Approved: _	2-14-08	
	Date	

MINUTES OF THE SENATE FEDERAL AND STATE AFFAIRS COMMITTEE

The meeting was called to order by Chairman Pete Brungardt at 10:30 a.m. on January 24, 2008 in Room 526-S of the Capitol.

All members were present.

Committee staff present:

Kathie Sparks, Kansas Legislative Research Department Dennis Hodgins, Kansas Legislative Research Department Melissa Doeblin, Revisor of Statutes Office Theresa Kiernan, Revisor of Statutes Office Connie Burns, Committee Assistant

Conferees appearing before the committee:

Joan Wagnon, Secretary of Revenue Carmen Alldritt, Kansas Division of Vehicles

Others attending:

See attached list.

Carmen Alldritt, Director Kansas Division of Vehicles, provided an update on drivers' licenses and identification cards. (<u>Attachment 1</u>) After SB 9 passed, there was a statewide decrease in non-resident applicants for Kansas drivers license. SB 9 benefits are:

- Proof of age and proof of identity; applicant's address of principal residence and social security number, or, proof of lawful presence if applicant does not have a social security number
- Retention of fraudulent documents; by retaining suspected fraudulent documents, we are able to prevent possible identity theft each time, but the document themselves are no longer available to other potential criminals
- Temporary DL's and ID cards; lawful non-immigrants to the US are issued licenses and ID's only for the time they are authorized to be in the US, and helps to identify those applicants that may over stay their authorized time in the US; 1800 have been issued.
- Surrender out of state DL's and ID's when obtaining Kansas documents; the principal of "one driver, one record" is more reliable. State residency is more easily established and fraudulent practices such as obtaining social services in multiple state may be prevented.
- Comparing facial image, the capability to compare existing facial images helps prevent fraudulent activity, and have routinely detected records with different facial images but the same name, or different names with the same image.
- Fingerprinting; all new hires have been fingerprinted and will be going through document security training; the document security training was provided in the fall to all KDOR and county employees.
- Not valid without photo licenses; this will clean up records by putting photos with records, usually has to do with people in the service.

The question was raised about cutting down on people getting licenses for a good reason; have we inadvertently caused an increase in uninsured and untrackable motorists. Secretary Wagnon stated that it would be a mistake for the legislature to think that problem would not occur.

Time line for REAL ID implementation, security upgrades - phase I, is by December 31, 2009. That includes states verify lawful status with DHS to prevent illegal aliens from obtaining REAL Ids, check social security numbers electronically with the Social Security Administration, ensure that an applicant does not have licenses in multiple identities, conduct background checks for DMV/contractor employees to ensure licenses are not issued by corrupt insiders.

Phase II, by May 11, 2011, states verify electronically all documents with the issuing source to ensure records exist and are accurate, confirm tamper-resistant features of REAL ID licenses, record in DMV databases the full name established by the required identity documents, commence issuing REAL Ids (if not sooner).

Enrollment age 50 and under by December 1, 2014, all license holders born on or after December 1, 1964, who want a REAL ID compliant license havee on by December 1, 2014. Enrollment over age 50 by December 1, 2017, all license holders, regardless of age, who want a REAL ID compliant license have one by December 1, 2017.

CONTINUATION SHEET

MINUTES OF THE Senate Federal and State Affairs Committee at 10:30 a.m. on January 24, 2008 in Room 526-S of the Capitol.

Gaps for Kansas to become REAL ID compliant:

- Photo First by 12/31/09 implement new procedures for capturing the photo of all applicants, even if the DL or ID will not be issued
- Document verification with various data bases by 12/31/09 verify an applicant's lawful presence status through the SAVE system, birth certificates through EWE, US Passports through CLASS, other state issued DLs through DRIVERS
- New enhances/next generation driver licences that deters fraud and prevents tampering by 5/11/2011
- Ability to retain (image)the documents presented by the applicant when applying for a driver's license by 12/31/09
- Ongoing review and update of our security plan, annually after 12/31/09
- Ongoing training for our employees on fraud detection
- Background checks on all employees including county treasurers, drivers license examiners and others

A copy of the request for an extension to Homeland Security was provided. Discussed also was the recent disasters in Kansas and the ability to get duplicate copies of drivers' licenses and automobile titles. The committee requested a cost estimate with complying with the REAL ID requirements and cost associated for the photo fee.

