Approved: _	February	9,	2006
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Date

### MINUTES OF THE HOUSE HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES COMMITTEE

The meeting was called to order by Chairman Jim Morrison at 1:30 P.M. on February 8, 2006, in Room 526-S of the Capitol.

All members were present except Representatives Watkins and Landwehr, both of whom were excused.

## Committee staff present:

Melissa Calderwood, Kansas Legislative Research Department Mary Galligan, Kansas Legislative Research Department Renae Jefferies, Revisor of Statutes' Office Gary Deeter, Committee Secretary

## Conferees appearing before the committee:

Debra Zehr, Executive Vice President, Kansas Association for Homes and Services for the Aging

Bruce Linhos, Executive Director, Children's Alliance of Kansas Terri Roberts, Executive Director, Kansas State Nurses Association Diane Glynn, Practice Specialist, Kansas State Board of Nursing Jerry Slaughter, Executive Director, Kansas Medical Society

# Others attending:

See attached list (not available on electronic copy).

## The minutes for the February 7 meeting were approved.

The Chair opened the hearing on <u>HB 2452</u> and welcomed Debra Zehr, Executive Vice President, Kansas Association of Homes and Services for the Aging, who spoke as a proponent for the bill. (<u>Attachment 1</u>) She said that employment information is crucial in hiring individuals who care for those with fragile health. She referenced <u>Attachment 2</u>, saying that the suggested amendments narrowed the information the Board of Nursing would be permitted to collect, specifying only the date of employment and the date of termination, with no accompanying narrative, noting that the amendment shortens the number of days allowed for the report to be filed and expands those employees who are required to report, concluding by saying that the bill will better protect the public.

Terri Roberts, Executive Director, Kansas State Nurses Association, testified as an opponent, commenting that the bill was poorly written and imposes reporting by licensees, but not nursing homes or hospitals. (Attachment 3) She said the Kansas Board of Nursing is limited to licensing and disciplinary functions. Further, the proposed registry would be available to "potential employers" who could view information even if they were not making employment decisions. She concluded by saying that the bill lays an onerous responsibility on the board and serves no useful public purpose.

Diane Glynn, Practice Specialist, Kansas State Board of Nursing, commented that the bill would have a significant fiscal impact on the Board of Nursing, increasing expenditures an estimated \$42,000 in FY06 and \$70,000 in FY07 as well as requiring an additional 1.5 FTE. (Attachment 4) She noted that the board is presently at the statutory cap for license application and renewal fees, the major source of income for the board.

Jerry Slaughter, Executive Director, Kansas Medical Society, spoke in opposition to the bill, saying that it imposes a time-consuming and expensive legal duty on physicians who employ nurses. (Attachment 5)

Conferees answered members' questions. Ms. Roberts commented that, although circumstances related to the impaired provider program inspired the bill, the proposed registry would do little to remedy employees who divert drugs, since many are not in the program. Ms. Zehr said that completed disciplinary actions are a matter of public record through the board. Two members suggested an alternative: gathering the information through the license renewal process. Ms. Roberts said a data sheet developed by the Health Care Data Governing Board might be made accessible to the board.

A fiscal note was provided for members. (Attachment 6)

The Chair closed the hearing on HB 2452 and opened the hearing on HB 2497

Chris Ross-Baze, Program Director, Bureau of Child Care and Health Facilities, testified in support of the bill (Attachment 7) and offered a balloon amendment. (Attachment 8) She said the Kansas Department of Health and Environment (KDHE) is responsible for licensing family foster homes to ensure that children in the state's custody are cared for by persons who are qualified to meet their needs, a process that includes background checks regarding criminal history and the child abuse registry on family members and other caregivers. Further, an assessment by the child placement agency is required to evaluate the prospective foster family and also to determine if the family would qualify as an adoptive family. However, some information is statutorily prohibited from being shared between KDHE and a placement agency. This bill would remove that prohibition and, through the proposed amendment, would allow fingerprinting for prospective families new to the state, clarify authority to obtain information, and add a prohibition for a conviction of conspiracy.

Answering questions, Ms. Ross-Baze said fingerprinting would be done by local law-enforcement agencies and the records sent to the Kansas Bureau of Investigation, then to KDHE, and then to a placement agency. A member suggested that allowing unredacted information might create more responsibility that a child-placement agency wanted and that the generic term "determined by a finding" (Section 1[3]) may slight the adjudication process by being too vague.

