Approved: 4-36-95

Date

MINUTES OF THE SENATE COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY

The meeting was called to order by Chairperson Tim Emert at 10:00 a.m. on February 21, 1995 in Room 514--S of the Capitol.

All members were present except: Senator Moran (excused)

Senator Brady (excused)

Committee staff present: Michael Heim, Legislative Research Department

Jerry Donaldson, Legislative Research Department

Gordon Self, Revisor of Statutes Janice Brasher, Committee Secretary

Conferees appearing before the committee: Jennifer Wentz, Attorney, Office of the Secretary of State Jim Clark, County and District Attorneys' Association

Others attending: See attached list

Meeting called to order at 10:10 a.m..

Motion made by Senator Reynolds, second by Harris to approve the minutes for February 8. Motion carried.

SB 184--Sexual exploitation of a child, to include computer technology.

The Chair called the Committee's attention to <u>SB 184</u> and stated that this bill was worked a few days ago, and a motion was made to pass the bill out favorably, but since it was Senator Harris's bill, and he was not present at that time, the consensus of the Committee was to delay a vote. The Chair continued by stating that this bill addresses the law on pornography to include processing computer generated pornography as well as photocopy, laser disk, video tape, etc. The Subcommittee offered an amendment to raise the age to 18, (the bill has the age as 16 and below) the Committee's recommendation was that it be left at 16.

Motion by Senator Harris, second by Senator Reynolds to recommend SB 184 favorably as amended. Motion carried.

Chair referred <u>SB</u> 329 to Senator Parkinson's Subcommittee. The Chair stated that this bill would reduce the number serving on the parole board. <u>SB</u> 329 is sponsored by Senator Tillotson in response to a Post-Audit Committee's recommendations. Senator Parkinson has set hearings on <u>SB</u> 329 for tomorrow.

The Chair announced that there would be an informal meeting on **SB** 110, "the massive real estate bill." The meeting will be tomorrow, and those who are interested in that bill can meet with some of the proponents and their lawyers to walk through it. The meeting will be in the fifth floor lounge from 11:30 a.m. to 1:00 p.m., lunch is provided.

SB 241--Life imprisonment sentence for persistent sex offender.

Mr. Jim Clark stated that there was a similar bill in the House.

SB 336--Enacting the uniform limited liability company act.

Senator Vancrum spoke in support of <u>SB 336</u>, and stated that this bill deals with limited liability acts. Senator Vancrum related that Kansas was the fourth state to enact a limited liability act in 1990. A limited liability company is an entity that shares a lot of the features of a partnership, it is taxed as a partnership. It has one feature that a partnership does not have, and that is that no one person or entity has unlimited liability, every member, has limited liability like a corporation. Senator Vancrum stated that because Kansas was the

CONTINUATION SHEET

MINUTES OF THE SENATE COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY, Room 514-S Statehouse, at 10:00 a.m. on February 21, 1995.

fourth state to adopt limited liability company act, a very conservative act was adopted. Senator Vancrum stated that some of the strictures that are on limited liability companies are not necessary, in fact other states, including some around us have adopted flexible and more modern bills. Senator Vancrum cited problems with the existing act.

Senator Vancrum enumerated several improvements included in this bill. The new bill will allow allocation of voting rights proportional to interest. The new uniform law would require a majority of interest to dissolve the corporation. The new law would lessen restrictions on voting rights and transfer of rights to distribution of property. The new law would narrow the scope of liability for companies for the acts of their managers in that managers can bind the company if they are acting in the ordinary course of business. The new law would correct the need for an unanimous vote for amendments. The provisions in this bill allow for adoption of a flexible operating agreement. Senator Vancrum then addressed some procedural issues. Some of those issues include, the right of access to records, and laws concerning reorganization, and mergers. Senator Vancrum continued by stating that Limited Liability Companies have become the instrument of choice because of the many advantages over Sub-Chapter S Corporations. Senator Vancrum concluded that he supports the conforming amendments from the Secretary of State's Office that are in their balloon.

Questions regarding operating agreements were discussed., and it was noted that there are no requirements for declaration of policy.

Jennifer Wentz, Secretary of States Office, testified in support of SB 336, and proposed a balloon, plus some additional proposed amendments. Ms. Wentz testified these amendment were prepared by the Secretary of State's Office to maintain consistency in filing procedures, in terminology, and practices common to business entities in Kansas. Ms Wentz stated that the Secretary of States Office also suggests a phase in period. (Attachment 1)

Discussion followed concerning input from the Judicial Council.

