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MINUTES OF THE <u>House</u> COMMITTEE ON	<u>Insurance</u>
The meeting was called to order byVice-Chair	rman Weiland at Chairperson
3:40 XXXX/p.m. on Wednesday, January	y 29, 19 <u>92</u> in room <u>531 N</u> of the Capitol.
All members were present except:	
Representative Turnquist, Excused Representative Campbell, Excused Representative Sebelius, Excused Committee staff present:	Representative Ensminger, Excused
Mr. Fred Carnan, Revisor Mr. Chris Courtwright, Research Mrs. Nikki Feuerborn, Secretary	,

Approved February

4,

Date

1992

Conferees appearing before the committee:

Mr. David Hanzlick, Kansas Dental Association Ms. Cheryl Sanders, Kansas Alliance for the Mentally Ill

Mr. Jerel Wright, Kansas Credit Union Association

Mr. Dick Brock, Insurance Commissioner's Office

Mr. Dick Brock, Insurance Commissioner's Office, distributed copies of legislation introduced in the Senate. This would be a complement to HB 2001 and incorporates such components as requiring that any insurer participating in the small group health insurance business in Kansas may not decline to insure any applicant for basic coverage; a reinsurance pool which permits insurers to spread the loss exposure presented by a group which would otherwise be refused coverage among all insurers participating in the small group market; underwriting restrictions comparable to those in 1991 House Bill 2001; and additional rating restrictions. (See Attachment 1). additional rating restrictions. (See Attachment 1).

Mr. David Hanzlick, Kansas Dental Association, asked that legislation be introduced regarding coverage by third parties for the diagnosis and treatment of craniomandibular and temporomandibular joint disorders. At present, ten states have laws, regulations or directives to that effect, although the specific requirements vary. Most are based on the theory of prohibiting discrimination. The laws do not have retroactive effect. (See Attachment 2).

Representative Helgerson moved for the introduction of the proposed legislation. Representative Welshimer seconded the motion. Motion carried.

Ms. Cheryl Sanders, Kansas Alliance for the Mentally Ill, requested the introduction of legislation which would provide for health insurance coverage of the physically-based brain diseases like schizophrenia and affective disorders equal to that of other brain diseases, such as Parkinson's Disease and multiple sclerosis. (See Attachment 3).

Representative Helgerson moved for the introduction of the proposed legislation. Representative Gilbert seconded the motion. Motion carried.

Mr. Jerel Wright, Kansas Credit Union Association, asked for the introduction of legislation that would change the amount of insurance on the life of any debtor from \$50,000 to \$100,000, or the amount owed to a credit union by the debtor, whichever is the lesser amount. (See Attachment 4).

Representative Neufeld moved for the introduction of the proposed legislation. Representative Helgerson seconded the motion. Motion carried.

Mr. Dick Brock, Insurance Commissioner's Office, distributed additional information on <u>SB 217</u> to the committee. (See Attachment 5).

CONTINUATION SHEET

MINUTES OF THE House COMMITTEE ON Insurance	
room531_, MStatehouse, at3:40_ % xxx/p.m. onWednesday, January 29,	19_9
Representative Neufeld moved for the approval of the minutes of January	
28, 1992, with the exception of changing Representative Wells to excused status. Representative Welshimer seconded the motion. Motion carried.	
Meeting adjourned at 3:40 p.m.	

GUEST LIST

COMMITTEE: DATE: 1-29-92

NAME (PLEASE PRINT)	ADDRESS'	COMPANY/ORGANIZATION
JEFF SONNICH	TOPEKA	KNLSI
Mike GURLEY	TOLSA, OK	STATE FARM INSURANCE
B.11 Sneed	TOPERA	Stok Farm
TOM PAJACE	Totalla	·SLSI
David Hanzlick	Topeka	KS Destal Ass's
Jo Ann Howley	Topeka	KMHC
Disk Bheck	1 - 11	Ins. Dept
ALAN COBB	TOPEKA	Delta Deutal
ART BROWN	160.	FS. Cumber Dealist
Jerel Wright	Topeka	Ks Credit Union Assn
Sherre Sanders	TOPEKA	KS AMI
Dikki Bowler	Wichita	
Ray Morton	Wichita	•
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Explanatory Memorandum Legislative Proposal No. 14

As a complement to 1991 House Bill 2001, the Insurance Department, in consultation with a task force created by Commissioner Todd and comprised of representatives from insurance companies, health maintenance organizations, insurance agents, benefit plan administrators and insureds, has developed Legislative Proposal No. 14 which incorporates the following components:

- A requirement that any insurer participating in the small group health insurance business in Kansas may not decline to insure any applicant for basic coverage.
- A reinsurance pool which permits insurers to spread the loss exposure presented by a group which would otherwise be refused coverage among all insurers participating in the small group market.
- Underwriting restrictions comparable to those in 1991 House Bill 2001.
- Rating restrictions which provide:
 - Rates can vary by no more than 25% from the median between the highest rates charged any group and the lowest rated groups in any given class.
 - The median rate for any class of business can be no more than 20% higher than the rate applicable to the lowest rated class.
 - The maximum increase a small employer can receive in any year would be the difference between the current rate and the rate charged a new group in the same class plus 15%.
 - A prohibition against forcing an employer group to transfer from one rating classification to another.

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LEGISLATIVE PROPOSAL NO. 14

AN ACT relating to insurance; accident and sickness insurance; small employers; group coverage; rating restrictions; requirements; definitions.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF KANSAS:

Section 1. Purpose. The purpose and intent of this act are to promote the availability of health insurance coverage to small employers regardless of their health status or claims experience, to prevent abusive rating practices, to require disclosure of rating practices to purchasers, to establish rules regarding renewability of coverage, to establish limitations on the use of preexisting condition exclusions, to provide for development of "basic" and "standard" health benefit plans to be offered to all small employers, to provide for establishment of an allocation program, and to improve the overall fairness and efficiency of the small group health insurance market.

The act is not intended to provide a solution to the problem of affordability of health care or health insurance.

- Sec. 2. Preamble. The provisions of this act shall apply to health benefit plans covering small employers as defined herein. Where the provisions of K.S.A. 1991 Supp. 40-2209 are not inconsistent with these provisions, they shall be construed as supplemental to and not in derogation or limitation of any requirements, prohibitions or restrictions contained herein.
 - Sec. 3. Definitions. As used in this act,
- (a) "Actuarial certification" means a written statement by a member of the American academy of actuaries or other individual acceptable to the commissioner that a small employer carrier is in compliance with the provisions of section 7 of this act, based upon the person's examination, including a review of the appropriate records and of the actuarial assumptions and methods used by the small employer carrier in establishing premium rates for applicable health benefit plans.

