Approved on: March 30, 2001

Date

MINUTES OF THE HOUSE JUDICIARY COMMITTEE

The meeting was called to order by Chairperson Michael O'Neal at 3:30 p.m. On March 20, 2001 in Room 313-S of the Capitol.

All members were present except:

Representative Andrew Howell - Excused

Committee staff present:

Jerry Ann Donaldson, Legislative Research Department Jill Wolters, Revisor of Statutes Office Cindy O'Neal, Committee Secretary

HB 2549 - worthless check; damages

Representative Dillmore made the motion to report **HB 2549** favorably for passage. Representative Long seconded the motion. The motion carried.

HB 2539 - allowing land surveyors to enter upon property for a land survey

Representative DiVita made the motion to report **HB 2539** favorably for passage. Representative DeCastro seconded the motion.

Representative Long made the substitute motion to add in new section 1, line 19 "if the surveyor has made the effort to get permission from the land owner". Representative Dillmore seconded the motion. The motion carried.

Representative Long made the motion to clarify that none of the changes in the bill would change the status as a occupant of the land. Representative Klein seconded the motion. The motion carried.

<u>Representative Crow made the motion to strike "as such surveyor deems necessary".</u> Representative Patterson seconded the motion. The motion carried.

Representative Pauls made the motion to strike the criminal immunity section of the bill. Representative Ruff seconded the motion. The motion failed.

Representative Loyd made the motion to report **HB 2539** favorably for passage as amended. Representative Williams seconded the motion. The motion carried 11-6.

SB 67 - driving under the influence, suspension of driving privileges

Representative DiVita made the motion to amend in **HB 2230 - suspension or revocation of driving privileges**, as amended by the House Committee as a Whole, while preserving **SB 67** and to clarify K.S.A. 8-1014 on a second or subsequent occurrence that the interlock device restrictions apply only to alcohol related convictions. Representative Loyd seconded the motion. The motion carried.

Representative Long made the motion to report **SB** 67 favorably for passage as amended. Representative DeCastro seconded the motion. The motion carried.

SB 263 - collection of DNA specimens from persons convicted of person felonies

Representative Klein made the motion to delete the requirement of any person with a person felony must submit DNA specimens and have it apply only to burglary & aggravated burglary. Representative Loyd seconded the motion. The motion carried.

Representative Klein made the motion to leave the current statute of limitations but add a one year after a conclusive DNA test exemption. Representative Loyd seconded the motion. The motion carried.

Representative Loyd made the motion to amend in **HB 2360 - deduction of time spent in confinement**. Representative Patterson seconded the motion. The motion carried.

Representative Long made the motion to amend on page 6, line 43 that "if the results of the DNA test are not unfavorably to the petitioner". Representative DiVita seconded the motion. The motion carried.

Representative Loyd made the motion to amend in **HB 2075 - fingerprinting juveniles who allegedly commit assault**. Representative Long seconded the motion. The motion carried.

Representative Williams made the motion to amend in **HB 2344 - criminal disposal of firearms to a minor,** with the change in severity level from 4 to 6. Representative Long seconded the motion. The motion failed.

Representative Long made the motion to report **SB 263** favorably for passage as amended. Representative DiVita seconded the motion. The motion carried.

SB 205 - period of no contact with victim as a condition of release

Representative Pauls made the motion to amend in **HB 2077 - protection from abuse orders**, as passed by the House Committee as a Whole. Representative Swenson seconded the motion. There was concern that this would be mixing both criminal & civil statutes.

Representative Long made the substitute motion to have the court ensure the validity of protection from abuse orders. Representative Ruff seconded the motion.

By unanimous consent both the motions were withdrawn.

Representative Long made the motion to add the word "alleged" to "victim" everywhere it was appropriate.

Representative Ruff seconded the motion. The motion carried.

Representative Long made the motion to report SB 205 favorably for passage as amended. Representative DiVita seconded the motion. The motion carried.

Substitute SB 36 - farm animal & field crop & research facilities protection act

Representative Swenson made the motion to report **Substitute SB 36** favorably for passage. Representative Long seconded the motion.

Representative Klein made the substitute motion to delete section 4 of the bill. Representative Crow seconded the motion. The motion failed.

The motion to report Substitute SB 36 carried.

SB 195 - release of information in records of child are facilities

Representative Rehorn made the motion to adopt his balloon amendment (Attachment 1). Representative Williams seconded the motion. The motion carried.

Representative DiVita made the motion to report **SB 195** favorably for passage as amended. Representative Rehorn seconded the motion. The motion carried.

SB 119 - mental health screening and placement

Representative Pauls made the motion to adopt the balloon amendment to take out references of liability and add community mental health centers under the tort claims act. (Attachment 2) Representative Ruff seconded the motion. The motion carried.

Representative Long made the motion to amend in **HB 2509 - guardian & volunteers included under the tort claims act**. Representative Pauls seconded the motion. The motion carried.

Representative Pauls made the motion to report **SB 119** favorably for passage as amended. Representative Long seconded the motion. The motion carried.

SB 30 - invalidity of certain provisions of wills, trusts & other instruments when preparer is beneficiary

Representative DiVita was concerned that there was no affirmative assurance that the person having the will drafted would have knowledge of what it said and made the motion to include it in the bill. Representative

Crow seconded the motion.

Representative Klein made the substitute motion to table the bill because he was not comfortable with it and not sure that he understood it completely. He then withdrew his motion.

The DiVita motion failed.

Representative Willams made the motion to report SB 30 favorably for passage. Representative Ruff seconded the motion. The motion carried. Representative DiVita requested she be recorded as voting no.

SB 20 - eliminate bond requirements for professional fund-raiser for charitable organization

Representative Long made the motion to report SB 20 favorably for passage. Representative Shriver seconded the motion. The motion carried.

SB 291 - creating the crime of causing harm to another person by motor vehicle

Representative Dillmore made the motion to report **SB 291** favorably for passage. Representative Williams seconded the motion.

Representative DiVita was concerned about the definition of leaving a child unattended.

Representative Long made the motion to table the bill. Representative DiVita seconded the motion. The motion failed 8-8.

The motion to report **SB 291** favorably failed 7-9.

SB 209 - enacting the national crime prevention & privacy compact

Representative Loyd made the motion to have the bill effective upon publication in the Kansas Registrar. Representative Pauls seconded the motion. The motion carried.

Representative Patterson made the motion to report **SB 209** favorably for passage as amended. Representative Loyd seconded the motion. The motion carried.

SB 14 - mediation; disputes which may be ordered to mediation costs

Chairman O'Neal made the motion to change on page 2, line 10 to make the cost relative to the amount in controversy. Representative Long seconded the motion. The motion carried.

<u>Chairman O'Neal made the motion to strike on line 12 the word "judicial". Representative Loyd seconded the motion. The motion carried.</u>

Chairman O'Neal made the motion to strike on line 14 "approved by....individual." Representative Loyd seconded the motion. The motion carried.

Representative Loyd made the motion to strike on page 2, line 31 "deliberate & intentional" and replace with "without just cause or excuse." Chairman O'Neal seconded the motion. The motion carried.

Representative Pauls made the motion to strike "the amount at controversy in the case". Representative DiVita seconded the motion. The motion carried.

