Approved 3/18/9/
Date

MINUTES OF THE SENATE COMMITTEE ON FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS AND INSURANCE
The meeting was called to order bySENATOR RICHARD L. BOND Chairperson
9:00 a.m./XXXX on FRIDAY, MARCH 8, , 1991 in room 529-S of the Capitol
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Senators Francisco, Kerr, McClure, Moran, Parrish, Reilly, Salisbury, Strick and Yost.
Committee staff present: Bill Wolff, Research Department Fred Carman, Revisors Office Louise Bobo, Secretary

Conferees appearing before the committee:

None

Chairman Bond called the meeting to order at 9:14 a.m.

SB 189 and SB 196

Discussion resumed on these two bills first heard in committee on Thursday, February 28.

Chairman Bond explained that the amendments to <u>SB 189</u>, prepared by the Insurance Department and now before them, referred to third party administrator language and picked up a lot of National Association of Insurance Commissioners (NAIC) language and goes considerably beyond Kansas statutory language. (Attachment 1)

The Chairman informed the committee that the amendments to <u>SB 196</u>, as prepared by Staff and now before them, would grandfather in those multiple employee welfare arrangements (MEWAs) that are currently operating but new MEWAs would not be permitted unless the Department of Labor says they are eligible under ERISA. (Attachment 2)

Chairman Bond advised the committee that they needed to make the decision whether to let new MEWAs be formed or just let the present ones continue to exist or prohibit them altogether.

Considerable discussion ensued. One member asked who now had the oversight of MEWAs. Dick Brock, Insurance Department, answered that the regulatory framework for MEWAs was the last half of <u>SB 189</u>. Inquiry was raised as to the difference between MEWAs and municipal risk pools. Mr. Brock advised that the municipal risk pool was required to set aside 70% of its revenue in a claim fund while the MEWAs have reserve requirements that are set aside. Chairman Bond added that a muncipal risk pool had the opportunity to impose a municipal tax to bail them out while the MEWAs would just become insolvent or self assess.

Chairman Bond recommended to the committee that they adopt <u>SB 196</u>, as amended, and pass the first half of <u>SB 189</u> that speaks of third party administrators. He further advised that <u>SB 189</u>, if passed in its entirety, would let old associations continue to operate and new ones to form and there would be no need for <u>SB 196</u>. Mr. Brock advised that the four or five associations now operating were happy with their existence but existing Kansas law does not permit their existence. He added that the question was to whether to adopt a regulatory framework and see what happens or exempt the associations now in existence. A member remarked that he thought the Legislature had failed in trying to regulate the health care industry and leaned toward allowing some creativity by permitting those MEWAs in existence to continue and also allowing others in.

Senator Kerr made a motion to recommend SB 189, with the amendments, favorably permitting older MEWAs to continue and new ones to come in and establishing regulatory language. Senator Francisco seconded the motion.

CONTINUATION SHEET

MINUTES OF T	HE SENATE	COMMITTEE ON	FINANCIAL	INSTITUTIONS	AND	INSURANCE	
room <u>529-S</u> , S	Statehouse, at <u>9:00</u>	a.m. XXXX on	FRIDAY, MARCI	I 8,		,	1991

Chairman Bond agreed that the health care industry needed reform but questioned whether we would be further eroding the private carrier's ability to operate competitively in the market place by passing the above motion.

On a voice vote the motion failed.

Senator Parrish made a motion to take the existing groups and put them in the MEWA portion of SB 189 down through p. 12, section (d) of the balloon. Senator Reilly seconded the motion.

Senator Strick made a substitute motion to pass favorably SB 196 as amended. The motion died for lack of a second.

Senator Yost made a substitute motion to recommend favorably SB 196, as amended, and to recommend favorably for passage the first half of SB 189, page 12, line 31, ending with section (d). Senator Salisbury seconded the motion. The motion carried.

The meeting adjourned at 10:07 a.m.

GUEST LIST

	GUEST LIST						
COMMITTEE: FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS & INSURANCE COMMITTEE DATE: Hu Wan 8, 91							
NAME (PLEASE PRINT)	ADDRESS	COMPANY/ORGANIZATION					
Dick Brock	Topeke	Fus Dept					
Bob Goeller	Wichita	55 16 Adm.					
JIM BRADEN	PLAT CENTEL	SS+G ADM-LIX					
Ril Pitsenberger	Topelan	Rhe Cross					
Bill Snew	TOREICA	HIAA					
Sue (Inderson)	Tanoka	:CBA					
Michelle Liester	: Sopeka	Cohn Leterson (Issoc.					
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Session of 1991

SENATE BILL No. 189

By Committee on Financial Institutions and Insurance

2-13

AN ACT concerning insurance; third party administrators; amending K.S.A. 40-3801 to 40-3809, inclusive, and K.S.A. 1990 Supp. 40-3810 and repealing the existing sections.

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20 21 Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

Section 1. K.S.A. 40-3801 is hereby amended to read as follows: 40-3801. Wherever the term "administrator" is used in this act, it shall mean any person, company, corporation, partnership or other legal entity who collects charges or premiums from, or who adjusts or settles claims on, residents of this state in connection with life or accident and sickness insurance coverage or annuities other than: (a) "Administrator" or "third party administrator" or "TPA" means a person (or entity) who directly or indirectly solicits or effects coverage of, underwrites, collects charges or premiums from, or adjusts or settles claims on residents of this state, or residents of another state from offices in this state, in connection with life or health insurance coverage or annuities, except any of the following: (1) An employer on behalf of its employees or the employees of one or more subsidiary or affiliated corporations of such employer; (2) a union or association on behalf of its members.: (3) an insurance company which is either licensed in this state or acting as an insurer with respect to a policy lawfully issued and delivered by it in and pursuant to the laws of a state in which the insurer was authorized to do an insurance business, or organizations transacting business in this state pursuant to articles 18, 19, 19a, 19b or 32 of chapter 40, Kansas Statutes Annotated, including their sales representatives when engaged in the performance of their duties as such, (4) a life or accident and sickness agent licensed insurer authorized to transact insurance business in this state with respect to a policy issued and delivered in and pursuant to the laws of this state or another state; (4) an agent or broker licensed to sell life or health insurance in this state whose activities are limited exclusively to the sale and service of insurance; (5) a creditor on behalf of its debtors with respect to insurance covering a debt between the creditor and its debtors; (6) a trust; and its trustees, agents and employees acting

thereunder pursuant to such trust, established in conformity with 29 U.S.C. 186, (7) a trust exempt from taxation under section 501(a) of the internal revenue code, its trustees, and employees acting thereunder pursuant to such trust, or a custodian, its and the custodian's agents and employees acting pursuant to a custodian account which meets the requirements of section 401(f) of the internal revenue code;; (8) a bank, eredit union or other credit union or a financial institution which is subject to supervision or examination by federal or state banking authorities, or a mortgage lender, to the extent they collect and remit premiums to licensed insurance agents or authorized insurers in connection with loan payments; (9) a credit card issuing company which advances for and collects premiums or charges from its credit card holders who have authorized it to do so, provided such collection if the company does not adjust or settle claims, or, (10) a person who adjusts or settles claims in the normal course of his or her that person's practice or employment as an attorney at law, and who does not collect charges or premiums in connection with life or accident and sickness insurance coverage or annuities; (11) an adjuster licensed by this state whose activities are limited to adjustment of claims; (12) a person who acts solely as an administrator of one or more bona fide employee benefit plans established by an employer or an employee organization, or both, for which the insurance laws of this state are preempted pursuant to the employee retirement income security act of 1974, such person shall comply with the requirements of subsection (h) of K.S.A. 40-38H and amendments thereto; or (13) a person licensed as a managing general agent in this state, whose activities are limited exclusively to the scope of activities conveyed under such license.

