Date

MINUTES OF THE SENATE NATURAL RESOURCES COMMITTEE

The meeting was called to order by Chairman Carolyn McGinn at 8:30 a.m. on February 8, 2007, in Room 423-S of the Capitol.

All members were present.

Committee staff present:

Raney Gilliland, Kansas Legislative Research Department Emalene Correll, Kansas Legislative Research Department Art Griggs, Revisor of Statutes Office Judy Holliday, Committee Assistant

Conferees appearing before the committee:

Christopher J. Tymeson, Chief Legal Counsel, Kansas Wildlife and Parks

Others attending:

See attached list.

Chairman McGinn called the Committee's attention to two bills previously heard that she wanted to address. **SB 146, Solid waste, waste tire management fund**. Chairman McGinn had a possible amendment she planned to make but will wait until a later date. She brought before the Committee the balloon Senator Taddiken had previous introduced (Attachment 1), and asked if there were any questions or changes to the bill. Senator Ostmeyer made a motion, seconded by Senator Taddiken, to pass the bill out as amended. The motion carried.

Chairman McGinn brought before the Committee SB 15, Establishing the Kansas dam rehabilitation program to provide cost-share assistance to rehabilitate certain deficient dams. Art Griggs, Revisor of Statutes Office, explained that the balloon to SB 15 (Attachment 2) contained amendments of Senators Taddiken and Francisco, but had not been adopted. Mr. Griggs explained the bill with the new language.

Senator Huelskamp had previously asked for information from the Department of Agriculture on the list of dam owners, and had planned to offer a potential amendment based on that information. <u>Senator Taddiken made a motion to adopt the balloon to SB 15, seconded by Senator Bruce</u>. <u>The motion carried</u>.

Chairman McGinn asked Constantine Cotsoradis to come forward to answer questions. Mr. Cotsoradis distributed information on the deficient dams to the Committee. Chairman McGinn asked the Committee to take a few minutes to review the information. Committee members discussed the list of dams and the fact that most were owned by government entities, and that the original purpose of the bill was to provide a resource for funding to dam owners without other sources to apply for dam rehabilitation.

Chairman McGinn asked Mr. Cotsoradis to identify his staff person who answered Committee questions. Mr. Cotsoradis introduced Mr. Matt Scherer, Division of Water Resources.

Chairman McGinn closed the hearing on **SB 15**.

Chairman McGinn asked Raney Gilliland, Legislative Research Department, to give a brief overview of each of the four bills to be heard.

Chairman McGinn told the Committee that the bills would be heard in the following order: <u>SB 188</u>, <u>SB 191</u>, <u>SB 192</u>, and <u>SB 189</u>.

Chris Tymeson, Chief Legal Counsel, Kansas Department of Wildlife and Parks (KDWP), testified in favor of <u>SB 188, Wildlife</u>; commercialization of wildlife (Attachment 3). He told the Committee the history of the bill and that it essentially devalued wildlife, which is contrary to the original intent of the bill, and caused problems for wildlife law enforcement. There were questions about the portion of the bill dealing with bobcats, and Mr. Tymeson said the price of furs has increased considerably and this deals with unlawful commercialization. Because of interest, a bobcat tag has been offered to nonresident hunters, but there is a fur bearers license, and a bobcat hunting/trapping season open to resident hunters. Senator Wysong asked Mr.

CONTINUATION SHEET

MINUTES OF THE Senate Natural Resources Committee at 8:30 a.m. on February 8, 2007, in Room 423-S of the Capitol.

Tymeson for a definition of "unlawful commercialization." Chairman McGinn closed the hearing on SB 188.

Chairman McGinn opened the hearing on SB 191, Wildlife; big game and turkey violations.