Representative Long made the motion to report **SB 14** favorably for passage as amended. Representative Crow seconded the motion. The motion carried.

The committee meeting adjourned at 7:00 p.m.

Proposed amendments Rep. Rehorn March 20, 2001

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House Judiciary

As Amended by Senate Committee

Session of 2001

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SENATE BILL No. 195

SENATE BILL NO. 105

As Americal by Senats Committee

By Committee on Public Health and Welfare

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concern for the antifiches thingsof AN ACT relating to child care records; concerning the confidentiality of and a 65-503 was say from say from the difference of the description of the same say of the same of a finished information; amending K.S.A. 2000 Supp. [65-502] and] 65-525 and gendant the existing spence (sections) repealing the existing sections [sections]

; also repealing K.S.A. 65-502

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

Section 1. K.S.A. 2000 Supp. 65-525 is hereby amended to read as follows: 65-525. (a) Information Records in the possession of the department of health and environment received pursuant to K.S.A. 65-501 et seq. or its agents regarding child care facilities, maternity centers or family day care homes shall not be released publicly in a manner that would identify individuals, unless required by law.

- (b) Records containing the name, address and telephone number of a child care facility, maternity center or family day care home in the possession of the department of health and environment or its agents shall not be released publicly unless required by law.
- (c) Information Records that cannot be released by subsection (a) or (b) may be released to: (1) An agency or organization authorized to receive notice under K.S.A. 65-506, and amendments thereto; (2) a criminal justice agency; (3) any state or federal agency that provides child care services, funding for child care or provides child protective services; or (4) any federal agency for the purposes of compliance with federal funding requirements; (5) any local fire department; (6) any child and adult care food program sponsoring agency; or (7) any local disaster agency: Approximately the program is a first and the state of the state
- (d) Any state or federal agency or any person receiving information records under subsection (a) or (b) shall not disseminate the information records without the consent of the person whose information records will be disseminated unless required by law. Any person, other than a state or federal agency, receiving information under subsection (a) or (b) shall not disseminate the information without the consent of the person whose name will be disseminated unless required by law Any state or federal agency or any person receiving records under subsection (e) may disseminate the information contained in the records without the consent of the

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person whose records will be disseminated.

(e) The secretary of health and environment may release the name, address and telephone number of a maternity center, child care facility or family day care home when the secretary determines that the release of the information is necessary to protect the health, safety or welfare of the public or the patients or children enrolled in the maternity center, child care facility or family day care name home.

(f) In any hearings conducted under the licensing or regulation provisions of K.S.A. 65-501 *et seq.* and amendments thereto, the hearing officer may close the hearing to the public to prevent public disclosure of matters relating to persons restricted by other laws.

[Sec. 2. K.S.A. 2000 Supp. 65-502 is hereby amended to read as follows: 65-502. As used in this act:

[(a) "Child" means a person under 16 year of age.

[(b) "Child care" means the care, supervision and guidance of a child by a person other than the child's parent, guardian or custodian for a period of time less than 24 hours per day on a regular basis, but does not include care, supervision and guidance of a school age child by any of the following:

[(1) An instructional program for children who are attending a program as provided under K.S.A. 2000 Supp. 72-8238, and amendments thereto, administered by any of the following:

[(A) A public or nonpublic school system accredited by the department of education or the state board of regents; or

[(B) a nonpublic school system, which is not accredited by the department of education or the state board of regents.

- [(2) A summer program established by the school board of a school district as provided under K.S.A. 2000 Supp. 72-8237, and amendments thereto.
- [(3) Short-term classes of less than two weeks' duration held between school terms or during a break within a school term.
- [(4) A school age program operated not more than one day per week by volunteers, which meets all of the following conditions:
 - [(A) Not more than 11 children are served per volunteer;
- [(B) the program operates for less than four hours during any 24 hour period; and
- [(C) the program is provided at no cost to a child's parent, guardian or custodian.
- [(5) A/school age program administered by a political subdivision of the state which is primarily for recreational or social purposes and is limited to children who are six years of age or older and attending shool.
- [(6) An after school program continuously offered throughout the school year to children who are at least six years of age and enrolled in

1 school. The program must be provided with a nominal membership fee 2 or at no cost.

[(7) A special activity program which meets less than four hours per day for the sole purpose of the special activity. Special activity programs include but are not limited to, music or dance classes, organized athletic or sports programs, recreational classes, scouting programs and hobby or craft clubs or classes.

[(8) A nationally accredited camp.

9 [(9) A structured school age program for the purpose of providing therapeutic, rehabilitative or supervisory services to children under any of the following:

[(A) A purchase of service or managed care contract with the department; or

[(B) an arrangement approved by a juvenile court order.

[(c) "Maternity center" means a facility which provides delivery services for normal, uncomplicated pregnancies but does not include a medical care facility as defined by K.S.A. 65-425 and amendments thereto.

[(d) "School age" means a child who has reached the legal age to attend school.

[New Sec. 3] Child care as defined in subsection (b) of section 2, and amendments thereto, shall not include:

[(a) A child care center for sick children operated as part of a pediatrics unit in a hospital licensed by the department of health and environment, as defined pursuant to K.S.A. 65-425, and amendments thereto; or

[(b) child care provided on-site to children of parents residing

8 in an emergency, homeless or domestic violence shelter.

Sec. 2. [4.] K.S.A. 2000 Supp. 65-525 is [65-502_kand 65-525 are]

30 hereby repealed.

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Sec. 3: [5.] This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its publication in the statute book.

Insert Sec. 2. K.S.A. 2000 Supp. 65-503 (See attached)

Renumber remaining sections accordingly

, 65-503

- Sec. 2.. K.S.A. 2000 Supp. 65-503 is hereby amended to read as follows: 65-503. As used in this act:
- (a) "Child placement agency" means a business or service conducted, maintained or operated by a person engaged in finding homes for children by placing or arranging for the placement of such children for adoption or foster care.
- (b) "Child care resource and referral agency" means a business or service conducted, maintained or operated by a person engaged in providing resource and referral services, including information of specific services provided by child care facilities, to assist parents to find child care.
 - (c) (1) "Child care facility" means:
- (A) A facility maintained by a person who has control or custody of one or more children under 16 years of age, unattended by parent or guardian, for the purpose of providing the children with food or lodging, or both, an individual who provides child care, except child care provided to children related to the person individual by blood, marriage or legal adoption within the fifth degree of kinship;
- (B) a children's home, orphanage, maternity home, day care facility or other facility of a type determined by the secretary to require regulation under the provisions of this act;
- (C) a child placement agency or child care resource and referral agency, or a facility maintained by such an agency for the purpose of caring for children under 16 years of age; or
- (D) any receiving or detention home for children under 16 years of age provided or maintained by, or receiving aid from, any city or county or the state;
- (E) a person who provides child care for children six years of age or older and in which any child attends 12 17 hours a week or more and for more than two consecutive weeks; or
- (F) any person that provides child care and receives public funding for providing child care a person who provides child care for children six years of age or older if:
 - (i) The program is offered for 16 hours a week or less;
 - (ii) no more than 11 children are served per staff or volunteer;
 - (iii) the program meets the fire safety and local building requirements; and
- (iv) the program is provided at no cost or with a nominal membership fee. A child care facility meeting the requirements of this paragraph is exempt from licensure.
 - (2) "Child care facility" shall not include:

