### MINUTES OF THE SENATE EDUCATION.

The meeting was called to order by Chairperson Senator Barbara Lawrence at 9:00 a.m. on January 26, 1999 in Room 123-S of the Capitol.

All members were present except:

Committee staff present:

Avis Swartzman - Revisor

Ben Barrett - Legislative Research

Jackie Breymeyer - Committee Secretary

Conferees appearing before the committee: Terry Campbell, Vice President of Operations,

Clarence M. Kelley Detention Services

Gordon Matson, Principal, Oberlin High School Duane Steele, Superintendent, USD 294 Oberlin

Others attending:

(See Attendance Sheet)

### SB 38- state grants for provision of services at Flint Hills job corps center and certain juvenile facilities

Chairperson Lawrence called the meeting to order and asked Senator Oleen to give some background on the bill.

Senator Oleen gave the background on the legislation that was obtained when the interim Joint Committee on Corrections and Juvenile Justice met and toured during the summer and visited the facilities. The City of Oberlin purchased the ranch which was used as a church camp, from a private contractor.

Senator Clark stated that he would add a few comments after the conferees spoke, but that it was paramount that this bill go forward to continue the educational opportunities for these youth.

Mr. Terry Campbell was the first conferee and distributed two attachments. The first was his testimony (Attachment 1), and the second a paper defining the Sappa Valley Youth Ranch and the components of its program (Attachment 2) He stated that under state law, school districts in which a licensed juvenile detention facility exists receive funding to provide educational curricula for juveniles held in detention. The Sappa Valley Youth Ranch is a public/private partnership between the City of Oberlin and Kelley Youth Services. It offers a structured environment where juveniles are challenged both mentally and physically. He ended by stating the hope that the bill would be passed, allowing for continuation of this quality educational program.

Mr. Campbell answered several questions from the committee. The Chairperson then called on Gordon Matson, Principal, Oberlin High School, to present his testimony.

Mr. Matson presented two attachments, the first being a booklet entitled, "Educational Programming at Sappa Valley Youth Ranch" (Attachment 3 and a pamphlet entitled "Sappa Valley Youth Ranch" (Attachment 4), which contained the school schedule. He spoke of the one-fourth credit unit that is given for youth that are in the facility for a shorter period of time. This is a good approach because it gives the youth some credit to return to high school with instead of returning with nothing. Education programming is determined by the age of the youth, his personal or educational goals, the number of credits he has earned towards a high school diploma, and academic levels in the various subjects. After further comments he ended by stating that it is a pleasant atmosphere in which to learn and teachers will be increased as necessary.

Duane Steele, USD 294, Oberlin, was the last conferee and distributed a paper that dealt with the expenses of the Sappa Valley Youth Ranch expenses for 1998-1999. (Attachment 5) Mr. Steele stressed the fact that the expenditure of \$106,364.95 signified to date is a tremendous hit on the budget. His district is in no position to assume additional financial responsibilities of providing educational opportunities for

### CONTINUATION SHEET

MINUTES OF THE SENATE EDUCATION COMMITTEE, Room 123-S Statehouse, at 9:00 a.m. on January 26, 1999.

students without funding. USD 294, Oberlin, is a district with declining enrollment. The budget for the district is smaller than the year before, which means the budget will be smaller this year. He went through the dollar figures for staff, classroom expenditures, equipment and supplies and asked for the committee's urgent consideration of the bill on behalf of the community and school district.

A bit of Kansas trivia was added when the physical aspect of the land, creek and definition of 'Sappa' an Indian word meaning, "Black Water", was commented upon.

Mr. Steele was asked if needed financial resources would be better used for at-risk children at a younger age and if this would not be a better priority. His response was that when students show up in the district, they are going to be educated. He mentioned Head Start and other early childhood programs and stated that there had been no home town students in SAPPA to date.

Another comments made by a committee member was that the district really had no choice; because the reality was that these youth have to be educated in some manner.

Senator Emert moved to amend SB 38 by making computation of the reimbursement under this program the lesser of actual costs or two times base state aid per pupil multiplied by the average of the enrollment on the 20<sup>th</sup> day of September, November and April. Senator Langworthy seconded the motion.

