Approved: _	15 February 2007
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Date

MINUTES OF THE HOUSE ENERGY AND UTILITIES COMMITTEE

The meeting was called to order by Chairman Carl Holmes at 9:25 A.M. on January 19, 2007 in Room 241-N of the Capitol.

All members were present except:

Rob Olson- excused Judy Morrison-excused

Committee staff present:

Mary Galligan, Kansas Legislative Research Dennis Hodgins, Kansas Legislative Research Jason Long, Revisor's Office Renae Hansen, Committee Assistant

Conferees appearing before the committee:

Others attending:

See attached list.

<u>HB 2032</u>: <u>Deregulation of municipal gas and electric utility's rates, charges and terms and conditions of service in area more than three miles outside municipality.</u>

Representative Tom Sloan moved to pass out of committee **HB 2032.** Seconded by Representative Annie Kuether. Motion passed unanimously.

HB 2034: Removal of sunset provision of public utility recovery of security expenditures.

Tom Sloan moved to pass HB 2034, seconded by Vern Swanson.

Representative Cindy Neighbor moved to amend **HB 2034**, Representative Annie Kuether second (Attachment 1).

Representative Sloan withdrew his motion.

Discussion was made concerning the amendment before the committee, by Representatives: Tom Sloan, Josh Svaty, Bill Light, Carl Holmes, Peggy Mast, Forrest Knox, Tom Hawk, Terry McLachlan, Margaret Long, Tom Moxley, Annie Kuether.

Representative Cindy Neighbor closed on the motion.

Motion failed 9-10.

Representative Tom Sloan moved to pass **HB 2034** favorably for passage to the house. Seconded by Representative Peggy Mast. Motion carried unanimously.

HB 2036: Thermal efficiency standard for new buildings.

Representative Cindy Neighbor moved to amend **HB 2036**, (Attachment 2) Seconded by Representative Josh Svaty.

Discussion ensued by Representatives: Cindy Neighbor, Carl Holmes, Richard Proehl, Tom Hawk, Tom Sloan, Vaughn Flora, Don Myers, Josh Svaty.

Representative Cindy Neighbor closed on the motion.

CONTINUATION SHEET

MINUTES OF THE House Energy and Utilities Committee at 9:00 A.M. on January 19, 2007 in Room 241-N of the Capitol.

Motion to amend carried.

Further discussion on the <u>HB 2036</u> ensued by Representatives: Tom Sloan, Carl Holmes, Josh Svaty, Rocky Fund, Terry McLachlan.

Representative Cindy Neighbor moved to pass **HB 2036** as amended. Seconded by Representative Josh Svaty. Motion carried unanimously.

Bill carriers: HB 2032, Bill Light; HB 2034, Tom Moxley; HB 2036, Cindy Neighbor.

Chairman Holmes appointed himself, Rob Olson, and Annie Kuether to the sub-committee for HB 2035.

Representative Annie Kuether moved that a bill be introduced for foreign entities that come in and build and own wind farms to not allow them to go to KCC for eminent domain, 2. Require we place siting guidelines for wind, and 3. Would allow un-zoned counties in the state of Kansas the right of a protest petition when any kind of energy is proposed in such counties. Seconded by Representative Cindy Neighbor. Motion Carried.

The chairman reviewed next weeks agenda with the committee, noting that we would have a discussion on wind.

Next meeting scheduled for January 22, 2007.

Meeting Adjourned.

HOUSE ENERGY AND UTILITIES COMMITTEE GUEST LIST

DATE: _____ January 19, 2007

NAME	REPRESENTING	
LON STANTON	NORTHERN NATURAL GAS CO.	
Lindsey Douglas	Hein Law Firm	
COLIN HANSEN	k as u	
Jim Gartwer	AT & T	
Paul Snider	KCPC	
Kimberly Leficer	ITC Sheat Plains	
Mark Schresber	Wester Energy	
Warther Son Varto	KMHA	
Chris Wilson	KBA	
Luke Bell	Kansas REALTORS	
Dave Hotchas	KEC	
LARRY BERG	MIDWEST ENERGY	
Steve John Son	Konsas Gas Service-ENEOK	

Session of 2007

HOUSE BILL No. 2034

By Committee on Energy and Utilities

1-9

AN ACT concerning public utility recovery of security expenditures; amending K.S.A. 2006 Supp. 66-1233 and repealing the existing section.

