Date

MINUTES OF THE HOUSE EDUCATION COMMITTEE

The meeting was called to order by Chairman Kathe Decker at 9:00 A.M. on February 10, 2005 in Room 313-S of the Capitol.

All members were present except:

Valdenia Winn- excused

Committee staff present:

Theresa Kiernan, Revisor of Statutes Office Art Griggs, Revisor of Statutes Office Ann Deitcher, Committee Secretary

The Chair introduced Representative Charlie Roth as a new member to the Committee.

Dale Dennis introduced the 2004 Milken Family Foundation National Educator Awardees who spoke briefly to the Committee. They were: Jim Armendariz, Ogden Elementary School, #383 - Manhattan-Ogden and Vicki Seeger, Pleasant Hill Elementary School, #345, Seaman.

HB 2188 - concerning school districts; relating to teachers

Representative Loganbill spoke in favor of HB 2188. (Attachment 1).

Patricia Baker, General Counsel for KASB offered testimony in support of HB 2188. (Attachment 2).

Mark DeSetti of KNEA testified in favor of HB 2188. (Attachment 3).

Following a question and answer session the hearing was closed on HB 2188.

HB 2247 - requiring school records of those children in the custody of SRS

Patricia Baker addressed the Committee in support of **HB 2247**. (Attachment 4).

Candy Shively, Deputy Secretary, SRS spoke to the Committee of her agency's feelings regarding <u>HB</u> <u>2247</u>. (<u>Attachment 5</u>).

Questions and answers followed and the hearing on HB 2247 was closed.

The meeting was adjourned at 10:55 a.m. The next meeting is scheduled for Tuesday, February 15, 2005.

JUDITH LOGANBILL

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COMMITTEE ASSIGNMENTS
MEMBER: ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT
EDUCATION

FEDERAL AND STATE AFFAIRS

RANKING DEMOCRAT: JOINT SECURITY

HOUSE OF

February 10, 2005 House Bill 2188

Dear Chairwoman Decker, Vice-chair Horst, Representative Storm, and fellow Education Committee Members:

Thank you for this opportunity to come before you today to speak in favor of House Bill 2188, a bill to provide planning grants for peer assistance as well as peer assistance and review programs in school districts.

We hear so much about the need to find new teachers. We do not hear as much about the need to retain those teachers once they have been hired and are on the job. In education we seem to have had a "sink or swim" mentality when it comes to helping our new teachers. Teaching can be a very isolating experience for some teachers.

This particular bill would provide a mechanism to set up peer assistance and peer assistance and review programs. The money authorized in this bill would go to the districts to help develop those assistance programs. Peer assistance, as defined in this bill is not just for the beginning teacher. Teachers could self-refer. There are many times when teachers are inundated with countless new mandates and directives. Being able to collaborate with other teachers is invaluable for new and veteran teachers alike. The money could go towards developing cadres of mentor teachers, much like what is currently occurring in the Wichita district. It could be used to develop materials particular to a school, a grade level, a teaching specialty, training programs. The potential list is endless.

A key component of these programs is the collaboration between the school district and the local teachers' association. When both groups have buy-in, the results are more successful than when one group forces its opinions and desires upon the other group.

We continue to hear talk about economic development, employee re-training and the need for a well-educated workforce. House Bill 2188 would help do just that. Working to prevent potential problems is the way to go. It is far better to be pro-active than re-active. No one wants failure. This bill would be a step to see that the state of Kansas has only the very best teachers in its classrooms.

We can hire the very best teachers from our universities and colleges, but if there is little to no assistance for those teachers, then it matters little that they are the best. Peer assistance and peer assistance and review programs need to become integral parts of the teaching profession.

Representative Judith Loganbill

House	Education Committee
Date:	2-10-05
Attach	ment # /





1420 SW Arrowhead Road • Topeka, Kansas 66604-4024 785-273-3600

Testimony on H. B. 2188 before the House Education Committee

by

Patricia E Baker, Deputy Executive Director/General Counsel Kansas Association of School Boards

February 10, 2005

Madam Chairman, Committee Members we appreciate the opportunity to appear in support of the concepts embodied in H.B. 2188.

Providing assistance to teachers, in an effort to improve instruction for all students, should be a goal of all involved in public education. To the extent that funding is made available without diminishing other financial assistance to schools, we endorse this effort.

We ask your consideration of the following modification to the bill:

- 1.) To the extent that the peer review/peer assistance is interactive with the teacher evaluation system (p.2, lines 4 and 5), then the information must be available to those responsible for evaluating teachers and those granted access under the Professional Evaluation Act, K.S.A. 72-9001 et seq.
- 2.) The immunity provisions in H.B. 2188 need to be broadened to include Boards of Education and administrators of employing school districts.
- 3.) On p. 3, lines 3 through 5 should be clarified to refer to disciplinary proceedings at the local or State level.

Thank you for your attention.

House	Education Committee
Date:	
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KANSAS NATIONAL EDUCATION ASSOCIATION / 715 SW 10TH AVENUE / TOPEKA, KANSAS 66612-1686

Mark Desetti, testimony House Education Committee February 10, 2005 House Bill 2188

Thank you Madame Chairman and members of the Committee. I am Mark Desetti and I represent Kansas NEA. I appreciate this chance to visit with the committee about **House Bill 2188**, a bill to provide planning grants for peer assistance and peer assistance and review programs in school districts.

Back in 1999 I asked you on behalf of KNEA to introduce just such a bill. I am sorry to say that, while the bill got a hearing, there was no discussion and it died in Committee. I am delighted to see the bill resurrected this year.

I would like to share with you some of the positive benefits we see in peer assistance and review programs for educators in Kansas. Much of what we believe about these programs and their benefit is based on successful programs throughout the United States. We have been studying programs in Ohio, Washington, and Tennessee and have found that they all have certain factors in common.

The first area that these programs impact is the retention and success of beginning teachers. Columbus, Ohio is a district of approximately 5000 teachers. It has all the characteristics of a large urban school district except one. In Columbus, Ohio over 80% of the teachers who come as new teachers are still teaching in Columbus 5 years later. The retention rate for similar school districts is less than 50%. Columbus has a model peer assistance and review program that provides sustained and effective peer support for new teachers, guiding them through their beginning years. Seattle, Washington has instituted a similar program for new teachers and is experiencing similar results.

The Columbus program also provides intensive assistance for teachers experiencing difficulty later in their careers. These teachers may be referred to the peer assistance and review program by a principal, a fellow teacher, or they may self-refer. A consulting teacher is then assigned to provide support, advice, and even instruction when needed. The program has proven itself to be successful in either remediating deficiencies or removing ineffective teachers. In the first 12 years, 226 beginning teachers resigned or were let go through the peer assistance and review program. Over the same 12 year period, 177 teachers experiencing difficulty participated in the program. Of those, 78 were released from the assistance program in good standing when their teaching improved and 86 were nonrenewed. Of those 86, only two

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chose to take the district to court. In both cases, the district and the teachers association were on the same side. The terminations were upheld.

Why are such programs so successful? There are several answers to that question. First, the programs don't simply hand weak teachers an improvement plan and a schedule of visits. The improvement plan is accompanied by intensive assistance from a master teacher. Guidance, support, instruction, and advice are all integral parts of the plan of improvement. Secondly, data is gathered and utilized. The analysis of the teacher's performance is substantiated by thorough documentation, all of which is shared with the teacher throughout the process. In many cases, teachers who are not showing improvement see the handwriting on the wall and choose to leave on their own. But when a teacher is progressing and showing improvement in his/her instruction, then that improvement is reinforced and supported. Better teaching becomes part of that teacher's professional life. Finally, by gathering data and documenting performance, the decision by the peer assistance and review panel to retain or nonrenew a teacher is unimpeachable.

The final component that makes these programs effective and successful is that they represent a collaborative effort by the district and the teachers association to get serious about teacher retention, improvement, and effectiveness. Every one of the successful models have been the result of a collaborative relationship and the realization that this is not about power, it is about teaching and learning. Every child deserves a competent, caring teacher. School boards believe that; you believe it. And we in KNEA believe it as well.

