Approved: 4/8/98

MINUTES OF THE HOUSE COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY.

The meeting was called to order by Chairperson Tim Carmody at 3:30 p.m. on March 23, 1998 in Room 313--S of the Capitol.

All members were present except: Representative Kline (excused)

Representative Powell (excused) Representative Mayans (excused) Representative Ruff (excused) Representative Krehbiel (excused) Representative Swenson (excused) Representative Wilk (excused)

Committee staff present: Jerry Ann Donaldson, Legislative Research Department

Mike Heim, Legislative Research Department

Jill Wolters, Revisor of Statutes Jan Brasher, Committee Secretary

Conferees appearing before the committee: Art Griggs, Department of Administration

Others attending: See attached list

Representative Carmody called the meeting to order.

HB 2672-Secretary of aging orders, actions and proceedings subject to KAPA

The Chair stated that <u>HB 2672</u> has no proponents or opponents and this bill was requested by the Joint Committee on Administrative Rules and Regulations. The Chair stated that a few years ago the legislature moved many of the functions out of SRS into the Department of Aging as far as the supervision of nursing homes. This bill would allow the Secretary of Aging's designee to conduct hearings. The statute currently states that the Secretary herself has to do those hearings which makes it the only agency in the state that calls for a Secretary of a department to personally conduct hearings. The Chair stated that the purpose of **HB** 2672 is to cleanup a glitch in the statute transferring those procedures to the Department of Aging.

SB 405-Changing the name of administrative law judges to presiding officers; allowing not requiring the office to employ court reporters

The Chair stated that **SB** 405 would change the name of administrative law judges to presiding officers. The Chair stated that this is a follow-up of **SB** 140 passed last year.

Art Griggs, Department of Administration, testified in support of **SB** 405. The conferee discussed the background of the bill. The conferee stated that the civil service utilizes the term "presiding officer." The conferee stated that this bill changes the classification to avoid an inference that the administrative law judge classification must be used. The conferee referred to his written testimony outlining other changes provided in the bill. (Attachment 1) The conferee stated that <u>SB</u> 405 contrasts sharply with the major policy changes associated with <u>HB</u> 2604. Conferee Griggs stated a copy of his written testimony on <u>HB</u> 2604 was provided to the Committee. (Attachment 2) The conferee stated that HB 2604 makes major changes by requiring the administrative hearings of over 40 state agencies under the Kansas Administrative Procedures Act to be conducted by a presiding officer from the Office of Administrative Hearings. The conferee stated that this major policy change should be further studied and the incorporation of <u>HB 2604</u> into <u>SB 405</u> might jeopardize <u>SB 405</u>'s prospects of being passed. The conferee discussed the balloon amendments for <u>HB</u> 2604 offered by his agency.

The Chair closed the hearing on **SB** 405.

CONTINUATION SHEET

MINUTES OF THE HOUSE COMMITTEE ON Judiciary, Room 313-S Statehouse, at 3:30 p.m. on March 23, 1998.

SB 536: Civil commitment: enacting the care and treatment act for persons with an alcohol or substance abuse problem

Representative Presta opened discussion on <u>SB 536</u> and referred to the changes contained in balloon language. (<u>Attachment3</u>)

Representative Presta made a motion to adopt the balloon on SB 536 with a technical amendment on page 38 and the insertion of language to include "qualified mental health professional-----" and other technical corrections. Representative Kirk seconded the motion. The motion carries.

Representative Shriver made a motion to recommend SB 536 as amended for passage. Representative Haley seconded the motion. The motion carries.

The Chair opened discussion on <u>SB 405</u>, <u>HB 2672</u>, and <u>HB 2604</u>. Representative Garner referred to a balloon on <u>HB 2604</u> prepared by the Revisor. (<u>Attachment 4</u>) Representative Garner stated that this balloon would apply to all the agencies dealt with in <u>HB 2604</u> except for the Workers Compensation Division, and the Employment Security Division of the Department of Human Resources.

Representative Garner made a motion to adopt the balloon into SB 405. The motion was seconded by Representative Klein. The motion carries.

The Chair stated that the effective date of the transfer would be July 1999 to give the Executive Branch at least a year to plan its budget appropriately and another session of the legislature to fine tune this if necessary.

The Chair offered a copy of <u>HB 2672</u> showing the substitution of the language "a presiding officer from the Office of Administrative Hearings" for the language "the secretary's designee." (<u>Attachment 5</u>)

Representative Carmody made a motion to amend the provisions of **HB** 2672 with the appropriate changes to make it compatible with the balloon language placed into **SB** 405. Representative Shriver seconded the motion. The motion carries.

Representative Carmody made a motion to redesignate SB 405 as House Substitute for SB 405. Representative Mays seconded the motion. The motion carries.

Representative Mays made a motion to report Substitute SB 405 favorably. Representative Adkins seconded the motion. The motion carries.

The Chair discussed the agenda plans for the committee and stated that there will not be a hearing on **HB 2897**, but there will be five other bills to be heard or discussed tomorrow.

The Chair adjourned the meeting at 4:10 p.m. The next meeting is scheduled for March 24, 1998.

HOUSE JUDICIARY COMMITTEE GUEST LIST

DATE: 3-25-98

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Don Doesken	KBHR-legal Services
Phil Harrers	KDHR-Div. of Work. Somp.
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TESTIMONY BEFORE THE HOUSE JUDICIARY COMMITTEE

By
Art Griggs, Department of Administration
Concerning
SB 405

I am appearing today to testify on behalf of the Department of Administration in support of SB 405, which will assist in a smooth transfer of the hearing functions of the Department of Social and Rehabilitation Services (SRS) to the new Office of Administrative Hearings within the Department of Administration.

With the passage of L. 1997, Ch. 182, §88 (now codified at K.S.A. 75-37,121), the SRS administrative hearings office will be transferred on July 1, 1998 to a newly created Office of Administrative Hearings within the Department of Administration. SRS and the Department of Administration have been working closely over the past six months to develop a plan for implementing, funding, and administering the new Office. During that process, we identified several changes to the authorizing statutes that would make that process more efficient. These changes have been incorporated in SB 405.

- 1. <u>Use the term "presiding officer" in lieu of "administrative law judge"</u> to avoid an inference that the administrative law judge classification must be used. *See Sections 1 through 4*.
- 2. Clarify that there is no requirement to hire court reporters for the Office of Administrative Hearings. See subsection (b) of Section 2. (Line 12 of page 3).
- 3. Permit persons directly supervised by an attorney to act as a presiding officer in order to provide flexibility in staffing routine, straightforward hearings. See Section 2, subsection (b). (Line 19 of page 3).
- 4. <u>Eliminate requirement to adopt separate personnel regulations</u> in order to avoid an unnecessary, parallel personnel system for presiding officers only. See Section 2, subsection (e). (Lines 38-41 of page 3 and lines 8-10 of page 4).
- 5. <u>Provide permissive authority to adopt regulations</u> in order to provide flexibility in adopting only those regulations that are found to be necessary to effectively implement the act. *See Section 2, subsection (e). (Lines 36-37 of page 3).*
- 6. Provide <u>authority to establish fees</u> charged to state agencies for these services without regulations, which is the way fees for other central services to state agencies are handled. See Section 2, subsection (g). (Lines 17-18 of page 4.)

SB 405, as amended by the Senate, fine-tunes the legislation enacted last year and

House Indiciary 3-23-98 Attachment 1 provides a flexible statutory framework within which the policy decision to create an Office of Administrative Hearings can be implemented.

This bill contrasts sharply with the major policy changes associated with HB 2604, which was previously heard by this Committee. It would require the administrative hearings of over 40 state agencies under the Kansas Administrative Procedures Act to be conducted by a presiding officer from the Office of Administrative Hearings unless the agency head (or one or more members of the agency head) acts as presiding officer.

It is the position of the Department of Administration that SB 405 should remain unchanged from the Senate version. Significant amendments to SB 405 (such as those in HB 2604) would not allow the Senate to have an opportunity to hold hearings or fully study and deliberate the major policy changes associated with such a major expansion of the Office of Administrative Hearings. Moreover, that approach may create sufficient opposition to jeopardize the enactment of SB 405, thereby complicating the implementation of last year's legislation. For these reasons, I encourage the Committee to pass SB 405 in its current form and to decline any requests to amend the substance of HB 2604, and its **major changes** on policy, into the "**fine tuning**" provisions of SB 405.

Thank you for this opportunity to speak in support of SB 405. I would be happy to stand for questions.

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TESTIMONY BEFORE THE HOUSE JUDICIARY COMMITTEE

By Art Griggs, Department of Administration Regarding HB 2604

January 29, 1998

I am appearing today to testify on behalf of the Department of Administration regarding HB 2604 and to support the bill with amendments that address some issues of concern to the Department of Administration.

With the passage of K.S.A. 75-37,121 last session, the Department of Social and Rehabilitation Services (SRS) administrative hearings office will be transferred on July 1, 1998, to a newly created Office of Administrative Hearings within the Department of Administration. HB 2604 would expand the scope of responsibilities for the Office of Administrative Hearings beyond SRS administrative hearings. K.S.A. 77-551, which is part of the Kansas Administrative Procedures Act (KAPA), would be amended, effective July 1, 1999, to provide that the presiding officer for all hearings that are subject to KAPA must be the agency head, one or more members of the agency head (if the agency head is a board or commission), or a presiding officer assigned by the Office of Administrative Hearings. This amendment would make the Office of Administrative Hearings responsible for conducting all hearings held under KAPA in which the agency head or one or two of its members did not personally act as presiding officer. In addition, the Office would be required to provide a presiding officer for non-KAPA hearings upon request of a state agency. Effective July 1, 1999, "personnel in the administrative hearings section of all agencies and support personnel for such presiding officers" would be transferred to the Office of Administrative Hearings.

In addition to the expansion of the Office of Administrative Hearings, HB 2604 makes a number of amendments to K.S.A. 75-37,121 that are also contained in SB 405, as amended by Senate Committee. The Department of Administration supported these changes in testimony regarding SB 405.

Implementation Issues

Number of Affected Agencies. Planning for the transfer of only the SRS hearing section has involved numerous issues and discussions over the last seven months, even though the transfer is a straightforward shift of an organizational unit as a whole and does not involve any physical relocation of staff. Effective July 1, 1999, HB 2604 would dramatically and rapidly expand the responsibilities of the new Office of Administrative Hearings to include approximately 40 state agencies that conduct KAPA hearings. Consequently, implementation of HB 2604 would be very complex, complicated, and time-consuming. Numerous issues would need to be identified and resolved, relating to staffing, location, facilities, funding, billing, docketing and prioritizing cases, developing and preserving the presiding officer's subject expertise, and staffing an expanded office. Currently, there are extensive gaps in information about the resources currently required to handle hearings in other agencies, which greatly hinders the Department's ability to develop reasonable assumptions about caseloads, staffing, needed facilities, and costs.

Ambiguities in Personnel Transfer Language. HB 2604 states that "personnel in the administrative hearings section of all agencies and support personnel for such presiding officers" would be transferred to the Office of Administrative Hearings (emphasis added.). However, a number of state agencies that are responsible for one or more KAPA hearings do not have an "administrative hearings section." Therefore, it appears that some agencies that hold KAPA hearings may not have any staff transferred to the Office of Administrative Hearings under HB 2604, thereby further complicating assessments of the effect of HB 2604 on the Department of Administration and other state agencies. House Judiciary 3-23-98 Attachment 2

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Office Consolidation. During FY 1999, the SRS administrative hearings section will continue to remain in its present office space and will not need additional facilities or equipment upon its transfer to the Department of Administration. However, HB 2604 creates a need to establish a consolidated office, relocate the transferred staff and make provisions for new positions. Consolidation would entail a number of new expenses, including moving costs; additional space rental charges; development of a compatible, unified information system, including new software and hardware; and purchase of any equipment or services currently shared with other programs in the transferring agencies. (HB 2604 does not address transfer of equipment, supplies, or funding.) However, the large number of affected agencies, as well as uncertainty about staffing requirements and the number of positions that would actually be transferred under HB 2604, would greatly complicate planning for creation of a single, unified office.

Billing and Funding. Because an entire organizational unit of SRS will be transferred to the Department of Administration at the beginning of FY 1999, the budgeting and funding for transfer of the SRS administrative hearings section is relatively straightforward. A budget for the administrative hearings unit was already developed and virtually all hearings conducted by the office during FY 1999 will be on behalf of SRS. However, under HB 2604 it would be necessary to develop a new system of funding and billing for presiding officers' services that takes into account such issues as complexity and length of hearings; location of the parties; and appropriate billing for cases that are dismissed, withdrawn, or settled prior to a formal hearing; projected caseloads; indirect costs; and cash flow requirements. This task is more complex because state agencies can still hold their own KAPA hearings if the state agency head (or a board member) acts as the presiding officer. Consequently, the number of cases or hearings assigned to the Office of Administrative Hearings will be up to the 40 agencies affected.

Establishing fees. We do not think the fees charged to state agencies by the Office should be set by regulation. K.S.A. 75-37,121 provides that the "department of administration may adopt rules and regulations to establish fees to charge a state agency" for the cost of using a presiding officer. However, as a provider of services to other state agencies, the Department of Administration sets numerous fees without adopting regulations, including motor pool rates, printing rates, personnel training class fees, health insurance premiums, building rental rates, leave assessment rates, self-insurance workers' compensation rates, telephone service rates, central data processing rates and other information system charges. In none of these instances, which involve fees charged to state agencies rather than private individuals or organizations, has there been any perceived need to set rates through regulations, which have the force and effect of law.

Proposed Amendments

Given the number and complexity of implementation issues associated with HB 2604, any expansion of the duties of the Office of Administrative Hearings should be carried out only in smaller, manageable stages. Adequate data-gathering and planning should be completed in advance. Experience should be gained with SRS and a small number of other agencies in order to evaluate the effectiveness of this approach and identify any other matters that need to be considered before further expansion. Any expansion should be thoughtfully planned and implemented in order to avoid unnecessary disruptions and hardships for parties to hearings and the affected state agencies. Therefore, the Department of Administration is proposing the following amendments to HB 2604:

a. <u>Limited expansion</u>. Require the Human Rights Commission and the Board of Pharmacy to use presiding officers of the Office of Administrative Hearings for any hearing not handled by the agency head or by one or more members of the agency head. This transfer would be effective July 1, 1999. By including the Human Rights Commission and the Board of Pharmacy, some experience could be gained with smaller agencies that do not have a staff of presiding officers. (See Section 30, page 33, line 30 and line 40; Section 30, page 34, line 10 and lines 37-38; Section 35, page 38, line 11 and lines 26-27; and Section 39, page 39, line 37.)

- b. Report to Legislature. Require the Secretary of Administration to submit a report to the Legislature on or before October 1, 1999 describing progress in consolidating the hearing functions of SRS, the Human Rights Commission, and the Board of Pharmacy and providing recommendations regarding any further expansion. (See Section 30, page 35, after line 6.)
- c. Non-KAPA Hearings. Clarify that, to the extent resources are available, the Office of Administrative Hearings may provide a presiding officer for both KAPA and non-KAPA hearings when requested by a state agency. (See Section 29, page 32, lines 6-8, line 16 and lines 24-25; Section 30, page 33, lines 31-34 and line 40; and Section 35, page 38, line 26-27.)
- d. <u>Establishing Fees.</u> Permit the Secretary of Administration to establish fees for the services of presiding officers without adopting regulations. (See Section 29, page 33, line 6-7; and Section 34, page 34, lines 20-21.) This amendment was included in SB 405 by the Senate Judiciary Committee.
- e. <u>Technical Clean-up.</u> Delete sections of HB 2604, as introduced, that relate to agencies other than the Human Rights Commission and the Board of Pharmacy. Make technical amendments relating to transfer of positions so that they coincide with the start of the first payroll period in the appropriate fiscal year. (See bill title for affected sections. See also Section 29, page 31, line 40; Section 29, page 33, line 9; Section 30, page 33, line 23; Section 30, page 34, line 23 and line 37; Section 38, page 39, line 25; Section 39, page 39, line 33; and Section 48, page 46, lines 19-20.)

Thank you for this opportunity to testify regarding HB 2604 and for your consideration of our proposed amendments to this bill. I would be happy to stand for questions.

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Sauton of 1998

HOUSE BILL No. 2604

By Special Committee on Judiciary

12-17

AN ACT concerning administrative procedure; concerning presiding officers; amending K.S.A. [2-1208a, 2-3311, 8-2426] 21-3110, [31-140, 36-509, 40-2,137, 44-322a, 49-606] 65-163a, [65-673, 65-720a, 65-747,] 65-753, 65-2305, 65-3483, 65-3490, [66-1,117] 75-37,121, 75-37,121, as amended by section 29 of this act, [75-6207, 76-3106, 76-3110] 77-514, as amended by section 92 of chapter 182 of the 1997 Session Laws of Kansas, 77-514, as amended by section 34 of this act, [77-540, 77-550] 77-551, 77-551, as amended by section 38 of this act, [79-3313, 82a-1405, 82a-1501a, 82a-1502, 82a-1503 and 82a-1504] and K.S.A. 1997 Supp. 44-1005, 65-163, 65-525, 65-526, [74-4904, 74-8804, 74-8816, 74-8817 and 74-8837 and repealing the existing sections; also repealing K.S.A. 75-5611a].