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- (b) "Approved service area" means a geographical area, as approved by the commissioner to transact insurance in this state, within which the carrier is authorized to provide coverage.
- (c) "Base premium rate" means, for each class of business as to a rating period, the lowest premium rate charged or that could have been charged under the rating system for that class of business, by the small employer carrier to small employers with similar case characteristics for health benefit plans with the same or similar coverage.
- (d) "Basic small employer health care plan" means a health benefit plan developed by the board pursuant to section 9 of this act.
 - (e) "Board" means the board of directors of the program.
- (f) "Carrier" or "small employer carrier" means any insurance company, nonprofit medical and hospital service corporation, nonprofit optometric, dental, and pharmacy service corporations, municipal group-funded pool, fraternal benefit society or health maintenance organization, as these terms are defined by state law, that offers health benefit plans covering eligible employees of one or more small employers in this state.
- (g) "Case characteristics" means, with respect to a small employer, the geographic area in which the employees reside; the age and sex of the individual employees and their dependents; the appropriate industry classification as determined by the carrier, and the number of employees and dependents and such other objective criteria as may be approved family composition by the commissioner. "Case characteristics" shall not include claim experience, health status and duration of coverage since issue.
- (h) Class of business" means all or a separate grouping of small employers established pursuant to section 6.
 - (i) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of insurance.
 - (j) "Department" means the insurance department.
- (k) "Dependent" means the spouse or child of an eligible employee, subject to applicable terms of the health benefits plan covering such employee and the dependent eligibility standards established by the board.
- (1) "Eligible employee" means an employee who works on a full-time basis, with a normal work week of 30 or more hours, and includes a sole proprietor, a partner of a partnership or an independent contractor, provided such sole proprietor, partner or independent contractor is included

as an employee under a health benefit plan of a small employer but does not include an employee who works on a part-time, temporary or substitute basis.

- (m) "Financially impaired" means a member which, after the effective date of this act, is not insolvent but is:
- (1) Deemed by the commissioner to be in a hazardous financial condition pursuant to K.S.A. 40-222d; or
- (2) placed under an order of rehabilitation or conservation by a court of competent jurisdiction.
- (n) "Health benefit plan" means any hospital or medical expense policy, health, hospital or medical service corporation contract, and a plan provided by a municipal group-funded pool, or a health maintenance organization contract offered by an employer or any certificate issued under any such policies, contracts or plans. "Health benefit plan" does not include policies or certificates covering only accident, credit, dental, disability income, long-term care, hospital indemnity, medicare supplement, specified disease, vision care, coverage issued as a supplement to liability insurance, insurance arising out of a workers' compensation or similar law, automobile medical-payment insurance, or insurance under which benefits are payable with or without regard to fault and which is statutorily required to be contained in any liability insurance policy or equivalent self-insurance.
- (o) "Index rate" means, for each class of business as to a rating period for small employers with similar case characteristics, the arithmetic average of the applicable base premium rate and the corresponding highest premium rate.
- (p) "Initial enrollment period" means the period of time specified in the health benefit plan during which an individual is first eligible to enroll in a small employer health benefit plan. Such period shall be no less favorable than a period beginning on the employee's or member's date of initial eligibility and ending 31 days thereafter.
- (q) "Late enrollee" means an eligible employee or dependent who requests enrollment in a small employer's health benefit plan following the initial enrollment period provided under the terms of the first plan for which such employee or dependent was eligible through such small employer, provided an eligible employee or dependent shall not be considered a late enrollee if:
 - (1) The individual:

- (A) Was covered under another employer-provided health benefit plan at the time the individual was eligible to enroll;
- (B) states, at the time of the initial eligibility, that coverage under another employer health benefit plan was the reason for declining enrollment;
- (C) has lost coverage under another employer health benefit plan as a result of the termination of employment, the termination of the other plan's coverage, death of a spouse, or divorce; and
- (D) requests enrollment within 31 days after the termination of coverage under another employer health benefit plan, or
- (2) the individual is employed by an employer who offers multiple health benefit plans and the individual elects a different health benefit plan during an open enrollment period, or
- (3) a court has ordered coverage to be provided for a spouse or minor child under a covered employee's plan and request for enrollment is made within 31 days after issuance of such court order.
- (r) "New business premium rate" means, for each class of business as to a rating period, the lowest premium rate charged or offered, or which could have been charged or offered, by the small employer carrier to small employers with similar case characteristics for newly issued health benefit plans with the same or similar coverage.
- (s) "Plan of operation" means the articles, bylaws and operating rules of the program adopted by the board pursuant to section 11 of this act.
- (t) "Pre-existing conditions provision" means a policy provision which excludes or limits coverage for charges or expenses incurred during a specified period not to exceed one year following the insured's effective date of coverage as to a condition or related conditions for which diagnosis, treatment or advice was sought or received in the six months immediately preceding the effective date of coverage.
- (u) "Premium" means monies paid by a small employer or eligible employees or both as a condition of receiving coverage from a small employer carrier, including any fees or other contributions associated with the health benefit plan.
- (v) "Program" means the Kansas small employer health reinsurance program, established under section 11 of this act.
- (w) "Rating period" means any term for which a SEHC plan policy is issued but any term of less than one year shall be considered as a full year.

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- (x) "SEHC plan" means the Kansas small employer health care plan which shall be a health benefit plan for small employers established by the board in accordance with section 10 of this act.
- (y) "Service waiting period" means a period of time after full-time employment begins before an employee is first eligible to enroll in any applicable health benefit plan offered by the small employer.
- (z) "Small employer" means any person, firm, corporation, partnership or association eligible for group sickness and accident insurance pursuant to K.S.A. 1991 Supp. 40-2209(A) actively engaged in business whose total employed work force consisted of, on at least 50 percent of its working days during the preceding year, no more than 25 eligible employees, the majority of whom were employed within the state. In determining the number of eligible employees, companies which are affiliated companies or which are eligible to file a combined tax return for purposes of state taxation, shall be considered one employer. Except as otherwise specifically provided, provisions of this act which apply to a small employer which has a health benefit plan shall continue to apply until the plan anniversary following the date the employer no longer meets the requirements of this definition.
- (aa) "Standard small employer health care plan" means a basic SEHC plan with specified benefit enhancements and such deductible and coinsurance provisions as may be developed by the board pursuant to section 10 of this act.
- (bb) "Affiliate" or "affiliated" means an entity or person who directly or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, controls or is controlled by, or is under common control with, a specified entity or person.

Sec. 4. Applicability and scope.

- (a) Any individual or group health benefit plan issued to a group authorized by K.S.A. 1991 Supp. 40-2209(A) shall be subject to the provisions of this act if it provides health care benefits covering employees of a small employer and if it meets any one of the following conditions:
- (1) Any portion of the premium is paid by a small employer, or any covered individual, whether through wage adjustments, reimbursement, withholding or otherwise; or

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- (2) the health benefit plan is treated by the employer or any of the covered individuals as part of a plan or program for the purposes of section 162 or section 106 of the United States internal revenue code.
- (b) For purposes of this act an aggregation of two or more small employers covered under a trust arrangement or a policy issued to an association of small employers pursuant to K.S.A. 40-2209(A)(3) or (5) shall permit employee or member units of three but no more than 25 employees or members and their dependents to participate in any health benefit plan to which this act applies. Any group which includes employee or member units of 25 or fewer employees shall be subject to the provisions of this act notwithstanding its inclusion of employee or member units with more than 25 employees or members.
- (c) Except as expressly provided for in this act, no law requiring the coverage or the offer of coverage of a health care service or benefit and no law requiring the reimbursement, utilization, or consideration of a specific category of a licensed or certified health care practitioner shall apply to any SEHC plan offered or delivered to a small employer.
- (d) Except as expressly provided in this act, no health benefit plan offered to a small employer shall be subject to:
- (1) Any law that would inhabit any carrier from contracting with providers or groups of providers with respect to health care services or benefits;
- (2) any law that would impose any restriction on the ability to negotiate with providers regarding the level or method of reimbursing care or services provided under the health benefit plan.
- (e) Individual policies of accident and sickness insurance issued to individuals and their dependents totally independent of any group, association or trust arrangement permitted under K.S.A. 1991 Supp. 40-2209 shall not be subject to the provisions of this act.
- Sec. 5. Underwriting requirements. Health benefit plans covering small employers that are issued or renewed within this state or outside this state covering persons residing in this state shall be subject to the following provisions, as applicable:
- (a) Pre-existing conditions provisions shall not exclude or limit coverage for a period beyond 12 months following the individual's effective date of coverage and may only relate to conditions or related conditions for

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which diagnosis, advice or treatment was sought, during the six months immediately preceding the effective date of coverage.