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Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

Section 1. K.S.A. 2006 Supp. 66-1233 is hereby amended to read as follows: 66-1233. (a) As used in this section:

- (1) "Electric public utility" means any electric public utility, as defined in K.S.A. 66-101a, and amendments thereto.
- (2) "Natural gas public utility" means any natural gas public utility, as defined in K.S.A. 66-1,200, and amendments thereto.
- (b) On and after July 1, 2002, the state corporation commission, upon application and request, shall authorize electric public utilities and natural gas public utilities to recover the utility's prudent expenditures for security measures reasonably required to protect the utility's electric generation and transmission assets or natural gas production and transportation assets by an adjustment to the utility's customers' bills. The application and request shall be subject to such procedures and conditions, including review, in an expedited manner, of the prudence of the expenditures and the reasonableness of the measures, as the commission deems appropriate. Such application and request shall be confidential and subject to protective order of the commission.
 - (e) The provisions of this section shall expire on July 1, 2007.
 - Sec. 2. K.S.A. 2006 Supp. 66-1233 is hereby repealed.
- Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its publication in the statute book.

ENERGY AND HOUSE UTILITIES

DATE: | / | q / 2.007

(c) The provisions of this section shall expire on July 1, 2009.

HOUSE BILL No. 2036

By Committee on Energy and Utilities

1-9

AN ACT concerning thermal efficiency of buildings; relating to the applicable standards; amending K.S.A. 66-1227 and 66-1228 and repeal-10 ing the existing sections. 11 12 Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas: Section 1. K.S.A. 66-1227 is hereby amended to read as follows: 66-14 1227. (a) The International Energy Conservation Code 2003 2006 (IECC 2003 2006) is hereby adopted as the applicable thermal efficiency standard for new commercial and industrial structures in this state. 17 (b) The state corporation commission has no authority to adopt or 18 enforce energy efficiency standards for residential, commercial or indus-19 20 trial structures. (c) Nothing in this section shall be construed to preclude a city or 21 county from adopting or enforcing thermal efficiency standards for structures within the jurisdiction of such city or county. 23 Sec. 2. K.S.A. 66-1228 is hereby amended to read as follows: 66-24 1228. (a) Except as provided by subsection (b), the person building or selling a previously unoccupied new residential structure shall disclose to the buyer or a prospective buyer, upon request or prior to closing, information regarding the thermal efficiency of the structure on a form prepared and disseminated by the state corporation commission, which form shall be substantially as follows: 31 32 This residence (mark one of the following): Has been built to meet the energy efficiency standards of the International 33 Energy Conservation Code 2003 2006. 34 _ 2. Has received a Home Energy Rating score of 80 or greater when performed 35 in accordance with the Mortgage Industry National Home Energy Rating System Accred-36 itation Standard (June 15, 2002) by a rater extified and listed by the Residential Energy 37 38 Services Network (RESNET). _ 3. Has been built to include the following energy efficiency elements: 39 (1) Insulation values (R-value of insulation installed) for each of the following: 40 Ceiling with attic above R-value _____ 41 Cathedral ceiling R-value _____ Opaque walls R-value ____

; relating to certain required disclosures

ENERGY AND HOUSE UTILITIES DATE: 1/19/2607 attachment 2/-1

which is a single family unit or a multifamily unit of three floors or less

at the time of showing the property and

Prior to the contract
of signing of the contract
topurchase.

1	Floors over unheated spaces R-value	
ર	Floors over outside air R-value	
3	Foundation type:	
4	Slab-on-grade	
5	Crawlspace	
6	Basement and percent of basement walls underground	
7	(2) Thermal properties of windows and doors for each of the following:	
8	Entry door(s) R-value	
9	Sliding door(s) R-value	
10	Other exterior doors R-value	
11	Garage to house door R-value	
12	Window U-value (determined from NFRC rating label or default table)	
13	(3) HVAC equipment efficiency levels:	
14	Heating systems:	
15	Gas fired forced air furnace AFUE rating	
16	Electric heat pump HSPF rating	
17	Air conditioning systems:	
18	Electric unit SEER rating	
19	Electric heat pump EEB rating	
20	Ground source heat pump EER rating	
21	Duct insulation levels: Insulation R-value of ducts outside envelope	
22	Thermostat:	
23	Manual control type	
24	Automatic set-back type	
25	(4) Water heating efficiency levels:	
26	Water heater fuel type	
27	Vater heater capacity	Insert attached form
28	*NAECA energy factor	insert attached form
29	(b) If a structure is subject to both the national manufactured housing	
30	construction and safety standards act (42 U.S.C. 5403) and the federal	
31	trade commission regulation on labeling and advertising of home insula-	
32	tion, 16 CFR section 460.16, both as in effect on the effective date of this	
33	act, the builder or seller may disclose, instead of the information required	
34	by subsection (a), the information regarding such structure that is re-	
35	quired to be disclosed pursuant to such federal act and regulation.	
36	Sec. 3. K.S.A. 66-1227 and 66-1228 are hereby repealed.	
37	Sec. 4. This act shall take effect and he in force from and after its	

Sec. 4. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after it publication in the statute book.

