MINUTES OF THE SENATE FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS AND INSURANCE COMMITTEE

The meeting was called to order by Chairperson Ruth Teichman at 9:30 a.m. on January 14, 2004 in Room 234-N of the Capitol.

All members were present except:

Senator David Adkins- excused

Committee staff present:

Bill Wolff, Legislative Research Terri Muchmore, Legislative Research Ken Wilke, Office of the Revisor of Statutes Nancy Shaughnessy, Committee Secretary

Conferees appearing before the committee:

Dr. Bob St. Peter, Kansas Health Institute

Dr. Bob Day, Governor's office of Health Planning and Finance'

Others attending:

See Attached List.

Senator Teichman opened the meeting an introduced her intern for the session, Brady Kickhaefer and then asked Dr. Wolff to introduce new Legislative Research staff member, Terri Muchmore. Ms. Muchmore will be working primarily in health and health policy. Legislative Research was able to bring Terri on board with the financial help of the Kansas Health Foundation and Kansas Health Institute.

Senator Teichman announced that the FII Committee would meet regularly during the session on Tues. Wed. And Thurs. Mornings.

Dr. St. Peter discussed a survey (<u>Attachment1</u>) that was done in Kansas with initial results presented in September of 2003. KHI is a private nonprofit organization that does nonpartisan, independent research and policy analysis on the health of Kansas. The survey goal was to understand the health care concerns of Kansas and was completed by an independent scientific research firm from Harvard University. The summary of the poll results of 1000 Kansans includes:

- Noticeable level of anxiety about where health costs are going
- Majority of respondents indicated they had some level of satisfaction with current system
- 50% of respondents, currently insured, are concerned that they will not be able to afford insurance in the next six (6) months
- The majority of respondents hold insurance companies and HMO's responsible for the high cost of insurance coverage.
- Priorities of respondents felt that elderly persons prescription drugs be affordable and helping small business afford insurance coverage for employees.

Dr. Robert Day discussed the new office, Governor's Office of Health Planning and Finance (Attachment 2) and stated the funding was provided by the United Methodist Foundation, the Kansas Health Foundation and the Sunflower Foundation. Purchasing of health care services is spread across at least six state agencies and an attempt will be made to find common purchasing goals and strategies. Issues were quantified at the Governor's Health Care Round Table and through open discussion identified two significant issues, administrative costs in the system and quality of care. Reduction in administrative cost could result in a 1% savings in an expenditure of \$120 Million. Additionally the office will be reviewing:

- Single credentialing system
- emphasize increasing medicaid reimbursement to physicians
- stabilize small business cost of providing health care.

Meeting adjourned 10:15 AM Next Meeting scheduled on January 15, 2004

	stitutions and Insurance Committee
Name:	Representing:
Mary Carol Pomatts	P.S.U
Marica Mayer	SRS
Teresa Schwab	Oral Health Kansas
Megan Dunn	Hein Law Firm
Roo Meary	Hein low trans
Kon Sepher	Hun Zon Firm
Harry Dr	Dear J. Q.I.
Steve Montgowery	United Healthcare
aud are	KID
David Hauson	Ks Insur Assas
Tom Bell	Ks. Hosp. Ason
John Peterson	<i>i</i> 1
Laura Loyacono	KS Health Institute
Larrie Ann Lower	KS Assoc. of Health Plans
Brady Kickhapter	(Senator Teichman's Intern)
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RETURN TO SECRETARY



Senate Financial Institutions and Insurance Committee January 14, 2004

Robert F. St. Peter, M.D.
President & CEO
Kansas Health Institute

Kansas Residents' Views of the Health System

Harvard School of Public Health
Kansas Health Institute
ICR/International Communications Research
October 2003

Senate F I & I Cor	nmittee
Meeting Date:	1-14-04
Attachment No.:	1

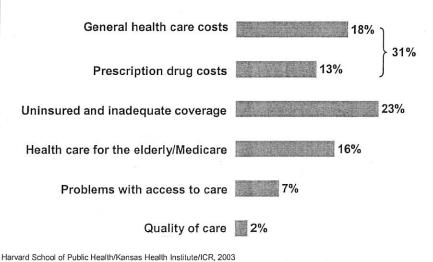
Methods

- Telephone survey of 1,006 randomly selected Kansas state residents, age 18 and older
- The interviewing period was between September 22-29, 2003
- The data was weighted to accurately reflect the demographics of the state population, as described by the US Census
- The margin of error is ± 3 percentage points

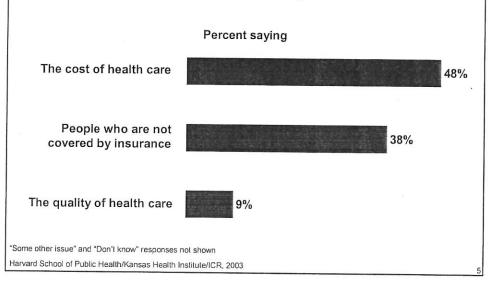
Harvard School of Public Health/Kansas Health Institute/ICR, 2003

Most important health care issues for Kansas state government to address

Percent saying



Which one do you see as the most important health care issue at the present time?