(b) "Affiliate" or "affiliated" means any entity or person who directly or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, controls or is controlled by, or is under common control with a specified

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(c) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of insurance.

(d) "Control" shall have the meaning ascribed thereto in K.S.A. 40-3302 and amendments thereto.

(e) "Insurance" or "insurance coverage" means any coverage offered or provided by an insurer.

(f) "Insurer" means any person or entity undertaking to provide life or health insurance coverage in this state. For purposes of this act, insurer includes a licensed insurance company, a prepaid hospital or medical care plan, a health maintenance organization, a multiple employer welfare arrangement, or any other person or entity providing a plan of insurance subject to state insurance regulation.

.(i) 3810

Insurer does not include a bona fide employee benefit plan established by an employer or an employee organization, or both, for which the insurance laws of this state are preempted pursuant to the employee retirement income security act of 1974.

(g) "Licensed administrative manager" or "manager" means that individual responsible for conducting the daily operations of a third

party administrator.

(h) "Underwrites" or "underwriting" means, but is not limited to, the acceptance of employer or individual applications for coverage of individuals in accordance with the written rules of the insurer, the overall planning and coordinating of an insurance program, and the ability to procure bonds and excess insurance.

Sec. 2. K.S.A. 40-3802 is hereby amended to read as follows: 40-3802. (a) No administrator shall act as such without a written agreement between the administrator and the insurer, and such written agreement shall be retained as part of the official records of both the insurer and the administrator for the duration of the agreement and five (5) years thereafter. Such written The agreement shall contain all provisions which include the requirements of K.S.A. 40-3803, 40-3805 to 40-3809, inclusive required by this act, except insofar as those requirements do not apply to the functions performed by the administrator.

(b) Where a policy is issued to a trustee or trustees, a copy of the trust agreement and any amendments thereto shall be furnished to the insurer by the administrator and shall be retained as part of the official records of both the insurer and the administrator for the duration of the policy and five (5) years thereafter. The written agreement shall include a statement of duties which the administrator is expected to perform on behalf of the insurer and the lines, classes or types of insurance for which the administrator is to be authorized to administer. The agreement shall make provision with respect to underwriting or other standards pertaining to the business underwritten by such insurer.

(c) The insurer or administrator may, with written notice, terminate the written agreement for cause as provided in the agreement. The insurer may suspend the underwriting authority of the administrator during the pendency of any dispute regarding the cause for termination of the written agreement. The insurer must fulfill any lawful obligations with respect to policies effected by the written agreement, regardless of any dispute between the insurer and the administrator.

Sec. 3. K.S.A. 40-3803 is hereby amended to read as follows: 40-3803. The agreement shall make provision with respect to

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the underwriting or other standards pertaining to the business underwritten by such insurer.

- (a) An individual shall not act as an administrative services manager unless the individual obtains and maintains a license pursuant to this act.
- (b) An application for a license to act as an administrative services manager shall be made to the commissioner on forms prescribed by the commissioner. The application shall include written authority from an authorized TPA to act on behalf of the TPA. As used in this subsection, "authorized TPA" includes a TPA which has applied for a certificate of authority, the granting of which is contingent upon the applicant obtaining an administrative services manager's license.
- (c) Within a reasonable time after receipt of a properly completed application form, the commissioner shall subject the applicant to a written examination to determine if the applicant is professionally capable of providing, arranging for, or administering the services offered by a TPA, and has a reasonable understanding of the laws governing health care benefits. The commissioner may conduct investigations and propound interrogatories concerning the applicant's qualifications, residence, and any other matter which the commissioner considers necessary or advisable to determine compliance with this act, or for protection of the public. The commissioner shall make a decision on an application within 60 days after receipt of a properly completed application form.
- (d) After successful completion of the examination, investigation and interrogatories, the commissioner shall license an applicant if the applicant has passed the examination and the commissioner determines that the applicant is honest, trustworthy, and of good personal and business reputation.
- (e) If the commissioner disapproves an application for a license, the commissioner shall notify the applicant in writing of the reasons for disapproval.
- (f) A manager shall continue to meet the requirements of this act at all times.
- (g)—The commissioner may reexamine, not more often than annually, a licensed manager upon reasonable notice in writing with the reasons stated for the reexamination.
- Sec. 4. K.S.A. 40-3804 is hereby amended to read as follows: 40-3804. Whenever If an insurer utilizes the services of an administrator under the terms of a written contract as required in K.S.A. 40-3802, the payment to the administrator of any premiums or charges for insurance by or on behalf of the insured party shall

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be deemed to have been received by the insurer, and the payment of return premiums or claims payments forwarded by the insurer to the administrator shall not be deemed payment to have been paid to the insured party or claimant until such payments are received by the insured or claimant. Nothing herein shall limit in this section shall limit any right of the insurer against the administrator resulting from its failure the failure of the administrator to make payments to the insurer, insureds parties or claimants.

Sec. 5. K.S.A. 40-3805 is hereby amended to read as follows: 40-3805. (a) Every administrator shall maintain at its principal administrative office for the duration of the written agreement referred to in K.S.A. 40-3802 and five (5) years thereafter adequate and make available to the insurer complete books and records of all transactions between it, insurers and insured persons. Such performed on behalf of the insurer. The books and records shall be maintained in accordance with prudent standards of insurance record keeping and must be maintained for a period of not less than five years from the date of their creation.

(b) The commissioner of insurance shall have access to such books and records maintained by an administrator for the purpose of examination, audit and inspection. Any trade secrets contained therein, including but not limited to in such books and records including the identity and addresses of policyholders and certificateholders, shall be kept confidential, except that the commissioner may use such information in any proceedings instituted against the administrator.