A number of school districts in Kansas have been examining and discussing peer assistance and review. But putting together a program that will work effectively is time-consuming and involves a major effort by both the District and the Association. What works in Columbus won't necessarily work in Lawrence or Ottawa. Unfortunately in many cases the hard work was suspended due to budget cuts.

Successful programs are grounded in collaboration and well-planned. The process of studying, designing, and implementing a program that supports both the needs and the goals of the local community is time-consuming and takes an investment. We urge you to give school districts and teachers organizations that want to work together to improve practice the tools they need to get started. **House Bill 2188** does just that.

We would urge that you recommend House Bill 2188 favorably for passage.

Support. Develop. Perform.



The Columbus Education Association's



An Award-Winning Teacher Evaluation Model for Ohio... and the Nation



The Columbus Education Association 929 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43205 Phone: (614) 253-4731 • Fax: (614) 253-0465 • E-mail: cea@ceaohio.org • Web: www.ceaohio.org

Letter from CEA President

Fellow Educators,

Since its inception, the Columbus Public Schools Peer Assistance and Review Program has become a national model for teacher training. Under the leadership of former National Education Association President Bob Chase, the NEA passed a resolution encouraging local school districts to develop peer assistance and review programs to meet their own needs.

Borrowing heavily from a program in Toledo pioneered by Dal Lawrence under the name of the Toledo Plan, Columbus teachers and administrators overcame high degrees of suspicion and concern to create what has become a model of peer assistance and review. It has been in

complete operation since 1986.

With each passing year, a greater percentage of our teaching force has participated in the intern program. This has resulted in higher-than-average retention of quality beginning teachers. This has been true even though some of our local suburban systems have aggressively recruited our first-year interns knowing how well our program prepared them for their careers. Conversely, it has also resulted in the non-renewal of five to seven percent of first-year teachers who had not yet developed the requisite skills to succeed in the urban school setting.

Involvement in the intervention program has also yielded improved quality of instruction in classrooms previously taught by teachers in need of help. Like a golfer who has developed bad habits resulting in slices or hooks, there are teachers who have developed bad habits resulting in poor student performance. Before the PAR Program, these teachers were simply cast aside or ignored without any intervention to recapture those skills that would enable them to succeed. The PAR Program puts an additional layer of assistance and protection between these teachers and the unemployment line. The program provides an outside, third-party perspective. It carries due process to its greatest degree. This is as it should be!

Combined, these two portions of the PAR Program result in improved student performance and increased teacher job satisfaction. It conserves scarce resources by establishing a fair and

credible method for teachers to get due process ... and help. To perceive PAR as merely a method of "getting rid of bad teachers" is a gross misrepresentation of the program's design. In actuality, it is a continuation of the teacher education process. Through CEA's strong commitment to its partners at The Ohio State University's College of Education, new teachers can continue to earn credits by taking courses taught by PAR consultants and CEA staff. This solid link of theory to practice creates a powerful educational tool to help new and experienced teachers better serve children.

Enclosed with this letter is information about the design of our PAR Program. We hope this information helps in your efforts to improve your district. We believe it is a "cornerstone" tool

necessary to keep public education at the forefront of our democracy.

John E. Grossman CEA President



About Columbus Public Schools



General Information

As of November 2000, 64,859 students were enrolled in the district's 143 schools and two English-as-a-Second-Language (ESL) Welcome Centers. More than 59 percent of the district's students are African-American; 36 percent are white; more than 2 percent are Asian; and a slight fraction are Native American. Approximately 3 percent receive ESL services, 12 percent Special Education services and an estimated 20 percent Gifted and Talented services.

Columbus employs 5,300 teachers, 304 administrators and 2,987 support staff employees, including instructional assistants. Approximately 23 percent of the teaching staff have a bachelor s degree; 31 percent have a bachelor's plus 30 hours; 34 percent have a master's degree; 10 percent have a master's degree plus 30 hours; and 1 percent have earned doctorates. Approximately 1 percent has the equivalent of the bachelor's degree.

Forty-five percent of Columbus teachers have 0-5 years of experience; 14 percent have 6-10 years; 15 percent have 11-15 years; 6 percent have 16-20 years; 9 percent have 21-25 years; and 11 percent have more than 26 years. Male teachers comprise 22.7 percent of the total, while female teachers make up 77.3 percent.

The racial breakdown of the district's teaching staff is 76.6 percent white, 22.2 percent African-American, .6 percent (3/5 of 1 percent) Spanish-American, and .5 percent (1/2 of 1



The Columbus Education Association

The Columbus Education Association can trace its origin back to the period immediately following the American Civil War. CEA was originally the outgrowth of two organizations. The Women's Teachers' Association of Columbus, Ohio was the oldest of the merging bodies. It apparently was organized in 1871. The Women's Teachers' Association espoused the goals of "enlightening society and building the profession."

The Columbus Men's Teachers' Alliance can be traced from 1888. It held regular monthly business meetings. A recorded teacher's salary in 1894 was \$375 a year.

In April of 1925, the two organizations came together and adopted the name of the Columbus Teacher Federation. In June of 1951, the name was changed to the Columbus Education Association.

In the late 1960's, the Association went through a major transition. It became more vocal about the profession. This activity culminated in the first written master agreement being approved in 1968-69. The CEA agreement was one of the first in Ohio. That same school year, a bargaining election was held and CEA was selected by 97.8 percent of the voting teachers over a rival group or a third choice of no representation.

CEA grew as an organization during the period between 1974 and 1978. A five-day strike in 1975 made it very clear that teachers would not work unless their concerns were dealt with fairly. Although a strike is always a time of difficulty and loss, teachers had firmly stood up and respect was strongly achieved.

John Grossman has been CEA President since 1978. In recent years, CEA has had to face desegregation, reductions in force and serious financial crises; but it continues to move forward. The Association has helped create a number of innovative programs that have received national

A series of major educational reform projects have been started in the last eight years. This has helped keep Columbus teachers in a competitive position even though they work in a major urban district. The CEA remains committed to the goals of its founders as it looks toward the future of public education.

Columbus Public Schools Peer Assistance and Review Program Intern Teacher Summary Chart 1986/87 - 1999/2000 School Year

Race/ Sex	Evaluated Out Successfully	Resigned Before Evaluation	Nonrenewed Resigned	Declined Contract	Totals
1 F	3,328	115	64	82	3,589
2 F	801	27	33	40	901
3 F	40	. 1	1	1	43
4 F	30	0	2	0	32
5 F	5	0	0	0	5
1 M	834	60	50	31	975
2 M	263	12	23	16	314
3 M	4	0	2	0	6
4 M	5	0	0	1	6
5 M	0	0	0	0	0
TOTALS	5,300	215	175	171	5,861
Sex codes:	F = female M	= male			5 70
	Sex 1 F 2 F 3 F 4 F 5 F 1 M 2 M 3 M 4 M 5 M	Race/ Successfully 1 F 3,328 2 F 801 3 F 40 4 F 30 5 F 5 1 M 834 2 M 263 3 M 4 4 M 5 5 M 0 TOTALS 5,300	Race/ Successfully Evaluation 1 F 3,328 115 2 F 801 27 3 F 40 1 4 F 30 0 5 F 5 0 1 M 834 60 2 M 263 12 3 M 4 0 4 M 5 0 5 M 0 0	Race/ Sex Out Successfully Before Evaluation Nonrenewed Resigned 1 F 3,328 115 64 2 F 801 27 33 3 F 40 1 1 4 F 30 0 2 5 F 5 0 0 1 M 834 60 50 2 M 263 12 23 3 M 4 0 2 4 M 5 0 0 5 M 0 0 0 TOTALS S,300 215	Race/ Sex Out Successfully Before Evaluation Nonrenewed Resigned Declined Contract 1 F 3,328 115 64 82 2 F 801 27 33 40 3 F 40 1 1 1 4 F 30 0 2 0 5 F 5 0 0 0 1 M 834 60 50 31 2 M 263 12 23 16 3 M 4 0 2 0 4 M 5 0 0 1 5 M 0 0 0 0

