Approved:	February 14, 2005
	Date

MINUTES OF THE SENATE WAYS AND MEANS COMMITTEE

The meeting was called to order by Chairman Dwayne Umbarger at 10:30 A.M. on January 31, 2005 in Room 123-S of the Capitol.

All members were present.

Committee staff present:

Norman Furse, Revisor of Statutes

Jill Wolters, Senior Assistant, Revisor of Statutes

Alan Conroy, Director, Kansas Legislative Research Department

J. G. Scott, Kansas Legislative Research Department

Mary Galligan, Kansas Legislative Research Department

Audrey Dunkel, Kansas Legislative Research Department

Susan Kannarr, Kansas Legislative Research Department

Matt Spurgin, Kansas Legislative Research Department

Judy Bromich, Administrative Analyst

Mary Shaw, Committee Secretary

Conferees appearing before the committee:

Dr. Robert Day, Director of Health Planning and Finance, Governor's Office

Others attending:

See attached list.

Chairman Umbarger referred the following bills to subcommittees:

SB 84- Appropriations for FY 2006 for the Department of Health and Environment, 340B federal drug pricing program was referred to the Kansas Department of Health and Environment Subcommittee.

<u>SB 85– Appropriations for FY 2006 for the Department of Social and Rehabilitation Services, breast reconstructive surgery</u> was referred to the Kansas Department of Social and Rehabilitation Services Subcommittee.

<u>SB 95– KPERS, retirement benefit options for spouse of member in certain circumstances</u> was referred to the KPERS Issues Subcommittee.

SB 99- Retirement plan for certain employees of State Board of Regents and certain educational institutions thereunder was referred to the KPERS Issues Subcommittee.

Chairman Umbarger welcomed Dr. Robert Day, Director of Health Planning and Finance, Governor's Office, who presented an overview of the ERO 33 and I-Save Rx, Governor's Health Care Initiative, Healthy Kansas (Attachment 1). Dr. Day addressed Kansas Medicaid and provided a brief overview of the following items:

- Medicaid is second only to public education in the number of citizens impacted by its services.
- In a twelve-month period, Medicaid and SCHIP will cover 350,000 Kansans.
- Preventive services comprise a small portion of total health care expenditures.
- Costs in Medicaid and SCHIP are driven by acute and chronic illnesses.
- When people are sick, they seek care.
- Without insurance, that care is provided in the most expensive setting.

CONTINUATION SHEET

MINUTES OF THE Senate Ways and Means Committee at 10:30 A.M. on January 31, 2005 in Room 123-S of the Capitol.

- Health insurance costs reflect, in part, the costs of uncompensated care.
- Health care spending is projected to grow from 14.1 percent of GDP in 2001 to 17 percent GDP in 2007.

Dr. Day provided a brief overview of the Governor's Health Care Initiative including the following items:

- Contain costs by streamlining the Health Care System
- Affordable health insurance options for small businesses
- Coverage and preventative care for Kansas children
- Health Wave for children of low income state employees
- Provide coverage to low-wage working parents
- Provide access to lower-cost prescription drugs
- Taking steps together to be healthy

Committee questions and discussion followed.

The meeting adjourned at 11:50 p.m. The next meeting is scheduled for February 1, 2005.

SENATE WAYS AND MEANS GUEST LIST

Date <u>January</u> 31, 2005

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NAME	REPRESENTING						
Robbie Berry	JOA - HS						
Cope Sychen	Hi. Law Firm						
my ampsell	Kansus Mensul dealth Coalities						
Reith Haxton	SEAK						
Caroly middender	Ks St Ds Assn						
DEBOYLAN STEVEN	KS. HOSP. ASSN -						
Jared Holroyd	SRS/Medicaid						
Coulie Juguas	DOB						
Cay Dans	Su 5KS						
Lucas Bell	Kenney and Associates						
Dan Hennes	DCCCA, INC.						
Scott Brune	5R5 - Medical Policy Medical						
Can Young 1	DofA						
tand Johnson	PACIC						
Andy Sames	KAPE						
Odie Tours	312CK						
Showe miller	Damron & Associates						
Ludy Grass	School Vauls as of Karson						
Glanstle Myers	School Natrition assoc of K5.						
Pat Huhlell	Phima						
Mike Hammond	Assoc. of Coudle of K						
Corrie Phillell	KFMC						
Kelly Grenniko	KNOA						

