## MINUTES OF THE SENATE COMMERCE COMMITTEE.

The meeting was called to order by Chairperson Alicia Salisbury at 8:00 a.m. on March 19, 1999 in Room 123-S of the Capitol.

All members were present except: Senator Steineger

Committee staff present:

Lynne Holt, Legislative Research Department

Bob Nugent, Revisor of Statutes Betty Bomar, Committee Secretary

Conferees appearing before the committee:

John Prather, Chairman, Kansas, Inc.

Larry Williams, Vice-Chairman, Kansas, Inc.

Deryl K. Schuster, Member, Board of Directors, Kansas, Inc. Shirley Sicilian, Policy and Research, Department of Revenue Rich Bendis, President, Kansas Technology Enterprise Corporation

Others attending: See attached list

<u>Upon motion by Senator Umbarger, seconded by Senator Donovan the Minutes of the March 18, 1999</u>
<u>Meeting were unanimously approved.</u>

## SB 315 - Certified Capital Company Act

John Prather, Chairman, Kansas, Inc., testified in support of **SB 315**, stating seed and venture capital is one of the elements of a broad based strategy for economic development. The bill creates the Certified Capital Company Act for the purpose of enhancing the development of seed and venture capital, which is greatly needed in the State of Kansas.

Larry Williams, Vice-Chairman, Kansas, Inc., testified in support of <u>SB 315</u>, stating there is not seed and venture capital available through banks and other loaning institutions as a result of regulators; consequently, there is a deepening need for states to be more inventive in creating seed and venture capital for new companies in order to create new businesses and jobs.

Deryl K. Schuster, Member of Kansas, Inc., Board of Directors, testified in support of <u>SB 315</u>, stating the lack of attracting loans by early stage or start-up businesses, as well as all new market type businesses, is one of the greatest impediments or deficiencies faced by new market type businesses throughout the United States. The lack of equity capital is the biggest problem lenders encounter when trying to find a way to say "yes" on long term loan requests to new and early state businesses. The need for this type of legislation is real and it is needed now. (<u>Attachment 1</u>)

Senator Brownlee stated there should be an assurance that companies that want investments provide some basis on which a determination can be made that the companies could actually succeed.

Shirley Sicilian, Department of Revenue, in response to a question from Senator Brownlee stated there is a tracking mechanism through the Security Exchange Commission as to which investors made certified investments in venture capital companies. There would not be information available as to how many jobs were created; that would be more of a research issue and not something the Department of Revenue would be involved in. Ms. Sicilian distributed proposed technical amendments that provide for the tax credit and its transferability. (Attachment 2)

Rich Bendis, President, Kansas Technology Enterprise Corporation, (KTEC), summarized the essence of <u>SB 315</u>, and referred the Committee to a Sheet entitled "SB 315-Key Points", distributed to the Committee. (Attachment 3)

### CONTINUATION SHEET

MINUTES OF THE SENATE COMMERCE COMMITTEE, Room 123-S of the Statehouse, at 8:00 a.m. on March 19, 1999.

Mr. Bendis stated the Key-Points are issues raised by the Committee in prior testimony and the issues that have been ad dressed in the Balloon (<u>Attachment 4</u>) provided by the Revisor of Statutes.

Mr. Bendis stated it is evident that seed capital is non-existent in Kansas today. This information is documented from independent third-parties, and the lack of seed capital is more true in Kansas than many other areas of the country. SB 315 is not a technology company bill. Only real estate, retail, and financial and personal services are excluded. Therefore, all 105 counties and companies in all 105 counties are eligible. As an example, the 13 counties considered depressed in Southeast Kansas could create a Capco with a \$5 million minimum fund that could make multi-form investments in many companies rather than the individual type of investing that is common place today. The minimum investment has been reduced to \$25,000 and investments are made only in Kansas companies with less than \$1 million in revenue and less than five years old. Kansas has 7500 businesses in the state, 6700 of which have less than 19 employees. We are a small business economy and most of the companies with less than 19 employees will generate less than \$1 million in revenue; therefore, a lot of businesses in Kansas are eligible for Capco investment.

Under this legislation, companies must agree to stay in Kansas for at least ten years if they receive investment through a Capco. If they do not stay, there should be some type of a payback mechanism to pay back the investment they received through the Capco and a penalty if they leave early.

Senator Ranson inquired if the pay back and penalty is included in the bill? Mr. Bendis stated there are other bills that address that, but no, it is not included in this bill.

Mr. Bendis stated <u>SB 315</u> provides for \$50 million total tax credits available with no more than \$5 million to be claimed per year. The tax implications to the State of Kansas are, therefore, spread over a ten year period which provides that the investor is only going to get a 50% benefit when taking into consideration what the money cost is over a ten year period. A minimum of \$5 million investment in each Capco is required, helping to create a venture capital industry by forming \$5 million seed and venture capital funds which are willing to invest in companies in Kansas. Capco managers are screened for competency and are regulated by the Securities Commission to protect the investors. The Securities Commission has audit authority and oversight powers. The Department of Revenue administers the tax credits. The proposed legislation reflects lessons learned from other states and from the Kansas 1986 tax credits.

The meeting adjourned at 9:00 a.m.

The next meeting is scheduled for March22, 1999.

# SENATE COMMERCE COMMITTEE GUEST LIST

DATE: march 19.1999

NAME	REPRESENTING	
STEVE KARRICK	ATTORNEY GENERAL	
Rich Bardis	Kree	
Shirley Sicilian	KD of Reserve	
+ agentracedo	KGC	
John Metersa	Ks bover mtd Consulting	
Chuck Stones	KBA	
Bruce Nex	SWBT	
JIM I AHOUKEK	Kpoc4	
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Charles Ronson	KS. Inc.	ſ
Larry K. Williams	K5 In - The Halslood	Bout
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Steve Wassom	Office of Securities Comm	
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Statement by Deryl K. Schuster, President,
Business Loan Center, Inc., Mid-America Division and
Member of Kansas, Inc. Board of Directors and
Chairman, National Association of Government Guaranteed Lenders

To:

Kansas Senate Commerce Committee

Re:

Senate Bill Number 315

Madame Chair and distinguished Senators all. It is my pleasure to call several of you friends. To you all I thank you for the leadership that you provide in working to strengthen the economic vitality of our great state. Wearing my hat as Chairman of the National Association of Government Guaranteed Lenders, an organization whose 700 plus lender members made over 80% of all SBA guaranteed loans last year, I had the pleasure earlier this week of testifying before the United States Senate Committee on Small Business. The similarities of today and the opportunity of last Tuesday are most interesting. The purpose of the United States Senate hearing was to discuss the President's fiscal 2000 budget. The President's budget includes a request for direct appropriation to assist businesses that the administration classifies as "new markets." Those businesses finding it traditionally difficult to obtain loans and equity. As defined by the President, new market businesses include start-ups, early stage firms, businesses in rural areas, inner-city areas, as well as minority, female and handicapped applicants. I must tell you that from a national perspective, the difficulty in attracting investment capital, and even loans by early stage or start-up businesses, as well as all new market type businesses, was well established in the Washington D.C. hearing last Tuesday. I heard Senator John Kerry from Massachusetts, the ranking minority on the Senate Small Business Committee, say that in his state venture capital was one of the biggest impediments or deficiencies new market type businesses face. In addition, I heard the President of the National Association of Certified

Senate Commerce Committee

Date: 3-19-99

Attachment # 1 - 1 Thus 1 - 3

Development Companies say that the lack of equity or investment capital was the most serious problem faced by new and early stage businesses. Representing the National Association of Government Guaranteed Lenders as well as my company, Business Loan Center, I joined in confirming that the lack of equity capital was the biggest problem lenders encounter when trying to find a way to say "yes" on long term loan requests to new and early stage businesses.

Senators, if this is a problem in Boston, how much greater the problem must be in Wichita,

Topeka, Pittsburgh, McPherson or Thayer. The need is real and it is a national problem. The difference between Senate Bill 315 and the President's budget, is that the administration is asking for direct appropriation to help address the problem. We in Kansas are asking for tax credits. A much more sellable approach, in my opinion.

Please let me relate a real live situation that occurred while I was in Washington this week. I called my office in Wichita for messages. One call was from a Mr. Greg Shuey, President, TensorTech, a technology development company from Johnson County that my company had made a loan to several years ago to help finance this start-up high tech firm. At that time Mr. Shuey had adequate personal investment capital to leverage into a \$212,000 SBA loan. Mr. Shuey's background is incredible. He was the project manager for a \$700 million dollar satellite program for the U.S. Air Force, and he was also Air Force Director of Engineering at the Johnson's Space Center. He owned and started the first American technology transfer company in Korea, representing the State of Florida, Kansas City Aviation Department, Burns and McDonald, etc. As mentioned, we were able to make the initial loan because he had accumulated adequate personal investment capital to support the loan. Also, at that time SBA's guarantee was 85% instead of the current 75%, which made it easier to say "yes." Mr. Shuey's loan has paid as agreed, so I had not heard from him for several years. When I returned his call from Washington D.C. he told me his business had done extremely well but that he had

eveloped new technology that could revolutionize compression technology in the video communication industry. Technology in which several national and international firms have expressed interest. His immediate need is to find \$500,000 of investment capital to complete the development, to be followed by a \$4.5 million stock offering when the technology is totally marketable. I told him that our company only made loans and by name I suggested he contact the established venture capital firms operating in our area. Unfortunately, he was way ahead of me in that each venture capital firm I mentioned he gave me the reason why they had declined to come to the table. His need was too small, too early stage, not enough collateral, or whatever. Mr. Shuey had decided he needed to find "angel type investors." Senators, the best I could do was to suggest that Mr. Shuey contact Charles Ranson, President of Kansas, Inc., who had been working on a venture capital initiative for our state to see if he had heard of any additional venture capital or angel type investment sources during his involvement with this issue. Please know I received approval from Mr. Shuey to communicate this actual, real life situation. I am sure Mr. Shuey would be pleased to explain his dilemma in greater detail, if requested. Unfortunately, lenders in Kansas, yes in America, are confronted with this situation on a regular basis. Investment capital to new and early stage firms is a serious void in economic development that some states have tried to fill and with which even Congress is struggling. I appeal to you to let Kansas join those states where people like Greg Shuey might find hope and help and where our state might enjoy the fruits of their labors in creating jobs, tax revenue, and innovation. Senators, I ask for you to take the leadership to make Senate Bill 315 happen this year! The need is real and it is now! To defer action is to invite the Greg Shueys of our State to take their businesses elsewhere. We should not let that happen! Thank you and I would be pleased to respond to any questions.