Race codes: 1 = White; 2 = Black; 3 = Hispanic; 4 = Asian; 5 = American Indian/Alaskan Native

Intervention	Teacher	Summary	Chart
1986/8	7 - 1999/2000	School Year	

		1986/87	7 - 1999/2000	School Year			
Race/ Sex	Currently in Program	Released/ Good Standing	Released/ Poor Standing	Exited CPS While in System	Other	Totals	
1 F	4	41	13	34	1	93	
2 F	. 1	18	17	9	0	45	
3 F	0	1	0	1	. 0	2	
4 F	0	0	0	0	0	0	
5 F	0	0	0	0	0	0	
1 M	2	25	9	24	3	63	
2 M	0	2	5	4	0	11	
3 M	. 0	0	0	1	0	1	
4 M	0	0	0	0	0	0	
5 M	0	0	0	0	0	0	
TOTALS	7	87	44	73	4	215	

Sex codes: F = female M = male

Race codes: 1 = White; 2 = Black; 3 = Hispanic; 4 = Asian; 5 = American Indian/Alaskan Native



Peer Assistance and Review



History

Evaluation has been a major source of confrontation between teacher organizations and administrations throughout the nation. Columbus was not atypical. Although the contractual evaluation process was clearly defined, it was neither positive nor successful.

As public concern about teacher quality grew, CEA leadership faced the question of what role teachers would play in the improvement of their profession.

Borrowing heavily from a similar concept in Toledo, a joint CEA/Board committee designed the Peer Assistance



and Review (PAR) Program. It was ratified by a 96 percent vote of CEA's Legislative Assembly and a

unanimous vote by the Columbus Board of Education.

PAR Consulting Teachers are selected from the teaching staff of the district after an elaborate process of recommendations and interviews. Their training is an ongoing process. Consulting Teachers serve for a maximum of three consecutive years.

PAR is governed by a panel of seven people: four represent CEA and three are appointed by the superintendent. Because all decisions must pass by a twothirds vote, panel members must work together. The chair alternates annually between the CEA President and an administrator.

PAR is an example of cooperative effort between teachers and administration. In a system of nearly 5400 teachers, PAR has served approximately 6,000 teachers since its beginning in 1986 through the 1999-2000 school year.

Intern Program

The Intern Program is mandatory for all teachers newly hired by Columbus Public Schools, even those with previous experience. The PAR Panel assigns a teacher consultant (PAR Consulting Teacher) to each

The consulting teachers are released full-time from classroom assignments in order to visit interns assigned to them. Each consulting teacher devotes many hours to direct classroom observations and conferences. To meet individual needs, the number and length of visits may vary. Additionally, consulting teachers have district resources available to help new teachers begin their careers successfully.

During the year, PAR Consulting Teachers prepare at least one interim report for each intern. A final appraisal includes a recommendation on whether the intern should receive a contract for the next year. PAR Panel members who hear these evaluations make final employment recommendations to the superintendent.

Intervention Program

The Intervention Program is designed to assist experienced teachers who are having difficulty. An elaborate process of checks and balances governs the referral of a teacher to this program. A referral can be initiated by either an administrator or another teacher. These referrals must be approved by the principal, senior faculty representative. Association Building Council (ABC) and PAR Panel. A teacher may also self-refer to obtain PAR Program assistance.

Each ABC determines its own voting requirements (e.g. majority, unanimous or some other percentage) before making a referral decision in executive session.

Once a teacher is approved for intervention, a PAR Consulting Teacher is assigned. Since there is no time limit, assistance is continued as long as the teacher is progressing at an acceptable rate. Formal evaluations and/or Special Notice Evaluations are not conducted by administration while a teacher is in intervention.

Program Personnel and Overview

PAR Panel

- · Administers the PAR Program
- · Consists of seven members: four teachers and three administrators
- Selects PAR Consulting Teachers
- Meets with PAR Consulting Teachers periodically to receive reports
- Evaluates requests for intervention
- · Makes personnel recommendations based on PAR Consulting Teacher's report
- Oversees training of PAR Consulting Teachers
- Panel chair alternates yearly between administration and CEA president

PAR Consulting Teachers

- · Serve on a full-time basis
- Serve for a maximum of three years to maintain the "peer" concept
- · Mentor colleagues by demonstrating, observing, conferencing, referring, providing and assisting
- · Plan and present new teacher reception
- Plan and present a graduate-level Peer Assistance and Review/The Ohio State University course (PAR/OSU)
- · Conduct workshops for new teachers on teaching performance, pupil relations and management activities
- Assess colleague performance and make recommendations to the PAR Panel regarding future employment
- · Receive supplemental contract worth twenty percent of base salary

PAR Program Overview

The Columbus Education Association and the Columbus Public Schools have developed and implemented a program in which highly successful teachers provide assistance to new teachers and to experienced teachers who are having serious difficulties. The primary goal of this program is to provide help to teachers entering the profession and to improve the performance of an experienced teacher who is not performing at an acceptable level.

PAR Program's Major Characteristics

- A seven member panel directs the PAR program. CEA appoints four members of the PAR Panel and the Superintendent appoints three.
- The PAR Panel selects the teachers (PAR Consulting Teachers) who will be working with the intern (beginning) teachers and with any other teachers identified by the Panel for assistance from a PAR Consulting Teacher.
- Newly-employed teachers are considered intern teachers and will be assigned to a PAR Consulting Teacher for their first year.
- · Experienced teachers assigned to the intervention segment of the PAR Program will continue to receive assistance until the PAR Consulting Teacher determines that no further assistance is needed or will be productive.
- The contractual and legal rights of intern teachers and experienced teachers assigned to the PAR Program for intervention will be honored.
- Program support will be furnished by the Board of Education. The PAR Program may be terminated any time by either the Superintendent or the CEA President with thirty days written notice to the other party.



Protections and Conclusions

Article 1403 Reform Panel, continued

The panel shall begin operations with the ratification of this Agreement and shall continue in effect with full authority as provided herein and without regard to the term of this Agreement, until either party notifies the other in writing of its desire to terminate the panel. In the event of such notification, as with the PAR Panel, the authority of the Reform Panel shall be terminated thirty (30) days after such notification. All variances to this Agreement in effect at the time of termination shall be automatically canceled as shall all variances in practices required by the panel except those related to the implementation of state-mandated Competency Based Education or other legally mandated programs.

1403.07

During the thirty (30) day period between notification of cancellation and termination, the panel shall make every effort to provide for an orderly transition period by attempting to minimize problems resulting from the cancellation of variances. The parties recognize that educational sensibility and personnel considerations will not permit some variances to be phased out during this thirty (30) day transition period. No later than the date of termination of the panel, the Board will provide the Association with a timeline for completing the cancellation of any variances that cannot sensibly be completed during the thirty (30) day transition period. In addition, representatives of the Board and Association shall meet promptly and as necessary to discuss such orderly transition and to determine if the parties wish to retain any of the variances. Any variances to this Agreement which the parties wish to maintain must be processed as amendments to this Agreement. 1403.08

The Reform Panel shall be co-chaired by the Association President, or designee, and the Superintendent, or designee. The Reform Panel shall be made up of an equal number of teacher representatives and ad ministration representatives.

We at CEA welcome your questions about our PAR Program. Remember that you can communicate with us through our Web site e-mail connection found at www.ceaohio.org. Our e-mail address is cea@ceaohio.org

Continuing updated conference information at www.ceaohio.org

Conclusion

We have compiled this packet of information because we believe that our PAR Program works. We understand the concerns voiced by many of our colleagues about taking such bold steps to improve and protect public education. The information enclosed is brief and does not reflect the entire range of our reform program in Columbus. The best way to learn more about this peer assistance and review program is to actually see it in action. Former NEA President Bob Chase spent three days observing our PAR Consulting on their rounds. He was apparently impressed enough with their performance to support a resolution at the 1997 Representative Assembly reversing NEA's previous opposition to peer assistance and review.