Bruce Linhos, Executive Director, Children's Alliance, spoke in favor of the bill, saying the bill would streamline the process to enable agencies to receive information quickly. (Attachment 9)

Melissa Ness, Advocacy Coordinator, St. Francis Academy, testified as a proponent for the bill.

(Attachment 10) She said the bill gets important information to agencies in a timely way but maintains confidentiality.

A fiscal note was provided for the committee members. (Attachment 11)

Staff Melissa Calderwood provided a briefing on <u>HB 2342</u>, which allows a determination and pronouncement of death by advanced registered nurse practitioners and registered professional nurses in adult care homes and licensed hospices; she stated the bill creates new law allowing specified nurses to act in the absence of a physician. She noted certain limitations in the bill for organ donors or if the person died of other than natural causes. Answering a question, she said only a physician could sign a death certificate. A fiscal note was provided. (<u>Attachment 12</u>)

The meeting was adjourned at 2:52 p.m. The next meeting is scheduled for Thursday, February 9, 2006.

# HOUSE HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES COMMITTEE GUEST LIST

DATE: February 8 2006

, NAME	REPRESENTING
Mare Blogs	KSBN
Melisso Sah	KDR
Bety Wright	K S. dental Board
Kellytuneel	Washburn University
Crystal Acker	Washbum University
Doug Smith	Pinegar, Smith and Associates Inc
Steve Solomon	TFI Family Services
Chio Ken Bge	KDHE
Debra Zehr	KAHSI
DOBOTTAN STERN	KUA
marlakhoden	KDHE
Shelles Duncas	youth ville
Cynthia Smith	V SCL Heath System
Terri Kobeas	Ks. State Nurses Assn.
Duce Laks	Children's alliana



To: Representative Jim Morrison, Chair, and Members

House Health and Human Services Committee

From: Debra Zehr, Executive Vice President

Date: February 8, 2006

# **Testimony in support of House Bill 2452**

Thank you, Chairman Morrison and Members of the Committee, for this opportunity to testify on House Bill 2452.

The Kansas Association of Homes and Services for the Aging (KAHSA) represents 160 not-for-profit nursing homes, retirement communities, hospital long-term care units, assisted living facilities, senior housing and community service providers serving over 20,000 older Kansans every day.

As major employers of licensed nurses who are responsible for the care of thousands of vulnerable elderly people, KAHSA members need complete employment information to assist them in making appropriate employment decisions. To the extent that House Bill 2452 would provide that vital information, we support it. At the same time, we believe that some of the provisions of the bill are too far-reaching, and we would like to offer some amendments to:

- Narrow the type of information that the Board can collect;
- 2. Shorten the number of days that employers have to report employment/termination from 30 to 10 days; and
- 3. Expand the types of employers that are required to report this information to include not only hospitals, but also adult care homes, home health agencies and other employers of nurses and LMHT's.

Please see the attached balloon for more details.

With these amendments, the bill would permit the Board of Nursing to collect licensee employment and termination dates from health care providers and licensees, and to report that information to prospective employers.

Thank you for your consideration of this bill. I would be happy to answer questions.

785.233.7443 fax 785.233.9471 217 S.E. 8th Avenue, Topeka, KS 66603-3906 kahsa.org kahsainfo.org

A state affiliate of the American Association of Homes & Services for the Aging

A Hackment / HHS 2-8-06 Session of 2005

# **HOUSE BILL No. 2452**

By Committee on Judiciary

AN ACT concerning the board of nursing; relating to a central registry of information concerning licensees; amending K.S.A. 65-1117 and 65-4205 and repealing the existing sections.

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Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

New Section 1. (a) The executive administrator of the board of nursing shall establish and maintain a central registry of all nurses licensed pursuant to article 11 of chapter 65 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto, and all mental health technicians licensed pursuant to article 42 of chapter 65 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto. The purpose of the registry is to be a resource for health care providers, who employ licensed nurses or licensed mental health technicians, or both, when reviewing employment applications of such nurses or technicians. The registry shall be made available only to those health care providers who employ licensed nurses or licensed mental health technicians, or both.

(b) The administrator shall provide forms for registration and shall-refuse any registration not submitted on such form in full detail.

(c) Within 30 days of termination or resignation of employment, every health care provider shall submit the name of any licensed nurse or licensed mental health technician terminated or resigned from employment.