Chris Tymeson testified in favor of <u>SB 191</u> (<u>Attachment 4</u>). Mr. Tymeson stated that because the bill had been heavily amended in a prior legislative session, the bill had a missing comma and that this error has caused some court cases to be dismissed. He also called the Committee's attention to a typographical error in his testimony, which should be 32-1032. Chairman McGinn closed the hearing on <u>SB 191</u>. <u>Senator Ostmeyer made a motion to pass SB 191 and ask that it be placed on the Consent Calendar, seconded by Senator Wysong. The motion carried.</u>

Chairman McGinn opened the hearing on SB 192, Hunting, big game permits.

Chris Tymeson testified in favor of <u>SB 192</u> (<u>Attachment 5</u>). Mr. Tymeson told the Committee that last year some permits were auctioned off, raising money for conservation projects. This past year, non-resident chapters were applying for the big game permits, so the KDWP requested a modification to language in subsection A of the bill to "based or operating in Kansas." <u>Senator Huelskamp made a motion to approve a technical amendment, seconded by Senator Francisco</u>. <u>The motion carried</u>. <u>Senator Taddiken made a motion to pass SB 192 out of Committee as amended, seconded by Senator Ostmeyer</u>. <u>The motion carried</u>.

Chris Tymeson testified in favor of SB 189, Hunter education requirements (Attachment 6). Mr. Tymeson told the Committee that the bill seeks to amend two statutes related to hunger education. He stated that hunter education provides valuable service to the state and to hunting, both as a recruitment and retention tool and also teaching hunters to hunt safely. Changes to the education portion would include dissolving the 'crash' course and replacing it with a deferred apprentice hunting license process. An individual 16 or over could purchase an apprentice hunting license one time without first taking hunter education, and hunt supervised by an adult 21 or over. This would accommodate non-residents to allow them to hunt safely and return home to take a hunter education course for the next time they come to visit. It would also allow adult recruitment in the form of a "try it before you buy it" venture. Mr. Tymeson stated that recruitment of hunters is needed to fund agency programs.

The Department seeks to amend the current law for bowhunter education of youths. Current law allows a 12-year old without hunter education to purchase a deer permit and hunt with a firearm if supervised by an adult. However, the same 12-year old cannot purchase a deer permit and hunt with archery equipment without having first taken bowhunter education. The legislation would make bowhunter education voluntary, rather than mandatory.

Mr. Wayne Doyle, Hunter Education Coordinator, Kansas Department of Wildlife and Parks, volunteered information on handling of firearms, the "crash course" program usage, and questions on supervision.

Chairman McGinn told the Committee that the bill needs more discussion and that they would not work it at this time. The hearing on **SB 189** was closed.

Chairman McGinn called the Committee's attention to an email received from Mr. Ron Klataske, Executive Director, Audubon of Kansas (Attachment 7), in support of **SB 188**, **SB 189**, **SB 191**, and **SB 192**. Copies of the email were distributed to each Committee member.

Chairman McGinn called the Committee's attention to copies of the minutes of the January 25 and January 26 Committee meeting distributed to each member and asked that they look them over and contact the Committee Assistant with any changes no later than noon on Friday, February 9.

Chairman McGinn reminded the Committee of the bus trip to the landfill on February 15 at 7:30 a.m.

The meeting adjourned at 9:25 a.m.

SENATE NATURAL RESOURCES COMMITTEE

Guest Roster

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(Date)						
CV Cotsoradis	KD4					
Chris Tymesn	KDWP					
Kerin Jones	KDWP					
Wayne Dayle	KDWP					
Wordy Nous	ICAPA					
Wench Harms Bill Bider	KAPA					
Bill Bider	KDHt					
Ohorles Nicolay	hs Lond Fill ASSN					
	KBA					
Randy Smith Kend Askren	KFB					
Steve Swaffer	KFB					
GREG FOLEY	5CC					
Lohn Donley	KS Lust. Asin					
SloviCloterns	KDWP					
Joe Fund	Kwo					
Matt Scherel	KDA					
Leslie Kaufman	Ks Coop Council					
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Please use black ink only!!