- (b) Such policy may impose a waiting period, not to exceed one year for benefits for conditions, including related conditions, for which diagnosis, treatment or advice was sought or received in the six months prior to the effective date of coverage. Such policy shall waive such a waiting period to the extent the employee or member or individual dependent or family member was covered by a group sickness and accident policy prior to the effective date of coverage with no gap in coverage.
- (c) Any health benefit plan issued, delivered or renewed within this state and subject to the provisions of this act, shall be renewable with respect to all eligible employees or dependents at the option of the policyholder, contractholder, or small employer, except for:
- (1) Nonpayment of the required premiums by the policyholder, contractholder, or employer; or
- (2) fraud or misrepresentation of the policyholder, contractholder, or employer or, with respect to coverage of individual insureds, the insureds or their representatives; or
 - (3) noncompliance with health benefit plan provisions; or
- (4) when the total number of insured individuals covered under all of the health benefit plans of any one employer is less than the total number of individuals or percentage of individuals required by participation requirements under any specific health benefit plan of that employer;
- (5) when a material and significant change in the risk characteristics of the group has occurred because the small employer is no longer actively engaged in the business in which it was engaged on the policy's effective date; or
- (6) when the carrier ceases doing business in the small employer market; provided, however, that the following conditions are met:
- (A) Notice of the decision to cease to do business in the small employer market is provided to the department, the board, to either the policyholder or contractholder, and the employer;
- (B) health benefit plans subject to this act shall not be canceled by the carrier for one year after the date of the notice required under subparagraph 5(c)(6)(A) above unless the business has been sold to another carrier; and

- (C) a carrier that ceases to do business in the small employer marketplace is prohibited from re-entering the small employer marketplace for a period of five years from the date of the notice required under subparagraph 5(c)(6)(A) above.
- (d) Notwithstanding subsection 5(c) above pertaining to renewability, any such health benefit plan or any coverage provided to any individual covered by such a plan subject to the provisions of this act may be rescinded for fraud, material misrepresentation, or concealment by an applicant, employee, dependent, or small employer.
- (e) A carrier shall not exclude any dependent, who would otherwise be covered under a health benefit plan on the basis of an actual or expected health condition of such person; but a carrier shall be allowed to exclude a late enrollee.
- (f) Except as expressly provided by this act, every carrier doing business in the small employer market retains the authority to underwrite and rate individual accident and sickness insurance policies; and rate small employer groups using generally accepted actuarial practices.
- (g) No health benefit plan issued by a carrier may limit or exclude, by use of a rider or amendment applicable to a specific individual, coverage by type of illness, treatment, medical condition, or accident, except for pre-existing conditions or diseases as permitted under subsection 5(a) of this act.
- (h) In the absence of the small employer's decision to the contrary, all health benefit plans shall make coverage available to all the eligible employees of a small employer without a service waiting period. The decision of whether to impose a service waiting period for eligible employees of a small employer shall be made by the small employer, who may only choose from the service waiting periods offered by the carrier. No service waiting period shall be greater than 90 days or three calendar months and shall permit coverage to become effective no later than the first day of the month immediately following completion of the service waiting period.
- (i) The benefit structure of any health benefit plan subject to the provisions of this act may be changed by the carrier to make it consistent with the benefit structure contained in health benefit plans developed by

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the board for marketing to new groups but this shall not preclude the development and marketing of other health benefit plans to small employers.

- (j)(1) Except as provided in subparagraph (d), requirements used by a small employer carrier in determining whether to provide coverage to a small employer, including requirements for minimum participation of eligible employees and minimum employer contributions, shall be applied uniformly among all small employers with the same number of eligible employees applying for coverage or receiving coverage from the small employer carrier.
- (2) A small employer carrier may vary application of minimum participation requirements and minimum employer contribution requirements only by the size of the small employer group.
- (3)(A) Except as provided in clause (B), in applying minimum participation requirements with respect to a small employer, a small employer carrier shall not consider employees or dependents who have qualifying existing coverage in determining whether the applicable percentage of participation is met.
- (B) With respect to a small employer, a small employer carrier may consider employees or dependents who have coverage under another health benefit plan sponsored by such small employer in applying minimum participation requirements.
 - Sec. 6. Establishment of classes of business.
- (a) A small employer carrier may establish a class of business only to reflect substantial differences in expected claims experience or administrative costs related to the following reasons:
- (1) The small employer carrier uses more than one type of system for the marketing and sale of health benefit plans to small employers;
- (2) the small employer carrier has acquired a class of business from another small employer carrier; or
- (3) the small employer carrier provides coverage to one or more association groups that meet the requirements of K.S.A. 1991 Supp. 40-2209(A)(5).
- (b) A small employer carrier may establish up to nine separate classes of business under subsection (a).
- (c) The commissioner may establish regulations to provide for a period of transition in order for a small employer carrier to come into compliance

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with subsection (b) in the instance of acquisition of an additional class of business from another small employer carrier.

- (d) The commissioner may approve the establishment of additional classes of business upon application to the commissioner and a finding by the commissioner that such action would enhance the efficiency and fairness of the small employer marketplace.
 - Sec. 7. Rating requirements.
- (a) Premium rates applicable to Kansas residents for health benefit plans subject to this act shall be subject to the following provisions:
- (1) The index rate for a rating period for any class of business shall not exceed the index rate for any other class of business by more than 20 percent.
- (2) For a class of business, the premium rates charged during a rating period to small employers with similar case characteristics for the same or similar coverage, or the rates that could be charged to such employers under the rating system for that class of business, shall not vary from the index rate by more than 25 percent of the index rate.
- (3) The percentage increase in the premium rate charged to a small employer for a new rating period may not exceed the sum of the following:
- (A) The percentage change in the new business premium rate measured from the first day of the prior rating period to the first day of the new rating period. In the case of a health benefit plan into which the small employer carrier is no longer enrolling new small employers, the small employer carrier shall use the percentage change in the base premium rate, provided that such change does not exceed, on a percentage basis, the change in the new business premium rate for the most similar health benefit plan into which the small employer carrier is actively enrolling new small employers;
- (B) any adjustment, not to exceed 15 percent annually and adjusted pro rata for rating periods of less than one year, due to the claim experience, health status or duration of coverage of the employees or dependents of the small employer as determined from the small employer carrier's rate manual for the class of business; and
- (C) any adjustment due to change in coverage or change in the case characteristics of the small employer, as determined from the small employer carrier's rate manual for the class of business.