SENATE WAYS AND MEANS GUEST LIST

Date January 31, 2005

V	V
NAME	REPRESENTING
Sheli Sweeney	Assoc. of Comm. mental Health CAS
Dodie Welshear Johnson	Patrick T Herley & Co.
Tutruel Durley	1 (1
mike Huttles	KGC
Tanya Dorf	KACIL
Speart bittle	Little Got. Relations
Kaelyn Seymar	Septem (Joseph (Joseph)
Genny Davis	Conlee Consultring
Chip Wheelen	Asin of Osteopathic Med.
Ryan G. M	
Cheryl Dillard	Covertry Dealth Care
John Peterson	Ks Governd Consulting
Srad Amost	Fire
Tom Bruno	ED5
Duone Goossen	DOB
Bud Busker	Eli Lilly
LINAA LULEUSKI	KS HOME CARE USSOO
RUSSELL MILLS	GACHES
Bon Gaches	ROSC
Joshua Freeman Mo	Dept of Family Medicine, KVMC, KC also KAFP "Doctor of The Day"

Kansas Medicaid 101

Robert M. Day, Ph.D., Director

Governor's Office of

Health Planning and Finance

January 31, 2005

Kansas Medicaid 101

- Medicaid is second only to public education in the number of citizens impacted by its services.
- In a twelve-month period, Medicaid and SCHIP will cover 350,000 Kansans.
- Preventive services comprise a small portion of total health care expenditures.
- Costs in Medicaid and SCHIP are driven by acute and chronic illness.

Senate Ways and 1 Means 1-31-05 Attachment 1

Kansas Medicaid 101

- When people are sick, they seek care.
- Without insurance, that care is provided in the most expensive setting.
- Health insurance costs reflect, in part, the costs of uncompensated care.
- Health care spending is projected to grow from 14.1 percent of GDP in 2001 to 17 percent of GDP in 2007.

The State of Health Care Today

- Health care is a unique marketplace influenced by:
 - Information asymmetry
 - Third party payer competition
 - Lack of true competitive market based on price and quality
 - "Moral hazard"

What Drives the Cost of Health Care?

Utilization

 People access increasing amounts of health care (New Technologies)

Price

- Inpatient hospital costs are rising at 8.3 percent per year
- Kansas Medicaid average Rx costs has increased from \$40 in 1995 to \$53 in 2003