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

Section 1. On and after July 1, 1999, K.S.A. 2-1208a is hereby amended to read as follows: 2-1208a. (a) If it shall appear to the secretary or an authorized representative of the secretary from examination or analysis of an official sample of a commercial fertilizer that the commercial fertilizer is falsely labeled or fails to comply with the provisions of this act, the secretary shall cause notice to be given to the person in possession of the commercial fertilizer and the registrant that a hearing in relation thereto will be held at a date and place named in such notice. Whereupon the secretary or an authorized representative of the secretary a presiding officer from the office of administrative hearings shall hold a hearing in accordance with the provisions of the Kansas administrative procedure act.

(b) If it is established at the hearing to the satisfaction of the secretary, or an authorized representative of the secretary a presiding officer from the office of administrative hearings, that any commercial fertilizer has been registered in error, or has been sold in violation of any of the provisions of this act, or that any provision of this act has been violated, the secretary shall have power to cancel the registration of such brand or brands of commercial fertilizer, and may report the facts to the proper prosecuting attorney and furnish that officer with an official report of the record of such hearing and a copy of the result of any analysis or other

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- business or any person employed by such business within the racetrack
 facility:
- (1) Has been convicted of a felony in a court of any state or of the United States or has been adjudicated in the last five years, in any such court of committing as a juvenile an act which, if committed by an adult, would constitute a felony;
- (2) has been convicted of a violation of any law of any state or of the United States involving gambling or controlled substances or has been adjudicated in the last five years in any such court of committing as a juvenile an act which, if committed by an adult, would constitute such a violation;
- (3) fails to disclose any material fact or provides information, knowing
 such information to be false, in connection with the application for the
 license;
 - (4) has been found by the commission to have violated any provision of this act or any rule and regulation of the commission; or
 - (5) has failed to meet any monetary or tax obligation to the federal government or to any state or local government, whether or not relating to the conduct or operation of a race meet held in this state or any other jurisdiction.
 - (e) The commission may suspend or revoke the racing or wagering equipment or services license of any business for any reason which would justify refusal to issue such a license. Proceedings to suspend or revoke such license shall be conducted by the commission or its appointed hearing efficer a presiding officer from the office of administrative hearings in accordance with the provisions of the Kansas administrative procedure act.
 - (f) The commission may provide by rules and regulations for the temporary suspension of a racing or wagering equipment or services license by summary adjudicative proceedings in accordance with the Kansas administrative procedure act upon finding that there is probable cause to believe that grounds exist for a permanent suspension or revocation of such license. Such suspension shall be for a period not exceeding 30 days. Upon expiration of such suspension, the license shall be restored unless the license has been suspended or revoked as a result of proceedings conducted pursuant to subsection (e).
- 37 (g) This section shall be part of and supplemental to the Kansas parimutuel racing act.
 39 Sec. 29, KSA 75-37 191 is bounded.
 - Sec. 29. K.S.A. 75-37,121 is hereby amended to read as follows: 75-37,121. On and after July 1, 1998: (a) There is created the office of administrative hearings within the department of administration, to be headed by a director appointed by the secretary of administration. The director shall be in the unclassified service under the Kansas civil service

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(b) The office shall may employ administrative law judges presiding officers, court reporters and other support personnel as necessary to conduct proceedings required by the Kansas administrative procedure act for adjudicative proceedings of the department of social and rehabilitation services. The office shall conduct adjudicative proceedings of the department of social and rehabilitation services which are not under the Kansas administrative procedure act when requested by such agency. Only a person admitted to practice law in this state or a person directly supervised by a person admitted to practice law in this state may be employed as an administrative law judge a presiding officer. The office may employ regular part-time personnel. Persons employed by the office

shall be under the classified civil service.

(c) If the office cannot furnish one of its administrative law judges presiding officers in response to the department of social and rehabilitation services request the director shall designate in writing a full-time employee of an agency other than the department of social and rehabilitation services to serve as administrative law judge presiding officer for the proceeding, but only with the consent of the employing agency. The designee must possess the same qualifications required of administrative law judges presiding officers employed by the office.

(d) The director may furnish administrative law judges presiding officers on a contract basis to any governmental entity to conduct any proceeding not subject to the Kansas administrative procedure act for not listed in K.S.A. 77-551 and amendments thereto.

(e) On or before January 1, 1900, The department secretary of administration shall may adopt rules and regulations:

(1) To establish further qualifications for administrative law judges, procedures by which candidates will be considered for employment, and the manner in which public notice of vacancies in the staff of the office will be given;

(2) To establish procedures for agencies to request and for the director to assign administrative law judges presiding officers. The department of social and rehabilitation services may neither select nor reject any individual administrative law judge presiding officer for any proceeding except in accordance with the Kansas administrative procedure act;

(3) (2) to establish procedures and adopt forms, consistent with the Kansas administrative procedure act, the model rules of procedure, and other provisions of law, to govern administrative law judges presiding officers; and

(4) to establish standards and procedures for the evaluation, training, promotion and discipline of administrative law judges; and

(5) (3) to facilitate the performance of the responsibilities conferred

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to conduct proceedings required by the Kansas administrative procedures act

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upon the office by the Kansas administrative procedure act.

(f) The director may:

(1) Maintain a staff of reporters and other personnel; and

(2) implement the provisions of this section and rules and regulations adopted under its authority.

(g) The department secretary of administration may adopt rules and regulations to establish fees to charge a state agency for the cost of using an administrative law judge a presiding officer.

(h) Effective [fuly], 1998, personnel in the administrative hearings section of the department of social and rehabilitation services and support personnel for such administrative law judges presiding officers, shall be transferred to and shall become employees of the office of administrative hearings. Such personnel shall retain all rights under the state personnel system and retirement benefits under the laws of this state; and such which had accrued to or vested in such personnel prior to the effective date of this section. Such person's services shall be deemed to have been continuous. All transfers of personnel positions in the classified service under the Kansas civil service act shall be in accordance with civil service laws and any rules and regulations adopted thereunder. This act shall not affect any matter pending before an administrative hearing officer at the time of the effective date of the transfer, and such matter shall proceed as though no transfer of employment had occurred.

Sec. 30. On and after July J, 1999, K.S.A. 75-37,121, as amended by section 29 of this act, is hereby amended to read as follows: 75-37,121. On and after July 1, 1998: (a) There is created the office of administrative hearings within the department of administration, to be headed by a director appointed by the secretary of administration.

(b) The office may employ presiding officers, court reporters and other support personnel as necessary to conduct proceedings required by the Kansas administrative procedure act for adjudicative proceedings of the department of social and rehabilitation services. The office shall conduct adjudicative proceedings of the department of social and rehabilitation services any state agency which are not under the Kansas administrative procedure act when requested by such agency. Only a person admitted to practice law in this state or a person directly supervised by a person admitted to practice law in this state may be employed as a presiding officer. The office may employ regular part-time personnel. Persons employed by the office shall be under the classified civil service.

(c) If the office cannot furnish one of its presiding officers in response to the department of social and rehabilitation services an agency request, the director shall designate in writing a full-time employee of an agency other than the department of social and rehabilitation services requesting agency to serve as presiding officer for the proceeding, but only with the

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The director shall be in the unclassified service under the Kansas civil service act.

for adjudicative proceedings of the department of social and rehabilitation services, the human rights commission, and the board of pharmacy

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of the department of social and rehabilitation services, the human rights commission, or the board of pharmacy to conduct proceedings required by the Kansas administrative procedures act

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consent of the employing agency. The designee must possess the same qualifications required of presiding officers employed by the office.

(d) The director may furnish presiding officers on a contract basis to any governmental entity to conduct any proceeding not subject to the Kansas administrative procedure act or not listed in K.S.A. 77-551 and amendments thereto.

(e) The secretary of administration may adopt rules and regulations:

(1) To establish procedures for agencies to request and for the director to assign presiding officers. The department of social and rehabilitation services [An agency] may neither select nor reject any individual presiding officer for any proceeding except in accordance with the Kansas administrative procedure act;

(2) to establish procedures and adopt forms, consistent with the Kansas administrative procedure act, the model rules of procedure, and other provisions of law, to govern presiding officers; and

(3) to facilitate the performance of the responsibilities conferred upon the office by the Kansas administrative procedure act.

(f) The director may implement the provisions of this section and rules and regulations adopted under its authority.

(g) The secretary of administration may adopt rules and regulations to establish fees to charge a state agency for the cost of using a presiding officer.

(h) Effective July 1, 1998, personnel in the administrative hearings section of the department of social and rehabilitation services and support personnel for such presiding officers, shall be transferred to and shall become employees of the office of administrative hearings. Such personnel shall retain all rights under the state personnel system and retirement benefits under the laws of this state which had accrued to or vested in such personnel prior to the effective date of this section. Such person's services shall be deemed to have been continuous. All transfers of personnel positions in the classified service under the Kansas civil service act shall be in accordance with civil service laws and any rules and regulations adopted thereunder. This act shall not affect any matter pending before an administrative hearing officer at the time of the effective date of the transfer, and such matter shall proceed as though no transfer of employment had occurred.

(i) Effective July 1 1999, personnel in the administrative hearings section of all agencies and support personnel for such presiding officers, shall be transferred to and shall become employees of the office of administrative hearings. Such personnel shall retain all rights under the state personnel system and retirement benefits under the laws of this state which had accrued to or vested in such personnel prior to the effective date of this section. Such person's services shall be deemed to have been

The department of social and rehabilitation services, the human rights commission, and the board of pharmacy

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continuous. All transfers of personnel positions in the classified service under the Kansas civil service act shall be in accordance with civil service laws and any rules and regulations adopted thereunder. This section shall not affect any matter pending before an administrative hearing officer at the time of the effective date of the transfer, and such matter shall proceed as though no transfer of employment had occurred.

Sec. 31. On and after July 1, 1999, K.S.A. 75-6207 is hereby amended to read as follows: 75-6207. (a) If the director receives a timely written request for a hearing under K.S.A. 75-6206 and amendments thereto, the director shall request the secretary of administration to appoint a presiding officer from the office of administrative hearings who shall hold a hearing in accordance with the provisions of the Kansas administrative procedure act to determine whether the debt claim is valid. Subject to the provisions of subsection (b), the presiding officer shall determine whether the claimed sum asserted as due and owing is correct, and if not, shall order an adjustment to the debt claim which shall be forwarded to the director and to the state agency, foreign state agency or municipality to which the debt is owed. No issue may be considered at the hearing which has been previously litigated and no collateral attack on any judgment shall be permitted at the hearing. The order of the presiding officer shall inform the debtor of the amount determined as due, if any, and that setoff procedures have been ordered to proceed in accordance with this act. If the setoff is to be made against earnings of the debtor, the order shall include a statement that the setoff may be postponed in accordance with K.S.A. 75-6208 and amendments thereto. Orders under this section shall not be subject to administrative review.

(b) In cases where there is only one known present or future payment due from the state to the alleged debtor, the presiding officer may limit the hearing issue to a determination of whether the debt owed the state agency, foreign state agency or municipality is at least equal to the amount of the payment owed to the debtor by the state.

(c) Pending final determination in the order of the presiding officer of the validity of the debt asserted by the state agency, foreign state agency or municipality, no action shall be taken in furtherance of collection through the setoff procedure allowed under this act.

(d) Judicial review of an order under this section shall be in accordance with the provisions of the act for judicial review and civil enforcement of agency actions. In any such review, except as provided in subsection (e), the department of administration and the secretary of administration shall not be named parties to the proceedings.

(e) Parties to an action for review of an order under this section shall be: (1) The debtor; (2) the state agency, foreign state agency or municipality which requested assistance in collecting the debt or which certified (j) On or before October 1, 1999, the secretary of administration shall submit a report to the legislature describing progress in implementing this section and providing recommendations regarding any further expansion of agencies that are subject to K.S.A. 77-551, and amendments thereto.

(g) Notwithstanding any quorum requirements, if the agency head of a professional or occupational licensing agency is a body of individuals, the agency head, unless prohibited by law, may designate one or more members of the agency head to serve as presiding officer and to render a final order in the proceeding.

Sec. 35. On and after July 1, 1999, K.S.A. 77-514, as amended by section 34 of this act, is hereby amended to read as follows: 77-514. (a) The agency head, one or more members of the agency head or a presiding officer assigned by the office of administrative hearings, or, unless prohibited by K.S.A. 77-551, and amendments thereto, one or more other persons designated by the agency head may shall be the presiding officer.

(b) Any person serving or designated to serve alone or with others as presiding officer is subject to disqualification for administrative bias, prejudice or interest.

(c) Any party may petition for the disqualification of a person promptly after receipt of notice indicating that the person will preside or promptly upon discovering facts establishing grounds for disqualification, whichever is later.

(d) A person whose disqualification is requested shall determine whether to grant the petition, stating facts and reasons for the determination.

(e) If a substitute is required for a person who is disqualified or becomes unavailable for any other reason, any action taken by a duly appointed substitute for a disqualified or unavailable person is as effective as if taken by the latter.

(f) If the office of administrative hearings cannot provide a presiding officer, a state agency may enter into agreements with another state agency to provide presiding officers to conduct proceedings under this act.

(g) Notwithstanding any quorum requirements, if the agency head of a professional or occupational licensing agency is a body of individuals, the agency head, unless prohibited by law, may designate one or more members of the agency head to serve as presiding officer and to render a final order in the proceeding.

Sec. 36. On and after July 1, 1999, K.S.A. 77-549 is hereby amended to read as follows: 77-549. (a) The filing of a return with the director of taxation under article 15, 32, 33, 34, 36, 37, 41, 42 or 47 of chapter 79 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto, shall not be deemed an application for an order under the Kansas administrative procedure act.

(b) A determination by the division of taxation or the audit services bureau of the department of revenue concerning tax liability under article 15, 32, 33, 34, 36, 37, 41, 42 or 47 of chapter 79 of the Kansas Statutes

or, unless prohibited by K.S.A. 77-551, and amendments thereto, one or more other persons designated by the agency head

Except for those agencies identified in K.S.A. 77-551, and amendments thereto, any

Annotated, and amendments thereto, which is made prior to the opportunity for a hearing or prior to the opportunity for an informal conference before the secretary or the secretary's designee on such tax liability, shall not require an adjudicative proceeding under the Kansas administrative procedure act.

(c) For purposes of the Kansas administrative procedure act, the secretary of revenue may designate the director of the division of taxation or other designee a presiding officer from the office of administrative

hearings as agency head.

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(d) Final orders of the director of taxation pursuant to K.S.A. 77-526, and amendments thereto, shall be rendered in writing and served within 120 days after conclusion of the hearing or after submission of proposed findings in accordance with subsection (f) of K.S.A. 77-526, and amendments thereto, unless this period is waived or extended with the written consent of all parties or for good cause shown. If extended for good cause, such good cause shall be set forth in writing on or before the expiration of the 120 days.

Sec. 37. On and after July 1, 1999, K.S.A. 77-550 is hereby amended to read as follows: 77-550. For purposes of administrative proceedings of the division of property valuation under the Kansas administrative procedure act, the secretary of revenue may designate the director of the division of property valuation or ether designee a presiding officer from the office of administrative hearings as agency head.

Sec. 38. K.S.A. 77-551 is hereby amended to read as follows: 77-551. On and after July 1, 1998: (a) In hearings of the department of social and rehabilitation services under K.S.A. 39-1807, 65-4015, 65-4606, 65-4927, 75-3306 and 75-3340, and amendments thereto, the presiding officer shall be the agency head, one or more members of the agency head or en administrative law judge a presiding officer assigned by the office of administrative hearings.

(b) This section shall be part of and supplemental to the Kansas administrative procedure act.

Sec. 39. On and after July 1, 1999, K.S.A. 77-551, as amended by section 38 of this act, is hereby amended to read as follows: 77-551. On and after July 1, 1998: (a) In all hearings of the department of social and rehabilitation services under K.S.A. 30-1807, 65-4015, 65-4606, 65-4927, 75-3306 and 75-3340, and amendments thereto, any state agency that are required to be conducted in accordance with the provisions of the Kansas administrative procedure act, the presiding officer shall be the agency head, one or more members of the agency head or a presiding officer assigned by the office of administrative hearings.

(b) This section shall be part of and supplemental to the Kansas administrative procedure act.

June 14

June 13

the department of social and rehabilitation services, the human rights commission, or the board of pharmacy publication in the statute book

2-12

(c) Any proceedings pursuant to this act and notice of such proceedings shall be in accordance with the provisions of the Kansas administrative procedure act except as specifically provided by this act. (d) The record of any hearing or other proceeding held pursuant to this act shall be maintained and make available for public examination in 6 the office of the chief engineer. Sec. 46. K.S.A. 75-37,121, 77-514, as amended by section 92 of chap-8 ter 182 of the 1997 Session Laws of Kansas, and 77-551 are hereby re-9 pealed. 10 Sec. 47. On and after July 1, 1999, K.S.A. 2-1208a, 2-3311, 8-2426, 21-3110, 31-140, 36-509, 40-2,137, 44-322a, 49-606, 65-163a, 65-673, 65-12 720a, 65-747, 65-753, 65-2305, 65-3483, 65-3488, 65-3490, 66-1,117, 13 75-37,121, as amended by section 29 of this act, 75-5611a, 75-6207, 76-3106, 76-3110, 77-514, as amended by section 34 of this act, 77-549, 77-550, 77-551, as amended by section 38 of this act, 79-3313, 82a-1405, 82a-1501a, 82a-1502, 82a-1503, and 82a-1504 and K.S.A. 1997 Supp. 44-17 1005, 65-163, 65-525, 65-526, 74-4904, 74-8804, 74-8816, 74-8817 and 18 74-8837 are hereby repealed. June 14, 1998 and Sec. 48. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its 19

> -Kansas register

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SENATE BILL No. 536

SB 536-Am.