(d) Upon termination or resignation, the health care provider chall include a report explaining the circumstances under which the licensed nurse or licensed mental health technician resigned or was terminated. The report shall be available to any health care provider to which such nurse or mental health technician later applies for a position as a nurse or mental health technician. Such nurse or mental health technician may submit a written statement in response to the termination or resignation and any such statement shall be included in the registry file concerning such nurse or mental health technician. The health care provider shall-send-a copy of the report and notice that the nurse or mental health technician may submit a statement in response to the report to such nurse or mental health technician at the last known address of such nurse or mental health technician by first class mail. The administrator shall adopt a format for the termination report.

collect employment verification information on

The employment verification information shall include the employment date and termination date of individuals licensed by the board of nursing.

10 calendar days

employment

Attachment 2 HHS 2-8-06 5

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- (e) The board of nursing, any officer or employee of the board of nursing, health care provider or any employee of the health care provider shall be absolutely immune from civil liability:
  - (1) For the report made in accordance with subsection (d);
- (2) when responding in writing to a written request concerning a current or former nurse or mental health technician from a prospective health care provider of that nurse or mental health technician for the report made in accordance with subsection (d) and for the disclosure of such report; and
- (3) for the maintenance and distribution of information in the central registry.
- (f) An employer or prospective employer shall not further disclose any information received from the central registry.
- (g) The board of nursing may adopt rules and regulations to implement the provisions of this section.
- (h) As used in this section, "health care provider" has the meaning ascribed thereto in K.S.A. 65-4921, and amendments thereto

Sec. 2. K.S.A. 65-1117 is hereby amended to read as follows: 65-1117. (a) All licenses issued under the provisions of this act, whether initial or renewal, shall expire every two years. The expiration date shall be established by the rules and regulations of the board. The board shall mail an application for renewal of license to every registered professional nurse and licensed practical nurse at least 60 days prior to the expiration date of such person's license. Every person so licensed who desires to renew such license shall file with the board, on or before the date of expiration of such license, a renewal application together with the prescribed biennial renewal fee. Every licensee who is no longer engaged in the active practice of nursing may so state by affidavit and submit such affidavit with the renewal application. An inactive license may be requested along with payment of a fee which shall be fixed by rules and regulations of the board. Except for the first renewal period following licensure by examination or for the first nine months following licensure by reinstatement or endorsement, the board shall require every licensee with an active nursing license to submit with the renewal application evidence of satisfactory completion of a program of continuing nursing education required by the board. The board by duly adopted rules and regulations shall establish the requirements for such program of continuing nursing education. Continuing nursing education means learning experiences intended to build upon the educational and experiential bases of the registered professional and licensed practical nurse for the enhancement of practice, education, administration, research or theory development to the end of improving the health of the public. Upon receipt of such application,

payment of fee, upon receipt of the evidence of satisfactory completion

K.S.A. 39-923, and amendments thereto, K.S.A. 65-5101, and amendments thereto.

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of the required program of continuing nursing education and upon being satisfied that the applicant meets the requirements set forth in K.S.A. 65-1115 or 65-1116 and amendments thereto in effect at the time of initial licensure of the applicant, the board shall verify the accuracy of the application and grant a renewal license.

(b) Any person who fails to secure a renewal license within the time specified herein may secure a reinstatement of such lapsed license by making verified application therefor on a form provided by the board, by rules and regulations, and upon furnishing proof that the applicant is competent and qualified to act as a registered professional nurse or licensed practical nurse and by satisfying all of the requirements for reinstatement including payment to the board of a reinstatement fee as established by the board. A reinstatement application for licensure will be held awaiting completion of such documentation as may be required, but such application shall not be held for a period of time in excess of that specified in rules and regulations.

(c) Within 30 days of initial employment, each licensee shall notify the board in writing of the place of employment. Each licensee shall notify the board in writing of a change in name or, address or employment within 30 days of the change. Failure to so notify the board shall not constitute a defense in an action relating to failure to renew a license, nor shall it constitute a defense in any other proceeding.

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Sec. 3. K.S.A. 65-4205 is hereby amended to read as follows: 65-4205. (a) The board shall mail an application for renewal of license to all licensed mental health technicians at least 60 days prior to the expiration date of December 31. Every mental health technician who desires to renew a license shall file with the board, on or before December 31 of even-numbered years, a renewal application together with the prescribed renewal fee. Every licensee who is no longer engaged in the active practice of mental health technology may so state by affidavit and submit such affidavit with the renewal application. An inactive license may be requested along with payment of a fee as determined by rules and regulations of the board.