On discussion it was determined that as this was a significant amendment, the bill would be taken up again sometime next week.

The meeting was adjourned.

### SENATE EDUCATION COMMITTEE GUEST LIST

DATE: January, 26, 1999

NAME	REPRESENTING
Bani Pannie	Families Josether, Inc.
Wyone Steele-	45D 894
Hordon B. Mater	USD 294
TERRY CAMPBELL	Helley Defendari Senucos
Duare Dorshopst	USD 294
A. a. elipso Thinkel	CFS
John Federico	Kelley Detention Service,
Aurdi Doaton	708
Stacin Farmer	KASB
Diane Gierstad	USD 259
Stan Clark	Szislaturo



### Clarence M. KELLEY Detention Services, Inc.

### SENATE COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION Senator Lawrence, Chairperson

#### Senate Bill No.38

Chairperson Lawrence and members of the Education Committee:

My name is Terry Campbell and I serve as Vice President of Operations for Clarence M. Kelley Detention Services and Kelley Youth Services Corporations. I am here today to testify in support of Senate Bill No. 38 introduced by Senator Clark from Northwest Kansas.

Clarence M. Kelley Detention Services and Kelley Youth Services are Kansas corporations established to assist the state along with local units of government in addressing juvenile detention needs. We are accomplishing this task without creating capital building expenditures for the state. Through our own investments and working with local governmental entities, we currently offer 142 detention beds providing quality training programs to state and county juvenile justice officials. All of the facilities we operate are licensed in accordance with state laws and regulations.

A strong educational component is priority throughout our programs. Under state law, school districts in which a licensed juvenile detention facility exists receive funding to provide educational curricula for juveniles held in detention.

Commissioner Murray and the Kansas Juvenile Justice Authority have emphasized the development of alternatives to traditional secure detention of juveniles. Sappa Valley Youth Ranch, a public/private partnership between the City of Oberlin, Kansas and Kelley Youth Services, was developed as such an alternative to combat juvenile delinquency. Sappa Valley Youth Ranch offers a staff secure ranch setting where a structured environment challenges juveniles to develop both mentally and physically.

It is of the utmost importance that a good educational component be a part of any detention program. Unified School District #294 has provided such a program. We join with school officials from USD 294 to encourage passage of Senate Bill No. 38 allowing the district adequate funding to continue this quality educational program.

Your support and approval would be greatly appreciated.

Sexate Education attachment

### Sappa Valley Youth Ranch

Route #1, Box 97 Oberlin, Kansas 67749

Sappa Valley Youth Ranch is a staff secured detention facility operating with a "group home" approach.

Formerly utilized as a church camp, the 16-acre ranch provides the perfect intervention setting for up to 36 juveniles referred by the courts.



Three components of the program include:

- Vocational opportunities including auto detailing, food preparation, general maintenance and woodworking;
- Educational opportunities include GED preparation, regular schooling and limited special education;
- Daily living skills acquired through learning odules engaging practical daily living tasks.

### Benefits of a Youth Ranch Environment



#### ♠ A Proven Leader in Juvenile Corrections

Clarence M. Kelley Youth Services is a leader in innovative approaches to juvenile rehabilitation in Kansas. Detention facilities, secure care facilities, juvenile boot camp programs and numerous other programs have been initiated by the Kelley Group of Companies.

#### ♦ Healthy, Productive Setting for Youth

The pastoral setting at the Youth Ranch on the outskirts of Oberlin, Kansas, allows for distraction-free pursuit of hard work, vocational experiences and a classroom education.

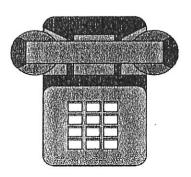
### ♦ Diversion from State Facilities

Every youth diverted from a state correctional facility saves state funds. Kelley-operated facilities are costeffective operations. Placement at the Youth Ranch is less expensive than that for traditional detention.

