Approved: March 19, 2003

## MINUTES OF THE SENATE TRANSPORTATION COMMITTEE.

The meeting was called to order by Chairperson Senator Les Donovan at 8:30 a.m. on March 13, 2003 in Room 245-N of the Capitol.

All members were present except: Senator Harrington

Committee staff present: Hank Avila, Legislative Research Department

Bruce Kinzie, Revisor of Statutes

Marian F. Holeman, Committee Secretary

Conferees appearing before the committee: Mike Hoeme, Kansas Corporation Commission

Tom Whitaker, Exec. Dir., KMCA Pat Hubbell, Kansas Railroads

Others attending: See attached list

# **HB 2160:** Re motor carriers, fees

Mike Hoeme, Director of Transportation, Kansas Corporation Commission, testified in support of the bill. Current motor carrier application and registration fees have been in place since at least 1937. Since then obviously there have been significant changes in the industry and those fees are no longer adequate to provide required services. Attachment "A," included in Mr. Hoeme's testimony, details some of the cost changes. The proposed changes will also bring Kansas more in line with surrounding states. Mr. Hoeme also requested the committee amend HB 2244 as amended by the House Transportation Committee into **HB 2160**. The bill is an act relating to the state corporation commission; concerning motor carriers and railroads, amending several sections of K.S.A. At this time HB 2244 remains on General Orders in the House. Basically HB 2244 is simply a mechanism to allow KCC to be more efficient and effective in regulating motor carrier and railroad industries. The bill is lengthy and covers a number of areas, primarily technical in nature. The Supplemental Note on HB 2244, as amended by House Committee on Transportation, provides a summary of the principal changes. KCC also asked for two additional changes to the amended House Bill, one reflects the new location of the reference to gross vehicle weight rating. The second addition is to New Section 2 where the House amendment inadvertently dropped the phrase "to the extent not preempted by federal law." A balloon amendment to this effect is part of the attachment (Attachment 1). The House Transportation Committee Chairman has no problem with adding it onto HB 2160.

Tom Whitaker, Executive Director, Kansas Motor Carriers Association appeared in support of this bill, explaining the industry is no longer regulated by rates. They are regulated by all the different safety requirements. These requirements have had a definite positive effect on safety practices of motor carriers. Additional safety inspectors are needed to assure compliance. The industry further supports including the provisions of HB 2244. These technical and procedural changes should increase the KCC's effectiveness (Attachment 2). Pat Hubbell, Kansas Railroads, advised the railroad industry concurs with this legislation. No other conferees appeared on the bill. Hearing closed.

Chair called for recommendations on the bill. Members were not comfortable with amending HB 2244 into <u>HB 2160.</u> They felt they needed more time to study the bill. No action taken.

# HB 2220: Re commercial drivers' license act

Staff reviewed contents of this bill which the committee heard on March 12, 2003. The changes in the bill are designed to further improve safety of motor carrier operations. It is supported by Kansas Motor Carriers Association and Kansas Department of Revenue, Division of Motor Vehicles. <u>Senator Schodorf moved to recommend the bill favorable for passage</u>. <u>Senator Gooch seconded the motion</u>. <u>Motion carried</u>

The meeting adjourned at 9:30 a.m.

The next meeting is scheduled for March 18, 2003.

# SENATE TRANSPORTATION COMMITTEE GUEST LIST

DATE: March 13, 2003

NAME	REPRESENTING	
Pat Dubline	Kansos Rachood	
Mile Hoems	KCC KCC	
Tom DAY	Kce	
Row Willhow;	KDOT	
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# Testimony of Mike Hoeme Director of Transportation Kansas Corporation Commission House Bill 2160 March 13, 2003

Good morning Mr. Chairman and members of the committee. My name is Mike Hoeme, and I am the Director of the Transportation Division of the Kansas Corporation Commission ("Transportation Division" and "KCC," respectively). I am here to testify as a proponent of House Bill 2160, which revises the fee schedules found in K.S.A. 66-1a01 for motor carrier applications and registrations. For your information, the Transportation Division has met with the Kansas Motor Carrier's Association ("KMCA") regarding HB 2160, and received their support for the proposed increases in fees, discussed in more detail below.

## BACKGROUND

The current fee structure for motor carrier applications and registrations has been in place since at least 1937. Significant changes in the motor carrier industry and inflation have brought into question for the KCC whether these fees are still appropriate. Ultimately, the KCC has decided that these fees are insufficient to accomplish important goals, and therefore proposes certain fees be raised.

The KCC specifically proposes three sets of fees paid for particular types of applications and registrations. First, the fees for intrastate public motor carrier applications (certificates of public service and certificates of convenience and necessity) are revised from \$25 to \$250. Second, the application fees for private and exempt motor carrier registrations, and certain existing license and permit revisions, are increased from \$10 to \$100. Finally, the late fee for a motor carrier's failure to timely complete renewal applications has been altered to the cost of the new application for authority.

This increase in fees is justified for numerous reasons.

#### ATTEMPT TO COVER COSTS

Primarily, the KCC feels that it is appropriate that application fees be set at a rate more comparable to the KCC's cost of completing those applications. To actually set the application fees at the KCC's costs would increase these fees to over \$400. In Attachment "A" to my testimony, you will see a breakdown of the costs actually incurred by the KCC in processing the different types of applications and registrations. While the KCC is not ruling out pursuing additional increases in the future to cover actual costs, we feel that, at this time, beginning with the revisions proposed above will help ease the motor carrier industry into the necessary increases.

Normal office processing costs include examining the applications for completeness and working with the motor carrier to correct any omissions, meeting publication requirements, and working with insurance companies. However, the more significant

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costs occur in ensuring the motor carrier's compliance with safety regulations rather than in examining the routine paperwork.

First, the Transportation Division tries to aid new motor carriers in staying off of SafeStat by conducting an aggressive safety-training program for all public and private motor carriers in Kansas. The Transportation Division's special investigators conduct educational safety seminars throughout Kansas four times a month. These seminars are designed to educate new, and existing, motor carriers about the KCC's safety rules and regulations. The KCC has also developed several specialized Power Point presentations to correct several trends it has noted in instances of non-compliance. The Transportation Division's special investigators will also conduct individual "refresher" safety programs when requested by a specific motor carrier.

Second, state law requires the KCC, within 12 months of a motor carrier being granted common carrier authority, to verify that the motor carrier is in compliance with the KCC's safety regulations. The Transportation Division has worked toward accomplishing this task by conducting comprehensive investigations and audits on existing and new motor carriers, and taking the appropriate action when unsafe conditions are found.

These two factors appreciably increase the costs of processing the application. However, protection of the public safety cannot allow these seminars and inspections to be sacrificed for the sake of cost. As noted above, the Transportation Division has discussed the increase in fees with KMCA, who stated that it would even have supported an increase to cover the full costs of the application.

#### FEDERAL ACTION

Impending federal action concerning the Unified Carrier Registration Agreement ("UCR") may also affect the fees the KCC can charge, and the KCC's access to those fees. If certain proposed revisions to the UCR are successful, state motor carrier programs will have to have increased access to funds for use in safety functions, or funding could be jeopardized.

#### Conclusion

The KCC realizes that the changes proposed still constitute a significant increase over current fees. However, as noted above, these fees have been in place since at least 1937, when the motor carrier industry was highly regulated, and the value of the dollar figure was significantly higher. Changes to these fees probably should have been ongoing through the last seventy years in order to more closely reflect the actual processing costs in different time periods reflecting different regulatory and financial times. However, simply because that has not been done in the past does not mean it should not be done now. Currently, we are nearly the cheapest state in which to obtain motor carrier authority. Raising the fees as proposed above will bring the KCC fee structure more in line with fees charged by the surrounding states.

