Approved: 1-23-96

MINUTES OF THE HOUSE COMMITTEE ON APPROPRIATIONS.

The meeting was called to order by Chairman Robin Jennison at 1:30 p.m. on January 18, 1996 in Room 514-S of the Capitol.

All members were present except: Representative Edlund, excused

Representative Goosen, excused
Representative Minor, excused
Representative Neufeld, excused
Representative Hauchhauser, excused
Representative Nichols, excused
Representative Lowther, excused
Representative Gatlin, excused
Representative Gross, excused
Representative Carmody, excused

Committee staff present: Alan Conroy, Russell Mills, Susan Wiegers, Legislative Research Department

Jim Wilson, Revisor of Statutes

Tim Kukula, Appropriations Secretary; Todd Fertig, Administrative Aide

Conferees appearing before the committee: Tim Colton, KLRD

Jim Wilson, Revisor's Office

| _ | | |
|---------|------------|--|
| Othere | attending: | |
| Offices | attenumg. | |
| | _ | |

Chairman Jennison recognized Tim Colton, Senior Fiscal Analyst, Kansas Legislative Research Department, to give the committee an overview of the recommendations of the Governor's Commission on Hospital Closure and of Community Mental Health and Community Developmental Disabilities Services. Colton distributed a handout that provided charts, graphs and statistics and outlined current status of State Hospitals and proposed solutions and outcomes (Attachment 1.)

Chairman Jennison then recognized Jim Wilson from the Revisor's Office to explain to the committee SB 351, a bill that would abolish the Stormont Medical Library Fund and the Stormont Library Permanent Fund under the administration of the State Library as soon as possible after July 1, 1995. Wilson explained that in the 1995 Omnibus Bill, the transfer of funds from the Stormont Medical Library Fund and Stormont Library Permanent Fund to the Stormont-Vail Foundation, Health Sciences Library Endowment Fund was already approved. The passage of this bill is necessary to abolish the old funds and that the committee should amend the bill to remove the language authorizing the transfers, which is no longer needed, and with a few technical changes to update statutory citations and dates.

A motion was made by Representative Wilk, seconded by Representative Helgerson to amend SB 351 to make the technical changes recommended by staff. The motion carried.

A motion was made by Representative Dean, seconded by Representative Wilk to pass SB 351 as amended. The motion carried.

A motion was made by Representative Helgerson, seconded by Representative Farmer to approve the minutes from January 9, 10, and 11. The motion carried.

The meeting adjourned at 2:20 p.m.

The next meeting is scheduled for January 23, 1996.

Overview of

the Recommendations

of the

Governor's Commission on Hospital Closure

and of

Community Mental Health

and

Community Developmental Disabilities Services

0000000 ----

House Committee on Appropriations

18 January 1996

Timothy Colton, Senior Fiscal Analyst

Kansas Legislative Research Department

Order for Presentation

| I. | Statutory | Charge | for Gover | nor's | Commission |
|----|-----------|--------|-----------|-------|------------|
|----|-----------|--------|-----------|-------|------------|

- II. Commission Decisions on Hospitals to Close
- III. Other Commission Decisions
- IV. Community Mental Health Services--Overview
- V. Community Mental Health Services--Funding
- VI. Community Developmental Disabilities Services--Overview
- VII.. Community Developmental Disabilities Services--Funding

VIII. Questions

Statutory Charge for Governor's Commission on Hospital Closure

Language was included in the 1995 Omnibus Appropriations Bill allowing expenditures to be made by an 11-member hospital closure commission, seven members of which were to be appointed by the Governor, and four members of which by the leadership if the Kansas House and Senate. The commission is required to submit to the Governor, on or before December 1, 1995, a report containing:

- a recommendation of one mental health hospital to be closed;
- a recommendation of one mental retardation hospital to be closed;
- recommended dates of closure;
- recommended policies to be followed in effecting the closure of the institutions; and
- recommended alternate uses for the institutions to be closed.

The bill directs the commission to consider the following factors in making its decision:
a) the savings created by the closure and the impact on funding for community MR and MH services; b) the impact of closure in hospital clients and their families, and the availability of alternative services for those clients; c) the economic impact of closure on the institutions' host communities; d) the feasibility of using the closed institutions to house other state services or programs; e) the impact of closure on hospital employees and the ability of those employees to find other employment and f) any other factor considered relevant by the commission. The language also stated, however, that nothing required the commission to recommend the closure of an MR or an MH institution if the commission determined that no closure should be recommended. The Governor has until the 8th of January, 1996, to submit the report to the legislature, and the recommendation is to be final unless rejected by the Legislature on or before the 45th day of the regular legislative session.

| Commission submitted its report to the Governor on 30 November 1995 |
|---|
| |
| |
| Mental Retardation Hospital to be Closed: |
| Winfield State Hospital and Training Center |
| |
| |
| Mental Health Hospital to be Closed: |
| Topeka State Hospital |
| |
| |
| Both Hospitals to be Closed by |

31 December 1997

No Specific Recommendations

as to

Pace of Closure or

or

Funding of

Closure Process

Other Commission Recommendations

Guiding Principles of Closure Process

- 1. Client care, welfare and safety must be the primary considerations in all closure process decisions.
- 2. Specific initiatives and comprehensive procedures must be implemented ASAP to assist hospital employees to find other state jobs or other employment.
- 3. Governor and Legislature must make necessary financial commitment to ensure appropriate care of people with MI and DD is not compromised by closure of hospitals. Funding must be sufficient and flexible enough to allow for appropriate resources, whether in community or other hospital settings.
- 4. Coordinated state initiative should be undertaken to assist Winfield and Topeka in minimizing effect of closing on local economies and to identify areas of possible new economic development.