- (A) A family day care home defined in K.S.A. 65-517 and amendments thereto;
- (B) an instructional program for children as provided by K.S.A. 2000 Supp. 72-8238, and amendments thereto, administered by a board of education of any school district;
- (C) an instructional program for only children six years of age or older for the purposes provided by subsection (e) of K.S.A. 2000 Supp. 72-8283, and amendments thereto, administered by a nonpublic school accredited by the state board of education;
 - (D) a summer instructional camp that is:
- (i) Operated by a Kansas educational institution as defined in K.S.A. 2000 Supp. 74-32,120, and amendments thereto, or a postsecondary educational institution as defined in K.S.A. 2000 Supp. 74-3201b, and amendments thereto;
 - (ii) operated for not more than five weeks;
 - (iii) provides instruction to children, all of whom are 10 years of age or older; and
- (iv) accredited by an agency or organization acceptable to the secretary of health and environment; or
- (E) a summer program established by the school board of a school district as provided under K.S.A. 2000 Supp. 72-8237, and amendments thereto.
- (d) "Person" means any individual, association, partnership, corporation, government, governmental subdivision or other entity.
- (e) "Boarding school" means a facility which provides 24-hour care to school age children, provides education as its primary function, and is accredited by an accrediting agency acceptable to the secretary of health and environment.
- (f) "Child" means an individual under 18 years of age or an individual under 21 years of age in the custody of a state agency pursuant to a juvenile court order.
- (g) "Child care" means the care, supervision or guidance of a child by a person other than the child's parent or guardian.
- (h) "Maternity center" means a facility which provides delivery services for normal, uncomplicated pregnancies but does not include a medical care facility as defined by K.S.A. 65-425, and amendments thereto.

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By Committee on Public Health and Welfare

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AN ACT concerning mental health; relating to screenings and placements; amending K.S.A. 22-3302, 22-3303, 22-3429, 22-3430, 38-1513, 38-1514, 38-1614, 38-1637, 38-1638, 38-1639 and 38-1662 and K.S.A. 2000 Supp. 22-3305 and 22-3431 and repealing the existing sections.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

Section 1. K.S.A. 22-3302 is hereby amended to read as follows: 22-3302. (1) At any time after the defendant has been charged with a crime and before pronouncement of sentence, the defendant, the defendant's counsel or the prosecuting attorney may request a determination of the defendant's competency to stand trial. If, upon the request of either party or upon the judge's own knowledge and observation, the judge before whom the case is pending finds that there is reason to believe that the defendant is incompetent to stand trial the proceedings shall be suspended and a hearing conducted to determine the competency of the log conducted defendant.

(2) If the defendant is charged with a felony, the hearing to determine here is the major to the felony the hearing to determine here is the major to the felony that the same that the felony is the felony the felony i the competency of the defendant shall be conducted by a district judge.

(3) The court shall determine the issue of competency and may impanel a jury of six persons to assist in making the determination. The court may order a psychiatric or psychological examination of the defendant. To facilitate the examination, the court may: (a) If the defendant is charged with a felony, commit the defendant to the state security hos-busy, some at the deep reduced the bloom share termidiscretions of pital or to any appropriate county or private institution facility for ex-conduct country or private distribution facility facilit amination and report to the court, or, if the defendant is charged with a misdemeanor, commit the defendant to any appropriate state, county or not the description to an enough operate state and appropriate state, county or not the description of the descrip private institution facility for examination and report to the court, except willing the examination and report to the court, except willing the examination and report to the court, except willing the examination and report to the court, except willing the examination and report to the court, except willing the examination and report to the court, except willing the examination and report to the court, except willing the examination and report to the court, except willing the examination and report to the court, except willing the examination and report to the court, except willing the examination and report to the court, except willing the examination and report to the court, except willing the examination and report to the court, except willing the examination and report to the court, except willing the examination and report to the court, except will be a second to the court of the cour that the court shall not at no time commit the defendant to the a state not at me than commit the defendant to the a state not at me than the defendant to the a state not at me than the defendant to the a state not at me than the defendant to the a state not at me than the defendant to the a state not at me than the defendant to the a state not at me than the defendant to the a state not at me than the defendant to the a state not at me than the defendant to the a state not at me than the defendant to the a state not at me than the defendant to the a state not at me the defendant to the a state not at me than the defendant to the defendant to the a state not at me the defendant to the defendant to the a state not at me the defendant to the defendant to the at me the defendant to the defendant t than the state security hospital in the case of a defendant charged with a regular plant as the case of a defendant increase the regular plant as the case of a defendant increase the regular plant as the case of a defendant charged with a regular plant a felony, unless, prior to such commitment, the director of a local county, seemed are a local county to such a seemed and the state of t or private institution recommends to the court and to the secretary of a recommendation of a correspondent siles are systematically and a secretary of a sec social and rehabilitation services that examination of the defendant should be performed at a state institution a written statement from a qualified mental health professional, as defined in K.S.A. 59-2946, and amendments

; also repealing K.S.A. 2000 Supp. 75-6102a

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thereto, authorizing such admission to a state psychiatric hospital has been filed with the court; (b) designate any appropriate psychiatric or psychological clinic, mental health center or other psychiatric or psychological facility to conduct the examination while the defendant is in jail or on pretrial release; or (c) appoint two qualified licensed physicians or licensed psychologists, or one of each, to examine the defendant and report to the court. If the court commits the defendant to an institution a facility or state psychiatric hospital for the examination, the commitment shall be for not more than 60 days or until the examination is completed, whichever is the shorter period of time. No statement made by the defendant in the course of any examination provided for by this section, whether or not the defendant consents to the examination, shall be admitted in evidence against the defendant in any criminal proceeding. Upon notification of to the court that a defendant committed for the results of any psychiatric or psychological examination as provided for under this subsection has been found shown the defendant to be competent to stand trial, the court shall order that the defendant be returned not later than five days after receipt of the notice for proceedings under this section. If the defendant is not returned within that time, the county in which the proceedings will be held shall pay the costs of maintaining the defendant at the institution or facility or state psychiatric hospital for the period of time the defendant remains at the institution or facility or state psychiatric hospital in excess of the five-day period.

(4) No qualified mental health professional who shall either make or decide not to make such a written statement authorizing admission to a state psychiatric hospital, nor the participating community mental health center at which that professional is employed or for which the professional is acting on behalf of, shall be liable to any person for this decision.

If the defendant is found to be competent, the proceedings which have been suspended shall be resumed. If the proceedings were suspended before or during the preliminary examination, the judge who conducted the competency hearing may conduct a preliminary examination or, if a district magistrate judge was conducting the proceedings prior to the competency hearing, the judge who conducted the competency hearing may order the preliminary examination to be heard by a district magistrate judge.

(5) (6) If the defendant is found to be incompetent to stand trial, the court shall proceed in accordance with K.S.A. 22-3303, and amendments thereto.

(6) [7] If proceedings are suspended and a hearing to determine the defendant's competency is ordered after the defendant is in jeopardy, the court may either order a recess or declare a mistrial.

(7) The defendant shall be present personally at all proceedings

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under this section.