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- (4) Adjustments in rates for claim experience, health status and duration of coverage shall not be charged to individual employees or dependents. Any such adjustment shall be applied uniformly to the rates charged for all employees and dependents of the small employer.
- (5) A small employer carrier may utilize industry as a case characteristic in establishing premium rates, provided that the highest rate factor associated with any industry classification shall not exceed the lowest rate factor associated with any industry classification by more than 30 percent for the first three years immediately following the date the program becomes operational and 15 percent thereafter.
- (6) In the case of health benefit plans issued prior to the effective date of this act, a premium rate for a rating period may exceed the ranges set forth in subsections (a)(1) and (2) for a period of three years following the effective date of this act. In such case, the percentage increase in the premium rate charged to a small employer for a new rating period shall not exceed the sum of the following:
- (A) The percentage change in the new business premium rate measured from the first day of the prior rating period to the first day of the new rating period. In the case of a health benefit plan into which the small employer carrier is no longer enrolling new small employers, the small employer carrier shall use the percentage change in the base premium rate, provided that such change does not exceed, on a percentage basis, the change in the new business premium rate for the most similar health benefit plan into which the small employer carrier is actively enrolling new small employers.
- (B) Any adjustment due to change in coverage or change in the case characteristics of the small employer, as determined from the carrier's rate manual for the class of business.
- (7)(A) Small employer carriers shall apply rating factors, including case characteristics, consistently with respect to all small employers in a class of business. Rating factors shall produce premiums for identical groups which differ only by amounts attributable to plan design and do not reflect differences due to the nature of the groups assumed to select particular health benefit plans.

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- (B) A small employer carrier shall treat all health benefit plans issued or renewed in a class of business in the same calendar month as having the same rating period.
- (8) For the purposes of this subsection, a health benefit plan that utilizes a restricted provider network shall not be considered similar coverage to a health benefit plan that does not utilize such a network, provided that utilization of the restricted provider network results in substantial differences in claims costs.
- (9) A small employer carrier shall not use case characteristics, other than age, gender, industry, geographic area, family composition, and group size without prior approval of the commissioner.
- (10) The commissioner may establish regulations to implement the provisions of this section and to assure that rating practices used by small employer carriers are consistent with the purposes of this act, including:
- (A) Assuring that differences in rates charged for health benefit plans by small employer carriers are reasonable and reflect objective differences in plan design, not including differences due to the nature of the groups assumed to select particular health benefit plans; and
- (B) prescribing the manner in which case characteristics may be used by small employer carriers.
- (b) A small employer carrier shall not transfer a small employer involuntarily into or out of a class of business. A small employer carrier shall not offer to transfer a small employer into or out of a class of business unless such offer is made to transfer all small employers in the class of business without regard to case characteristics, claim experience, health status or duration of coverage.
- (c) The commissioner may suspend for a specified period the application of subsection (a)(1) as to the premium rates applicable to one or more small employers included within a class of business of a small employer carrier for one or more rating periods upon a filing by the small employer carrier and a finding by the commissioner either that the suspension is reasonable in light of the financial condition of the small employer carrier or that the suspension would enhance the efficiency and fairness of the marketplace for small employer health insurance.
- (d) Upon written application of the group policyholders, the commissioner may suspend the application of section 6 and section 7 of this

act to any group whose fundamental structure or composition would otherwise be adversely affected.

- Sec. 8. Disclosure. In connection with the offering for sale of any health benefit plan to a small employer, each carrier shall make a reasonable disclosure as part of its solicitation and sales materials, of:
- (a) The extent to which premium rates for a specific small employer are established or adjusted in part based upon the actual or expected variation in claims costs or actual or expected variation in health condition of the employees and dependents of such small employer;
- (b) the provisions concerning such carrier's right to change premium rates and the factors other than claims experience which affect changes in premium rates; and
 - (c) provisions relating to renewability of policies and contracts; and
 - (d) the provision relating to any preexisting condition provision.
- Sec. 9. Actuarial certification. Compliance with the underwriting and rating requirements contained in this act shall be demonstrated through actuarial certification. Carriers offering health benefit plans to small employers shall on or before March 15 file annually with the commissioner an actuarial certification stating that the underwriting and rating methods of the carrier:
 - (a) Comply with accepted actuarial practices;
- (b) are uniformly applied to health benefit plans covering small employers; and
 - (c) comply with the provisions of this act.
 - Sec. 10. Small employer health care (SEHC) plans.
- Subject to approval by the commissioner, the board shall design the basic and standard SEHC plans which shall be eligible for reinsurance under The board shall establish the form and level of coverage(s) to the program. be made available by carriers in the SEHC plans. In designing the SEHC board shall also establish benefit levels, coinsurance factors, exclusions, and limitations for the SEHC plans and shall also incorporate such modifications as may be necessary to accommodate the method of operation benefit of and plans health maintenance organizations including any restrictions or requirements imposed by federal Section 4(c) of this act shall only apply to the SEHC plans designed and established pursuant to this section. The forms and levels of coverage

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established by the board shall specify which components of a health benefit plan offered by a small employer carrier may be reinsured.

- (b) The board shall submit such plans to the commissioner for the commissioner's approval within 180 days after the appointment of the board pursuant to section 11 of this act. Such SEHC plans may include cost containment features including, but not limited to:
- (1) Utilization review of health care services, including review of the medical necessity of hospital and physician services;
 - (2) case management benefit alternatives;
- (3) selective contracting with hospitals, physicians, and other health care providers;
- (4) reasonable benefit differentials applicable to participating and nonparticipating providers; and
 - (5) other provisions for the cost effective management of SEHC plans.
- (c) The SEHC plan established for use by health maintenance organizations shall be consistent with the basic method of operation of health maintenance organizations.
- (d) After the commissioner's approval of the SEHC plans submitted by the board, and in lieu of any procedure to the contrary established by law, any carrier may certify to the commissioner, in the form and manner prescribed by the commissioner, that the SEHC plans filed by the carrier are in substantial compliance with the provisions in the corresponding approved board plan. Upon receipt by the department of such certification, the carrier may use such certified plans until such time as the commissioner, after notice and hearing, disapproves their continued use.
- (e) No later than May 1, 1993 and the commissioner's approval of the small employer health care plans submitted by the board, every carrier issuing or maintaining health benefit plans covering small employers shall, as a condition of transacting such business in this state, offer at least two small employer health care plans that are developed by the board and approved by the commissioner. One health benefit plan offered by each small employer carrier shall be a basic small employer health care plan and one plan shall be a standard small employer health care plan. Every small employer which elects to be covered under such plan and agrees to make the required premium payments and to satisfy the other provisions of the plan shall be issued such a plan by the carrier. Provided, however, carriers

whose bylaws or charters do not permit them to issue coverage on a marketwide basis shall only by required to guarantee issue to those small employers that meet the requirements of their charter or bylaws. Charter provisions which prohibit issuance to specific populations based on health status or health risk shall not be considered as exceptions to the requirements of this subsection.

- (f) Health maintenance organizations shall not be required to offer coverage or accept applications pursuant to subsection 8(e) of this section in the case of any of the following:
- (1) To a group, where the group is not physically located in the health maintenance organization's approved service area;
- (2) to an employee, where the employee does not reside within the health maintenance organization's approved service area;
- (3) within an area where the health maintenance organization reasonably anticipates, and demonstrates to the satisfaction of the commissioner, that it will not, within that area, have the capacity in its network of providers to deliver services adequately to the members of such groups because of its obligations to existing group contract holders and enrollees.
- (g) A health maintenance organization that does not offer coverage pursuant to section 10(f)(3) of this act shall not offer coverage in the applicable area to new cases of employer groups with more than 25 eligible employees until the later of 90 days after each such refusal or the date on which the carrier notifies the commissioner that it has regained capacity to deliver services to small employer groups.
- (h) A carrier shall not be required to offer coverage or accept applications pursuant to section 10(e) of this act where the commissioner finds that acceptance of an application or applications would place the carrier in a financially impaired condition, provided; however, that a carrier that has not offered coverage or accepted applications pursuant to this subsection shall not offer coverage or accept applications until the later of 180 days or a determination by the commissioner that the carrier is no longer financially impaired.