Session of 2007

SENATE BILL No. 146

By Committee on Natural Resources

1-22

9 AN ACT relating to solid waste; concerning the waste tire management 10 fund; amending K.S.A. 2006 Supp. 65-3424g and repealing the existing 11 section.

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Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

Section 1. K.S.A. 2006 Supp. 65-3424g is hereby amended to read as follows: 65-3424g. (a) There is hereby established in the state treasury the waste tire management fund.

(b) Money from the following sources shall be credited to the waste tire management fund:

(1) Revenue collected from the excise tax by K.S.A. 65-3424d and amendments thereto;

(2) permit application and renewal fees provided for by K.S.A. 65-3424b and amendments thereto;

3) interest provided for by subsection (e);

(4) additional sources of funding such as reimbursements and appropriations intended to be used for the purposes of the fund;

(5) any recoveries from abatement and enforcement actions provided for by K.S.A. 65-3424k and amendments thereto; and

6) any other moneys provided by law.

 $\left(c\right)$. Moneys in the waste tire management fund shall be used only for the purpose of:

(1) Paying compensation and other expenses of employing personnel to carry out the duties of the secretary pursuant to K.S.A. 65-3424 through 65-3424h, and amendments thereto, but not more than \$250,000;

(2) action by the department to implement interim measures to minimize nuisances or risks to public health or the environment that are or could be created by waste tire accumulations, until the responsible party can fully abate the site or until a state clean-up occurs pursuant to K.S.A. 65-3424k, and amendments thereto;

(3) action by the department to pay for the removal and disposal or on-site stabilization of waste tires which have been illegally accumulated or illegally managed, when the responsible party is unknown or unwilling or unable to perform the necessary corrective action;

(4) the costs of using contractors to provide: (A) Public education

Senate Natural Resources February 8, 2007

mater Taddiker

These balloon amendments were adopted at the February 2 meeting.

regarding proper management of waste tires; (B) technical training of persons on the requirements of solid waste laws and rules and regulations relating to waste tires; and (C) services described in subsection (i) of K.S.A. 65-3424k, and amendments thereto; and

- (5) grants to public or private entities for up to 75% of the cost to start-up or enhance projects to recycle waste tires or recover energy through waste tire combustion. In the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2003, waste tire grants may not exceed \$200,000. In subsequent fiscal years, waste tire grants may not exceed the amount of unspent excise tax revenue from the preceding year calculated by subtracting all program expenses and indirect transfers for department overhead from excise tax revenue.; and
- (6) grants to local unit of government to pay up to \(\frac{\tau_5 \mathbb{A}}{\tau_5}\) of the costs to purchase \(\text{End install}\) playground cover products made from recycled Kansas waste tires.
- (d) All grant applications received for waste tire recycling grants shall be reviewed by the solid waste grants advisory committee established pursuant to K.S.A. 65-3426, and amendments thereto. Waste tire recycling grants shall be subject to the requirements set forth in subsection (g) of K.S.A. 65-3415, and amendments thereto, related to the misuse of grant funds with the exception that any grant funds recovered by the secretary shall be deposited to the waste tire management fund. Waste tire management funds shall be used only for waste tire recycling grants. Waste tire grants shall not be awarded, nor shall waste tire funds be disbursed to a grant recipient, if the department determines that the grant applicant or recipient is operating in substantial violation of applicable environmental laws or regulations administered by the department.
- (d) (e) All expenditures from the waste tire management fund shall be made in accordance with appropriations acts upon warrants of the director of accounts and reports issued pursuant to vouchers approved by the secretary.
- (e) (f) On or before the 10th of each month, the director of accounts and reports shall transfer from the state general fund to the waste tire management fund interest earnings based on: (1) The average daily balance of moneys in the waste tire management fund for the preceding month; and (2) the net earnings rate for the pooled money investment portfolio for the preceding month.
 - Sec. 2. K.S.A. 2006 Supp. 65-3424g is hereby repealed.
- Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its publication in the statute book.