Bill Graves, Governor

Karla Pierce, Secretary

(785) 296-3081

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Office of Policy & Research Shirley K. Sicilian, Director 915 SW Harrison St. Topeka, KS 66625

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## Office of Policy & Research

#### TESTIMONY

To:

Senator Alicia Salisbury, Chairperson

Senate Commerce Committee

From:

Shirley Sicilian

Re:

Senate Bill 315

Date:

March 19, 1999

Chairperson Salisbury and members of the Senate Commerce Committee, thank you very much for the opportunity to testify today. My name is Shirley Sicilian and I am the Director of Policy and Research at the Department of Revenue.

At your last meeting I mentioned some technical, non substantive changes might be made to the sections of senate bill 315 that provide for the tax credit and its transferability. I have made these few suggestions as balloon amendments to the bill as introduced (attached). I believe that each suggestion is simply technical clean-up.

There is one clean-up in particular that I would like to bring to your attention to ensure that it is in keeping with the committee's intentions for the bill. That is on page 5, lines 8 and 9 of the bill. I have stricken the sentence that read "The commission [SEC] shall be responsible for the administration of the tax credits authorized by this act." By statute, the Department of Revenue is charged with administration of the income and financial institutions privilege taxes. That would include administration of credits against those taxes. My understanding of the bill's intent is that the SEC would administer the venture capital *program* created by this act, including:

- determination of whether an investment is a "certified capital investment" in a "certified capital company" that has raised the "minimum aggregate certified investment" required.
- determination of whether an interest in a tax credit originally earned by such investment has been duly transferred, to what person(s), in what amount, and for what price
- audit of those determinations
- review of those determinations upon appeal

But that the Department of Revenue would administer the tax credit created by this act, including

- determination of whether the SEC has "certified" such investment, or "certified" transfer of a all or a portion of an interest in the tax credit to be allowed by such investment
- determination of the amount of carry-over credit for each taxpayer
- determination of whether the cumulative amount of credit allow Senate Commerce Committee has reached \$5,000,000.

Date: 3-19-99

Attachment #2-1 thew 2-15

Session of 1999

# SENATE BILL No. 315

## By Committee on Commerce

#### 2-12

AN ACT concerning venture capital; enacting the Kansas certified capital company act; amending K.S.A. 1998 Supp. 17-1262 and repealing the existing section.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

New Section 1. This act shall be known and may be cited as the "Kansas Certified Capital Company Act". The purpose of this act is to enhance the development of seed and venture capital in Kansas and to support the modernization and expansion of the state's rural economy. As used in this act, the following terms mean:

- (a) "Certified capital company" means any partnership, corporation, trust or limited liability company, whether organized on a profit or not for profit basis, that is domiciled in and qualified to conduct business in Kansas and that has as its primary business activity, the investment of cash in qualified Kansas businesses, and which is certified by the securities commissioner of Kansas as satisfying the criteria of this act.
  - (b) "Capco" means any certified capital company.
- (c) "Tax credit" means a transferable, non-refundable credit against the tax imposed by the Kansas income tax act, the premium tax or privilege fee imposed pursuant to K.S.A. 40-252, and amendments thereto, or the privilege tax as measured by net income of financial institutions imposed pursuant to chapter 79, article 11 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated.
  - (d) "Applicable percentage" means one hundred percent.
- (e) "Capital in a qualified Kansas business" means any note, stock, partnership or membership interest or other form of equity investment or hybrid security, of any nature and description whatsoever, including a debt instrument or security which has the characteristics of indebtedness but which provides for conversion into equity or equity participation instruments such as options or warrants which are acquired by a Kansas certified capital company as a result of a transfer of cash to a business. Capital in a qualified Kansas business shall not include secured debt instruments.
- (f) "Certified capital investment" means an investment of cash by an investor made in such manner as to acquire a beneficial ownership inter-

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est in a Kansas certified capital company.

(g) "Certified capital" means cash, marketable securities and other liquid assets held by a certified capital company equal to the amount of certified capital investment made by investors in the certified capital company

"Commission" means the Kansas securities commission.

"Commissioner" means the securities commissioner of Kansas or a person acting under the supervision of the commissioner

(j) "Investor" means any natural person or entity, including a corporation, limited liability company, general or limited partnership, trust or limited liability company that invests cash.

"Liquidating distribution" means payments remitted to investors

or to the certified capital company derived from earnings

"Person" means any natural person or entity, including a corporation, limited liability company, general or limited partnership, trust or limited liability company

"Qualified distribution" means any distribution or payment remitted to equity holders of a certified capital company in connection with

the following

(1) Reasonable costs and expenses of forming, syndicating, managing or operating the certified capital company;

(2) Fees paid to qualified managers for managing or operating the

certified capital company.

- "Qualified venture capital investment" means the investment of cash by a Kansas certified capital company in such a manner as to acquire capital in a qualified Kansas business.
  - (o) "Qualified Kansas business" means:

(1) A business that satisfies the requirements of paragraphs (A) through (B) of this subsection.

(A) Such business is independently owned and operated and has its principal business office located in Kansas or, in the case of a company domiciled outside the state of Kansas, which certifies that the company's principal business office will be located in Kansas within six months following the date of the initial investment;

(B) such business shall, at the time of the initial qualified venture capital investment, have no more than 50 full time equivalent employees, at least fifty percent of whom are resident in Kansas or, in the case of a company domiciled outside the state of Kansas, certifies that at least fifty percent of its employees will be resident in Kansas within six months following the date of the initial qualified venture capital investment;

(C) such business is in need of venture capital and cannot obtain conventional financing to fund its further development and future

operations;

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- (D) such business shall be engaged in commerce for the purpose of manufacturing, processing or assembling or distributing products, conducting research and development or providing services in interstate commerce.
- (E) For businesses involved in commerce for the purpose of providing services in interstate commerce, that business must demonstrate that more than fifty percent of its gross revenues are derived from sales outside the state of Kansas, or in the case of an early stage business, provide reasonable documentation that the company will derive at least fifty percent of its gross sales outside the state within a three-year period.
- (2) Any business which, subject to audit, is properly classified as a qualified Kansas business at the time of the first qualified venture capital investment in such business by a Kansas certified capital company shall, for a period of seven years following the date of such first investment, continue to be classified as a qualified Kansas business and may receive follow-on investments from any Kansas certified capital company, and such follow-on investments shall constitute qualified venture capital investments even though such business may not meet other qualifications of this subsection at the time of such follow-on investments.
  - (3) A qualified Kansas business shall not include:
- (A) Any commercial enterprise primarily engaged in the sale at retail of goods or services taxable under the Kansas retailer's sales tax act; any service provider set forth in K.S.A. 17-2707, and amendments thereto; any bank, savings and loan or lending institution; any real estate, real estate development or insurance company; or any commercial enterprise deriving its revenues directly from noncommercial customers in exchange for personal services;
- (B) a business engaged primarily as a passive business, irregular or noncontinuous operations, or which derives substantially all of its income from passive investments that generate interest, dividends, royalties or capital gains;
  - (C) a business engaged in oil and gas exploration and development;
  - (D) a subsidiary of a certified capital company;
  - (E) another certified capital company;
  - (F) an affiliate of the certified capital company;
- (G) an investor of the certified capital company or an affiliate or subsidiary of an investor of the certified capital company unless approved in writing by the commissioner.
- (4) At the time of the initial qualified venture capital investment, the qualified Kansas business shall certify that the business shall remain domiciled in Kansas for the next 10 years and any new manufacturing facility financed directly by a qualified investment shall be located in and shall remain in Kansas for the 10 years following.

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(p) "Affiliate of a certified capital company" means:

(1) any person that directly or indirectly, owns, controls or possesses the power or ability to vote ten percent or more of the outstanding voting securities or other beneficial ownership interests of the Kansas certified capital company;

(2) any person ten percent or more of whose outstanding voting securities or other beneficial ownership interests are directly or indirectly owned, controlled or possessed with the power to be voted by the Kansas certified capital company;

(3) any person directly or indirectly controlling, controlled by, or under common control with the Kansas certified capital company;

(4) any partnership in which the Kansas certified capital company is a general partner;

- (5) any person who is an officer, director, general partner, managing member, manager director or agent of the Kansas certified capital company or an immediate family member of such person.
  - (q) "Affiliate of an investor" means:
- (1) Any person that directly or indirectly, owns, controls or possesses the power or ability to vote ten percent or more of the outstanding voting securities or other beneficial ownership interests of the investor;
- (2) any person ten percent or more of whose outstanding voting securities or other beneficial ownership interests are directly or indirectly owned, controlled, or possessed with the power to be voted by the investor;
- (3) any person directly or indirectly controlling, controlled by or under common control with the investor;
  - (4) a partnership in which the investor is a general partner;
- any person who is an officer, director or agent of the investor or an immediate family member of such officer, director or agent.
- New Sec. 2. (a) Any investor that makes a certified capital investment shall earn a vested tax credit against state tax liability equal to 100% of the amount of such investor's certified capital investment. An investor, or person to whom the credits were duly transferred, shall be entitled to use not more than 10% of the vested credit per year beginning with tax filings for calendar year 2001. Any tax credit not used by an investor, or a person to whom the credits were duly transferred, in any single year may be carried forward and applied against tax liabilities of such investor or transferred for subsequent calendar years.
- (b) A tax credit claimed against state tax liability as described in subsection (a) may not exceed the state tax liability of the investor, or person to whom the credits were duly transferred, for any taxable year. All such credits against state tax liability may be carried forward indefinitely until the credits are utilized.

Haxable year for taxable years commencing after becember 31, 2000

If the amount of the credit allowed under subsection (a) exceeds the state tax liability of the investor of transferred for any taxable year, the amount which exceeds such tax liability of such portion thereof may be carried over for credit in the same years, until the total amount of such credit is used

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- (c) If the investor, is an individual, the investor shall have a personal net worth of at least \$1,000,000 and at least ten times the amount of such investor's certified capital investment in a capco. The investor's net worth shall not include the value of any equity in such investor's primary residence.
- (d) No certified capital investment in a capco by any one person shall be less than \$50,000.

(e) The commission shall be responsible for the administration of the tax credits authorized by this act.

(f) The total amount of tax eredits which may be allocated by the commissioner shall not exceed \$50,000,000. The total amount of tax credits which may be claimed under this act shall not exceed \$5,000,000 per year.