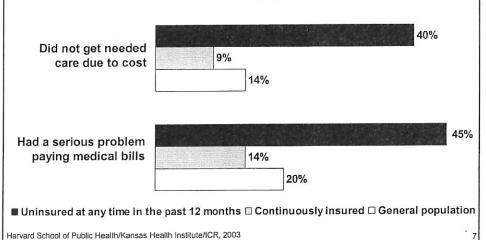


Satisfaction with the Kansas health care system Percent saying Very satisfied 18% Fairly satisfied 16% Not very satisfied 16% Not satisfied at all 12%

Harvard School of Public Health/Kansas Health Institute/ICR, 2003

Problems getting or paying for medical care in the past 12 months





Worries about getting and paying for care in the future (1)

Percent saying they are worried that in the next six months...

They might not be able to afford health insurance (among those currently insured)

> 55% 29% 26%

They might not be able to afford the prescription drugs they need

24% 20% 44%

They will lose their health coverage (among those currently insured)

14% 16% 30%

Harvard School of Public Health/Kansas Health Institute/ICR, 2003

□ Very worried □ Somewhat worried

Worries about getting and paying for care in the future (2)

Percent saying they are worried that in the next six months they might not be able to get the health care services because they can't afford it

Kansas

20% 19% 39%

United States*

26% 20% 46%

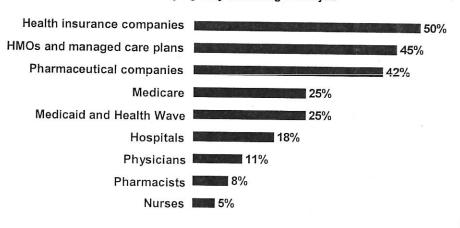
□ Very worried □ Somewhat worried

Harvard School of Public Health/Kansas Health Institute/ICR, 2003

*Kaiser Family Foundation/ Harvard School of Public Health, *Health News* Index, June 2003

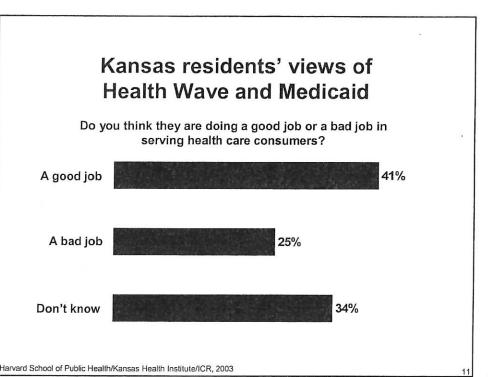
Who is doing a bad job serving the needs of health care consumers in Kansas?

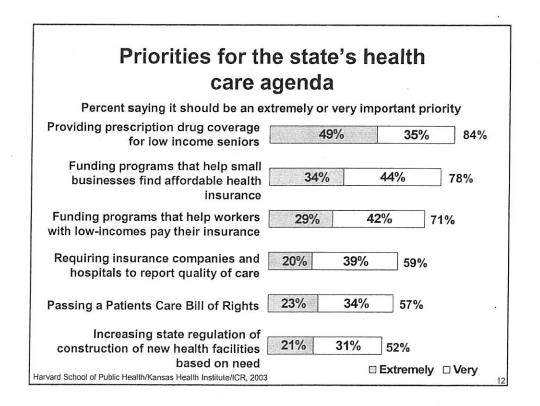
Percent saying they are doing a bad job

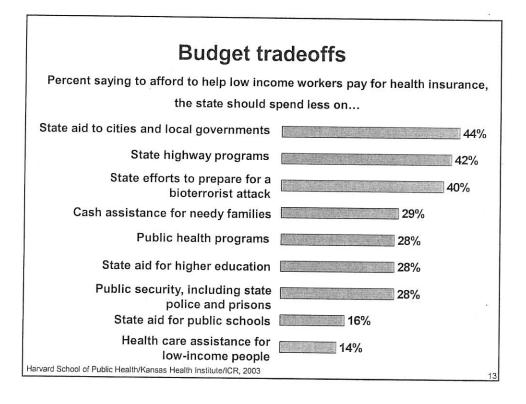


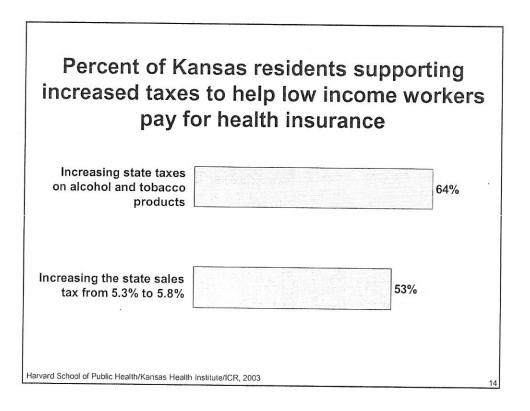
Harvard School of Public Health/Kansas Health Institute/ICR, 2003