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or other tire derived

As used in this section, "tire derived products" means athletic field surfacing, playground cover, horticulture products and molded or extruded rubber products made from recycled waste tires.

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section is eligible in accordance with the criteria established in K.S.A. 2-1919, and amendments thereto.

Session of 2007

SENATE BILL No. 15

By Special Committee on Agriculture and Natural Resources

1-5

AN ACT concerning the state conservation commission; relating to dam safety; creating the Kansas dam rehabilitation program; amending K.S.A. 2006 Supp. 2-1915 and repealing the existing section.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

Section 1. K.S.A. 2006 Supp. 2-1915 is hereby amended to read as follows: 2-1915. (a) Appropriations may be made for grants out of funds in the treasury of this state for terraces, terrace outlets, check dams, dikes, ponds, ditches, critical area planting, grassed waterways, tailwater recovery irrigation systems, precision land forming, range seeding, detention and grade stabilization structures and other enduring water conservation practices installed on public lands and on privately owned lands. dam rehabilitation projects and, the control and eradication of sericea lespedeza as provided in subsection (n) of K.S.A. 2-1908, and amendments thereto, on public lands and on privately owned lands. Except as provided by the multipurpose small lakes program act, any such grant shall not exceed 80% of the total cost of any such practice.

- (b) A program for protection of riparian and wetland areas shall be developed by the state conservation commission and implemented by the conservation districts. The conservation districts shall prepare district programs to address resource management concerns of water quality, erosion and sediment control and wildlife habitat as part of the conservation district long-range and annual work plans. Preparation and implementation of conservation district programs shall be accomplished with assistance from appropriate state and federal agencies involved in resource management.
- (c) Subject to the provisions of K.S.A. 2-1919, and amendments thereto, any holder of a water right, as defined by subsection (g) of K.S.A. 82a-701, and amendments thereto, who is willing to voluntarily return all or a part of the water right to the state shall be eligible for a grant not to exceed 80% of the total cost of the purchase price for such water right. The state conservation commission shall administer this cost-share program with funds appropriated by the legislature for such purpose. The chief engineer shall certify to the state conservation commission that any water right for which application for cost-share is received under this

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section is eligible in accordance with the criteria established in K.S.A. 2-1919, and amendments thereto.

(d) (1) Subject to appropriation acts therefor, the state conservation commission shall develop the Kansas water quality buffer initiative for the purpose of restoring riparian areas using best management practices. The executive director of the state conservation commission shall ensure that the initiative is complementary to the federal conservation reserve program.

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- (2) There is hereby created in the state treasury the Kansas water quality buffer initiative fund. All expenditures from such fund shall be made in accordance with appropriation acts upon warrants of the director of accounts and reports issued pursuant to vouchers approved by the executive director of the state conservation commission or the executive director's designee. Money credited to the fund shall be used for the purpose of making grants to install water quality best management practices pursuant to the initiative.
- (3) The county or district appraiser shall identify and map riparian buffers consisting of at least one contiguous acre per parcel of real property located in the appraiser's county. Notwithstanding any other provisions of law, riparian buffers shall be valued by the county or district appraiser as tame grass land, native grass land or waste land, as appropriate. As used in this subsection (3), "riparian buffer" means an area of stream-side vegetation that: (A) Consists of tame or native grass and may include forbs and woody plants; (B) is located along a perennial or intermittent stream, including the stream bank and adjoining floodplain; and (C) is a minimum of 66 feet wide and a maximum of 180 feet wide.
- (e) The state conservation commission shall adopt rules and regulations to administer such grant and protection programs.
- (f) Any district is authorized to make use of any assistance whatsoever given by the United States, or any agency thereof, or derived from any other source, for the planning and installation of such practices. The state conservation commission may enter into agreements with other state and federal agencies to implement the Kansas water quality buffer initiative.
- (g) Within the limits of appropriations therefor, the state conservation commission shall develop and administer the Kansas dam rehabilitation program in consultation with the chief engineer of the division of water resources of the Kansas department of agriculture.
- (h) Any dam permit holder may apply for cost-share assistance for rehabilitate or remove unsafe high and significant hazard dams or low hazard dams that are reclassified to high or significant hazard dams related to downstream development.
- (i) The division of water resources of the Kansas department of agriculture shall assist the state conservation commission by reviewing and