### ♠ Reintegration of Offenders Enhances Success

The Youth Ranch is available as a traditional placement option for youths exiting juvenile correctional facilities.





Contact:

Randy Krueger Scott Raue Administrator Ranch Director

Telephone; Fax (785) 475-3383

(785) 475-2075

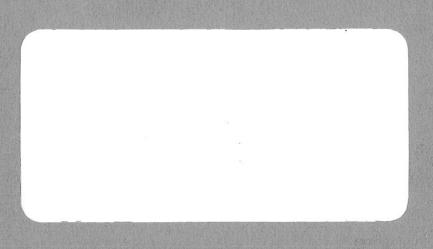




## Sappa Valley Youth Ranch



Sappa Valley Youth Ranch Routs #1, Box 97 Oberlin, Kansas 67749 (786) 475-3383



berlin

Leate Education

attachment 3

1-26-99

# EDUCATIONAL PROGRAMMING AT SAPPA VALLEY YOUTH RANCH

### EDUCATIONAL PROGRAMMING AT SAPPA VALLEY YOUTH RANCH

Educational programming for the youth at Sappa Valley Youth Ranch is determined by the following:

- 1. age of the youth
- 2. personal or educational goals of the youth
- 3. number of credits the youth has earned towards a high school diploma
- 4. academic levels in the various subjects

### EDUCATIONAL PROGRAMMING FOR YOUTH FIFTEEN YEARS OR YOUNGER

If the youth is fifteen years or younger,

- he will be encouraged to obtain a regular high school education and diploma.
- 2. he will receive an individualized program designed to fit his academic needs as well as to remediate his deficits.
- 3. he will be given the opportunity to earn credit in various subject areas through Decatur Community High School is this is appropriate.
- he will be considered for possible special education placement if his academic deficits are remarkable and he meets the qualification standards.

### EDUCATIONAL PROGRAMMING FOR YOUTH SIXTEEN YEARS OLD

If the youth is sixteen years old, the following will be considered before programming may occur:

- 1. academic levels in the core subjects of reading, math, and English
- 2. number of credits already earned towards a high school diploma
- 3. youth's personal and educational goals

3-5

- 1. has academic levels that are commensurate with his age or grade,
- 2. has earned enough credits that he would not be placed no more than one year behind his peers in high school,
- 3. has the desire to obtain a regular high school diploma,

he will.....

- A. be given the opportunity to earn credit in various subjects through Decatur Community High School.
- B. receive an individualized program designed to fit his academic needs as well as to remediate any deficits.
- C. be encouraged to continue his educational plans.

- DOES NOT have academic levels that are commensurate with his age or grade,
- 2. has earned enough credits that he would not be placed no more than one year behind his peers in high school,
- 2. has the desire to obtain a regular high school diploma,

he will....

- A. be given the opportunity to earn credit in various subjects through Decatur Community High School.
- B. receive an individualized program designed to fit his academic needs as well as to remediate any deficits.
- C. be encouraged to continue his educational plan.
- D. be considered for special education placement if he meets the qualification standards.

- 1. has academic levels that are commensurate with his age or grade,
- 2. HAS NOT earned enough credits so that he would not be placed no more than one year behind his peers in high school,
- 3. has the desire to obtain a regular high school diploma,

he will....

()

- A. be given the opportunity to earn credit in various subjects through Decatur Community High School
- B. be encouraged to consider the GED program as alternative educational avenue.
- C. receive an individualized program designed to fit his academic needs which could be utilized to meet the criteria for earning high school credit or the GED program.

- 1. has academic levels that are commensurate with his age or grade,
- has earned enough credit s that he would not be placed no more than one year behind his peers in high school,
- 3. DOES NOT have the desire to obtain a regular high school diploma,

he will.....

- A. be encouraged to continue his education by earning credit in various subject areas through Decatur Community High School.
- B. receive an individualized program designed to fit his academic needs which could be utilized to meet the criteria for earning high school credit or the GED program.
- C. begin his GED program.

- DOES NOT HAVE academic levels that are commensurate with his age or grade,
- HAS NOT earned enough credits that he would not be placed no more than one year behind his peers in high school,
- 3. has the desire to obtain a regular high school diploma,

he will.....