Other Advisory Recommendations in Response to Statutory Charge

- Policies and Procedures to Facilitate Closures and Assist Displaced Clients and Employees
 - X Development of Comprehensive Closure Operational Plan
 - 1. Relating to Hospital Clients and Employees
 - 2. Relating to Winfield and Topeka Communities
 - 3. Relating to Other State Uses for Facilities

1(a). Client Family and Guardian Recommendations

- X Clients, Families and Guardians Should Participate in Placement Decisions
- X Least Disruption Possible for Clients
- X Client/Family Choice Should be Honored
- X Clients/Families Must Be Kept Informed of All Aspects of Closure Process
- X Individual Placement Plan and Necessary Funding and Services Must Precede Placement
- X Quality Assurance Programs Should Be Reviewed and Enhanced as Appropriate to Assure Quality Client Care

1(b). Employee-Related Recommendations

X SRS Should Form Team of Personnel Officials to Meet with Affected Employees and to Keep Employees Informed of Closure Process and Other Issues

2. Community-Related Issues

X Closure Relating to Economic Impact on Winfield and Topeka Should be Managed by Secretary of Commerce and Housing; Accomplished though Task Force Appointed by Governor; Task Force to Include Representatives of Communities

3. Other State Uses for Facilities

Governor Should Appoint "Alternate Use of Facilities Feasibility Committee"
Consisting of:
Secretary of Administration
Secretary of Corrections
Chair of Kansas Youth Authority
Other Heads of Agencies as Determined by Governor.

Committee to Consider:

 Adaptability
 Conversion Cost
 Cost Effectiveness of Using Facilities for

Corrections
Juvenile Corrections
State-Office Facilities
Any Other Possible Use Determined by Governor

- X Committee Should Work With Economic Task Force
- X If Facilities are not Suitable for State Uses, the Facilities Could be Sold; or

Given to Communities For Their Use in Finding Replacement Industry, or Other Economic Development Uses, or Other Uses

Other Commission Recommendations

SRS should provide options and a recommended course of action pertaining to the movement of hospital clients to community programmes or to other hospitals. Should have achievable options in addition to those that would have been in place without closure.

Plan should address financial and policy implications to hospital system and to community systems.

Plan should include client-centered cost analysis and projections.

Plan should consider possible changes in federal funding policies.

Plan should be flexible in terms of flow of dollars, e.g., a single line item for mental health and retardation community programs and hospitals.

- Savings resulting directly from closure should be retained and used for services to MI and DD populations.
- V University of Kansas Affiliated Programmes at Parsons should provide its expertise to SRS and MH and DD providers at no cost.
- X SRS needs to address medical/legal implications of deinstitutionalization

Identify acceptable risks of providing least restrictive living environments and seek to avoid unnecessary restrictions based on defensive positions taken by doctors concerned about liability or public safety.

- X Communities need to become more active in MH and MR care systems
- SRS, CHMCs and CDDOs need to cooperate to build a guide to the procedures and rules involved in establishing community programs and services.

SRS should work with CHMC and CDDO in Cowley and Shawnee Counties to develop affiliates and new service providers.

- SRS needs to do follow up with MH clients and to determine relationship between MH deinstitutionalization (including MH Reform) and the transinstitutionalization of persons with MI into penal system.
- X Community providers' role in initiating, developing and implementing community placement plans should be expanded.

Follow-up and oversight of placements need to be enhanced.

Persons in ICFs/MR and NFs/MH need to receive least restrictive level of care and be integrated into continuum of care.

- X State and community officials should develop strategy to deal with crisis management and drug treatment. Community hospitals, nursing facilities and private psychiatric hospitals could be part of that strategy.
- X SRS should consider combined MH/MR facilities on the same campus.
- SRS, Health and Environment, the Board of Education and their community counterparts need to develop an interagency plan to address all aspects of delivery of MH services to children and adolescents.
- Service delivery system needs to be reviewed: there exist so many service delivery systems and providers that it is difficult to get a grasp of the full scope of services and funding that currently exist, the extent to which they are used, and the extent to which they are adequate.
- X The state should develop an MH/MR Strategic Plan which could include closure of additional hospitals.
- Children should be given priority in deinstitutionalization from MR hospitals. Goal should be reintegration in family (to extent possible).
- SRS needs to determine extent to which persons with DD are in MH hospitals, and, if feasible, develop community placement plans for them.

- X SRS should continue to explore options that would allow KU Med Center, Wyandotte or Johnson County CDDOs, Osawatomie SH or other groups to assume responsibility for Rainbow's programs and facilities.
- X SRS needs to continue and expand review of benefits of privatizing and outsourcing operations and programs.

The balance of the Commission's report is devoted to a review of the Commission's methodology and operations.

21-1

State Mental Health Hospitals FY 1996 Operating Expenditures Average Daily Census