owner

for dam rehabilitation, to purchase and raze or relocate residential structures, or for engineering solutions to address recommending a dam priority order for applications for participation in the program based on the following criteria:

(1) The highest severity of potential impact of dam failure;

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(2) the greatest risk of failure due to the dams' deficiencies; and

(3) which deficiencies were a result of downstream development beyond the control of the dam owner.

(j) Any dam permit holder may apply to the state conservation commission for cost-share assistance in the amount of 70% of the rate prescribed pursuant to subsection (k), and if engineering costs are incurred, an additional 10% of the rate prescribed pursuant to subsection (k).

(k) [The cost share grant awarded pursuant to subsection (j) shall be in an amount not to exceed a rate approved by the state conservation commission for the least expensive alternative that such commission determines properly addresses the problem or problems identified with such dam. Dam owners shall not be required to implement such least expensive alternative.

(l) An applicant who is not a dam permit holder shall be eligible to apply for cost-share assistance under the Kansas dam rehabilitation program subject to the following:

(1) Such applicant shall submit a rehabilitation plan to the chief engineer of the division of water resources of the Kansas department of agriculture in a form prescribed by such chief engineer;

(2) such rehabilitation plan shall comply with policies and procedures adopted by the chief engineer of the division of water resources of the Kansas department of agriculture; and

(3) cost-share assistance funds shall not be remitted until such applicant is granted a permit pursuant to K.S.A. 82a-301, and amendments thereto.

(m) As used in subsection (g) through (n) of this section, "dam permit holder" means any person, partnership, association, corporation, agency or political subdivision of the state government or other entity who holds a permit pursuant to K.S.A. 82a-301, and amendments thereto.

(n) The state conservation commission shall adopt rules and regulations to implement the Kansas dam rehabilitation[act.]

Sec. 2. K.S.A. 2006 Supp. 2-1915 is hereby repealed.

Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its publication in the statute book.

owner

(h)

If the engineered solution is to purchase and raze or relocate residential structures in the inundation area of the dam, a cost share grant may be awarded for the purchase and razing or relocating of all residential structures in the inundation area if:

(1) An easement prohibiting future development for the inundation area is acquired and recorded with the register of deeds; and (2) other terms and conditions of the state conservation commission, if any, are met.

As used in this act, "dam" shall have the meaning ascribed thereto in K.S.A. 82a-301, and amendments thereto.
(o)

program

DEPARTMENT OF WILDLIFE & PARKS

KATHLEEN SEBELIUS, GOVERNOR

Testimony on SB 188 regarding Illegal Commercialization of Wildlife To The Senate Committee on Natural Resources

By Christopher J. Tymeson Chief Legal Counsel Kansas Department of Wildlife and Parks

8 February 2007

SB 188 seeks to amend K.S.A. 32-1005 in order to increase the restitution values for illegal commercialization of wildlife. The provisions of the bill would be effective on publication in the statute book. The Department supports the provisions contained in SB 188 and requested introduction of the bill.

The felony/misdemeanor threshold for certain crimes was raised at the end of the last legislative session and it included amendments to K.S.A. 32-1005. However, the wildlife values were not increased correspondingly. The law establishes monetary values for wildlife, to be used in determining whether or not illegal commercial acts were committed and whether the illegal acts constitute felony crimes. The recommendations being made by the Department are based on the most current information available through the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service. That information, published in August 2003, provides the values placed on various species and classifications of wildlife across the nation. Not all states have established values and when necessary, values for restitution or penalties are left to the individual courts. The remaining states have established values set by law or regulation. In considering the Department's recommendations, available values were calculated to obtain a mean average of all applicable categories. Values within the information relating to Kansas were not included in the calculations. The following information lists, by group classification or individual species, the comparison of wildlife values.