(c) The insurer shall retain the right to continuing access to such books and records of the administrator sufficient to permit the insurer to fulfill all of its contractual obligations to insured persons, subject to any restrictions in the written agreement between the insurer and administrator on the proprietary rights of the parties in such books and records own the records generated by the administrator pertaining to the insurer, however the administrator shall retain the right to continuing access to books and records to permit the administrator to fulfill all of its contractual obligations to insured parties, claimants and the insurer.

(d) In the event the insurer and the administrator cancel their agreement, notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a), the administrator may, by written agreement with the insurer, transfer all records to a new administrator rather than retain them for five years. In such cases, the new administrator shall acknowledge, in writing, that such administrator is responsible for retaining the records of the prior administrator as required in subsection (a).

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Sec. 6. K.S.A. 40-3806 is hereby amended to read as follows: 40-3806. An administrator may use only such advertising pertaining to the business underwritten by an insurer as has been approved by such the insurer in advance of its use.

New Sec. 7. (a) If an insurer utilizes the services of an administrator, the insurer shall be responsible for determining the benefits, premium rates, underwriting criteria and claims payment procedures applicable to such coverage and for securing reinsurance, in any. The rules pertaining to these matters must be provided, in writing, by the insurer to the administrator. The responsibilities of the administrator as to any of these matters shall be set forth in the written agreement under K.S.A. 40-3802 and amendments thereto between the administrator and the insurer.

(b) It is the sole responsibility of the insurer to provide for competent administration of its programs.

(c) In cases where an administrator administers benefits for more than 100 certificateholders on behalf of an insurer, the insurer shall, at least semiannually, conduct a review of the operations of the administrator. At least one such review shall be an on-site audit of the operations of the administrator.

Sec. 8. K.S.A. 40-3807 is hereby amended to read as follows: 40-3807. (a) All insurance charges or premiums collected by an administrator on behalf of or for an insurer or insurers, and return the return of premiums received from such that insurer or insurers, shall be held by the administrator in a fiduciary capacity. Such funds shall be immediately remitted to the person or persons entitled thereto to them, or shall be deposited promptly in a bank fiduciary account established and maintained by the administrator in a federally or state insured financial institution. The written agreement under K.S.A. 40-3802 and amendments thereto between the administrator and the insurer shall provide for the administrator to periodically render an accounting to the insurer detailing all transactions performed by the administrator pertaining to business underwritten by the insurer.

(b) If charges or premiums so deposited in a fiduciary account have been collected on behalf of or for more than one (1) insurer one or more insurers, the administrator shall maintain keep records clearly recording the deposits in and withdrawals from such the account on behalf of or for each insurer. The administrator shall keep copies of all such the records and, upon request of an insurer, shall furnish such the insurer with copies of such the records pertaining to such deposits and withdrawals on behalf of or for such insurer.

—annually —in every three year period

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1. (c) The administrator shall not pay any claim by withdrawals from such a fiduciary account in which premiums or charges are deposited. Withdrawals from the funds deposited in such account shall be made, as provided in the written agreement under K.S.A. 40-3802 and amendments thereto between the administrator and the insurer, for. The written agreement shall address, but not be limited to, the following: (1) remittance to an insurer entitled thereto, to remittance; (2) deposit in an account maintained in the name of such the insurer; (3) transfer to and deposit in a claims paying account, with claims to be paid as provided in K.S.A. 40-3809, subsection (d); (4) payment to a group policyholder for remittance to the insurer entitled thereto, to remittance; (5) payment to the administrator of its commission, fees or charges, or (6) remittance of return of premiums to the person or persons entitled thereto to such premiums.

(d) All claims paid by the administrator from funds collected on behalf of or for an insurer shall be paid only on drafts or checks of, and as authorized by, the insurer.

Sec. 9. K.S.A. 40-3808 is hereby amended to read as follows: 40-3808. Any policies or certificates which an administrator adjusts or settles, the compensation to the administrator with regard to such policies shall in no way be contingent on claim experience. (a) An administrator shall not enter into any agreement or understanding with an insurer in which the effect is to make the amount of the administrator's commissions, fees or charges contingent upon savings effected in the adjustment, settlement and payment of losses covered by the insurer's obligations. The provision shall not prohibit an administrator from receiving performance based compensation for providing hospital or other auditing services.

(b) This section shall not prevent the compensation of an administrator from being based on premiums or charges collected or number of claims paid or processed.

Sec. 10. K.S.A. 40-3809 is hereby amended to read as follows: 40-3809. (a) When the services of an administrator are utilized, the administrator shall provide a written notice approved by the insurer to covered individuals advising them of the identity of, and relationship among, the administrator, the policyholder and the insurer.

Where (b) When an administrator collects funds, it must identify and state separately in writing to the person paying to the administrator any charge or premium for insurance coverage the amount of any such charge or premium specified by the insurer for such insurance coverage. All claims paid by the administrator from funds collected on behalf of the insurer shall be paid only on drafts of and as authorized by such insurer the This

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reason for collection of each item must be identified to the insured party and each item must be shown separately from any premium. Additional charges may not be made for services to the extent the services have been paid for by the insurer.

(c) The administrator shall disclose to the insurer all charges, fees and commissions received from all services in connection with the provision of administrative services for the insurer, including any fees or commissions paid by the insurers providing reinsurance.

New Sec. 11. Any policies, certificates, booklets, termination notices, or other written communications delivered by the insurer to the administrator for delivery to insured parties or covered individuals shall be delivered by the administrator promptly after receipt of instructions from the insurer to deliver them.

Sec. 12. K.S.A. 1990 Supp. 40-3810 is hereby amended to read as follows: 40-3810. (a) No person shall act as, or offer to act as, or hold oneself out to be an administrator in this state, unless such person holds a certificate of registration as an administrator issued by the commissioner of insurance. Application for such eertificate shall be made to the commissioner on a form prescribed by such commissioner and shall be accompanied by a filing fee of \$100. Such certificate may be continued for suceessive annual periods by notifying the commissioner of such intent and payment of a \$50 continuation fee. Such certificate shall be issued or continued by the commissioner to an administrator unless the commissioner after due notice and hearing shall have determined that the administrator is not competent, trustworthy, financially responsible or of good personal and business reputation, or has had a previous application for an insurance license denied for eause within five years.

Hearings under this section shall be conducted in accordance with the provisions of the Kansas administrative procedure act. without a valid certificate of authority as an administrator issued by the commissioner.