Final Action:

SB 410 -Technical changes regarding Kansas juvenile correctional complex

Staff provided a balloon to the bill. (<u>Attachment 2</u>) Adding new language to line 42 page 4 (a), and adding new wording on page 5. The committee amended the balloon. The revisor shall draft the language for the bill (<u>Attachment 3</u>). Page 5 adding that nothing in this section shall be construed as prohibiting the appointment of a person to serve as the superintendent or deputy superintendent at more that one institution.

Senator Brownlee moved to adopt the amended balloon. Senator Reitz seconded the motion. The motion carried.

Senator Brownlee moved to pass **SB 410** out favorably as amended. Senator Reitz seconded the motion. The motion carried.

The meeting was adjourned at 11:22 am. The next scheduled meeting is January 29,2008.

SENATE FEDERAL AND STATE AFFAIRS COMMITTEE GUEST LIST

DATE 1-24-08

NAME	REPRESENTING
Sulve Help	Heir Caw Firm
John Wagner	KDOR
Germen allelite	KDOR
Doni Roberts	KDOR
David R. Corlin	KDOR
TERRY Mitchell	KDOR
WilL KAYNOR	KDOR
Julie Earnest	KIDOR
Cécil GREER	KDOR
John Holkoyd	KDOR
Jim Conant	KDOR
LARRY MAGILE	KAIA
KERRI SPIELMAN	KAIA
Scott Heidren	GBBA

Beneficial Effects of Senate Bill 9

January 2008

> Proof of age and proof of identity; applicant's address of principal residence and social security number, or, proof of lawful presence if applicant does not have a social number.

This has greatly enhanced the integrity of driver's licenses and ID cards by helping to ensure the card holders true identity, address and lawful presence in the United States. All new applicants are required to meet these standards. Prior to Senate Bill 9, hundreds of applicants were issued a drivers license or identification card that did not have a verifiable social security number and did not have to prove Kansas residency. After Senate Bill 9, the word got out that Kansas is not an easy state anymore, you must prove lawful presence and Kansas residency before we will issue a drivers license or identification card. Statewide the number of non-resident applicants dropped significantly. For example, the Wichita office used to receive hundreds of these applicants per week, today, they receive approximately ten or less per week.

> Retention of fraudulent documents

By retaining suspected fraudulent documents, not only are we able to prevent possible identity theft each time, but the documents themselves are no longer available to other potential criminals.

> Temporary DL's and ID cards

Lawful non-immigrants to the U.S. are issued licenses and ID's only for the time they are authorized to be in the U.S. This helps identify those applicants that may over stay their authorized time in the U.S., who otherwise, may go undetected state to state using a regular four or six year driver's license. We have issued 1800 since we began to do them.

> Surrender out of state DL's and ID's when obtaining Kansas documents

By requiring driver applicants to surrender out of state DL's and ID's when obtaining Kansas documents, the principal of "one driver, one record" is more reliable. State residency is more easily established and fraudulent practices such as obtaining social services in multiple states may be prevented.

Comparing facial image

Having the capability to compare existing facial images helps prevent fraudulent activity. We routinely detect records with different facial images but the same name, or different names with the same image.

> Fingerprinting

All new hires have been fingerprinted and will be going through document security training. Document security training was provided to all KDOR and county employees in the fall.

> Not valid without photo licenses

We have found people that have not had a photo on their license in over 10 years. This will clean up our records by putting photos with records.

Timeline for REAL ID Implementation

Security Upgrades - Phase I

(By Dec 31, 2009)

States will:

- Verify lawful status with DHS to prevent illegal aliens from obtaining REAL IDs
- Check Social Security number electronically with the Social Security Administration, so that no one else can claim your identity
- Ensure that an applicant does not have licenses in multiple identities
- Conduct background checks for DMV/contractor employees to ensure licenses are not issued by corrupt insiders

Security Upgrades - Phase II

(By May 11, 2011)

States will:

- Verify electronically all identity documents with the issuing source to ensure records exist and are accurate
- Confirm tamper-resistant features of REAL ID licenses
- Record in DMV databases the full name established by the required identity documents
- Commence issuing REAL IDs (if not sooner)

Enrollment - Age 50 and Under

(By Dec 1, 2014)

 All license holders born on or after December 1, 1964 who want a REAL ID-compliant license have one by December 1, 2014

Enrollment - Over Age 50

(By Dec 1, 2017)

 All license holders – regardless of age – who want a REAL ID-compliant license have one by December 1, 2017



REAL ID Improves Our Security



Ms. Carmen Alldritt Director Kansas Division of Vehicles Docking State Office Building 915 SW Harrison Street Topeka, KS 66612-1588

JAN 18 2008

Dear Director Alldritt:

Thank you and the State of Kansas for your continued commitment to improve Kansas' drivers' license and identification issuance processes. These new processes will lead to improved identification security. We received your January 17, 2008 request for an extension of the May 11, 2008 deadline for compliance with the REAL ID Act and implementing regulations.