The Chair suggested that Ms Wentz discuss the balloon with the Revisor, and stated that he will call the Judicial Council and the KBA before this bill is considered.

SB 131--Sex predators, payment of indigent person's counsel and experts by state board of indigents' defense services.

The Chair referred to <u>SB 131</u>, the Sedgwick County bill on the indigents' defense fund, as paying for the defense under the sexual predator act.

Motion made by Senator Harris, second by Senator Feleciano to report SB 131 favorably for passage.

Substitute motion by Senator Bond, second by Senator Vancrum to table. Motion carried.

Suggestion was made by Senator Rock to have some kind of matching funds with the indigents' defense fund and local governments.

Senator Vancrum suggested attaching the payment from the fund to the cases that the panel has made recommendations on.

SB 3--Civil commitment, evaluation, care and treatment of persons who commit sexually violent offenses.

The Chair stated that **SB** 3 was referred to a Subcommittee of Senator Vancrum and Senator Rock.

Senator Vancrum reported on <u>SB 3</u>, stating that testimony from the Kansas Mental Health Coalition; the Attorney General; Paul Shelby, Judicial Council; Lisa Moots, Sentencing Commission; and Chuck Simmons, Department of Corrections was heard. Senator Vancrum continued, stating that in full Committee several defense counselors and the ACLU, presented testimony.

Senator Vancrum referred to the amendments and explained the changes in each section and discussed the deletion of Section 9. Section 9 deals with the judges' authority to exclude persons from the hearings, Senator Vancrum reported all that language was taken out. (Attachment 2)

Subcommittee's recommendation is that the records would be sealed and open by order of the court.

CONTINUATION SHEET

MINUTES OF THE SENATE COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY, Room 514-S Statehouse, at 10:00 a.m. on February 21, 1995.

Senator Vancrum stated that the Attorney General expressed concerns regarding whether someone can be held in a secure facility in the event of a mistrial or a subsequent hearing. A clause was added that was drafted by the assistant attorney general and it is on the end of subsection 6(a) page 5, basically it states that the court can keep the person in a secured facility until another trial is conducted and that has to be within 90 days. (Attachment 2)

Concerns by corrections facility administrators regarding incidental contact with other inmates, line 6, page 5 are addressed by:

agreement shall be segregated from any other person under the control and supervision housed and managed separately from offenders in the custody of the secretary of corrections, and except for occasional instances of supervised incidental contact, shall be segregated from such offenders.

Other amendments by the Subcommittee are included in the balloon. (Attachment 2)

Referring to budget issues, Senator Vancrum stated that venue will be from where the inmate came, the Attorney General has the discretion to handle prosecution. Citing the cost relationship to the number convicted under the sex predator act, Senator Vancrum referred to a letter from Chuck Simmons, that stated there are 572 inmates that have been convicted of sexually violent offenses and have conditional release dates within the next three years.

Discussion followed.

The Chair adjourned the meeting at 11:05 a.m.

The next meeting is scheduled for February 22, 1995.

SENATE JUDICIARY COMMITTEE GUEST LIST

DATE: 2-21-95

NAME	REPRESENTING	
Heather Deandor al	Senator Terry Yarr	
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Brean Cooper	Serata Bond	
Kathie Spuks	DOB	
Nathan Song	Ottawa Young Loader	
Joseph Thomas	Ottava Young Leaders	
Jonathan Honey	11 11 11	
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Shawn Drobinson		
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Lisa May		
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SENATE JUDICIARY COMMITTEE GUEST LIST

DATE: February 21, 1995

NAME	REPRESENTING
Jenniler Morris	Ottawa Young headers
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Jared Wiesner Shannon Leterson	Ottawa Young Leaders KBA
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Ron Thornburgh Secretary of State



2nd Floor, State Capitol 300 S.W. 10th Ave. Topeka, KS 66612-1594 (913) 296-2236

STATE OF KANSAS

Senate Judiciary Committee February 21, 1995

Hearing on SB 336

Mr. Chairman and Members of the Committee:

Thank you for the opportunity to appear before you to testify on SB 336.

The atttached amendments were prepared by the Secretary of State's office in order to maintain consistency in filing procedures used by business entities, as well as terminology and practices common to business entities in Kansas.