(b) Applicants to be an administrator shall make application to the commissioner upon a form to be furnished by the commissioner. The application shall include or be accompanied by the following information and documents: (1) All basic organizational documents of the administrator, including any articles of incorporation, articles of association, partnership agreement, trade name certificate, trust agreement, shareholder agreement and other applicable documents, and all amendments to such documents; (2) the bylaws, rules and regulations or similar documents regulating the internal affairs of the administrator; (3) the names, addresses, official positions and

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professional qualifications of the individuals who are responsible for the conduct of affairs of the administrator including all members of the board of directors, board of trustees, executive committee or other governing board or committee, the principal officers in the case of a corporation or the partners or members in the case of a partnership or association, shareholders holding directly or indirectly 10% or more of the voting securities of the administrator, and any other person who exercises control of influence over the affairs of the administrator; (4) the names and addresses of each and every person who will serve as an administrative service manager and be licensed according to K.S.A. 40-3803 and amendments thereto; (5) annual financial statements or reports for the two most recent years which prove that the applicant is solvent and such information as the commissioner may require in order to review the current financial condition of the applicant; (6) a statement describing the business plan including information on staffing levels and activities proposed in this state and nationwide, and the plan must provide details setting forth the administrator's capability for providing a sufficient number of experienced and qualified personnel in the areas of claims processing, record keeping and underwriting; (7) if the applicant will be managing the solicitation of new or renewal business, proof that it employs or has contracted with an agent licenses by this state for solicitation and taking of applications. Any applicant which intends to directly solicit insurance contracts or to otherwise act as an insurance agent must provide proof such agent has a license as an insurance agent in this state; and (8) such other pertinent information as may be required by the commissioner.

(c) The application shall be accompanied by a fee of \$100 as the application fee and \$50 for the certificate of authority.

(d) The applicant shall make available for inspection by the commissioner copies of all contracts with insurers or other persons utilizing the services of the administrator.

(e) The commissioner shall issue a certificate of authority to operate as a TPA if the commissioner is satisfied that all of the following conditions are met: (1) The TPA has in its employ at least one administrative services manager who is licensed under K.S.A. 40-3802 and amendments thereto, and who is responsible for the daily operation of the TPA and (2) the TPA has adequate facilities, personnel and managers to act as a third party administrator.

(f) The commissioner may refuse to issue a certificate of authority, if the commissioner determines that the administrator, or any individual responsible for the conduct of affairs of the administrator as defined in subsection (b(3) or (b)(4), is not competent,)

licensed

non-refundable -\$200

trustworthy, financially responsible or of good personal and business reputation, or has had an insurance or an administrator license or certificate of authority denied or revoked for cause by any state.

(g) A certificate of authority issued under this section shall remain valid, unless surrendered, suspended or revoked by the commissioner, for so long as the administrator continues in business in this state and remains in compliance with this act. However, if a TPA fails to meet the requirements of subsection (e) because of a manager's death, incapacity, resignation or dismissal, the TPA shall have 30 days to comply with subsection (e). Upon request and for good cause shown, the commissioner may grant to a TPA a reasonable extension beyond the 30 day time limit within which the TPA shall comply with subsection (e).

(h) An administrator is not required to hold a certificate of authority as an administrator in this state if all of the following conditions are met: (1) The administrator has its principal place of business in another state, (2) the administrator is not soliciting business as an administrator in this state, and (3) in the case of any group policy or plan of insurance serviced by the administrator, the lesser of 5% or 100 certificateholders reside in this state.

(i) A person is not required to hold a certificate of authority as an administrator in this state if the person exclusively provides services to one or more bona fide employee benefit plans each of which is established by an employer or an employee organization, or both, and for which the insurance laws of this state are preempted pursuant to the employee retirement income security act of 1974. Such persons shall register with the commissioner annually, verifying their status as herein described.

(j) An administrator shall immediately notify the commissioner of any material change in its ownership, control or other fact of circumstance affecting its qualification for a certificate of authority in this state.

(k) Every administrator shall maintain a fidelity bond in an amount of not less than 10% of the amount of funds handled subject to a maximum of \$500,000 provided, however, that no bonding shall be required by the commissioner of any administrator whose business is restricted solely to benefit plans which are either fully insured by an authorized insurer or which are bona fide employee benefit plans established by an employer or an employee organization, or both, for which the insurance laws of this state are preempted pursuant to the employee retirement income security act of 1974.

(l) Every administrator shall maintain a policy of liability insurance in an amount not less than \$200,000 per occurrence subject

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to not less than a \$600,000 annual aggregate for all claims made during the policy period for loss claimed to have been caused by error, omission or negligence in the performance of such administrator's professional services, provided, however, that no liability policy shall be required by the commissioner of any administrator whose business is restricted solely to benefit plans which are either fully insured by an authorized insurer or which are bona fide employee benefit plans established by an employer or an employee organization, or both, for which the insurance laws of this state are preempted pursuant to the employee retirement income security act of 1974.

New Sec. 13. Upon request from an administrator, the commissioner may waive the application requirements of subsection (b) of K.S.A. 40-3810 and amendments thereto if the administrator has a valid certificate of authority as an administrator issued in a state which has standards for administrators that are at least as stringent as those contained in the model statute for third party administrators of the national association of insurance commissioners and has an administrative services manager licensed by this or another state with a similar examination and licensing procedure.

New Sec. 14. (a) Each administrator shall file an annual report for the preceding calendar year with the commissioner on or before March 1 of each year, or within such extension of time therefor as the commissioner for good cause may grant. The report shall be in the form and contain such matters as the commissioner prescribes and shall be verified by at least two officers of the administrator.

(b) The annual report shall include the complete names and addresses of all insurers with which the administrator had an agreement during the preceding fiscal year.

(c) At the time of filing its annual report, the administrator shall pay a filing fee of \$50.

New Sec. 15. (a) The certificate of authority of an administrator shall be suspended or revoked if the commissioner finds that the administrator: (1) Is in an unsound financial condition, (2) is using such methods or practices in the conduct of its business so as to render its further transaction of business in this state hazardous or injurious to insured persons or the public, or (3) has failed to pay any judgment rendered against it in this state within 60 days after the judgment has become final.

(b) The commissioner may suspend or revoke the certificate of authority of an administrator if the commissioner finds that the administrator: (1) Has violated any lawful rule or order of the commissioner or any provision of the insurance laws of this state; (2) has

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refused to be examined or to produce its accounts, records and files for examination, or if any of its officers has refused to give information with respect to its affairs or has refused to perform any other legal obligation as to such examination, when required by the commissioner; (3) has, without just cause, refused to pay proper claims or perform services arising under its contracts or has, without just cause, caused covered individuals to accept less than the amount due them or caused covered individuals to employ attorneys or bring suit against the administrator to secure full payment or settlement of claims; (4) is affiliated with or under the same general management or interlocking directorate or ownership as another administrator or insurer which unlawfully transacts business in this state without having a certificate of authority; (5) at any time fails to meet any qualification for which issuance of the certificate could have been refused had such failure then existed and been known to the department; (6) has been convicted of, or has entered a plea of guilty or nolo contendere to, a felony without regard to whether adjudication was withheld; or (7) is under suspension or revocation in another state.