This document serves as your official notification that the Department of Homeland Security has granted your request for an extension of the compliance date until December 31, 2009. If you have questions or require additional assistance, please contact Mr. Darrell Williams at (darrell.williams 1@dhs.gov) or (202) 447-3836.

Sincerely,

Richard C. Barth, Ph.D.

Assistant Secretary for Policy Development



www.ksrevenue.org

Gap for Kansas to become Real ID Compliant

- 1. Photo First By 12/31/09 implement new procedures for capturing the photo of all applicants, even if the DL or ID will not be issued.
- 2. Document Verification with various data bases by 12/31/09.
 - Verify an applicants lawful presence status through the SAVE system.
 - Birth Certificates through EVVE.
 - US Passports through CLASS.
 - Other State issued DL's through DRIVERS
- 3. New Enhanced/Next Generation Driver License that deters fraud and prevents tampering by 5/11/2011.
- 4. Ability to retain (image) the documents presented by the applicant when applying for a drivers License by 12/31/09.
- 5. Ongoing review and update of our security plan. Annually after 12/31/09.
- 6. Ongoing training for our employees on fraud detection.
- 7. Background checks on all employees including county treasurers, drivers license examiners and others.

Session of 2008

SENATE BILL No. 410

By Joint Committee on Corrections and Juvenile Justice Oversight

1-10

AN ACT concerning juvenile corrections; amending K.S.A. 76-2101, 76 2125 and 76-2128 and K.S.A. 2007 Supp. 38-2302, 76-2101a, 76-3201
 and 76-3202 and repealing the existing sections; also repealing K.S.A.
 76-2111.

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42 43 Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

Section 1. K.S.A. 2007 Supp. 38-2302 is hereby amended to read as follows: 38-2302. As used in this code, unless the context otherwise requires:

- (a) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of juvenile justice.
- (b) "Conditional release" means release from a term of commitment in a juvenile correctional facility for an aftercare term pursuant to K.S.A. 2007 Supp. 38-2369, and amendments thereto, under conditions established by the commissioner.
- (c) "Court-appointed special advocate" means a responsible adult, other than an attorney appointed pursuant to K.S.A. 2007 Supp. 38-2306, and amendments thereto, who is appointed by the court to represent the best interests of a child, as provided in K.S.A. 2007 Supp. 38-2307, and amendments thereto, in a proceeding pursuant to this code.
- (d) "Educational institution" means all schools at the elementary and secondary levels.
- (e) "Educator" means any administrator, teacher or other professional or paraprofessional employee of an educational institution who has exposure to a pupil specified in subsections (a)(1) through (5) of K.S.A. 72-89b03, and amendments thereto.
- (f) "Institution" means the following institutions: the Atchison juvenile correctional facility, the Beloit juvenile correctional facility, the Larned juvenile correctional facility, the Topeka juvenile correctional facility and the Kansas juvenile correctional complex.
- (g) "Investigator" means an employee of the juvenile justice authority assigned by the commissioner with the responsibility for investigations concerning employees at the juvenile correctional facilities and juveniles in the custody of the commissioner at a juvenile correctional facility.
 - (h) "Jail" means: (1) An adult jail or lockup; or
 - 2) a facility in the same building as an adult jail or lockup, unless the

410SenBalloonB.pdf

Sen Fed & State
Attachment 2

 facility meets all applicable licensure requirements under law and there is: (A) Total separation of the juvenile and adult facility spatial areas such that there could be no haphazard or accidental contact between juvenile and adult residents in the respective facilities; (B) total separation in all juvenile and adult program activities within the facilities, including recreation, education, counseling, health care, dining, sleeping and general living activities; and (C) separate juvenile and adult staff, including management, security staff and direct care staff such as recreational, educational and counseling.