Sec. 2. K.S.A. 22-3303 is hereby amended to read as follows: 22-3303. (1) A defendant who is charged with a felony and is found to be incompetent to stand trial shall be committed for evaluation and treatment to the state security hospital or to any appropriate county or private institution facility. A defendant who is charged with a misdemeanor and is found to be incompetent to stand trial shall be committed for evaluation and treatment to any appropriate a state, psychiatric hospital or to any appropriate county or private institution facility, except that the court shall not commit the defendant to a state psychiatric hospital, unless a written statement from a qualified mental health professional, as defined in K.S.A. 2000 Supp. 59-2946, and amendments thereto, authorizing such admission to a state psychiatric hospital has been filed with the court. Any such commitment shall be for a period of not to exceed 90 days. Within 90 days after the defendant's commitment to such institution, the chief medical officer of such institution the facility to which the defendant has been committed shall certify to the court whether the defendant has a substantial probability of attaining competency to stand trial in the foreseeable future. If such probability does exist, the court shall order the defendant to remain in an that facility or another appropriate state, county or private institution facility until the defendant attains competency to stand trial or for a period of six months from the date of the original commitment, whichever occurs first, except that the court shall at no time commit the defendant to a state psychiatric hospital other than the state security hospital in the case of a defendant charged with a felony, unless a written statement from a qualified mental health professional, as defined in K.S.A. 2000 Supp. 59-2946, and amendments thereto, authorizing such admission to a state psychiatric hospital has been filed with the court. If such probability does not exist, the court shall order the secretary of social and rehabilitation services to commence involuntary commitment proceedings pursuant to article 29 of chapter 59 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and any amendments thereto.

(2) No qualified mental health professional who shall either make or decide not to make such a written statement authorizing admission to a state psychiatric hospital, nor the participating community mental health center at which that professional is employed or for which the professional is acting on behalf of, shall be liable to any person for this decision.

(3) If a defendant who was found to have had a substantial probability of attaining competency to stand trial, as provided in subsection (1), has not attained competency to stand trial within six months from the date of the original commitment, the court shall order the secretary of social and rehabilitation services to commence involuntary commitment proceedings pursuant to article 29 of chapter 59 of the Kansas Statutes An-

notated, and any amendments thereto.

(3) When reasonable grounds exist to believe that a defendant who has been adjudged incompetent to stand trial is competent, the court in which the criminal case is pending shall conduct a hearing in accordance with K.S.A. 22-3302, and amendments thereto to determine the person's present mental condition. Reasonable notice of such hearings shall be given to the prosecuting attorney, the defendant and the defendant's attorney of record, if any. If the court, following such hearing, finds the defendant to be competent, the proceedings pending against the defendant shall be resumed.

(4) [5] A defendant committed to a public institution an inpatient treatment facility under the provisions of this section who is thereafter sentenced for the crime charged at the time of commitment may be credited with all or any part of the time during which the defendant was committed and confined in such public institution!

Sec. 3. K.S.A. 2000 Supp. 22-3305 is hereby amended to read as follows: 22-3305. (1) Whenever involuntary commitment proceedings have been commenced by the secretary of social and rehabilitation services as required by K.S.A. 22-3303, and amendments thereto, and the defendant is not committed to a treatment facility as a patient, the defendant shall remain in the institution facility where committed pursuant to K.S.A. 22-3303, and amendments thereto, and the secretary shall promptly notify the court and the county or district attorney of the county in which the criminal proceedings are pending of the result of the involuntary commitment proceeding.

(2) Whenever involuntary commitment proceedings have been commenced by the secretary of social and rehabilitation services as required by K.S.A. 22-3303, and amendments thereto, and the defendant is committed to a treatment facility as a patient but thereafter is appropriate to be discharged pursuant to the care and treatment act for mentally ill persons article 29 of chapter 59 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto, the defendant shall remain in the institution treatment where committed pursuant to K.S.A. 22-3303 and amendments thereto the care and treatment act for mentally ill persons, and the head of the treatment facility shall promptly notify the court and the county or district attorney of the county in which the criminal proceedings are pending that the defendant is appropriate to be discharged.

When giving notification to the court and the county or district attorney pursuant to subsection (1) or (2), the treatment facility shall include in such notification an opinion from the head of the treatment facility as to whether or not the defendant is now competent to stand trial. Upon request of the county or district attorney, the court may set a hearing on the issue of whether or not the defendant has been restored to competent

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tency. If no such request is made within 10 days after receipt of notice pursuant to subsection (1) or (2), the court shall order the defendant to be discharged from commitment and shall dismiss without prejudice the charges against the defendant, and the period of limitation for the prosecution for the crime charged shall not continue to run until the defendant has been determined to have attained competency in accordance with K.S.A. 22-3302, and amendments thereto.

Sec. 4. K.S.A. 22-3429 is hereby amended to read as follows: 22-3429. (1) After conviction and prior to sentence and as part of the presentence investigation authorized by K.S.A. 21-4604, and amendments thereto, or for crimes committed on or after July 1, 1993, a presentence investigation report as provided in K.S.A. 21-4714, and amendments thereto, the trial judge may order the defendant committed for mental examination, evaluation and report. If the defendant is convicted of a felony, the commitment shall be to the state security hospital or to any suitable local mental health appropriate county or private facility-, or if the defendant is convicted of a misdemeanor, the commitment shall be to a state psychiatric hospital or to any suitable local mental health appropriate county or private facility, except that the court shall not commit the defendant to a state psychiatric hospital other than the state security hospital in the case of a defendant convicted of a felony, unless a written statement from a qualified mental health professional, as defined in K.S.A. 2000 Supp. 59-2946, and amendments thereto, authorizing such admission to a state psychiatric hospital has been filed with the court.

(2) No qualified mental health professional who shall either make or decide not to make such a written statement authorizing admission to a state psychiatric hospital, nor the participating community mental health center at which that professional is employed or for which the professional is acting on behalf of, shall be liable to any person for this decision.

If adequate private facilities are available and if the defendant is willing to assume the expense thereof, commitment may be to a private hospital.

A report of the examination and evaluation shall be furnished to the judge and shall be made available to the prosecuting attorney and counsel for the defendant.

(5) A defendant may not be detained for more than 120 days under a commitment made under this section.

Sec. 5. K.S.A. 22-3430 is hereby amended to read as follows: 22-3430. (a) If the report of the examination authorized by K.S.A. 22-3429, and amendments thereto, shows that the defendant is in need of psychiatric care and treatment, that such treatment may materially aid in the defendant's rehabilitation and that the defendant and society are not likely to be endangered by permitting the defendant to receive such psychiatric

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care and treatment, in lieu of confinement or imprisonment, the trial judge shall have power to commit such defendant to: (1) The state security hospital or any county institution provided for the reception, care, treatment and maintenance of mentally ill persons appropriate county or private facility, if the defendant is convicted of a felony; or (2) any state or county institution provided for the reception, care, treatment and maintenance of mentally ill persons psychiatric hospital or appropriate county or private facility, if the defendant is convicted of a misdemeanor, except that the court shall not commit the defendant to a state psychiatric hospital other than the state security hospital in the case of a defendant convicted of a felony, unless a written statement from a qualified mental health professional, as defined in K.S.A. 2000 Supp. 59-2946, and amendments thereto, authorizing such admission to a state psychiatric hospital has been filed with the court. The court may direct that the defendant be detained in such hospital or institution treatment facility until further order of the court or until the defendant is discharged under K.S.A. 22-3431, and amendments thereto. No period of detention under this section shall exceed the maximum term provided by law for the crime of which the defendant has been convicted. The cost of care and treatment provided by a state institution psychiatric hospital shall be assessed in accordance with K.S.A. 59-2006, and amendments thereto.