- (c) The commissioner may without advance notice or hearing thereon, immediately suspend the certificate of any administrator if the commissioner finds that one or more of the following circumstances exist: (1) The administrator is insolvent; (2) a proceeding for receivership, conservatorship, rehabilitation, or other delinquency proceeding regarding the administrator has been commenced in any state; or (3) the financial condition or business practices of the administrator otherwise pose an imminent threat to the public health, safety or welfare of the residents of this state.
- (d) If the commissioner finds that one or more grounds exist for the suspension or revocation of a certificate of authority issued under this act, the commissioner may, in lieu of such suspension or revocation, impose a fine upon the administrator.

New Sec. 16. As used in sections 16 to 45:

- (a) "Board" means the board of trustees of the multiple employer welfare arrangement security fund.
- (b) "Covered claim" means an obligation of an insolvent MEWA to pay a claim that is covered by the MEWA to a covered employee or dependent who is a resident of this state.
- (c) "Employee welfare benefit plan" means that term as defined in section 3 of the employee retirement income security act of 1974, 29 U.S.C. 1002(3).
- (d) "Fund" means the multiple employer welfare arrangement security fund.
 - (e) "Insolvent MEWA" means a MEWA authorized to do busi-

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ness in this state for which a domiciliary or ancillary receiver has been appointed in this state.

(f) "Multiple employer welfare arrangement" or "MEWA" means that term as defined in section 3 of the employee retirement income security act of 1974, 29 U.S.C. 1002(3)(40) which meets either or both of the following criteria: (1) One or more of the employer members in the MEWA is either domiciled in this state or has its principal headquarters or principal administrative office in this state, or (2) the MEWA solicits an employer that is domiciled in this state or has its principal headquarters or principal administrative office in this state.

(g) "Act" means sections 16 to 45 of this act.

New Sec. 17. A person or entity shall not establish or maintain an employee welfare benefit plan which is a multiple employer welfare arrangement in this state unless the MEWA obtains and maintains a certificate of authority pursuant to this act. This act shall not apply to an employee welfare benefit plan or MEWA that is fully insured.

New Sec. 18. (a) A MEWA authorized under this act shall be limited to providing the following benefits: (1) Medical, dental, optical, surgical or hospital care benefits, (2) benefits in event of sickness, accident, disability or death, or (3) prepaid legal services.

(b) Except as otherwise expressed in this act, a MEWA is exempt from chapter 40 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated with respect to all benefits provided on a basis other than fully insured, except that if life benefits are provided and not fully insured, the provisions of article 4 of chapter 40 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated apply.

New Sec. 19. (a) A person or entity wishing to establish an employee welfare benefit plan which is a multiple employer welfare arrangement shall apply for a certificate of authority on a form prescribed by the commissioner. The application shall be completed and submitted to the commissioner along with all of the following: (1) Copies of all articles, bylaws, agreements or other documents or instruments describing the rights and obligations of employers, employees and beneficiaries with respect to the MEWA; (2) current financial statements of the MEWA; (3) proof of a fidelity bond in a form and amount approved by the commissioner; (4) a statement showing in full detail the plan upon which the MEWA proposes to transact business, a copy of all contracts or other instruments it proposes to make with or sell to its members, together with a copy of its plan description and the proposed printed matter to be used in the solicitation of members.

(b) The commissioner shall promptly examine the application and

 $_$ and except as expressly designated therein,

_death and that if prepaid legal services are provided, K.S.A. 1990 Supp. 40-4201 et seq. apply.

_material

documents submitted by the applicant and shall have the power to conduct any investigation which the commissioner may deem necessary and to examine under oath any persons interested or connected with the MEWA.

New Sec. 20. (a) The commissioner shall not issue a certificate of authority to a MEWA unless all of the following conditions have been met: (1) The commissioner is satisfied that (A) the employers in the MEWA are members of an association or group of five or more businesses which are in the same trade or industry, including closely related businesses which provide support, services or supplies primarily to that trade or industry, (B) the association or group of employers in the MEWA is engaged in substantial activity for its members other than sponsorship of an employee welfare benefit plan; (C) the association or group of employers in the MEWA has been in existence for a period of not less than two years, (D) the employee welfare benefit plan of the association or group is controlled and sponsored directly by participating employers and employee members or both, and (E) the MEWA has within its own organization adequate facilities and competent personnel to service the employee benefit plan or has contracted with an authorized third party ad ministrator to provide such services; a third party administrator contracting with a MEWA pursuant to this subsection shall deliver a fidelity bond to the MEWA to protect against the misappropriation or misuse of any money handled by the third party administrator in an amount approved by the commissioner; (2) the MEWA has applications from not less than five employers and will provide similar benefits for not less than 200 separate participating employees and the gross annual premiums of or contributions to the plan will be 28 not less than \$20,000 for a plan that provides only vision benefits, \$75,000 for a plan that provides only dental benefits, and \$200,000 for all other plans; (3) unless waived by the commissioner, the MEWA possesses a written commitment, binder, or policy for both specific and aggregate excess loss insurance issued by an insurer authorized to do business in this state, in an amount approved by 34 the commissioner, such binder or policy shall provide not less than 35 30 days' notice of cancellation to the commissioner; (4) the MEWA 36 has established a procedure, to the satisfaction of the commissioner, for handling claims for benefits in the event of dissolution of the 38 MEWA; and (5) the MEWA has delivered to the commissioner such 39 bond, deposit, or security for the protection of subscribers as the 40 commissioner requires. 41 42

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\$500,000

(b) For purposes of this section, all employers, participating em ployees and premiums paid on behalf of participating employees shall

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and in no event-shall a member be liable for a greater amount than

be taken into account whether or not the employer or employee is employed in or resides in Kansas: (c) For purposes of this section, a specific excess loss policy with an attachment point of \$25,000 and an aggregate policy with an -as specified in the aggregate policy will be deemed to attachment point at least equal to 120% of expected claims will satisfy the requirement in subsection (a)(3). New Sec. 21. (a) The commissioner shall collect, and the persons A non-refundable filing affected shall pay to the commissioner, the following fees: (1) Filing fee to accompany application for certificate of authority in the amount -\$50 of \$200, (2) fee for certificate of authority in the amount of \$25 and (3) filing fee of \$25 to accompany the annual statement each year. \$50 (b) Each MEWA shall appoint the commissioner as its resident agent for purposes of service of process. The fee for such service shall be in the amount of \$5, payable at the time of service. ¹---- \$25 (3) Fees collected under this section shall be designated for the ___(c) insurance department to cover the additional costs incurred as a Failure to make timely filings shall be subject to K.S.A. 40-226. result of this act. New Sec. 22. (a) After examination and investigation, the com-18 missioner shall issue a certificate of authority to the MEWA if the commissioner is satisfied that the MEWA is in a stable and unim-20 paired financial condition and that the MEWA is qualified to maintain an employee welfare benefit plan in compliance with this act. (b) The commissioner shall refuse to grant a certificate of authority to an applicant who fails to meet the requirements of this act. Notice of refusal shall be in writing and shall set forth the basis for the refusal. (c) If the applicant submits a written request within 30 days after the mailing of the notice of refusal, the commissioner shall promptly conduct a hearing pursuant to the Kansas administrative procedure act, at which the applicant shall be given an opportunity to show compliance with the requirements of this act. New Sec. 23. (a) The MEWA, upon receipt of its initial certif-32 icate of authority, which shall be a temporary certificate, shall pro-— of up to twelve months duration ceed to the completion of organization of the proposed MEWA. (b) A MEWA shall open its books to the commissioner, and a final certificate of authority shall not be issued by the commissioner to any MEWA until it has collected the cash reserves as provided in section 32. 38 New Sec. 24. (a) The policies issued by the MEWA shall provide Delete for a premium or premium deposit payable in eash and, except as herein provided, for a contingent premium at least equal to one month's premium or premium deposit, which may be prefunded,