Thank you for showing an interest in our program and in improving public education ... for children.



Leform and Protections

On-Going Reflection

A program like PAR demands high levels of collaboration, communication and trust. Absent these conditions, it would be difficult to sustain a program where teachers and their association put so much at risk. In addition, such a program is only one of the tools needed to advance the agenda of improving the educational environment and improving student performance while protecting teachers' rights. For this reason, the Columbus Education Association and the Columbus Public Schools have entered into an agreement creating a body that can oversee proposals for innovation, allowing contract walvers where convincing arguments are brought forward to do so and sending

eager administrative/staff planning teams back to the drawing board when unacceptable flaws are found.

Like peer assistance and review, this element called the Reform Panel also requires trust and collaboration. If both management and labor are not deriving benefits from such collaborative efforts, it is impossible for those efforts to produce positive change in the classrooms. For this reason, the following contract language has been created.

Special attention should be given to item 1203.06 which allows either administration or the union to unilaterally cancel either the PAR Program or the Reform Panel by submitting a written 30-day notice to the other party.

Article 1403 Reform Panel

1403.0

The Reform Panel shall facilitate the implementation of (a) initiatives directed at the improvement of teaching and learning conditions in the District, (b) requests for variances that may be submitted by school based shared decision-making cabinets, and (c) instructional and curricular recommendations that may be made by committees created by the panel. The panel shall operate as a joint committee as provided in Article 506 of this Agreement.

1403.02

The panel shall have the authority to grant and cancel variances to this Agreement and shall have the authority to require variances in practice in one or more schools. The panel may grant variances for a specific period of time; if not, the variances shall continue until changed. School based shared decision-making cabinets may apply for renewal of variances which are scheduled to expire. Approval by the panel shall require a majority vote of the panel membership. Such approval shall not be unreasonably denied. Variances from this Agreement shall also require the approval of the Superintendent and Association President.

1403.03

All new programs or other initiatives approved by the panel which may result in variances in practice and all variances and all cancellations of variances approved by the panel shall be in writing and shall be signed by the panel chairperson, the Association President and the Superintendent. Any internal processing requirements by the separate parties prior to panel approval shall be left to the separate narties.

1403.04

The panel shall establish application forms and procedures for requesting variances. Such procedures must not require a majority vote by teachers in a building in support of the variance exceeding two-thirds (2/3). Such procedures must be consistent with this Agreement. In addition, to assist in the work of the panel, it shall form and direct committees, including a committee on state-mandated Competency Based Education. If a request for a variance has sufficient support from the building, the requested variance shall be added to the Reform Panel agenda for the next meeting. 1403.05

Notwithstanding Section 202.02 of this Agreement, if there is a panel-authorized shared decision-making cabinet in a school, the Association Building Council shall continue to perform the duties and functions of the ABC as provided in this Agreement, except when any of those duties and functions are assumed by such cabinet and the ABC has been so advised by the cabinet. In such a school the ABC shall be made up of the elected teacher members of the cabinet and the senior faculty representative, who shall serve on both. The cabinet shall have no authority with regard to the PAR Program.

Components

The PAR Program

Columbus Public Schools continuously strives to provide the highest possible quality of education. For students to succeed in learning, teachers must succeed in teaching. The PAR Program has been designed to improve the quality of instruction by assuring that all teachers are experiencing professional success. The program has two components.

Intern Component

The intern component of the PAR Program is designed to offer all newly hired teachers the support, advice and direction necessary to make the first year's experience in the Columbus Public Schools as successful as possible. Consulting Teachers work with newly hired teachers to assist and evaluate their classroom performance.

Intervention Component

The intervention component of the PAR Program is designed to offer all available resources within the school system to improve experienced teachers who are having difficulties in the performance of their professional classroom duties. In close cooperation with the building principal, the PAR Consulting Teacher works to identify weaknesses in teaching, develop specific performance goals, offer support, and monitor progress of each PAR Program participant. Other school system personnel will assist in the program when needed.

Relationships

- Prior to working with a teacher newly identified for intervention; the consulting teacher will meet with the building principal to discuss the case. The building principal will identify problems and offer suggestions for improvement.
- The consulting teacher will meet with the participating teacher to discuss the PAR Program intervention and goal setting process.
- The consulting teacher will observe the participating teacher and assess teaching performance for the purpose of determining performance goals.
- The building principal, consulting teacher and program participant will meet to establish specific performance goals necessary to raise the participant's performance to an acceptable level. If specific subject or program-related concerns are involved, program consultants and supervisors may also be included in this conference.
- During the participant's stay in the PAR Program, the consulting teacher will frequently observe the participant, having both preobservation and post-observation conferences as often as practical. Subject area consultants and special program area supervisors may be included as frequently as deemed necessary by the consulting teacher.
- The consulting teacher will communicate regularly with the building principal regarding the progress of the program participant and to discuss reports prior to submitting them to the PAR Panel.
- The PAR Panel may call on building principals, PAR Consulting Teachers, or other school system personnel to participate in discussions regarding the progress and program status of PAR Program participants.

Management

PAR Panel Teacher Members:



John Grossman



Michele Mays



Janice Bell



Patricia Stedman

Administrative Members:



L. Ernest Blanden



Mary Thomas



John Matchett

The PAR Panel

The PAR Program Panel is composed of four members appointed by the Columbus Education Association and three members appointed by the Superintendent. The Chair will rotate annually between the two parties, with a panel year defined as August 1- July 31. To meet, twothirds of the members of the Panel must be present.

The major responsibilities of the PAR Panel are:

- · PAR Program: The PAR Panel determines the specific details of the PAR Program. The Panel establishes operational procedures, develops all necessary forms and documents, and generally manages the PAR Program.
- PAR Consulting Teachers: The Panel selects the PAR Consulting Teachers based on criteria established elsewhere in this document. These teachers will be trained to offer peer assistance and will be in-serviced on the specific details of the PAR Program. The Panel will continuously monitor and evaluate the effectiveness of PAR Consulting Teachers and will make recommendations to the Director of Personnel Services regarding their continuation in the PAR Program.
- PAR Program Participants / Intern Participants: The Panel has developed specific guidelines for participation in this segment of the PAR Program.
- · Intervention Participants: The Panel has also developed guidelines for participation in this segment of the PAR Program and has created a PAR Intervention Referral Form. If the Panel votes (2/3 of the members present) to include a teacher in the PAR Program, the Panel will notify the teacher and the building principal and assign a PAR Consulting Teacher.
- Status Reports and Evaluations: The PAR Panel will monitor the progress of each participant by reviewing status reports and evaluations regularly submitted by PAR Consulting Teachers. Except in very special circumstances, PAR Program participants will not be given Special Notice Evaluations while they are in the program.
- Intern Program: The Panel has developed a schedule for receiving and reviewing evaluations of interns.
- · Intervention Program: When the Panel receives a final status report from a consulting teacher stating that a PAR Intervention Participant needs no further assistance or that further assistance will not be productive, a written report of the participant's performance status is completed and signed by all seven PAR Panel members. In turn, the co-chairs of the PAR Panel have a conference with the participant to review the report and receive his/her signature. Signing the report does not necessarily mean agreement, rather that he/she has reviewed and received a copy of the report. A signed copy of the report is forwarded to the Director of Personnel Services for inclusion in the participant's personnel file.

Continuing Education

PAR Consulting Teachers collaboratively design and facilitate a three-hour graduate course offered annually during winter quarter through The Ohio State University. Entry-year teachers who elect to take the class meet weekly with the PAR Consulting Teachers, Ohio State faculty and other experts invited to address topics pertinent to beginning professionals. Presenters may include personnel from the district or from the union office. Course requirements are carefully structured to be practical and applicable.