- New Sec. 3. (a) The commissioner may certify profit or not-for-profit entities which submit an application to be designated as a capco. The commissioner shall compile a list of every capco, including the address and telephone number of the capco's principal place of business. The commissioner shall forward the list to the secretary of commerce and housing. The secretary of commerce and housing shall publicize the list in order to inform Kansas companies of the availability of potential investment capital. The commission shall review the organizational documents for each applicant for certification and the business history of the applicant to determine:
- (1) that at the time of application, the applicant owns cash, marketable securities and other liquid assets valued at no less than \$500,000, or that the applicant is designated as an innovation and commercialization corporation or an affiliate of an innovation and commercialization corporation created under the Kansas technology enterprise corporation innovation and commercialization corporation program;
- (2) that the officers and the board of directors, general partners, trustees, managing members, or managers, as the case may be, are thoroughly acquainted with the requirements of this act and acknowledge such by a signed certification.
- (b) To continue to be certified, the capco must own and shall periodically provide information to the commissioner as the commissioner may require in order for the commissioner to determine that the liquid asset base for the certified capital company is at least \$500,000 at all times during the capco's participation in the program authorized by this act or that such moneys have been used for making qualified venture capital investments.
- (c) No entity which submits an application to be designated as a capco shall be certified by the commissioner if any of its directors, trustees, managers, officers, general partners, beneficial owners of 10% or more

-move to § (j) - definition of investor

move to 81(F)-definition of certified capital investment

tax evedit earned

fiscal year. The Secretary of Revenus Shall allow such credits on a first-come-first-serve basis.

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of any class of its equity securities, or any promoters employed or otherwise associated with it at the time of such application:

- (1) Has been affiliated with any company that has filed a registration statement which is subject to a currently effective stop order entered pursuant to any state law;
- (2) has been convicted of any felony or misdemeanor in connection with the purchase or sale of any security or any felony involving fraud or deceit including, but not limited to, forgery, embezzlement, obtaining money under false pretenses, larceny or conspiracy to defraud;
- (3) is currently subject to any state administrative order or judgment entered by a state securities administrator or is subject to any state administrative order or judgment in which fraud or deceit was found and an order or judgment was entered;
- (4) is currently subject to any state administrative order or judgment which prohibits the use of any exemption from registration in connection with the purchase or sale of securities;
- (5) is subject to any order, judgment or decree of any court of competent jurisdiction temporarily or preliminarily restraining or enjoining, or is subject to any order, judgment or decree of any court of competent jurisdiction permanently restraining or enjoining that person from engaging in or continuing any conduct or practice in connection with the purchase or sale of any security, rendering investment advice, or involving the making or any false filing with any state;
- (6) has been convicted of or plead nolo contendere to any criminal offense other than a misdemeanor involving motor vehicle violations.
- (d) The commissioner shall further review documentation regarding the qualifications of the persons who will actively manage the capco and make a determination as to whether such persons possessed sufficient knowledge and professional experience in the areas of investment, venture capital, business management and evaluation, portfolio management, and such other area of expertise to the degree that a reasonable person would be confident in such manager's ability to manage the capco. No certification shall be issued when it is the opinion of the commissioner that such persons do not possess this requisite degree of knowledge and expertise.
- (e) No investor shall individually, or collectively with or through one or more affiliates, by means of ownership, agreement or otherwise, own, control, or possess the power or ability to cause or direct the making of any qualified venture capital investments by a capco.
- (f) Within 75 days of application, the commission shall either issue the certification and notify the secretary of the department of revenue of such certification or shall refuse the certification and communicate in detail to the applicant the grounds for the refusal, including any sugges-

tions for the removal of those grounds.

New Sec. 4. (a) A capco shall have a period of 365 days from the date of receiving certification from the commissioner in which to procure the amount of certified capital investment required by subsection (b). All certified capital investments in the capco shall be received within such three-hundred-sixty-five-day funding period, notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (c).

- (b) Before closing its fund of certified capital investment, and pursuant to subsection (a) of section 3, and amendments thereto, a capco shall raise a minimum aggregate certified capital investment of no less than \$5,000,000. In the case of a capco designated as an innovation and commercialization corporation or an affiliate of an innovation and commercialization corporation created under the KTEC innovation and commercialization corporation program, such minimum certified capital investment shall be no less than \$1,000,000. No tax credits shall be issued by the commissioner until such time when these minimum cumulative investments are met. Failure of a capco to raise the minimum cumulative investments may result in the revocation of the certification by the commissioner.
- (c) Once fully capitalized pursuant to the provisions of subsection (b), a capco may make application to the commissioner for authorization to seek additional certified capital investment.

New Sec. 5. (a) To continue to be certified, a capco shall make qualified venture capital investments according to the following schedule:

- (1) Within three years after the date on which a capco is certified as a capco at least 25% of its certified capital shall be, or have been, used for making qualified venture capital investments;
- (2) within four years after the date on which a capco is certified as a capco at least 40% of its certified capital shall be, or have been, used for making qualified venture capital investments;
- (3) within five years after the date on which a capco is certified as a capco at least 50% of its total certified capital shall be, or have been, used for making qualified venture capital investments;
- (4) within seven years after the date on which a capco is certified as a capco at least 70% of its total certified capital shall be, or have been, used for making qualified venture capital investments.
- (5) A capco shall not make an investment in an affiliate of the capco or an affiliate of an investor. For the purposes of this subsection, if a legal entity is not an affiliate before a capco initially invests in the entity, it shall not be deemed to be an affiliate if such capco provides additional qualified venture capital investment to such entity subsequent to its initial investment. No corporate officer, employee or shareholder, no limited or general partner or other person personally affiliated with any capco shall

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to section 2 for any certified capital

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personally invest in any portfolio company regardless of whether the portfolio company is affiliated with the capco.

- (6) A capco, at least 15 working days prior to making what it determines to be any initial qualified venture capital investment, shall first certify to the commissioner that the company in which it proposes to invest meets the definition of a qualified Kansas business pursuant to paragraph (15) of subsection (a) of section 1, and amendments thereto. The capco shall state the amount of capital it intends to invest and identify the business in which it intends to make the investment. The capco shall also provide to the commissioner a written explanation of the basis for its determination that the business meets the definition of a qualified Kansas business, if the commissioner determines that the business does not meet the definition of a qualified Kansas business, the commissioner shall, within the fifteen-working-day period prior to the making of the proposed investment, notify the capco of the determination and provide the capco an explanation thereof. If the commissioner fails to notify the capco of his or her determination within the 15 working day period prescribed herein, the business in which the capco proposes to invest shall be deemed to be a qualified Kansas business. If a capco fails to notify the commissioner prior to making an initial investment in a business, the business in which the capco invested shall be deemed not to be a qualified Kansas business even though the business, at the time of the investment, met the requirements of paragraph (o) of subsection (a) of section 1, and amendments thereto;
- (7) All certified capital which is not then required to be invested in qualified venture capital investments or which has been previously invested in qualified venture capital investments and returned by the company, may be held or invested in such manner as the capco, in its discretion, deems appropriate. The proceeds of all certified capital which is returned by a capco after it was originally invested in qualified venture capital investments, may be invested in other qualified venture capital investments and shall be credited toward any requirement in this act with respect to placing certified capital in qualified venture capital investments.
- (b) A capco may make qualified distributions at any time. In order to lawfully make liquidating distributions, a capco must have invested an aggregate amount equal to 100% of its certified capital in qualified venture capital investments.
- (c) Cumulative liquidating distributions to equity holders in excess of the certified capital company's original certified capital and any additional capital contributions to the certified capital company shall be subject to audit by a nationally recognized, certified public accounting firm acceptable to the commissioner at the expense of the certified capital company





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The audit shall determine whether aggregate cumulative liquidating distributions to all investors and equity holders, when combined with all tax credits utilized by investors pursuant to this act, have resulted in an annual internal rate of return of 15% computed on the sum of total original certified capital of the certified capital company and any additional capital

contributions to the certified capital company.

(d) If at any time of any such distribution made by the capco which has achieved the annual internal rate of return specified under subsection (c) such distribution taken together with all other such distributions made by the certified capital company, other than qualified distributions, exceeds in the aggregate the sum of the certified capital company's original certified capital and any additional capital contributions to the certified capital company, as determined by the audit, the certified capital company shall, prior to any additional distributions, pay to the Kansas state treasurer's office 25% of the proportion of such distribution in excess of such amount.

- (e) Documents and other materials submitted by Kansas certified capital companies or by businesses for purposes of original certification or the continuance of certification shall not be public records if it is determined by the commissioner that disclosure of such information would compromise trade secrets of qualified Kansas businesses or the privacy rights of any investor and shall be maintained in a secured environment by the commissioner.
  - (f) Each capco shall report the following to the commission:
- (1) As soon as practicable, but in any case no later than 15 days, after the receipt of a certified capital investment, the name of each investor from whom the certified capital investment was received, the amount of each investor's certified capital investment, and the date when the certified capital investment was received;
- (2) Each capco shall provide to the commissioner, annual audited financial statements to the commission within 90 days of the close of the fiscal year. The audit shall address the methods of operation and conduct of business of the capco to determine if the capco is complying with the statutes and program rules and that the funds received by the capco have been invested in accordance with the time limits provided by this act.
- (3) At the end of each quarter, that no more than 20% of the assets of a capco shall be invested in a single qualified Kansas business at any one time unless the capco can demonstrate that a greater percentage in a single qualified Kansas business at any one time is the result of losses suffered by the capco in other qualified venture capital investments.

New Sec. 6. To ensure that no qualified venture capital investment or investor's certified capital investment has been made in violation of ite at the commissioner shall conduct an contral review of each canco

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to determine if the capco is complying with the requirements of certification, and shall advise the capco as to the status of its investments as qualified venture capital investments. The costs of the annual review shall be paid by each capco according to a reasonable fee schedule adopted by the commission.