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the premium or premium deposit expressed in the policy.

- (b) The MEWA may issue its policy without a contingent premium when it has eash reserves as provided in section 32.
- (c) If at any time the ease reserves are less than the requirement of section 32, the MEWA shall immediately collect upon policies with a contingent premium a sufficient proportionate part thereof to restore such case reserves, except no member shall be liable for any part of such contingent premium in excess of the amount demanded within one year after the termination of the policy. The commissioner may by written order direct that proceedings to restore such reserves be deferred during the time fixed in such order. As used in this act, "cash reserves" means federally guaranteed obligations which have a recoverable principal amount.

New Sec. 25. No MEWA authorized under this act shall take any name which is the same or closely resembles the name of any other MEWA doing business in this state. A MEWA shall transact its business under its own name, and shall not adopt any assumed name, except that a MEWA, by amending its articles, may change its name or take a new name with the approval of the commissioner. Whenever it shall be necessary, in any legal proceedings, to prove existence of a MEWA, a certified copy of such MEWA's certificate of authority shall be prima facie evidence of the existence of the MEWA.

New Sec. 26. Every MEWA, unless otherwise provided, or in consistent with this act, shall have the power: (a) To have succession, by its name, for the term stated in its trust agreement, which shall be in perpetuity unless otherwise specified; (b) to sue and be sued, complain and defend, in any court of law or equity or to be a party to any proceedings before any board or commission or other public body of this state or government; suits at law may be maintained by the MEWA against any of its members for any cause relating to the business of the MEWA; (c) to have a seal which may be altered at pleasure and to use seal by causing it or a facsimile of the seal to be impressed or affixed or reproduced, or otherwise; (d) to appoint such officers and agents as the business of the MEWA shall require and allow suitable compensation; (e) to make, alter, amend and repeal bylaws for the regulation and government of its affairs; and (f) to conduct business in this state, other states, the District of Columbia the territories of the United States and in foreign countries and the territories and colonies thereof and have one or more offices out of this state and to acquire, purchase, hold, mortgage, pledge, assign, transfer and convey real and personal property out of this state subject to the provisions of this act.

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New Sec. 27. (a) The articles, bylaws and trust agreements of the MEWA and all amendments thereto shall be filed with and approved by the commissioner before becoming operative.

- (b) Each member employer of a MEWA shall be given notice of every meeting of the members and shall be entitled to an equal vote, either in person or by proxy in writing by such member.
- (c) The powers of a MEWA, except as otherwise provided, shall be exercised by the board of trustees chosen to carry out the purposes of the trust agreement. Not less than 50% of the trustees shall be persons who are covered under the MEWA and no trustee shall be an owner, officer or employee of a third party administrator who provides services to the MEWA or any insurance agent who receives any commission, fee or other compensation from the MEWA.

New Sec. 28. The trustees of a MEWA shall give attention and exercise the vigilance, diligence, care and skill that prudent persons use in like or similar circumstances. Trustees shall be responsible for all operations of the MEWA and shall take all necessary precautions to safeguard the assets of the MEWA. No trustee shall be held liable for any delinquency under this section after six years from the date of the delinquency, or after two years from the time when the delinquency is discovered by a person complaining of the delinquency, whichever occurs sooner.

New Sec. 29. The board of trustees shall select such officers as designated in the articles or bylaws and may appoint agents as it deems necessary for the transaction of the business of the MEWA. All officers and agents shall respectively have such authority and perform such duties in the management of the property and affairs of the MEWA as may be delegated by the board of trustees. Any officer or agent may be removed by the board of trustees whenever in their judgment the business interests of the MEWA will be served thereby. The board of trustees shall secure the fidelity of any or all such officers or agents who handle the funds of the MEWA by bond or otherwise.

New Sec. 30. (a) A MEWA shall not pay any salary, compensation or emolument to any officer or trustee of the MEWA unless the payment is first authorized by a majority vote of the board of trustees of the MEWA.

(b) A trustee, officer or employee of a MEWA shall not be compensated unreasonably. The compensation of any trustee or officer of a MEWA shall not be calculated, directly or indirectly, as a percentage of money or premiums collected, without the approval of the commissioner.

New Sec. 31. (a) A trustee or officer of a MEWA shall not know-

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(b) A person who violates this section is guilty of a felony punishable by a fine of not more than \$10,000, or by imprisonment for not more than 10 years, or both.

New Sec. 32. (a) A MEWA shall either satisfy subsection (b) or (c) or maintain reserves at the end of the fiscal year that are at least equal to the greater of: (1) An amount equal to 20% of the average monthly contribution per participant during the fiscal year multiplied by 12 times the number of participating employees as of the last day of the fiscal year; and (2) an amount equal to 30% of the average claim per participant per month during the fiscal year multiplied by 12 times the number of participating employees as of the last day of the fiscal year.

- (b) A MEWA shall be presumed to have sufficient reserves at the end of the fiscal year if it has policies of specific and aggregate excess loss insurance in force for a period beginning on the first day of the subsequent fiscal year and it obtains an actuarial or accountant's opinion that during the period described in this subsection the expected income of the MEWA on behalf of participating employees is at least equal to the sum of: (1) All plan expenses for the period other than claims paid and (2) the greater of the minimum attachment point of the aggregate policy and the estimated attachment point of the policy determined by multiplying the monthly aggregate attach ment factor by the accumulated number of participant months during the period. The period shall be the entire period of the aggregate stop loss policy that is in force on the first day of the subsequent fiscal year and shall end on the expiration date of such policy. The opinion shall be obtained from a member of the american academy of actuaries or the society of actuaries or from a certified public accountant.
- (c) As of the end of each fiscal year, each MEWA shall be presumed to maintain sufficient reserves if an actuary certifies that the reserves are sufficient to meet its contractual obligations. Reserves shall be determined with proper consideration given to at least all of the following factors: (1) Known claims, paid and outstanding; (2) the history of incurred but not reported claims; (3) claims handling expenses; (4) unearned and uncollected premiums; (5) an estimate for bad debts; and (6) a trend factor. The opinion must be from an



actuary who is a member of either the american academy of actuaries or the society of actuaries and who is not a party in interest or employed by a party in interest to the MEWA except for the purposes of rendering this opinion.