Larned State Hospital

\$30.7 Million 34

343 ADC

Osawatomie State Hospital

\$21.7 Million 20

205 ADC

■ Topeka State Hospital

\$21.8 Million

195 ADC

Rainbow Mental Health

\$ 5.8 Million

50 ADC

■ TOTAL

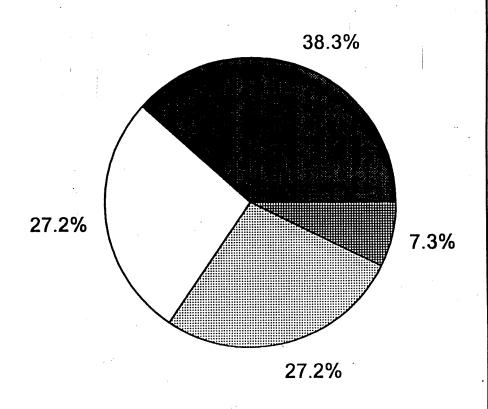
\$80.0 Million

793 ADC

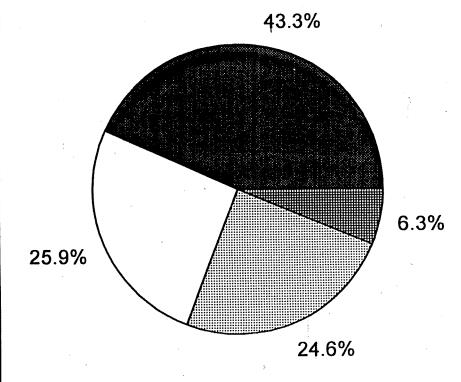
State Mental Hospitals FY 1996

Percentage of

Operating Expenditures and Average Daily Census



Operating Expenditures

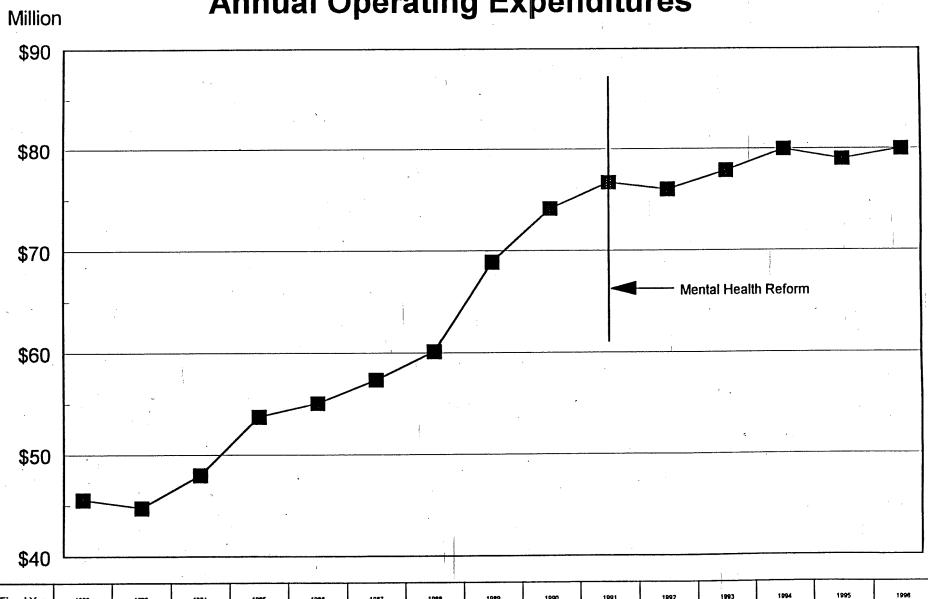


Average Daily Census

■ LSH □ OSH ■ TSH ■ RMH

Fiscal Year

State Mental Health Hospitals FY 1982 -- FY 1996 **Annual Operating Expenditures**



1985

|47,969,939 |53,722,070 |55,049,198 |57,346,904 |60,113,718

1987

1988

1993

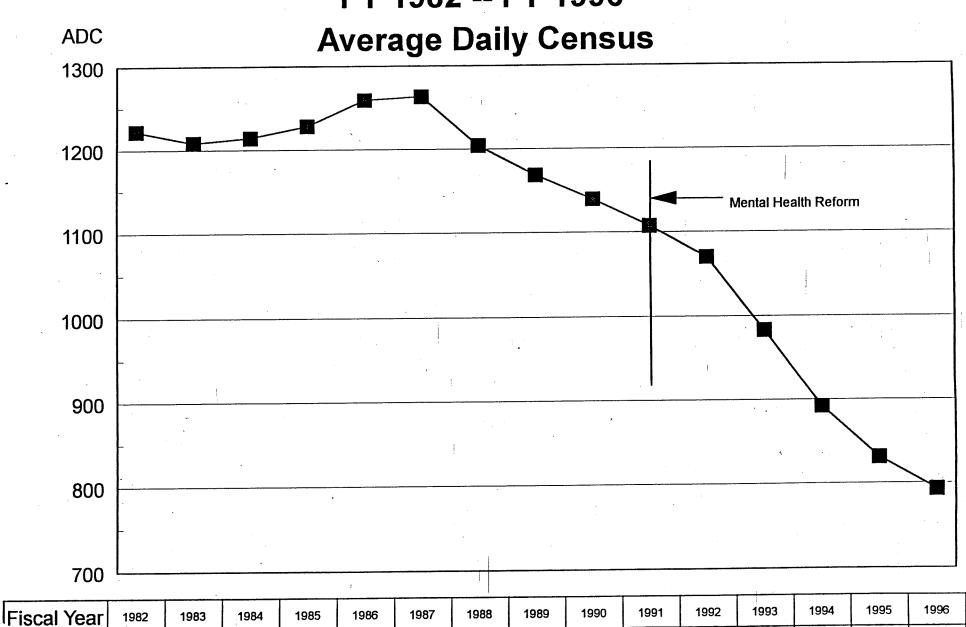
|76,650,139|75,963,082|77,812,536|79,947,104|78,958,341|79,965,294