- A. be given the opportunity to earn credit in various subjects through Decatur Community High School.
- B. be encouraged to consider the GED program as alternative educational avenue.
- C. receive an individualized program designed to fit his academic needs which could be utilized to meet the criteria for earning high school credit or the GED program as well as to remediate any deficits.
- D. be considered for special education placement if he meets the qualification standards.

- 1. has academic levels that are commensurate with his age or grade,
- HAS NOT earned enough credits that he would not be placed no more than one year behind his peers in high school,
- 3. DOES NOT have the desire to obtain a regular high school diploma,

he will....

- A. receive an individualized program designed to fit his academic needs as well as to remediate any deficits.
- B. begin his GED program.

- DOES NOT HAVE academic levels that are commensurate with his age or grade,
- 2. has earned enough credits that he would not be placed no more than one year behind his peers in high school,
- 3. DOES NOT have the desire to obtain a regular high school diploma,

he will.....

- A. be encourage to continue his education by earning credit in various subject areas through Decatur Community High School.
- B. receive an individualized program designed to fit his academic needs which could be utilized to meet the criteria for earning high school credit or the GED program as well as to remediate any deficits.
- C. begin his GED program.
- D. be considered for special education placement if he meets the qualification standards.

3-12

- 1. DOES NOT HAVE academic levels that are commensurate with his age or grade,
- 2. HAS NOT earned enough credits that he would not be placed no more than one year behind his peers in high school,
- 3. DOES NOT have the desire to obtain a regular high school diploma,

he will.....

- A. receive an individualized program designed to fit his academic needs as well as to remediate any deficits.
- B. begin his GED program.
- C. be considered for special education placement if he meets the qualification standards

### EDUCATIONAL PROGRAMMING FOR YOUTH SEVENTEEN YEARS OLD

If the youth is seventeen years old, the following will be considered before programming may occur:

- 1. academic levels in the core subjects of reading, math, and English
- 2. number of credits already earned towards a high school diploma
- 3. youth's personal and educational goals

- 1. has academic levels that are commensurate with his age or grade,
- 2. has earned enough credits that he would not be placed no more than one year behind his peers in high school,
- 3. has the desire to obtain a regular high school diploma,

he will.....

- A. be given the opportunity to earn credit in various subjects through Decatur Community High School.
- B. receive an individualized program designed to fit his academic needs as well as to remediate any deficits.
- C. be encouraged to continue his educational plans.

- DOES NOT have academic levels that are commensurate with his age or grade,
- 2. has earned enough credits that he would not be placed no more than one year behind his peers in high school,
- 3. has the desire to obtain a regular high school diploma,

he will....

- A. be given the opportunity to earn credit in various subjects through Decatur Community High School.
- B. be encourage to consider the GED program as an educational alternative.
- C. receive an individualized program designed to fit his academic needs which could be utilized to meet the criteria for earning high school credit or the GED program
- D. begin his GED program.
- E. be considered for special education placement if he meets the qualification standards

- 1. has academic levels that are commensurate with his age or grade,
- HAS NOT earned enough credits so that he would not be placed no more than one year behind his peers in high school,
- 3. has the desire to obtain a regular high school diploma,

he will....

- A. be encouraged to consider the GED program as alternative educational avenue.
- B. receive an individualized program designed to fit his academic needs as well as remediate any deficits.
- C. be given the opportunity to earn credit in various subjects through Decatur Community High School.
- D. begin the GED program.

- 1. has academic levels that are commensurate with his age or grade,
- 2. has earned enough credits that he would not be placed no more than one year behind his peers in high school,
- 3. DOES NOT have the desire to obtain a regular high school diploma,

he will.....

- A. begin his GED program.
- B. receive an individualized program designed to fit his academic needs which could be utilized to meet the criteria for earning high school credit if he changed his mind or the GED program.

- 1. DOES NOT have academic levels that are commensurate with his age or grade,
- has earned enough credits that he would not be placed no more than one year behind his peers in high school,
- 3. DOES NOT have the desire to obtain a regular high school diploma,

he will....