Course topics may include the following:

- · Teaching in the Urban Setting
- · Effective Teaching: Management Strategies
- Mini-Sessions
- Professional Observations
- · Dealing With Anger, Conflict and Violence
- Examples of Effective Teaching
- Resources and Their Application
- · Kids Between the Cracks
- · Self Assessment and Reflection/Processing Observations
- · The Educator as a Professional/Licensure/Certification

PAR Consulting Teachers plan and execute other programs for teachers new to Columbus Public Schools. The Columbus Education Association sponsors an orientation program in the fall. In this social setting, new teachers are welcomed to the district. This event is held in the evening a few days before school begins and is an opportunity to meet the CEA officers, members of the CEA Board of Governors, administrative officials and Board of Education members.

The year's activities culminate in a spring celebration at which consulting teachers join the interns in celebrating their first successful year in Columbus Public Schools.

_niversity Collaborative

The Ohio State University

Any conversation about the quality of teachers will eventually contain a teacher training element. Answering the question, "Who trained, licensed and hired all the bad teachers?" can provide hours of heated debate. The Ohio State



T. H. E University College of Education has been at the forefront of reforming the processes by which their education graduates are trained. Under the leadership of former Dean Nancy Zimpher, the education college at OSU has worked closely with the district and the teachers union to ensure that every classroom will have a caring and competent teacher. A wide array of collaborations have been created UNIVERSITY to improve the quality of educator training. PAR is only one of these efforts.

Training for PAR Consulting Teachers

An integral part of professional development for PAR Consulting Teachers is the opportunity to meet regularly with university faculty to discuss issues related to entry year teachers and mentoring. Topics are identified by consulting teachers at the beginning of each quarter and may include the following:

- Developmental Stages of Teachers
- Characteristics of Consulting Teachers
- Performance Terms
- Formal Case Study Presentations
- Systematic Observation Techniques
- · Dealing With Difficult Professionals
- Conferencing Strategies
- Developing a Supportive Collegial Atmosphere
- The "Language" of Report Writing
- Evaluation Standards

This ongoing professional development provides a forum for consulting teachers to discuss concerns and issues regarding their entry-year teachers and their own growth.

Workshop Training for Interns

The PAR Program provides professional growth opportunities for all entry-year teachers and those new to teaching in the Columbus Public Schools. PAR Consulting Teachers plan a series of six workshops throughout the school year. Attendance is voluntary, but participating interns may receive up to two hours of graduate credit for participating.

Topics for the workshops are specifically designed to meet the needs of teachers new to the Columbus district. They may include:

- · Creating a Positive Classroom Culture
- Instructional Strategies
- Cooperative Discipline
- Valuing Diversity
- · Individualizing Instruction for Students With Special Needs
- · Sharing Success Stories From the First Year of



"Peer" Review

The PAR Consulting Teacher

Each consulting teacher works with both intern and intervention teachers. Selection Process Selection Criteria

Criteria for selection of PAR Consulting Teachers will include the following:

- · Taught in the Columbus Public Schools for a minimum of five (5)
- · Demonstrated outstanding classroom teaching ability.
- · Demonstrated talent in written and oral communications.
- · Demonstrated ability to work cooperatively and effectively with other professional staff members.
- · Extensive knowledge of a variety of classroom management and instructional techniques.

The PAR Panel has developed an application form for the position of PAR Consulting Teacher, and the Director of Personnel Services directs the posting of the position in all buildings. Applications will be accepted at any time and kept on file for future consideration based on the expansion and/or needs of the program.

In addition to submitting a properly completed application form, each applicant is required to have the following documents submitted directly to the Director of Personnel Services.

- · A reference from his/her building principal or immediate supervisor if the teacher is not assigned to a school building.
- · A reference from his/her senior faculty representative.
- · References from two other teachers from his/her building or program if the teacher is not assigned to a school building.

The President of the CEA and the Director of Personnel Services will review the applications and identify teachers for consideration by the PAR Panel. The Panel will select consulting teachers from this group of applicants. All applications and references will be treated with the strictest confidentiality.

Assignment Status

Applicants who are not accepted as consulting teachers will be notified. Those who are selected by the PAR Panel as consulting teachers

- · Continue in current assignment until the PAR Panel determines the need for a consulting teacher. Identification by the Panel as a consulting teacher is not a guarantee of active assignment.
- · If assigned, work full-time as a consulting teacher until the PAR Panel determines the service is no longer needed. Generally. assignments will be for the school year and will not continue more than three consecutive years.
- · Have a right to return to their previous teaching assignment if their assignment as a consulting teacher is for less than a full school year. Consulting teachers who are on active assignment for a full school year or more will be given every available consideration in their teaching assignment.
- Receive a supplemental contract for service as an assigned consulting teacher at the rate of twenty percent of base salary per year. Partial years will be prorated. Supplemental contracts held by consulting teachers at the time of assignment will be paid if the services under the contract have begun. For purposes of determining years of continuous service under supplemental contracts, years served as a PAR Consulting Teacher may be applied to either Group A or B in Article 905.01 of the Master Agreement.

The PAR Program Participant

The PAR Program Participant

Intern Participants

All newly-hired teachers who have not previously participated in the PAR Program will be designated interns for one year for the purpose of professional development and evaluation. The PAR Panel will have the authority to exclude a teacher from the program because of special job-related considerations.

Intervention Participants

The process of enrolling a teacher as a PAR Program participant is initiated whenever a building principal and/or senior faculty representative (SrFR) believes that a teacher in his/her building is experiencing serious difficulty in the performance of professional duties and could benefit by intervention from a PAR Consulting Teacher. If the building principal is the initiating party, he/she should call the Director of Personnel Services and recommend the teacher as a candidate for the PAR Program. If the SrFR is the initiating party, he/she should call the CEA President with a similar recommendation.

If, after consultation, the Director of Personnel Services and the CEA President determine that the views of the building principal and the senior faculty representative concur and that substantive cause for concern exists, then the senior faculty representative will be notified to take the recommendation to the Association Building Council (ABC).

The ABC will meet in executive session as provided in Article 202.05 of the Master Agreement to consider the recommendation. The executive session may be a part of a regularly scheduled ABC meeting, or the chairperson of the ABC may call a special meeting for the purpose of discussing this matter only. In the case of a special meeting, the chairperson will notify all ABC members of the date and time of the meeting at least five (5) school days in advance. Executive sessions are limited to the five (5) members of the ABC except in buildings or units that have elected to expand the size of their ABC according to contractual limits.

If the ABC decides that the teacher being discussed should be recommended as a PAR Program participant, the Recommendation for Intervention form will be completed, signed by both the building principal and the senior faculty representative, and forwarded to the PAR Panel.

Teachers not assigned to a regular school staff may be recommended for intervention by their program supervisor. The recommendation should go to the Director of Personnel Services. The remainder of the process will be similar to that above except that the CEA President will act in place of the Association Building Council.

The PAR Panel will review and vote on the recommendation. If the panel votes to include a teacher in the PAR Program, the panel will notify the teacher and the building principal. The teacher's participation is not voluntary. The PAR Panel will assign a PAR Consulting Teacher to the new program participant.