- (b) Any material violation of this act shall be grounds for decertification under this section. If the commission determines that a company is not in compliance with any requirements for continuing in certification, it shall, by written notice, inform the officers of the company and the board of directors, managers, trustees or general partners that they may be decertified within 120 days from the date of mailing of the notice, unless they correct the deficiencies detailed in the notice and demonstrate to the commissioner's satisfaction that the capco is again in compliance with the requirements for certification as determined by the commissioner.
- (c) At the end of the one-hundred-twenty-day grace period, if the capco is still not in compliance, the commission may then send a notice of decertification to the capco and to the secretary of department of revenue. Decertification of a capco prior to the capco meeting all requirements of paragraph (1) through (3) of subsection (a) of section 5, and amendments thereto, shall cause the recapture of all tax credits previously claimed by an investor and the forfeiture of all future tax credits to otherwise be claimed by an investor with respect to his or her certified capital investment in the capco. Decertification of a capco after it has met all requirements of paragraphs (1) to (3) of subsection (a) of section 5, and amendments thereto, shall cause the forfeiture of tax credits commencing with the taxable year of the investor in which the decertification arose and for all future taxable years with no recapture of tax credits obtained by an investor with respect to the investor's tax years which ended before the decertification occurred. Once a capco has invested 100% of its certified capital in qualified Kansas businesses, all future tax credits to be claimed by investors with respect to said capco pursuant to this act shall be nonforfeitable.
- New Sec. 7. The commissioner shall prepare and submit an annual report to the governor and the legislature no later than October 1 of each year. Such report shall be presented to the standing committee on commerce in the senate, standing committee on economic development in the house of representatives, and the joint committee on economic development. Such report shall include but not be limited to:
- (1) The total dollar amount each capco received from all investors receiving tax credits and any other investors and the identity of all investors receiving tax credits;
- (2) the total amount invested by each capco in qualified Kansas busi-

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nesses, the identity and location of those businesses, the amount invested in each qualified Kansas business, and the total number of permanent full-time jobs created or retained by each qualified Kansas business as a result of the investment.

(3) The cumulative amount of any liquidating disbursements received by the state from the Kansas certified capital companies.

New Sec. 8. The commission may revoke the certification of a capco if any material representation to the commission in connection with the application process proves to have been falsely made or if the application materially violates any requirement established by the commission pursuant to this act

New Sec. 9 (a) The tax credit established pursuant to this act may be sold or transferred in accordance with rules and regulations adopted by the commission. The commission, in cooperation with the secretary of the department of revenue, shall develop such rules and regulations to facilitate the operation of the program consistent with the interest of the state in tracking the transfer of ownership and the use of tax credits earned by the holder in due course.

(b) Any such sale or transfer shall not affect the time schedule for taking the tax credit, as provided in this act. Any tax credits recaptured pursuant to section 6 shall be the liability of the taxpayer which actually claimed the tax credit. In approving the sale or transfer of the tax credit pursuant to this section, the commission may require the transferor or the transferee or both the transferor and the transferee to execute guarantees or post bonds with respect to any potential tax credit recapture.

(c) Any payment received for tax credits is taxable income of the transferor of the credit and any difference between the transfer price and the sale price of the tax credit shall be taxable income of the transferee.

(d) The commission shall make and promulgate rules and regulations consistent with the provisions of this act as are necessary or useful to carryout the provisions of this act which are necessary to implement the act.

(e) Every final order, decision, license or other official act of the commissioner pursuant to this act is subject to administrative review in accordance with the Kansas administrative procedure act.

(f) In view of the objectives of these requirements and the underlying policies of the act, the act is not available with respect to any transaction or series of transactions that, although in technical compliance with these rules, is part of a plan or scheme to evade the requirements of this act or to distort the benefits entitled to be realized under the act. In such cases, no investor in any capco shall be entitled to the benefit of any tax credits provided for hereunder.

- move to \$2 establishing tax wedits

excess of the amount of the tax evedit transferred over the payment made for the tax evedit.

follows: 17-1262. Except as expressly provided in this section, the following transactions shall be exempt from the registration requirements of K.S.A. 17-1254, 17-1255, 17-1257, 17-1258, 17-1259 and 17-1260, and amendments thereto:

- (a) Any isolated transaction, whether effected through a brokerdealer or not.
- (b) Any nonissuer distribution by or through a registered broker-dealer of outstanding securities at a price reasonably related to the current market price of such securities, if Moody's manual, Standard & Poor's manual, or any recognized securities manual approved by the commissioner, contains the names of the issuer's officers and directors, a balance sheet of the issuer as of a date within 18 months, and a profit and loss statement for either the fiscal year preceding that date or the most recent year of operations. If the commissioner finds that the sale of certain securities in this state under this exemption would work or tend to work a fraud on purchasers thereof, the commissioner may revoke the exemption provided by this subsection with respect to such securities by issuing an order to that effect and sending copies of such order to all registered broker-dealers.
- (c) Any nonissuer transaction by a registered broker-dealer pursuant to an unsolicited order or offer to buy. The commissioner may require, by rules and regulations, that: (1) The customer acknowledge upon a specified form that the sale was unsolicited; and (2) a signed copy of each such form be preserved by the broker-dealer for a specified period.
- (d) Any transactions in a bond or other evidence of indebtedness secured by a real or chattel mortgage or deed of trust, or by an agreement for the sale of real estate or chattels, if the entire mortgage, deed of trust or agreement, together with all the bonds or other evidences of indebtedness secured thereby, is offered and sold as a unit.
- (e) Any transaction by an executor, administrator, sheriff, marshal, receiver, trustee in bankruptcy, guardian or conservator; any transaction executed by a bona fide pledgee without any purpose of evading this act or any transaction incident to a judicially approved reorganization in which a security is issued in exchange for one or more outstanding securities, claims or property interests.
- (f) Any offer or sale to a bank, savings institution, trust company, insurance company, investment company as defined in the investment company act of 1940, pension or profit-sharing trust or other financial institution or institutional buyer or to a broker-dealer or underwriter.
- (g) Any offer or sale of a preorganization certificate or subscription if: (1) No commission or other remuneration is paid or given directly or indirectly for soliciting any prospective subscriber and no advertising has





Session of 1999

# SENATE BILL No. 315

## By Committee on Commerce

#### 2-12

AN ACT concerning venture capital; enacting the Kansas certified capital company act; amending K.S.A. 1998 Supp. 17-1262 and repealing the existing section.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

New Section 1. This act shall be known and may be cited as the "Kansas Certified Capital Company Act". The purpose of this act is to enhance the development of seed and venture capital in Kansas and to support the modernization and expansion of the state's rural economy. As used in this act, the following terms mean:

- (a) "Certified capital company" means any partnership, corporation, trust or limited liability company, whether organized on a profit or not for profit basis, that is domiciled in and qualified to conduct business in Kansas and that has as its primary business activity, the investment of cash in qualified Kansas businesses, and which is certified by the securities commissioner of Kansas as satisfying the criteria of this act.
  - (b) "Capco" means any certified capital company.
- (c) "Tax credit" means a transferable, non-refundable credit against the tax imposed by the Kansas income tax act, the premium tax or privilege fee imposed pursuant to K.S.A. 40-252, and amendments thereto, or the privilege tax as measured by net income of financial institutions imposed pursuant to chapter 79, article 11 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated.
  - (d) "Applicable percentage" means one hundred percent.
- (e) "Capital in a qualified Kansas business" means any note, stock, partnership or membership interest or other form of equity investment or hybrid security, of any nature and description whatsoever, including a debt instrument or security which has the characteristics of indebtedness but which provides for conversion into equity or equity participation instruments such as options or warrants which are acquired by a Kansas certified capital company as a result of a transfer of cash to a business. Capital in a qualified Kansas business shall not include secured debt instruments.
- (f) "Certified capital investment" means an investment of cash by an investor made in such manner as to acquire a beneficial ownership inter-

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est in a Kansas certified capital company.

(g) "Certified capital" means cash, marketable securities and other liquid assets held by a certified capital company equal to the amount of certified capital investment made by investors in the certified capital company

"Commission" means the Kansas securities commission.

"Commissioner" means the securities commissioner of Kansas or a person acting under the supervision of the commissioner

(j) "Investor" means any natural person or entity, including a corporation, limited liability company, general or limited partnership, trust or limited liability company that invests cash.

"Liquidating distribution" means payments remitted to investors

or to the certified capital company derived from earnings

"Person" means any natural person or entity, including a corporation, limited liability company, general or limited partnership, trust or limited liability company

"Qualified distribution" means any distribution or payment remitted to equity holders of a certified capital company in connection with

the following

(1) Reasonable costs and expenses of forming, syndicating, managing or operating the certified capital company;

(2) Fees paid to qualified managers for managing or operating the

certified capital company.

- "Qualified venture capital investment" means the investment of cash by a Kansas certified capital company in such a manner as to acquire capital in a qualified Kansas business.
  - (o) "Qualified Kansas business" means:

(1) A business that satisfies the requirements of paragraphs (A) through (B) of this subsection.

(A) Such business is independently owned and operated and has its principal business office located in Kansas or, in the case of a company domiciled outside the state of Kansas, which certifies that the company's principal business office will be located in Kansas within six months following the date of the initial investment;

(B) such business shall, at the time of the initial qualified venture capital investment, have no more than 50 full time equivalent employees, at least fifty percent of whom are resident in Kansas or, in the case of a company domiciled outside the state of Kansas, certifies that at least fifty percent of its employees will be resident in Kansas within six months following the date of the initial qualified venture capital investment;

(C) such business is in need of venture capital and cannot obtain conventional financing to fund its further development and future

operations;

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- (D) such business shall be engaged in commerce for the purpose of manufacturing, processing or assembling or distributing products, conducting research and development or providing services in interstate commerce.
- (E) For businesses involved in commerce for the purpose of providing services in interstate commerce, that business must demonstrate that more than fifty percent of its gross revenues are derived from sales outside the state of Kansas, or in the case of an early stage business, provide reasonable documentation that the company will derive at least fifty percent of its gross sales outside the state within a three-year period.
- (2) Any business which, subject to audit, is properly classified as a qualified Kansas business at the time of the first qualified venture capital investment in such business by a Kansas certified capital company shall, for a period of seven years following the date of such first investment, continue to be classified as a qualified Kansas business and may receive follow-on investments from any Kansas certified capital company, and such follow-on investments shall constitute qualified venture capital investments even though such business may not meet other qualifications of this subsection at the time of such follow-on investments.
  - (3) A qualified Kansas business shall not include:
- (A) Any commercial enterprise primarily engaged in the sale at retail of goods or services taxable under the Kansas retailer's sales tax act; any service provider set forth in K.S.A. 17-2707, and amendments thereto; any bank, savings and loan or lending institution; any real estate, real estate development or insurance company; or any commercial enterprise deriving its revenues directly from noncommercial customers in exchange for personal services;
- (B) a business engaged primarily as a passive business, irregular or noncontinuous operations, or which derives substantially all of its income from passive investments that generate interest, dividends, royalties or capital gains;
  - (C) a business engaged in oil and gas exploration and development;
  - (D) a subsidiary of a certified capital company;
  - (E) another certified capital company;
  - (F) an affiliate of the certified capital company;
- (G) an investor of the certified capital company or an affiliate or subsidiary of an investor of the certified capital company unless approved in writing by the commissioner.
- (4) At the time of the initial qualified venture capital investment, the qualified Kansas business shall certify that the business shall remain domiciled in Kansas for the next 10 years and any new manufacturing facility financed directly by a qualified investment shall be located in and shall remain in Kansas for the 10 years following.