The amendments do not address substantive aspects of the bill.

I will stand for questions at this time.

Jennifer Chaulk Wentz, Legal Counsel Deputy Assistant Secretary of State

UCC (913) 296-3650

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Additional Amendments proposed by Secretary of State:

- 1. p.7, line 38: insert additional subsection "(13) have and exercise all powers which may be exercised by a Kansas professional association or professional corporation, including employment of professionals to practice a profession, which shall be limited to the practice of one profession, except as provided in K.S.A. 17-2710 and amendments thereto." (from K.S.A. 17-7605)
- 2. p.8, line 41: delete subsection (a)(2); this is information already on file.
- 3. p.35, line 15: delete reference to article 9; replace with appropirate section numbers.
- 4. p. 36, line 1: add additional subsection "(9) the date on which the foreign limited liability company first did, or intends to do, business in the state of Kansas."
- 5. p. 40, lines 29 40: amend language to make act effective January 1, 1996 for companies formed after that date. Add some phase-in period for companies currently in existence; uniform law commissioners suggest five years.

Session of 1995

SENATE BILL No. 3

By Special Committee on Judiciary

12-16

٨N	ACT concerning persons who commit sexually violent offenses; re-
	lating to such person's civil commitment, evaluation, care and treat-
	ment; confidentiality; jurisdiction of district magistrate judges; aggra-
	vated escape from custody; docket fees; amending K.S.A. 59-104
	59-29a02, 59-29a03, 59-29a04, 59-29a05, 59-29a06 and 59-29a07 and
	K.S.A. 1994 Supp. 20-302b and 21-3810 and repealing the existing
	sections.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

Section 1. K.S.A. 59-29a02 is hereby amended to read as follows: 59-29a02. As used in this act:

- (a) "Sexually violent predator" means any person who has been convicted of or charged with a sexually violent offense and who suffers from a mental abnormality or personality disorder which makes the person likely to engage in the predatory acts of sexual violence, if not confined in a secure facility.
- (b) "Mental abnormality" means a congenital or acquired condition affecting the emotional or volitional capacity which predisposes the person to commit sexually violent offenses in a degree constituting such person a menace to the health and safety of others.
- (c) "Predatory" means acts directed towards strangers or individuals with whom relationships have been established or promoted for the primary purpose of victimization.
- (d) "Sexually motivated" means that one of the purposes for which the defendant committed the crime was for the purpose of the defendant's sexual gratification.
 - (e) "Sexually violent offense" means:
 - (1) Rape as defined in K.S.A. 21-3502 and amendments thereto;
- (2) indecent liberties with a child as defined in K.S.A. 21-3503 and amendments thereto;
- (3) aggravated indecent liberties with a child as defined in K.S.A. 21-3504 and amendments thereto:
- (4) criminal sodomy as defined in subsection (a)(2) and (a)(3) of K.S.A. 21-3505 and amendments thereto;
 - (5) aggravated criminal sodomy as defined in K.S.A. 21-3506 and

Proposed Subcommittee Amendments to Senate Bill No. 3

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amendments thereto;

- (6) indecent solicitation of a child as defined in K.S.A. 21-3510 and amendments thereto;
 - (7) aggravated indecent solicitation of a child as defined in K.S.A. 21-2511 and amendments thereto:
- (8) sexual exploitation of a child as defined in K.S.A. 21-3516 and amendments thereto;
- (9) aggravated sexual battery as defined in K.S.A. 21-3518 and amendments thereto;
- (10) any conviction for a felony offense in effect at any time prior to the effective date of this act, that is comparable to a sexually violent offense as defined in subparagraphs (1) through (9) or any federal or other state conviction for a felony offense that under the laws of this state would be a sexually violent offense as defined in this section;
- (11) an attempt, conspiracy or criminal solicitation, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3301, 21-3302 and 21-3303, and amendments thereto, of a sexually violent offense as defined in this subsection; or
- (12) any act which either at the time of sentencing for the offense or subsequently during civil commitment proceedings pursuant to this act, has been determined beyond a reasonable doubt to have been sexually motivated.
- (f) "Agency with jurisdiction" means that agency with the authority to direct the release of which releases upon lawful order or authority a person serving a sentence or term of confinement and includes the department of corrections and, the department of social and rehabilitation services and the Kansas parole board.
- Sec. 2. K.S.A. 59-29a03 is hereby amended to read as follows: 59-29a03. (a) When it appears that a person may meet the criteria of a sexually violent predator as defined in K.S.A. 59-29a02 and amendments thereto, the agency with jurisdiction shall give written notice of such to the prosecuting attorney of the county where that person was charged, 60 90 days prior to:
- (1) The anticipated release from total confinement of a person who has been convicted of a sexually violent offense;
- (2) release of a person who has been charged with a sexually violent offense and who has been determined to be incompetent to stand trial pursuant to K.S.A. 22-3305 and amendments thereto; or
- (3) release of a person who has been found not guilty by reason of insanity of a sexually violent offense pursuant to K.S.A. 22-3428 and amendments thereto.
- 41 (b) The agency with jurisdiction shall inform the prosecutor of the 42 following:
 - (1) The person's name, identifying factors, anticipated future resi-