Goal-Setting Agreement

between	Teacher		
	PAR Consu	ulting Teacher	
Objective			
 To utilize a broader variety To maintain positive classr 	y of instructional strategies that increase opp room management strategies and discipline	portunities for student le methodologies.	arnin
Teacher Activities			
2. To employ a variety of inst	on format that includes objectives in terms o swiedge, focusing on teacher/student interac tructional strategies in each class period. teachers within the building to link classroo	ction, reviewing, and clo	ing sing.
Consultant Activities			
Provide a variety of effective	orovide feedback with suggestions. ve instructional strategies. rrvation to the Blank High "Classroom of T	Comorrow."	
Follow-up conference schedul	led for:	ą =	
Follow-up conference schedul	led for:		
Follow-up conference schedul	led for:		
Follow-up conference schedul	led for:		
Follow-up conference schedul	led for:		
Follow-up conference schedul	led for:		
Follow-up conference schedul	led for:		
Follow-up conference schedul	led for:		
Follow-up conference schedul	led for:		
Follow-up conference schedul	led for:		

. rincipal's Summary Intern Report

Principal's Summary Intern Report Principal: Days Absent: Successful Unsuccessful PRINCIPAL'SRATINGS: Willingness to cooperate to achieve school and system goals Adherence to district policies, procedures, and regulations Adherence to building policies, procedures, and regulations Cooperative approach toward parents and the community Supports school activities through active participation Accurate and punctual in completing records, reports, etc. Evidence of effective discipline Attendance and promptness COMMENTS: Principal's Signature Date To be forwarded to the Consulting Teacher and attached to the Intern Appraisal Summary Report

Guidelines for Intervention



Guidelines for principals and senior faculty representatives in relation to teacher identification for intervention assistance within the PAR Program:

The Peer Assistance and Review Program (PAR Program) has as one of its major components a plan to assist experienced teachers who are experiencing serious difficulties in their teaching assignments. This assistance is to be provided by a peer referred to as a Consulting Teacher. This PAR Consulting Teacher will work with the referred teacher until such time as he or she determines that the teacher is either working successfully and needs no further assistance or determines the referred teacher is not showing reasonable growth in relation to the assistance provided. It is important that everyone understands that the major purpose of intervention is to assist the experienced teacher to overcome deficiencies and again become a successful

The building principal and the senior faculty representative (SrFR) are the key people in the school to provide input as to which teachers should be referred for assistance. The process of enrolling a teacher as a PAR Program participant is initiated whenever a building principal and/or a senior faculty representative believes that a teacher in his/her building is experiencing serious difficulty in the performance of professional duties and could benefit by intervention from a PAR Consulting Teacher. If the building principal is the initiating party, he/she should call the Director of Personnel Services and recommend the teacher as a candidate for the PAR Program.

If the senior faculty representative is the initiating party, he/she should call the CEA President with a similar recommendation. Conversation between the SrFR and principal about the possibility of recommending a teacher for the PAR Program must be treated in a very confidential and professional manner.

If, after consultation, the Director of Personnel Services and the CEA President determine that the views of the building principal and the senior faculty representative concur and that substantive cause for concern exists, then the senior faculty representative will be notified to take the recommendation to the Association Building Council (ABC).

The ABC will meet to consider the recommendation. The executive session may be a part of a regularly scheduled ABC meeting, or the chairperson of the ABC may call a special meeting for the purpose of discussing this matter only. In the case of a special meeting, the chairperson will notify all ABC members of the date and time of the meeting at least five (5) school days in advance. Executive sessions are limited to the five (5) members of the ABC except in buildings or units that have elected to expand the size of their ABC according to contractual limits.

If the ABC decides that the teacher being discussed should be recommended as a PAR Program Participant, the "Recommendation for Intervention" form will be completed, signed by both the building principal and the senior faculty representative, and forwarded to the PAR Panel.

Teachers not assigned to a regular school staff may be recommended for intervention by their program supervisor. The recommendation should go to the Director of Personnel Services. The remainder of the process will be similar to that above except that the CEA President will act in place of the Association Building

The PAR Panel will review and vote on the recommendation. If the panel votes to include a teacher in the program, the panel will notify the teacher and the building principal. The teacher's participation is not voluntary. The panel will assign a PAR Consulting Teacher to the new program participant.

Intervention Indicators

Potential Characteristics

Staff members are often aware of when a colleague is having serious difficulty. The more common indicators of performance problems may include any of the following:

- Serious discipline and classroom control problems
- · Frequent conflicts with students
- · Noisy, unproductive classroom atmosphere
- · Children frequently out of the classroom
- · Total lack of student interest in classroom activities
- · High incidence of discipline referrals
- · Unduly harsh and unreasonable treatment of students
- Frequent parent complaints and difficulty resolving problems with parents
- · Lack of planning and preparation for instruction
- · Disorganized about meeting professional responsibilities
- Extremes in grading as reflected in grade inflation or excessive failure rates
- · Lack of student growth and achievement
- Tardiness and high absence rates
- · Sarcasm and/or demeaning comments to students
- · General negativism toward all facets of the job
- · Difficulty with routine tasks
- Failure to comply with district policies and administrative requests

It is important to understand that teachers referred for assistance are not categorized as unsuccessful teachers who must be removed from the profession.

Teachers referred to the program are viewed as valued professionals. Through the PAR Program, resources are provided to enable these teachers to improve classroom performance to a successful standard.

The PAR Panel, composed of four members appointed by the CEA and three members appointed by the Superintendent, is charged with the responsibility of managing the PAR Intervention Component. The panel will monitor the progress of each participant by reviewing status reports regularly submitted by the PAR Consulting Teacher. When the PAR Panel receives a final status report from a consultant teacher stating that the PAR Intervention participant needs no further assistance or that further assistance will not be productive, a written report of the participant's performance status is completed and signed by all seven PAR Panel members. In turn, the co-chairs of the PAR Panel have a conference with the participant to review the report and receive his/her signature. Signing the report does not necessarily mean agreement, but rather that he/she has reviewed and received a copy of the report. A signed copy of the report is forwarded to the Director of Personnel Services for inclusion in the participant's personnel file.

Intern Appraisal Summary Report

Intern Appraisal Summary Report	Mentoring I	Record:
Intern S.S. Number	Observation	
Building(s)	Conferences	
Grade/Subject/Position:	From	
Professional Experience:	То	
Years in present position Years of previous CPS experience Years out of Columbus experience Total years of experience	Evaluation C	ode:
Major Field of Study: lotal years of experience	S - Successful U - Unsuccess	ful
Area(s) of Certification:		Consulting
1. Teaching Performance - The intern writes daily lesson plans that align with the State Learning Competencies (SLC) / current curriculum guide; implements classroom teaching strategies, activities and assessments that promote student achievement of the State Learning Competencies (SLC) / current curriculum guide; maintains a safe, friendly and mutually respectful environment conducive to student learning and development; uses writing, listening and speaking skills to convey the instructional material in a developmentally appropriate manner; and demonstrates mastery of the subject matter to achieve the instructional objective.	Intern	Teacher
2. Pupil Relations - The intern demonstrates a professional interest in students and shows concern for their safety and well-being; treats all students fairly and is cognizant of the uniqueness of the individual; and selects activities, strategies, assignments and assessments to allow for the growth and development of all students		
3. Management Activities - The intern effectively manages student discipline and overall student safety; allocates time for the purpose of maximizing the learning process; effectively develops, implements and manages records, reports and student work; and manages classroom facilities, materials and equipment in a safe and organized manner.		
4. Overall Value to the School Program - The intern conveys clear and accurate knowledge of the school's mission statement; has a positive impact on the school program; and promptly and completely complies with directives, school rules and reasonable requests.		
5. Personal Characteristics The intern demonstrates professional attitude, integrity, conduct and appearance within the educational environment.		
6. Staff Relations - The intern exhibits a collegial and professional relationship with all staff.		
7. Parent-Community Relations - The Intern demonstrates the ability to convey the school's mission, objectives, program and policies to parents and the community, and maintains positive and productive parent current.		
Connact.* 8. Professional Growth - The intern utilizes opportunities for professional study and growth and employs ongoing reflection throughout the teaching/learning process.		
GOAL DESCRIPTION Consultant: Intern:		
PROPOSED PROFESSIONAL GROWTH ACTIVITIES Consultant: Intern:		
GENERAL STATEMENTS Consultant: Intern:	1	
Principal's Intern Summary Report is Attached: Yes No Evaluator's Recommendation: I recommend this intern be offered a limited contract for next school year. Yes	□ No	
Date of Conference Intern Signature Consulting Teacher Signature cc: Intern / Pri	incipal / Consul	ting Teache