# Attachment "A"

# Testimony of Mike Hoeme Director of Transportation Kansas Corporation Commission

Manpower spent on various functions and cost per hour of the manpower expended:

Application/Training/Compliance	Process Hours/Mean	Salary Range/Mean
Certificate of Public Service (COPS)	1-10 Hours (5)	\$10 - \$14 per Hour (\$12)
Certificate of Convenience & Necessity	1-10 Hours (5)	\$10 - \$14 per Hour (\$12)
(COCAN)		
Private carrier authority (P)	1-10 Hours (5)	\$10 - \$14 per Hour (\$12)
Interstate Exempt (ICC-E)	1-10 Hours (5)	\$10 - \$14 per Hour (\$12)
Safety Compliance Program (SCP)	4-9 Hours (4.5)	\$15 - \$19 per Hour (\$17)
Compliance Review Audit (CR)	8-24 Hours (16)	\$15 - \$19 per Hour (\$17)

Total Average Cost to Process Specific Applications:

<ul> <li>(COPS/COCAN)</li> <li>(5) Hours at \$12 per hour to process application</li> <li>(4.5) Hours at \$17 per hour for Safety Compliance Program</li> <li>(16) Hours at \$17 per hour for mandatory Compliance Review</li> </ul>	Total \$60.00 \$76.50 \$272.00 \$408.50
<ul> <li>(P/ICC-E)</li> <li>(5) Hours at \$ 12 per hour to process application</li> <li>(4.5) Hours at \$17 per hour for Safety Compliance Program</li> </ul>	\$60.00 <u>\$76.50</u> \$136.50

The KCC also requests the Committee amend House Bill 2244, as amended by the House Transportation Committee, into House Bill 2160. House Bill 2244, while lengthy, is simply a mechanism to allow the KCC's Transportation Division to more efficiently and effectively regulate the motor carrier and railroad industries.

Second, House Bill 2244 removes the last apparent distinction between contract motor carriers and public motor carriers. Currently, there is no significant difference between the application processes for these types of carriers. Further, most contract motor carriers also hold public motor carrier authority because of the diversity of their operations. The federal government also recognized that little distinction between these types of motor carriers remained, and officially removed the federal statutory distinction in the ICC Termination Act of 1995. The removal of the distinction between contract motor carriers and public motor carriers actually constitutes the bulk of House Bill 2244, simply because the term "contract motor carrier" appears in numerous places throughout the Kansas Statutes Annotated. (K.S.A. 8-142, 8-2107, 32-1009, 44-503c, 60-305a, 65-1626, 65-4101, 65-4116, 65-7004, 66-1,108, 66-1,111, 66-1,112, 66-1,112a, 66-1,112b, 66-1,112d, 66-1,112d, 66-1,112d, 66-1,112d, 66-1,116d, 66-1,112d, 66-1,116d, 66-1,112d, 66-1,116d, 66-

Third, House Bill 2244 refines the process for a public motor carrier of property other than household goods and passengers. The Kansas Register publication requirement would be removed in favor of publication on the KCC's internet web site. Also, public motor carriers of property other than household goods and passengers who submitted fully-completed applications to the KCC would receive 30-day interim authority, and would be published on the website. If no protests to the applicant's authority was received in those 30 days, then the KCC could automatically grant permanent authority to the applicant. (K.S.A. 66-1,114b and 66-1,115.)

House Bill 2244 also gives the KCC more power to enforce its statutes, regulations, and orders. Motor carriers who failed to renew their authority annually would abandon their authority by operation of law, allowing the KCC to keep clear records of who is actually operating in the state, and encouraging those continuing operations to maintain current authority. (K.S.A. 66-1,119.) Also, the current provisions for criminal prosecution of certain violations of KCC statutes and regulations would be expanded to include a motor carrier's failure to comply with KCC orders requiring payment of a penalty, cease and desist orders, or out-of-service orders. (K.S.A. 66-1,126.) Further, the KCC would receive the power to work in conjunction with the Kansas Highway Patrol ("KHP") to impound the motor vehicles of motor carriers who have failed to comply with out-of-service orders, cease and desist orders, any order assessing a civil penalty, or other such KCC orders, as well as motor carriers who do not have KCC authority to operate. (K.S.A. 66-1,129a.)

House Bill 2244 also clarifies and refines several minor areas of regulation:

 The unnecessary costs of sending out all orders and decisions by certified mail is removed, and instead, certified mailings are limited to cases where notice of a

- proceeding could be at issue, particularly, cases that may end in a negative impact on a motor carrier's authority. (K.S.A. 66-1,105.)
- The definition of gross vehicle weight rating is moved from the authority exemption statute to the definition statute, and is modified slightly to mirror the federal definition. (K.S.A. 66-1,108 and 66-1,109.)
- The safety regulation exemption for the operation of motor vehicles used for servicing, repairing, and transporting implements of husbandry by a person actively engaged in the business of buying, selling, or exchanging implements of husbandry within 100 miles of that person's business has been slightly modified to remove that exemption when the implement of husbandry is transported on a commercial motor vehicle. (K.S.A. 66-1,129.)
- The requirement that KCC Special Investigators be law enforcement certification has been removed in favor of a policy requiring that they meet the standards of compliance review training established by the Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration. (K.S.A. 66-1,130.)
- The Kansas Department of Revenue will explicitly be authorized to issue temporary permits for vehicles, and the cost of those permits has been raised. (K.S.A. 66-1,140.)
- Non-profit public transportation carriers operating pursuant to 49 U.S.C. 5307, 5310, and 5311 shall no longer be required to register with the KCC, an exemption their city and county agency counterparts also enjoy. (K.S.A. 66-1,109.)
- An enabling statute will be created allowing the KCC to administer and enforce its existing railroad jurisdiction in cooperation with the Secretary of Transportation. (New Section 2.)
- Tools of the trade motor carriers with a gross vehicle weight rating of 26,000 pounds or less who are transporting material to be left at the job site would be exempted from safety regulation as long as they did not go beyond 25 miles of their domicile.

Finally, the KCC would only recommend two additional changes to the amended House Bill 2244. First, on page 33, line 17, the KCC inadvertently neglected to update the reference to the gross vehicle weight rating, currently located at K.S.A. 66-1,109(s), to reflect its new location at K.S.A. 66-1,108(b) and (c). Second, when New Section 2 was previously amended at the House Transportation Committee, the KCC inadvertently dropped the phrase "to the extent not preempted by federal law" from the section. A balloon amendment adding this language back to that section is attached to this testimony.