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(p) "Affiliate of a certified capital company" means:

(1) any person that directly or indirectly, owns, controls or possesses the power or ability to vote ten percent or more of the outstanding voting securities or other beneficial ownership interests of the Kansas certified capital company;

(2) any person ten percent or more of whose outstanding voting securities or other beneficial ownership interests are directly or indirectly owned, controlled or possessed with the power to be voted by the Kansas certified capital company;

(3) any person directly or indirectly controlling, controlled by, or under common control with the Kansas certified capital company;

(4) any partnership in which the Kansas certified capital company is a general partner;

(5) any person who is an officer, director, general partner, managing member, manager director or agent of the Kansas certified capital company or an immediate family member of such person.

(q) "Affiliate of an investor" means:

(1) Any person that directly or indirectly, owns, controls or possesses the power or ability to vote ten percent or more of the outstanding voting securities or other beneficial ownership interests of the investor;

(2) any person ten percent or more of whose outstanding voting securities or other beneficial ownership interests are directly or indirectly owned, controlled, or possessed with the power to be voted by the investor;

(3) any person directly or indirectly controlling, controlled by or under common control with the investor;

(4) a partnership in which the investor is a general partner;

any person who is an officer, director or agent of the investor or an immediate family member of such officer, director or agent.

New Sec. 2. (a) Any investor that makes a certified capital investment shall earn a vested tax credit against state tax liability equal to 100% of the amount of such investor's certified capital investment. An investor, or person to whom the credits were duly transferred, shall be entitled to use not more than 10% of the vested credit per year beginning with tax filings for calendar year 2001. Any tax credit not used by an investor, or a person to whom the credits were duly transferred, in any single year may be carried forward and applied against tax liabilities of such investor or transferred for subsequent calendar years.

(b) A tax credit claimed against state tax liability as described in subsection (a) may not exceed the state tax liability of the investor, or person to whom the credits were duly transferred, for any taxable year. All such credits against state tax liability may be carried forward indefinitely until the credits are utilized.

Haxable year for taxable years commencing after becember 31, 2000

If the amount of the credit allowed under subsection (a) exceeds the state tax liability of the investor of transferred for any taxable year, the amount which exceeds such tax liability of such portion thereof may be carried over for credit in the same years, until the total amount of such credit is used

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- (c) If the investor, is an individual, the investor shall have a personal net worth of at least \$1,000,000 and at least ten times the amount of such investor's certified capital investment in a capco. The investor's net worth shall not include the value of any equity in such investor's primary residence.
- (d) No certified capital investment in a capco by any one person shall be less than \$50,000.

(e) The commission shall be responsible for the administration of the tax credits authorized by this act.

(f) The total amount of tax eredits which may be allocated by the commissioner shall not exceed \$50,000,000. The total amount of tax credits which may be claimed under this act shall not exceed \$5,000,000 per year.

- New Sec. 3. (a) The commissioner may certify profit or not-for-profit entities which submit an application to be designated as a capco. The commissioner shall compile a list of every capco, including the address and telephone number of the capco's principal place of business. The commissioner shall forward the list to the secretary of commerce and housing. The secretary of commerce and housing shall publicize the list in order to inform Kansas companies of the availability of potential investment capital. The commission shall review the organizational documents for each applicant for certification and the business history of the applicant to determine:
- (1) that at the time of application, the applicant owns cash, marketable securities and other liquid assets valued at no less than \$500,000, or that the applicant is designated as an innovation and commercialization corporation or an affiliate of an innovation and commercialization corporation created under the Kansas technology enterprise corporation innovation and commercialization corporation program;
- (2) that the officers and the board of directors, general partners, trustees, managing members, or managers, as the case may be, are thoroughly acquainted with the requirements of this act and acknowledge such by a signed certification.
- (b) To continue to be certified, the capco must own and shall periodically provide information to the commissioner as the commissioner may require in order for the commissioner to determine that the liquid asset base for the certified capital company is at least \$500,000 at all times during the capco's participation in the program authorized by this act or that such moneys have been used for making qualified venture capital investments.
- (c) No entity which submits an application to be designated as a capco shall be certified by the commissioner if any of its directors, trustees, managers, officers, general partners, beneficial owners of 10% or more

-move to § (j) - definition of investor

move to 81(F)-definition of certified capital investment

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fiscal year. The Secretary of Revenus Shall allow such credits on a first-come-first-serve basis.

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of any class of its equity securities, or any promoters employed or otherwise associated with it at the time of such application:

- (1) Has been affiliated with any company that has filed a registration statement which is subject to a currently effective stop order entered pursuant to any state law;
- (2) has been convicted of any felony or misdemeanor in connection with the purchase or sale of any security or any felony involving fraud or deceit including, but not limited to, forgery, embezzlement, obtaining money under false pretenses, larceny or conspiracy to defraud;
- (3) is currently subject to any state administrative order or judgment entered by a state securities administrator or is subject to any state administrative order or judgment in which fraud or deceit was found and an order or judgment was entered;
- (4) is currently subject to any state administrative order or judgment which prohibits the use of any exemption from registration in connection with the purchase or sale of securities;
- (5) is subject to any order, judgment or decree of any court of competent jurisdiction temporarily or preliminarily restraining or enjoining, or is subject to any order, judgment or decree of any court of competent jurisdiction permanently restraining or enjoining that person from engaging in or continuing any conduct or practice in connection with the purchase or sale of any security, rendering investment advice, or involving the making or any false filing with any state;
- (6) has been convicted of or plead nolo contendere to any criminal offense other than a misdemeanor involving motor vehicle violations.
- (d) The commissioner shall further review documentation regarding the qualifications of the persons who will actively manage the capco and make a determination as to whether such persons possessed sufficient knowledge and professional experience in the areas of investment, venture capital, business management and evaluation, portfolio management, and such other area of expertise to the degree that a reasonable person would be confident in such manager's ability to manage the capco. No certification shall be issued when it is the opinion of the commissioner that such persons do not possess this requisite degree of knowledge and expertise.
- (e) No investor shall individually, or collectively with or through one or more affiliates, by means of ownership, agreement or otherwise, own, control, or possess the power or ability to cause or direct the making of any qualified venture capital investments by a capco.
- (f) Within 75 days of application, the commission shall either issue the certification and notify the secretary of the department of revenue of such certification or shall refuse the certification and communicate in detail to the applicant the grounds for the refusal, including any sugges-

tions for the removal of those grounds.

New Sec. 4. (a) A capco shall have a period of 365 days from the date of receiving certification from the commissioner in which to procure the amount of certified capital investment required by subsection (b). All certified capital investments in the capco shall be received within such three-hundred-sixty-five-day funding period, notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (c).

- (b) Before closing its fund of certified capital investment, and pursuant to subsection (a) of section 3, and amendments thereto, a capco shall raise a minimum aggregate certified capital investment of no less than \$5,000,000. In the case of a capco designated as an innovation and commercialization corporation or an affiliate of an innovation and commercialization corporation created under the KTEC innovation and commercialization corporation program, such minimum certified capital investment shall be no less than \$1,000,000. No tax credits shall be issued by the commissioner until such time when these minimum cumulative investments are met. Failure of a capco to raise the minimum cumulative investments may result in the revocation of the certification by the commissioner.
- (c) Once fully capitalized pursuant to the provisions of subsection (b), a capco may make application to the commissioner for authorization to seek additional certified capital investment.

New Sec. 5. (a) To continue to be certified, a capco shall make qualified venture capital investments according to the following schedule:

- (1) Within three years after the date on which a capco is certified as a capco at least 25% of its certified capital shall be, or have been, used for making qualified venture capital investments;
- (2) within four years after the date on which a capco is certified as a capco at least 40% of its certified capital shall be, or have been, used for making qualified venture capital investments;
- (3) within five years after the date on which a capco is certified as a capco at least 50% of its total certified capital shall be, or have been, used for making qualified venture capital investments;
- (4) within seven years after the date on which a capco is certified as a capco at least 70% of its total certified capital shall be, or have been, used for making qualified venture capital investments.
- (5) A capco shall not make an investment in an affiliate of the capco or an affiliate of an investor. For the purposes of this subsection, if a legal entity is not an affiliate before a capco initially invests in the entity, it shall not be deemed to be an affiliate if such capco provides additional qualified venture capital investment to such entity subsequent to its initial investment. No corporate officer, employee or shareholder, no limited or general partner or other person personally affiliated with any capco shall

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personally invest in any portfolio company regardless of whether the portfolio company is affiliated with the capco.

- (6) A capco, at least 15 working days prior to making what it determines to be any initial qualified venture capital investment, shall first certify to the commissioner that the company in which it proposes to invest meets the definition of a qualified Kansas business pursuant to paragraph (15) of subsection (a) of section 1, and amendments thereto. The capco shall state the amount of capital it intends to invest and identify the business in which it intends to make the investment. The capco shall also provide to the commissioner a written explanation of the basis for its determination that the business meets the definition of a qualified Kansas business, if the commissioner determines that the business does not meet the definition of a qualified Kansas business, the commissioner shall, within the fifteen-working-day period prior to the making of the proposed investment, notify the capco of the determination and provide the capco an explanation thereof. If the commissioner fails to notify the capco of his or her determination within the 15 working day period prescribed herein, the business in which the capco proposes to invest shall be deemed to be a qualified Kansas business. If a capco fails to notify the commissioner prior to making an initial investment in a business, the business in which the capco invested shall be deemed not to be a qualified Kansas business even though the business, at the time of the investment, met the requirements of paragraph (o) of subsection (a) of section 1, and amendments thereto;
- (7) All certified capital which is not then required to be invested in qualified venture capital investments or which has been previously invested in qualified venture capital investments and returned by the company, may be held or invested in such manner as the capco, in its discretion, deems appropriate. The proceeds of all certified capital which is returned by a capco after it was originally invested in qualified venture capital investments, may be invested in other qualified venture capital investments and shall be credited toward any requirement in this act with respect to placing certified capital in qualified venture capital investments.
- (b) A capco may make qualified distributions at any time. In order to lawfully make liquidating distributions, a capco must have invested an aggregate amount equal to 100% of its certified capital in qualified venture capital investments.
- (c) Cumulative liquidating distributions to equity holders in excess of the certified capital company's original certified capital and any additional capital contributions to the certified capital company shall be subject to audit by a nationally recognized, certified public accounting firm acceptable to the commissioner at the expense of the certified capital company





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The audit shall determine whether aggregate cumulative liquidating distributions to all investors and equity holders, when combined with all tax credits utilized by investors pursuant to this act, have resulted in an annual internal rate of return of 15% computed on the sum of total original certified capital of the certified capital company and any additional capital

contributions to the certified capital company.