Except for the first renewal period following licensure by examination or for the first nine months following licensure by reinstatement or endorsement, the board shall require every licensee with an active mental health technology license to submit with the renewal application evidence of satisfactory completion of a program of continuing education required by the board. The board by duly adopted rules and regulations shall establish the requirements for such program of continuing education. Continuing education means learning experiences intended to build upon the educational and experiential bases of the licensed mental health technician for the enhancement of practice, education, administration, research

or theory development to the end of improving the health of the public. Upon receipt of such application and evidence of satisfactory completion of the required program of continuing education and upon being satisfied that the applicant meets the requirements set forth in K.S.A. 65-4203 and amendments thereto in effect at the time of initial licensure of the applicant, the board shall verify the accuracy of the application and grant a renewal license.

(b) Any licensee who fails to secure a renewal license within the time specified may secure a reinstatement of such lapsed license by making verified application therefor on a form prescribed by the board together with the prescribed reinstatement fee and, satisfactory evidence as required by the board that the applicant is presently competent and qualified to perform the responsibilities of a mental health technician and of satisfying all the requirements for reinstatement. A reinstatement application for licensure will be held awaiting completion of such documentation as may be required, but such application shall not be held for a period of time in excess of that specified in rules and regulations.

(c) Within 30 days of initial employment, each licensee shall notify the board in writing of the place of employment. Each licensee shall notify the board in writing of a change in name or, address or employment within 30 days of the change. Failure to so notify the board shall not constitute a defense in an action relating to failure to renew a license, nor shall it constitute a defense in any other proceeding.

Sec. 4. K.S.A. 65-1117 and 65-4205 are hereby repealed.

Sec. 5. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after January 1, 2006, and its publication in the statute book.

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ksna@ksna.net

TERRI ROBERTS, J.D., R.N. EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

> Terri Roberts J.D., R.N. troberts@ksna.net

# H.B. 2452 Establishing a Central Registry at the Board of Nursing: Terminations and Employment

February 8, 2006

Chairman Morrison and members of the House Health and Human Services Committee, I am Terri Roberts, the Executive Director of the Kansas State Nurses Association. KSNA reviewed this bill last year when it was introduced and talked with our leaders throughout the state if there was support for a registry of this type. We have found little interest by the nursing profession or employers of licensed nurses for establishing this new function for the regulators.

The current role and function of the Kansas State Board of Nursing is limited to licensing and disciplining nurses and regulating programs of study to become RN's, LPN's, LMHT'S and ARNP's. Adding this component of making the agency record and then verify for the public a licensed nurses employment history (status) does not align itself with the role of a "regulatory agency". Generally and specifically KSNA is not supportive of this proposed legislation.

New Section 1 creates the new role and function of designing a form to report licensed nurses voluntary resignations or terminations, making it available, collecting the forms, assembling the data, then "presumably" making this information available to the public in some fashion. The section does not clearly state how much of the information would be shared, nor how "potential employers" would be identified. This appears to permit any employer of licensed nurses total access to all names and information in the registry, even if it is not being used for making an "employment" decision.

Why if the registry is necessary do only "prospective employers have access?" What about with the licensee, will he/she have access to what is in the "registry".

According to Kansas employment laws, unless a licensed nurse has an employment contract, he/she is an employee "at will". This means that they can be terminated for any reason (except constitutionally protected discrimination), or no reason. We suspect that the authors of the bill "presumed" that termination was for "cause", when that may not be the case.

Another troubling aspect of this bill is section (e) on page line 1 which absolutely limits civil liability for those working with the registry, and providing data to the registry. With such high level protections in place for those reporting, we believe that abuses of the registry are much more likely to occur. There are no penalties in the bill for reporters who make false statements. The only opportunity the licensee has it to provide a statement after receiving notice from their employer that a report has been made. What if the reporter never notifies the licensee?, and what would be the motivation to notify a licensee to provide a statement. With no penalty clause, then an employer has nothing to lose by not notifying a terminated nurse and letting the record go uncontested in the registry.

We cannot support this "central registry" function of the Board of Nursing and ask that you not pass this bill out Attacheust 3 HHS 2-8-08 favorably. Thank You.