Summary Of Average Values For Wildlife By Classification

Animal Group	Average Value		KDWP Recommendation			
Eagle	\$	1,791.70	\$	1,000.00		
Deer	\$	1,151.26	\$	1,000.00		
Antelope	\$	1,019.15	\$	1,000.00		
Elk	\$	2,098.28	\$	1,500.00		
Buffalo	\$	2,435.71	\$	1,500.00		
Furbearers	\$	95.99	\$	25.00		
Bobcat	\$	335.75	\$	200.00		
Wild turkey	\$	373.84	\$	200.00		
Raptors	\$	555.13	\$	500.00		
Gen. Game & Non-game animals	\$	154.87	\$	50.00		
Turtle	\$	45.50	\$ 25 ea	ach or \$16/lbs processed		
Frogs	\$	20.08	\$	4.00		
Threatened & Endangered	\$	1,358.70	\$	500.00		
Any wildlife not included above	\$	39.42	\$	25.00		
Office of the Constant						

Office of the Secretary

1020 S Kansas Ave., Ste. 200, Topeka, KS 66612-1327

Phone 785-296-2281 Fax 785-296-6953 www.kdwp.state.ks.us

Senate Natural Resources February 8, 2007 Attachment 3

KANSAS

DEPARTMENT OF WILDLIFE & PARKS

KATHLEEN SEBELIUS, GOVERNOR

Testimony on SB 191 regarding Big Game and Turkey wildlife violations To

The Senate Committee on Natural Resources

By Christopher J. Tymeson **Chief Legal Counsel** Kansas Department of Wildlife and Parks

8 February 2007

SB 191 seeks to amend K.S.A. 32-1031 in order to add a comma to the provisions contained in subsection (a). The provisions of the bill would be effective on publication in the Kansas Register. The Department supports the provisions contained in SB 191 and requested introduction of the bill.

During the 2005 Legislative Session, a bill that increased penalties for wildlife violators was passed by the Legislature. During the process, several rather lengthy and complex amendments were made to the bill on both sides and during the process, a comma was inadvertently left out. That missing comma has resulted in some cases being dismissed out in the field.

The Department requests that the amendment to the statute be made and appreciates the support of the committee in this endeavor.

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Senate Natural Resources February 8, 2007 Attachment

DEPARTMENT OF WILDLIFE & PARKS

KATHLEEN SEBELIUS, GOVERNOR

Testimony on SB 192 regarding Commission Permits The Senate Committee on Natural Resources

By Christopher J. Tymeson Chief Legal Counsel Kansas Department of Wildlife and Parks

8 February 2007

SB 192 seeks to limit applications for Commission Permits to local chapters of nonprofit organizations based or operating in the state. The provisions of the bill would be effective on publication in the statute book. The Department supports the provisions contained in SB 192 and requested introduction of the bill.

SB 192 would amend a statute passed two years ago with regard to Commission permits. Those permits are available to nonprofit organizations that actively promote hunting and fishing. The organization awarded the permit, after paying the highest value for the permit, then markets the permit in a way to raise funds for various cooperative projects between the organization and the department. The organization is allowed to retain fifteen percent of the funds raised and eighty-five percent of the funds raised go to the cooperative project. The first year of operation, 2006, had 59 applicant organizations for the seven permits and the auction of those permits raised \$49,000 for conservation projects. This year, there were 119 applicants for the seven permits.

Some of the applicant organizations for this year's drawing were chapters of nonprofits based outside of the state. None of those organizations were awarded a permit however. In order to clarify this situation, the Department is recommending the statute be changed to limit applicants to local chapters operating or based within the state.