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ıtern İnterim Report

Intern Interim Report	Mentoring R	ecord:
Intern S.S. Number	Observations	
Building(s)	Conferences	
Grade/Subject/Position:	From	
Evaluation Code: S - Successful	То	
C - Areas of Concern; Inconsistenct performance, needs attention		
D - Seriously Deficient; Immediate growth needs to occur	Intern	Consulting Teacher
1. Teaching Performance - The intern writes daily lesson plans that align with the State Learning Competencies (SLC) / current curriculum guide; implements classroom teaching strategies, activities and assessments that promote student achievement of the State Learning Competencies (SLC) / current curriculum guide; maintains a safe, friendly and mutually respectful environment conducive to student learning and development; uses writing, listening and speaking skills to convey the instructional material in a developmentally appropriate manner; and demonstrates mastery of the subject matter to achieve the instructional objective. Comments:		
2. Pupil Relations - The intern demonstrates a professional interest in students and shows concern for their safety and well-being; treats all students fairly and is cognizant of the uniqueness of the individual; and selects activities, strategies, assignments and assessments to allow for the growth and development of all students. Comments:		
3. Management Activities - The Intern effectively manages student discipline and overall student safety; allocates time for the purpose of maximizing the learning process; effectively develops, implements and manages records, reports and student work; and manages classroom facilities, materials and equipment in a safe and organized manner. Comments:		
4. Overall Value to the School Program - The Intern conveys clear and accurate knowledge of the school's mission statement; has a positive impact on the school program; and promptly and completely compiles with directives, school rules and reasonable requests. Comments:		
Personal Characteristics - The intern demonstrates professional attitude, integrity, conduct and appearance within the educational environment. Comments:		
6. Staff Relations - The intern exhibits a collegial and professional relationship with all staff. Comments:		
7. Parent-Community Relations - The intern demonstrates the ability to convey the school's mission, objectives, program and policies to parents and the community, and maintains positive and productive parent contact. Comments:		
8. Professional Growth - The intern utilizes opportunities for professional study and growth and employs ongoing reflection throughout the teaching/learning process. Comments:		
INTERN COMMENTS:		
Date of Conference Intern Signature Consulting Teacher Signature cc: Intern / Pri	ncipal / Consult	ting Teache

Master Agreement

Contract language

Below is copy of text from the evaluation section of the Agreement Between the Columbus Board of Education and The Columbus Education Association. This contract language has been developed over the last few contracts since the creation of the PAR Program.

401.14

A. The evaluation and any related actions involving teachers during the period of assignment to the Peer Assistance and Review Program (PAR Program) shall be in accordance with the procedures established by the PAR Program Panel rather than in accordance with the provisions contained in this Article 401. Such related actions shall include action by the Board based on recommendations by the PAR Program Panel regarding intern teachers and action by the Board based on reports by the PAR Program Panel regarding teachers who have been previously assigned to the PAR Program for intervention.

B. The provisions of this Article 401 shall apply to teachers assigned to the PAR Program only in the event of administrative action which is not in accordance with the PAR Program Panel procedures. Such administrative action shall only be initiated where the basis for such action is primarily related to concerns other than

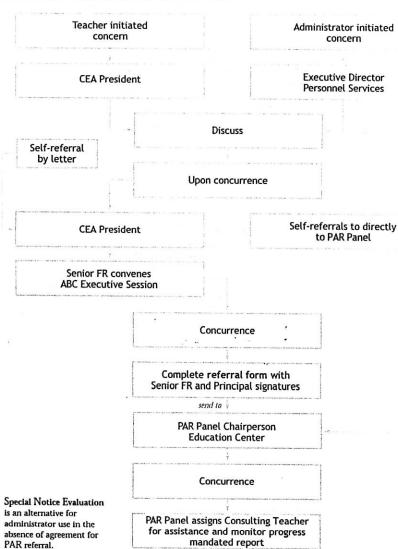
classroom teaching performance.

- C. Any teacher may request to be assigned to the PAR Program by submitting a written request to the Association President. If the teacher requesting assignment to the PAR Program has been given a Notice of Special Evaluation and has more than five (5) years of continuous Columbus teaching experience, such teacher shall be accepted into the intervention phase of the PAR Program. The final determination of whether to admit a teacher with five (5) or less years of continuous Columbus teaching experience to the PAR Program will be made by the PAR Panel.
- D. Teachers who have all successful ratings on their most recent evaluation form shall not be recommended for PAR Intervention by an administrative-initiated referral unless the following has been provided:
- A serious concern(s) has been identified by the principal or evaluating supervisor and a conference has been held with the affected teacher where the serious concern(s) is identified and discussed with said teacher.
- (2) The principal or evaluating supervisor has provided suggestions and/or assistance to the affected teacher to correct the serious concern(s).
- (3) If the serious concern(s) has not been resolved, a follow-up conference has been held with the affected teacher to so inform said teacher and, if it is the intention of the principal or evaluating supervisor to recommend the teacher for PAR Intervention, to so inform the teacher during this conference.
- (4) A teacher shall not be represented or accompanied by a representative of any employee organization in any conferences required in 401.14D above.

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Intervention Resources

PAR Intervention Referral Process



Teaching Performance Rubric

Pupil Relations

Pupil Relations - Professional Interest in Students
The instructor demonstrates a professional interest in students and shows concern for their safety and well-being. Pupil Relations - Impartiality

The instructor treats all students fairly and is cognizant of the uniqueness of the individual.

Pupil Relations - Promotes Student Growth and Development

The industry selects activities, strategies, assignments and assessments to allow for the growth and development of

SCORE	PROFESSIONAL INTEREST IN STUDENTS	IMPARTIALITY	PROMOTES STUDENT GROWTH AND DEVELOPMENT
4	 Consistently maintains a safe and nurturing environment Consistently demonstrates strategies to learn students' individual needs, abilities and interests 	Consistently treats all students in a fair and supportive manner Consistently considers individuality by incorporating diverse issues and discussions into the curriculum with regard to gender, class, intellect, culture and race	Consistently utilizes a variety of assessment strategies to accommodate for student differences and needs Consistently varies activities, strategies and assignments to accommodate individual learning styles and development Consistently engages students of various levels of ability
3	 Generally maintains a safe and nurturing environment Generally demonstrates strategies to learn students' individual needs, abilities and interests 	Generally treats all students in a fair and supportive manner Generally considers individuality by incorporating diverse issues and discussions into the curriculum with regard to gender, class, intellect, culture and race	Generally utilizes a variety of assessment strategies to accommodate for student differences and needs Generally varies activities, strategies and assignments to accommodate individual learning styles and development Generally engages students of various levels of ability
2	Inconsistently maintains a safe and nurturing environment Inconsistently demonstrates strategies to learn students' individual needs, abilities and interests	Inconsistently treats all students in a fair and supportive manner Inconsistently considers individuality by incorporating diverse issues and discussions into the curriculum with regard to gender, class, intellect, culture and race	Inconsistently utilizes a variety of assessment strategies to accommodate for student differences and needs Inconsistently varies activities, strategies and assignments to accommodate individual learning styles and development Inconsistently engages students of various levels of ability
1	Fails to maintain a safe and nurturing environment Fails to demonstrate strategies to learn students' individual needs, abilities and interests	Fails to treat all students in a fair and supportive manner Fails to consider individuality by incorporating diverse issues and discussions into the curriculum with regard to gender, class, intellect, culture and race	Fails to utilize a variety of assessment strategies to accommodate for student differences and needs Fails to vary activities, strategies and assignments to accommodate individual learning styles and development Fails to engage students of various levels of ability

Leaching Performance Rubric

Teaching Performance Rubric

This teaching performance rubric is an evaluation tool designed to assess interns (entry-year teachers) in the PAR Program. Its foundation is based on the eight performance terms described on page 15.

For every performance term, a general statement was created which broadly defines the standards of each term. A sample statement in the area of Pupil Relations is printed below.

Pupil Relations

The intern demonstrates a professional interest in students and shows concern for their safety and well-being; treats all students fairly and is cognizant of the uniqueness of the individual; and selects activities, strategies, assignments and assessments to allow for the growth and development of all students.

That term is then subheaded with objectives which further explain the performance term.