To:

Representative Jim Morrison, Chairperson

Members of the Health and Human Services Committee

From:

Diane Glynn, JD, RN

Practice Specialist

Kansas State Board of Nursing

Date:

February 7, 2006

Subject:

HB 2452

Good afternoon Mr. Chair and members of the committee. The Board of Nursing discussed 2452 last year when it was introduced. Our testimony will only pertain to the fiscal impact this bill will have on the Board of Nursing. As this bill is written it is estimated that the cost would increase expenditures by \$42,000 in FY06 and \$70,000 in FY07. We estimate that an additional 1.5 FTE positions would be necessary to handle the increase workload associated with maintaining the central registry. Because the Board of Nursing is a fee funded agency, these added expenditures would lower the fee fund balance. The estimates from the Legislative Research Department reveals that the fee fund ending balance for FY06 at \$221,083 and FY07 at \$177,651. KSBN is currently at caps on all renewals and initial licensure fees and would be unable to raise fees in those areas. Revenue from renewals is a majority of the income for KSBN.

Attachment 4 HHS 2-8-06



623 SW 10<sup>th</sup> Avenue Topeka KS 66612-1627 785.235.2383 800.332.0156 fax 785.235.5114

www.KMSonline.org

To:

House Health and Human Services Committee

From:

Jerry Slaughter

**Executive Director** 

Subject:

HB 2452; concerning the board of nursing registry

Date:

February 8, 2006

The Kansas Medical Society appreciates the opportunity to submit the following comments on HB 2452, which establishes a central registry of nurses' employment information. We question whether there is a true need for such a registry, and we do have significant concerns about the burden and duties this bill imposes on physicians who employ nurses.

Under the provisions of HB 2452, every physician who employs nurses would be required to submit a written report to the State Board of Nursing any time a nurse leaves that physician's employment, for whatever reason. In addition, the physician would then have to send a copy of their report to the nurse that left their employment. Additionally, since nurses would be able to submit a written response to the physician's report, that response would then have to be appended to the individual's personnel file, again requiring more time and administrative expense.

In summary, this bill places a time-consuming and expensive legal duty on physicians who employ nurses. Composing such reports, and then mailing them to the Board and the affected nurse will be an unnecessary burden on physician practices. While the bill does provide immunity for such reporting, it does nothing to relieve the cost and legal duty which will be imposed on physician practices in order to comply. For that reason, we must oppose the bill. We urge you to report HB 2452 unfavorably. Thank you for the opportunity to submit these comments.

Attach wort 5 HHS 2-8-06

#### March 1, 2005

The Honorable Jim Morrison, Chairperson House Committee on Health and Human Services Statehouse, Room 171-W Topeka, Kansas 66612

## Dear Representative Morrison:

SUBJECT: Fiscal Note for HB 2452 by House Committee on Judiciary

In accordance with KSA 75-3715a, the following fiscal note concerning HB 2452 is respectfully submitted to your committee.

HB 2452 would require the Kansas State Board of Nursing to establish and maintain a central registry of all nurses and mental health technicians licensed in the State of Kansas. The purpose of the registry would be to provide a resource for health care providers who employ nurses or licensed mental health technicians when they review employment applications.

	Estimate	ed State Fiscal Effe	ect	
	FY 2005	FY 2005	FY 2006	FY 2006
	SGF	All Funds	SGF	All Funds
Revenue				
Expenditure		\$42,061		\$70,123
FTE Pos.				1.50

The Kansas State Board of Nursing estimates that passage of HB 2452 would increase expenditures by \$42,061 in FY 2005 and \$70,123 in FY 2006 for salary and wage expenses, as well as contractual services. The Board estimates that an additional 1.50 FTE positions would be necessary to handle the increased workload associated with maintaining the central registry. Because the Kansas State Board of Nursing is a fee funded agency, these additional expenditures

Attachment 6 HHS 2-8-06 The Honorable Jim Morrison, Chairperson March 1, 2005 Page 2—2452

would lower projected fee fund balances. Any fiscal effect resulting from the passage of this bill would be in addition to amounts included in *The FY 2006 Governor's Budget Report*.

Sincerely,

Duane A. Goossen Director of the Budget

cc: Roberta Kellogg, Board of Nursing



RODERICK L. BREMBY, SECRETARY

KATHLEEN SEBELIUS, GOVERNOR

House Bill 2497 House Health and Human Services Committee By Christine Ross-Baze, Director Child Care Licensing and Registration Program Bureau of Child Care and Health Facilities

Kansas Department of Health and Environment February 8, 2006

Representative Morrison and members of the Health and Human Services Committee, I am here on behalf of the Department of Health and Environment to testify in support of HB 2497 concerning amendments to K.S.A. 65-516.