- A. receive an individualized program designed to fit his academic needs as well as remediate any deficits.
- B. begin his GED program.
- C. be considered for special education placement if he meets the qualification standards.

- DOES NOT HAVE academic levels that are commensurate with his age or grade,
- 2. HAS NOT earned enough credits that he would not be placed no more than one year behind his peers in high school,
- 3. has the desire to obtain a regular high school diploma,

#### he will.....

- A. be encouraged to consider the GED program as an educational alternative.
- B. be given the opportunity to earn credit in various subjects through Decatur Community High School.
- C. receive an individualized program designed to fit his academic needs which could be utilized to meet the criteria for earning high school credit or the GED program as well as to remediate any deficits.
- D. begin his GED program.
- E. be considered for special education placement if he meets the qualification standards.

- 1. has academic levels that are commensurate with his age or grade,
- HAS NOT earned enough credits that he would not be placed no more than one year behind his peers in high school,
- 3. DOES NOT have the desire to obtain a regular high school diploma,

he will....

- A. receive an individualized program designed to fit his academic needs as well as to remediate any deficits.
- B. begin his GED program.

- 1. DOES NOT HAVE academic levels that are commensurate with his age or grade,
- 2. HAS NOT earned enough credits that he would not be placed no more than one year behind his peers in high school,
- 3. DOES NOT have the desire to obtain a regular high school diploma,

he will.....

- A. receive an individualized program designed to fit his academic needs as well as to remediate any deficits.
- B. begin his GED program.
- be considered for special education placement if he meets the qualification standards.

3-22

The materials that will be utilized for the youth that have ninth grade or higher academic levels will be standard GED preparation materials found in workbook form. The workbook format is more conducive to success levels because it does not present so much information on one page; therefore, not causing the student so much frustration.

Because the materials provide mini-tests throughout the book; if, at any time, the youth is unable to pass the mini-test; then alternative materials maybe utilized as an exercise book and skill book sheets to enhance the learning. This will ensure his success when he takes the simulation test at the end of the workbook.

If a youth is admitted to Sappa Valley Youth Ranch with a partial GED program completed, we would just continue with those which he needs to finish.

All testing will be provided by Colby Community College.

The materials we have chosen to utilized are the Steck-Vaughan materials for GED preparation.

If at any time a youth would complete his entire GED testing successfully, we plan to find an area of interest and introduce materials that deal with that subject.

### **GED MATERIALS**

# FOR YOUTH WHOSE ACADEMIC LEVELS

ARE
BELOW NINTH GRADE LEVEL
BUT
ARE ABOVE SIXTH GRADE LEVEL

3-24



### Literature

The chart below will help you determine your strengths and weaknesses in interpreting literature and the arts.

#### **Directions**

Circle the number of each item that you answered correctly on the Inventory. Count the number of items you answered correctly in each row. Write the amount in the Total Correct space in each row. (For example, in the Popular Literature row, write the number correct in the blank before *out of 11*). Complete this process for the remaining rows. Then add the 3 totals to get your Total Correct for the whole 27-item Inventory.

Content Areas	Items	Total Correct	Pages	
Popular Literature (Pages 12–105)	7, 8, 9, 10, 11 17, 18, 19, 20 21, 22	out of 11	Pages 56–61, 93–95 Pages 20–25	
Classical Literature (Pages 106–163)	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 12, 13, 14, 15, 16	out of 11	Pages 120–125 Pages 126–131	
Commentary (Pages 164–201)	23, 24, 25, 26, 27	out of 5	Pages 181–186, 192–195	
TOTAL CORRECT FOR INVENTORY out of 27				

If you answered fewer than 24 items correctly, look more closely at the three areas of literature covered. In which areas do you need more practice? Page numbers to refer to for practice are given in the right-hand column above.