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ately detained or continue to be detained;

2 (2) the place where the petitioner requests that the person be de-3 tained or continue to be detained;

(3) if applicable, because detention is requested in a treatment facility other than a state psychiatric hospital, a statement that the facility is willing to accept and detain such person; and

(4) if applicable, because admission to a state psychiatric hospital is sought, the necessary statement from a qualified mental health professional authorizing admission and emergency care and treatment.

(e) The petition may include a request that a temporary custody order be issued pursuant to K.S.A. 1997 Supp. 59-2959 and amendments thereto.

Sec. 44. K.S.A. 1997 Supp. 59-2958 is hereby amended to read as follows: 59-2958. (a) At the time the petition for the determination of mental illness of a whether a person is a mentally ill person subject to involuntary commitment for eare and treatment under this act is filed, or any time thereafter prior to the trial upon the petition as provided for in K.S.A. 1997 Supp. 59-2965 and amendments thereto, the petitioner may request in writing that the district court issue an ex parte emergency order including either or both of the following: (1) An order directing any law enforcement officer to take the person named in the order into custody and transport the person to a designated treatment facility or other suitable place willing to receive and detain the person; (2) an order authorizing any named treatment facility or other place to detain or continue to detain the person until the further order of the court or until the ex parte emergency custody order shall expire.

(b) No ex parte emergency custody order shall provide for the detention of any person at a state psychiatric hospital unless a written statement from a qualified mental health professional authorizing such admission and detention at a state psychiatric hospital has been filed with the court.

(c) No ex parte emergency custody order shall provide for the detention of any person in a nonmedical facility used for the detention of persons charged with or convicted of a crime.

(d) If no other suitable facility at which such person may be detained is willing to accept the person, then the participating mental health center for that area shall provide a suitable place to detain the person until the further order of the court or until the ex parte emergency custody order shall expire.

shall expire.

(e) An ex parte emergency custody order issued under this section
shall expire at 5:00 p.m. of the second day the district court is open for
the transaction of business after the date of its issuance, which expiration
date shall be stated in the order.

for care and treatment

House Judiciary 3-23-98 Attachment 3

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(f) The district court shall not issue successive ex parte emergency custody orders.

(g) In lieu of issuing an ex parte emergency custody order, the court may allow the person with respect to whom the request was made to remain at liberty, subject to such conditions as the court may impose.

Sec. 45. K.S.A. 1997 Supp. 59-2961 is hereby amended to read as follows: 59-2961. (a) The order for a mental evaluation required by subsection (a)(5) of K.S.A. 1997 Supp. 59-2960 and amendments thereto, shall be served in the manner provided for in subsections (c) and (d) of K.S.A. 1997 Supp. 59-2963 and amendments thereto. It shall order the proposed patient to submit to a mental evaluation to be conducted by a physician-or psychologist and to undergo such other evaluation as may be designated physical or other evaluations as may be ordered by the court in the order, except that any proposed patient who is not subject to a temporary custody order issued pursuant to K.S.A. 1997 Supp. 59-2959 and amendments thereto and who requests a hearing pursuant to K.S.A. 1997 Supp. 59-2962 and amendments thereto, need not submit to such evaluation evaluations until that hearing has been held and the court finds that there is probable cause to believe that the proposed patient is a mentally ill person subject to involuntary commitment for care and treatment under this act. The evaluation may be conducted at a treatment facility, the home of the proposed patient or any other suitable place that the court determines is not likely to have a harmful effect on the welfare of the proposed patient. A state psychiatric hospital shall not be ordered to evaluate any proposed patient, unless a written statement from a qualified mental health professional authorizing such an evaluation at a state psychiatric hospital has been filed with the court.

(b) At the time designated by the court in the order, but in no event later than 3 three days prior to the date of the hearing trial provided for in K.S.A. 1997 Supp. 59-2965 and amendments thereto, the examiner shall submit to the court a report, in writing, of the evaluation which report also shall be made available to counsel for the parties at least 3 three days prior to such hearing the trial. The report also shall be made available to the proposed patient and to whomever the patient directs, unless for good cause recited in the order, the court orders otherwise. Such report shall state that the examiner has made an examination of the proposed patient and shall state the opinion of the examiner on the issue of whether or not the proposed patient is a mentally ill person subject to involuntary commitment for care and treatment under the act and the examiner's opinion as to the least restrictive treatment alternative which will protect the proposed patient and others and allow for the improvement of the proposed patient if treatment is ordered.

Sec. 46. K.S.A. 1997 Supp. 59-2963 is hereby amended to read as

, psychologist or qualified mental health professional otherwise authorized by law to diagnose mental disorders

59-2972. Transfer by secretary of social and rehabilitation services. [See Revisor's Note] (a) Except as provided in subsection (e), the secretary of social and rehabilitation services or the secretary's designee may transfer any patient from any state psychiatric hospital under the secretary's control to any other state psychiatric hospital whenever the secretary or the secretary's designee considers it to be in the best interests of the patient. Except in the case of an emergency, the patient's spouse or nearest relative or legal guardian, if one has been appointed, shall be notified of the transfer, and notice shall be sent to the committing court not less than 14 days before the proposed transfer. The notice shall name the hospital to which the patient is proposed to be transferred to and state that, upon request of the spouse or nearest relative or legal guardian, an opportunity for a hearing on the proposed transfer will be provided by the secretary of social and rehabilitation services prior to such transfer.

(b) Except as provided in subsection (c), the secretary of social and rehabilitation services or the designee of the secretary may transfer any involuntary patient from any state psychiatric hospital to any state institution for the mentally retarded whenever the secretary of social and rehabilitation services or the designee of the secretary considers it to be in the best interests of the patient. Any patient transferred as provided for in this subsection shall remain subject to the same statutory provisions as were applicable at the psychiatric hospital from which the patient was transferred and in addition thereto shall abide by and be subject to all the rules and regulations of the retardation institution to which the patient has been transferred. Except in the case of an emergency, the patient's spouse or nearest relative or legal guardian, if one has been appointed, shall be notified of the transfer, and notice shall be sent to the committing court not less than 14 days before the proposed transfer. The notice shall name the institution to which the patient is proposed to be transferred to and state that, upon request of the spouse or nearest relative or legal guardian, an opportunity for a hearing on the proposed transfer will be provided by the secretary of social and rehabilitation services prior to such transfer. No patient shall be transferred from a state psychiatric hospital to a state institution for the mentally retarded unless the superintendent of the receiving institution has found, pursuant to K.S.A. 76-12b01 through 76-12b11 and amendments thereto, that the patient is mentally retarded and in need of care and training and that placement in the institution is the least restrictive alternative available. Nothing in this subsection shall prevent the sec-





retary of social and rehabilitation services or the designee of the secretary from allowing a patient at a state psychiatric hospital to be admitted as a voluntary resident to a state institution for the mentally retarded, or from then discharging such person from the state psychiatric hospital pursuant to K.S.A. 1997 Supp. 59-2973 and amend-

ments thereto, as may be appropriate. (c) At all times, any person admitted to or detained at a state psychiatric hospital upon an application made pursuant to K.S.A. 1997 Supp. 50-2054, and amendments thereto, or an order issued pursuant to K.S.A. 1997 Supp. 50-2058, 50-2050, 50-2064, 50-2066 or 50-2060, and amendments thereto, and who is alleged to be or who has been determined to be a mentally ill personsubject to involuntary commitment for care and treatment, as defined in subsection (f)(1)(B) of K.S.A. 1997 Supp. 59 2946, and amendments thereto, shall be kept in a separate secure facility or building and segregated at all times from any other patient alleged to be or who has been determined to be a mentally ill person subject to involuntary commitment for care and treatment, as defined in subsection (f)(1)(A) of K.S.A. 1007 Supp. 59-2946, and amendments thereto. The -provisions of this subsection (e) shall be effectiveon the date of the issuance by the United States supreme court of an opinion in the ease of State of Kansas vs. LeRoy-Hendricks, case no. 95-1649, which holds the sexually violent predator act; K.S.A. 50-20a01 et seq., unconstitutional and shall expire on June 30, 1998.

History: L. 1996, ch. 167, § 28; L. 1997, ch. 152, § 11; May 8.

Revisor's Note:

The effective date of the amendments to this section by L. 1997, ch. 152, § 11 (see subsection (c)) was contingent on the United States Supreme Court declaring the sexually violent predator act, 59-29a01 et seq., unconstitutional. The court upheld that act in the case of State of Kansas vs. LeRoy Hendricks, 65 U.S.L.W. 4564.



Session of 199

HOUSE BILL No. 2604

By Special Committee on Judiciary

12-17

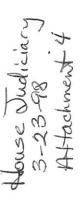
AN ACT concerning administrative procedure; concerning presiding officers; amending K.S.A. 2-1208a, 2-3311, 8-2426, 21-3110, 31-140, 36-509, 40-2,137, 44-322a, 49-606, 65-163a, 65-673, 65-720a, 65-747, 65-753, 65-2305, 65-3483, 65-3488, 65-3490, 66-1,117, 75-37,121, 75-37,121, as amended by section 29 of this act, 75-6207, 76-3106, 76-3110, 77-514, as amended by section 92 of chapter 182 of the 1997 Session Laws of Kansas, 77-514, as amended by section 34 of this act, 77-549, 77-550, 77-551, 77-551, as amended by section 38 of this act, 79-3313, 82a-1405, 82a-1501a, 82a-1502, 82a-1503 and 82a-1504 and K.S.A. 1997 Supp. 44-1005, 65-163, 65-525, 65-526, 74-4904, 74-8804, 74-8816, 74-8817 and 74-8837 and repealing the existing sections; also repealing K.S.A. 75-5611a.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

Section 1. On and after July 1, 1999, K.S.A. 2-1208a is hereby amended to read as follows: 2-1208a. (a) If it shall appear to the secretary or an authorized representative of the secretary from examination or analysis of an official sample of a commercial fertilizer that the commercial fertilizer is falsely labeled or fails to comply with the provisions of this act, the secretary shall cause notice to be given to the person in possession of the commercial fertilizer and the registrant that a hearing in relation thereto will be held at a date and place named in such notice. Whereupon the secretary or an authorized representative of the secretary a presiding officer from the office of administrative hearings shall hold a hearing in accordance with the provisions of the Kansas administrative procedure act.

(b) If it is established at the hearing to the satisfaction of the secretary, or an authorized representative of the secretary a presiding officer from the office of administrative hearings, that any commercial fertilizer has been registered in error, or has been sold in violation of any of the provisions of this act, or that any provision of this act has been violated, be secretary shall have power to cancel the registration of such brand or ands of commercial fertilizer, and may report the facts to the proper prosecuting attorney and furnish that officer with an official report of the record of such hearing and a copy of the result of any analysis or other

Suggested amendments March 6, 1998



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examination which may have a bearing on the case. Prosecution may be instituted under the provisions of this act in the district court of the county where the offense is alleged to have been committed, upon complaint of the secretary or an authorized representative of the secretary or any citizen of this state, or by any county attorney and shall be prosecuted by the county attorney in the name of the state of Kansas.

Sec. 2. On and after July 1, 1999, K.S.A. 2-3311 is hereby amended to read as follows: 2-3311. Before any chemigation user registration or chemigation user's permit shall be revoked, denied renewal or before it shall be suspended for any cause, the secretary shall conduct a hearing in accordance with the provisions of the Kansas administrative procedure act. The notice of hearing shall be sent to the registrant or permit holder at least 15 days prior to the hearing date and shall be served upon the registrant or permit holder by letter sent to such person's address as shown by the records of the secretary, setting out the time and place of the hearing and alleged grounds for revocation or suspension. The registrant or permit holder shall have the right to appear in person and by counsel and to testify and introduce evidence. If such person fails to appear, the matter may be heard in such person's absence. Any such hearing may be conducted by the secretary or by a hearing officer duly appointed by the secretary a presiding officer from the office of administrative hearings.

- Sec. 3. On and after July 1, 1999, K.S.A. 8-2426 is hereby amended to read as follows: 8-2426. Violation of K.S.A. 8-2406 and amendments thereto or K.S.A. 8-2425 and amendments thereto is unlawful, and any person violating any provision thereof shall be subject to civil penalty of not less than \$350 and not to exceed \$1,000, as determined by the director of vehicles or a person appointed by the director presiding officer from the office of administrative hearings after notice and hearing in accordance with the provisions of the Kansas administrative procedure act. The provisions of this section shall not affect the authority of the secretary of revenue or any officer of the department of revenue in enforcing any provision of the vehicle dealers and manufacturers licensing act, of which K.S.A. 8-2425 and amendments thereto and this section shall be a part.
- Sec. 4. On and after July 1, 1999, K.S.A. 21-3110 is hereby amended to read as follows: 21-3110. The following definitions shall apply when the words and phrases defined are used in this code, except when a particular context clearly requires a different meaning.
 - (1) "Act" includes a failure or omission to take action.
- (2) "Another" means a person or persons as defined in this code other than the person whose act is claimed to be criminal.
- (3) "Conduct" means an act or a series of acts, and the accompanying mental state.

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- (4) "Conviction" includes a judgment of guilt entered upon a plea of guilty.
- (5) "Deception" means knowingly and willfully making a false statement or representation, express or implied, pertaining to a present or past existing fact.
 - (6) To "deprive permanently" means to:
- (a) Take from the owner the possession, use or benefit of his or her property, without an intent to restore the same; or
- (b) Retain property without intent to restore the same or with intent to restore it to the owner only if the owner purchases or leases it back, or pays a reward or other compensation for its return; or
- (c) Sell, give, pledge or otherwise dispose of any interest in property or subject it to the claim of a person other than the owner.
- (7) "Dwelling" means a building or portion thereof, a tent, a vehicle or other enclosed space which is used or intended for use as a human habitation, home or residence.
- (8) "Forcible felony" includes any treason, murder, voluntary manslaughter, rape, robbery, burglary, arson, kidnapping, aggravated battery, aggravated sodomy and any other felony which involves the use or threat of physical force or violence against any person.
- (9) "Intent to defraud" means an intention to deceive another person, and to induce such other person, in reliance upon such deception, to assume, create, transfer, alter or terminate a right, obligation or power with reference to property.
- (10) "Law enforcement officer" means any person who by virtue of such person's office or public employment is vested by law with a duty to maintain public order or to make arrests for crimes, whether that duty extends to all crimes or is limited to specific crimes or any officer of the Kansas department of corrections or for the purposes of K.S.A. 21-3409, 21-3411 and 21-3415 and subsection (a)(2) of K.S.A. 21-3413 and amendments thereto, any employee of the Kansas department of corrections.
- (11) "Obtain" means to bring about a transfer of interest in or possession of property, whether to the offender or to another.
- (12) "Obtains or exerts control" over property includes but is not limited to, the taking, carrying away, or the sale, conveyance, or transfer of title to, interest in, or possession of property.
 - (13) "Owner" means a person who has any interest in property.
- (14) "Person" means an individual, public or private corporation, government, partnership, or unincorporated association.
- (15) "Personal property" means goods, chattels, effects, evidences of this in action and all written instruments by which any pecuniary obligation, or any right or title to property real or personal, shall be created, acknowledged, assigned, transferred, increased, defeated, discharged, or

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- (16) "Property" means anything of value, tangible or intangible, real or personal.
- (17) "Prosecution" means all legal proceedings by which a person's liability for a crime is determined.
- (18) "Public employee" is a person employed by or acting for the state or by or for a county, municipality or other subdivision or governmental instrumentality of the state for the purpose of exercising their respective powers and performing their respective duties, and who is not a "public officer."
- (19) "Public officer" includes the following, whether elected or appointed:
- (a) An executive or administrative officer of the state, or a county, municipality or other subdivision or governmental instrumentality of or within the state.
- (b) A member of the legislature or of a governing board of a county, municipality, or other subdivision of or within the state.
- (c) A judicial officer, which shall include a judge of the district court, juror, master or any other person appointed by a judge or court to hear or determine a cause or controversy.
- (d) A hearing officer or presiding officer, which shall include any person authorized by law or private agreement, to hear or determine a cause or controversy and who is not a judicial officer.
 - (e) A law enforcement officer.
- (f) Any other person exercising the functions of a public officer under color of right.
- (20) "Real property" or "real estate" means every estate, interest, and right in lands, tenements and hereditaments.
- (21) "Solicit" or "solicitation" means to command, authorize, urge, incite, request, or advise another to commit a crime.
- (22) "State" or "this state" means the state of Kansas and all land and water in respect to which the state of Kansas has either exclusive or concurrent jurisdiction, and the air space above such land and water. "Other state" means any state or territory of the United States, the District of Columbia and the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico.
- (23) "Stolen property" means property over which control has been obtained by theft.
- (24) "Threat" means a communicated intent to inflict physical or other harm on any person or on property.
- (25) "Written instrument" means any paper, document or other instrument containing written or printed matter or the equivalent thereof, used for purposes of reciting, embodying, conveying or recording information, and any money, token, stamp, seal, badge, trademark, or other

evidence or symbol of value, right, privilege or identification, which is capable of being used to the advantage or disadvantage of some person.