1992

1991

'DC

State Mental Health Hospitals FY 1982 -- FY 1996



|1,263|1,204|1,168|1,139|1,107|1,070|

892

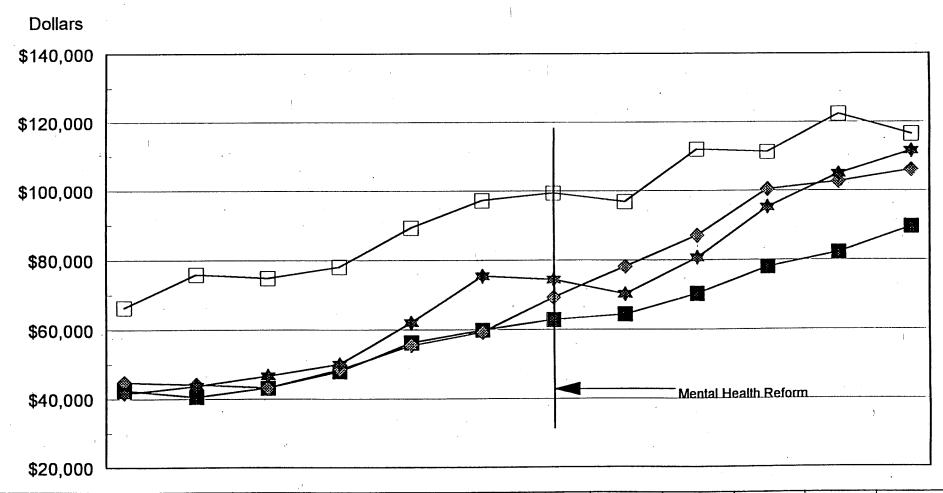
983

831

793

State Mental Health Hospitals FY 1985 -- FY 1996

Annual Operating Expenditures per Average Daily Census

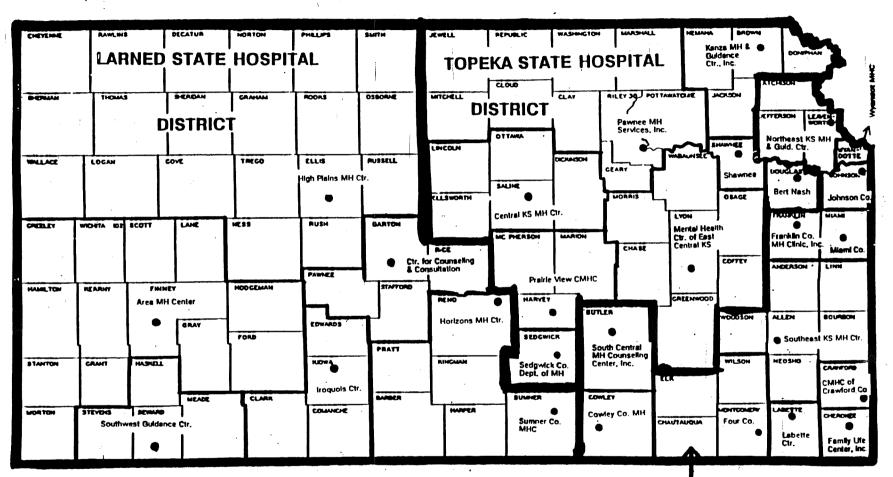


| Fiscal | Year | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | 1989 | 1990 | 1991 | 1992 | 1993 | 1994 | 1995 | 1996 |
|--------|------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| LSH | | 42,453 | 40,486 | 43,169 | 47,946 | 56,268 | 59,860 | 62,831 | 64,379 | 70,273 | 77,891 | 82,092 | 89,509 |
| OSH | • | 44,822 | 44,169 | 43,180 | 48,479 | 55,436 | 59,258 | 69,230 | 78,095 | 86,990 | 100,379 | 102,572 | 105,967 |
| TSH | 毒 | 41,544 | 43,727 | 46,738 | 50,089 | 61,981 | 75,351 | 74,299 | 70,200 | 80,581 | 95,115 | 104,824 | 111,555 |
| RMH | | 66,339 | 75,836 | 74,799 | 78,008 | 89,283 | 97,119 | 99,327 | 96,809 | 112,004 | 111,267 | 122,392 | 116,450 |

Provisions of Mental Health Reform

- The Secretary of SRS is to adopt rules and regulations which provide that, within the limits of appropriations, no person shall be inappropriately denied necessary mental health services from any mental health center or state psychiatric hospital.
- Through coordinated utilization of the existing network of mental health centers and state psychiatric hospitals, Kansas residents in need of mental health services are to receive the least restrictive treatment and most appropriate community-based care.
- As more persons are treated in community programs rather than in state hospitals, funds from the state shall follow persons who are mentally ill from state facilities into community programs.
- The Secretary of SRS is to provide oversight in many areas, including, among others, establishing standards for providing community-based mental health services, assuring the development of specialized programs, monitoring the establishment and development of community-based mental health services, and adopting rules and regulations to ensure the protection of persons receiving mental health services.
- The Secretary is to review and approve the annual coordinated services plan for each mental health center and is to withhold state funds from any mental health center which is not being administered in accordance with the provisions of the annual coordinated services plan and budget.

The Act includes many provisions for participation by consumers of mental health services, family members, and consumer advocates in planning and service delivery.



OSAWATOMIE STATE HOSPITAL DISTRICT

State Mental Health Hospital Bed Reductions Specified in the Mental Health Reform Act, 1990 Sub. for H.B. 2586 (K.S.A. 1992 Supp. 39-1610)

| Fiscal Year | Osawatomie State Hospital | Topeka State Hospital | Larned State Hospital |
|----------------|---|-----------------------------|--|
| 1991 | 20-30 adult beds (22 adult beds closed Apr. 2, 1990) | - | |
| 1992 | 20-30 adolescent beds (20 adolescent beds closed Nov. 12, 1991) | 6,8 | |
| 1993 | 20-30 adult beds (20 adult beds closed Aug. 4, 1992) | | |
| 1994~ | | | 20-30 adult beds (30 adult beds closed Nov. 30, 1993) |
| 1995 | | | 20-30 adult beds (30 adult beds Feb. 1, 1995) |
| 1996 | | | 20-30 adult beds |

The closures of one 34-bed ward within the Special Security Program at Larned State Hospital and one 30-bed ward at Osawatomie State Hospital, effective September 18, 1994, were not bed reductions specified in the Mental Health Reform Act. Both recommended closures were in response to lower than anticipated average daily census figures.

1-19

MENTAL HEALTH REFORM -- COMMUNITY FUNDING

| 1 | OSAWATOMIE CATCHMENT AREA | | TOPEKA CATCHME | NT AREA | LARNED CATCHME | NT AREA | STATEWIDE | TOTAL | |
|---------|---------------------------|------------------|-------------------|------------------|-------------------|-----------|-------------------|------------|--|
| FY 1991 | Screening | 437,850 | Screening | 0 | Screening | 0 | Screening | 437,850 | |
| | Community Support | 630,000 | Community Support | 0 | Community Support | 0 | Community Support | 630,000 | |
| | Total | 1,067,850 | Total | 0 | Total | 0 | Total | 1,067,850 | |
| FY 1992 | Screening | 919,485 | Screening | 0 | Screening | 0 | Screening | 919,485 | |
| | Community Support | 2,646,000 | Community Support | 0 | Community Support | 0 | Community Support | 2,646,000 | |
| | Total | 3,565,485 | Total | 0 | Total | 0 | Total | 3,565,485 | |
| FY 1993 | Screening | 965,460 | Screening | 965,460 | Screening | 0 | Screening | 1,930,920 | |
| | Community Support | 4,167,450 | Community Support | 1,389,149 | Community Support | 0 | Community Support | 5,556,599 | |
| | Total | 5,132,910 | Total | 2,354,609 | Total | 0 | Total | 7,487,519 | |
| FY 1994 | Screening | 1,013,733 | Screening | 1,013,732 | Screening | 1,013,732 | Screening | 3,041,197 | |
| | Community Support | 4,375,822 | Community Support | 2,917,215 | Community Support | 1,458,608 | Community Support | 8,751,645 | |
| | Total | 5,389,555 | Total | 3,930,947 | Total | 2,472,340 | Total | 11,792,842 | |
| FY 1995 | Screening | 1,064,420 | Screening | 1,064,420 | Screening | 1,064,420 | Screening | 3,193,260 | |
| | Community Support | 4,594,613 | Community Support | 4,594,613 | Community Support | 3,063,076 | Community Support | 12,252,302 | |
| | Total | 5,659,033 | Total | 5,659,033 | Total | 4,127,496 | Total | 15,445,562 | |
| FY 1996 | Screening | 1,117,641 | Screening | 1,117,641 | Screening | 1,117,641 | Screening | 3,352,923 | |
| | Community Support | 4,824,345 | Community Support | 4,824,345 | Community Support | 4,824,345 | Community Support | 14,473,035 | |
| | Total | 5,941,986 | Total | 5,941,986 | Total | 5,941,986 | Total | 17,825,958 | |
| FY 1997 | Screening | 1,173,523 | Screening | 1,173,523 | Screening | 1,173,523 | Screening | 3,520,569 | |
| | Community Support | 5,065,562 | Community Support | 5,065,562 | Community Support | 5,065,562 | Community Support | 15,196,686 | |
| | Total | 6,239,085 | Total | 6,239,085 | Total | 6,239,085 | Total | 18,717,255 | |