, except that in the case of persons who are returned to prison for no more than 90 days as a result of revocation of postrelease supervision, written notice shall be given as soon as practicable following the person's readmission to prison

- dence and offense history; and
- 2 (2) documentation of institutional adjustment and any treatment re-3 ceived.
 - (c) The agency with jurisdiction, its employees, officials and individuals contracting, appointed or volunteering to perform services hereunder shall be immune from liability for any good-faith conduct under this section.
 - Sec. 3. K.S.A. 59-29a04 is hereby amended to read as follows: 59-29a04. When it appears that the person presently confined may be a sexually violent predator, the prosecuting attorney of the county where the person was convicted or charged or the attorney general if requested by the prosecuting attorney may file a petition, within 45 75 days of the date the prosecuting attorney received the written notice by the agency of jurisdiction as provided in subsection (a) of K.S.A. 59-29a03 and amendments thereto, alleging that the person is a sexually violent predator and stating sufficient facts to support such allegation.
 - Sec. 4. K.S.A. 59-29a05 is hereby amended to read as follows: 59-29a05. (a) Upon filing of a petition under K.S.A. 59-29a04, the judge shall determine whether probable cause exists to believe that the person named in the petition is a sexually violent predator. If such determination is made, the judge shall direct that person be taken into custody and.
 - (b) Within 72 hours after a person is taken into custody pursuant to subsection (a), such person shall be provided with notice of, and an opportunity to appear in person at, a hearing to contest probable cause as to whether the detained person is a sexually violent predator. At this hearing the court shall: (1) Verify the detainer's identity; and (2) determine whether probable cause exists to believe that the person is a sexually violent predator. The state may rely upon the petition and supplement the petition with additional documentary evidence or live testimony.
 - (c) At the probable cause hearing as provided in subsection (b), the detained person shall have the following rights in addition to the rights previously specified: (1) To be represented by counsel; (2) to present evidence on such person's behalf; (3) to cross-examine witnesses who testify against such person; and (4) to view and copy all petitions and reports in the court file.
 - (d) If the probable cause determination is made, the court shall direct that the person shall be transferred to an appropriate secure facility, including, but not limited to, a county jail, for an evaluation as to whether the person is a sexually violent predator. The evaluation shall be conducted by a person deemed to be professionally qualified to conduct such an examination.
 - Sec. 5. K.S.A. 59-29a06 is hereby amended to read as follows: 59-29a06. Within 45 days after the filing of a petition pursuant to K.S.A. 50-