The Department of Health and Environment is responsible for licensing family foster homes to ensure that children in the state's custody are cared for by persons who are qualified to meet their needs. As part of the licensing process, the Department conducts criminal history and child abuse registry background checks on the members of the foster family and other caregivers. An assessment by the child placement agency is also required to determine if the family is qualified and capable of meeting the needs of children in foster care. This assessment process also includes a criminal history and child abuse registry background check.

In addition to assessing foster parents' abilities to care for children in foster care, child placement agencies dually assess foster parents for adoption as many foster parents adopt children in their care. Background checks are needed to complete the adoption assessment and are required to be a part of the adoption court record.

Over the last two years the Department, child placement agencies, foster parents and SRS have worked closely together in the Foster Care Network Best Team to review regulations and licensing and assessment processes to better protect children and to reduce unnecessary

duplication of efforts or barriers to families who wish to foster or foster to adopt. One of the recommendations is to permit the Department to share the results of the background check information in the Department's possession with the child placement agencies to reduce duplication of effort, and to give the agencies additional information to more thoroughly assess the families for foster care and adoption. The proposed amendments to K.S.A. 65-516 in HB 2497 accomplish this goal.

The Foster Parent Network Best Team also recommends the Department strengthen protections for children in rules and regulations by requiring out of state background checks on prospective foster parents under certain conditions, such as a prospective foster parent who has moved to Kansas within the last 5 years. In researching this issue, fingerprinting is required to complete out of state background checks. Because of the Best Team recommendation, the Department is proposing on the attached balloon that additional language be added to K.S.A. 65-516(d) to permit the Department to require submission of fingerprints for identification purposes and for determining compliance.

In the attached balloon the Department is also requesting language be updated to clarify authority to obtain information from other states and the federal government, to add a prohibition for a conviction of conspiracy to commit a prohibiting offense, to update the term "validation" of an SRS determination of a substantiated finding and to give the Department additional access to information in the possession of the KBI.

The passage of HB 2497 with the amendments in the attached balloon will provide children in foster care with additional protections and will provide additional background information to child placement agencies that will enable them to more effectively and efficiently assess the qualifications and abilities of persons who wish to care for children in foster care or who wish to foster and adopt.

Thank you for the opportunity to testify before you today. I am available to answer questions.

# **HOUSE BILL No. 2497**

By Committee on Appropriations 2-22

AN ACT concerning restrictions on persons maintaining or residing, working or volunteering at child care facilities or family day care homes; amending K.S.A. 65-516 and repealing the existing section. Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

Section 1. K.S.A. 65-516 is hereby amended to read as follows: 65-516. (a) No person shall knowingly maintain a child care facility or maintain a family day care home if, in the child care facility or family day care home, there resides, works or regularly volunteers any person who:

- (1) (A) Has a felony conviction for a crime against persons,
- (B) has a felony conviction under the uniform controlled substances act,
- (C) has a conviction of any act which is described in articles 34, 35 or 36 of chapter 21 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto or a conviction of an attempt under K.S.A. 21-3301 and amendments thereto to commit any such act,or (D) has been convicted of any act which is described in K.S.A. 21-4301 or 21-4301a and amendments thereto or similar

statutes of other states or the federal government;

(2) has been adjudicated a juvenile offender because of having committed an act which if done by an adult would constitute the commission of a felony and which is a crime against persons is any act described in articles 34, 35 or 36 of chapter 21 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto-

or is any act described in K.S.A. 21-4301 or 21-4301a and amendments thereto or similar statutes of other states or the federal government;

- (3) has committed an act of physical, mental or emotional abuse or neglect or sexual abuse as validated by the department of social and rehabilitation services pursuant to K.S.A. 38-1523 and amendments thereto and (A) the person has failed to successfully complete a corrective action plan which had been deemed appropriate and approved by the department of social and rehabilitation services, or (B) the record has not been expunged pursuant to rules and regulations adopted by the secretary of social and rehabilitation services;
- (4) has had a child declared in a court order in this or any other state to be deprived or a child in need of care based on an allegation of physical, mental or emotional abuse or neglect or sexual abuse;
- (5) has had parental rights terminated pursuant to the Kansas juvenile code or K.S.A. 38-1581 through 38-1584, and amendments thereto, or a

in this state or in other states or the federal government:

or a conviction of conspiracy under K.S.A. 21-3302 and amendments thereto to commit any such act, or similar statutes of other states or the federal government;

or similar statutes of other states or the federal government;

determined by a finding

similar statute of other states;