### **GED MATERIALS**

# FOR YOUTH WHOSE ACADEMIC LEVELS ARE

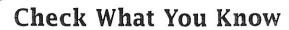
# AT OR BELOW FOURTH THROUGH THE SIXTH GRADE

### **Check What You Know**

The chart will show you which mathematics skills you need to study. Reread each problem you missed. Then look at the appropriate pages of the book for help in figuring out the right answers.

### **Skills Preview Chart**

Math Skills	Questions	Pages
The test, like this book, focuses on the skills below.	Check ( $\sqrt{\ }$ ) the questions you missed.	Preview what you will learn in this book.
Whole Number Place Value	1 5 8 9 3 7 13 4	Pages 13-28
Whole Number Equations	15	Pages 31, 43, 61, 71
Addition	20 24 29 23	Pages 30-41, 52-58
Subtraction	21 25 30 30	Pages 42-58
Multiplication	31 33 41 32	Pages 60-69, 81-88
Division	34 36 40 35	Pages 70-88
Rounding and Estimation	10	Pages 23, 37, 49, 67, 78, 106, 126, 137
Decimals: Addition, Subtraction, Multiplication, Division	42 47 52 43 48 53 58 45 50 59 46 51	Pages 89–116
Fractions: Addition, Subtraction, Multiplication, Division, Comparing	60 65 70 61 66 71 62 67 76 63 68 77 64 69	Pages 117–148
Solving Ratios, Proportions, and Percents	78	Pages 149–172

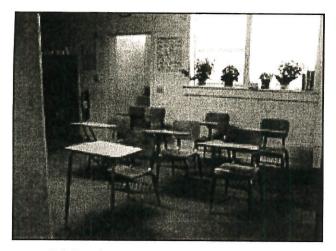


Fill in the chart to find out which reading skills you need to study. Reread each question you missed. Then look at the appropriate pages of the book for help in figuring out the right answers.

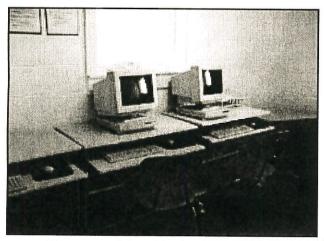
### **Skills Preview Chart**

Skills	Questions	Pages
The test, like this book, focuses on the skills below.	Check $()$ the questions you missed.	Preview what you will learn in this book.
Predicting Scanning	1 4 5 5 3	UNIT 1 ◆ Pages 17-34 Strategy for Success Pages 32-33
Using Context Clues, Understanding Multiple Meanings	7 11 15	UNIT 2 ◆ Pages 35–52 Strategy for Success Pages 50–51
Finding the Main Idea	12	UNIT 3 ◆ Pages 53-74 Strategy for Success Pages 72-73
Time Order, Comparing and Contrasting, Showing Cause and Effect, Giving Examples	6 20 9 18	UNIT 4 ◆ Pages 75–96 Strategy for Success Pages 94–95
Making Inferences, Drawing Conclusions, Identifying Fact and Opinion	8 19 10 22 16	UNIT 5 ◆ Pages 97–122 Strategy for Success Pages 120–121
Identifying Character, Setting, and Plot	23 24 25	UNIT 6 ◆ Pages 123–151 Strategy for Success Pages 148–149

3-28



Main classroom with main entrance



Computer lab with six computers and printer

The goal at Sappa Valley Youth Ranch is to provide an educational opportunity to earn credits for a high school diploma or a G.E.D.



Cafeteria/Study Hall Area

Sappa Valley Youth Ranch is owned and operated by Clarence M. Kelly and Associates, Kansas City, Missouri.

# Sappa Valley



(Residence Hall)

Decatur Community Junior/ Senior High School Annex

Address: RR 1 Box 97

Oberlin, KS 67749

Phone: (785) 475-2231

Superintendent: Duane Steele

**Principal: Gordon Matson** 

# Mission of Sappa Valley Youth Ranch

The Sappa Valley Youth Ranch will provide a clear, fair, and consistent setting through which to introduce socially appropriate values. Staff will serve as role models to help children learn "good" behavior.

A structured program schedule will establish clear expectations and accountability, while assisting children to learn selfcontrol.