(d) If at any time of any such distribution made by the capco which has achieved the annual internal rate of return specified under subsection (c) such distribution taken together with all other such distributions made by the certified capital company, other than qualified distributions, exceeds in the aggregate the sum of the certified capital company's original certified capital and any additional capital contributions to the certified capital company, as determined by the audit, the certified capital company shall, prior to any additional distributions, pay to the Kansas state treasurer's office 25% of the proportion of such distribution in excess of such amount.

- (e) Documents and other materials submitted by Kansas certified capital companies or by businesses for purposes of original certification or the continuance of certification shall not be public records if it is determined by the commissioner that disclosure of such information would compromise trade secrets of qualified Kansas businesses or the privacy rights of any investor and shall be maintained in a secured environment by the commissioner.
  - (f) Each capco shall report the following to the commission:
- (1) As soon as practicable, but in any case no later than 15 days, after the receipt of a certified capital investment, the name of each investor from whom the certified capital investment was received, the amount of each investor's certified capital investment, and the date when the certified capital investment was received;
- (2) Each capco shall provide to the commissioner, annual audited financial statements to the commission within 90 days of the close of the fiscal year. The audit shall address the methods of operation and conduct of business of the capco to determine if the capco is complying with the statutes and program rules and that the funds received by the capco have been invested in accordance with the time limits provided by this act.
- (3) At the end of each quarter, that no more than 20% of the assets of a capco shall be invested in a single qualified Kansas business at any one time unless the capco can demonstrate that a greater percentage in a single qualified Kansas business at any one time is the result of losses suffered by the capco in other qualified venture capital investments.

New Sec. 6. To ensure that no qualified venture capital investment or investor's certified capital investment has been made in violation of ite at the commissioner shall conduct an contral review of each canco

follows: 17-1262. Except as expressly provided in this section, the following transactions shall be exempt from the registration requirements of K.S.A. 17-1254, 17-1255, 17-1257, 17-1258, 17-1259 and 17-1260, and amendments thereto:

- (a) Any isolated transaction, whether effected through a brokerdealer or not.
- (b) Any nonissuer distribution by or through a registered broker-dealer of outstanding securities at a price reasonably related to the current market price of such securities, if Moody's manual, Standard & Poor's manual, or any recognized securities manual approved by the commissioner, contains the names of the issuer's officers and directors, a balance sheet of the issuer as of a date within 18 months, and a profit and loss statement for either the fiscal year preceding that date or the most recent year of operations. If the commissioner finds that the sale of certain securities in this state under this exemption would work or tend to work a fraud on purchasers thereof, the commissioner may revoke the exemption provided by this subsection with respect to such securities by issuing an order to that effect and sending copies of such order to all registered broker-dealers.
- (c) Any nonissuer transaction by a registered broker-dealer pursuant to an unsolicited order or offer to buy. The commissioner may require, by rules and regulations, that: (1) The customer acknowledge upon a specified form that the sale was unsolicited; and (2) a signed copy of each such form be preserved by the broker-dealer for a specified period.
- (d) Any transactions in a bond or other evidence of indebtedness secured by a real or chattel mortgage or deed of trust, or by an agreement for the sale of real estate or chattels, if the entire mortgage, deed of trust or agreement, together with all the bonds or other evidences of indebtedness secured thereby, is offered and sold as a unit.
- (e) Any transaction by an executor, administrator, sheriff, marshal, receiver, trustee in bankruptcy, guardian or conservator; any transaction executed by a bona fide pledgee without any purpose of evading this act or any transaction incident to a judicially approved reorganization in which a security is issued in exchange for one or more outstanding securities, claims or property interests.
- (f) Any offer or sale to a bank, savings institution, trust company, insurance company, investment company as defined in the investment company act of 1940, pension or profit-sharing trust or other financial institution or institutional buyer or to a broker-dealer or underwriter.
- (g) Any offer or sale of a preorganization certificate or subscription if: (1) No commission or other remuneration is paid or given directly or indirectly for soliciting any prospective subscriber and no advertising has





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by any subscriber; and (3) such certificate or subscription is expressly voidable by the subscriber until such subscriber has been notified of final acceptance or completion of the organization and until the securities subscribed for have been registered. The commissioner may require, by rules and regulations or by order, reports of sales under this exemption.

- (h) Any transaction pursuant to an offer to existing security holders of the issuer, including persons who at the time of the transaction are holders of convertible securities, nontransferable warrants or transferable warrants exercisable within 90 days of their issuance, if: (1) No commission or other remuneration (other than a standby commission) is paid or given directly or indirectly for soliciting any security holder in this state; or (2) the issuer first files a notice specifying the terms of the offer and the commissioner does not by order disallow the exemption within the next five full business days.
- (i) Any offer (but not a sale) of a security if: (1) Registration statements for such security have been filed under both this act and the securities act of 1933 if no stop order or refusal order is in effect and no public proceeding or examination looking toward such an order is pending under either act; or (2) a registration statement for such security has been filed under K.S.A. 17-1256 or 17-1258, and amendments thereto, no stop order or emergency order issued pursuant to K.S.A. 17-1260, and amendments thereto, is in effect and the offer is made on behalf of the issuer by a registered broker-dealer.
- (j) The issuance of any stock dividend, whether the corporation distributing the dividend is the issuer of the stock or not, if nothing of value is given by stockholders for the distribution other than the surrender of a right to a cash dividend where the stockholder can elect to take a dividend in cash or stock.
- (k) A transaction involving the distribution of the securities of an issuer to the security holders of another person in connection with a merger, consolidation, exchange of securities, sale of assets or other reorganizations to which the issuer, or its parent or subsidiary, and the other person, or its parent or subsidiary, are parties, if:
- (1) The securities to be distributed are registered under the securities act of 1933 before the consummation of the transaction; or
- (2) the securities to be distributed are not required to be registered under the securities act of 1933, written notice of the transaction and a copy of the materials, if any, by which approval of the transaction will be solicited is given to the commissioner at least 10 days before the consummation of the transaction and the commissioner does not disallow, by order, the exemption within the next 10 days.
- (l) The offer or sale of securities by an issuer that is a corporation, limited partnership or limited liability company formed under the laws

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by any subscriber; and (3) such certificate or subscription is expressly voidable by the subscriber until such subscriber has been notified of final acceptance or completion of the organization and until the securities subscribed for have been registered. The commissioner may require, by rules and regulations or by order, reports of sales under this exemption.

- (h) Any transaction pursuant to an offer to existing security holders of the issuer, including persons who at the time of the transaction are holders of convertible securities, nontransferable warrants or transferable warrants exercisable within 90 days of their issuance, if: (1) No commission or other remuneration (other than a standby commission) is paid or given directly or indirectly for soliciting any security holder in this state; or (2) the issuer first files a notice specifying the terms of the offer and the commissioner does not by order disallow the exemption within the next five full business days.
- (i) Any offer (but not a sale) of a security if: (1) Registration statements for such security have been filed under both this act and the securities act of 1933 if no stop order or refusal order is in effect and no public proceeding or examination looking toward such an order is pending under either act; or (2) a registration statement for such security has been filed under K.S.A. 17-1256 or 17-1258, and amendments thereto, no stop order or emergency order issued pursuant to K.S.A. 17-1260, and amendments thereto, is in effect and the offer is made on behalf of the issuer by a registered broker-dealer.
- (j) The issuance of any stock dividend, whether the corporation distributing the dividend is the issuer of the stock or not, if nothing of value is given by stockholders for the distribution other than the surrender of a right to a cash dividend where the stockholder can elect to take a dividend in cash or stock.
- (k) A transaction involving the distribution of the securities of an issuer to the security holders of another person in connection with a merger, consolidation, exchange of securities, sale of assets or other reorganizations to which the issuer, or its parent or subsidiary, and the other person, or its parent or subsidiary, are parties, if:
- (1) The securities to be distributed are registered under the securities act of 1933 before the consummation of the transaction; or
- (2) the securities to be distributed are not required to be registered under the securities act of 1933, written notice of the transaction and a copy of the materials, if any, by which approval of the transaction will be solicited is given to the commissioner at least 10 days before the consummation of the transaction and the commissioner does not disallow, by order, the exemption within the next 10 days.
- (l) The offer or sale of securities by an issuer that is a corporation, limited partnership or limited liability company formed under the laws

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of the state of Kansas, if: (1) The aggregate number of sales by the issuer in the twelve-month period ending on the date of the sale does not exceed 20 sales; (2) the seller believes that the purchaser is purchasing for investment; (3) no commission nor other remuneration is paid or given, directly or indirectly, for soliciting the purchaser; and (4) neither the issuer nor any person acting on its behalf shall offer or sell the securities by any form of general solicitation or general advertising, including, but not limited to, the following: (A) Any advertisement, article, notice or other communication published in any newspaper, magazine or similar media or broadcast over television or radio or (B) any seminar or meeting whose attendees have been invited by any general solicitation or general advertising.

In calculating the number of sales in a twelve-month period, sales made in violation of K.S.A. 17-1255, and amendments thereto, and sales exempt from registration under subsection (a) or (l) shall be taken into account. For purposes of the exemption in this subsection, a husband and wife shall be considered as one purchaser. A corporation, partnership, association, joint-stock company, trust or other unincorporated organization shall be considered as one purchaser unless it was organized for the purpose of acquiring the purchased securities. In such case each beneficial owner of equity interest or equity securities in the entity shall be considered a separate purchaser. The commissioner may withdraw this exemption or impose conditions upon its use.

(m) Any transaction pursuant to rules and regulations adopted by the commissioner for limited offerings which was adopted for the purpose of furthering the objectives of compatibility with federal exemptions and uniformity among the states.

(n) Any transaction pursuant to rules and regulations adopted by the commissioner concerning the offer or sale of an oil, gas or mining lease, fee or title if the commissioner finds that registration is not necessary or appropriate for the protection of investors.