- Sec. 5. On and after July 1, 1999, K.S.A. 31-140 is hereby amended to read as follows: 31-140. Any person aggrieved by any order or ruling issued pursuant to the provisions of this act may appeal such order or ruling to the state fire marshal within 15 days from the date of the service of such order by filing a notice of such appeal in the office of the state fire marshal. The state fire marshal or the state fire marshal's authorized representative a presiding officer from the office of administrative hearings shall hear such person within 30 days after the receipt of such notice of appeal, and the hearing shall be held in accordance with the provisions of the Kansas administrative procedure act. The state fire marshal shall file a decision thereon and, unless by authority of the state fire marshal the order is revoked or modified, the order shall be complied with within the time fixed in such decision.
- Sec. 6. On and after July 1, 1999, K.S.A. 36-509 is hereby amended to read as follows: 36-509. (a) Whenever a timely request for a hearing shall be filed with the secretary pursuant to the provisions of this act the secretary shall set a time and place for such hearing which shall be held within not to exceed 20 days of the request therefor. Upon such hearing, the secretary or a person designated by the secretary as a hearing officer presiding officer from the office of administrative hearings may issue subpoenas for the attendance of witnesses and the production of relevant books and papers. At the hearing, the applicant shall have the right to be represented by counsel, to present witnesses and evidence in own behalf and to cross-examine adverse witnesses.
- (b) Upon completion of the hearing, the secretary may affirm, rescind or modify the order denying, suspending or revoking the applicant's license. Any person aggrieved by any such decision of the secretary may appeal to the district court in the manner provided by the act for judicial review and civil enforcement of agency actions.
- Sec. 7. On and after July 1, 1999, K.S.A. 40-2,137 is hereby amended to read as follows: 40-2,137. (a) The costs incurred by the department of insurance in conducting any administrative hearing authorized by article 33 of chapter 40 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated and subsection (c) of K.S.A. 40-929, subsection (a) of K.S.A. 40-930, K.S.A. 40-939, K.S.A. 40-940, subsections (g) and (h) of K.S.A. 40-1113, subsection (a) of K.S.A. 40-1114 and K.S.A. 40-1120, and amendments thereto, shall be assessed against insurers or rating organizations that are parties to the hearing in

ch proportion as the commissioner of insurance may determine upon sideration of all relevant circumstances including: (1) The nature of the hearing; (2) whether the hearing was instigated by, or for the benefit of a particular party or parties; (3) whether there is a successful party on

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the merits of the proceeding; (4) the relative levels of participation by the parties; and (5) with the exception of hearings held under article 33 of chapter 40 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, only when the disapproval of rates in question is upheld, a rating organization's license is suspended or revoked or a penalty is imposed as a result of the hearing.

- (b) For purposes of this section costs incurred shall mean the hearing presiding officer fees, cost of making a record and publishing notices, and travel expenses of department of insurance officers and employees, but costs incurred shall not include hearing presiding officer fees or cost of making a record unless the department has retained the services of independent contractors the office of administrative hearings or outside experts to perform such functions.
- (c) Any costs assessed hereunder shall be made by the commissioner as part of the final order or decision arising out of the proceeding. Such order or decision shall include findings and conclusions in support of the assessment of costs. This section shall not be construed as permitting the payment of travel expenses unless calculated in accordance with the applicable laws and rules and regulations of the state of Kansas. The commissioner as part of such order or decision may require all assessments for hearing presiding officer fees and cost of making a record, if any, to be paid directly to the hearing officer or court reporter office of administrative hearings by the party or parties assessed for such costs.
- Sec. 8. On and after July 1, 1999, K.S.A. 44-322a is hereby amended to read as follows: 44-322a. (a) Whenever a claim for unpaid wages under K.S.A. 44-313 through 44-326, and amendments thereto, is filed with the secretary of human resources, the secretary or the secretary's authorized representative shall investigate the claim as provided in K.S.A. 44-322 and amendments thereto to determine if a dispute exists between the parties to the claim. If the secretary or the secretary's authorized representative determines that a dispute does exist and that the parties are unable to resolve their differences, the secretary or the secretary's authorized representative a presiding officer from the office of administrative hearings shall establish a time and place for a hearing on the matter. The hearing shall be conducted in accordance with the provisions of the Kansas administrative procedure act.
- (b) Upon the completion of the hearing, the presiding officer shall determine whether the claim for unpaid wages is a valid claim under K.S.A. 44-313 through 44-326, and amendments thereto. If the presiding officer determines the claim for unpaid wages is valid, the amount of unpaid wages owed together with any damages which may be assessed under K.S.A. 44-315 and amendments thereto, if applicable, also shall be determined by the presiding officer. If the presiding officer determines the claim for unpaid wages is valid, the presiding officer shall order that

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the unpaid wages and any applicable damages be paid by the party responsible for their payment. Any initial order under this section shall be reviewed by the secretary or the secretary's authorized representative in accordance with K.S.A. 77-527 and amendments thereto. The decision of the secretary or the secretary's authorized representative shall be final and the amount of any unpaid wages and applicable damages determined by the secretary or the secretary's authorized representative to be valid shall be due and payable unless judicial review is sought within the time allowed by law.

- (c) Any agency action under this section is subject to review in accordance with the act for judicial review and civil enforcement of agency actions.
- Sec. 9. On and after July 1, 1999, K.S.A. 1997 Supp. 44-1005 is hereby amended to read as follows: 44-1005. (a) Any person claiming to be aggrieved by an alleged unlawful employment practice or by an alleged unlawful discriminatory practice, and who can articulate a prima facie case pursuant to a recognized legal theory of discrimination, may, personally or by an attorney-at-law, make, sign and file with the commission a verified complaint in writing, articulating the prima facie case, which shall also state the name and address of the person, employer, labor organization or employment agency alleged to have committed the unlawful employment practice complained of or the name and address of the person alleged to have committed the unlawful discriminatory practice complained of, and which shall set forth the particulars thereof and contain such other information as may be required by the commission.
- (b) The commission upon its own initiative or the attorney general may, in like manner, make, sign and file such complaint. Whenever the attorney general has sufficient reason to believe that any person as herein defined is engaged in a practice of discrimination, segregation or separation in violation of this act, the attorney general may make, sign and file a complaint. Any employer whose employees or some of whom, refuse or threaten to refuse to cooperate with the provisions of this act, may file with the commission a verified complaint asking for assistance by conciliation or other remedial action.
- (c) Whenever any problem of discrimination because of race, religion, color, sex, disability, national origin or ancestry arises, or whenever the commission has, in its own judgment, reason to believe that any person has engaged in an unlawful employment practice or an unlawful discriminatory practice in violation of this act, or has engaged in a pattern or practice of discrimination, the commission may conduct an investigation without filing a complaint and shall have the same powers during such investigation as provided for the investigation of complaints. The person to be investigated shall be advised of the nature and scope of such

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investigation prior to its commencement. The purpose of the investigation shall be to resolve any such problems promptly. In the event such problems cannot be resolved within a reasonable time, the commission may issue a complaint whenever the investigation has revealed a violation of the Kansas act against discrimination has occurred. The information gathered in the course of the first investigation may be used in processing the complaint.

- (d) After the filing of any complaint by an aggrieved individual, by the commission, or by the attorney general, the commission shall, within seven days after the filing of the complaint, serve a copy on each of the parties alleged to have violated this act, and shall designate one of the commissioners to make, with the assistance of the commission's staff, prompt investigation of the alleged act of discrimination. If the commissioner shall determine after such investigation that no probable cause exists for crediting the allegations of the complaint, such commissioner, within 10 business days from such determination, shall cause to be issued and served upon the complainant and respondent written notice of such determination.
- (e) If such commissioner after such investigation, shall determine that probable cause exists for crediting the allegations for the complaint, the commissioner or such other commissioner as the commission may designate, shall immediately endeavor to eliminate the unlawful employment practice or the unlawful discriminatory practice complained of by conference and conciliation. The complainant, respondent and commission shall have 45 days from the date respondent is notified in writing of a finding of probable cause to enter into a conciliation agreement signed by all parties in interest. The parties may amend a conciliation agreement at any time prior to the date of entering into such agreement. Upon agreement by the parties the time for entering into such agreement may be extended. The members of the commission and its staff shall not disclose what has transpired in the course of such endeavors.
- (f) In case of failure to eliminate such practices by conference and conciliation, or in advance thereof, if in the judgment of the commissioner or the commission circumstances so warrant, the commissioner or the commission shall commence a hearing in accordance with the provisions of the Kansas administrative procedure act naming as parties the complainant and the person, employer, labor organization, employment agency, realtor or financial institution named in such complaint, hereinafter referred to as respondent. A copy of the complaint shall be served on the respondent. At least four commissioners, a staff hearing examiner or a contract hearing examiner or a presiding officer from the office of administrative hearings shall be designated as the presiding officer. The place of such hearing shall be in the county where respondent is doing

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business and the acts complained of occurred.

(g) The complainant or respondent may apply to the presiding officer for the issuance of a subpoena for the attendance of any person or the production or examination of any books, records or documents pertinent to the proceeding at the hearing. Upon such application the presiding

officer shall issue such subpoena.

(h) The case in support of the complaint shall be presented before the presiding officer by one of the commission's attorneys or agents, or by private counsel, if any, of the complainant, and the commissioner who shall have previously made the investigation shall not participate in the hearing except as a witness. Any endeavors at conciliation shall not be received in evidence.

- (i) Any complaint filed pursuant to this act must be so filed within six months after the alleged act of discrimination, unless the act complained of constitutes a continuing pattern or practice of discrimination in which event it will be from the last act of discrimination. Complaints filed with the commission on or after July 1, 1996, may be dismissed by the commission on its own initiative; and shall be dismissed by the commission upon the written request of the complainant, if the commission has not issued a finding of probable cause or no probable cause or taken other administrative action dismissing the complaint within 300 days of the filing of the complaint. The commission shall mail written notice to all parties of dismissal of a complaint within five days of dismissal. Complaints filed with the commission before July 1, 1996, shall be dismissed by the commission upon the written request of the complainant, if the commission has not issued a finding of probable cause or no probable cause or taken other administrative action dismissing the complaint within 300 days of the filing of the complaint. Any such dismissal of a complaint in accordance with this section shall constitute final action by the commission which shall be deemed to exhaust all administrative remedies under the Kansas act against discrimination for the purpose of allowing subsequent filing of the matter in court by the complainant, without the requirement of filing a petition for reconsideration pursuant to K.S.A. 44-1010 and amendments thereto. Dismissal of a complaint in accordance with this section shall not be subject to appeal or judicial review by any court under the provisions of K.S.A. 44-1011 and amendments thereto. The provisions of this section shall not apply to complaints alleging discriminatory housing practices filed with the commission pursuant to K.S.A. 44-1015 et seq. and amendments thereto.
- (j) The respondent may file a written verified answer to the complaint and appear at such hearing in person or otherwise, with or without counsel, and submit testimony. The complainant shall appear at such hearing in person, with or without counsel, and submit testimony. The presiding

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officer or the complainant shall have the power reasonably and fairly to amend any complaint, and the respondent shall have like power to amend such respondent's answer. The presiding officer shall be bound by the rules of evidence prevailing in courts of law or equity, and only relevant evidence of reasonable probative value shall be received.

- (k) If the presiding officer finds a respondent has engaged in or is engaging in any unlawful employment practice or unlawful discriminatory practice as defined in this act, the presiding officer shall render an order requiring such respondent to cease and desist from such unlawful employment practice or such unlawful discriminatory practice and to take such affirmative action, including but not limited to the hiring, reinstatement, or upgrading of employees, with or without back pay, and the admission or restoration to membership in any respondent labor organizations; the admission to and full and equal enjoyment of the goods, services, facilities, and accommodations offered by any respondent place of public accommodation denied in violation of this act, as, in the judgment of the presiding officer, will effectuate the purposes of this act, and including a requirement for report of the manner of compliance. Such order may also include an award of damages for pain, suffering and humiliation which are incidental to the act of discrimination, except that an award for such pain, suffering and humiliation shall in no event exceed the sum of \$2,000.
- (l) Any state, county or municipal agency may pay a complainant back pay if it has entered into a conciliation agreement for such purposes with the commission, and may pay such back pay if it is ordered to do so by the commission.
- (m) If the presiding officer finds that a respondent has not engaged in any such unlawful employment practice, or any such unlawful discriminatory practice, the presiding officer shall render an order dismissing the complaint as to such respondent.
- (n) The commission shall review an initial order rendered under subsection (k) or (m). In addition to the parties, a copy of any final order shall be served on the attorney general and such other public officers as the commission may deem proper.
- (o) The commission shall, except as otherwise provided, establish rules of practice to govern, expedite and effectuate the foregoing procedure and its own actions thereunder. The rules of practice shall be available, upon written request, within 30 days after the date of adoption.
- Sec. 10. On and after July 1, 1999, K.S.A. 49-606 is hereby amended to read as follows: 49-606. (a) The director, with the approval of the commission, may deny issuance or renewal of a license for repeated or willful violation of the provisions of this act or for failure to comply with any provision of a reclamation plan.

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(b) The director, with the approval of the commission, may suspend or revoke a license for repeated or willful violation of any of the provisions of this act or for failure to comply with any provision of a reclamation plan. Proceedings for the suspension or revocation of a license pursuant to this section shall be conducted in accordance with the Kansas administrative procedure act by the director or a hearing officer appointed by the director presiding officer from the office of administrative hearings.

Sec. 11. On and after July 1, 1999, K.S.A. 1997 Supp. 65-163 is hereby amended to read as follows: 65-163. (a) (1) No person shall operate a public water supply system within the state without a public water supply system permit from the secretary. An application for a public water supply system permit shall be submitted for review and approval prior to construction and shall include: (A) A copy of the plans and specifications for the construction of the public water supply system or the extension thereof; (B) a description of the source from which the water supply is to be derived; (C) the proposed manner of storage, purification or treatment for the supply; and (D) such other data and information as required by the secretary of health and environment. No source of water supply in substitution for or in addition to the source described in the application or in any subsequent application for which a public water supply system permit is issued shall be used by a public water supply system, nor shall any change be made in the manner of storage, purification or treatment of the water supply without an additional public water supply system permit obtained in a manner similar to that prescribed by this section from the secretary.

(2) Whenever application is made to the secretary for a public water supply system permit under the provisions of this section, it shall be the duty of the secretary to examine the application without delay and, as soon as possible thereafter, to grant or deny the public water supply system permit subject to any conditions which may be imposed by the sec-

retary to protect the public health and welfare.

(3) The secretary may adopt rules and regulations establishing a program of annual certification by public water supply systems that have staff qualified to approve the extension of distribution systems without the necessity of securing an additional permit for the extension provided the plans for the extension are prepared by a professional engineer as defined by K.S.A. 74-7003, and amendments thereto.

(b) (1) Whenever a complaint is made to the secretary by any city of the state, by a local health officer, or by a county or joint board of health concerning the sanitary quality of any water supplied to the public within he county in which the city, local health officer or county or joint board of health is located, the secretary shall investigate the public water supply system about which the complaint is made. Whenever the secretary has

reason to believe that a public water supply system within the state is being operated in violation of an applicable state law or an applicable rule and regulation of the secretary, the secretary may investigate the public water supply system.

- (2) Whenever an investigation of any public water supply system is undertaken by the secretary, it shall be the duty of the supplier of water under investigation to furnish to the secretary information to determine the sanitary quality of the water supplied to the public and to determine compliance with applicable state laws and rules and regulations. The secretary may issue an order requiring changes in the source or sources of the public water supply system or in the manner of storage, purification or treatment utilized by the public water supply system before delivery to consumers, or distribution facilities, collectively or individually, as may in the secretary's judgment be necessary to safeguard the sanitary quality of the water and bring about compliance with applicable state law and rules and regulations. The supplier of water shall comply with the order of the secretary.
- (c) (1) As used in this subsection (c), "municipal water treatment residues" means any solid, semisolid or liquid residue generated during the treatment of water in a public water supply system treatment works.
- (2) A public water supply system may place or store municipal water treatment residues resulting from sedimentation, coagulation or softening treatment processes in basins on land under the ownership and control of the public water supply system operator provided that such storage or placement is approved and permitted by the secretary under this section as part of the public water supply system.
- (3) The secretary shall adopt uniform and comprehensive rules and regulations for the location, design and operation of such basins. Such rules and regulations shall require permit applications by the public water suppliers for such basins to include a copy of the plans and specifications for the location and construction of each basin, the means of conveyance of the treatment residues to such basins, the content of treatment residues, the proposed method of basin operation and closure, the method of any anticipated expansion and any other data and information required by the secretary.
- (4) Whenever complaint is made to the secretary by the mayor of any city of the state, by a local health officer or by a county or joint board of health, or whenever an investigation is undertaken at the initiative of the secretary, relating to any alleged violation of the provisions of the permit for placement or storage of municipal water treatment residues in such basins, the public water supply system operator shall furnish all information the secretary requires. If the secretary finds that there is any violation of the terms of the permit, that the means of placement and

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storage exceed the terms of the permit or that any other condition exists by reason of the means of placement and storage that may be detrimental to the health of any inhabitants of the state or to the environment, the secretary shall have the authority to issue an order amending the permit or otherwise requiring the operator to perform remedial measures to curtail or prevent such detrimental conditions.

(d) Orders of the secretary under this section, and hearings thereon, shall be subject to the provisions of the Kansas administrative procedure act. Any action of the secretary pursuant to this section is subject to review in accordance with the act for judicial review and civil enforcement of agency actions. The court on review shall hear the case without delay.

(e) The secretary shall establish by rule and regulation a system of fees for the inspection and regulation of public water supplies. No such fee shall exceed \$.002 per 1,000 gallons of water sold at retail by a public water supply system. All such fees shall be paid quarterly in the manner provided for fees imposed on retail sales by public water supply systems pursuant to K.S.A. 82a-954 and amendments thereto. The secretary shall remit to the state treasurer all moneys collected for such fees. Upon receipt thereof, the state treasurer shall deposit the entire amount in the state treasury and credit it to the public water supply fee fund created by K.S.A. 65-163c and amendments thereto.