(b) No qualified mental health professional who shall either make or decide not to make such a written statement authorizing admission to a state psychiatric hospital, nor the participating community mental health center at which that professional is employed or for which the professional is acting on behalf of, shall be liable to any person for this decision.

(c) No defendant committed to the state security hospital pursuant to this section upon conviction of a felony shall be transferred or released from such hospital except on recommendation of the staff of such hospital.

(e) (a) The defendant may appeal from any order of commitment made pursuant to this section in the same manner and with like effect as if sentence to a jail, or to the custody of the secretary of corrections had been imposed.

Sec. 6. K.S.A. 2000 Supp. 22-3431 is hereby amended to read as follows: 22-3431. (a) Whenever it appears to the chief medical officer of the institution treatment facility to which a defendant has been committed under K.S.A. 22-3430, and amendments thereto, that the defendant will not be improved by further detention treatment in such institution facility, the chief medical officer shall give written notice thereof to the district court where the defendant was convicted. Such notice shall include, but not be limited to: (1) Identification of the patient; (2) the course of treatment; (3) a current assessment of the defendant's psychiatric con-

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dition; (4) recommendations for future treatment, if any; and (5) recommendations regarding discharge, if any.

- (b) Upon receiving such notice, the district court shall order that a hearing be held. The court shall give notice of the hearing to: (1) The state hospital or state security hospital, state psychiatric hospital or county or private facility where the defendant is under commitment; (2) the district or county attorney of the county from which the defendant was originally committed; (3) the defendant; and (4) the defendant's attorney. The court shall inform the defendant that such defendant is entitled to counsel and that counsel will be appointed to represent the defendant if the defendant is not financially able to employ an attorney as provided in K.S.A. 22-4503 et seq., and amendments thereto. The hearing shall be held within 30 days after the receipt by the court of the chief medical officer's notice.
- (c) At the hearing, the defendant shall be sentenced, committed, for further treatment, as provided for in K.S.A. 22-3430, and amendments thereto, sentenced, granted probation, assigned to a community correctional services program, as provided by K.S.A. 75-5291, and amendments thereto, or discharged as the court deems best under the circumstance. The time spent in a state or local institution other treatment facility pursuant to a commitment under K.S.A. 22-3430, and amendments thereto shall be credited against any sentence, confinement or imprisonment imposed on the defendant.
- Sec. 7. K.S.A. 38-1513 is hereby amended to read as follows: 38-1513. (a) *Physical or mental care and treatment*. (1) When a child less than 18 years of age is alleged to have been physically, mentally or emotionally abused or neglected or sexually abused, no consent shall be required to medically examine the child to determine whether the child has been maltreated.
- (2) When the health or condition of a child who is a ward of the court requires it, the court may consent to the performing and furnishing of hospital, medical, surgical or dental treatment or procedures, including consent for care and treatment of mental disorders, other than inpatient treatment at a state psychiatric hospital, and for the release and inspection of medical or dental records. A child, or parent of any child, who is opposed to certain medical procedures authorized by this subsection may request an opportunity for a hearing thereon before the court. Subsequent to the hearing, the court may limit the performance of matters provided for in this subsection or may authorize the performance of those matters subject to terms and conditions the court considers proper.
- (3) Prior to disposition the person having custody of the child may give consent to the following:
 - (A) Dental treatment for the child by a licensed dentist;

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- (B) diagnostic examinations of the child, including but not limited to the withdrawal of blood or other body fluids, x-rays and other laboratory examinations;
 - (C) releases and inspections of the child's medical history records;
 - (D) immunizations for the child;
 - (E) administration of lawfully prescribed drugs to the child; and
- (F) examinations of the child including, but not limited to, the withdrawal of blood or other body fluids or tissues, for the purpose of determining the child's parentage.
- (4) When the court has granted legal custody of a child in a dispositional hearing to any agency, association or individual, the custodian or an agent designated by the custodian shall have authority to consent to the performance and furnishing of hospital, medical, surgical or dental treatment or for procedures or mental eare or treatment, including care and treatment of mental disorders, other than inpatient treatment at a state psychiatric hospital, including and for the release and inspection of medical or hospital records, subject to terms and conditions the court considers proper.
- (5) If a child is in the custody of the secretary, the secretary may consent to the mental care and treatment of the child for mental disorders, without court approval, so long as such care and treatment do does not include inpatient treatment at a state psychiatric hospital.
- (6) Any health care provider who in good faith renders hospital, medical, surgical, mental or dental care or treatment or treatment for any mental disorder to any child after a consent has been obtained as authorized by this section shall not be liable in any civil or criminal action for failure to obtain consent of a parent.
- (7) Nothing in this section shall be construed to mean that any person shall be relieved of legal responsibility to provide care and support for a child.
- (b) Mental Care and treatment for mental disorders requiring court action. If it is brought to the court's attention, while the court is exercising jurisdiction over the person of a child under this code, that the child may be a mentally ill person as defined in K.S.A. 2000 Supp. 59-2946, and amendments thereto, the court may:
- (1) Direct or authorize the county or district attorney or the person supplying the information to file the petition provided for in K.S.A. 2000 Supp. 59-2957, and amendments thereto, and proceed to hear and determine the issues raised by the application petition as provided in the care and treatment act for mentally ill persons; or
- (2) authorize that the child to seek voluntary admission to a treatment facility as provided in K.S.A. 2000 Supp. 59-2949, and amendments thereto.

The application A petition to determine whether the child is a mentally ill person subject to involuntary commitment for care and treatment may be filed in the same proceedings as the petition alleging the child to be a child in need of care, or may be brought in separate proceedings. In either event the court may enter an order staying any further proceedings under this code until all proceedings have been concluded under the care and treatment act for mentally ill persons.

Sec. 8. K.S.A. 38-1514 is hereby amended to read as follows: 38-1514. (a) Of child. (1) Psychological or emotional. (A) During proceedings under this code, the court, on its own motion or the motion of the guardian ad litem for the child, may order an evaluation and written report of the psychological or emotional development or needs of a child who is the subject of the proceedings. The court may refer the child to a state institution for the evaluation if the secretary advises the court that the facility is a suitable place to care for, treat or evaluate the child and that space is available any appropriate professional, state, county or private facility for this evaluation, except that the court shall not refer the child to a state psychiatric hospital, unless a written statement from a qualified mental health professional, as defined in K.S.A. 2000 Supp. 59-2946, and amendments thereto, authorizing such referral to a state psychiatric hospital has been filed with the court.

(B) No qualified mental health professional who shall either make or decide not to make such a written statement authorizing admission to a state psychiatric hospital, nor the participating community mental health center at which that professional is acting on behalf of, shall be liable to any person for this decision.