Session of 2003

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### **HOUSE BILL No. 2244**

By Committee on Transportation

2-7

AN ACT relating to the state corporation commission; concerning motor carriers and railroads; amending K.S.A. 8-142, 8-2107, 32-1009, 44-503c, 60-305a, 65-1626, 65-4101, 65-4116, 65-7004, 66-1,105, 66-1,108, 66-1,109, 66-1,111, 66-1,112, 66-1,112h, 66-1,114, 66-1,114b, 66-1,115, 66-1,115a, 66-1,116, 66-1,119, 66-1,126, 66-1,128, 66-1,129, 66-1,129a, 66-1,130, 66-1,139, 66-1,140, 66-1313a, 79-6a01, 79-6a02 and 79-6a03 and K.S.A. 2002 Supp. 8-2,127 and repealing the existing sections; also repealing K.S.A. 66-1,112a, 66-1,112b, 66-1,112c, 66-1,112d, 66-1,112e and 66-1,112f.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

New Section 1. Contract motor carriers transporting household goods or passengers holding permits issued by the commission under the former authority of K.S.A. 66-1,112a, 66-1,112b or 66-1,112c, and amendments thereto, shall now be considered as holding certificates of convenience and necessity to transport such household goods and passengers as originally granted to that motor carrier by the commission. Contract motor carriers transporting property other than household goods or transporting passengers and holding permits issued by the commission under the former authority of K.S.A. 66-1,112a, 66-1,112b or 66-1,112c, and amendments thereto, shall now be considered as holding certificates of public service to transport such property other than household goods or transporting passengers as originally granted to that motor carrier by the commission. Contract motor carriers with rates and tariffs on file with the commission under the authority of K.S.A. 66-1,112 and 66-1,112f, and amendments thereto, shall be considered public motor carriers with the same rates and tariffs on file with the commission.

New Sec. 2. The state corporation commission is hereby authorized, in cooperation with the secretary of transportation, to adopt and enforce such rules and regulations as may be necessary for the regulation of the safety of railroad transportation in the state of Kansas, to the extent not preempted by federal law to regulate the safety of railroad grade crossings on Kansas city, county, township and state roads

Sec. 3. K.S.A. 8-142 is hereby amended to read as follows: 8-142. It

, to the extent not preempted by federal law.

without carrying in the cab a copy of the registration receipt for such vehicle or without having painted or otherwise durably marked on said vehicle on both sides thereof, the gross weight for which said vehicle is licensed and the name and address of the owner thereof, except as provided in K.S.A. 8-143e, and amendments thereto.

Thirteenth: To operate on the highways of this state a farm trailer carrying more than 6,000 pounds without being registered and the registration fees paid thereon.

Fourteenth: To operate more than 6,000 miles in any calendar year any truck or truck tractor which has been registered and licensed to operate not more than 6,000 miles in such calendar year, as provided in subsection (2) of K.S.A. 8-143, and amendments thereto, unless the additional fee required by said subsection (2) has been paid.

Fifteenth: For any owner who has registered a truck or truck tractor on the basis of operating not more than 6,000 miles to fail to keep the records required by the director of vehicles, or to fail to comply with rules and regulations of the secretary of revenue relating to such registration.

Sixteenth: To operate a vehicle or combination of vehicles on the national system of interstate and defense highways with a gross weight greater than permitted by the laws of the United States Congress.

Sec. 4. K.S.A. 2002 Supp. 8-2,127 is hereby amended to read as follows: 8-2,127. Vehicles that are exempt from this act include:

- (a) Farm vehicles, defined as follows:
- (1) Registered as a farm truck or truck tractor under K.S.A. 8-143, and amendments thereto;
- (2) used to transport either agricultural products, farm machinery, farm supplies, or both, to or from a farm;
- (3) not used in the operations of a common or contract motor carrier; and
- (4) used within 150 air miles of any farm or farms owned or leased by the registered owner of such farm vehicle;
- (b) vehicles operated by firefighters and other persons which are necessary to the preservation of life or property or the execution of emergency governmental functions, are equipped with audible and visual signals and are not subject to normal traffic regulation. These vehicles include fire trucks, hook and ladder trucks, foam or water transport trucks, police SWAT team vehicles, ambulances or other vehicles that are used in response to emergencies;
- (c) military vehicles which are operated by military personnel in pursuit of military purposes and all noncivilian operators of equipment owned or operated by the United States department of defense. This applies to any active duty military personnel and members of the reserves and national guard on active duty, including personnel on full-time national

guard duty, personnel on part-time training and national guard military technicians, civilians who are required to wear military uniforms and are subject to the code of military justice; and

(d) motor vehicles, which would otherwise be considered commercial motor vehicles, if such vehicles are used solely and exclusively for private noncommercial use and any operator of such vehicles.

Sec. 5. K.S.A. 8-2107 is hereby amended to read as follows: 8-2107. (a) (1) Notwithstanding any other provisions of the uniform act regulating traffic on highways, when a person is stopped by a police officer for any of the offenses described in subsection (d) and such person is not immediately taken before a judge of the district court, the police officer may require the person stopped, subject to the provisions of subsection (c), to deposit with the officer a valid Kansas driver's license in exchange for a receipt therefor issued by such police officer, the form of which shall be approved by the division of vehicles. Such receipt shall be recognized as a valid temporary Kansas driver's license authorizing the operation of a motor vehicle by the person stopped until the date of the hearing stated on the receipt. The driver's license and a written copy of the notice to appear shall be delivered by the police officer to the court having jurisdiction of the offense charged as soon as reasonably possible. If the hearing on such charge is continued for any reason, the judge may note on the receipt the date to which such hearing has been continued and such receipt shall be recognized as a valid temporary Kansas driver's license until such date, but in no event shall such receipt be recognized as a valid Kansas driver's license for a period longer than 30 days from the date set for the original hearing. Any person who has deposited a driver's license with a police officer under this subsection (a) shall have such license returned upon final determination of the charge against such person.

(2) In the event the person stopped deposits a valid Kansas driver's license with the police officer and fails to appear in the district court on the date set for appearance, or any continuance thereof, and in any event within 30 days from the date set for the original hearing, the court shall forward such person's driver's license to the division of vehicles with an appropriate explanation attached thereto. Upon receipt of such person's driver's license, the division shall suspend such person's privilege to operate a motor vehicle in this state until such person appears before the court having jurisdiction of the offense charged, the court makes a final disposition thereof and notice of such disposition is given by the court to the division. No new or replacement license shall be issued to any such person until such notice of disposition has been received by the division. The provisions of K.S.A. 8-256, and amendments thereto, limiting the suspension of a license to one year, shall not apply to suspensions for failure to appear as provided in this subsection (a).

fraction and the person is a resident of a state which is not a member of the nonresident violator compact, K.S.A. 8-1219 et seq., and amendments thereto, or the person is licensed to drive under the laws of a foreign country, the police officer may require a bond as provided for under subsection (c). The bond shall be in the amount specified in the uniform fine schedule in subsection (c) of K.S.A. 8-2118, and amendments thereto, plus \$54 which shall be regarded as a docket fee in any court having jurisdiction over the violation of state law.

(h) When a person is stopped by a police officer for failure to provide proof of financial security pursuant to K.S.A. 40-3104, and amendments thereto, and the person is a resident of another state or the person is licensed to drive under the laws of a foreign country, the police officer may require a bond as provided for under subsection (c). The bond shall be in the amount of \$54, plus \$54 which shall be regarded as a docket fee in any court having jurisdiction over the violation of state law.

Sec. 6. K.S.A. 32-1009 is hereby amended to read as follows: 32-1009. Except as provided in rules and regulations adopted pursuant to K.S.A. 32-963, and amendments thereto, it shall be unlawful for any person to take, possess, transport, export, process, sell or offer for sale or ship nongame species deemed by the secretary to be in need of conservation pursuant to K.S.A. 32-959, and amendments thereto. Subject to the same exception, it shall further be unlawful for any common or contract carrier knowingly to transport or receive for shipment nongame species deemed by the secretary to be in need of conservation pursuant to K.S.A. 32-959, and amendments thereto.