(f) There is hereby created an advisory committee to make recommendations regarding: (1) Fees to be adopted by the secretary under subsection (e); (2) means of strengthening on-site technical assistance to public water supply systems; (3) standards for on-site and classroom water treatment operator certification programs; (4) other matters concerning public water supplies; and (5) to advise the secretary regarding expenditure of moneys in the public water supply fee fund created by K.S.A. 65-163c and amendments thereto. Such advisory committee shall consist of one member appointed by the secretary to represent the department of health and environment, one member appointed by the director of the Kansas water office to represent such office and two members appointed by the secretary as follows: One from three nominations submitted by the Kansas section of the American waterworks association, and one from three nominations submitted by the Kansas rural water association. Members of the advisory committee shall serve without compensation or reimbursement of expenses. The advisory committee shall meet at least four times each year on call of the secretary or a majority of the members of the committee.

Sec. 12. On and after July 1, 1999, K.S.A. 65-163a is hereby amended read as follows: 65-163a. (a) Any supplier of water may refuse to deliver water through pipes and mains to any premises where a condition exists which might lead to the contamination of the public water supply system

and may continue to refuse the delivery of water to the premises until the condition is remedied.

- (b) The secretary may order a supplier of water: (1) To cease the delivery of water through pipes and mains to a premise or premises where a condition exists which might lead to the contamination of the public water supply system; or (2) to cease an activity which would result in a violation of the state primary drinking water standards; or (3) to cease an activity which results in a continuing violation of the state primary drinking water standards; or (4) to comply with any combination of these orders. The supplier of water shall immediately comply with an order issued by the secretary under this section.
- (c) Orders of the secretary under this section, and hearings thereon, shall be subject to the provisions of the Kansas administrative procedure act. Any action of the secretary pursuant to this section is subject to review in accordance with the act for judicial review and civil enforcement of agency actions. The court on review shall hear the appeal without delay.
- Sec. 13. On and after July 1, 1999, K.S.A. 1997 Supp. 65-525 is hereby amended to read as follows: 65-525. Except as otherwise provided in K.S.A. 1997 Supp. 65-531 and amendments thereto, information received by the licensing agency through filed reports, inspections or otherwise authorized under K.S.A. 65-501 to 65-522, inclusive, and amendments thereto shall not be disclosed publicly in such manner as to identify individuals. In any hearings conducted under the licensing or regulation provisions of K.S.A. 65-501 to 65-522, inclusive, and amendments thereto, the hearing presiding officer may close the hearing to the public to prevent public disclosure of matters relating to individuals restricted by other laws.
- Sec. 14. On and after July 1, 1999, K.S.A. 1997 Supp. 65-526 is hereby amended to read as follows: 65-526. The secretary of health and environment, in addition to any other penalty prescribed under article 5 of chapter 65 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, or acts amendatory of the provisions thereof or supplemental thereto, may assess a civil fine, after proper notice and an opportunity to be heard in accordance with the Kansas administrative procedure act, against a licensee or registrant for a violation of such provisions or rules and regulations adopted pursuant thereto which affect significantly and adversely the health, safety or sanitation of children in a child care facility or family day care home. A civil fine assessed under this section shall not exceed \$500. All fines assessed and collected under this section shall be remitted promptly to the state treasurer. Upon receipt thereof, the state treasurer shall deposit the entire amount in the state treasury and credit it to the state general fund.
 - Sec. 15. On and after July 1, 1999, K.S.A. 65-673 is hereby amended

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to read as follows: 65-673. (a) The authority to promulgate rules and regulations for the efficient enforcement of this act is hereby vested in the secretary. The secretary is hereby authorized to make the regulations promulgated under this act conform, insofar as practicable, with those promulgated under the federal act.

- (b) Hearings authorized or required by this act shall be conducted by the secretary or by a hearing officer designated by the secretary presiding officer from the office of administrative hearings for this purpose. The secretary shall prescribe by rule and regulation the procedure for conducting hearings. The hearing presiding officer shall have the same powers in conducting a hearing as the secretary. In conducting a hearing the secretary or the hearing presiding officer may issue subpoenas to compel the attendance of witnesses, administer oaths, take testimony, require the production of books, papers, records, correspondence or other documents which the secretary or the hearing presiding officer deems relevant and render decisions. In case of the refusal of any person to comply with any subpoena issued under this section or to testify with respect to any matter which the person may be lawfully questioned, the district court of any county on application of the secretary may issue an order requiring such person to comply with the subpoena and to testify, and any failure to obey the order of the court may be punished by the court as a contempt thereof. Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this subsection, hearings on an order, as defined in subsection (d) of K.S.A. 77-502 and amendments thereto, shall be conducted in accordance with the provisions of the Kansas administrative procedure act.
- (c) Before promulgating any rules and regulations contemplated by K.S.A. 65-663, 65-665, 65-666, 65-669, or 65-672, and amendments thereto, the secretary shall give appropriate notice of the proposal and of the time and place for a hearing as provided in this act. Such rules and regulations may be amended or revoked in the same manner as is provided by law for adoption.
- Sec. 16. On and after July 1, 1999, K.S.A. 65-720a is hereby amended to read as follows: 65-720a. (a) The term "frozen dairy dessert" means and includes products containing milk or cream and other ingredients which are frozen or semi-frozen prior to consumption, such as ice cream, ice milk or sherbet, including frozen dairy desserts for special dietary purposes.
- (b) It shall be the duty of the state board secretary of agriculture, and it is hereby authorized, to prescribe and adopt rules and regulations es'ishing definitions and standards of identity and quality for frozen dairy

erts. Prior to the adoption of any rules and regulations establishing actinitions and standards for these products, the board or its authorized representative secretary shall give notice to all known interested persons

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of the time and place of a hearing, at which time any interested person may appear and present such person's views. The board may appoint a hearing officer to secretary or a presiding officer from the office of administrative hearings shall conduct such hearing and make recommendations.

- (c) The board secretary, in adopting rules and regulations establishing such definitions and standards, shall take into consideration the following as guidelines for establishment of such standards: (a) Ingredients; (b) pasteurization; (c) acidity; (d) butterfat, milk solids and total food solids content; (e) weight per unit of measurement; (f) flavor; and flavor labeling; (g) coloring, and (h) the standards of other states and those adopted under the federal food, drug and cosmetic act, for the sake of uniformity.
- (d) Nothing in this section or in any rules and regulations adopted pursuant to this section shall prohibit a licensed food service establishment from preparing ice cream for sale to customers of the food service establishment so long as the ice cream mix or mixture is cooked, and if such ice cream mix or mixture contains eggs is cooked according to federal food and drug administration general provisions for making frozen desserts using a high temperature, short-term method, all dairy products used in such mixture are pasteurized and the bacteria and coliform quality standards for the ice cream are within the limits established under K.S.A. 65-720f and amendments thereto.
- Sec. 17. On and after July 1, 1999, K.S.A. 65-747 is hereby amended to read as follows: 65-747. It shall be unlawful for any person required to pay or remit a fee under this act to sell, offer for sale, receive or distribute grade A raw milk for pasteurization, grade A pasteurized milk or grade A pasteurized milk products within this state without holding a valid permit to do so from the state dairy commissioner. Such permit shall be issued upon application to the dairy commissioner, and no fee shall be charged therefor. Whenever the dairy commissioner shall determine that any person holding such permit has failed to pay or remit any required fee or fees, or any part thereof, or has failed to submit a required report, or has submitted a false report, the commissioner may, upon due notice and a hearing thereon, revoke or suspend such permit. Any such hearing shall be held by the state board of agriculture through the dairy commissioner or the dairy commissioner's authorized representative or by a hearing officer, duly appointed by the board through the dairy commissioner or the dairy commissioner's authorized representative a presiding officer from the office of administrative hearings. The required notice and hearing shall be in accordance with the provisions of the Kansas administrative procedure act.
- Sec. 18. On and after July 1, 1999, K.S.A. 65-753 is hereby amended to read as follows: 65-753. (a) If the state board of agriculture through

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the dairy commissioner or the dairy commissioner's authorized representative determines after notice and opportunity for a hearing that any person has engaged in or is engaging in any act or practice constituting a violation of any provision of this act or any rule and regulation or order issued thereunder, the state board of agriculture through the dairy commissioner by written order, may require that such person cease and desist from the unlawful act or practice and take such affirmative action as in the judgment of the state board of agriculture through the dairy commissioner will carry out the purposes of the violated or potentially violated provision of this act or rule and regulation or order issued thereunder.

(b) If the state board of agriculture through the dairy commissioner makes written findings of fact that there is a situation involving an immediate danger to the public health, safety or welfare or that the public interest will be irreparably harmed by delay in issuing an order under subsection (a), the state board of agriculture through the dairy commissioner may issue an emergency temporary cease and desist order. Such order, even when not an order within the meaning of K.S.A. 77-502, and amendments thereto, shall be subject to the same procedures as an emergency order issued under K.S.A. 77-536, and amendments thereto. Upon the entry of such an order, the state board of agriculture through the dairy commissioner shall promptly notify the person subject to the order that: (1) It has been entered; (2) the reasons therefor; and (3) that upon written request within 15 days after service of the order the matter will be set for a hearing which shall be conducted in accordance with the provisions of the Kansas administrative procedure act. If no hearing is requested and none is ordered by the dairy commissioner, the order will remain in effect until it is modified or vacated by the state board of agriculture through the dairy commissioner. If a hearing is requested or ordered, the state board of agriculture through the dairy commissioner after giving notice of and opportunity for hearing to the person subject to the order, shall by written findings of fact and conclusions of law vacate, modify or make permanent the order.

Sec. 19. On and after July 1, 1999, K.S.A. 65-2305 is hereby amended to read as follows: 65-2305. (a) The secretary of health and environment shall have the power and authority and is hereby charged with the duty of enforcing the provisions of this act, and the secretary is hereby authorized and directed to make, amend or revoke rules and regulations and orders for the efficient enforcement of this act.

(b) In the event of findings by the secretary that there is an existing r imminent shortage of any ingredient required to enrich flour, white read or rolls in order to comply with this act, and that because of such shortage the sale and distribution of flour or white bread or rolls may be impeded by the enforcement of this act, the secretary shall issue an order,

to be effective immediately upon issuance, permitting the omission of such ingredient from flour or white bread or rolls; and if the secretary finds it necessary or appropriate, excepting such foods from the labeling requirements of this act until the further order of the secretary. Any such findings may be made without hearing on the basis of an order or of factual information supplied by the appropriate agency or officer. In the absence of any such order of the appropriate agency or factual information supplied by it, the secretary on the secretary's own motion may, and upon receiving the sworn statement of 10 or more persons subject to this act that they believe such a shortage exists or is imminent shall hold a public hearing as provided in subsection (f) with respect thereto, at which any interested person may present evidence; and shall make findings based upon the evidence presented.

(c) Whenever the secretary has reason to believe that such shortage no longer exists, the secretary shall hold a public hearing as provided in subsection (f), after notice shall have been given as provided in K.S.A. 77-421 prior to adoption of rules and regulations, at which any interested person may present evidence, and the secretary shall make findings based upon the evidence so presented. If the secretary's findings be that such shortage no longer exists, the secretary shall issue an order revoking such previous order. Undisposed floor stocks of flour on hand at the effective date of such revocation order, or flour manufactured prior to such effective date, for sale in this state may thereafter be lawfully sold or disposed of.

(d) All orders and rules and regulations adopted by the secretary pursuant to this act shall become effective as provided by law.

(e) For the purposes of this act, the secretary is authorized to take samples for analysis and to conduct examinations and investigations through any officers or employees under the secretary's supervision, and all such officers and employees shall have authority to enter, at reasonable times, any factory, mill, warehouse, shop or establishment where flour, white bread or rolls are manufactured, processed, packed, sold, or held, or any vehicle being used for the transportation thereof, and to inspect any such place or vehicle and any flour, white bread or rolls therein, and all pertinent equipment, materials, containers and labeling.

(f) The secretary shall prescribe by rule and regulation the procedure for conducting a hearing under this section and may designate a hearing officer to conduct the hearing. The hearing officer shall have the same wers in conducting the hearing as the secretary. All administrative procedings conducted pursuant to article 23 of chapter 65 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto, shall be conducted in accordance with the provisions of the Kansas administrative procedures act and the act for judicial review and civil enforcement of agency actions.

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In conducting the hearing the secretary or the hearing presiding officer may issue subpoenas to compel the attendance of witnesses, administer oaths, take testimony, require the production of books, papers, records, correspondence or other documents which the secretary or the hearing presiding officer deems relevant and render decisions. In case of the refusal of any person to comply with any subpoena issued under this section or to testify with respect to any matter about which the person may be lawfully questioned, the district court of any county on application of the secretary may issue an order requiring such person to comply with the subpoena and to testify, and any failure to obey the order of the court may be punished by the court as a contempt thereof.

Sec. 20. On and after July 1, 1999, K.S.A. 65-3483 is hereby amended to read as follows: 65-3483. (a) If, within 150 days after receipt of an application, the secretary has not denied the application, the secretary shall notify the board of county commissioners and the governing bodies of all cities located within a ten-mile radius of the proposed facility. The secretary also shall notify the state corporation commission and the secretary of wildlife and parks of the proposed facility.

(b) If the secretary determines that such application should be approved, the secretary shall immediately notify the county commissioners and the governing bodies of all cities located within a ten-mile radius of the proposed facility.

(c) Within 10 days after the secretary has determined that such application should be approved, the secretary shall:

(1) Set a date and arrange for publication of notice of a public hearing in a newspaper having major circulation in the vicinity of the proposed facility. Such hearing shall be in the county in which the proposed facility will be located. Additional hearings may be held at such other places as the secretary deems suitable. At such hearing or hearings, the applicant may present testimony in favor of the application. Any person may appear or be represented by counsel to present testimony in support of or opposition to the application. The public notice shall:

(A) Contain a map indicating the location of the proposed facility, a description of the proposed action and the location where the application may be reviewed and where copies may be obtained.

(B) Identify the time, place and location for the public hearing held to receive public comment and input on the application.

(2) Publish the notice not less than 30 days before the date of the public hearing.

(d) Comment and input on the proposed facility may be presented ally or in writing at the public hearing, and shall continue to be accepted in writing by the secretary for 15 days after the public hearing date.

(e) The secretary shall consider the impact of the proposed facility

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- on the surrounding area in which it is to be located and make a final determination on the application.
 - (f) The secretary shall consider, at a minimum:
 - (1) The risk and impact of accident during the transportation of PCB;
- (2) the risk and impact of contamination of ground and surface water by leaching and runoff from the proposed facility;
- (3) the risk of fires or explosions from improper storage and disposal methods;
- (4) the impact on the surrounding area where the proposed facility is to be located in terms of the health, safety, cost and consistency with local planning and existing development. The secretary also shall consider local ordinances, permits or other requirements and their potential relationship to the proposed facility;
 - (5) an evaluation of measures to mitigate adverse effects;
- (6) the nature of the probable environmental impact including the specification of the predictable adverse effects on the following:
 - (A) The natural environment and ecology;
 - (B) public health and safety;
 - (C) scenic, historic, cultural and recreational value; and
 - (D) water and air quality and wildlife.
- (g) The secretary also shall consider the concerns and objections submitted by the public. The secretary shall facilitate efforts to provide that the concerns and objections are mitigated by establishing additional stipulations specifically applicable to the proposed site and operation at that site. The secretary, to the fullest extent practicable, shall integrate by stipulation the provisions of the local ordinances, permits or requirements.
- (h) The secretary may seek the advice, which shall be given in writing and entered into the public record of the public hearing, of any person in order to render a decision to approve or deny the application.
- (i) The public hearing required under subsection (c) shall be conducted in accordance with the provisions of the Kansas administrative procedure act.
- Sec. 21. On and after July 1, 1999, K.S.A. 65-3488 is hereby amended to read as follows: 65-3488. (a) Permits for PCB disposal facilities shall be issued for fixed terms not to exceed 10 years.
- (b) Plans, designs and relevant data for the construction of PCB disposal facilities shall be prepared by a professional engineer licensed to practice in Kansas and shall be submitted to the department for approval prior to the construction, modification or operation of such a facility.
- (c) Permits granted by the secretary, as provided in this act, shall be revocable or subject to suspension whenever the secretary determines that the PCB disposal facility is, or has been constructed in violation of

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this act or the rules and regulations or standards adopted pursuant to the act, or is creating a hazard to the public health or safety or to the environment, or for failure to make payment of any fee to any funds created under this act.

(d) In case any permit is denied, suspended or revoked any person aggrieved by such decision may request a hearing before the secretary in the same manner provided by K.S.A. 65-3440, and amendments thereto. Such hearings shall be conducted in accordance with the Kansas administrative procedure act.

Sec. 22. On and after July 1, 1999, K.S.A. 65-3490 is hereby amended to read as follows: 65-3490. (a) The secretary or the director of the division of environment, if designated by the secretary, upon a finding that a person has violated any provision of this act or any rule and regulation adopted by the secretary pursuant to this act may impose a penalty not to exceed \$10,000 which shall constitute an actual and substantial economic deterrent to the violation for which it is assessed and, in the case of a continuing violation, every day such violation continues shall be deemed a separate violation.

(b) No penalty shall be imposed pursuant to this section except after notice of violation and opportunity for hearing upon the written order of the secretary or the director of the division of environment, if designated by the secretary, to the person who committed the violation. The order shall state the violation, the penalty to be imposed and, in the case of an order of the director of the division of environment, the right to appeal to the secretary for a hearing thereon. Any person may appeal an order of the director of the division of environment by making a written request to the secretary for a hearing within 15 days of receipt service of such order. The secretary shall hear the person within 30 days after receipt of such request, unless such time period is waived or extended by written consent of all parties or by a showing of good cause, and shall give not less than 10 days' written notice of the time and place of the hearing. Within 30 days after such hearing and receipt of briefs or oral arguments, unless such time period is waived or extended by written consent of all parties or by a showing of good cause, the secretary shall affirm, reverse or modify the order of the director and shall specify the reasons therefor. Nothing in this act shall require the observance of formal rules of evidence or pleading at any hearing before the secretary or director. Hearings under this subsection shall be conducted in accordance with the Kansas administrative procedure act.