The expenses of transportation to and from the state facility may be paid as a part of the expenses of temporary care and eustody. The child may be referred to a mental health center or qualified professional for evaluation and the expenses of the evaluation may be considered as expenses of the proceedings and assessed as provided in this code.

If the court orders an evaluation as provided in this section, a parent of the child shall have the right to obtain an independent evaluation at the expense of the parent.

- (2) Medical. During proceedings under this code, the court may order an examination and report of the medical condition and needs of a child who is the subject of the proceedings. The court may also order a report from any physician who has been attending the child stating the diagnosis, condition and treatment afforded the child.
- (3) Educational. The court may order the chief administrative officer of the school which the child attends or attended to provide to the court information that is readily available which the school officials believe would properly indicate the educational needs of the child. The order

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may direct that the school conduct an educational needs assessment of the child and send a report of the assessment to the court. The educational needs assessment may include a meeting involving any of the following: The child's parents, the child's teachers, the school psychologist, a school special services representative, a representative of the secretary, the child's C.A.S.A., the child's foster parents or legal guardian, a court services officer, and other persons that the chief administrative officer of the school or the officer's designee considers appropriate.

(b) Of parent or custodian. (1) Physical, psychological or emotional. During proceedings under this code, the court may order an examination, evaluation and report of the physical, mental or emotional status or needs of a parent or any other relative being considered as one to whom the court may grant custody. Written reports and other materials relating to the examination and evaluation may be considered by the court but, if requested by any interested party in attendance, the court shall require the person preparing the report or other material to appear and testify.

(2) Parenting skills. At any dispositional hearing, the court may receive and consider written reports from any physician or qualified person concerning the parenting skills or ability to provide for the physical, mental or emotional needs and future development of a child by a parent or other relative being considered for custody. If requested by any interested party in attendance at the dispositional hearing, the court shall require the person preparing the report to appear and testify.

(c) Confidentiality of reports. (1) Reports of court ordered examination or evaluation. No confidential relationship of physician and patient, psychologist and client or social worker and client shall arise from an examination or evaluation ordered by the court.

- (2) Report from private physician, psychologist or therapist. When any interested party to proceedings under this code wishes the court to have the benefit of information or opinion from a physician, psychologist, registered marriage and family therapist or social worker with whom there is a confidential relationship, the interested party may waive the confidential relationship but restrict the information to be furnished or testimony to be given to those matters material to the issues before the court. If requested, the court may make an *in camera* examination of the proposed witness or the file of the proposed witness and excise any matters that are not material to the issues before the court.
- Sec. 9. K.S.A. 38-1614 is hereby amended to read as follows: 38-1614. (a) *Physical care and treatment*. (1) When the health or condition of a juvenile who is subject to the jurisdiction of the court requires it, the court may consent to the performing and furnishing of hospital, medical, surgical or dental treatment or procedures including the release and inspection of medical or dental records.

- (2) When the health or condition of a juvenile requires it and the juvenile has been placed in the custody of a person other than a parent or placed in or committed to a facility, the custodian or an agent designated by the custodian shall have authority to consent to the performance and furnishing of hospital, medical, surgical or dental treatment or procedures including the release and inspection of medical or dental records, subject to terms and conditions the court considers proper. The provisions of this subsection shall also apply to juvenile felons, as defined in K.S.A. 38-16,112, prior to its repeal, who have been placed in a juvenile correctional facility pursuant to K.S.A. 75-5206, and amendments thereto.
- (3) Any health care provider, who in good faith renders hospital, medical, surgical or dental care or treatment to any juvenile after a consent has been obtained as authorized by this section, shall not be liable in any civil or criminal action for failure to obtain consent of a parent.
- (4) Nothing in this section shall be construed to mean that any person shall be relieved of legal responsibility to provide care and support for a juvenile.
- (b) Mental Care and treatment for mental disorders. If (1) As part of any dispositional order entered pursuant to K.S.A. 38-1663, and amendments thereto, the court may consent to, or provide for the giving of consent to, care and treatment for mental disorders, other than inpatient care and treatment at a state psychiatric hospital.
- (2) If at any time it is brought to the court's attention, while the court is exercising jurisdiction over the person of a juvenile under this code, that the juvenile may be a mentally ill person as defined in K.S.A. 2000 Supp. 59-2946, and amendments thereto, the court may:
- (1) (A) Direct or authorize the county or district attorney or the person supplying the information to file the petition provided for in K.S.A. 2000 Supp. 59-2957, and amendments thereto, and proceed to hear and determine the issues raised by the application petition as provided for in the care and treatment act for mentally ill persons; or
- $\frac{(2)}{(B)}$ (B) authorize that the juvenile to seek voluntary admission to a treatment facility as provided in K.S.A. 2000 Supp. 59-2949, and amendments thereto.
- The application A petition to determine whether the juvenile is a mentally ill person, subject to involuntary commitment for care and treatment, may be filed in the same proceedings as the petition alleging the juvenile to be a juvenile offender or may be brought in separate proceedings. In either event, the court may enter an order staying any further proceedings under this code until all proceedings have been concluded under the care and treatment act for mentally ill persons.
- Sec. 10. K.S.A. 38-1637 is hereby amended to read as follows: 38-1637. (a) For the purpose of this section, a respondent is incompetent

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for hearing when charged as a juvenile offender and, because of mental illness or defect, is unable:

- (1) To understand the nature and purpose of the proceedings; or
- (2) to make or assist in making a defense.
- (b) Whenever the words "competent," "competency," "incompetent" and "incompetency" are used without qualification in this code, they shall refer to the respondent's competency or incompetency, as described in subsection (a).
- (c) (1) At any time after the respondent has been charged with an act which, if the respondent is found to have committed, would result in being adjudged to be a juvenile offender and before trial, the respondent, the respondent's attorney or the county or district attorney may request a determination of the respondent's competency for hearing. If, upon the request of either party or upon one's the judge's own knowledge and observation, the judge before whom the case is pending finds that there is reason to believe that the respondent is incompetent for hearing, the proceedings shall be suspended and a hearing conducted to determine the competency of the respondent.
- (2) All proceedings under this section shall be in the court in which the case is pending. The court shall determine the issue of competency and may order a psychiatric or psychological examination of the respondent. To facilitate the examination, the court may: (A) Appoint two qualified licensed physicians or licensed psychologists, or one of each to examine the respondent or (B) designate a private psychiatric or psychological facility or public mental health center to conduct the examination and report to the court. If either physician or psychologist, the private psychiatric facility or the public mental health center determines that further examination is necessary, the court may commit the respondent for not more than 60 days to any appropriate state, county or private institution facility for examination and appropriate report to the court, except that the court shall not commit the respondent to a state psychiatric hospital, unless a written statement from a qualified mental health professional as defined in K.S.A. 2000 Supp. 59-2946, and amendments thereto, authorizing such admission to a state psychiatric hospital has been filed with the court. For good cause shown, the commitment may be extended for another 60 days.
- (3) No qualified mental health professional who shall either make or decide not to make such a written statement authorizing admission to a state psychiatric hospital, nor the participating community mental health center at which that professional is employed or for which the professional is acting on behalf of, shall be liable to any person for this decision.
- No statement made by the respondent in the course of any examination provided for by this section, whether the examination is with