New Sec. 33. (a) Within 60 days after the end of each fiscal quarter, each MEWA shall file with the commissioner unaudited financial statements, affirmed by an appropriate trustee or officer of the MEWA.

(b) Before the close of the seventh calendar month after the end of the fiscal year, each MEWA shall file with the commissioner an annual report on a form prescribed by the commissioner including but not limited to: (1) Financial statements audited by a certified public accountant; (2) a statement certifying that the MEWA satisfies the requirements of section 32; (3) the names and addresses of all current trustees; (4) the names and addresses of all service providers to the plan, and the names of the insurers and policy numbers of all insurance contracts issued to the MEWA that were in effect at any time during the year.

New Sec. 34. A MEWA, in connection with an employee welfare benefit plan, shall provide the following written notice to each individual eovered by the plant (a) The fact that individuals eovered by the plan are only partially insured, (b) the fact that in the event the plan or the MEWA does not ultimately pay medical expenses that are eligible for payment under the plan for any reason, the individuals covered by the plan may be liable for those expenses.

New Sec. 35. (a) The commissioner, or any person appointed by the commissioner, shall have the power to examine the affairs of and financial condition of any MEWA that the commissioner has with respect to the examination of insurance companies under K.S.A. 40-222a, 40-222b and 40-222c and amendments thereto.

(b) Each authorized MEWA shall pay an assessment annually to the commissioner in an amount equal to .25% of the annual selffunded contributions made to the MEWA for that year on behalf of Kansas employees. The assessments paid under this section shall be appropriated to the insurance-department to cover the additional costs incurred in the examination and regulation of the MEWAs under this act.

New Sec. 36. The commissioner may suspend, revoke or limit the certificate of authority of a MEWA if the commissioner determines that any of the following conditions exist: (a) The MEWA has failed to maintain a policy for excess insurance as required by section 20; (b) the MEWA is using financial methods and practices in the conduct of its business which render further transaction of business

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at the time an application for coverage in is taken the MEWA is

(c) the MEWA is not an insurance company, (d) the MEWA is not subject to general laws and regulations relating to insurance companies.

(b) The expense of state supervision of MEWAs shall be financed in the following manner:

(1) There is hereby created in the state treasury a fund to be called the MEWA fund. All amounts which are required to be paid from the MEWA fund for the operating expenditures incident to the supervision of the MEWAs shall be paid from the MEWA fund. The commissioner of insurance shall be responsible for administering the MEWA fund and all payments from the fund shall be upon warrants of the director of accounts and reports issued pursuant to vouchers approved by the commissioner of insurance or a person or persons designated by the commissioner. (2) The commissioner of insurance shall estimate as soon as practical after

January 1 of each year the expenses necessary for the supervision of the MEWAs for the fiscal year beginning on July 1 thereafter. Not later than June 1 of each year, the commissioner of insurance shall notify all such MEWAs of the amount of each assessment imposed under this subsection on such MEWA and the same shall be due and payable to the commissioner on the July 1 following.

(3) The commissioner of insurance shall remit all moneys received by or for such remittance to the state treasurer. Upon receipt of any such remittance the state treasurer shall deposit the entire amount thereof in the state treasury to the credit of the MEWA fund.

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in this state hazardous or injurious to its members, employees, beneficiaries, or to the public; (c) the MEWA has failed, after written request by the commissioner, to remove or discharge an officer, director, trustee or other employee who has been convicted of any crime involving fraud, dishonesty or moral turpitude; (d) the MEWA has willfully failed or refused to furnish any report or statement required under section 33; (e) the MEWA has failed for an unreasonable period to pay any final judgment rendered against it in this state on any contractual obligation; or (f) the commissioner, upon investigation, determines that the MEWA is conducting business fraudulently, or is not meeting its contractual obligations in good faith.

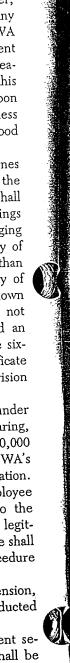
New Sec. 37. If after a hearing the commissioner determines that a MEWA is violating or has violated a provision of this act, the commissioner shall reduce findings and decision to writing and shall issue and cause to be served upon the MEWA a copy of the findings and an order requiring the MEWA to cease and desist from engaging in the prohibited activity, and the commissioner may order any of the following: (a) Payment of a monetary penalty of not more than \$500 for each violation but not to exceed an aggregate penalty of \$5,000, unless the MEWA knew or reasonably should have known it was in violation of this act, in which case the penalty shall not be more than \$2,500 for each violation and shall not exceed an aggregate penalty of \$25,000 for all violations committed in the sixmonth period, (b) suspension or revocation of the MEWA's certificate of authority if the plan knowingly and persistently violated a provision of this act, or restitution or refund to an aggrieved person.

New Sec. 38. If a MEWA violates a cease and desist order under this act and has been given notice and an opportunity for a hearing, the commissioner may order a civil fine of not more than \$10,000 for each violation, or a suspension or revocation of the MEWA's certificate of authority, or both the fine and suspension or revocation.

New Sec. 39. (a) Any employer in the MEWA or any employee covered under the MEWA may appeal a disputed claim to the commissioner. If the commissioner determines that there is a legitimate dispute, the commissioner or the commissioner's designee shall conduct a hearing pursuant to the Kansas administrative procedure act.

(b) Proceedings for hearings, payment of fines or suspension, revocation or limitation of a certificate of authority shall be conducted under the Kansas administrative procedure act.

New Sec. 40. (a) A multiple employer welfare arrangement security fund is created within the state treasury. The fund shall be



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administered by a board of trustees and shall be used solely to pay and discharge covered claims against insolvent MEWAs authorized to do business in this state.

(b) The board of trustees of the fund shall consist of three members. The commissioner shall be an ex officio member and the remaining two members shall be representatives of authorized MEWAs who shall be appointed by the governor with the advice and consent of the senate. The two appointive members shall serve terms of four years and shall serve without compensation, except for actual and necessary expenses.

(c) The board may: (1) If a MEWA becomes insolvent, appoint a person to act as fund administrator, which shall (A) supervise disbursements for covered claims of the MEWA, (B) request payments from the funds for covered claims, and (C) perform such other duties as are designated by the board; (2) authorize payments from the fund for covered claims upon request to the fund administrator by a covered employee or dependent who is a Kansas resident and who is receiving or is entitled to receive benefits from an insolvent MEWA that is unable to continue paying benefits, all such payments from the fund shall be determined by the board and made upon an order signed by a trustee; (3) promulgate rules as it deems necessary to carry out the purposes of the fund; (4) maintain records, institute systems and procedures and take any other administrative action as it deems necessary to carry out the purposes of the fund; and (5) secure legal advice and be represented by the attorney general or any assistant designated by the attorney general in any matter involving the affairs of the fund.