(c) Any party aggrieved by an order under this section shall have the ht of appeal in the same manner provided by K.S.A. 65-3440, and amendments thereto may obtain review of such order in accordance with the act for judicial review and civil enforcement of agency actions.

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Sec. 23. On and after July 1, 1999, K.S.A. 66-1,117 is hereby amended to read as follows: 66-1,117. The corporation commission shall prescribe forms of applications for certificates, permits, and licenses for the use of prospective applicants and shall make regulations for the filing thereof. The commission may designate one of its attorneys use a presiding officer from the office of administrative hearings as a presiding officer for the hearing of any application for a certificate or license and the presiding officer shall make written findings and recommendations to the commission.

Sec. 24. On and after July 1, 1999, K.S.A. 1997 Supp. 74-4904 is hereby amended to read as follows: 74-4904. (1) The system may sue and be sued in its official name, but its trustees, officers, employees and agents shall not be personally liable for acts of the system unless such person acted with willful, wanton or fraudulent misconduct or intentionally tortious conduct. Any agreement in settlement of litigation involving the system and the investment of moneys of the fund is a public record as provided in K.S.A. 45-215 et seq. and amendments thereto and subject to the provisions of that act. The service of all legal process and of all notices which may be required to be in writing, whether legal proceedings or otherwise, shall be had on the executive secretary at such executive secretary's office. All actions or proceedings directly or indirectly against the system shall be brought in Shawnee county.

Any person aggrieved by any order or decision of the board made without a hearing, may, within 30 days after notice of the order or decision of the board make written request to the board for a hearing thereon. The board shall hear such party or parties in accordance with the provisions of the Kansas administrative procedure act at its next regular meeting or at a special meeting within 60 days after receipt of such request. For the purpose of any hearing under this section, the board may appoint one or more presiding officers. Any such presiding officer shall be a member of the board or an employee of the board. Any such appointment shall apply to a particular hearing or to a set or class of hearings as specified by the board in making such appointment use a presiding officer from the office of administrative hearings. The board shall review an initial order resulting from a hearing under this section. Any member of the board who serves as a presiding officer shall be reimbursed for actual and necessary expenses and shall receive compensation in an amount fixed by the board not to exceed the per diem compensation allowable for members of the board.

Sec. 25. On and after July 1, 1999, K.S.A. 1997 Supp. 74-8804 is hereby amended to read as follows: 74-8804. (a) During race meetings, the commission and its designated employees may observe and inspect all racetrack facilities operated by licensees and all racetracks simulcasting

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races to racetrack facilities in Kansas, including but not limited to all machines, equipment and facilities used for parimutuel wagering.

- (b) Commission members and hearing presiding officers designated by the commission may administer oaths and take depositions to the same extent and subject to the same limitations as would apply if the deposition was in aid of a civil action in the district court.
- (c) The commission may examine, or cause to be examined by any agent or representative designated by the commission, any books, papers, records or memoranda of any licensee, or of any racetrack or business involved in simulcasting races to racetrack facilities in Kansas, for the purpose of ascertaining compliance with any provision of this act or any rule and regulation adopted hereunder.
- (d) The commission may issue subpoenas to compel access to or for the production of any books, papers, records or memoranda in the custody or control of any licensee or officer, member, employee or agent of any licensee, or to compel the appearance of any licensee or officer, member, employee or agent of any licensee, or of any racetrack or business involved in simulcasting races to racetrack facilities in this state, for the purpose of ascertaining compliance with any of the provisions of this act or any rule and regulation adopted hereunder. Subpoenas issued pursuant to this subsection may be served upon individuals and corporations in the same manner provided in K.S.A. 60-304 and amendments thereto for the service of process by any officer authorized to serve subpoenas in civil actions or by the commission or an agent or representative designated by the commission. In the case of the refusal of any person to comply with any such subpoena, the executive director may make application to the district court of any county where such books, papers, records, memoranda or person is located for an order to comply.
- (e) The commission shall allocate equitably race meeting dates, racing days and hours to all organization licensees and assign such dates and hours so as to minimize conflicting dates and hours within the same geographic market area.
- (f) The commission shall have the authority, after notice and an opportunity for hearing in accordance with rules and regulations adopted by the commission, to exclude, or cause to be expelled, from any race meeting or racetrack facility, or to prohibit a licensee from conducting business with any person:
- (1) Who has violated the provisions of this act or any rule and regulation or order of the commission;
- (2) who has been convicted of a violation of the racing or gambling aws of this or any other state or of the United States or has been adjudicated of committing as a juvenile an act which, if committed by an adult, would constitute such a violation; or

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- (3) whose presence, in the opinion of the commission, reflects adversely on the honesty and integrity of horse or greyhound racing or interferes with the orderly conduct of a race meeting.
- (g) The commission shall review and approve all proposed construction and major renovations to racetrack facilities owned or leased by licensees.
- (h) The commission shall review and approve all proposed contracts with racetracks or businesses involved in simulcasting races to racetrack facilities in Kansas.
- (i) The commission may suspend a horse or greyhound from participation in races if such horse or greyhound has been involved in any violation of the provisions of this act or any rule and regulation or order of the commission.
- (j) The commission, within 72 hours after any action taken by a steward or racing judge and upon appeal by any interested party or upon its own initiative, may overrule any decision of a steward or racing judge, other than a decision regarding disqualifications for interference during the running of a race, if the preponderance of evidence indicates that:
 - (1) The steward or racing judge mistakenly interpreted the law;
 - (2) new evidence of a convincing nature is produced; or
 - (3) the best interests of racing and the state may be better served.

A decision of the commission to overrule any decision of a steward or racing judge shall not change the distribution of parimutuel pools to the holders of winning tickets. A decision of the commission which would affect the distribution of purses in any race shall not result in a change in that distribution unless a written claim is submitted to the commission within 48 hours after completion of the contested race by one of the owners or trainers of a horse or greyhound which participated in such race and a preponderance of evidence clearly indicates to the commission that one or more of the grounds for protest, as provided for in rules and regulations of the commission, has been substantiated.

- (k) The commission, after notice and a hearing in accordance with rules and regulations adopted by the commission, may impose a civil fine not exceeding \$5,000 for each violation of any provision of this act, or any rule and regulation of the commission, for which no other penalty is provided.
- (l) The commission shall adopt rules and regulations specifying and regulating:
- (1) Those drugs and medications which may be administered, and possessed for administration, to a horse or greyhound within the confines of a racetrack facility; and
- (2) that equipment for administering drugs or medications to horses or greyhounds which may be possessed within the confines of a racetrack

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- (m) The commission may adopt rules and regulations providing for the testing of any licensees of the commission, and any officers, directors and employees thereof, to determine whether they are users of any controlled substances.
- (n) The commission shall require fingerprinting of all persons necessary to verify qualification for employment by the commission or to verify qualification for any license, including a simulcasting license, issued pursuant to this act. The commission shall submit such fingerprints to the Kansas bureau of investigation and to the federal bureau of investigation for the purposes of verifying the identity of such persons and obtaining records of criminal arrests and convictions.
- (o) The commission may receive from commission security personnel, the Kansas bureau of investigation or other criminal justice agencies, including but not limited to the federal bureau of investigation and the federal internal revenue service, such criminal history record information (including arrest and nonconviction data), criminal intelligence information and information relating to criminal and background investigations as necessary for the purpose of determining qualifications of licensees of the commission, employees of the commission, applicants for employment by the commission, and applicants for licensure by the commission, including applicants for simulcasting licenses. Upon the written request of the chairperson of the commission, the commission may receive from the district courts such information relating to juvenile proceedings as necessary for the purpose of determining qualifications of employees of and applicants for employment by the commission and determining qualifications of licensees of and applicants for licensure by the commission. Such information, other than conviction data, shall be confidential and shall not be disclosed except to members and employees of the commission as necessary to determine qualifications of such licensees, employees and applicants. Any other disclosure of such confidential information is a class A misdemeanor and shall constitute grounds for removal from office, termination of employment or denial, revocation or suspension of any license issued under this act.
- (p) The commission, in accordance with K.S.A. 75-4319 and amendments thereto, may recess for a closed or executive meeting to receive and discuss information received by the commission pursuant to subsection (o) and to negotiate with licensees of or applicants for licensure by the commission regarding any such information.
- (q) The commission may enter into agreements with the federal bu-1 of investigation, the federal internal revenue service, the Kansas corney general or any state, federal or local agency as necessary to carry out the duties of the commission under this act.

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(r) The commission shall adopt such rules and regulations as necessary to implement and enforce the provisions of this act.

Sec. 26. On and after July 1, 1999, K.S.A. 1997 Supp. 74-8816 is hereby amended to read as follows: 74-8816. (a) The commission shall require occupation licenses for:

(1) Any owner of a horse or greyhound participating in a race conducted by an organization licensee;

(2) any person whose work, in whole or in part, is conducted within a racetrack facility owned or leased by an organization licensee, including trainers, jockeys, agents, apprentices, grooms, exercise persons, veterinarians, valets, blacksmiths, stewards, racing judges, starters, timers, supervisors of mutuels, parimutuel tellers and clerks, guards and such other personnel designated by the commission.

(b) An occupation license shall be obtained from the commission prior to the time a person engages in activities for which such license is required, regardless of whether a race meeting is being conducted.

- (c) A person required to be licensed pursuant to subsection (a) shall apply for such license in a manner and upon forms prescribed and furnished by the commission. The commission may require the applicant to submit to fingerprinting. Occupation licenses shall be issued for a period established by the commission but not less than one year or more than three years. The commission shall establish the amount of application fees and license fees for different types of occupation licenses, but no such fee shall exceed \$200 a year. The application fee shall not be refundable if the applicant fails to qualify for a license and shall include the cost of processing fingerprints if they are required by the commission.
- (d) The commission may require an applicant for an occupation license as a condition of licensure to consent to allow agents of the Kansas bureau of investigation or security personnel of the commission to search without warrant the licensee's person, personal property and work premises while within the racetrack facility or adjacent facilities under the control of the organization licensee for the purpose of investigating possible criminal violations of this act or violations of rules and regulations of the commission.
- (e) Denial of an occupation license by the commission shall be in accordance with the Kansas administrative procedure act. The commission may refuse to issue an occupation license to any person who:
- (1) Has been convicted of a felony by a court of any state or of the United States or has been adjudicated in the last five years in any such court of committing as a juvenile an act which, if committed by an adult, would constitute a felony;
- (2) has been convicted of a violation of any law of any state or of the United States involving gambling or controlled substances or has been

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juvenile an act which, if committed by an adult, would constitute such a violation:

- (3) is not qualified to perform the duties associated with the license being applied for;
- (4) fails to disclose any material fact or provides information, knowing such information to be false, when applying for the license;
- (5) has been found by the commission to have violated any provision of this act or any rule and regulation of the commission;
- (6) has had an occupation license suspended, revoked or denied for just cause in any other jurisdiction;
- (7) has committed two or more acts of violence within the past two years as established by a court of competent jurisdiction of any state or of the United States; or
- (8) has failed to meet any monetary or tax obligation to the federal government or to any state or local government, whether or not relating to the conduct or operation of a race meet held in this state or any other jurisdiction.
- (f) The commission may suspend or revoke an occupation license for any reason which would justify refusal to issue such a license and may impose a fine not exceeding \$5,000 for each violation upon any occupation licensee found to have violated any provision of this act or any rule and regulation of the commission. Such fine may be imposed in addition to or in lieu of suspending or revoking such person's occupation license. Proceedings for the suspension or revocation of an occupation license or imposition of a fine pursuant to this subsection shall be conducted by the commission or its appointed hearing officer a presiding officer from the office of administrative hearings in accordance with the Kansas administrative procedure act.
- (g) The commission may provide by rules and regulations for the temporary suspension of an occupation license by summary adjudicative proceedings in accordance with the Kansas administrative procedure act upon finding that there is probable cause to believe that grounds exist for a permanent suspension or revocation of such license. Such suspension shall be for a period not exceeding 30 days. Upon expiration of such suspension, the license shall be restored unless the license has been suspended or revoked pursuant to subsection (f).
- (h) The stewards at any horse race meeting and the racing judges at any greyhound race meeting may impose on an occupation licensee a civil fine not exceeding \$500 or may suspend any occupation licensee's license
- a period not exceeding 15 days upon a finding by at least two of the wards or racing judges that there is probable cause to believe that the occupation licensee has violated the provisions of this act or any rule or

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except after notice and opportunity for hearing in accordance with procedures established by rules and regulations of the commission. Any order imposing such a fine or suspension is effective when rendered. The order shall be subject to appeal to the commission, and may be stayed pending such appeal, as provided by rules and regulations of the commission. Proceedings on appeal shall be in accordance with the provisions of the Kansas administrative procedure act.

- Sec. 27. On and after July 1, 1999, K.S.A. 1997 Supp. 74-8817 is hereby amended to read as follows: 74-8817. (a) No organization licensee or facility manager licensee shall permit any business not owned and operated by the organization licensee to sell goods or services within a racetrack facility where the organization licensee conducts race meetings unless such business has been issued a concessionaire license by the commission.
- (b) Businesses required to be licensed pursuant to this section shall apply for concessionaire licenses in a manner and upon forms prescribed and furnished by the commission. The commission shall require disclosure of information about the owners and officers of each applicant and may require such owners and officers to submit to fingerprinting. The commission also may require disclosure of information about and fingerprinting of such employees of each applicant as the commission considers necessary. Concessionaire licenses shall be issued for a period of time established by the commission but not to exceed 10 years. The commission shall establish a schedule of application fees and license fees for concessionaire licenses based upon the type and size of business. The application fee shall not be refundable if the business fails to qualify for a license. If the application fee is insufficient to pay the reasonable expenses of processing the application and investigating the applicant's qualifications for licensure, the commission shall require the applicant to pay to the commission, at such times and in such form as required by the commission, any additional amounts necessary to pay such expenses. No license shall be issued to an applicant until the applicant has paid such additional amounts in full, and such amounts shall not be refundable except to the extent that they exceed the actual expenses of processing the application and investigating the applicant's qualifications for licensure.
- (c) The commission may require applicants as a condition of licensure to consent to allow agents of the Kansas bureau of investigation or security personnel of the commission to search without warrant the licensee's remises and personal property and the persons of its owners, officers id employees while engaged in the licensee's business within the race-track facility or adjacent facilities under the control of the organization

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licensee for the purpose of investigating criminal violations of this act or violations of rules and regulations of the commission.

(d) Denial of a concessionaire license by the commission shall be in accordance with the Kansas administrative procedure act. The commission may refuse to issue a concessionaire license to any business if any person having an ownership interest in such business, any person who is an officer of such business or any person employed by such business within the racetrack facility:

(1) Has been convicted of a felony in a court of any state or of the United States or has been adjudicated in the last five years in any such court of committing as a juvenile an act which, if committed by an adult, would constitute a felony;

(2) has been convicted of a violation of any law of any state or of the United States involving gambling or controlled substances or has been adjudicated in the last five years in any such court of committing as a juvenile an act which, if committed by an adult, would constitute such a violation;

(3) fails to disclose any material fact or provides information, knowing such information to be false, in connection with the application for the license;

(4) has been found by the commission to have violated any provision of this act or any rule and regulation of the commission; or

(5) has failed to meet any monetary or tax obligation to the federal government or to any state or local government, whether or not relating to the conduct or operation of a race meet held in this state or any other jurisdiction.

(e) The commission may suspend or revoke the concessionaire license of any business for any reason which would justify refusal to issue such a license. Proceedings to suspend or revoke such license shall be conducted by the commission or its appointed hearing officer a presiding officer from the office of administrative hearings in accordance with the provisions of the Kansas administrative procedure act.

(f) The commission may provide by rules and regulations for the temporary suspension of a concessionaire license by summary adjudicative proceedings in accordance with the Kansas administrative procedure act upon finding that there is probable cause to believe that grounds exist for a permanent suspension or revocation of such license. Such suspension shall be for a period not exceeding 30 days. Upon expiration of such suspension, the license shall be restored unless the license has been suspension,

ded or revoked as a result of proceedings conducted pursuant to subon (e).

Sec. 28. On and after July 1, 1999, K.S.A. 1997 Supp. 74-8837 is hereby amended to read as follows: 74-8837. (a) No organization licensee

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or facility manager licensee shall permit any business not owned and operated by the organization licensee to provide integral racing or wagering equipment or services, as designated by the commission, to an organization licensee unless such business has been issued a racing or wagering equipment or services license by the commission. Such equipment and services include but are not limited to totalisator, photo finish, video replay and video reception and transmission equipment or services.