Sec. 7. K.S.A. 44-503c is hereby amended to read as follows: 44-503c. (a) (1) Any individual who is an owner-operator and the exclusive driver of a motor vehicle that is leased or contracted to a licensed motor carrier shall not be considered to be a contractor or an employee of the licensed motor carrier within the meaning of K.S.A. 44-503, and amendments thereto, or an employee of the licensed motor carrier within the meaning of subsection (b) of K.S.A. 44-508, and amendments thereto, and the licensed motor carrier shall not be considered to be a principal within the meaning of K.S.A. 44-503, and amendments thereto, or an employer of the owner-operator within the meaning of subsection (a) of K.S.A. 44-508, and amendments thereto, if the owner-operator is covered by an occupational accident insurance policy and is not treated under the terms of the lease agreement or contract with the licensed motor carrier as an employee for purposes of the federal insurance contribution act, 26 U.S.C. § 3101 et seq., the federal social security act, 42 U.S.C. § 301 et seq., the federal unemployment tax act, 26 U.S.C. § 3301 et seq., and the federal statutes prescribing income tax withholding at the source, 26 U.S.C. § 3401 et seq.

(2) As used in this subsection:

(A) "Motor vehicle" means any automobile, truck-trailer, semitrailer, tractor, motor bus or any other self-propelled or motor-driven vehicle used upon any of the public highways of Kansas for the purpose of transporting persons or property;

(B) "licensed motor carrier" means any person, firm, corporation or other business entity that holds a certificate of convenience and necessity, a certificate of public service, a contract carrier permit, or an interstate license as a common, contract or exempt carrier from the state corporation commission or is required to register motor carrier equipment pursuant to 49 U.S.C. § 11506; and

(C) "owner-operator" means an individual who is the owner of a single motor vehicle that is driven exclusively by the owner under a lease agreement or contract with a licensed motor carrier.

(b) Notwithstanding any other provision of this act, a licensed motor carrier may by lease agreement or contract secure workers compensation insurance for an owner-operator, otherwise subject to the act by statute or election, and may charge-back to the owner-operator the premium for such workers compensation insurance, and by doing so does not create an employer-employee relationship between the licensed motor carrier and the owner-operator, or subject the licensed motor carrier to liability under subsection (d)(1) of K.S.A. 44-5,120 and amendments thereto.

(c) For purposes of subsection (b) of this section only, "owner-operator" means a person, firm, corporation or other business entity that is the owner of one or more motor vehicles that are driven exclusively by the owner or the owner's employees or agents under a lease agreement or contract with a licensed motor carrier; provided that neither the owner-operator nor the owner's employees are treated under the term of the lease agreement or contract with the licensed motor carrier as an employee for purposes of the federal insurance contribution act, 26 U.S.C. § 3101 et seq., the federal social security act, 42 U.S.C. § 301 et seq., the federal unemployment tax act, 26 U.S.C. § 3301 et seq., and the federal statutes prescribing income tax withholding at the source, 26 U.S.C. § 3401 et seq.

Sec. 8. K.S.A. 60-305a is hereby amended to read as follows: 60-305a. Every individual, partnership, association or corporation engaged in the business of transportation as a common carrier or contract carrier, which is subject to regulation by the state corporation commission, doing business in this state shall designate some person residing in this state on whom all process and notices issued by any court of record may be served. In every case such individual, partnership, company or corporation shall file a certificate of the appointment and designation of such person in the office of the state corporation commission or as required pursuant to 49

prescription-only drugs other than individual prescriptions are stored or administered.

- (p) "Medical care facility" shall have the meaning provided in K.S.A. 65-425 and amendments thereto, except that the term shall also include facilities licensed under the provisions of K.S.A. 75-3307b and amendments thereto except community mental health centers and facilities for the mentally retarded.
- (q) "Manufacture" means the production, preparation, propagation, compounding, conversion or processing of a drug either directly or indirectly by extraction from substances of natural origin, independently by means of chemical synthesis or by a combination of extraction and chemical synthesis and includes any packaging or repackaging of the drug or labeling or relabeling of its container, except that this term shall not include the preparation or compounding of a drug by an individual for the individual's own use or the preparation, compounding, packaging or labeling of a drug by: (1) A practitioner or a practitioner's authorized agent incident to such practitioner's administering or dispensing of a drug in the course of the practitioner's professional practice; (2) a practitioner, by a practitioner's authorized agent or under a practitioner's supervision for the purpose of, or as an incident to, research, teaching or chemical analysis and not for sale; or (3) a pharmacist or the pharmacist's authorized agent acting under the direct supervision of the pharmacist for the purpose of, or incident to, the dispensing of a drug by the pharmacist.
- (r) "Person" means individual, corporation, government, governmental subdivision or agency, partnership, association or any other legal entity.
- (s) "Pharmacist" means any natural person licensed under this act to practice pharmacy.
- (t) "Pharmacist in charge" means the pharmacist who is responsible to the board for a registered establishment's compliance with the laws and regulations of this state pertaining to the practice of pharmacy, manufacturing of drugs and the distribution of drugs. The pharmacist in charge shall supervise such establishment on a full-time or a part-time basis and perform such other duties relating to supervision of a registered establishment as may be prescribed by the board by rules and regulations. Nothing in this definition shall relieve other pharmacists or persons from their responsibility to comply with state and federal laws and regulations.
- (u) "Pharmacy," "drug store" or "apothecary" means premises, laboratory, area or other place: (1) Where drugs are offered for sale where the profession of pharmacy is practiced and where prescriptions are compounded and dispensed; or (2) which has displayed upon it or within it the words "pharmacist," "pharmaceutical chemist," "pharmacy," "apothecary," "drugstore," "druggist," "drugs," "drug sundries" or any of these

words or combinations of these words or words of similar import either in English or any sign containing any of these words; or (3) where the characteristic symbols of pharmacy or the characteristic prescription sign "Rx" may be exhibited. As used in this subsection, premises refers only to the portion of any building or structure leased, used or controlled by the licensee in the conduct of the business registered by the board at the address for which the registration was issued.

(v) "Pharmacy student" means an individual, registered with the board of pharmacy, enrolled in an accredited school of pharmacy.

- (w) "Pharmacy technician" means an individual who, under the direct supervision and control of a pharmacist, may perform packaging, manipulative, repetitive or other nondiscretionary tasks related to the processing of a prescription or medication order and who assists the pharmacist in the performance of pharmacy related duties, but who does not perform duties restricted to a pharmacist.
- (x) "Practitioner" means a person licensed to practice medicine and surgery, dentist, podiatrist, veterinarian, optometrist licensed under the optometry law as a therapeutic licensee or diagnostic and therapeutic licensee, or scientific investigator or other person authorized by law to use a prescription-only drug in teaching or chemical analysis or to conduct research with respect to a prescription-only drug.
- (y) "Preceptor" means a licensed pharmacist who possesses at least two years' experience as a pharmacist and who supervises students obtaining the pharmaceutical experience required by law as a condition to taking the examination for licensure as a pharmacist.
- (z) "Prescription" means, according to the context, either a prescription order or a prescription medication.
- (aa) "Prescription medication" means any drug, including label and container according to context, which is dispensed pursuant to a prescription order.
- (bb) "Prescription-only drug" means any drug whether intended for use by man or animal, required by federal or state law (including 21 United States Code section 353, as amended) to be dispensed only pursuant to a written or oral prescription or order of a practitioner or is restricted to use by practitioners only.
- (cc) "Prescription order" means: (1) An order to be filled by a pharmacist for prescription medication issued and signed by a practitioner or a mid-level practitioner in the authorized course of professional practice; or (2) an order transmitted to a pharmacist through word of mouth, note, telephone or other means of communication directed by such practitioner or mid-level practitioner.
- (dd) "Probation" means the practice or operation under a temporary license, registration or permit or a conditional license, registration or per-

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tioner, including the packaging, labeling or compounding necessary to prepare the substance for that delivery, or pursuant to the prescription of a mid-level practitioner.