or without the consent of the respondent, shall be admitted in evidence (4)against the respondent in any hearing. (3) (5) If the respondent is found to be competent, the proceedings which have been suspended shall be resumed. (5) (4) 6 If the respondent is found to be incompetent, the respondent shall be committed for treatment pursuant to K.S.A. 38-1638, and amendments thereto, and shall remain subject to the further order of the court. (5) 77 The respondent shall be present personally at all proceedings 9 under this section. (6) (8) A respondent who is found to be incompetent shall be com-10 (7)mitted for treatment to any appropriate state, county or private institution 11 during the continuance of that condition. One or both parents of the 12 respondent may be ordered to pay child support during the time the 13 respondent is receiving treatment. Upon application of the respondent 14 and in the discretion of the court, the respondent may be released to any 15 appropriate private institution facility for treatment upon terms and con-16 17 ditions prescribed by the court. (8) (7) (9) When reasonable grounds exist to believe that a respondent 18 who has been adjudged incompetent is now competent, the court in 19 which the case is pending shall conduct a hearing to determine the re-20 spondent's present mental condition. Reasonable notice of the hearings 21 shall be given to the county or district attorney, the respondent and the 22 respondent's attorney of record, if any. If the court, following the hearing, 23 finds the respondent to be competent, the proceedings pending against 24 25 the respondent shall be resumed. Sec. 11. K.S.A. 38-1638 is hereby amended to read as follows: 38-26 1638. (a) A respondent who is found to be incompetent for hearing shall 27 be committed for evaluation and treatment to any appropriate state, 28 county or private institution facility for a period of not to exceed 90 days 29 except that the court shall not commit the respondent to a state psychiatric 30 hospital, unless a written statement from a qualified mental health pro-31 fessional, as defined in K.S.A. 2000 Supp. 59-2946, and amendments thereto, authorizing such admission to a state psychiatric hospital has 33 been filed with the court. Within 90 days of the respondent's commitment to the institution, the chief medical officer of the institution facility shall 35 certify to the court whether the respondent has a substantial probability 36 of attaining competency for hearing in the foreseeable future. If the prob-37 ability does exist, the court shall order the respondent to remain in an that facility or another appropriate state, county or private institution facility until the respondent attains competency for hearing or for a period of six months from the date of the original commitment, whichever occurs

first except that the court shall at no time commit the respondent to a state psychiatric hospital, unless a written statement from a qualified men-

tal health professional, as defined in K.S.A. 2000 Supp. 59-2946, and amendments thereto, authorizing such admission to a state psychiatric hospital has been filed with the court. If the probability does not exist, the court shall order the secretary of social and rehabilitation services to commence involuntary commitment proceedings pursuant to article 29 of chapter 59 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto.

(b) No qualified mental health professional who shall either make or decide not to make such a written statement authorizing admission to a state psychiatric hospital, nor the participating community mental health center at which that professional is employed or for which the professional is acting on behalf of, shall be liable to any person for this decision.

(c) If a respondent who was found to have a substantial probability of attaining competency for hearing, as provided in subsection (a), has not attained competency for hearing within six months from the date of the original commitment, the court shall order the secretary of social and rehabilitation services to commence involuntary commitment proceedings pursuant to article 29 of chapter 59 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto.

(e) (d) When reasonable grounds exist to believe that a respondent who has been adjudged incompetent for hearing is competent, the court in which the case is pending shall conduct a hearing in accordance with K.S.A. 38-1637, and amendments thereto, to determine the respondent's present mental condition. Reasonable notice of the hearing shall be given to the prosecuting attorney, the respondent and the respondent's attorney of record, if any. If the court, following the hearing, finds the respondent to be competent, the proceedings pending against the respondent shall be resumed.

Sec. 12. K.S.A. 38-1639 is hereby amended to read as follows: 38-1639. (a) Whenever involuntary commitment proceedings have been commenced by the secretary of social and rehabilitation services as required by K.S.A. 38-1638, and amendments thereto, and the respondent is not committed to a treatment facility as a patient, the respondent shall remain in the institution facility where committed pursuant to K.S.A. 38-1638, and amendments thereto, and the secretary of social and rehabilitation services shall promptly notify the court in which the proceedings are pending and the commissioner of the result of the involuntary commitment proceedings proceeding. The court shall then proceed pursuant to subsection (c).

(b) Whenever involuntary commitment proceedings have been commenced by the secretary of social and rehabilitation services as required by K.S.A. 38-1638, and amendments thereto, and the respondent is committed to a treatment facility as a patient but thereafter is *appropriate* to be discharged pursuant to article 29 of chapter 59 of the Kansas Statutes

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Annotated, and amendments thereto, the respondent shall remain in the institution treatment where committed pursuant to K.S.A. 38-1638, and amendments thereto. the care and treatment act for mentally ill persons, and the head of the treatment facility shall promptly notify the court in which the proceedings are pending that the respondent is appropriate to be discharged. The court shall then proceed pursuant to subsection (c).

(c) Within five days after receiving notice pursuant to subsection (a) or (b), the court shall order the respondent to be discharged from commitment and shall dismiss without prejudice the charges against the respondent. The period of limitation for the prosecution for the crime charged shall not continue to run until the respondent has been determined to have attained competency.

Sec. 13. K.S.A. 38-1662 is hereby amended to read as follows: 38-1662. (a) Psychological or emotional. (1) Following the juvenile being adjudged to be a juvenile offender under this code the court may order an evaluation and written report of the psychological or emotional development or needs of the juvenile offender. The juvenile offender may be referred to a mental health center or a qualified professional for the evaluation, and the any appropriate professional, county, state or private facility for this evaluation, except that the court shall not refer the juvenile offender to a state psychiatric hospital, unless a written statement from a qualified mental health professional, as defined in K.S.A. 2000 Supp. 59-2946, and amendments thereto, authorizing such referral to a state psychiatric hospital has been filed with the court.

(2) No qualified mental health professional who shall either make or decide not to make such a written statement authorizing admission to a state psychiatric hospital, nor the participating community mental health center at which that professional is employed or is acting on behalf of, shall be liable to any person for this decision.

(3) The expenses of the evaluation may be considered as expenses of the proceedings and assessed as provided in this code.

If the court orders an evaluation as provided in this section, a parent of the juvenile offender shall have the right to obtain an independent evaluation at the expense of the parent.

(b) Medical. Following the juvenile being adjudged to be a juvenile offender under this code, the court may order an examination and report of the medical condition and needs of the juvenile offender who is the subject of the proceedings. The court may also order a report from any physician who has been attending the juvenile offender stating the diagnosis, condition and treatment afforded the juvenile offender.

(c) Educational. The court may order the chief administrative officer of the school which the juvenile offender attends or attended to provide to the court information that is readily available which the school officials

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feel would properly indicate the educational needs of the juvenile offender. The order may direct that the school conduct an educational needs assessment of the juvenile offender and send a report thereof to the court. The educational needs assessment may include a meeting involving any of the following: (1) The juvenile offender's parents, (2) the juvenile offender's teacher or teachers, (3) the school psychologist, (4) a school special services representative, (5) a representative of the commissioner, (6) the juvenile offender's C.A.S.A., (7) the juvenile offender's foster parents or legal guardian and (8) other persons that the chief administrative officer of the school, or the officer's designee, deems appropriate.