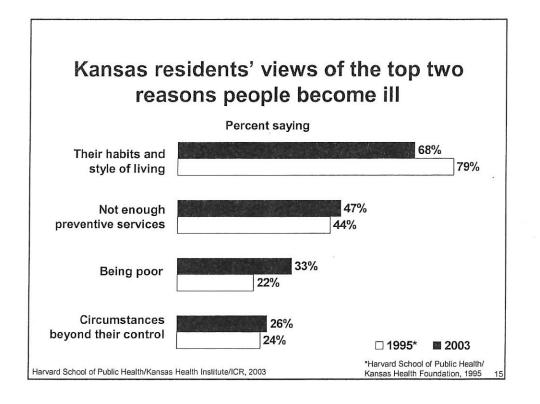
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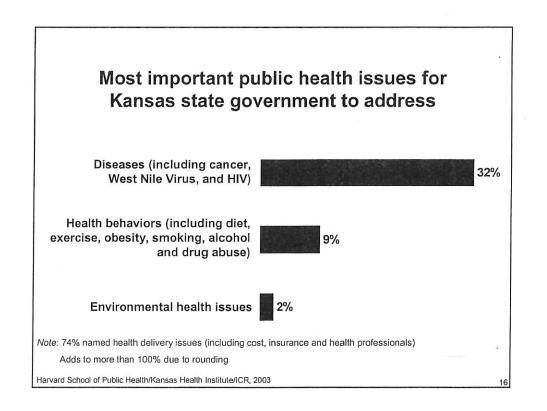


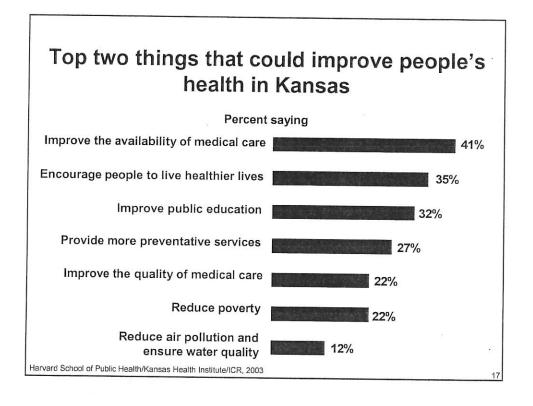












Most important aspect of encouraging people to live healthier lives BASE: Those who chose "encouraging people to live healthier lives" as one of the two most important things we could do to improve people's health Percent saying encouraging people... Who smoke to quit To exercise more 30% Who are overweight to lose weight Who drink alcohol to drink 10% in moderation or not at all To wear seatbelts 10% Harvard School of Public Health/Kansas Health Institute/ICR, 2003

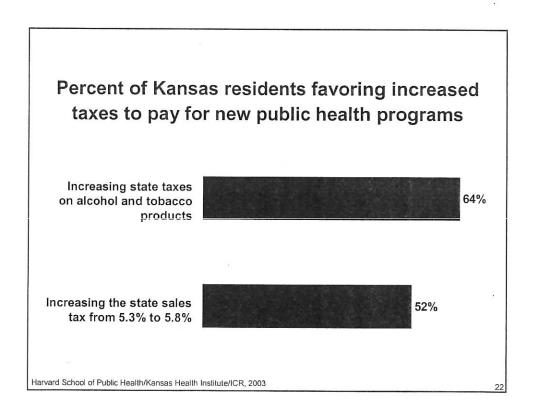
Satisfaction with the Kansas public health system

Percent saying they are satisfied with the state system designed to protect the community's health and stop the spread of disease

Very satisfied	19%	
Fairly satisfied		55% .
Not very satisfied	11%	
Not satisfied at all	5%	
"Don't know" responses not included		
Harvard School of Public Health/Kansas He	ealth Institute/ICR, 2003	19

Priorities for the state's public health agenda Percent saying it should be an extremely or very important priority Increasing funding for programs that 81% 39% 42% provide immunizations to children Requiring healthy alternatives to be 19% 36% made available in public school 55% vending machines Increasing funding for state efforts to 32% 49% prepare for a bioterrorist attack Funding programs that encourage people who are overweight to 12% 33% lose weight Increasing funding for anti-smoking 24% 34% campaigns □ Extremely □ Very Harvard School of Public Health/Kansas Health Institute/ICR, 2003

Budget tradeoffs		
	ublic health programs, the state should less on	ould
State aid to cities and local governments		44%
State highway programs		39%
Public security, including state police and prisons	32%	
Cash assistance for needy families	27%	
State aid for higher education	25%	
Health care assistance for low-income people	17%	
State aid for public schools	17%	
Harvard School of Public Health/Kansas Health Institute/ICF	3, 2003	21





Kansas Health Institute

Healthier Kansans through informed decisions

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