Sec. 11. Reinsurance program.

(a) There is established a non-profit entity to be known as the "Kansas small employer health reinsurance program". All carriers issuing or

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maintaining health benefit plans in this state on or after the effective date of this act shall be members of the program.

- (b) Within 60 days following the effective date of this section, the commissioner shall give notice to all members of the time and place for the initial organizational meeting, which shall take place within 120 days following the effective date of this act. The members shall select the initial board subject to approval by the commissioner. The board shall consist of 11 members who shall serve staggered terms as determined by the program's plan of operation. At least two-thirds of the members of the board shall be small employer carriers. In the event there are not sufficient small employer carriers to serve on the board, the remaining seats shall be filled by any insurer, health maintenance organization, group-funded pool or nonprofit medical and hospital service plan offering health benefit plans in this state. The board shall include:
- (1) The carrier writing the largest market share of group health insurance written premiums during the last 12 full calendar months immediately preceding selection;
- (2) a carrier whose principal health insurance business is in the small employer market;
- (3) a carrier whose principal health insurance business is in the large employer market;
 - (4) nonprofit medical and hospital service corporation;
 - (5) a health maintenance organization;
- (6) a licensed resident agent actively involved in the solicitation and sale of health benefit plans for small employers;
 - (7) a representative of small employers; and
- (8) following the first full year of operation, a majority of the board shall, to the extent possible, be reinsuring carriers.

The commissioner shall be an ex-officio member of the board. In approving the selection of the board, the commissioner shall assure that all members of the program are fairly represented. The membership of all boards subsequent to the initial board shall, to the extent possible, reflect the same distribution described above.

(c) If the initial board is not elected at the organizational meeting, the commissioner shall appoint the initial board within 30 days of the organizational meeting.

- Within 180 days after the appointment of the initial board, the (d) board shall submit to the commissioner a plan of operation, and thereafter any amendments thereto necessary or suitable, to assure the fair, reasonable and equitable administration of the program. The commissioner shall, after notice and hearing, approve the plan of operation provided the commissioner determines it to be suitable to assure the fair, reasonable and equitable administration of the program and provides for the sharing of program gains or losses on an equitable and proportionate basis in accordance with the provisions of subsection (k) of this section. The plan of operation shall become effective upon approval in writing by the commissioner consistent with the date on which the coverage under this section shall be made available. Any plan of operation, or amendments thereto, submitted to the commissioner by the board pursuant to this subsection shall be deemed approved by the commissioner if not expressly disapproved in writing by the commissioner within 90 days of its receipt by the commissioner.
- (e) If the board fails to submit a suitable plan of operation within 180 days after its appointment, the commissioner shall, after notice and hearing, adopt and promulgate a temporary plan of operation. The commissioner shall amend or rescind any plan adopted by the commissioner under this subsection at the time a plan of operation is submitted by the board and approved by the commissioner.
- (f) The plan of operation shall establish rules, conditions, and procedures for:
- (1) The handling and accounting of assets and moneys of the program and for an annual fiscal reporting to the commissioner;
- (2) filling vacancies on the board, subject to the approval of the commissioner;
- (3) selecting an administering insurer which shall be a carrier as defined in subsection 3(f) of this act and setting forth the powers and duties of the administering insurer;
 - (4) reinsuring risks in accordance with the provisions of this section;
- (5) collecting assessments subject to subsection (k) of this section from all members to provide for claims reinsured by the program and for administrative expenses incurred or estimated to be incurred during the period for which the assessment is made;

- (6) providing protection for carriers from the financial risk associated with small employers that present poor credit risks;
- (7) establishing standards for the coverage of small employers that have high turnover employees;
- (8) establishing an appeals process for carriers to seek relief when a carrier has experienced an unfair share of administrative and credit risks;
- (9) determining the adjusted average market premium prices for SEHC plans sold in this state;
- (10) establishing participation standards at issue and renewal for reinsured cases;
- (11) establishing standards for those conditions under which a carrier would not be required to write business received from a particular agent or broker;
- (12) establishing reporting requirements for carriers, agents, brokers and third party administrators that will reasonably measure the distribution of individuals and groups covered by a health benefit plan developed by the board and risks reinsured by the program; and
 - (13) any additional matters at the discretion of the board.
- (g) The program shall have the general powers and authority granted under the laws of the state to insurance companies licensed to transact health insurance except the power to issue insurance. In addition the board shall have the specific authority to:
- (1) Enter into contracts as are necessary or proper to carry out the provisions and purposes of this section, including the authority, with the approval of the commissioner, to enter into contracts with similar programs of other states for the joint performance of common functions, or with persons or other organizations for the performance of administrative functions;
- (2) sue or be used, including taking any legal actions necessary or proper for recovery of any assessments for, on behalf of, or against any program or board member;
- (3) take such legal action as necessary to avoid the payment of improper claims against the program;
- (4) design the basic and standard small employer health care plans for which reinsurance will be provided and issue reinsurance policies in accordance with the requirements of this act;

- (5) establish rules, conditions and procedures pertaining to the reinsurance of members' risks by the program including such variations as may be necessary to be compatible with the operation of health maintenance organizations;
- (6) establish adequate and appropriate rates, rate schedules, rate adjustments, rate classifications and any other actuarial functions appropriate to the operation of the program;
- (7) assess members in accordance with the provisions of subsection (k) of this section, and to make such advance interim assessments as may be reasonable and necessary for organizational and interim operating expenses. Any such interim assessments shall be credited as offsets against any regular assessments due following the close of the fiscal year;
- (8) appoint from among members appropriate legal, actuarial and other committees as are necessary to provide technical assistance in the operation of the program, policy and other contract design, and any other function within the authority of the program; and
- (9) borrow money to effect the purposes of the program. Any notes or other evidence of indebtedness of the program not in default shall be legal investments for carriers and may be carried as admitted assets.
- (h) Any member may reinsure coverage of any small employer group with the program provided:
- (1) With respect to an SEHC plan, the program shall reinsure the level of coverage provided;
- (2) with respect to other plans delivered, or issued to small employers on and after the date the program becomes operational, the program shall reinsure the level of coverage provided up to, but not exceeding, the level of coverage provided in a SEHC plan;
- (3) with respect to the coverage provided to small employers issued after the effective date of this act, the carrier shall be required to use high-cost case management, hospital precertification techniques, and other cost containment techniques as established by the program;
- (4) with respect to eligible employees and their dependents, a carrier may reinsure the entire employer group within 60 days of the commencement of the group's coverage under the plan;
- (5) if, following the first 12 calendar months of operation, the board determines that permitting carriers to reinsure individual employees or

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dependents is in the best interests of small employers, carriers or covered participants as a whole, the board may, with the approval of the commissioner, authorize the offering or issuance of reinsurance on individual employees and dependents. Such authorization shall incorporate provisions necessary to implement the authorization including but not limited to the commencement of the reinsurance coverage with respect to eligible employees and dependents who: (A) are covered by a SEHC plan that is not reinsured by the program at the time the authorization becomes effective; (B) are hired subsequent to the commencement of an employer's SEHC coverage; (C) are employed by a small employer as of the date the employer's SEHC plan coverage commences; or (D) are late enrollees. The authority to reinsure individual employees or dependents shall become effective on all policies issued, renewed or continued on and after 45 calendar days following the commissioner's approval and shall remain in effect unless removed by the board with the commissioner's approval;

- (6) if an employer group is covered under a plan other than an SEHC plan and the carrier chooses to reinsure the group subsequent to the effective date of this act the carrier cannot force the employer to change to a small employer health care benefit plan. The carrier must allow the employer to maintain the same benefit plan and reinsure only the portion of the plan consistent with an SEHC plan.
- (i) Premium rates charged for coverage reinsured by the program shall be established by the board created pursuant to subsection (b) of this section.
- (j) The reinsurance program shall not reimburse a participating carrier with respect to the claims of a reinsured employee or dependent until the carrier has paid a deductible of or delivered services equal to \$10,000 in a calendar year for benefits covered by the program. In addition, the participating carrier shall retain 10% of the next \$50,000 of benefit payments or services per reinsured employee or dependent during a calendar year and the program shall reinsure the remainder. A participating carrier's liability under this paragraph shall not exceed, in any one calendar year, a maximum amount equal to 20% of the total health benefit plan premiums earned in this state from health benefit plans covering small employers during the immediately preceding calendar year. Subject to the approval of the commissioner, the board may adjust the deductible, retention



percentage, or maximum limit to achieve better operating results under the program.