(o) Any offer or sale by an investment company, as defined by K.S.A. 16-630, and amendments thereto, of its investment certificates

- (p) The offer or sale of a security, issued by Kansas Venture Capital, Inc., or its successors
- (q) The offer or sale of a security issued by capco as defined in section 1, and amendments thereto.
  - Sec. 11. K.S.A. 1998 Supp. 17-1262 is hereby repealed.
- 38 Sec. 12. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its 39 publication in the statute book.

# SB 315 - Key Points

- Seed capital is virtually non-existent in Kansas today.
- Bill is catalyst for formation of private seed capital industry in Kansas.
- Not a technology company bill. Only real estate, retail, and financial and personal services are excluded.
- Businesses in all 105 counties are eligible for investments.
- ♦ 100 percent tax credit to accredited investor in CapCo, with suggested minimum investment of \$25,000.
- CapCo's would invest only in Kansas companies with less than \$1 million in revenue and less than five years old.
- Companies receiving investment agree to stay in Kansas for at least ten years.
- ♦ \$50 million maximum credits available with no more than \$5 million to be claimed per year.
- ♦ Total tax credits will not exceed \$10 million to investors in any single CapCo.
- ♦ A minimum of \$5 million investment in each CapCo is required.
- Bill is designed to attract out-of-state capital to Kansas through transferrable tax credits.
- ♦ CapCo managers screened for competency to ensure success of CapCo and positive economic benefits to state in return for tax credits.
- Purpose of securities regulations is to protect investors.

With publicly traded companies (stock market and mutual funds), investor protection is through public reporting requirements imposed on companies.

With privately traded companies (seed capital funds), investor protection is through "accredited investor only" restriction.

- Securities Commission has audit authority and other oversight powers.
- - ♦ State shares in financial success of CapCo's: 25 percent of distributions after guaranteed 15 percent IRR.
  - ♦ Bill reflects lessons learned from other states' CapCo's and Kansas' 1986 tax credits

Senate Commerce Committee

Date: 3-19-99

Attachment # 3

<sup>\*</sup> Suggested amendments are in italics.

## SENATE BILL No. 315

## By Committee on Commerce

#### 2-12

AN ACT concerning venture capital; enacting the Kansas certified capital company act; amending K.S.A. 1998 Supp. 17-1262 and repealing the existing section.

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Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

New Section 1. This act shall be known and may be cited as the "Kansas Certified Capital Company Act". The purpose of this act is to enhance the development of seed and venture capital in Kansas and to support the modernization and expansion of the state's rural economy.

As used in this act, the following terms mean:

(a) "Certified capital company" means any partnership, corporation, trust or limited liability company, whether organized on a profit or not for profit basis, that is domiciled in and qualified to conduct business in Kansas and that has as its primary business activity, the investment of cash in qualified Kansas businesses, and which is (eertified by the securities commissioner of Kansas as satisfying the criteria of this act.

(b) "Capco" means any certified capital company.

(c) "Tax credit" means a transferable, non-refundable credit against the tax imposed by the Kansas income tax act, the premium tax or privilege fee imposed pursuant to K.S.A. 40-252, and amendments thereto, or the privilege tax as measured by net income of financial institutions imposed pursuant to chapter 79, article 11 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated.

"Applicable percentage" means one hundred percent.

(e) "Capital in a qualified Kansas business" means any note, stock, partnership or membership interest or other form of equity investment or hybrid security, of any nature and description whatsoever, including a debt instrument or security which has the characteristics of indebtedness but which provides for conversion into equity or equity participation instruments such as options or warrants which are acquired by a Kansas certified capital company as a result of a transfer of cash to a business. Capital in a qualified Kansas business shall not include secured debt instruments.

(f) "Certified capital investment" means an investment of cash by an investor|made in such manner as to acquire a beneficial ownership interunless the context clearly requires otherwise

regulated

in accordance with the provisions

which is certified by the securities commissioner to have been

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est in a Kansas certified capital company.

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(g) "Certified capital" means cash, marketable securities and other liquid assets held by a certified capital company equal to the amount of certified capital investment made by investors in the certified capital company.

(h) "Commission" means the Kansas securities commission.

(i) "Commissioner" means the securities commissioner of Kansas or a person acting under the supervision of the commissioner.

(j) "Investor" means any natural person or entity, including a corporation, limited liability company, general or limited partnership, trust or limited liability company that invests cash.

(k) "Liquidating distribution" means payments remitted to investors or to the certified capital company derived from earnings.

(l) "Person" means any natural person or entity, including a corporation, limited liability company, general or limited partnership, trust or limited liability company.

(m) "Qualified distribution" means any distribution or payment remitted to equity holders of a certified capital company in connection with the following:

(1) Reasonable costs and expenses of forming, syndicating, managing or operating the certified capital company;

(2) Fees paid to qualified managers for managing or operating the certified capital company.

(n) "Qualified venture capital investment" means the investment of cash by a Kansas certified capital company in such a manner as to acquire capital in a qualified Kansas business.

(o) "Qualified Kansas business" means:

(1) A business that satisfies the requirements of paragraphs (A) through (B) of this subsection.

(A) Such business is independently owned and operated and has its principal business office located in Kansas or, in the case of a company domiciled outside the state of Kansas, which certifies that the company's principal business office will be located in Kansas within six months following the date of the initial investment;

(B) such business shall, at the time of the initial qualified venture capital investment, have no more than 50 full time equivalent employees, at least fifty percent of whom are resident in Kansas or, in the case of a company domiciled outside the state of Kansas, certifies that at least fifty percent of its employees will be resident in Kansas within six months following the date of the initial qualified venture capital investment;

(C) such business is in need of venture capital investment; conventional financing to fund its further development and future operations;

If the investor is an individual natural person, the investor shall have a personal net worth of not less than \$1,000,000 and such net worth shall be at least ten times the amount of the investor's certified capital investment in a capco. The investor's net worth shall not include any equity in the investor's primary residence.

At least 50% of the employees of such business shall be resident within the state or certify that at least 50% of its employees shall be residents within the state within six months following the date of initial investment.

(C) Such business shall, at the time of the initial qualified venture capital investment, have been in existence for five years or less and have gross sales during its most recent fiscal year of not more than \$1,000,000.

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(D) such business shall be engaged in commerce for the purpose of manufacturing, processing or assembling or distributing products, conducting research and development or providing services in interstate commerce.

For businesses involved in commerce for the purpose of providing services in interstate commerce, that business must demonstrate that more than fifty percent of its gross revenues are derived from sales outside the state of Kansas, or in the case of an early stage business provide reasonable documentation that the company will derive at least fifty percent of its gross sales outside the state within a three-year period.

- (2) Any business which, subject to audit, is properly classified as a qualified Kansas business at the time of the first qualified venture capital investment in such business by a Kansas certified capital company shall, for a period of seven years following the date of such first investment, continue to be classified as a qualified Kansas business and may receive follow-on investments from any Kansas certified capital company, and such follow-on investments shall constitute qualified venture capital investments even though such business may not meet other qualifications of this subsection at the time of such follow-on investments.
  - (3) A qualified Kansas business shall not include:
- (A) Any commercial enterprise primarily engaged in the sale at retail of goods or services taxable under the Kansas retailer's sales tax act; any service provider set forth in K.S.A. 17-2707, and amendments thereto; any bank, savings and loan or lending institution; any real estate, real estate development or insurance company; or any commercial enterprise deriving its revenues directly from noncommercial customers in exchange for personal services;
- (B) a business engaged primarily as a passive business, irregular or noncontinuous operations, or which derives substantially all of its income from passive investments that generate interest, dividends, royalties or capital gains;
  - (C) a business engaged in oil and gas exploration and development;
  - (D) a subsidiary of a certified capital company;
  - (E) another certified capital company;
  - (F) an affiliate of the certified capital company;
- (G) an investor of the certified capital company or an affiliate or subsidiary of an investor of the certified capital company unless approved in writing by the commissioner.
- (4) At the time of the initial qualified venture capital investment, the qualified Kansas business shall certify that the business shall remain domiciled in Kansas for the next 10 years and any new manufacturing facility financed directly by a qualified investment shall be located in and shall remain in Kansas for the 10 years following.

**(F)** 

to the commissioner

"Affiliate of a certified capital company" means: any person that directly or indirectly, owns, controls or possesses (1)the power or ability to vote ten percent or more of the outstanding voting securities or other beneficial ownership interests of the Kansas certified capital company; (2) any person ten percent or more of whose outstanding voting securities or other beneficial ownership interests are directly or indirectly owned, controlled or possessed with the power to be voted by the Kansas certified capital company; (3) any person directly or indirectly controlling, controlled by, or un-10 der common control with the Kansas certified capital company; 11 (4) any partnership in which the Kansas certified capital company is 12 13 a general partner; (5) any person who is an officer, director, general partner, managing 14 member, manager director or agent of the Kansas certified capital company or an immediate family member of such person. (q) "Affiliate of an investor" means: 17 (1) Any person that directly or indirectly, owns, controls or possesses 18 the power or ability to vote ten percent or more of the outstanding voting 19 securities or other beneficial ownership interests of the investor; (2) any person ten percent or more of whose outstanding voting se-21 curities or other beneficial ownership interests are directly or indirectly owned, controlled, or possessed with the power to be voted by the 23 24 25 (3) any person directly or indirectly controlling, controlled by or under common control with the investor; 26 27 (4) a partnership in which the investor is a general partner; (5) any person who is an officer, director or agent of the investor or 28 an immediate family member of such officer, director or agent. New Sec. 2. (a) Any investor that makes a certified capital investment 30 (r) "in existence" means the first day of sale shall earn a wested tax credit against state tax liability equal to 100% of 31 the amount of such investor's certified capital investment. An investor, or person to whom the credits were duly transferred, shall be entitled toluse not more than 10% of the wested credit per wear beginning with tax filings for calendar year 2001, Any tax credit not used by an investor, or a person strike to whom the credits were duly transferred, in any single year may be carried forward and applied against tax liabilities of such investor or transferce for subsequent calendar years. claim (b) A tax credit claimed against state tax liability as described in subsection (a) may not exceed the state tax liability of the investor, or person to whom the credits were duly transferred, for any taxable year. All such earned credits against state tax liability may be carried forward indefinitely until the credits are utilized.

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(c) If the investor is an individual, the investor shall have a personal net worth of at least \$1,000,000 and at least ten times the amount of such investor's certified capital investment in a capco. The investor's net worth shall not include the value of any equity in such investor's primary residence.

(d) No certified capital investment in a capco by any one person shall be less than \$50,000

(e) The commission shall be responsible for the administration of the tax credits authorized by this act.