Educational Facility/Dining Hall





Main classroom and entrance to teacher's office



Computer lab

### Additional classroom



### **School Schedule:**

8:00 - 8:30 Study Hall/ Vocations/ Keyboarding

8:30 - 9:15 Reading/Literature

9:15 - 10:00 Social Studies

10:00 - 10:15 Break

10:15 - 11:00 English/Spelling

11:00 - 11:30 Keyboarding/ Word Processing/Vocations

11:30 - 12:30 Lunch

12:30 - 1:15 Math

1:15 - 2:00 PE

2:00 - 2:30 PE/Break

2:30 - 3:15 Health/Science

3:15 - 3:30 Closure/Homework Assignments

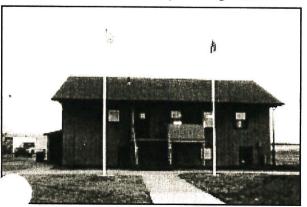


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The Sappa Valley Youth Ranch will provide a clear, fair, and consistent setting through which to introduce socially appropriate values. Staff will serve as role models to help children learn "good" behavior.

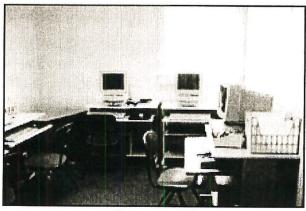
A structured program schedule will establish clear expectations and accountability, while assisting children to learn selfcontrol.

### Educational Facility/Dining Hall





Main classroom and entrance to teacher's office



Computer lab

### Additional classroom





### **School Schedule:**

8:00 - 8:30 Study Hall/ Vocations/ Keyboarding

8:30 - 9:15 Reading/Literature

9:15 - 10:00 Social Studies

10:00 - 10:15 Break

10:15 - 11:00 English/Spelling

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11:30 - 12:30 Lunch

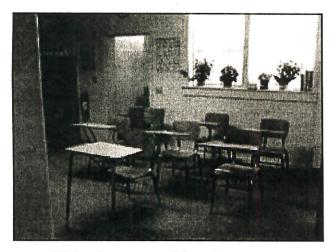
12:30 - 1:15 Math

1:15 - 2:00 PE

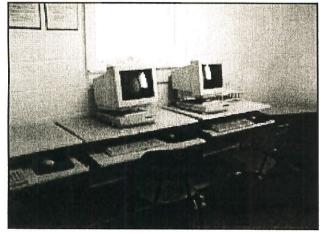
2:00 - 2:30 PE/Break

2:30 - 3:15 Health/Science

3:15 - 3:30 Closure/Homework Assignments



Main classroom with main entrance



Computer lab with six computers and printer

The goal at Sappa Valley Youth Ranch is to provide an educational opportunity to earn credits for a high school diploma or a G.E.D.



Cafeteria/Study Hall Area

Sappa Valley Youth Ranch is owned and operated by Clarence M. Kelly and Associates, Kansas City, Missouri.

# Sappa Valley South Ranch



(Residence Hall)

Decatur Community Junior/ Senior High School Annex Address: RR 1 Box 97

Oberlin, KS 67749

Phone: (785) 475-2231

Superintendent: Duane Steele Principal: Gordon Matson

### SENATE BILL NO. 38

## REQUEST THE INCLUSION OF SAPPA VALLEY YOUTH RANCH IN THE DEFINITION AS A JUVENILE DETENTION FACILITY UNDER K.S.A. 72-8187

USD 294, Oberlin, appreciates the opportunity to present our request that Sappa Valley Youth Ranch be included in the definition of a juvenile detention center under K.S.A 72-8187. We are excited and grateful for the opportunity to serve the students assigned to Sappa Valley Youth Ranch by the Kansas Court System. Mr. Campbell, Executive Director of the Kelly Foundation, has previously defined our legal responsibilities and a description of the facility. Mr. Matson has detailed our task and commitment to the best educational experience possible for the students at Sappa Valley Youth Ranch. I will define the expenses that we have incurred and an estimate of future expenses we will generate before the end of Fiscal Year 1999.