(b) Businesses required to be licensed pursuant to this section shall apply for racing or wagering equipment or services licenses in a manner and upon forms prescribed and furnished by the commission. The commission shall require disclosure of information about the owners and officers of each applicant and may require such owners and officers to submit to fingerprinting. The commission also may require disclosure of information about and fingerprinting of such employees of each applicant as the commission considers necessary. Racing or wagering equipment or services licenses shall be issued for a period of time established by the commission but not to exceed 10 years. The commission shall establish a schedule of application fees and license fees for racing or wagering equipment or services licenses based upon the type and size of business. The application fee shall not be refundable if the business fails to qualify for a license. If the application fee is insufficient to pay the reasonable expenses of processing the application and investigating the applicant's qualifications for licensure, the commission shall require the applicant to pay to the commission, at such times and in such form as required by the commission, any additional amounts necessary to pay such expenses. No license shall be issued to an applicant until the applicant has paid such additional amounts in full, and such amounts shall not be refundable except to the extent that they exceed the actual expenses of processing the application and investigating the applicant's qualifications for licen-

(c) The commission may require applicants as a condition of licensure to consent to allow agents of the Kansas bureau of investigation or security personnel of the commission to search without warrant the licensee's premises and personal property and the persons of its owners, officers and employees while engaged in the licensee's business within the race-track facility or adjacent facilities under the control of the organization licensee for the purpose of investigating criminal violations of this act or violations of rules and regulations of the commission.

(d) Denial of a racing or wagering equipment or services license by the commission shall be in accordance with the Kansas administrative procedure act. The commission may refuse to issue a racing or wagering equipment or services license to any business if any person having an ownership interest in such business, any person who is an officer of such

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business or any person employed by such business within the racetrack facility:

- (1) Has been convicted of a felony in a court of any state or of the United States or has been adjudicated in the last five years, in any such court of committing as a juvenile an act which, if committed by an adult, would constitute a felony;
- (2) has been convicted of a violation of any law of any state or of the United States involving gambling or controlled substances or has been adjudicated in the last five years in any such court of committing as a juvenile an act which, if committed by an adult, would constitute such a violation;
- (3) fails to disclose any material fact or provides information, knowing such information to be false, in connection with the application for the license;
- (4) has been found by the commission to have violated any provision of this act or any rule and regulation of the commission; or
- (5) has failed to meet any monetary or tax obligation to the federal government or to any state or local government, whether or not relating to the conduct or operation of a race meet held in this state or any other jurisdiction.
- (e) The commission may suspend or revoke the racing or wagering equipment or services license of any business for any reason which would justify refusal to issue such a license. Proceedings to suspend or revoke such license shall be conducted by the commission or its appointed hearing officer a presiding officer from the office of administrative hearings in accordance with the provisions of the Kansas administrative procedure act.
- (f) The commission may provide by rules and regulations for the temporary suspension of a racing or wagering equipment or services license by summary adjudicative proceedings in accordance with the Kansas administrative procedure act upon finding that there is probable cause to believe that grounds exist for a permanent suspension or revocation of such license. Such suspension shall be for a period not exceeding 30 days. Upon expiration of such suspension, the license shall be restored unless the license has been suspended or revoked as a result of proceedings conducted pursuant to subsection (e).
- (g) This section shall be part of and supplemental to the Kansas parimutuel racing act.
- Sec. 29. K.S.A. 75-37,121 is hereby amended to read as follows: 75-37,121. On and after July 1, 1998: (a) There is created the office of ninistrative hearings within the department of administration, to be aded by a director appointed by the secretary of administration. The director shall be in the unclassified service under the Kansas civil service

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(b) The office shall may employ administrative law judges presiding officers, court reporters and other support personnel as necessary to conduct proceedings required by the Kansas administrative procedure act for adjudicative proceedings of the department of social and rehabilitation services. The office shall conduct adjudicative proceedings of the department of social and rehabilitation services which are not under the Kansas administrative procedure act when requested by such agency. Only a person admitted to practice law in this state or a person directly supervised by a person admitted to practice law in this state may be employed as an administrative law judge a presiding officer. The office may employ regular part-time personnel. Persons employed by the office shall be under the classified civil service.

(c) If the office cannot furnish one of its administrative law judges presiding officers in response to the department of social and rehabilitation services request, the director shall designate in writing a full-time employee of an agency other than the department of social and rehabilitation services to serve as administrative law judge presiding officer for the proceeding, but only with the consent of the employing agency. The designee must possess the same qualifications required of administrative law judges presiding officers employed by the office.

(d) The director may furnish administrative law judges presiding officers on a contract basis to any governmental entity to conduct any proceeding not subject to the Kansas administrative procedure act or not listed in K.S.A. 77-551 and amendments thereto.

(e) On or before January 1, 1999, The department secretary of administration shall may adopt rules and regulations:

(1) To establish further qualifications for administrative law judges, procedures by which candidates will be considered for employment, and the manner in which public notice of vacancies in the staff of the office will be given;

(2) To establish procedures for agencies to request and for the director to assign administrative law judges presiding officers. The department of social and rehabilitation services may neither select nor reject any individual administrative law judge presiding officer for any proceeding except in accordance with the Kansas administrative procedure act;

(3) (2) to establish procedures and adopt forms, consistent with the Kansas administrative procedure act, the model rules of procedure, and other provisions of law, to govern administrative law judges presiding officers; and

(4) to establish standards and procedures for the evaluation, training, romotion and discipline of administrative law judges; and

(5) (3) to facilitate the performance of the responsibilities conferred

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- upon the office by the Kansas administrative procedure act.
 - (f) The director may:
 - (1) Maintain a staff of reporters and other personnel; and
 - (2) implement the provisions of this section and rules and regulations adopted under its authority.
 - (g) The department secretary of administration may adopt rules and regulations to establish fees to charge a state agency for the cost of using an administrative law judge a presiding officer.
- (h) Effective July 1, 1998, personnel in the administrative hearings section of the department of social and rehabilitation services and support personnel for such administrative law judges presiding officers, shall be transferred to and shall become employees of the office of administrative hearings. Such personnel shall retain all rights under the state personnel system and retirement benefits under the laws of this state, and such which had accrued to or vested in such personnel prior to the effective date of this section. Such person's services shall be deemed to have been continuous. All transfers of personnel positions in the classified service under the Kansas civil service act shall be in accordance with civil service laws and any rules and regulations adopted thereunder. This act shall not affect any matter pending before an administrative hearing officer at the time of the effective date of the transfer, and such matter shall proceed as though no transfer of employment had occurred.
- Sec. 30. On and after July 1, 1999, K.S.A. 75-37,121, as amended by section 29 of this act, is hereby amended to read as follows: 75-37,121. On and after July 1, 1998: (a) There is created the office of administrative hearings within the department of administration, to be headed by a director appointed by the secretary of administration.
- (b) The office may employ presiding officers, court reporters and other support personnel as necessary to conduct proceedings required by the Kansas administrative procedure act for adjudicative proceedings of the department of social and rehabilitation services. The office shall conduct adjudicative proceedings of the department of social and rehabilitation services any state agency which are not under the Kansas administrative procedure act when requested by such agency. Only a person admitted to practice law in this state or a person directly supervised by a person admitted to practice law in this state may be employed as a presiding officer. The office may employ regular part-time personnel. Persons employed by the office shall be under the classified civil service.
- (c) If the office cannot furnish one of its presiding officers in response edepartment of social and rehabilitation services an agency request, irector shall designate in writing a full-time employee of an agency other than the department of social and rehabilitation services requesting agency to serve as presiding officer for the proceeding, but only with the

The director shall be in the unclassified service under the Kansas civil service act. (Revisor error)

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consent of the employing agency. The designee must possess the same qualifications required of presiding officers employed by the office.

(d) The director may furnish presiding officers on a contract basis to any governmental entity to conduct any proceeding not subject to the Kansas administrative procedure act or not listed in K.S.A. 77-551 and amendments thereto.

(e) The secretary of administration may adopt rules and regulations:

(1) To establish procedures for agencies to request and for the director to assign presiding officers. The department of social and rehabilitation services An agency may neither select nor reject any individual presiding officer for any proceeding except in accordance with the Kansas administrative procedure act;

(2) to establish procedures and adopt forms, consistent with the Kansas administrative procedure act, the model rules of procedure, and other

provisions of law, to govern presiding officers; and

(3) to facilitate the performance of the responsibilities conferred upon the office by the Kansas administrative procedure act.

(f) The director may implement the provisions of this section and

rules and regulations adopted under its authority.

(g) The secretary of administration may adopt rules and regulations to establish fees to charge a state agency for the cost of using a presiding officer.

- (h) Effective July 1, 1998, personnel in the administrative hearings section of the department of social and rehabilitation services and support personnel for such presiding officers, shall be transferred to and shall become employees of the office of administrative hearings. Such personnel shall retain all rights under the state personnel system and retirement benefits under the laws of this state which had accrued to or vested in such personnel prior to the effective date of this section. Such person's services shall be deemed to have been continuous. All transfers of personnel positions in the classified service under the Kansas civil service act shall be in accordance with civil service laws and any rules and regulations adopted thereunder. This act shall not affect any matter pending before an administrative hearing officer at the time of the effective date of the transfer, and such matter shall proceed as though no transfer of employment had occurred.
- (i) Effective July 1, 1999, personnel in the administrative hearings section of all agencies and support personnel for such presiding officers, shall be transferred to and shall become employees of the office of administrative hearings. Such personnel shall retain all rights under the state personnel system and retirement benefits under the laws of this state which had accrued to or vested in such personnel prior to the effective date of this section. Such person's services shall be deemed to have been

any presiding officer

which conduct hearings pursuant to the Kansas administrative procedure act, except those exempted pursuant to K.S.A. 75-551 and amendments thereto,

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continuous. All transfers of personnel positions in the classified service under the Kansas civil service act shall be in accordance with civil service laws and any rules and regulations adopted thereunder. This section shall not affect any matter pending before an administrative hearing officer at the time of the effective date of the transfer, and such matter shall proceed as though no transfer of employment had occurred.

Sec. 31. On and after July 1, 1999, K.S.A. 75-6207 is hereby amended to read as follows: 75-6207. (a) If the director receives a timely written request for a hearing under K.S.A. 75-6206 and amendments thereto, the director shall request the secretary of administration to appoint a presiding officer from the office of administrative hearings who shall hold a hearing in accordance with the provisions of the Kansas administrative procedure act to determine whether the debt claim is valid. Subject to the provisions of subsection (b), the presiding officer shall determine whether the claimed sum asserted as due and owing is correct, and if not, shall order an adjustment to the debt claim which shall be forwarded to the director and to the state agency, foreign state agency or municipality to which the debt is owed. No issue may be considered at the hearing which has been previously litigated and no collateral attack on any judgment shall be permitted at the hearing. The order of the presiding officer shall inform the debtor of the amount determined as due, if any, and that setoff procedures have been ordered to proceed in accordance with this act. If the setoff is to be made against earnings of the debtor, the order shall include a statement that the setoff may be postponed in accordance with K.S.A. 75-6208 and amendments thereto. Orders under this section shall not be subject to administrative review.

- (b) In cases where there is only one known present or future payment due from the state to the alleged debtor, the presiding officer may limit the hearing issue to a determination of whether the debt owed the state agency, foreign state agency or municipality is at least equal to the amount of the payment owed to the debtor by the state.
- (c) Pending final determination in the order of the presiding officer of the validity of the debt asserted by the state agency, foreign state agency or municipality, no action shall be taken in furtherance of collection through the setoff procedure allowed under this act.
- (d) Judicial review of an order under this section shall be in accordance with the provisions of the act for judicial review and civil enforcement of agency actions. In any such review, except as provided in subsection (e), the department of administration and the secretary of administration shall not be named parties to the proceedings.
- (e) Parties to an action for review of an order under this section shall be: (1) The debtor; (2) the state agency, foreign state agency or municipality which requested assistance in collecting the debt or which certified

the debt; and (3) any party the district court permits to intervene in the action. Applications for a stay or other temporary remedies shall be to the district court.

Sec. 32. On and after July 1, 1999, K.S.A. 76-3106 is hereby amended to read as follows: 76-3106. (a) The KPR board is hereby authorized to adopt rules and regulations not in conflict with law on any and all matters within its jurisdiction.

(b) The KPR board shall have the power and authority to conduct investigations and hearings relating to any matter arising under this act

or rules and regulations adopted by the KPR board.

- (c) For the purpose of any investigation or hearing which the KPR board conducts or causes to be conducted, the board or any hearing offieer appointed pursuant to this act presiding officer from the office of administrative hearings shall have power to administer oaths, take depositions, and issue subpoenas to compel the attendance of witnesses and the production of books, papers, documents and testimony. If any person refuses to obey any subpoena so issued, or refuses to testify or produce any books, papers, or documents, the KPR board, any member thereof, or any hearing presiding officer appointed pursuant to this act may present a petition to the district court of the judicial district in which any investigation or hearing is being conducted, setting forth the facts, and thereupon the court, in a proper case, shall issue its subpoena to such person, requiring attendance before the court and there to testify or to produce such books, papers and documents as may be deemed necessary and pertinent by the KPR board or hearing presiding officer. Any person failing or refusing to obey the subpoena or order of the district court may be proceeded against for contempt in the same manner as for refusal to obey any other subpoena or order of the court. Hearings before the KPR board shall be conducted in accordance with the provisions of the Kansas administrative procedure act.
- Sec. 33. On and after July 1, 1999, K.S.A. 76-3110 is hereby amended to read as follows: 76-3110. (a) The KPR board may initiate a proceeding to effect termination of a postsecondary institution's participation in federal student aid programs by serving written notice upon the institution that the board has determined that the institution should not be eligible for participation in such programs. The notice shall include a statement of the reasons for the determination and a statement that the institution may contest the finding before a hearing presiding officer upon written request filed with the KPR board. The request to be heard must

led within 15 days from the date of the notice of the board's deteration. Upon receipt of a request by an institution to be heard, the KPR board shall notify the secretary of human resources that the appointment of a hearing presiding officer is required. Within 10 days after

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receipt of notification from the KPR board, the secretary of human resources shall appoint request a hearing presiding officer from a list, which shall be compiled and maintained by the secretary of human resources, of impartial persons who are representative of the public and who are qualified to serve as hearing officers.

- (b) Any hearing requested by a postsecondary institution as provided in subsection (a) shall be commenced within 15 calendar days after the hearing presiding officer is appointed requested and shall be conducted in accordance with the provisions of the Kansas administrative procedure act. Within 30 days after close of the hearing, the hearing presiding officer's shall render a written opinion setting forth the hearing presiding officer's findings of fact and recommendation as to the determination of the matter. The opinion shall be submitted to the KPR board and to the post-secondary institution. If, after receipt of the hearing presiding officer's opinion, the KPR board concludes that the board's determination that the institution should not be eligible for participation in federal student aid programs was warranted, the board shall notify the institution and the secretary of education of the determination and the reasons therefor.
- Sec. 34. K.S.A. 77-514, as amended by section 92 of chapter 182 of the 1997 Session Laws of Kansas, is hereby amended to read as follows: 77-514. (a) The agency head, one or more members of the agency head, an administrative law judge or a presiding officer assigned by the office of administrative hearings, or, unless prohibited by K.S.A. 77-551, and amendments thereto, one or more other persons designated by the agency head may be the presiding officer.
- (b) Any person serving or designated to serve alone or with others as presiding officer is subject to disqualification for administrative bias, prejudice or interest.
- (c) Any party may petition for the disqualification of a person promptly after receipt of notice indicating that the person will preside or promptly upon discovering facts establishing grounds for disqualification, whichever is later.
- (d) A person whose disqualification is requested shall determine whether to grant the petition, stating facts and reasons for the determination.
- (e) If a substitute is required for a person who is disqualified or becomes unavailable for any other reason, any action taken by a duly appointed substitute for a disqualified or unavailable person is as effective as if taken by the latter.
 - (f) If the office of administrative hearings cannot provide a presiding r, a state agency may enter into agreements with another state by to provide presiding officers to conduct proceedings under this

(g) Notwithstanding any quorum requirements, if the agency head of a professional or occupational licensing agency is a body of individuals, the agency head, unless prohibited by law, may designate one or more members of the agency head to serve as presiding officer and to render a final order in the proceeding.

Sec. 35. On and after July 1, 1999, K.S.A. 77-514, as amended by section 34 of this act, is hereby amended to read as follows: 77-514. (a) The agency head, one or more members of the agency head or a presiding officer assigned by the office of administrative hearings; or, unless prohibited by K.S.A. 77-551, and amendments thereto, one or more other persons designated by the agency head may shall be the presiding officer.

- (b) Any person serving or designated to serve alone or with others as presiding officer is subject to disqualification for administrative bias, prejudice or interest.
- (c) Any party may petition for the disqualification of a person promptly after receipt of notice indicating that the person will preside or promptly upon discovering facts establishing grounds for disqualification, whichever is later.
- (d) A person whose disqualification is requested shall determine whether to grant the petition, stating facts and reasons for the determination.
- (e) If a substitute is required for a person who is disqualified or becomes unavailable for any other reason, any action taken by a duly appointed substitute for a disqualified or unavailable person is as effective as if taken by the latter.
- (f) If the office of administrative hearings cannot provide a presiding officer, a state agency may enter into agreements with another state agency to provide presiding officers to conduct proceedings under this act.
- (g) Notwithstanding any quorum requirements, if the agency head of a professional or occupational licensing agency is a body of individuals, the agency head, unless prohibited by law, may designate one or more members of the agency head to serve as presiding officer and to render a final order in the proceeding.
- Sec. 36. On and after July 1, 1999, K.S.A. 77-549 is hereby amended to read as follows: 77-549. (a) The filing of a return with the director of taxation under article 15, 32, 33, 34, 36, 37, 41, 42 or 47 of chapter 79 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto, shall not be deemed an application for an order under the Kansas administrative prove act.
-) A determination by the division of taxation or the audit services bureau of the department of revenue concerning tax liability under article 15, 32, 33, 34, 36, 37, 41, 42 or 47 of chapter 79 of the Kansas Statutes

Except as provided in subsection (b) of K.S.A. 77-551 and amendments thereto,

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Annotated, and amendments thereto, which is made prior to the opportunity for a hearing or prior to the opportunity for an informal conference before the secretary or the secretary's designee on such tax liability, shall not require an adjudicative proceeding under the Kansas administrative procedure act.