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20104 60 days after the completion of any hearing held pursuant to K.S.A. 59-29a05 and amendments thereto, the court shall conduct a trial to determine whether the person is a sexually violent predator. The trial may be continued upon the request of either party and a showing of good cause, or by the court on its own motion in the due administration of justice, and when the respondent will not be substantially prejudiced. At all stages of the proceedings under this act, any person subject to this act shall be entitled to the assistance of counsel, and if the person is indigent, the court shall appoint counsel to assist such person. Whenever any person is subjected to an examination under this act, such person may retain experts or professional persons to perform an examination of such person's behalf. When the person wishes to be examined by a qualified expert or professional person of such person's own choice, such examiner shall be permitted to have reasonable access to the person for the purpose of such examination, as well as to all relevant medical and psychological records and reports. In the case of a person who is indigent, the court, upon the person's request, shall assist the person in obtaining an expert or professional person to perform an examination or participate in the trial on the person's behalf. The person, the county or district attorney or attorney general, or the judge shall have the right to demand that the trial be before a jury. Such demand for the trial to be before a jury shall be filed, in writing, at least four days prior to trial. Number and selection of jurors shall be determined as provided in K.S.A. 22-3403, and amendments thereto. If no demand is made, the trial shall be before the court. Sec. 6. K.S.A. 59-29a07 is hereby amended to read as follows: 59-29a07. (a) The court or jury shall determine whether, beyond a reasonable doubt, the person is a sexually violent predator. If such determination that the person is a sexually violent predator is made by a jury, such determination shall be by unanimous verdict of such jury the agreement of 10 of 12 members of the jury shall be sufficient to render a verdict Such determination may be appealed. If the court or jury determines that the person is a sexually violent predator, the person shall be committed to the custody of the secretary of social and rehabilitation services for control, care and treatment until such time as the person's mental abnormality or personality disorder has so changed that the person is safe to be at large. Such control, care and treatment shall be provided at a facility operated by the department of social and rehabilitation services. At all times, persons committed for control, care and treatment by the department of social and rehabilitation services pursuant to this act shall be kept in a secure facility and such persons shall be segregated at all times from any other patient under the supervision of the secretary of ocial and rehabilitation services and commencing June 1, 1995, such persons committed pursuant to this act shall be kept in a facility or build-

determine whether the services are necessary and reasonable compensation for such services. If the court determines that the services are necessary and the expert or professional person's requested compensation for such services is reasonable, the

The court shall approve payment for such services upon the filing of a certified claim for compensation supported by a written statement specifying the time expended, services rendered, expenses incurred on behalf of the person and compensation received in the same case or for the same services from any other source.

such determination shall be by unanimous verdict of such jury

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ing separate from any other patient under the supervision of the secretary. The department of social and rehabilitation services is authorized to enter into an interagency agreement with the department of corrections for the Such confinement of such persons. At all times such persons who are in the confinement of the secretary of corrections pursuant to an interagency agreement shall be segregated from any other person under the control and supervision of the secretary of corrections, If the court or jury is not satisfied beyond a reasonable doubt that the person is a sexually violent predator, the court shall direct the person's release.

(b) If the person charged with a sexually violent offense has been found incompetent to stand trial, and is about to be released pursuant to K.S.A. 22-3305 and amendments thereto, and such person's commitment is sought pursuant to subsection (a), the court shall first hear evidence and determine whether the person did commit the act or acts charged. The hearing on this issue must comply with all the procedures specified in this section. In addition, the rules of evidence applicable in criminal cases shall apply, and all constitutional rights available to defendants at criminal trials, other than the right not to be tried while incompetent, shall apply. After hearing evidence on this issue, the court shall make specific findings on whether the person did commit the act or acts charged, the extent to which the person's incompetence or developmental disability affected the outcome of the hearing, including its effect on the person's ability to consult with and assist counsel and to testify on such person's own behalf, the extent to which the evidence could be reconstructed without the assistance of the person and the strength of the prosecution's case. If after the conclusion of the hearing on this issue, the court finds, beyond a reasonable doubt, that the person did commit the act or acts charged, the court shall enter a final order, appealable by the person, on that issue, and may proceed to consider whether the person should be committed pursuant to this section.

New Sec. 7. In order to protect the public, relevant information and records which are otherwise confidential or privileged shall be released to the agency with jurisdiction, the county or district attorney or the attorney general for the purpose of meeting the notice requirement provided in K.S.A. 59-29a03 and amendments thereto and determining whether a person is or continues to be a sexually violent predator. The provisions of this section shall be part of and supplemental to the provisions of K.S.A. 59-29a01 through 59-29a15 and amendments thereto.

New Sec. 8. Upon request of the prosecutor or the counsel for the respondent, the judge shall make available to the prosecutor or counsel any psychological reports, drug and alcohol reports, treatment records, reports of the diagnostic center, medical records or victim impact statements which have been submitted to the court under this act. Except as

housed and managed separately from offenders in the custody

and except occasional for instances of supervised incidental contact, shall be segregated from such offenders

Upon a mistrial, the court shall direct that the person be held at an appropriate secure facility, including, but not limited to, a county jail, until another trial is conducted. Any subsequent trial following a mistrial shall be held within 90 days of the previous trial, unless such subsequent trial is continued as provided in K.S.A. 59-29a06 and amendments thereto.