Medicaid/MediKan Budget, FY 2005

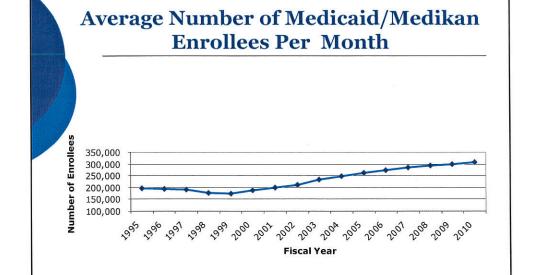
State Dollars \$712,802,390

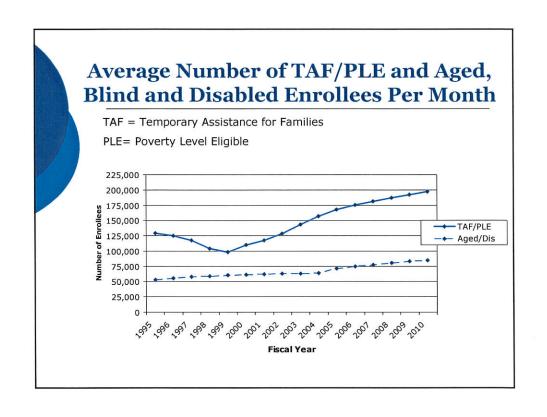
Federal Dollars \$1,401,867,610

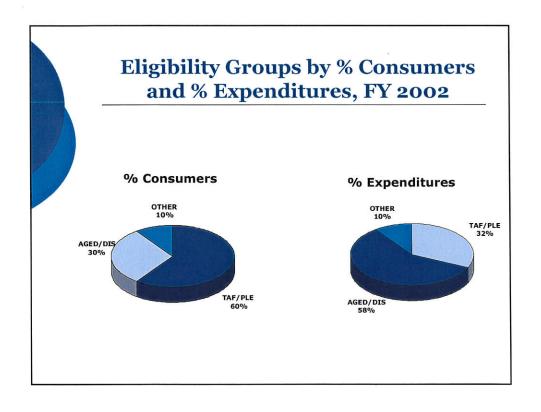
Total = \$2,114,670,000

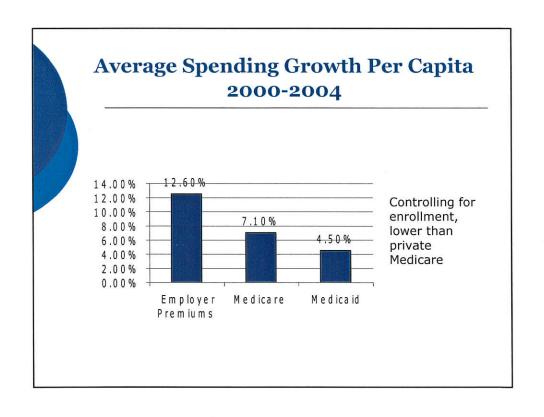
Counties that Receive the Greatest Amount of Funding

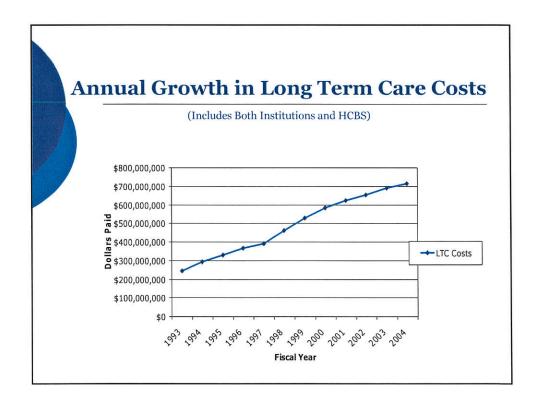
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Greeley GL	Wichita WH	Scott	Lane LE	Ness NS	Rush RH	Barton BT	EW	SA McFherson	DK Marion	MR	Lyon	os	Franklin FR Anderson	Miani MI Unn
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orten MT	Stevens SV	Seward SW	Meade ME	Clark CA	Comanche	Barber BA	Harpe HP	s Summ	1077	owley Ch	EK autauqu CO	ontgom-	Labette y LB	Cherokes CK