Sec. 14. K.S.A. 22-3302, 22-3303, 22-3429, 22-3430, 38-1513, 38-

1514, 38-1614, 38-1637, 38-1638, 38-1639 and K.S.A. 2000

Supp. 22-3305 and 22-3431 are hereby repealed.

Sec. 15. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its

publication in the statute book.

Sec. 14. K.S.A. 2000 Supp. 75-6102 (See attached) Sec. 15. K.S.A. 75-6115 (See attached)

Renumber remaining sections

and 75-6115

, 75-6102 and 75-6102a

Sec. 14. K.S.A. 75-6102 is hereby amended to read as follows: 75-6102. As used in K.S.A. 75-6101 through 75-6118, and amendments thereto, unless the context clearly requires otherwise:

- (a) "State" means the state of Kansas and any department or branch of state government, or any agency, authority, institution or other instrumentality thereof.
- (b) "Municipality" means any county, township, city, school district or other political or taxing subdivision of the state, or any agency, authority, institution or other instrumentality thereof.
 - (c) "Governmental entity" means state or municipality.
- (d) "Employee" means any officer, employee, servant or member of a board, commission, committee, division, department, branch or council of a governmental entity, including elected or appointed officials and persons acting on behalf or in service of a governmental entity in any official capacity, whether with or without compensation and a charitable health care provider. Employee includes any steward or racing judge appointed pursuant to K.S.A. 74-8818, and amendments thereto, regardless of whether the services of such steward or racing judge are rendered pursuant to contract as an independent contractor, but does not otherwise include any independent contractor under contract with a governmental entity except (1) employees of the United States marshal's service engaged in the transportation of inmates on behalf of the secretary of corrections, (2) a person who is an employee of a nonprofit independent contractor, other than a municipality, under contract to provide educational or vocational training to inmates in the custody of the secretary of corrections and who is engaged in providing such service in an institution under the control of the secretary of corrections provided that such employee does not otherwise have coverage for such acts and omissions within the scope of their employment through a liability insurance contract of such independent contractor; and (3) a person who is an employee or volunteer of a nonprofit program, other than a municipality, who has contracted with the commissioner of juvenile justice or with another nonprofit program that has contracted with the commissioner of juvenile justice to provide a juvenile justice program for juvenile offenders in a judicial district provided that such employee or volunteer does not otherwise have coverage for such acts and omissions within the scope of their employment or volunteer activities through a liability insurance contract of such nonprofit program; and (4) employees of a mental health center. "Employee" also includes an employee of an indigent health care clinic. "Employee" also includes former employees for acts and omissions within the scope of their employment during their former employment with the governmental entity.
- (e) "Community service work" means public or community service performed by a person (1) as a result of a contract of diversion entered into by such person as authorized by law, (2) pursuant to the assignment of such person by a court to a community corrections program, (3) as a result of suspension of sentence or as a condition of probation pursuant to court order, (4) in lieu of a fine imposed by court order or (5) as a condition of placement ordered by a court pursuant to K.S.A. 38-1663, and amendments thereto.
- (f) "Charitable health care provider" means a person licensed by the state board of healing arts as an exempt licensee or a federally active licensee, a person issued a limited permit by the state board of healing arts, a physician assistant registered licensed by the state board of healing arts or a health care provider as the term "health care provider" is defined under K.S.A.

- .921, and amendments thereto, who has entered into an agreement with:
- (1) The secretary of health and environment under K.S.A. 75-6120, and amendments thereto, who, pursuant to such agreement, gratuitously renders professional services to a person who has provided information which would reasonably lead the health care provider to make the good faith assumption that such person meets the definition of medically indigent person as defined by this section or to a person receiving medical assistance from the programs operated by the department of social and rehabilitation services, and who is considered an employee of the state of Kansas under K.S.A. 75-6120, and amendments thereto;
- (2) the secretary of health and environment and who, pursuant to such agreement, gratuitously renders professional services in conducting children's immunization programs administered by the secretary; or
- (3) a local health department or indigent health care clinic, which renders professional services to medically indigent persons or persons receiving medical assistance from the programs operated by the department of social and rehabilitation services gratuitously or for a fee paid by the local health department or indigent health care clinic to such provider and who is considered an employee of the state of Kansas under K.S.A. 75-6120 and amendments thereto. Professional services rendered by a provider under this paragraph (3) shall be considered gratuitous notwithstanding fees based on income eligibility guidelines charged by a local health department or indigent health care clinic and notwithstanding any fee paid by the local health department or indigent health care clinic to a provider in accordance with this paragraph (3).
- (g) "Medically indigent person" means a person who lacks resources to pay for medically necessary health care services and who meets the eligibility criteria for qualification as a medically indigent person established by the secretary of health and environment under K.S.A. 75-6120, and amendments thereto.
- (h) "Indigent health care clinic" means an outpatient medical care clinic operated on a not-for-profit basis which has a contractual agreement in effect with the secretary of health and environment to provide health care services to medically indigent persons.
- (i) "Local health department" shall have the meaning ascribed to such term under K.S.A. 65-241 and amendments thereto.
- (j) "Mental health center" means any mental health center organized pursuant to to the provisions of K.S.A. 19-4001 through 19-4016, and amendments thereto, and licensed by the secretary of social and rehabilitation services under K.S.A. 75-3307b, and amendments thereto, when engaged in the performance of any duty created by statute, rules and regulations or contract between the mental health center and the department of social and rehabilitation services or a county pursuant to K.S.A. 19-4001 through 19-4016, and amendments thereto.
- **Sec. 15.** K.S.A. 75-6115 is hereby amended to read as follows: 75-6115. (a) The Kansas tort claims act shall not be applicable to claims arising from the rendering of or failure to render professional services by a health care provider other than:
 - (1) A charitable health care provider;

- .) a hospital owned by a municipality and the employees thereof;
- (3) a local health department and the employees thereof;
- (4) an indigent health care clinic and the employees thereof; or
- (5) a district coroner or deputy district coroner appointed pursuant to K.S.A. 22a-226 and amendments thereto:

(6) a mental health center and employees thereof.

- (b) Claims for damages against a health care provider that is a governmental entity or an employee of a governmental entity other than those health care providers enumerated in subsection (a), arising out of the rendering of or failure to render professional services by such health care provider, may be recovered in the same manner as claims for damages against any other health care provider.
 - (c) As used in this section:
- (1) "Indigent health care clinic" shall have the meaning ascribed to such term under K.S.A. 75-6102, and amendments thereto.
- (2) "Charitable health care provider" shall have the meaning ascribed to such term under K.S.A. 75-6102, and amendments thereto.
- (3) "Health care provider" shall have the meaning ascribed to such term under K.S.A. 40-3401, and amendments thereto.
- (4) "Hospital" means a medical care facility as defined in K.S.A. 65-425, and amendments thereto, and includes within its meaning any clinic, school of nursing, long-term care facility, child-care facility and emergency medical or ambulance service operated in connection with the operation of the medical care facility.
- (5) "Local health department" shall have the meaning ascribed to such term under K.S.A. 65-241 and amendments thereto.