- (k)(1) Following the close of each fiscal year, the administering insurer shall determine the net premiums, the program expenses for administration and the incurred losses, if any, for the year, taking into account investment income and other appropriate gains and losses. Health benefit plan premiums and benefits paid by a member that are less than an amount determined by the board to justify the cost of collection shall not be considered for purposes of determining assessments. For purposes of this subsection, "net premiums" means health benefit plan premiums, less administrative expense allowances.
- (2) Any net loss for the year shall be recouped first by assessments of members to the extent provided below:
- Assessments shall first be apportioned by the board among all carriers utilizing the program in proportion to their respective shares of the total health benefit plan premiums earned in this state from health benefit plans covering small employers during the calendar year coinciding with or ending during the fiscal year of the program, or on any other equitable basis reflecting coverage of small employers as may be provided in the plan of operation. An assessment shall be made pursuant to this subsection against a health maintenance organization including those approved by the Secretary of Health and Human Services as a federally qualified health maintenance organization pursuant to 42 U.S.C. 300 et seq. in accordance with an assessment formula adopted by the board and approved by the commissioner for health maintenance organizations. Such assessment formula shall recognize the restrictions imposed on health maintenance organizations by federal law and shall be adopted by the board and approved by the commissioner prior to the first anniversary of the program's operation.
- (B) To the extent any such net loss is not recouped from the assessments levied under section 11(k)(2)(A) an assessment shall be apportioned by the board among all insurers, health maintenance organizations, municipal group funded pools and nonprofit medical and hospital service corporations in proportion to their respective shares of total health insurance premiums received in this state for hospital or medical expense policies, certificates, subscriber agreements or other

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contracts exclusive of those not included in the definition of health benefit plan pursuant to section 3(n) of this act and the premium upon which any assessment made under (A) of this subsection was based.

- (C) Assessments under section 11(k)(2)(A) shall not exceed an amount equal to five percent of such premium for health benefit plans covering small employers. Assessments under section 11(k)(2)(B) shall not exceed an amount equal to 1% of the total premium upon which the assessment is based.
- (3) If assessments exceed actual losses and administrative expenses of the program, the excess shall be held at interest and used by the board to offset future losses or to reduce program premiums. As used in this subsection, "future losses" includes reserves for incurred but not reported claims.
- (4) Each member's proportion of participation in the program shall be determined annually by the board based on annual statements and other reports deemed necessary by the board and filed by the member with the board.
- (5) Provision shall be made in the plan of operation for the imposition of an interest penalty for late payment of assessments.
- (6) A member may seek from the commissioner a deferment, in whole or in part, from any assessment issued by the board. The commissioner may defer, in whole or in part, the assessment of a member if, in the opinion of the commissioner, payment of the assessment would endanger the member's ability to fulfill its contractual obligations.
- (7) In the event an assessment against a member is deferred in whole or in part, the amount by which such assessment is deferred may be assessed against the other members in a manner consistent with the basis for assessments set forth in this subsection. The member receiving such deferment shall remain liable to the program for the amount deferred: The commissioner may attach appropriate conditions to any such deferment.
- (1) Neither the participation as members of the program or as board members, the establishment of rates, forms, or procedures for coverage issued by the program, nor any other joint or collective action required by this act, shall be the basis of any legal action, criminal or civil liability or penalty against the program, the board, or any of its members either jointly or separately.
- (m) The Kansas small employer reinsurance program shall be exempt from any and all premium taxes.

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Sec. 12. Standards to assure fair marketing.

- (a) Each small employer carrier shall actively market health benefit plan coverage, including the basic and standard health benefit plans, to eligible small employers in the state. If a small employer carrier denies coverage not subject to this act to a small employer on the basis of the health status or claims experience of the small employer or its employees or dependents, the small employer carrier shall offer the small employer the opportunity to purchase a basic health benefit plan and a standard health benefit plan.
- (b)(1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), no small employer carrier, agent or broker shall, directly or indirectly, engage in the following activities:
- (A) Encouraging or directing small employers to refrain from filing an application for coverage with the small employer carrier because of the health status, claims experience, industry, occupation or geographic location of the small employer;
- (B) encouraging or directing small employers to seek coverage from another carrier because of the health status, claims experience, industry, occupation or geographic location of the small employer.
- (2) The provisions of paragraph (1) shall not apply with respect to information provided by a small employer carrier or producer to a small employer regarding the established geographic service area or a restricted network provision of a small employer carrier.
- (c)(1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), no small employer carrier shall, directly or indirectly, enter into any contract, agreement or arrangement with an agent or broker that provides for or results in the compensation paid to such person for the sale of a health benefit plan to be varied because of the health status, claims experience, industry, occupation or geographic location of the small employer.
- (2) Paragraph (1) shall not apply with respect to a compensation arrangement that provides compensation to an agent or broker on the basis of percentage of premium, provided that the percentage shall not vary because of the health status, claims experience, industry, occupation or geographic area of the small employer.

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- (d) A small employer carrier shall provide reasonable compensation to licensed agents and brokers, if any, as provided under the plan of operation of the program for the sale of a basic or standard health benefit plan.
- (e) No small employer carrier shall terminate, fail to renew or limit its contract or agreement of representation with an agent or broker for any reason related to the health status, claims experience, occupation, or geographic location of the small employers placed by the agent or broker with the small employer carrier.
- (f) No small employer carrier, agent or broker shall induce or otherwise encourage a small employer to separate or otherwise exclude an employee from health coverage or benefits provided in connection with the employee's employment.
- (g) Denial by a small employer carrier of an application for coverage from a small employer shall be in writing and shall state the reason or reasons for the denial.
- (h) The commissioner may establish regulations setting forth additional standards to provide for the fair marketing and broad availability of health benefit plans to small employers in this state.
- (i) If a small employer carrier enters into a contract, agreement or other arrangement with a third party administrator to provide administrative, marketing or other services related to the offering of health benefit plans to small employers in this state, the third party administrator shall be subject to this section as if it were a small employer carrier.
- (j) The board created pursuant to section 10 of this act shall make available a broadly publicized toll free telephone number for access by small employers to information concerning this act and the health benefit plans developed pursuant to section 10.
- (k) Except as provided in paragraph (1), for the purposes of this act, carriers that are affiliated companies or that are eligible to file a consolidated tax return shall be treated as one carrier and any restrictions or limitations imposed by this act shall apply as if all health benefit plans issued to small employers in this state by such affiliated carriers were issued by one carrier.