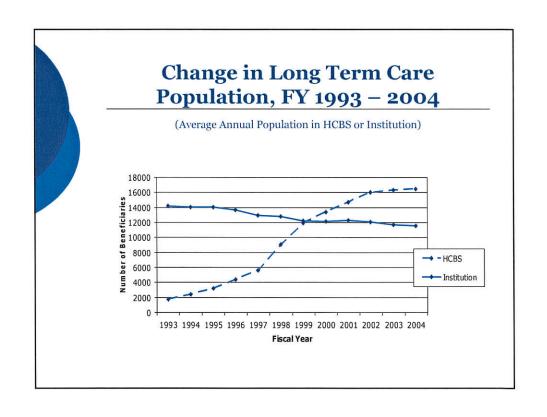


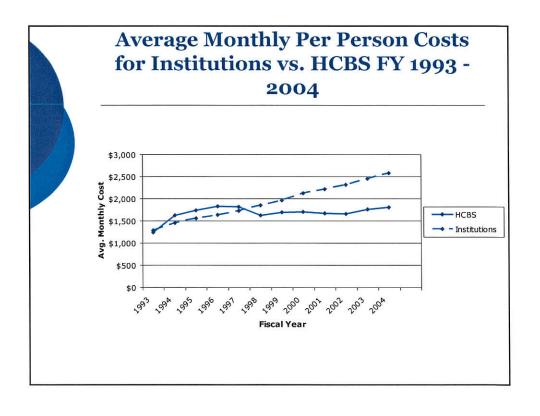


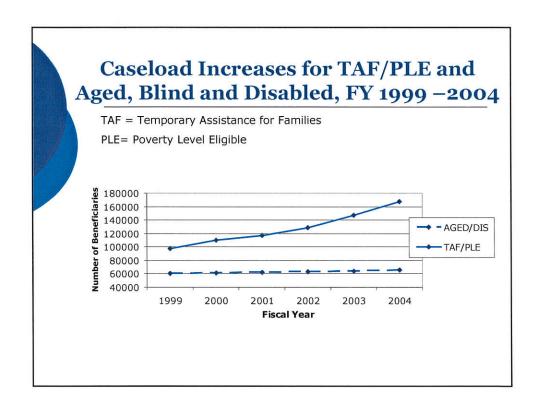


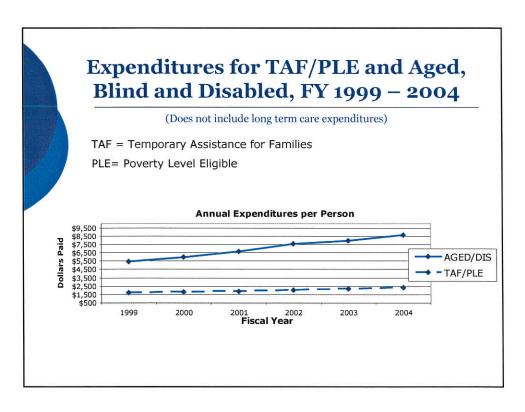


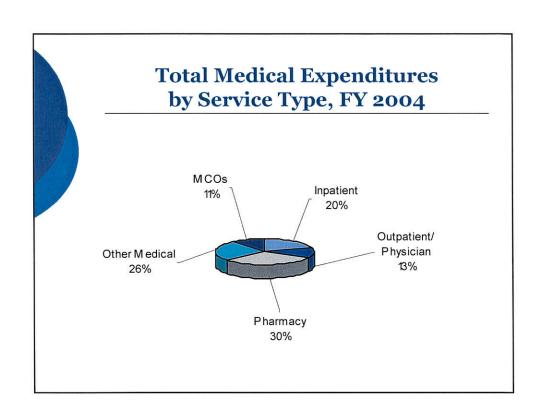


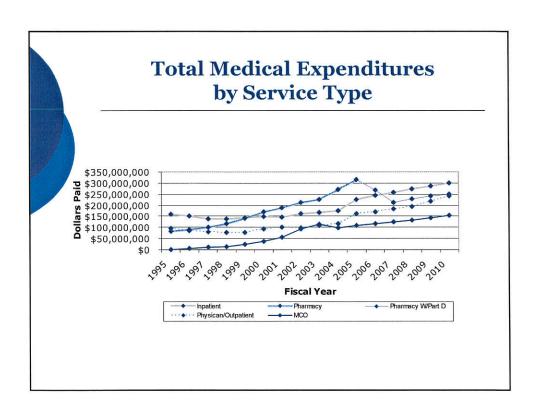












The Uninsured

Based on the 2001 HRSA Study:

- 96 percent of the uninsured live in a household where someone is employed.
- Two-thirds of the uninsured who work are employed in a small business (50 or less) and make 200 percent or less of the federal poverty level.
- Of the 56,000 children who are uninsured,
 40,000 qualify for existing programs.

The Uninsured Continued

- Uncompensated care for the uninsured results in \$224 million of added cost to commercial insurance in Kansas.
- The total estimated cost of state employee health insurance for a family of four is over \$16,000 (includes all premium, co-pay and deductibles).
- In 1987, 8 percent of median family income was required to buy a family health insurance policy.
- o In 2003, the cost was 17 percent.

Governor's Health Care Initiative

Healthy KANSAS

Contain Costs by Streamlining the Health Care System

- Health Care Cost Containment Commission
- Combine the state's \$1.6 billion in purchasing power into the division of Health Policy and Finance for real costsaving reforms.