Persons Served by Mental Health Reform

| Fiscal Year | Persons Receiving Case Management Services | Persons Screened by CMHC Prior to State Hospital Admission |
|--------------|---|--|
| FY 1990 | 2,400 | 400 |
| FY 1991 | 3,400 | 780 |
| FY 1992 | 4,912 | 810 |
| FY 1993 | 6,300 | 1,912 |
| FY 1994 | 6,200 | 7,402 |
| FY 1995 Est. | 6,600 | 7,500 |
| FY 1996 Gov. | 7,225 | 7,500 |

Services Offered by CMHCs

a. Basic Services

>Outpatient Services for Adults

>Outpatient Services for Children

>24-Hour Emergency Services

→Screening Services

≻Partial Hospitalization

➤ Case Management Services for Adults and Children

→Community Support Services

>Medical Services

>Alcohol and Drug Abuse Services

→ Consultation and Education Services

b. Specialized Services

►In-Patient Hospitalization

➤Drop-In Services for People with Severe and Persistent Mental Illness

>Vocational Services for People with Severe and Persistent Mental Illness >Services for Victims and Perpetrators of Sex Crimes

≻Projects for Homeless People

>Residential Programs for Adults

>Alcohol and Drug Detoxification Services

>Intermediate Residential Care for Alcohol and Drug Treatment

➤ Half-Way Houses for Alcohol and Drug Abusers

>Parenting and Parent Education Programs

➤Pre-School Day Treatment Programs

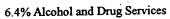
>Children's Day Hospital Services

>Child Abuse Treatment Programs

➤ Divorce and Mediation Workshops

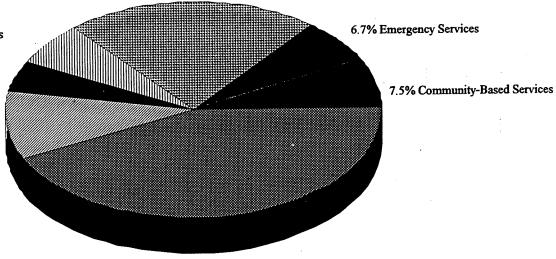
CMHC Expenditures--Calendar Year 1994

21.8% Aftercare/Community Support Services



4.6% Consultation/Education Services

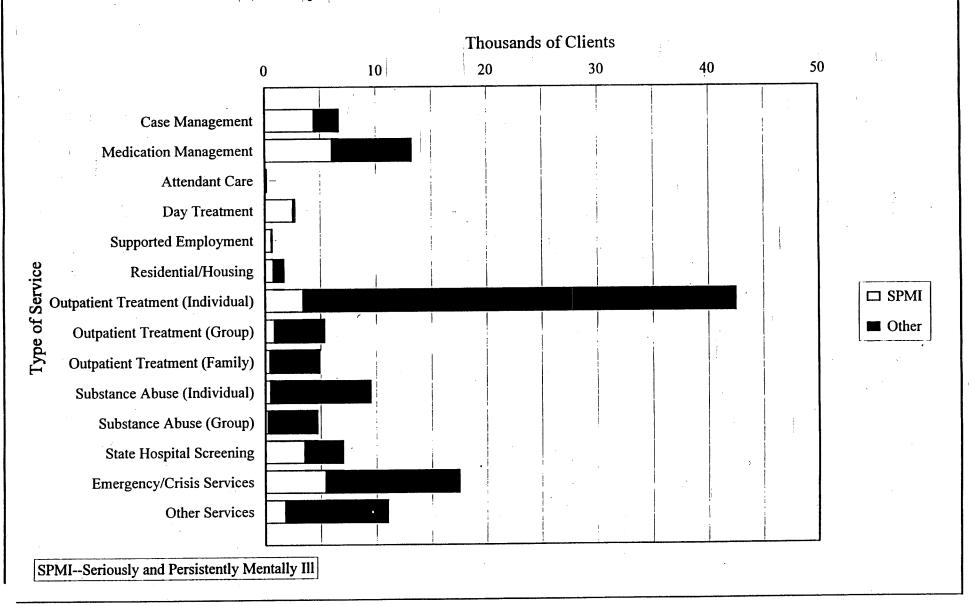
10.1% Inpatient Services



43.0% Outpatient Services

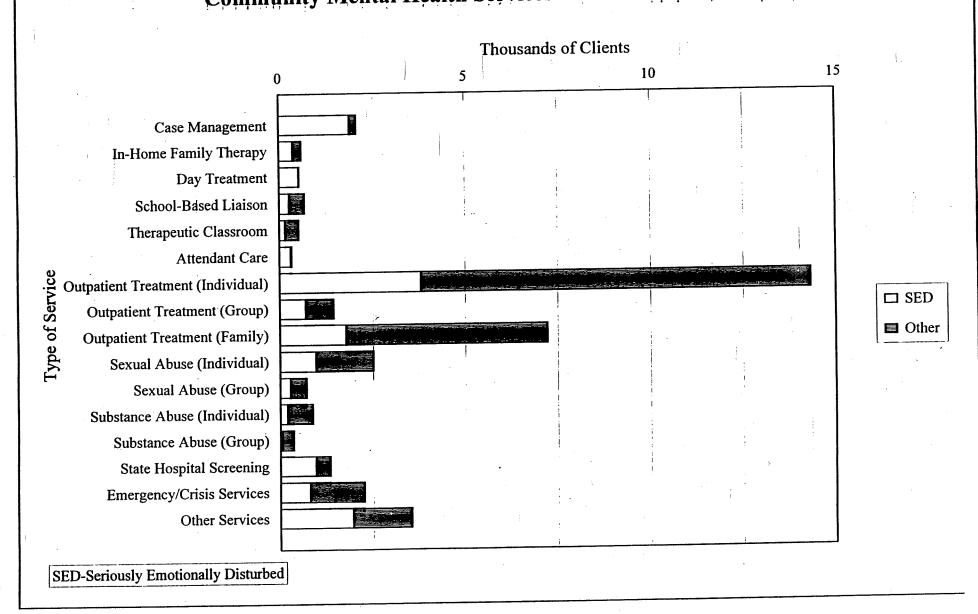
Attachment II

Community Mental Health Services for Adults -- Calendar Year 1993



Attachment III

Community Mental Health Services for Children -- Calendar Year 1993



NURSING FACILITIES FOR MENTAL HEALTH IN KANSAS

| Name and Location | Number of Beds |
|--|----------------|
| Applewood Care Center Chanute/Neosho County | 50 |
| Brighton Place North Topeka/Shawnee County | 34 |
| Brighton Place West Topeka/Shawnee County | 50 |
| Cedar Grove Health Care Center DeSoto/Johnson County | 50 |
| Countryside Health Center Topeka/Shawnee County | 60 |
| Edwardsville Manor Edwardsville/Wyandotte County | 100 |
| Florence Health Care Center Florence/Marion County | 60 |
| Friendship Manor Rehabilitation Center of Haviland Haviland/Kiowa County | 50 |
| Gatewood Care Center Russell/Russell County | 46 |
| Heritage Village of Eskridge Eskridge/Wabaunsee County | 60 |
| Indian Trails Mental Health Living Center Topeka/Shawnee County | 82 |
| Medicalodge of Paola Paola/Miami County | 96 |
| Valley Health Care Center Valley Falls/Jefferson County | 80 |
| Valley Vista Care Center Junction City/Geary County | 52 |
| Westview Nursing Center Peabody/Marion County | 52 |
| Total Bed Capacity | 922 |