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- (1) An affiliated carrier that is a health maintenance organization having a certificate of authority under K.S.A. 40-3201 et seq. as amended, may be considered to be a separate carrier for the purpose of this act.
- Sec.13. The commissioner is hereby authorized to adopt such rules and regulations as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of this act.
- Sec. 14. Violations of this act shall be treated as violations of the unfair trade practices act and subject to the penalties prescribed by K.S.A. 40-2407 and 40-2411 and amendments thereto.
- Sec. 15. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its publication in the statute book except the provisions of sections 6, 7, 8 and 9 shall become effective January 1, 1993 and their publication in the statute book.

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An act concerning accident and health insurance; relating to the non-discriminatory coverage of skeletal joints.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

Section 1. Any policy of accident and sickness insurance delivered or issued for delivery to any person in this state that provides coverage for any diagnostic, therapeutic or surgical procedure involving a bone or joint of the skeletal structure shall include the same coverage for the same diagnostic, therapeutic or surgical procedure involving any other bone or joint of the face, neck or head.

Section 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after July 1, 1992.

Insurance Commettee Attachment 2 1-29-92

5200 Huntoon Topeka, Kansas 66604 913-272-7360



KANSAS ALLIANCE FOR THE MENTALLY ILL

112 S.W. 6th, Ste. 305 • P.O. Box 675 Topeka, Kansas 66601 913-233-0755

DATE: January 29, 1992

TO: Members, House Insurance Committee

FROM: Sheryl Sanders, Kansas Alliance for the Mentally Ill

The Kansas Alliance for the Mentally Ill requests introduction of legislation which would provide for health insurance coverage of the physically based brain diseases like schizophrenia and affective disorders equal to that of other brain diseases, such as Parkinson's Disease and multiple sclerosis.

Schizophrenia and Parkinson's involve the identical chemical imbalance in the brain. In one case there is an overabundance of Dopamine; in the other case a shortage of Dopamine exists. Yet while Parkinson's Disease is covered as a "physical" illness under major medical benefits, schizophrenia is only covered to the extent of a plan's "mental health" benefit. Any real treatment for Kansans with biologically based brain diseases cannot be supported under these benefits because the levels of reimbursement are low, the co-payments are high, and annual and lifetime limits are completely unrealistic.

Serious mental illness occurs at a much lower incidence in the general population than the more common mental health problems. A NIMH Epidemiological study measured the prevalence of mental disorders over a Lifetime. For schizophrenia and schizoaffective disorders the prevalence is only 1.8%. For bipolar and delusional depressions the prevalence is only 3.5%.

Because of its actual low incidence, the total cost of providing health insurance for serious mental illness is also projected to be low. In March, 1991, the accounting firm of Coopers and Lybrand concluded that the cost of extending unlimited coverage for these diseases would total \$.78 per month per insured person. A similar study done in Minnesota concluded that equal coverage for major mental illness in indemnity plans would not likely add more than \$.50 per month per covered person, and about \$1.00 per month for HMOs.

Kansas AMI fully supports continued mental health coverage. However, the severe and persistent mental illnesses of schizophrenia, schizo-affective disorder, and bi-polar and delusional depressions have biological origins and should be covered just like other physical disorders.

Thank you.

Insurance Comm. Attachment 3 1-29-92 AN ACT relating to insurance; concerning group life insurance policies and requirements; amending K.S.A. 1991 Supp. 40-433 and repealing the existing section.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

Section 1. K.S.A. 1991 Supp. 40-433 is hereby amended to read as follows: 40-433. No policy of group life insurance shall be delivered in this state unless it conforms to one of the following descriptions:

- (1) A policy issued by an insurance company organized under the laws of the state of Kansas on its employees and agents, which agents for the purpose of this act only shall be deemed employees, the beneficiaries under such policies to be persons designated by each insured, or a policy issued to an employer, or to the trustees of a fund established by an employer, which employer or trustees shall be deemed the policyholder, to insure employees of the employer for the benefit of persons other than the employer, both subject to the following requirements:
- (a) The employees eligible for insurance under the policy shall be all of the employees of the employer, or all of any class or classes thereof determined by conditions pertaining to their employment. The policy may provide that the term "employees" shall include the employees of one or more subsidiary corporations, and the employees, individual proprietors, and partners of one or more affiliated corporations, proprietors or partnerships if the business of the employer and of such affiliated corporations, proprietors or partnerships is under common control through stock ownership, The policy may provide that the term contract or otherwise. "employees" shall include the individual proprietor or partners if the employer is an individual proprietor or a partnership. policy may provide that the term "employees" shall include retired employees. No director of a corporate employer shall be eligible for insurance under the policy unless such person is otherwise eligible as a bona fide employee of the corporation by performing services other than the usual duties of a director. No individual proprietor or partner shall be eligible for insurance under the policy unless the proprietor or partner is actively engaged in and devotes a substantial part of their time to the conduct of the business of the proprietor or partnership. A policy issued to insure the employees of a public body may provide that the term "employees" shall include elected or appointed officials.
- (b) The premium for the policy shall be paid by the policyholder, either wholly from the employer's funds or funds contributed by the employer, or partly from such funds and partly from funds contributed by the insured employees. No policy shall be issued on which the entire premium is to be derived from funds contributed by the insured employees. A policy on which part of the premium is to be derived from funds contributed by the insured employees may be placed in force only if at least 75% of the then eligible employees, excluding any as to whom evidence of individual insurability is not satisfactory to the insurer, elect to make the required contribution. A policy on which no part of the premium is

Insurance Comm Attachment 4 Page 1 94 to be derived from funds contributed by the insured employees shall insure all eligible employees, or all except any as to whom evidence of individual insurability is not satisfactory to the insurer.

- (c) The policy shall cover at least five employees at date of issue.
- (d) The amounts of insurance under the policy shall be based upon some plan, precluding individual selection either by the employees or by the employer or trustees.
- (2) A policy issued to a creditor, who shall be deemed the policyholder, to insure debtors of the creditor, subject to the following requirements: (a) The debtors eligible for insurance under the policy shall be all of the debtors of the creditor whose indebtedness is repayable in installments, or all of any class or classes thereof determined by conditions pertaining to the indebtedness or to the purchase giving rise to the indebtedness.
- (b) The premium for the policy shall be paid by the policyholder, either from the creditor's funds or from charges collected from the insured debtors, or from both. A policy on which part or all of the premium is to be derived from the collection from the insured debtors of identifiable charges not required of uninsured debtors shall not include, in the class or classes of under obligations debtors for insurance, eligible outstanding at its date of issue without evidence of individual insurability unless at least 75% of the then eligible debtors elect to pay the required charges. A policy on which no part of the premium is to be derived from the collection of such identifiable charges shall insure all eligible debtors, or all except any as to whom evidence of individual insurability is not satisfactory to the insurer.
- (c) The policy may be issued only if the group of eligible debtors is then receiving new entrants at the rate of at least 100 persons yearly, or may reasonably be expected to receive at least 100 new entrants during the first policy year, and only if the policy reserves to the insurer the right to require evidence of individual insurability if less than 75% of the new entrants become insured.
- (d) The amount of insurance on the life of any debtor shall at no time, under one or more policies, exceed the amount owed by that debtor which is repayable in installments to the creditor, or \$50,000 \$100,000, whichever is less.
- (e) The insurance shall be payable to the policyholder. Such payment shall reduce or extinguish the unpaid indebtedness of the debtor to the extent of such payment.
- (3) A policy issued to a labor union, which shall be deemed the policyholder, to insure members of such union for the benefit of persons other than the union or any of its officials, representatives or agents, subject to the following requirements:
- (a) The members eligible for insurance under the policy shall be all of the members of the union, or all of any class or classes thereof determined by conditions pertaining to their employment, or to membership in the union, or both.
 - (b) The premium for the policy shall be paid by the policy-

holder, either wholly from the union's funds, or partly from such funds and partly from funds contributed by the insured members No policy shall be issued on specifically for their insurance. which the entire premium is to be derived from funds contributed by the insured members specifically for their insurance. A policy on which part of the premium is to be derived from funds contributed by the insured members specifically for their insurance may be placed in force only if at least 75% of the then eligible members excluding as to whom evidence of individual insurability is required to the insurer, elect to make the satisfactory A policy on which no part of the premium is to be contributions. derived from funds contributed by the insured members specifically for their insurance shall insure all eligible members, or all except any as to whom evidence of individual insurability is not satisfactory to the insurer.