Cost Neutral

Affordable Health Insurance Options for Small Businesses

- Small businesses will be able to offer insurance coverage to employees through the Business Health Policy Committee.
- Small Business given an affordable new private insurance choice that will allow them to pool their resources.

Cost: \$12 Million

Coverage and Preventative Care for Kansas Children

- Enroll more than 40,000 children who are eligible for HealthWave coverage but not currently receiving service.
- Enrolled through a process known as Presumptive Eligibility.

Cost: \$9.5 Million

HealthWave for Children of Low Income State Employees

- Currently, due to federal law, state employees with household incomes that qualify them for HealthWave are not eligible for it.
- HealthyKansas will establish a pilot project to help those state employees get health coverage for their children.

Cost: \$2.5 Million

Provide Coverage to Low-Wage Working Parents

- Increase the eligibility guidelines from 37 percent of the federal poverty level (FPL) to 100 percent.
- Reduce the amount of uncompensated care provided to uninsured Kansans.

Cost: \$25 Million

Provide Access to Lower-Cost Prescription Drugs

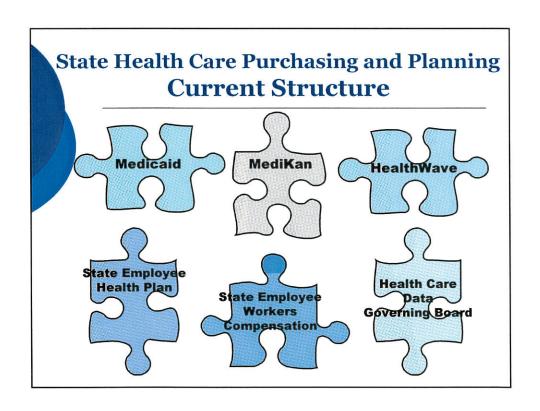
- Work with Kansas pharmacies to provide low-cost, generic drugs to low-wage working Kansans.
- Establish prescription drug resource center to help Kansas seniors and the uninsured access free and reduced-price medications.
- I-Save Rx Program

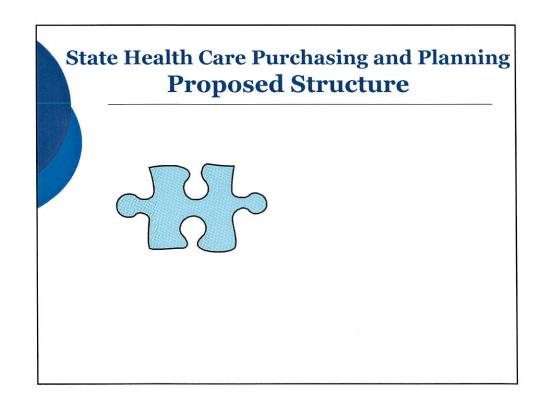
Cost: \$500,000

Taking Steps Together to Be Healthy

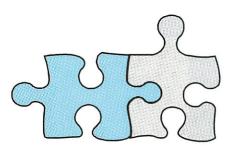
- Address chronic health problems, such as obesity and tobacco use.
- KDHE will work with schools, business, education, and other community leaders to help Kansans increase physical activity, avoid tobacco use, and eat healthy.

Cost: \$500,000

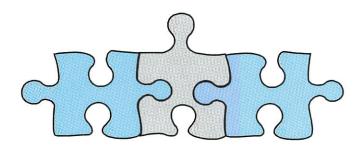




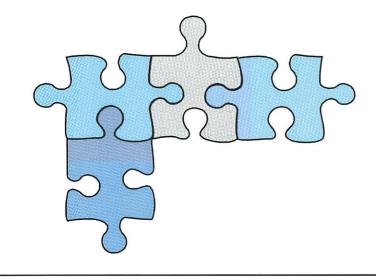
State Health Care Purchasing and Planning Proposed Structure



State Health Care Purchasing and Planning **Proposed Structure**



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State Health Care Purchasing and Planning **Proposed Structure**