KANSAS ENERGY EFFICIENCY DISCLOSURE

As required by K.S.A. 66-1228

Kansas law requires the person building or selling a previously unoccupied new residential structure to disclose to the buyer or prospective buyer prior to the signing of the contact to purchase and prior to closing, information regarding the thermal efficiency of the structure (single of multifamily units, three floors or less).

Common Address or Legal Description of Residence:

Part 1. Puilder must describe the following energy off	isianay alamant	
Part 1: Builder <i>must</i> describe the following energy eff house:	iciency element	s of this
	Actual Value I	
Wall Insulation R-Value		18
Attic Insulation R-Value		42
Foundation Insulation R-Value		40
Basement Walls Crawlspace Walls		10 15
Slab-on-Grade		8
Floors over Unheated Spaces R-Value		30
Window U-Value		.34
Water Heater		.0 1
Gas or Propane (Energy Factor)		.60
Electric (Energy Factor)		.92
Heating and Cooling Equipment		
Warm-Air Furnace (AFUE)	-	.93
Air Conditioner or Heat Pump - Cooling (SEER)		14
Air-Source Heat Pump (HSPF)		8.5
Ground-Loop Heat Pump – Heating (COP)		3.9
Ground-Water Heat Pump – Cooling (EER)		22
Ground-Water Heat Pump – Heating (COP)	·	4.4
Part 2: Builder may provide the following additional in		
This residence has been/will be built to meet the the International Energy Conservation Code of		
This residence has received a Home Energy Ra or less based on an energy audit performed in Industry National Home Energy Rating System a rater certified by Residential Energy Services	accordance with as Standards (July	the Mortgage y 1, 2006) by
Seller signature:	Date:	
Seller name/address:		
Buyer signature:	Date:	
Buver signature:	Date:	

^{*}See reverse for more information on existing standards and explanation of abbreviations.

R-value = Thermal Resistance Rating of insulation materials. The higher the R-value, the better the material resists heat flow (i.e., the better it insulates).

U-value = Heat Loss Rating of windows. The lower the U-value, the less the window loses heat (i.e., the better it prevents heat loss).

Equipment Performance Ratings (the higher the number, the more efficient the equipment)

- AFUE = Annual Fuel Utilization Efficiency: used to rate gas or propane warm-air furnaces and small boilers.
- SEER = Seasonal Energy Efficiency Ratio: performance indicator for residential air conditioners and air source heat pumps.
- **HSPF = Heating Seasonal Performance Factor:** measures heating performance of air-source heat pumps.
- **EER = Energy Efficiency Ratio:** used to rate window air conditioners and ground-loop or ground-water heat pumps in the cooling mode.
- **COP = Coefficient of Performance:** used to rate ground-loop or ground-water heat pumps in the heating mode.

Energy Star qualified homes are at least 15% more energy efficient than homes built to the 2006 International Energy Conservation Code (IECC). Energy Star is a joint program of the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency and Department of Energy.

The International Energy Conservation Code (IECC), developed by the International Code Council, sets standards for energy efficiency in homes and commercial and industrial buildings. It is revised on a three-year cycle, with a supplement issue midway through each cycle.

The HERS Index is a scoring system established by the Residential Energy Services Network (RESNET) in which a home built to the specifications of the HERS Reference Home (based on the 2006 International Energy Conservation Code) scores a HERS Index of 100, while a net zero energy home scores a HERS Index of 0. The lower the score, the more energy efficient a home is in comparison to the HERS Reference Home. Each 1-point decrease in the HERS Index corresponds to a 1% reduction in energy consumption compared to the HERS Reference Home. Thus a home with a HERS Index of 85 is 15% more energy efficient than the HERS Reference Home and a home with a HERS Index of 80 is 20% more energy efficient.

RESNET Standards ensure that accurate and consistent home energy ratings are performed by accredited home energy rating systems nationwide; increase the credibility of the rating systems with the mortgage finance industry; and promote voluntary participation in an objective, cost-effective, sustainable home energy rating process. This accreditation process will be used by the mortgage industry to accept home energy ratings and by the states to assure accurate, independent information upon which a state may recognize the home energy ratings as a compliance method for state building energy codes; as qualification for energy programs designed to reach specific energy saving goals; and as a way to provide its housing market the ability to differentiate residences based on their energy efficiency. The Mortgage Industry National Home Energy Rating Systems Standards (July 1, 2006) can be found at http://www.natresnet.org/standards/mortgage/RESNET_Standards-2006.pdf.