Attachment IV

Overview of State Funding for Community Mental Health Services FY 1991 -- FY 1996

| Mental Health Services | Actual FY 1991 | | Actual FY 1992 | | Actual FY 1993 | | Actual FY 1994 | | Approved FY 1995 | | Rec. FY 1996 |
|--|-------------------|--|--|----|--|--|--|----|---|----|--|
| Mental Health Admin. State Aid Mental Health Reform Mental Health Grants Federal Special Projects Court-Ordered Evaluations TotalAll Funds | \$ | 401,699 10,032,643 000 5,284,911 286,510 62,204 17,484,967 | 406,551 10,032,644 3,565,485 5,427,733 518,763 40,200 19,991,376 | \$ | 492,869 10,256,398 7,472,660 5,706,671 368,993 31,680 24,329,271 | \$ ==================================== | 549,285 9,948,518 12,201,332 5,901,610 3,174,200 50,110 31,825,055 | \$ | 1,369,377 10,032,644 15,455,010 9,106,381 1,287,013 41,691 37,292,116 | | 1,387,259 10,032,644 17,825,952 11,608,476 1,287,340 43,150 42,184,821 |
| Medical Assistance | | | | | | | • | | | | |
| NF-MH Program State General Fund | \$ | 5,352,052 | \$ 7,046,079 | \$ | 4,419,411 | \$ | 6,880,373 | \$ | 6,117,783 | \$ | 5,901,094 |
| Total All Funds | \$ | 22,837,019 | \$ 27,037,455 | \$ | 28,748,682 | \$ | 38,705,428 | \$ | 43,409,899 | \$ | 48,085,915 |
| Total State General Fund | \$ | 19,964,247 | \$ 22,069,086 | \$ | 25,798,354 | \$ | 33,091,239 | \$ | 37,852,732 | \$ | 40,816,756 |

- O Mental Health Administration refers to that part of the Division of Mental Health and Retardation Services that is responsible for administering mental health programs and funding.
- O State Aid refers to the basic state grant to community mental health centers. The grant is distributed to centers on the basis of a per-capita formula.
- O Mental Health Reform refers to funding provided to enact the Mental Health Reform Act, which was passed by the Legislature in 1990.
- O Mental Health Grants refers to state and federal moneys that appropriated as grants in order to carry out specific programs or projects.
- O <u>Federal Special Projects</u> refers to a number of smaller federal grants designed to enhance the community mental health delivery system, e.g., the Mental Health Statistical Improvement Project, and other training and research (i.e., nonservice delivery) grants.
- O <u>Court-Ordered Evaluations</u> refers to contractual fees for psychiatric evaluations ordered by courts in order to establish competency to stand trial (billed to MHRS at \$240 per evaluation).
- O NF-MH stands for Mental Health Nursing Facilities.

The large increase in Mental Health Administration from FY 1994 to FY 1995 is because of the enactment of the Sexually-Violent Predator Program. Funding for that program's implementation is contained in the Mental Health Administration line item.

State Mental Retardation Hospitals FY 1996 Operating Expenditures Average Daily Census

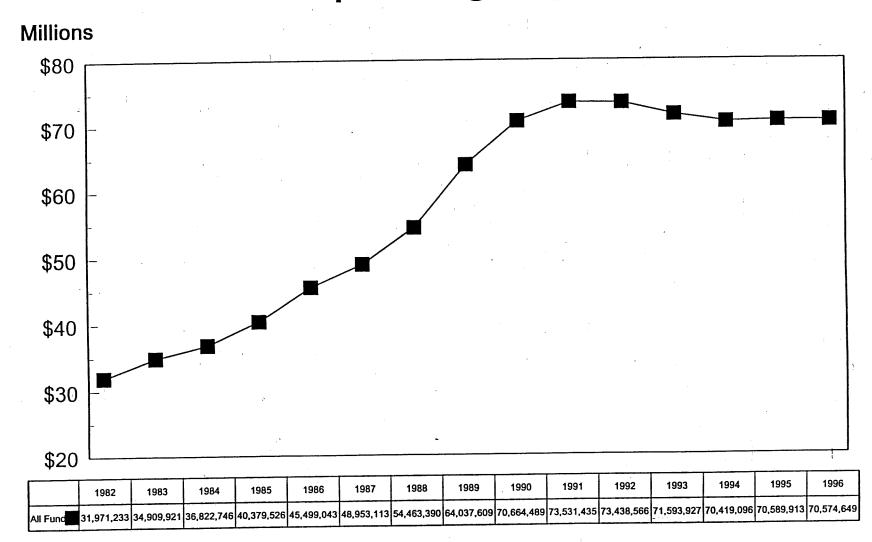
■ Kansas Neurological Institute \$25.0 Million 236 ADC