- (i) "Dispenser" means a practitioner or pharmacist who dispenses.
- (j) "Distribute" means to deliver other than by administering or dispensing a controlled substance.
  - (k) "Distributor" means a person who distributes.
- (l) "Drug" means: (1) Substances recognized as drugs in the official United States pharmacopoeia, official homeopathic pharmacopoeia of the United States or official national formulary or any supplement to any of them; (2) substances intended for use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment or prevention of disease in man or animals; (3) substances (other than food) intended to affect the structure or any function of the body of man or animals; and (4) substances intended for use as a component of any article specified in clause (1), (2) or (3) of this subsection. It does not include devices or their components, parts or accessories.
- (m) "Immediate precursor" means a substance which the board has found to be and by rule and regulation designates as being the principal compound commonly used or produced primarily for use and which is an immediate chemical intermediary used or likely to be used in the manufacture of a controlled substance, the control of which is necessary to prevent, curtail or limit manufacture.
- (n) "Manufacture" means the production, preparation, propagation, compounding, conversion or processing of a controlled substance either directly or indirectly or by extraction from substances of natural origin or independently by means of chemical synthesis or by a combination of extraction and chemical synthesis and includes any packaging or repackaging of the substance or labeling or relabeling of its container, except that this term does not include the preparation or compounding of a controlled substance by an individual for the individual's own lawful use or the preparation, compounding, packaging or labeling of a controlled substance: (1) By a practitioner or the practitioner's agent pursuant to a lawful order of a practitioner as an incident to the practitioner's administering or dispensing of a controlled substance in the course of the practitioner's professional practice; or
- (2) by a practitioner or by the practitioner's authorized agent under such practitioner's supervision for the purpose of or as an incident to research, teaching or chemical analysis or by a pharmacist or medical care facility as an incident to dispensing of a controlled substance.
- (o) "Marijuana" means all parts of all varieties of the plant Cannabis whether growing or not, the seeds thereof, the resin extracted from any part of the plant and every compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture or preparation of the plant, its seeds or resin. It does not include the

mature stalks of the plant, fiber produced from the stalks, oil or cake made from the seeds of the plant, any other compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture or preparation of the mature stalks, except the resin extracted therefrom, fiber, oil, or cake or the sterilized seed of the plant which is incapable of germination.

(p) "Narcotic drug" means any of the following whether produced directly or indirectly by extraction from substances of vegetable origin or independently by means of chemical synthesis or by a combination of extraction and chemical synthesis: (1) Opium and opiate and any salt, compound, derivative or preparation of opium or opiate;

(2) any salt, compound, isomer, derivative or preparation thereof which is chemically equivalent or identical with any of the substances referred to in clause (1) but not including the isoquinoline alkaloids of opium;

(3) opium poppy and poppy straw;

- (4) coca leaves and any salt, compound, derivative or preparation of coca leaves, and any salt, compound, isomer, derivative or preparation thereof which is chemically equivalent or identical with any of these substances, but not including decocainized coca leaves or extractions of coca leaves which do not contain cocaine or ecgonine.
- (q) "Opiate" means any substance having an addiction-forming or addiction-sustaining liability similar to morphine or being capable of conversion into a drug having addiction-forming or addiction-sustaining liability. It does not include, unless specifically designated as controlled under K.S.A. 65-4102 and amendments thereto, the dextrorotatory isomer of 3-methoxy-n-methylmorphinan and its salts (dextromethorphan). It does include its racemic and levorotatory forms.
- (r) "Opium poppy" means the plant of the species *Papaver somni*ferum l. except its seeds.
- (s) "Person" means individual, corporation, government, or governmental subdivision or agency, business trust, estate, trust, partnership or association or any other legal entity.
- (t) "Poppy straw" means all parts, except the seeds, of the opium poppy, after mowing.
- (u) "Pharmacist" means an individual currently licensed by the board to practice the profession of pharmacy in this state.
- (v) "Practitioner" means a person licensed to practice medicine and surgery, dentist, podiatrist, veterinarian, optometrist licensed under the optometry law as a therapeutic licensee or diagnostic and therapeutic licensee, or scientific investigator or other person authorized by law to use a controlled substance in teaching or chemical analysis or to conduct research with respect to a controlled substance.
  - (w) "Production" includes the manufacture, planting, cultivation,

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(d) The board may waive by rules and regulations the requirement for registration of certain manufacturers, distributors or dispensers if the board finds it consistent with the public health and safety, except that licensure of any person by the state board of healing arts to practice any branch of the healing arts, Kansas dental board or the state board of veterinary examiners shall constitute compliance with the registration requirements of the uniform controlled substances act by such person for such person's place of professional practice. Evidence of abuse as determined by the board relating to a person licensed by the state board of healing arts shall be submitted to the state board of healing arts and the attorney general within 60 days. The state board of healing arts shall, within 60 days, make findings of fact and take such action against such person as it deems necessary. All findings of fact and any action taken shall be reported by the state board of healing arts to the board of pharmacy and the attorney general. Evidence of abuse as determined by the board relating to a person licensed by the state board of veterinary examiners shall be submitted to the state board of veterinary examiners and the attorney general within 60 days. The state board of veterinary examiners shall, within 60 days, make findings of fact and take such action against such person as it deems necessary. All findings of fact and any action taken shall be reported by the state board of veterinary examiners to the board of pharmacy and the attorney general. Evidence of abuse as determined by the board relating to a dentist licensed by the Kansas dental board shall be submitted to the Kansas dental board and the attorney general within 60 days. The Kansas dental board shall, within 60 days, make findings of fact and take such action against such dentist as it deems necessary. All findings of fact and any action taken shall be reported by the Kansas dental board to the board of pharmacy and the attorney general.

(e) A separate annual registration is required at each place of business or professional practice where the applicant manufactures, distributes or dispenses controlled substances.

(f) The board may inspect the establishment of a registrant or applicant for registration in accordance with the board's rules and regulations.

(g) (1) The registration of any person or location shall terminate when such person or authorized representative of a location dies, ceases legal existence, discontinues business or professional practice or changes the location as shown on the certificate of registration. Any registrant who ceases legal existence, discontinues business or professional practice, or changes location as shown on the certificate of registration, shall notify the board promptly of such fact and forthwith deliver the certificate of registration directly to the secretary or executive secretary of the board. In the event of a change in name or mailing address the person or au-

thorized representative of the location shall notify the board promptly in advance of the effective date of this change by filing the change of name or mailing address with the board. This change shall be noted on the original application on file with the board.

(2) No registration or any authority conferred thereby shall be assigned or otherwise transferred except upon such conditions as the board may specifically designate and then only pursuant to the written consent of the board.