Explanation of Performance Term

Professional Interest in Students - The intern demonstrates a professional interest in students and shows concern for their safety and well-being.

Impartiality - The intern treats all students fairly and is cognizant of the uniqueness of the individual.

Student Growth and Development - The Intern selects activities, strategies, assignments and assessments to allow for the growth and development of all students.

To further assist PAR Consulting Teachers in assessing intern performance, indicators of successful teaching were developed.

Indicators of Successful Teaching

Pupil Relations

- · greeting students at the door
- · positive interaction with students
- · positive non-verbal behavior
- · display of student work
- · positive acknowledgement of all students
- politically correct language
- absence of favoritism
- · respect toward all students
- · individualized instruction
- active listening

On the next page, sample cells of the teaching performance rubric in the area of Pupil Relations are exhibited. The rubric is divided into four levels (4 being the highest level of performance, 1 the lowest).

PAR Intervention Referral Form

PAR Intervention Referral Form Columbus Public Schools



Peer Assistance and Review Program Recommendation for Intervention

The Association Building Council and the prinicpal of
are recommending the following
teacher for participation in the Intervention component of the
Peer Assistance and Review Program:
TEACHER RECOMMENDED:
(please print)
TEACHER ASSIGNMENT:
Assocation Building Council Senior Faculty Representative Date
Building Principal's Signature Date

Send complete form to:

PAR PANEL CHAIRPERSON Division of Human Resources Columbus Education Center 270 East State Street Columbus. Ohio 43215



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PAR Panel Report Sample

PAR Panel Report

Jane Doe June 11, 2000

Ms. Doe was teaching a first/second grade split at Blank Elementary School in May of 1998 when she received an administratively initiated referral to PAR. She had been teaching in the Columbus Public School district for 26 years and had an additional 10 years of experience outside the district.

For the 1998-1999 school year, Ms. Doe transferred to Alternate Elementary School and was assigned to teach third grade. Angela Smith was assigned as her PAR Consulting Teacher in September, 1998.

The principal at Alternate reported that Ms. Doe was uncooperative with staff and parents. She made degrading remarks to students and had a lack of organizational skills. These concerns resulted in the referral to PAR.

In February 1999, the Consulting Teacher reported that while Ms. Doe exhibited an ultra-traditional teaching style, she had not witnessed degrading remarks toward students. The consultant did have concerns that Ms. Doe was not addressing the curriculum guide, especially in science, on a regular basis.

By June, 1999, there were no class difficulties to report and no concerns from the principal. Ms. Doe was including instruction in science on a more regular basis. Instruction was reported to be very teacher oriented with minimal student interaction. Sustained improvement was reported in October 1999.

In June 2000, the Consulting Teacher reported that observations had shown that Ms. Doe was improving her pupil relations skills and student expectations. She related to each student directly and focused more on problem-solving. The Consulting Teacher feels that Ms. Doe is performing at a satisfactory level and recommends a positive release from PAR Intervention.

The PAR Panel concurs with the Consulting Teacher's recommendation to discontinue intervention services at this time. We extend to Ms. Doe our best wishes for success in her teaching career.

While in PAR Intervention, Ms. Doe was observed on 84 occasions by the Consulting Teacher. The Consulting Teacher conducted 20 conferences with Ms. Doe, seven with administrative staff and three with union representatives. During these conferences, observations were discussed, goals were set, progress toward goals was monitored, and a variety of resources were provided.

Respectfully submitted by the Peer Assistance and Povious Painel

-
ead and received a copy of this report.

Performance Terms



Teaching Performance

The intern writes daily lesson plans that align with the State Learning Competencies (SLC) / current curriculum guide; implements classroom teaching strategies, activities and assessments that promote student achievement of the State Learning Competencies (SLC) / current curriculum guide; maintains a safe, friendly and mutually respectful environment conducive to student learning and development; uses writing, listening and speaking skills to convey the instructional material in a developmentally appropriate manner; and demonstrates mastery of the subject matter to achieve the instructional objective.

Pupil Relations

The intern demonstrates a professional interest in students and shows concern for their safety and well-being; treats all students fairly and is cognizant of the uniqueness of the individual; and selects activities, strategies, assignments and assessments to allow for the growth and development of all students.

Management Activities

The intern effectively manages student discipline and overall student safety; allocates time for the purpose of maximizing the learning process; effectively develops, implements and manages records, reports and student work; and manages classroom facilities, materials and equipment in a safe and organized manner.

Overall Value to the School Program

The intern conveys clear and accurate knowledge of the school's mission statement; has a positive impact on the school program; and promptly and completely complies with directives, school rules and reasonable requests.

Professional Characteristics

The intern demonstrates professional attitude, integrity, conduct and appearance within the educational environment.

Staff Relations

The intern exhibits a collegial and professional relationship with all staff.

Parent-Community Relations

The intern demonstrates the ability to convey the school's mission, objectives, program and policies to parents and the community, and maintains positive and productive parent contact.

Professional Development

The intern utilizes opportunities for professional study and growth and employs ongoing reflection throughout the teaching/learning process.

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1420 SW Arrowhead Road • Topeka, Kansas 66604-4024 785-273-3600

Testimony on H. B. 2247 before the House Education Committee

by

Patricia E Baker, Deputy Executive Director/General Counsel Kansas Association of School Boards

February 10, 2005

Madam Chair, Members of the Committee, KASB strongly supports H.B. 2247.

Many children in the custody of SRS are children in need of special services at school. Whether these children are in need of such services or are able to participate in the regular educational program, the more quickly schools can review student records and provide appropriate educational experiences, the more quickly they can help students. When there are long or frequent delays in obtaining needed information regarding students – the students suffer.

Information from our members is anecdotal as to the number of children transferring within or between districts as a result of decisions by SRS. However, it is clear that there are a sufficient number to warrant requiring a rapid transfer of records as well as a review of the number and circumstances of these transfers.

Thank you.

House Education Committee

Date: 2-/0-05

Attachment # 4

Kansas Department of Social and Rehabilitation Services Gary Daniels, Acting Secretary

House Education Committee February 10, 2005

HB 2247 - Transfer of School Records

Representative Decker and members of the committee, I am Candy Shively, Deputy Secretary with Social and Rehabilitation Services (SRS). Thank you for the opportunity to appear today to discuss HB 2247.

HB 2247 places responsibility for the transfer of school records on the Secretary of SRS when a child in foster care transfers from one school to another. The bill also requires an annual report to the legislature which tracks the date the records transfer is requested and when records are received. While SRS supports the immediate transfer of school records to facilitate the ability of schools to meet the educational needs of these children, a system is already in place to facilitate the transfer.

SRS, the Department of Education and the Juvenile Justice Authority (JJA) collaborated to develop the Educational Enrollment Information Form (EEIF), which provides schools with essential information about students in out of home placement at the time of their enrollment. This form has been in use since 2001.

These same agencies also collaborated on a web-based system, the Foster Care Database. The data base includes the same information as the paper form, plus Individualized Educational Plan (IEP) data. Schools, SRS and JJA have access to the data base. The database was implemented at the beginning of the 2003-2004 school year.

Early in the implementation phase, it was discovered many schools were unaware of the database and some were precluded from using it because they did not have access to the internet. As a result, the paper process continues to be used in addition to the database. Department of Education staff provide information about the database to schools and encourage schools who have internet access to replace the paper process with the database.

SRS, JJA, and Department of Education continue to strongly support use of the Foster Care Database as the best means to ensure timely transfer of records. Meeting the educational needs of foster children is a shared value for state agencies, contract agencies and local schools.

SRS' new child welfare contracts which begin July 1, 2005, require contractors to keep children in the same school whenever possible. This new requirement should reduce the number of record transfers and benefit children.

Thank you for the opportunity to provide input on HB 2247. I would be happy to respond to questions.

House Education Committee
Date: 2-/0-05
Attachment # 5-/

Kansas Department of

Social and Rehabilitation Services

Gary J. Daniels, Acting Secretary

House Education Committee February 10, 2005

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