(c) The policy shall cover at least 25 members at date of issue.

(d) The amounts of insurance under the policy shall be based upon some plan precluding individual selection either by the members or by the union.

(4) A policy issued to the trustees of a fund established in this state by two or more employers if a majority of the employees to be insured of each employer are located within the state, or to the trustees of a fund established by one or more labor unions, or by one or more employers and one or more labor unions, which trustees shall be deemed the policyholder, to insure employees of the employers or members of the unions for the benefit of persons other than the employers or the unions, subject to the following requirements:

(a) The persons eligible for insurance shall be all of the employees of the employers or all of the members of the unions, or all of any class or classes thereof determined by conditions pertaining to their employment, or to membership in the unions, or to both. The policy may provide that the term "employees" shall include retired employees and the individual proprietor or partners if any employer is an individual proprietor or a partnership. director of a corporate employer shall be eligible for insurance under the policy unless such person is otherwise eligible as a bona fide employee of the corporation by performing services other than the usual duties of a director. No individual proprietor or partner shall be eligible for insurance under the policy unless the is actively engaged in and devotes proprietor or partner substantial part of their time to the conduct of the business of the proprietor or partnership. The policy may provide that the term "employees" shall include the trustees or their employees, or both, if their duties are principally connected with such trusteeship.

(b) The premium for the policy shall be paid by the trustees either wholly from funds contributed by the employer or employers of the insured persons, or by the union or unions, or by both, or partly from such funds and party from funds contributed by the insured employees. No policy shall be issued on which the entire premium is to be derived from funds contributed by the insured

persons. The policy shall insure all eligible persons, or all except any as to whom evidence of individual insurability is not satisfactory to the insurer.

(c) The policy shall cover at date of issue at least 100 persons and not less than an average of five persons per employer

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(d) The amounts of insurance under the policy shall be based upon some plan precluding individual selection either by the insured

persons or by the policyholder, employers, or union.

(5) A policy issued to an association which has been organized and is maintained for purposes other than that of obtaining insurance, insuring at least 25 members, employees, or employees of members of the association for the benefit of persons other than the association or its officers. The term "employees" as used herein shall be deemed to include retired employees. The premiums for the policies shall be paid by the policyholder, either wholly from association funds, or funds contributed by the members of such association or by employees of such members or any combination thereof. The amounts of insurance under the policy shall be based upon some plan precluding individual selection either by the insured person or by the association or by the member.

(6) Any policy issued pursuant to this section may be extended to insure the employees against loss due to the death of their spouses or the employees' children under 21 years of age, or employees' children 21 years or older who are attending an educational institution and relying upon the insured employees for financial support, or any class or classes thereof, subject to the

following requirements:

(a) The premium for the insurance shall be paid by the policyholder, either from the employer's funds or from funds contributed by the insured employees, or from both. If any part of the premium is to be derived from funds contributed by the insured employees, the insurance with respect to spouses and children may be placed in force only if at least 75% of the then eligible employees, excluding any as to whose family members' evidence of insurability is not satisfactory to the insurer, elect to make the required contribution. If no part of the premium is to be derived from funds contributed by the employees, all eligible employees, excluding any as to whose family members' evidence of insurability is not satisfactory to the insurer, shall be insured with respect to their spouses and children.

(b) The amounts of insurance shall be based upon some plan precluding individual selection either by the employees or by the policyholder, or employer and shall not exceed with respect to any spouse or child, 50% of the insurance on the life of such insured

employee.

(c) Upon termination of the insurance with respect to the spouse of an employee by reason of the employee's termination of employment or death, the spouse insured pursuant to this section shall have the same conversion rights as to the insurance on such spouse's life as is provided for the employee under K.S.A. 40-434 and amendments thereto.

Page 4 y 4

(d) Notwithstanding the provisions of K.S.A. 40-434 and amendments thereto only one certificate need be issued for delivery to an insured person if a statement concerning any dependent's

coverage is included in such certificate.

(7) A policy may be issued to any other group which the commissioner of insurance finds is the proper subject of a group life insurance policy or contract. Any such group shall be subject to any appropriate conditions or provisions relating thereto which the commissioner may establish or require, consistent with the provisions of this act, and such conditions and provisions shall be included in the policy or contract.

Sec. 2. K.S.A. 1991 Supp. 40-433 is hereby repealed.

Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its publication in the statute book.

5



KANSAS INSURANCE DEPARTMENT



420 S.W. 9th Topeka 66612-1678 913-296-3071

> 1-800-432-2484 Consumer Assistance Division calls only

RON TODD Commissioner

MEMORANDUM

TO:

The Honorable Henry Helgerson

State Representative, 86th District

FROM:

Dick Brock, Administrative Assist

Kansas Insurance Department

SUBJECT:

Senate Bill No. 217

DATE:

January 27, 1992

In response to your request, I have asked the Department's "auto experts" to review the filings of the 5 insurers writing the most private passenger automobile insurance in Kansas when measured by premium volume. This is obviously an extremely limited sample and we will expand it if you wish but these 3 companies represent 53% of the private passenger auto insurance premium written in Kansas in 1990 so it should be indicative of the general practice. This is particularly true with regard to the major point you wanted analyzed because none of these companies provide a credit for completion of a defensive driving course whether it be the "55 alive" or some other offering. On the other hand, all of them provide a premium reduction based on age through the use of driver classifications established on the basis of age. These vary from company to company but most start at age 50 with about a 10% - 15% reduction and are then reduced between age 60 and 69. In one case, the premium reduction disappears at age 70 and in another the reduction starts at age 55 and continues but is subject to the further qualification of being retired.

It may be of some interest to note that all of these companies provide a "good student" discount. However, this can be somewhat misleading because the underwriting requirements for students are probably quite strict.

With regard to other states, we have been advised that neither Missouri or Nebraska is aware of any insurer which provides a defensive driving or 55-alive discount and has no law requiring them to do so.

Oklahoma has a law and it appears the discount granted is about 5-10%. Without a great deal of effort, they couldn't tell us if any previous credit based on age was reduced when the defensive driving discounts were implemented but I suspect they were.

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Colorado also has the law but the Department is in the process of relocating and could not provide any specifics.

Finally, since we are aware of no insurers in Kansas that provide for such a discount, we have no information or data that would demonstrate a correlation between completion of a defensive driving course and reduced accident frequency or severity.

I believe this information covers the questions you raised; however, if I missed something or you want us to "dig deeper", please let me know.

cc: Hon. Larry Turnquist, Chair House Committee on Insurance

> Hon. Melvin Neufeld, Ranking Minority Member House Committee on Insurance

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