Sec. 12. K.S.A. 65-7004`is hereby amended to read as follows: 65-7004. The provisions of this act shall not apply to: (a) A distribution of a regulated chemical to or by a common or contract carrier for carriage in the lawful and usual course of the business of the common or contract carrier, or to or by a warehouseman for storage in the lawful and usual course of the business of the warehouseman;

(b) the lawful administering or dispensing of a regulated chemical by a licensed practitioner in the course of professional practice or research;

(c) the purchase, distribution or possession of a regulated chemical by a local, state or federal law enforcement agency while in the discharge of official duties unless the Kansas bureau of investigation properly notifies the local law enforcement agency relying on the exclusion that its investigatory activities are contrary to the public interest; or

(d) products containing ephedra or ma huang, which do not contain any chemically synthesized ephedrine alkaloids, and are lawfully marketed as dietary supplements under federal law.

Sec. 13. K.S.A. 66-1,105 is hereby amended to read as follows: 66-1,105. The orders and decisions of the corporation commission on the matters covered by this act shall be made in writing and a certified copy thereof copies of such decisions shall be served on the motor carrier affected thereby by certified motor carriers by first class mail, except that such copies when mailed to private carriers and carriers having licenses under K.S.A. 66-1,116 or permits under K.S.A. 66-1,112g shall be mailed such copies by first class mail orders and decisions potentially resulting in a negative impact upon any motor carrier's authority and initial orders in show cause proceedings shall be served by certified mail, return receipt requested. Every such order and decision of the commission on matters covered by this act shall become operative and effective within 30 days after such service, and such the motor carrier shall carry the provisions of such the order into effect, unless the order is enjoined or set aside by a court of proper jurisdiction.

Sec. 14. K.S.A. 66-1,108 is hereby amended to read as follows: 66-1,108. As used in this act:

(a) "Commission" means the corporation commission of the state of Kansas;

such property from origin to the nearest practicable common-carrier receiving or loading point, or from a common-carrier unloading point by way of the shortest practicable route to destination, providing such motor vehicle does not pass a practicable delivery or receiving point of a common carrier equipped to transport such load, or when used to transport property from the point of origin to point of destination thereof when the destination of such property is less distant from the point of origin thereof than the nearest practicable common-carrier receiving or loading point equipped to transport such load;

(e) (1) the transportation of children to and from school, or (2) to motor vehicles owned by schools, colleges, and universities, religious or charitable organizations and institutions, or governmental agencies, when used to convey students, inmates, employees, athletic teams, orchestras, bands or other similar activities;

(f) a new vehicle dealer as defined by K.S.A. 8-2401, and amendments thereto, when transporting property to or from the place of business of such dealer;

(g) motor vehicles carrying tools, property or material belonging to the owner of the vehicle and used in repair, building or construction work, not having been sold or being transported for the purpose of sale;

(h) persons operating motor vehicles which have an ad valorem tax situs in and are registered in the state of Kansas, and used only to transport grain from the producer to an elevator or other place for storage or sale for a distance of not to exceed 50 miles;

(i) the operation of hearses, funeral coaches, funeral cars or ambulances by motor carriers;

(j) motor vehicles owned and operated by the United States, the District of Columbia, any state, any municipality or any other political subdivision of this state, including vehicles used exclusively for handling U.S. mail, and the operation of motor vehicles used exclusively by organizations operating public transportation systems pursuant to 49 U.S.C. sections 5307, 5310 and 5311;

(k) any motor vehicle with a normal seating capacity of not more than the driver and 15 passengers while used for vanpooling or otherwise not for profit in transporting persons who, as a joint undertaking, bear or agree to bear all the costs of such operations, or motor vehicles with a normal seating capacity of not more than the driver and 15 passengers for not-for-profit transportation by one or more employers of employees to and from the factories, plants, offices, institutions, construction sites or other places of like nature where such persons are employed or accustomed to work;

(l) motor vehicles used to transport water for domestic purposes or livestock consumption;

(m) transportation of sand, gravel, slag stone, limestone, crushed stone, cinders, calcium chloride, bituminous or concrete paving mixtures, blacktop, dirt or fill material to a construction site, highway maintenance or construction project or other storage facility and the operation of readymix concrete trucks in transportation of ready-mix concrete;

(n) the operation of a vehicle used exclusively for the transportation of solid waste, as the same is defined by K.S.A. 65-3402, and amendments thereto, to any solid waste processing facility or solid waste disposal area, as the same is defined by K.S.A. 65-3402, and amendments thereto;

(o) the transporting of vehicles used solely in the custom combining business when being transported by persons engaged in such business;

(p) the operation of vehicles used for servicing, repairing or transporting of implements of husbandry, as defined in K.S.A. 8-1427, and amendments thereto, by a person actively engaged in the business of buying, selling or exchanging implements of husbandry, if such operation is within 100 miles of such person's established place of business in this state;

(q) transportation by taxi or bus companies operated exclusively within any city or within 25 miles of the point of its domicile in a city;

(r) a vehicle being operated with a dealer license plate issued under K.S.A. 8-2406, and amendments thereto, and in compliance with K.S.A. 8-136, and amendments thereto, and vehicles being operated with a full-privilege license plate issued under K.S.A. 8-2425, and amendments thereto;

(s) any person operating a motor vehicle with a gross vehicle weight rating of 10,000 pounds or less, transporting property sold or to be sold by the owner or operator of such motor vehicle, except motor vehicles transporting hazardous materials which require placards.

As used in this subsection, "gross vehicle weight rating" means the value specified by the manufacturer as the maximum loaded weight of a single or a combination (articulated) vehicle. The gross vehicle weight rating of a combination (articulated) vehicle commonly referred to as the "gross combination weight rating" is the gross vehicle weight rating of the power unit, plus the gross vehicle weight rating of the towed unit or units;

(t) the operation of vehicles used for transporting materials used in the servicing or repairing of the refractory limings of industrial boilers; and

(u) transportation of newspapers published at least one time each week.

Sec. 16. K.S.A. 66-1,111 is hereby amended to read as follows: 66-1,111. No public motor carrier of property or passengers, contract motor carrier of property or passengers for hire or private motor carrier of prop-

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of the Kansas register electronically on the commission's web site within three days of the filing of the application. Any person may offer testimony at such hearing.

(b) If the commission finds that the proposed service or any part thereof is proposed to be performed by the applicant, that the applicant is fit, willing and able to perform such service, and that the applicant is in compliance with the commission's safety rules and regulations, liability and cargo insurance requirements and other applicable state laws, the commission shall issue the certificate of convenience and necessity to transport household goods and passengers, except that if the commission finds that the proposed service is inconsistent with the public convenience and necessity, the commission shall not issue the certificate.

(c) Within 12 months of the issuance to a public motor carrier of a certificate of convenience and necessity to transport household goods or passengers, the commission shall verify that such public motor carrier continues to be fit, knowledgeable and in compliance with the commission's safety rules and regulations, liability and cargo insurance requirements and other applicable state laws.

Sec. 20. K.S.A. 66-1,114b is hereby amended to read as follows: 66-1,114b. (a) Except as hereinafter provided, it shall be unlawful for any public motor carrier to operate as a carrier of property other than household goods or as a carrier of passengers in intrastate commerce within this state without first having obtained from the corporation commission a certificate of public service to transport property other than household goods or to transport passengers.