- (6) has signed a diversion agreement pursuant to K.S.A. 22-2906 *et seq.*, and amendments thereto, or an immediate intervention agreement pursuant to K.S.A. 38-1635 and amendments thereto involving a charge of child abuse or a sexual offense; or
- (7) has an infectious or contagious disease.
- (b) No person shall maintain a child care facility or a family day care home if such person has been found to be a person in need of a guardian or a conservator, or both, as provided in K.S.A. 2002 2004 Supp. 59-3050 through 59-3095, and amendments thereto.
- (c) Any person who resides in a child care facility or family day care home and who has been found to be in need of a guardian or a conservator, or both, shall be counted in the total number of children allowed in care.
- (d) In accordance with the provisions of this subsection (d), the secretary of health and environment shall have access to any court orders or adjudications of any court of record, any records of such orders or adjudications, -arrest and criminal history record information including, but not limited to, expungements and diversion agreements, in the possession of the Kansas bureau of investigation and any report of investigations as authorized by subsection (e) of K.S.A. 38-1523 and amendments thereto in the possession of the department of social and rehabilitation services or court of this state concerning persons working, regularly volunteering or residing in a child care facility or a family day care home. The secretary shall have access to these records and may require submission of fingerprints for identification purposes and for the purpose of determining whether or not the home meets the requirements of K.S.A. 65-503, 65-508, 65-516 and, 65-519 and 59-2132 and amendments thereto-(e) No child care facility or family day care home or the employees thereof, shall be liable for civil damages to any person refused employment or discharged from employment by reason of such facility's or home's compliance with the provisions of this section if such home acts in good faith to comply with this section. (f) For the purpose of subsection (a)(3), an act of abuse or neglect shall not be considered to have been validated determined to be a finding by the department of social and rehabilitation services unless the alleged perpetrator has: (1) Had an opportunity to be interviewed and present information during the investigation of the alleged act of abuse or neglect; and (2) been given notice of the agency decision and an opportunity to appeal such decision to the secretary and to the courts pursuant to the act for judicial review and civil enforcement of agency actions.
- (g) (1) The secretary of health and environment shall provide in writing

information available to the secretary to each child placement agency requesting information under this section, including the information provided by the Kansas bureau of investigation pursuant to this section, for the purpose of assessing the fitness of persons living, working or regularly volunteering in a family foster home under the child placement agency's sponsorship.

- (2) The child placement agency is considered to be a governmental entity and the designee of the secretary of health and environment for the purposes of obtaining, using and disseminating information obtained under this section.
- (3) The information shall be provided to the child placement agency regardless of whether the information discloses that the subject of the request has been convicted of any offense.
- (4) Whenever the information available to the secretary reveals that the subject of the request has no criminal history on record, the secretary shall provide notice thereof in writing to each child placement agency requesting information under this section.
- (5) Any staff person of a child placement agency who receives information under this subsection (g) shall keep such information confidential, except that the staff person may disclose such information to: (A) The person who is the subject of the request for information, (B) the applicant or operator of the family foster home in which the person lives, works or regularly volunteers, (C) the department of health and environment, (D) the department of social and rehabilitation services, (E) the juvenile justice authority, and (F) the courts.
- (6) A violation of the provisions of subsection (g)(5) shall be an unclassified misdemeanor punishable by a fine of \$100 for each violation.
- Sec. 2. K.S.A. 65-516 is hereby repealed.
- Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its publication in the statute book.



# Testimony in Support of HB 2497 House Health and Human Services Committee February 8, 2006

The Children's Alliance is the state's association of private non profit child welfare agencies. Member agencies provide an array of service for youth both in the custody of the Department of Social and Rehabilitation Services as well as those under the Juvenile Justice Authority. Services provided by member agencies include family preservation, foster care, group and residential treatment as well as specialized treatment services including drug and alcohol treatment. As an Association who many of its members serve youths in need of foster care services, we support the intent of HB 2497 to streamline the process of doing criminal justice checks on prospective foster parents.

Agencies must do a criminal background check through the KBI of all prospective foster and adoptive parents. Currently we have approximately 2,400 foster homes. This bill will help expedite the process by which the child placing agencies receive this information on the KBI checks. As we all know when someone is volunteering to be a foster family what we want is to help move them through the process as quickly and painlessly as possible. We believe that this bill will assist child placing agencies with this part of the licensing requirement.