(d) All expenses authorized by the board for the proper administration of the fund, including but not limited to, the salary and expenses of the fund administrator and the investigation, determination and defense of claims against the fund shall be borne by and paid from the assets of the fund. All expenses incurred and charged to the fund shall be accounted for on a fiscal year basis.

New Sec. 41. (a) To the extent necessary for payment of covered expenses and for payment of reasonable costs of administering the fund, the commissioner shall assess upon and collect from each MEWA an amount which is in proportion that the benefits the MEWA paid to Kansas employees and their dependents in the preceding calendar year bears to the total benefits paid by all authorized MEWAs to Kansas employees and dependents in the preceding calendar year. The commissioner, upon advice of the trustees, may make additional assessments as the board considers necessary to keep the security fund solvent. The total assessment under this section.

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shall not exceed 2% of the benefits the MEWA paid on behalf of the Kansas employees and their dependents in any calendar year. Assessments shall not be collected until a MEWA's insolvency necessitates a payment from the fund.

- (b) Notice of assessments shall be sent by the commissioner by registered mail to each MEWA. Payment of assessments shall be made so as to be received in the office of the commissioner on or before a date specified uniformly in the notice, but not less than 90 days after the date of mailing.
- (c) Assessments under this section shall constitute elements of loss for the purpose of establishing rates.
- (d) If an employer ceases to participate in a MEWA, the employer shall continue to be liable to the MEWA for the security fund assessment for any benefits paid by the MEWA to Kansas employees and their dependents during the previous calendar year.
- (e) The commissioner shall certify to the trustees the collection and receipt of all money from assessments, noting any delinquencies. The board shall take such action as in its judgment is proper to effect collection of any delinquent assessment. All money received from assessments pursuant to this section shall be transferred to the state treasurer who shall be custodian of the fund. The state treasurer may make those investments as in the treasurer's judgment are in the best interest of the fund. The earnings from the investment of the money from the fund shall be credited to the fund.

New Sec. 42. The security fund after paying a covered claim to an employee or dependent shall have all the rights of a creditor of the insolvent MEWA to the extent of benefits it paid. The board shall have the right and obligation to obtain reimbursement from an insolvent MEWA for any money paid out as benefits to the covered participants of the insolvent MEWA, including expenses pertinent to payments or recovery thereof.

New Sec. 43. A MEWA transacting business in this state shall be considered a "person" within the meaning of K.S.A. 40-2402a and amendments thereto and shall be subject to the provisions of article 24 of chapter 40.

New Sec. 44. In the case of an insolvent MEWA, the provisions of article 36 of chapter 40 of Kansas Statutes Annotated shall apply substituting the word "MEWA" for the term "insurer" wherever the latter shall appear in such article.

New Sec. 45. Every MEWA in existence on the effective date of this act shall notify the commissioner of its existence and intent to make application for a certificate of authority by July 1, 1991. Any MEWA so notifying the commissioner shall be deemed to have







a temporary certificate of authority as described in section 23 which shall continue in effect until the earlier of December 31, 1991, and the date the commissioner either issues a temporary or permanent certificate of authority or the MEWA is decided to be unworthy of issue of such a certificate under section 22.

Sec. 46. K.S.A. 40-3801 to 3809, inclusive, and K.S.A. 1990 Supp. 40-3810 are hereby repealed.

Sec. 47. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its publication in the statute book.

Sec. 46. In addition to any other fees or assessments required by this act, and as a condition precedent to the continuation of the certificate of authority provided in this act, all MEWAs shall pay no later than 90 days after the end of each fiscal year a tax upon the annual Kansas gross premium collected by the MEWA at the rate of 1% per annum applied to the collective premium of the MEWA for the preceding fiscal year. In the computation of the tax, all MEWAs shall be entitled to deduct any annual Kansas gross premiums returned on account of cancellation or dividends returned to members of such MEWAs or expenditures used for the purchase of specific and aggregate excess insurance, as provided in section 20(a)(3).

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SENATE BILL No. 196

By Committee on Financial Institutions and Insurance

2-13

AN ACT relating to jurisdiction of the commissioner of insurance and application of law with respect to voluntary employees' beneficiary associations; amending K.S.A. 40-2222 and repealing the existing section.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

Section 1. K.S.A. 40-2222 is hereby amended to read as follows: 40-2222. Any person or other entity which provides coverage in this state for medical, surgical, chiropractic, physical therapy, speech pathology, audiology, professional mental health, dental, hospital, or optometric expenses, whether such coverage is by direct payment, reimbursement, or otherwise, shall be presumed to be subject to the jurisdiction of the commissioner of insurance unless the person or other entity conclusively shows by submission of an appropriate eertificate, license or other document issued by a governmental agency that it is subject to the jurisdiction of an agency of this state or the federal government. Any entity that has obtained recognition of its exempt status under section 501(c)(0) of the federal internal revenue code of 1986 as in effect on the effective date of this act. and is sponsored by a nonprofit trade or professional association. shall be considered to be subject to the jurisdiction of an agency of the federal government and shall not be subject to the provisions of chapter 40 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated or of the jurisdiction of the commissioner of insurance if such entity files satisfactory proof with the commissioner that it is covered by stop loss or excess insurance for claims expense in excess of anticipated contributions by

or on behalf of individuals covered by the entity. Sec. 2. K.S.A. 40-2222 is hereby repealed.

Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its publication in the statute book.

professional association architects incorporated in Kansas on October 4, 1954, which provides for the payment accident, or other benefits life. sickness, association to the members of the established trust dependents through a November 1, 1986;

(b) is a professional association of dentists incorporated in Kansas on July 3, 1972, which provides for the payment of life, sickness, accident, or other benefits to the members of the association or dependents through a trust established November 1, 1985;

(c) is a trade association of banks incorporated in Kansas on August 9, 1978, which provides for the payment of life, sickness, accident, or other benefits to the members of the association or dependents through a trust established July 1, 1989;

(d) is a trade association of truckers incorporated in Kansas on July 1, 1985, which provides for the payment of life, sickness, accident, or other benefits to the members of the association or dependents through a trust established January 1, 1990;

(e) conclusively shows by submission of an appropriate certificate, license, letter or other document issued by the United States department of labor that such person or entity is not subject to Kansas law; or

(f) conclusively shows that it is

For purposes of this act, tax exempt status under section 501(c) of the federal internal revenue code of 1986 shall not be deemed to be jurisdiction of the federal government.

Kansas register