FEE: Raising the examination fee for persons required to be retested due to a DUI conviction will result in an increase to the State Highway General Fund of approximately \$11,000.

The reinstatement fee of \$25.00 for these same people will produce revenue of approximately \$137,000 to be deposited to the Community Alcoholism and Intoxication Programs Fund.

The number of people required to take an examination pursuant to K.S.A. 8-241 averages over 5,000 per year.

2. FAIL TO COMPLY WITH A TRAFFIC CITATION REINSTATEMENT FEE: There are approximately 25,000 suspensions per year under K.S.A. 8-2110 which would produce revenue of \$625,000 to the Community Alcoholism and Intoxication Programs Fund. However, that statute requires a \$25.00 reinstatement fee for each charge. Many of the suspensions involve multiple charges although no actual count is available. A conservative estimate would be fifty percent which would add an additional \$312,500 to the fund and quite possibly more than that amount.

ADMINISTRATIVE IMPACT

It should be noted that if the number of DUI convictions and fail to appear suspensions are reduced as a result of these penalties, the estimated revenue would also be reduced but two worthwhile goals will have been achieved.

JWS/bmh

10 DAY PAYBACKS

	FISCAL YEAR 1990	AMOUNT	EMPLOYEES
and sent 1900 has been to the street	AUGUST 1	\$1191.30	4
	SEPTEMBER 1	\$0.00	0
	OCTOBER 1	\$1213.22	3
	NOVEMBER 1	\$0.00	. 0
	DECEMBER 1	\$545.22	1
	JANUARY 1	\$1150.10	3
	FEBRUARY 1	\$434.78	1
	MARCH 1	\$368.51	i
	APRIL 1	\$743.47	2
	MAY 1	\$689.57	2
	JUNE 1		
	JULY 1		
	YTD	\$6336.17	17
	FY 1989	\$9942.39	30
	FY 1988	\$10289.57	31
	FY 1987	\$9988 . 66	26
	FY 1986	\$11478.27	38
	FY 1985	\$13426.63	39
	FY 1984	\$11922.61	38
	FY 1983	\$13803.45	44
	FY 1982	\$20691.16	71
	FY 1981	\$44520.66	126
	FY 1980 (3/1-7/1)	\$1540 6. 48	49
	3/1/80 TO PRESENT	\$167806.05	509

NUMBER OF

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