The expenses incurred to provide educational opportunities for Sappa Valley Youth Ranch in FY 99 are listed in detail on the accompanying handout on page 2 and 3. Our itemized expense for Sappa Valley Youth Ranch to this date is \$106,364.95. This expenditure is not a total expense for educational services expected in FY 99. Sappa Valley Youth Ranch will be a 12 month educational institution. The cost estimates provide educational opportunities to June 30, and there will be additional expenses. Those costs are estimated to be in excess of \$32,639. The total additional cost incurred by USD 294 for services to Sappa Valley Youth Ranch is estimated to be \$139,003.95. We have provided some instructional materials and supplies that are not listed due to their insignificance. As we increase enrollment, we will also increase staff expenditures. Our total additional expenses beyond our budgeted General Fund expenses for the 1998-99 school year will be in excess of \$139,003.95. These are expenses beyond our planned general fund budgeted educational expenses.

USD 294, Oberlin, is a district with declining enrollment. Page 4 of the handout demonstrates this decline. Declining enrollment equals a declining budget. Our budget is smaller this year than the year before. This decline is with the additional moneys provided by the Legislature last year. Our district is in no position to assume the additional financial responsibilities of providing educational opportunities for students without funding. Our request to the Senate Education Committee is to recommend that the Legislature consider, in a timely manner Senate Bill 38, the inclusion of Sappa Valley Youth Ranch into the definition as a juvenile detention facility, under K.S.A. 72-8187. Your prompt attention in **finalizing** the definition before the **April 20th** count date will allow USD 294, Oberlin to benefit under criteria stated in K.S.A. 72-8187. This action will permit USD 294 to receive funding for Sappa Valley Youth Ranch in FY99.

I ask your urgent consideration of this request on behalf of our community and school district.

Senate Education attachment 5 1-26-99

### Sappa Valley Youth Ranch Expenses for 1998-1999

#### **Certified Staff:**

Regular school year:

Teacher 1 \$39,083. Teacher 2 \$30,295.

Employee Benefits:

Teacher 1 \$2,141. Teacher 2 \$2,141.

Summer school: projected

Teacher 1 \$6,514. Teacher 2 \$5,050.

### Paraprofessional:

Regular school year:

Para 1 \$9,765. (contract based on 36 weeks/35 hours per

week/\$7.75 per hour)

Para 2 \$9,765.\*\* (possible need for additional para will be

determined by number of students at the Sappa

Valley Youth Ranch)

Employee Benefits:

Para 1 \$1880. Para 2 \$1880.\*\*

### **Classroom Expenditures:**

These are actual expenditures as of 1/14/99 (current enrollment of 12 students)

Textbooks \$2,538.07
Instructional Software \$779.07
Instructional Misc. Supplies \$669.67
Instructional Equipment \$2,587.82
Instructional Support Equipment \$365.75
Instructional Supplies \$1,319.57

Equipment moved from Decatur Junior/Senior High School to Sappa Valley Youth Ranch:

Computers--7 Macintosh

 $$1,400 \times 7 \text{ units}$ 

\$9,800.

Support Equipment

desks, chairs,

printers etc.

\$3,000.

These are projected expenditures from 1/15/99 through 6/30/99\*\* (projected enrollment of 18 to 24 students)

Textbooks	\$2,500.
Instructional Software	\$250.
Instructional Misc. Supplies	\$680.
Instructional Equipment	\$500.
Instructional Support Equipment	\$3,000.
Instructional Supplies	\$2,500.

### **Administrative Costs:**

Administration

\$.00

Total acutal expenditures to date: \$106,364.95

Total including projected expenditures: \$139,003.95

\*\*denotes projected expenditures

### Legal General Fund Budget and Audited FTE

### 1994--1995:

Budget Audited FTE \$3,516,120. 621.5

### 1995--1996:

Budget Audited FTE \$3,428,383. 589.5

### 1996--1997:

Budget Audited FTE \$3,391,546. 587.0

### 1997--1998:

Budget Audited FTE \$3,425,945. 572.0

### 1998--1999:

Budget

Audited FTE

\$3,390,408. 557.5