Parsons State Hospital \$18.3 Million 213 ADC

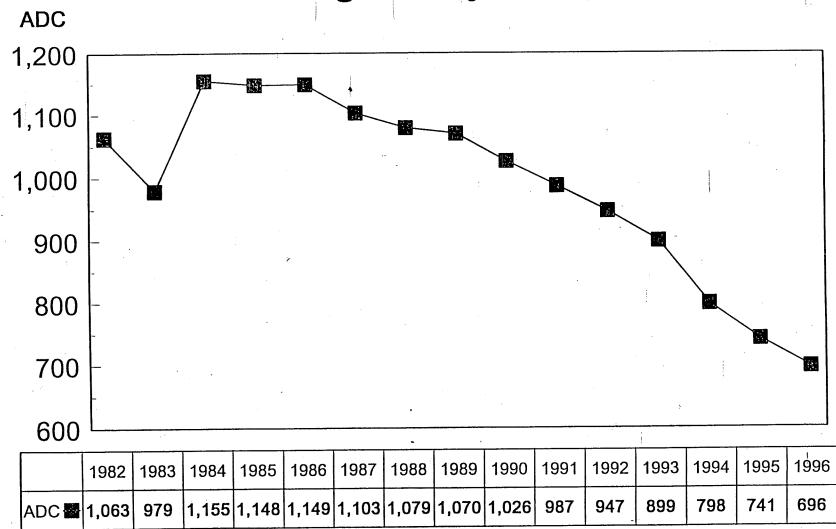
Winfield State Hospital
\$27.3 Million 247 ADC

■ Total \$70.6 Million 696 ADC

State Mental Retardadtion Hospitals FY 1982 -- FY 1996 Annual Operating Expenditures

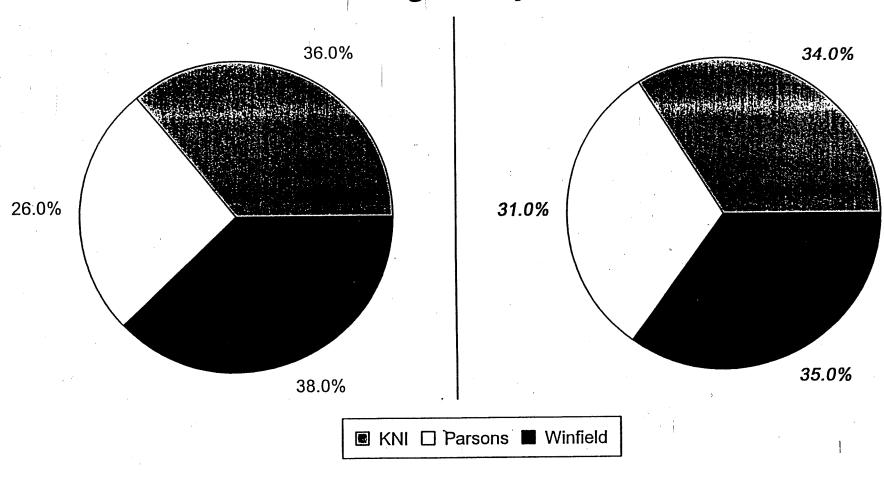


State Mental Retardation Hospitals FY 1982 -- FY 1996 Average Daily Census



State Mental Retardation Hospitals FY 1996

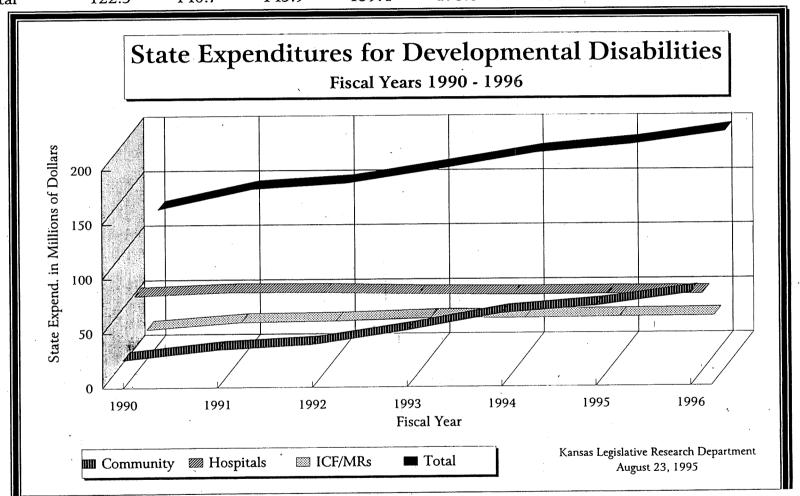
Percentage of Operating Expenditures and Average Daily Census



Operating Expenditures

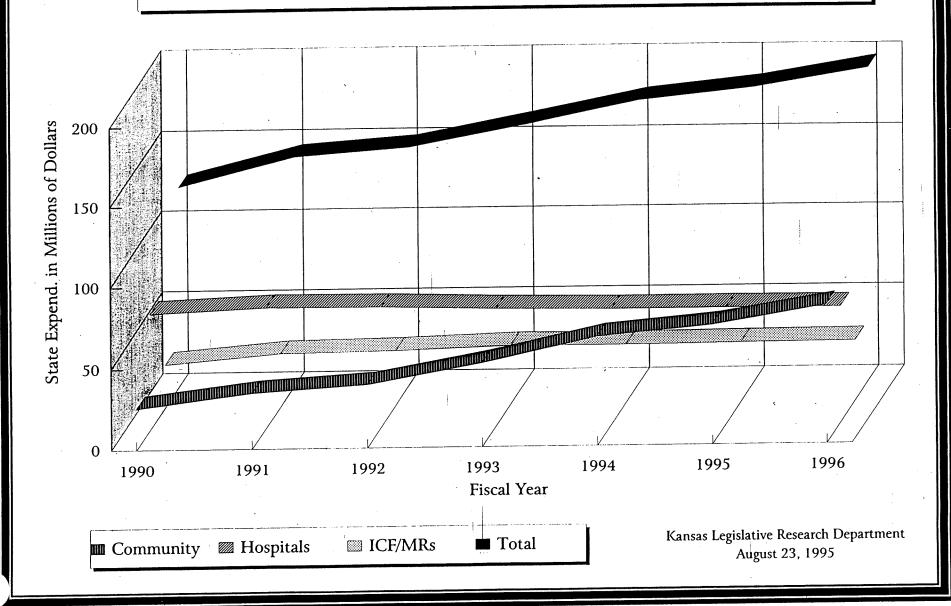
Average Daily Census

| | Actual 1990 | Actual 1991 | Actual 1992 | Actual 1993 | Actual 1994 | Est. 1995 | Rec. 1996 |
|-----------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|--------------|--------------|
| Community | 25.5 | 34.6 | 39.1 | 51.9 | 67.2 | 73.7 | 85 |
| Hospitals | 70.7 | 73.7 | 73.4 | 71.6 | 70.7 | 70.9 | 70.6 |
| ICF/MRs | 26.3 | 32.4 | 33.4 | 35.9 | 35.7 | 36.4 | 36.9 |
| Total | 122.5 | 140.7 | 145.9 | 159.4 | 173.6 | 181 | 192.5 |