(c) For purposes of the Kansas administrative procedure act, the secretary of revenue may designate the director of the division of taxation or other designee a presiding officer from the office of administrative hearings as agency head.

(d) Final orders of the director of taxation pursuant to K.S.A. 77-526, and amendments thereto, shall be rendered in writing and served within 120 days after conclusion of the hearing or after submission of proposed findings in accordance with subsection (f) of K.S.A. 77-526, and amendments thereto, unless this period is waived or extended with the written consent of all parties or for good cause shown. If extended for good cause, such good cause shall be set forth in writing on or before the expiration of the 120 days.

Sec. 37. On and after July 1, 1999, K.S.A. 77-550 is hereby amended to read as follows: 77-550. For purposes of administrative proceedings of the division of property valuation under the Kansas administrative procedure act, the secretary of revenue may designate the director of the division of property valuation or other designee a presiding officer from the office of administrative hearings as agency head.

Sec. 38. K.S.A. 77-551 is hereby amended to read as follows: 77-551. On and after July 1, 1998: (a) In hearings of the department of social and rehabilitation services under K.S.A. 39-1807, 65-4015, 65-4606, 65-4927, 75-3306 and 75-3340, and amendments thereto, the presiding officer shall be the agency head, one or more members of the agency head or an administrative law judge a presiding officer assigned by the office of administrative hearings.

(b) This section shall be part of and supplemental to the Kansas administrative procedure act.

Sec. 39. On and after July 1, 1999, K.S.A. 77-551, as amended by section 38 of this act, is hereby amended to read as follows: 77-551. On and after July 1, 1998 (a) In all hearings of the department of social and rehabilitation services under K.S.A. 30 1807, 65-4015, 65-4606, 65-4027, 75-3306 and 75-3340, and amendments thereto, any state agency that are required to be conducted in accordance with the provisions of the Kansas administrative procedure act, the presiding officer shall be the cy head, one or more members of the agency head or a presiding er assigned by the office of administrative hearings.

(b) A This section shall be part of and supplemental to the Kansas administrative procedure act.

Except as provided in subsection (b),

The provisions of this section shall not apply to the employment security law, pursuant to K.S.A. 44-701 et seq., and amendments thereto or article 5 of chapter 44 and amendments thereto, except K.S.A. 44-532 and 44-5,120 and amendments thereto, concerning the workers compensation act.

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Sec. 40. On and after July 1, 1999, K.S.A. 79-3313 is hereby amended to read as follows: 79-3313. All cigarettes sold in this state shall be in packages, and each of the packages shall bear evidence of payment of the tax thereon except that any railroad or sleeping car company licensed as a retailer is hereby authorized to sell cigarettes upon its cars without affixing stamps to the packages of cigarettes provided that monthly reports and payment of the tax due is made directly to the director in the manner and under the terms provided for by the director. In addition, manufacturers are hereby authorized to distribute in the state, through their authorized representatives or wholesale dealers, free sample packages of cigarettes containing less than 20 cigarettes without affixing stamps to the packages provided that monthly reports and payment of a tax at the rates prescribed by law are made directly to the director. No wholesale dealer or manufacturers' authorized representatives shall sell or distribute cigarettes, except free sample packages, to any person in the state of Kansas not holding a dealer's license as provided in this act. Such packages of sample cigarettes shall bear the word "sample" or "not for sale" and "state tax paid" in letters easily read.

Whenever the director shall have reason to believe that any manufacturer has violated the provisions of this section or the conditions provided by the director, the director shall conduct a hearing thereon in accordance with the provisions of the Kansas administrative procedure act in the office of the director at Topeka. If upon the basis of such hearing it appears to the satisfaction of the director that such manufacturer has violated any of the provisions of this section or the conditions provided by the director, the director is hereby authorized to suspend or revoke the authorization to the manufacturer for such period as the director determines is necessary but in no case for more than one year.

Sec. 41. On and after July 1, 1999, K.S.A. 82a-1405 is hereby amended to read as follows: 82a-1405. (a) At the direction of the authority, the director may issue licenses for weather modification activities, as provided for in this act, but any licensee shall be limited in the exercise of activities under the license to the specified method or methods of weather modification activity within the area of expertise of the licensee.

(b) At the direction of the authority, the director may issue a permit for each specific weather modification project or program, which may be comprised of one or more weather modification activities. Every such permit shall describe:

(1) The geographic area within which such activities are to be carried out;

(2) the geographic area to be affected; and

(3) the duration of the weather modification activities of the project or program, which period may be noncontinuous but which may not have

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a total duration exceeding one calendar year from the day of its issuance. The director shall issue a permit only after it has been established that the project or program, as conceived, will provide substantial benefits or that it will advance scientific knowledge.

(c) The director shall make any studies or investigations, obtain any information and hold any hearings that the director considers necessary or proper to assist in exercising the powers or administering or enforcing the provisions of this act.

The director may appoint a hearing officer use a presiding officer from the office of administrative hearings to conduct any hearings required by this act. The hearings shall be conducted under the provisions and within any limitations of rules and regulations adopted by the authority.

- (d) In order to assist in expanding the theoretical and practical knowledge of weather modification, the authority, to the extent that funds are available therefor, may cooperate with, support, participate in and promote research, development and operational programs in:
- (1) The theory and development of weather modification, including those aspects relating to procedures, materials, ecological effects and the attendant legal and social problems;
- (2) the utilization of weather modification for domestic, municipal, agricultural, industrial, recreational and other beneficial purposes; and
- (3) the protection of life, health, property and the general environment.
- (e) Subject to any limitations imposed by law, to further the purposes of this act, the authority may utilize available funds from the state and may accept federal grants, private gifts and donations from any source. Except as otherwise provided by law, the authority may use any such moneys:
 - (1) For the administration of this act;
- (2) to encourage research and development projects by public or private agencies through grants, contracts or cooperative arrangements;
- (3) to contract for and support local efforts in weather modification activities to seek relief from or to avoid droughts, hail, storms, fires, fog or other naturally undesirable conditions.
- (f) Under the direction of the authority, the director shall represent the state in matters pertaining to plans, procedures, or negotiations for cooperative agreements, or intergovernmental arrangements relating to weather modification.
- Sec. 42. On and after July 1, 1999, K.S.A. 82a-1501a is hereby nded to read as follows: 82a-1501a. (a) The water transfer hearing I shall consist of the chief engineer, the director and the secretary. The chief engineer shall serve as chairperson of the panel. All actions of the panel shall be taken by a majority of the members. The panel shall

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have all powers necessary to implement the provisions of this act.

(b) The panel shall select a hearing officer request a presiding officer from the office of administrative hearings to conduct a hearing in accordance with this act when: (1) An application for a water transfer is complete; or (2) the chief engineer, or the panel by a majority vote which includes the vote of the chief engineer, determines it to be in the best interest of the state to conduct a water transfer hearing on an application for a permit to appropriate water or an application for a change to an existing water right pursuant to the Kansas water appropriation act or on a proposed contract for the sale of water from the state's conservation storage water supply capacity, even though the appropriation or sale would not be a water transfer as defined by K.S.A. 82a-1501 and amendments thereto.

(e) The hearing officer shall be an independent person knowledgeable in water law, water issues and hearing procedures. The hearing officer shall be a presiding officer for the purposes of the Kansas administrative procedure act. Subject to approval by the panel, the hearing officer, on behalf of the state, may employ such personnel and contract for such services and facilities as necessary to earry out the hearing officer's duties under this act.

Sec. 43. On and after July 1, 1999, K.S.A. 82a-1502 is hereby amended to read as follows: 82a-1502. (a) No person shall make a water transfer in this state unless and until the transfer is approved pursuant to the provisions of this act. No water transfer shall be approved which would reduce the amount of water required to meet the present or any reasonably foreseeable future beneficial use of water by present or future users in the area from which the water is to be taken for transfer unless: (1) The panel determines that the benefits to the state for approving the transfer outweigh the benefits to the state for not approving the transfer; (2) the chief engineer recommends to the panel and the panel concurs that an emergency exists which affects the public health, safety or welfare; or (3) the governor has declared that an emergency exists which affects the public health, safety or welfare. Whenever an emergency exists, a water transfer may be approved by the panel on a temporary basis for a period of time not to exceed one year under rules and regulations adopted by the chief engineer. The emergency approval shall be subject to the terms, conditions and limitations specified by the panel.

(b) No water transfer shall be approved under the provisions of this act: (1) If such transfer would impair water reservation rights, vested '7hts, appropriation rights or prior applications for permits to appropriate er; and (2) unless the hearing presiding officer determines that the Pplicant has adopted and implemented conservation plans and practices that (A) are consistent with the guidelines developed and maintained by

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- the Kansas water office pursuant to K.S.A. 74-2608 and amendments thereto, (B) have been in effect for not less than 12 consecutive months immediately prior to the filing of the application on which the hearing is being held and (C) if the transfer is for use by a public water supply system, include the implementation of a rate structure which encourages the efficient use of water that is determined by the hearing presiding officer to be effective and if designed, implemented and maintained properly, will result in wise use and responsible conservation and management of water used by the system.

 (c) To determine whether the benefits to the state for approving the
 - (c) To determine whether the benefits to the state for approving the transfer outweigh the benefits to the state for not approving the transfer, the hearing presiding officer shall consider all matters pertaining thereto, including specifically:
 - (1) Any current beneficial use being made of the water proposed to be diverted, including minimum desirable streamflow requirements;
 - (2) any reasonably foreseeable future beneficial use of the water;
 - (3) the economic, environmental, public health and welfare and other impacts of approving or denying the transfer of the water;
 - (4) alternative sources of water available to the applicant and present or future users for any beneficial use;
 - (5) whether the applicant has taken all appropriate measures to preserve the quality and remediate any contamination of water currently available for use by the applicant;
 - (6) the proposed plan of design, construction and operation of any works or facilities used in conjunction with carrying the water from the point of diversion, which plan shall be in sufficient detail to enable all parties to understand the impacts of the proposed water transfer;
 - (7) the effectiveness of conservation plans and practices adopted and implemented by the applicant and any other entities to be supplied water by the applicant;
 - (8) the conservation plans and practices adopted and implemented by any persons protesting or potentially affected by the proposed transfer, which plans and practices shall be consistent with the guidelines for conservation plans and practices developed and maintained by the Kansas water office pursuant to K.S.A. 74-2608 and amendments thereto; and
 - (9) any applicable management program, standards, policies and rules and regulations of a groundwater management district.
 - Sec. 44. On and after July 1, 1999, K.S.A. 82a-1503 is hereby amended to read as follows: 82a-1503. (a) Any person desiring to make a vater transfer shall file with the chief engineer an application in the form quired by rules and regulations adopted by the chief engineer. If the chief engineer finds the application to be insufficient to enable the chief engineer to determine the source, nature and amount of the proposed

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transfer, or if the application is not complete, the application shall be returned for correction or completion or for any other necessary information.

- (b) The hearing presiding officer shall commence the hearing process by giving notice of the prehearing conference not more than 14 days after the panel employs the hearing is assigned a presiding officer. Such notice shall be given by mail to the applicant, any other parties who have intervened and the appropriate commenting agencies and shall be published in the Kansas register and in at least two newspapers having general circulation in the area where the proposed point of diversion is located. The hearing presiding officer shall hold a prehearing conference which shall commence not less than 90 and not more than 120 days after the required notice has been given and shall conclude not later than 45 days after commencement. Not less than 90 and not more than 120 days after the conclusion of the prehearing conference, the hearing presiding officer shall commence a formal public hearing. The formal public hearing shall be held in the basin of origin and, if deemed necessary by the hearing presiding officer, a public comment hearing shall be held in the basin of use. The formal public hearing shall conclude not later than 120 days after commencement and the initial order of the hearing presiding officer approving or disapproving the water transfer shall be issued not later than 90 days after conclusion of the formal public hearing. The hearing presiding officer may extend a time limit provided by this subsection, but only with the written consent of all parties or for good cause shown.
- (c) Intervention in the hearing shall be in accordance with the Kansas administrative procedure act, except that any petition for intervention must be submitted and copies mailed to all parties not later than 60 days before the formal hearing.
- (d) Any person shall be permitted to appear and testify at any hearing under this act upon the terms and conditions determined by the hearing presiding officer.
- (e) At intervals during or at the conclusion of the hearing, the hearing presiding officer shall fairly and equitably assess the following costs of the hearing among the applicant and other parties: The hearing facility, the court reporter, the salary of a hearing presiding officer who is not paid for services as a hearing presiding officer by state funds, the travel expenses of the hearing presiding officer and other reasonable costs associated with the hearing. The hearing presiding officer may assess any or all anticipated costs to the applicant before the hearing and subsequently may assess other parties for the parties' fair and equitable portion of the anticipated costs assessed the applicant. Amounts assessed pursuant to this subsection shall be paid to the chief engineer. Upon receipt thereof, the chief engineer shall remit the entire amount to the state treasurer.



The state treasurer shall deposit the entire amount in the state treasury and credit it to the water transfer hearing fund established by subsection (f).

- (f) (1) There is hereby established in the state treasury the water transfer hearing fund.
- (2) Moneys credited to the water transfer hearing fund shall be used only to pay: (A) Costs of hearings conducted pursuant to the water transfer act; (B) reimbursement of the applicant for anticipated costs assessed the applicant and subsequently assessed other parties; and (C) refunds of unused moneys assessed as anticipated costs before the hearing. Expenditures from such fund shall be made in accordance with appropriation acts upon warrants of the director of accounts and reports, or a person designated by the director of accounts and reports pursuant to K.S.A. 75-3732 and amendments thereto, issued pursuant to vouchers approved by the chief engineer, or a person designated by the chief engineer.
- (3) On or before the 10th of each month, the director of accounts and reports shall transfer from the state general fund to the water transfer hearing fund interest earnings based on:
- (A) The average daily balance of moneys in the water transfer hearing fund for the preceding month; and
- (B) the net earnings rate for the pooled money investment portfolio for the preceding month.
- Sec. 45. On and after July 1, 1999, K.S.A. 82a-1504 is hereby amended to read as follows: 82a-1504. (a) The hearing presiding officer shall render an order either approving or disapproving the proposed water transfer. The hearing presiding officer's order shall include findings of fact relating to each of the factors set forth in subsection (c) of K.S.A. 82a-1502 and amendments thereto. The hearing presiding officer may order approval of a transfer of a smaller amount of water than requested upon such terms, conditions and limitations as the hearing presiding officer deems necessary for the protection of the public interest of the state as a whole.
- (b) An order of the hearing presiding officer disapproving or approving a water transfer, in whole or in part, shall be deemed an initial order. The panel shall be deemed the agency head for the purpose of the Kansas administrative procedure act and shall review all initial orders of the hearing presiding officer in accordance with the Kansas administrative procedure act. Review by the panel shall be in accordance with the standards provided by this act for the hearing presiding officer's initial order and shall be based on the record of the hearing. The final order of the panel hall be entered not later than 90 days after entry of the hearing presiding officer's initial order, except that the panel may extend the 90-day limit, but only with the written consent of all parties or for good cause shown.

(c) Any proceedings pursuant to this act and notice of such proceedings shall be in accordance with the provisions of the Kansas administrative procedure act except as specifically provided by this act.

(d) The record of any hearing or other proceeding held pursuant to this act shall be maintained and make available for public examination in

the office of the chief engineer.

Sec. 46. K.S.A. 75-37,121, 77-514, as amended by section 92 of chapter 182 of the 1997 Session Laws of Kansas, and 77-551 are hereby repealed. 9

Sec. 47. On and after July 1, 1999, K.S.A. 2-1208a, 2-3311, 8-2426, 10 21-3110, 31-140, 36-509, 40-2,137, 44-322a, 49-606, 65-163a, 65-673, 65-11 12 720a, 65-747, 65-753, 65-2305, 65-3483, 65-3488, 65-3490, 66-1,117, 75-37,121, as amended by section 29 of this act, 75-5611a, 75-6207, 76-13 3106, 76-3110, 77-514, as amended by section 34 of this act, 77-549, 14 77-550, 77-551, as amended by section 38 of this act, 79-3313, 82a-1405, 15 82a-1501a, 82a-1502, 82a-1503, and 82a-1504 and K.S.A. 1997 Supp. 44-16

1005, 65-163, 65-525, 65-526, 74-4904, 74-8804, 74-8816, 74-8817 and 17

18 74-8837 are hereby repealed.

Sec. 48. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its 19 publication in the statute book.

Session of 1998

HOUSE BILL No. 2672

By Joint Committee on Administrative Rules and Regulations

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- 1	-71
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AN ACT concerning the secretary of the department on aging; relating to the powers and duties thereof.

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Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

Section 1. (a) Except as provided by subsection (c), all proceedings conducted, orders issued and actions taken by the secretary of the department on aging or the secretary's designee shall be conducted in accordance with the provisions of the Kansas administrative procedure act.

(b) Except as provided by subsection (c), all proceedings conducted, orders issued and actions taken by the secretary of the department on aging or the secretary's designed shall be subject to review in accordance with the act for judicial review and civil enforcement of agency actions.

(c) The provisions of this section shall apply to all proceedings conducted, orders issued and actions taken by the secretary of the department on aging or the secretary's designed pursuant to any program administered by the secretary other than a medicaid program administered pursuant to K.S.A. 75-5321a, 75-5945 and K.S.A. 1997 Supp. 39-968, et seq., and amendments thereto.

This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its publication in the statute book,

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House Judiciary 3-23-98 Attachment 5