- (i) "Juvenile" means a person to whom one or more of the following applies, the person: (1) Is 10 or more years of age but less than 18 years of age; (2) is alleged to be a juvenile offender; or (3) has been adjudicated as a juvenile offender and continues to be subject to the jurisdiction of the court.
- (j) "Juvenile correctional facility" means a facility operated by the commissioner for the commitment of juvenile offenders.
- (k) "Juvenile corrections officer" means a certified employee of the juvenile justice authority working at a juvenile correctional facility assigned by the commissioner with responsibility for maintaining custody, security and control of juveniles in the custody of the commissioner at a juvenile correctional facility.
- (l) "Juvenile detention facility" means a public or private facility licensed pursuant to article 5 of chapter 65 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto, which is used for the lawful custody of alleged or adjudicated juvenile offenders.
- (m) "Juvenile intake and assessment worker" means a responsible adult authorized to perform intake and assessment services as part of the intake and assessment system established pursuant to K.S.A. 75-7023, and amendments thereto.
- (n) "Juvenile offender" means a person who commits an offense while 10 or more years of age but less than 18 years of age which if committed by an adult would constitute the commission of a felony or misdemeanor as defined by K.S.A. 21-3105, and amendments thereto, or who violates the provisions of K.S.A. 21-4204a or 41-727 or subsection (j) of K.S.A. 74-8810, and amendments thereto, but does not include: (1) A person 14 or more years of age who commits a traffic offense, as defined in subsection (d) of K.S.A. 8-2117, and amendments thereto;
- (2) a person 16 years of age or over who commits an offense defined in chapter 32 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto;
 - (3) a person under 18 years of age who previously has been:
 - (A) Convicted as an adult under the Kansas criminal code;
- (B) sentenced as an adult under the Kansas criminal code following termination of status as an extended jurisdiction juvenile pursuant to

K.S.A. 2007 Supp. 38-2364, and amendments thereto; or

(C) convicted or sentenced as an adult in another state or foreign jurisdiction under substantially similar procedures described in K.S.A. 2007 Supp. 38-2347, and amendments thereto, or because of attaining the age of majority designated in that state or jurisdiction.

- (o) "Law enforcement officer" means any person who by virtue of that person's office or public employment is vested by law with a duty to maintain public order or to make arrests for crimes, whether that duty extends to all crimes or is limited to specific crimes.
- (p) "Parent" when used in relation to a juvenile, includes a guardian and every person who is, by law, liable to maintain, care for or support the juvenile.
- (q) "Risk assessment tool" means an instrument administered to juveniles which delivers a score, or group of scores, describing, but not limited to describing, the juvenile's potential risk to the community.
- (r) "Sanctions house" means a facility which is operated or structured so as to ensure that all entrances and exits from the facility are under the exclusive control of the staff of the facility, whether or not the person being detained has freedom of movement within the perimeters of the facility, or which relies on locked rooms and buildings, fences or physical restraint in order to control the behavior of its residents. Upon an order from the court, a licensed juvenile detention facility may serve as a sanctions house.
- (s) "Warrant" means a written order by a judge of the court directed to any law enforcement officer commanding the officer to take into custody the juvenile named or described therein.
- (t) "Youth residential facility" means any home, foster home or structure which provides 24-hour-a-day care for juveniles and which is licensed pursuant to article 5 of chapter 65 or article 70 of chapter 75 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto.
- Sec. 2. K.S.A. 76-2101 is hereby amended to read as follows: 76-2101. (a) The name of the youth center at Topeka is hereby changed to the Topeka juvenile correctional facility is hereby changed to the Kansas juvenile correctional complex. On and after July 1, 1997 2008, any reference in the laws of this state to the state industrial school for boys or, the youth center at Topeka or the Topeka juvenile correctional facility, or words of like effect, in any statute, contract or other document, shall be construed as referring to the Topeka juvenile correctional facility Kansas juvenile correctional complex.
- (b) The commissioner of juvenile justice shall have the management and control of the Topeka juvenile correctional facility.
- Sec. 3. K.S.A. 2007 Supp. 76-2101a is hereby amended to read as follows: 76-2101a. (a) The superintendent of the Topeka juvenile correc-

tional facility shall remit all moneys received by or for the superintendent from charges and other operations of such institution to the state treasurer in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 75-4215, and amendments thereto. Upon receipt of each such remittance, the state treasurer shall deposit the entire amount in the state treasury to the credit of the Topeka juvenile correctional facility fee fund. All expenditures from such fund shall be made in accordance with appropriation acts upon warrants of the director of account and reports issued pursuant to vouchers approved by such superintendent or by a person or persons designated by the superintendent.

— (b) The superintendent of the Atchison juvenile correctional facility shall remit all moneys received by or for the superintendent from charges and other operations of such institution to the state treasurer in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 75-4215, and amendments thereto. Upon receipt of each such remittance, the state treasurer shall deposit the entire amount in the state treasury to the credit of the Atchison juvenile correctional facility fee fund. All expenditures from such fund shall be made in accordance with appropriation acts upon warrants of the director of accounts and reports issued pursuant to vouchers approved by such superintendent or by a person or persons designated by the superintendent.