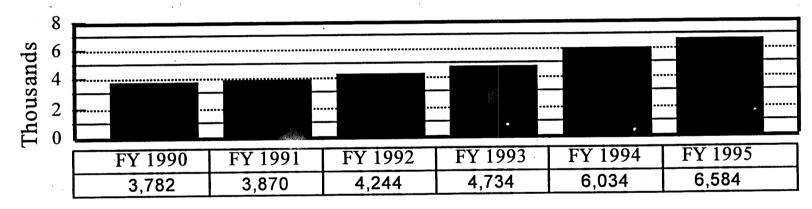


State Expenditures for Developmental Disabilities

Fiscal Years 1990 - 1996



Persons Served In Community Settings



Does Not Include Persons in ICFs-MR

COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENTAL DISABILITIES ORGANIZATIONS IN KANSAS

| GELVICTI | GAN | LIE | ij (-A)vi: | ZOWACIA | (31))(U3S | eruit. | JEWELL | REPUBLIC | Twin Vall | ey Nemo | Brown b Brown b | oniphino |
|----------|-----------------|----------|------------|--------------|---------------------------|------------------|--------------------|-------------------|------------|-------------------|----------------------------|--|
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Services Offered by Community Developmental Disabilities Organizations

Residential Services

- Supported Living
- •Semi-Independent Living
- •Group Living
- •Recreation and Leisure Activities

Life Enrichment Services

- •Retirement Services
- •Work-Enrichment Services

Support and Ancillary Services

- •Targeted Case Management
- •Health Support Services
- Supported Family Living
- •Respite Care
- •Home- and Community-Based Services (Medical Waiver)
- •DDP Screenings
- Psychosocial Services

Employment Services

- Supported Employment
- •Independent Employment
- Structured Employment
- •Industry-Based Employment
- Center-Based Work Sites ("Sheltered Workshops")
- •Work Skills Training
- Job Development
- •Job Match
- On-Site Job Training
- •Follow-Up Support

Other Services

- •Pre-School Services
- •Personal, Social and Community-Living Skills Training
- •Services for People with Dual Diagnosis
- $\bullet Transportation \\$
- •Americans with Disabilities Act Referrals
- Consulting
- •Family Support Services
- Community Education

Attachment V

State Expenditures for Community Mental Retardation Services (In Millions)

| | | | | Fiscal Yea | r | | | % Change |
|---|--------|--------|--------|------------|--------|-----------|-----------|----------|
| e e | 1990 | 1991 | 1992 | 1993 | 1994 | Est. 1995 | Rec. 1996 | FY 90-96 |
| Mental Retardation Grants These are awarded to community facilities to provide specific services | \$7.5 | \$11.5 | \$13.7 | \$15.5 | \$13.4 | \$13.0 | \$15.1 | 101.3% |
| Community and Day/Living | 9.9 | 10.3 | 10.3 | 10.3 | 10.2 | 10.1 | 10.1 | 2.0 |
| State Aid This money is distributed to community mental retardation facilities on the basis of population | 6.1 | 6.0 | 6.0 | 6.0 | 6.0 | 6.0 | 6.0 | (1.6) |
| Medicaid This money is used to provide community services, and includes both state and federal moneys (59% federal, 41% state) | 2.0 | 6.8 | 8.7 | 18.6 | 35.2 | 41.9 | 50.8 | 244.0 |
| Family Subsidy/Support(b These grants are provided to families to help them pay for extraordinary expenses in- curred in caring for their mentally retarded children | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.4 | 1.5 | 2.4 | 2.6 | 2.9 | 625.0 |
| Parent Assistance Network | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.1 | |
| TOTAL | \$25.5 | \$34.6 | \$39.1 | \$51.9 | \$67.2 | \$73.7 | \$85.0 | 233.3% |

a) In addition to these expenditures, the state also pays for medical expenses for mentally retarded Kansans who are eligible for Medicaid.

b) The Family Subsidy/Support percentage change is from fiscal years 1992 to 1996.

Attachment VII

Placement Process for Clients Moving from State Hospitals into Community Settings

Movement of clients from institutions to the community is done on a voluntary basis and only with the consent of the client, or the client's family or legal guardian. The process of placing clients with mental retardation and/or developmental disabilities from state institutions has, essentially, four parts, i.e.:

Phase 1

Referral of a client for placement, development of an Essential Lifestyle Plan (identifying an individual's specific needs) plan for the client, and forwarding of the personal plan to a community provider. This step occurs at the institutions.

Development of a support plan and a cost proposal for the implementation of the plan. This is done by the community provider.



Phase III

The support plan and cost proposal are reviewed by the hospital, and, if accepted, are forwarded to the *Department of Social and Rehabilitation Services*. SRS reviews and, if appropriate, approves the support plan and cost proposal, ensuring that HCBS-MR waiver funding will be available for the placement.

A transition plan is formulated for the client by the hospital and the community provider. Arrangements are made for the client to move from the institution into the community-care setting. This involves finding roommates for the client, hiring staff and making other living arrangements. The client will move in the immediate future.



Number of Clients at Each Phase of Placement Process

| Hospital | Phase I | Phase II | Phase III | Phase IV | Duplicated Total* | Unduplicated Total |
|----------|---------|----------|-----------|----------|-------------------|--------------------|
| KNI | 9 | 74 | 0 | 2 | 85 | 55 |
| Parsons | 0 | 24 | 0 | 0 | 24 | 17 |
| Winfield | 21 | 121 | 1 | 0 | 143 | 100 |
| TOTAL | 31 | 220 | 1 | 2 | 254 | 174 |

* Individuals may be in the same step multiple times, indicating multiple referrals, or they may be in different steps in different agencies.