We also see this as a part of what we hope will be a paperless system that will, in the near future, allow private agencies to submit and check on licensing information without duplicative data entry and the time lost in that process.

It is noted that this bill does not address the criminal background checks on prospective foster parents from other states that may move to Kansas. In order to have access to that information a national criminal background check would be necessary which would require the submission of finger print information. While our members feel that sometimes they would like national criminal background information on families that have resided in Kansas for only a short period of time, we are pleased and supportive of the advances this bill provides in making KBI reports more accessible to the child placing agencies.

Specifically, the
Testimony provided by:
Bruce Linhos
Executive Director
Children's Alliance of Kansas

A Hackment 9 HHS 2-8-06



# Testimony before the House Health and Human Services February 8th, 2006 Support for HB 2497: Secretary of KDHE Access to KBI Information

As one of the members of the Kansas Children's Alliance, St. Francis Academy provides a range of services to youth and their families from family preservation, foster care, drug and alcohol services, restorative justice programs, and residential services and supports and programs for sexually acting out youth.

As a licensed child placing agency we work directly with the Department of Health and Environment to ensure appropriate background checks are done through the Kansas Bureau of Investigation on all prospective foster and adoptive parents.

As such we submit this testimony in support of HB 2497 amending K.S.A. 65-516 and granting access to the Secretary of Health and Environment to the KBI to their records for the purpose of determining whether or not, in our case, a home meets the requirements for providing foster care.

The Secretary in turn would be allowed to give that information directly to the child placing agency while holding us to the standards of confidentiality. We believe this is an important step in ensuring protections for the children and families we serve while expediting the licensing checks without compromising safety of people receiving our services.

Our success in supporting families is dependent on having staff, foster parents, and community volunteers upon whom we trust to work directly with the children and families we serve.

We hope you will give this bill favorable consideration as we work to improve the system serving children and their families by giving them confidence we have taken the extraordinary steps to ensure their safety.

Respectfully submitted, Melissa Ness, Advocacy Coordinator

> Attach went 10 HHS 2-8-06

### March 4, 2005

The Honorable Jim Morrison, Chairperson House Committee on Health and Human Services Statehouse, Room 171-W Topeka, Kansas 66612

Dear Representative Morrison:

SUBJECT: Fiscal Note for HB 2497 by House Committee on Appropriations

In accordance with KSA 75-3715a, the following fiscal note concerning HB 2497 is respectfully submitted to your committee.

Currently, both child placement agencies and the Kansas Department of Health and Environment (KDHE) request from the Kansas Bureau of Investigation (KBI) background checks on prospective foster parents, child care workers, or employees at family day care homes. HB 2497 would allow KDHE to share its background reports with the child placement agencies, thereby eliminating the need for the child placement agencies to request background checks for themselves.

Because the bill would eliminate duplicative background checks, the child placement agencies would realize a savings estimated to be \$9,000. Any fiscal effect resulting from the passage of this bill is not reflected in *The FY 2006 Governor's Budget Report*.

Sincerely,

Duane A. Goossen Director of the Budget

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cc: Brandy Wheeler, Judiciary
Jackie Aubert, SRS
Aaron Dunkel, Health & Environment

Attachment @ 11 HHS 2-8-06

## March 7, 2005

The Honorable Jim Morrison, Chairperson House Committee on Health and Human Services Statehouse, Room 171-W Topeka, Kansas 66612

Dear Representative Morrison:

SUBJECT: Fiscal Note for HB 2342 by House Committee on Health and Human Services

In accordance with KSA 75-3715a, the following fiscal note concerning HB 2342 is respectfully submitted to your committee.

HB 2342 would allow either an advanced registered nurse practitioner or a registered nurse licensed in Kansas and employed by an adult care home or hospice facility to make the determination and pronouncement of the death of a patient in the absence of a physician. The bill would not apply to situations in which the patient is a registered organ donor.

The Board of Nursing and the Board of Healing Arts both indicate that the passage of the bill would have no fiscal effect.

Sincerely,

Duane A. Goossen Director of the Budget

Duane a Dossen

cc: Marty Kennedy, Dept. on Aging Betty Johnson, Healing Arts Roberta Kellogg, Board of Nursing

> Attachment 12 HHS 2-8-06