(b) The <del>corporation</del> commission, upon the filing of an application for a certificate of public service to transport property other than household goods, shall ascertain that the motor carrier is fit, knowledgeable and in compliance with the commission's safety rules and regulations, liability and cargo insurance requirements and other applicable state laws. Once a motor carrier submits a complete application demonstrating that the motor carrier is fit, knowledgeable and in compliance with the commission's safety rules and regulations, liability and cargo insurance requirements and other applicable state laws, the commission may issue that motor carrier a 30-day interim certificate of public service, signed and approved by the commission's executive director. A list of applications received shall be published bimonthly in the first and third issues of the Kansas register, but in no case shall notice of the receipt of an application be published no more than 30 days after the application is filed. If the commission finds that the public motor carrier is fit, knowledgeable and in compliance with the commission's safety rules and regulations, liability and cargo insurance requirements and other applicable state laws, the commission shall issue the certificate, signed and approved by the com-

mission's executive director, authorizing the public motor carrier to transport such property statewide electronically on the commission's web site, and shall state whether an interim certificate has been granted to the applicant. Any person who opposes the grant of a certificate of public service to a motor carrier applicant shall have 30 days from the commission's grant of an interim certificate to file a written protest with the commission. If no protest against a motor carrier applicant is filed before the expiration of the 30-day interim certificate, the commission may issue the motor carrier applicant à permanent certificate, signed and approved by the commission's executive director. If the commission finds that the public motor earrier an applicant is not fit, knowledgeable, or in compli-11 ance with the commission's safety rules and regulations, liability and cargo 12 13 insurance requirements and other applicable state laws, an order shall be issued denying the application. If the commission deems it necessary, a 14 hearing may be held on any application, and any commission decision on such application shall be issued by order. 16

(c) Motor carriers holding a certificate of convenience and necessity to transport property other than household goods or a local wrecker permit shall be considered as holding a certificate of public service to transport that property originally granted by the commission as a public motor carrier of property. Pursuant to federal law those motor carriers may transport that property originally granted by the commission statewide.

(d) Within 12 months of the issuance to a public motor carrier of a certificate of public service to transport property other than household goods or passengers, the commission shall verify that such public motor carrier continues to be fit, knowledgeable and in compliance with the commission's safety rules and regulations, liability and cargo insurance requirements and other applicable state laws.

Sec. 21. K.S.A. 66-1,115 is hereby amended to read as follows: 66-1,115. It shall be unlawful for any "contract motor carrier of property or passengers" or "private motor carrier of property" private motor carrier to operate as a carrier of property or passengers within this state either in intrastate commerce or in interstate commerce without first having obtained from the corporation commission a license or permit or registered pursuant to 49 U.S.C. 14504. An application shall be made to the corporation commission in writing stating such information as the commission may request. Upon receipt of such information and on compliance with the rules and regulations and payment of fees, the corporation commission shall issue a license or permit to such applicant.

Sec. 22. K.S.A. 66-1,115a is hereby amended to read as follows: 66-1,115a. Notwithstanding the provisions of K.S.A. 66-1,112b and 66-1,114, and amendments thereto, the commission may issue or grant contract carrier permits and common public motor carrier certificates or aban-

such carrier, the commissioner of insurance may issue a certificate of selfinsurance, if the commissioner is satisfied that such carrier is possessed and will continue to be possessed of ability to pay any judgment obtained against such carrier arising out of the ownership, operation, maintenance or use of any motor vehicle registered in such carrier's name.

(d) Upon notice and a hearing in accordance with the provisions of the Kansas administrative procedure act, the commissioner of insurance may cancel a certificate of self-insurance upon reasonable grounds. Failure to pay any judgment against a self-insurer, arising out of the ownership, operation, maintenance or use of a motor vehicle registered in such self-insurer's name, within 30 days after such judgment shall have become final, shall constitute reasonable grounds for the cancellation of a certificate of self-insurance.

Sec. 27. K.S.A. 66-1,129 is hereby amended to read as follows: 66-1,129. (a) The commission shall adopt rules and regulations necessary to carry out the provisions of this act. No public motor carrier of property, household goods or passengers, contract motor carrier of property or passengers or private motor carrier of property shall operate or allow the operation of any motor vehicle on any public highway in this state except within the provisions of the rules and regulations adopted by the commission. Rules and regulations adopted by the commission shall include:

(1) Every vehicle unit shall be maintained in a safe and sanitary condition at all times.

(2) Every driver of a public motor carrier, operating as a carrier of intrastate commerce within this state, shall be at least 18 years of age. Every driver of a contract motor carrier or private motor carrier, operating as a carrier of intrastate commerce within this state, shall be at least 16 years of age. All such drivers shall be competent to operate the motor vehicle under such driver's charge.

(3) Minimum age requirements for every driver of a motor carrier, operating as a carrier of interstate commerce, shall be consistent with federal motor carrier regulations.

(4) Hours of service for operators of all motor carriers to which this act applies shall be fixed by the commission.

(5) Accidents arising from or in connection with the operation of motor carriers shall be reported to the commission within the time, in the detail and in the manner as the commission requires.

(6) Every motor carrier shall have attached to each unit or vehicle distinctive marking adopted by the commission.

(7) Motor carrier transportation requirements that are consistent with continuation of the federal motor carrier safety assistance program and other federal requirements concerning transportation of hazardous materials.

(b) No rules and regulations adopted by the commission pursuant to this section shall require the operator of any motor vehicle having a gross vehicle weight rating or gross combination weight rating of not more than 10,000 pounds to submit to a physical examination, unless required by federal laws or regulations.

(c) Any rules and regulations of the commission, adopted pursuant to this section, shall not apply to the following, while engaged in the carriage of intrastate commerce in this state:

(1) The owner of livestock or producer of farm products transporting livestock of such owner or farm products of such producer to market in a motor vehicle of such owner or producer, or the motor vehicle of a neighbor on the basis of barter or exchange for service or employment, or to such owner or producer transporting supplies for the use of such owner or producer in or producer, or in the motor vehicle of a neighbor on the basis of barter or exchange for service or employment.

(2) The transportation of children to and from school, or to motor vehicles owned by schools, colleges, and universities, religious or charitable organizations and institutions, or governmental agencies, when used to convey students, inmates, employees, athletic teams, orchestras, bands or other similar activities.

(3) Motor (A) Except for motor vehicles under subparagraph (B), motor vehicles, with a gross vehicle weight rating, as defined in subsection (s) of K.S.A. 66-1,109, and amendments thereto, of 26,000 pounds or less, carrying tools, property or material belonging to the owner of the vehicle, and used in repair, building or construction work, not having been sold or being transported for the purpose of sale, except vehicles transporting hazardous materials which require placards.

(B) Except vehicles transporting hazardous materials which require placards, motor vehicles, with a gross vehicle weight rating of 26,000 pounds or less, carrying tools, property or material belonging to the owner of the vehicle and used in repair, building or construction work and such tools, property or material are being transported to or from an active construction site located within a radius of 25 miles of the principal place of business of the motor carrier.

(4) Persons operating motor vehicles which have an ad valorem tax situs in and are registered in the state of Kansas, and used only to transport grain from the producer to an elevator or other place for storage or sale for a distance of not to exceed 50 miles.

(5) The operation of hearses, funeral coaches, funeral cars or ambulances by motor carriers.

(6) Motor vehicles owned and operated by the United States, the District of Columbia, any state, any municipality or any other political

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ister under this subsection.

(d) All applications for registration shall be made on forms furnished by the commission. Applications for registration of interstate common or contract motor carriers shall include on the application the quantity of trucks, truck tractors or passenger vehicles used by the motor carriers on which a fee is required to be paid. Applications for registration of intrastate common or contract motor carriers, private motor carriers, and interstate exempt motor carriers shall include the complete vehicle identification numbers and the year and make of all trucks, truck tractors or passenger vehicles used by the motor carrier, on which a fee is required to be paid, and the application shall be accompanied by the required fee. The fees shall be due January 1 and shall be paid not later than January 15. Upon receipt of the application and fee, the commission shall issue to the carrier appropriate credentials for each vehicle registered.