Additionally, there is one error in the bill in line 16 that needs correction. The Department appreciates the opportunity to address the bill and appreciates the support of the Committee in making this modification to the statute.

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Dengte Natural Resources February 8, 2007 Attachment 5

DEPARTMENT OF WILDLIFE & PARKS

KATHLEEN SEBELIUS, GOVERNOR

Testimony on SB 189 regarding Hunter Education The Senate Committee on Natural Resources

By Christopher J. Tymeson Chief Legal Counsel Kansas Department of Wildlife and Parks

8 February 2007

SB 189 seeks to amend two statutes related to hunter education, K.S.A. 32-920 and K.S.A 32-921. The provisions of the bill would be effective on publication in the statute book. The Department supports the provisions contained in SB 189 and requested introduction of the bill.

Hunter education provides a valuable service to the state and to hunting, both in the form of a recruitment and retention tool as well as teaching hunters to hunt safely. However, some view hunter education as an impediment to recruitment and rural development. In order to counter the view that hunter education is an impediment but while still keeping hunting safe, the department has proposed various methods of delivering hunter education. One of those, the "crash" course, contained in K.S.A. 32-921 does not appear to be reaching the audience intended. As a result of that experiment, the Department would like to dissolve the "crash" course and replace the program with a deferral apprentice hunting license process. Any individual 16 and over would be allowed to purchase an apprentice hunting license one time, without first having taken hunter education, and hunt supervised by an adult 21 or over. This is would accommodate those coming to Kansas by allowing them to hunt safely and then return home to take a hunter education course for the next time they come to visit. It would also allow for adult recruitment in the form of a "try it before you buy it" venture.

In addition, the Department would like to amend the current law for bowhunter education, as a matter of fairness and as well as to remove another potential barrier to recruitment of youths to hunting. Currently, a 12 year old, without hunter education, can purchase a deer permit and hunt with a firearm as long as they are supervised by an adult. However, the same 12 year old cannot purchase a deer permit and hunt with archery equipment without having first taken bowhunter education. The practical effect of the legislation would be that bowhunter education would become a voluntary course, rather than a mandatory course, and similar to other advanced courses taught by the Department like upland bird hunter education.

The Department appreciates the consideration of this proposal by the Committee and the support needed to recruit and retain new hunters.

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Senate Natural Resources February 8, 2007 Attachment 6

From:

Ron Klataske <ron_klataske@audubonofkansas.org>

To:

<mcginn@senate.state.ks.us>, <judithH@senate.state.ks.us>

Date:

2/8/2007 12:17 AM

Subject:

Senate Bills 188, 191 (Support)

Attachments:

Part.001

CC:

<francisco@senate.state.ks.us>, <Lee@senate.state.ks.us>, <bruce@senate....</pre>

Re: Senate Bills No. 188, 189, 191 and 192. Senate Natural Resources Committee

February 8, 2007

Dear Senator McGinn, and other members of the Senate Natural Resources Committee:

Audubon of Kansas strongly supports both Senate Bill No. 188 and Senate Bill No. 191 which are designed to help protect diverse wildlife and big game, and counter the rampant violation of wildlife protection laws in Kansas. Passage of the bills will also protect the integrity of hunting for the many sportsmen/women who maintain a high level of ethics in the pursuit and perpetuation of the sport and contribute to conservation in many ways. Passage will also help to deter the violation of property rights resulting from poachers trespassing on private property without permission.

We are also supportive of Senate Bill No. 189 and Senate Bill No. 192.

Please make our support a part of the record. We thank you and members of the committee for considering the merits of these bills.

Unfortunately because of other obligations I cannot be in Topeka to present this statement in person at the hearing.

Ron Klataske
Executive Director
Audubon of Kansas
210 Southwind Place
Manhattan KS 66503
785-537-4385
Ron Klataske@audubonofkansas.org

Senate Matural Resources February 8, 2007 Attachment 7