(f) The total amount of tax credits which may be allocated by the commissioner shall not exceed \$50,000,000. The total amount of tax credits which may be claimed under this act shall not exceed \$5,000,000 per year.

New Sec. 3. (a) The commissioner may certify profit or not-for-profit entities which submit an application to be designated as a capco. The commissioner shall compile a list of every capco, including the address and telephone number of the capco's principal place of business. The commissioner shall forward the list to the secretary of commerce and housing. The secretary of commerce and housing shall publicize the list in order to inform Kansas companies of the availability of potential investment capital. The commission shall review the organizational documents for each applicant for certification and the business history of the applicant to determine:

(1) that at the time of application, the applicant owns cash, marketable securities and other liquid assets valued at no less than \$500,000, or that the applicant is designated as an innovation and commercialization corporation or an affiliate of an innovation and commercialization corporation created under the Kansas technology enterprise corporation innovation and commercialization corporation program;

(2) that the officers and the board of directors, general partners, trustees, managing members, or managers, as the case may be, are thoroughly acquainted with the requirements of this act and acknowledge such by a signed certification.

(b) To continue to be certified, the capco must own and shall periodically provide information to the commissioner as the commissioner may require in order for the commissioner to determine that the liquid asset base for the certified capital company is at least \$500,000 at all times during the capco's participation in the program authorized by this act or that such moneys have been used for making qualified venture capital investments.

(c) No entity which submits an application to be designated as a capco shall be certified by the commissioner if any of its directors, trustees, managers, officers, general partners, beneficial owners of 10% or more

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tions for the removal of those grounds.

New Sec. 4. (a) A capco shall have a period of 365 days from the date of receiving certification from the commissioner in which to procure the amount of certified capital investment required by subsection (b). All certified capital investments in the capco shall be received within such three-hundred-sixty-five-day funding period, notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (c).

(b) Before closing its fund of certified capital investment, and pursuant to subsection (a) of section 3, and amendments thereto, a capco shall raise a minimum aggregate certified capital investment of no less than \$5,000,000. In the case of a capco designated as an innovation and commercialization corporation or an affiliate of an innovation and commercialization corporation created under the KTEC innovation and commercialization corporation program, such minimum certified capital investment shall be no less than \$1,000,000. No tax credits shall be issued by the commissioner until such time when these minimum cumulative investments are met. Failure of a capco to raise the minimum cumulative investments may result in the revocation of the certification by the commissioner.

(c) Once fully capitalized pursuant to the provisions of subsection (b), a capco may make application to the commissioner for authorization to seek additional certified capital investment.

New Sec. 5. (a) To continue to be certified, a capco shall make qualified venture capital investments according to the following schedule:

- (1) Within three years after the date on which a capco is certified as a capco at least 25% of its certified capital shall be, or have been, used for making qualified venture capital investments;
- (2) within four years after the date on which a capco is certified as a capco at least 40% of its certified capital shall be, or have been, used for making qualified venture capital investments;
- (3) within five years after the date on which a capco is certified as a capco at least 50% of its total certified capital shall be, or have been, used for making qualified venture capital investments;
- (4) within seven years after the date on which a capco is certified as a capco at least 70% of its total certified capital shall be, or have been, used for making qualified venture capital investments.
- (5) A capco shall not make an investment in an affiliate of the capco or an affiliate of an investor. For the purposes of this subsection, if a legal entity is not an affiliate before a capco initially invests in the entity, it shall not be deemed to be an affiliate if such capco provides additional qualified venture capital investment to such entity subsequent to its initial investment. No corporate officer, employee or shareholder, no limited or general partner or other person personally affiliated with any capco shall

No capco shall raise in excess of \$10,000,000 in certified capital investment subject to the earning of tax credits

personally invest in any portfolio company regardless of whether the portfolio company is affiliated with the capco.

(6) A capco, at least 15 working days prior to making what it determines to be any initial qualified venture capital investment, shall first certify to the commissioner that the company in which it proposes to invest meets the definition of a qualified Kansas business pursuant to (paragraph-(15) of subsection (a)) of section 1, and amendments thereto. The capco shall state the amount of capital it intends to invest and identify the business in which it intends to make the investment. The capco shall 10 also provide to the commissioner a written explanation of the basis for its determination that the business meets the definition of a qualified Kansas 11 business, if the commissioner determines that the business does not meet 12 the definition of a qualified Kansas business, the commissioner shall, 13 within the fifteen-working-day period prior to the making of the proposed investment, notify the capco of the determination and provide the capco an explanation thereof. If the commissioner fails to notify the capco of his or her determination within the 15 working day period prescribed 17 herein, the business in which the capco proposes to invest shall be deemed to be a qualified Kansas business. If a capco fails to notify the 19 commissioner prior to making an initial investment in a business, the 20 business in which the capco invested shall be deemed not to be a qualified 21 Kansas business even though the business, at the time of the investment, 22 met the requirements of paragraph (o) of subsection (a) of section 1, and 23 amendments thereto; 24 25

(7) All certified capital which is not then required to be invested in qualified venture capital investments or which has been previously invested in qualified venture capital investments and returned by the company, may be held or invested in such manner as the capco, in its discretion, deems appropriate. The proceeds of all certified capital which is returned by a capco after it was originally invested in qualified venture capital investments, may be invested in other qualified venture capital investments and shall be credited toward any requirement in this act with respect to placing certified capital in qualified venture capital investments.

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(b) A capco may make qualified distributions at any time. In order to lawfully make liquidating distributions, a capco must have invested an aggregate amount equal to 100% of its certified capital in qualified venture capital investments.

(c) Cumulative liquidating distributions to equity holders in excess of the certified capital company's original certified capital and any additional capital contributions to the certified capital company shall be subject to audit by a nationally recognized, certified public accounting firm acceptable to the commissioner, at the expense of the certified capital company.

subsection (o)

The audit shall determine whether aggregate cumulative liquidating distributions to all investors and equity holders, when combined with all tax credits utilized by investors pursuant to this act, have resulted in an annual internal rate of return of 15% computed on the sum of total original certified capital of the certified capital company and any additional capital contributions to the certified capital company.

(d) If at any time of any such distribution made by the capco which has achieved the annual internal rate of return specified under subsection (c) such distribution taken together with all other such distributions made by the certified capital company, other than qualified distributions, ex-

by the certified capital company, other than qualified distributions, exceeds in the aggregate the sum of the certified capital company's original certified capital and any additional capital contributions to the certified capital company, as determined by the audit, the certified capital com-

pany shall, prior to any additional distributions, pay to the kansas state

treating is the proportion of such distribution in excess of

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(e) Documents and other materials submitted by Kansas certified capital companies or by businesses for purposes of original certification or the continuance of certification shall not be public records if it is determined by the commissioner that disclosure of such information would compromise trade secrets of qualified Kansas businesses or the privacy rights of any investor and shall be maintained in a secured environment by the commissioner.

(f) Each capco shall report the following to the commission:

(1) As soon as practicable, but in any case no later than 15 days, after the receipt of a certified capital investment, the name of each investor from whom the certified capital investment was received, the amount of each investor's certified capital investment, and the date when the certified capital investment was received;

(2) Each capco shall provide to the commissioner, annual audited financial statements to the commission within 90 days of the close of the fiscal year. The audit shall address the methods of operation and conduct of business of the capco to determine if the capco is complying with the statutes and program rules and that the funds received by the capco have been invested in accordance with the time limits provided by this act.

(3) At the end of each quarter, that no more than 20% of the assets of a capco shall be invested in a single qualified Kansas business at any one time unless the capco can demonstrate that a greater percentage in a single qualified Kansas business at any one time is the result of losses suffered by the capco in other qualified venture capital investments.

New Sec. 6. To ensure that no qualified venture capital investment or investor's certified capital investment has been made in violation of this act, the commissioner shall conduct an annual review of each capco

for deposit in the state general fund

(g) Any materials related to the sale of ownership in a capco or soliciting investment in a capco shall include the following statement:

By authorizing the formation of a certified capital company. The State of Kansas does not endorse the quality of management or the potential for earnings of a particular company and is not liable for damages or losses to an investor in the company. The use of the term "certified" in an offering does not constitute a recommendation or endorsement of the investment by the Kansas Securities Commission.

(h) The commissioner may establish reasonable initial filing fees for applications for certification pursuant to this act and may also establish an annual nonrefundable fee for capcos seeking ongoing certification.

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to determine if the capco is complying with the requirements of certification, and shall advise the capco as to the status of its investments as qualified venture capital investments. The costs of the annual review shall be paid by each capco according to a reasonable fee schedule adopted by the commission.

(b) Any material violation of this act/shall be grounds for decertification under this section. If the commission determines that a company is not in compliance with any requirements for continuing in certification, it shall, by written notice, inform the officers of the company and the board of directors, managers, trustees or general partners that they may be decertified within 120 days from the date of mailing of the notice, unless they correct the deficiencies detailed in the notice and demonstrate to the commissioner's satisfaction that the capco is again in compliance with the requirements for certification as determined by the commissioner.

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(c) At the end of the one-hundred-twenty-day grace period, if the capco is still not in compliance, the commission may then send a notice of decertification to the capco and to the secretary of department of revenue Decertification of a capco prior to the capco meeting all requirements of paragraph (1) through (3) of subsection (a) of section 5, and amendments thereto, shall cause the recapture of all tax credits previously claimed by an investor and the forfeiture of all future tax credits to otherwise be claimed by an investor with respect to his or her certified capital investment in the capco. Decertification of a capco after it has met all requirements of paragraphs (1) to (3) of subsection (a) of section 5, and amendments thereto, shall cause the forfeiture of tax credits commencing with the taxable year of the investor in which the decertification arose and for all future taxable years with no recapture of tax credits obtained by an investor with respect to the investor's tax years which ended before the decertification occurred. Once a capco has invested 100% of its certified capital in qualified Kansas businesses, all future tax credits to be claimed by investors with respect to said capco pursuant to this act shall be nonforfeitable.

New Sec. 7. The commissioner shall prepare and submit an annual report to the governor and the legislature no later than October 1 of each year. Such report shall be presented to the standing committee on commerce in the senate, standing committee on economic development in the house of representatives, and the joint committee on economic development. Such report shall include but not be limited to:

(1) The total dollar amount each capco received from all investors receiving tax credits and any other investors and the identity of all investors receiving tax credits;

(2) the total amount invested by each capco in qualified Kansas busi-

by a capco

commissioner

along with a list of the decertified capital investment by investor and transferee

or transferee

commissioner