Sec. 4. K.S.A. 76-2125 is hereby amended to read as follows: 76-2125. After conveyance of the legal title to the state of Kansas, the control of such lands shall be vested in the secretary of social and rehabilitation services for the use and benefit of the youth center at Topeka. On and after July 1, 1997, the control of such lands shall be vested in the commissioner of juvenile justice for the use and benefit of the Topeka juvenile correctional facility. On and after July 1, 2008, the control of such land shall be vested in the commissioner of juvenile justice for the use and benefit of the Kansas juvenile correctional complex.

Sec. 5. K.S.A. 76-2128 is hereby amended to read as follows: 76-2128. When the state of Kansas has acquired title to such real estate as hereinbefore provided such real estate shall be for the use of the Topeka juvenile correctional facility Kansas juvenile correctional complex until other use is directed or disposition is made by the legislature.

Sec. 6. K.S.A. 2007 Supp. 76-3201 is hereby amended to read as follows: 76-3201. On and after July 1, 1007, The commissioner shall appoint the superintendents of the Atchison juvenile correctional facility, the Beloit juvenile correctional facility, the Topeka juvenile correctional facility and the Larned juvenile correctional facility. On and after July 1, 2003, the commissioner shall appoint the superintendent of and the Kansas juvenile correctional complex. Superintendents shall be in the unclassified service under the Kansas civil service act. A superintendent may

(a) The commissioner may appoint a superintendent at each institution.

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be removed at any time by the commissioner. Each superintendent shall receive an annual salary fixed by the commissioner, with the approval of the governor. The commissioner may appoint an acting superintendent for any institution which has a superintendent to serve temporarily until a vacancy is filled. Acting superintendents shall have the same powers, duties and functions as superintendents.

Sec. 7. K.S.A. 2007 Supp. 76-3202 is hereby amended to read as follows: 76-3202. (a) Employees of each institution shall be appointed by the superintendent or director of the institution. All employees so appointed shall be in the classified service under the Kansas civil service act, except as provided in subsection (b) and physicians who shall be in the unclassified service under the Kansas civil service act and as provided in K.S.A. 75-2935, and amendments thereto, or any other statute.

(b) The superintendent of the Topeka a juvenile correctional facility may appoint a deputy superintendent and an attorney for such facility. Such deputy and attorney shall be in the unclassified service under the Kansas civil service act and as provided in K.S.A. 75 2035, and amendments thereto.

Sec. 8. K.S.A. 76-2101, 76-2111, 76-2125 and 76-2128 and K.S.A. 2007 Supp. 38-2302, 76-2101a, 76-3201 and 76-3202 are hereby repealed.

Sec. 9. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its publication in the statute book.

If a vacancy occurs in the position of superintendent or deputing-superintendent, the

Nothing in this subsection shall be construed as prohibiting the appointment of a person to serve as the superintendent of more than one institution.

(b) The commissioner may appoint a deputy superintendent for an institution. Such deputy shall be in the unclassified service under the Kansas civil service act and as provided in K.S.A. 75-2935, and amendments thereto.

Kansas register

REPORTS OF STANDING COMMITTEES

MR. PRESIDENT:

The Committee on **Federal and State Affairs** recommends **SB 410** be amended on page 4, in line 37, by striking "shall ap-"; by striking all in lines 38 through 41; in line 42, by striking all preceding "shall" and inserting "may appoint a superintendent and deputy superintendent at each institution. Superintendents and deputy superintendents"; in line 43, preceding "may" by inserting "or a deputy superintendent";

On page 5, in line 1, preceding "shall" by inserting "and deputy superintendent"; in line 3, by striking "The" and inserting "If a vacancy occurs in the position of superintendent or deputy superintendent, the"; in line 4, preceding "to" by inserting "or deputy superintendent"; in line 6, following the period, by inserting "Acting deputy superintendents shall have the same powers, duties and functions as deputy superintendents.

Nothing in this section shall be construed as prohibiting the appointment of a person to serve as the superintendent or deputy superintendent at more than one institution.";

Also on page 5, in line 8, by striking "(a)"; in line 11, by striking "as provided in subsection (b) and"; by striking all in lines 14 through 18; in line 22, by striking "statute book" and inserting "Kansas register"; and the bill be passed as amended.

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- 2 -	
	Chairperson