(e) The commission shall remit all moneys received by it or for it in payment of fees imposed under this section to the state treasurer in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 75-4215, and amendments thereto. Upon receipt of each such remittance, the state treasurer shall deposit the entire amount in the state treasury to the credit of the motor carrier

license fees fund.

Sec. 31. K.S.A. 66-1,140 is hereby amended to read as follows: 66-1,140. (a) The commission shall make reasonable rules and regulations specifying circumstances under which substitute or extra trucks, truck tractors or passenger vehicles to be used temporarily in cases of emergency or for special occasional trips by carriers currently licensed by the commission may be registered and shall prescribe and collect a reasonable registration fee therefor, not exceeding \$2.50 \$10 for each truck, truck tractor or passenger vehicle. The term of such registration shall be for such period of time as the commission shall prescribe by rules and regulations.

(b) The commission shall also provide for special registration for trucks, truck tractors or passenger vehicles not registered under the provisions of K.S.A. 66-1,139, and amendments thereto, which enter the state only on an occasional trip or in temporary service and shall collect \$5 \$15 as a fee therefor.

(c) By contract entered into by the commission and, the superintendent of the Kansas highway patrol and the secretary of the department of revenue, the commission may designate the superintendent as the agent and secretary as agents authorized to provide the special registrations under either subsection (a) or (b) so that such registrations will be obtainable at motor carrier inspection stations and department of revenue offices. In such event, the superintendent of the Kansas highway patrol or the superintendent's designee and the secretary or the secretary's des-

ignee may provide such special registrations pursuant to the terms and conditions of the *applicable* contract. The commission or its designated agent shall acknowledge special registration under either subsection (a) or (b), which acknowledgment shall accompany the vehicle and be used and accepted as evidence of such registration; and when necessary, such acknowledgment shall be by telegram.

Sec. 32. K.S.A. 66-1313a is hereby amended to read as follows: 66-1313a. Except as otherwise authorized under other laws of this state, a motor carrier who holds a certificate of convenience and necessity, a certificate of public service, a contract carrier permit, a private carrier permit or an interstate license from the state corporation commission, upon application to the commission, may be designated to establish an authorized inspection station for the inspection of the motor vehicles, trailers and semitrailers operated in this state by such motor carrier for compliance with the equipment statutes and rules and regulations of this state. Such inspection station shall be located in Kansas. If the condition of the motor vehicle, trailer or semitrailer is found to be in compliance with the laws of this state, the authorized inspection station shall issue a certificate of inspection stating its approval and the date of the inspection. No certificate shall be issued unless equipment not in compliance is first repaired or corrected and records of such repairs or corrections are maintained by the authorized inspection station. Certificates issued under this section shall be valid for 12 months from the date of issue. Every certificate of approval issued pursuant to this section shall be issued in triplicate. One copy of such certificate shall be carried in the motor vehicle of the combination of vehicles of which a trailer or semitrailer is a part or in the motor vehicle if applicable to the motor vehicle, during the time such certificate is valid or in effect, one copy shall be retained by the authorized inspection station as prescribed by rules and regulations of the commission and the third copy shall be returned to the commission. Such equipment inspection records shall be made available to the commission upon request. The commission shall adopt rules and regulations for the administration of this section and shall establish a schedule of fees and charges governing the cost of administration of such authorized inspection stations.

Sec. 33. K.S.A. 79-6a01 is hereby amended to read as follows: 79-6a01. The director of property valuation shall value and assess annually the over-the-road motor vehicles and rolling equipment of motor carriers described in this act. The local deputy assessor shall value and assess within the taxing district where located all other property, real and personal, belonging to such motor carriers.

As used in this act, "over-the-road motor vehicles and rolling equipment" shall include all motor-driven vehicles, trailers, semitrailers, buses

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poration commission of the state of Kansas between January 1 and March 1 of any year did not own, use or operate any over-the-road motor vehicles or rolling equipment in Kansas during the preceding calendar year, the director of property valuation shall determine the mileage ratio of miles operated in the state of Kansas to miles operated everywhere by use of the estimate of mileage furnished by such motor carrier, and apply the same to the assessed valuation of the equipment listed by  $\frac{1}{2}$  said  $\frac{1}{2}$  such motor carrier to determine the assessed value of such equipment and the tax due thereon; and in any such case, when the carrier files his or her such carrier's return the following year, showing the actual mileage of such vehicles in the state of Kansas and everywhere during such year, the director of property valuation shall recompute the tax and refund any excess tax paid by such carrier, or if an additional amount of tax is determined to be due from the taxpayer, said such additional amount shall become due upon mailing of notice of such additional tax to the motor carrier by the director of property valuation, which additional tax may be collected as provided in K.S.A. 79-6a07 and 79-6a11, and amendments thereto.

Sec. 36. K.S.A. 8-142, 8-2107, 32-1009, 44-503c, 60-305a, 65-1626, 65-4101, 65-4116, 65-7004, 66-1,105, 66-1,108, 66-1,109, 66-1,111, 66-1,112, 66-1,112a, 66-1,112b, 66-1,112c, 66-1,112d, 66-1,112e, 66-1,112f, 66-1,112h, 66-1,114, 66-1,114b, 66-1,115, 66-1,115a, 66-1,116, 66-1,119, 66-1,126, 66-1,128, 66-1,129, 66-1,129a, 66-1,130, 66-1,139, 66-1,140, 66-1313a, 79-6a01, 79-6a02 and 79-6a03 and K.S.A. 2002 Supp. 8-2,127 are hereby repealed.

Sec. 37. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its publication in the statute book.



# KANSAS MOTOR CARRIERS ASSOCIATION

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TOM WHITAKER Executive Director Legislative Testimony before the Senate Transportation Committee Senator Les Donovan, Chairman Thursday, March 13, 2003

# MR. CHAIRMAN AND MEMBERS OF THE SENATE TRANSPORTATION COMMITTEE:

I am Tom Whitaker, executive director of the Kansas Motor Carriers Association. I appear here this morning representing our 1,250 member firms in support of Senate Bill No. 2160.

The bill increases the application fee on new carrier applicants. The fee increase directly relates to the time and energy it takes to process and complete the issuance of authority. Three years ago, the Legislature required the KCC to do a safety audit of new carriers within 12 months of the carrier receiving authority. We believe this has had a positive effect on the safety practices of these carriers. In addition, we believe that additional inspectors are needed to assure the inspections continue. Should HB 2160 be adopted, KMCA will ask the House Appropriations Committee and the Senate Ways and Means Committee for two additional inspectors in the Omnibus bill.

Further, KMCA respectfully requests that the Senate Transportation Committee amend the provisions of HB 2244 into HB 2160. HB 2244 failed to be acted upon before the deadline for bills in their house of origin. HB 2244 makes several technical changes to the laws governing motor carriers and also includes procedural changes that should bring efficiencies to the Transportation Division of the KCC.

We ask for your support of HB 2160 with the provisions of HB 2244. I thank you for the opportunity to appear before you and would be pleased to answer any questions you may have.

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SENATE TRANSPORTATION COMMITTEE

DATE: 3-/3-03

ATTACHMENT: 2