Date

# MINUTES OF THE HOUSE FEDERAL AND STATE AFFAIRS COMMITTEE

The meeting was called to order by Chairman Melvin Neufeld at 1:30 p.m. on March 2, 2009, in Room 143-N of the Capitol.

All members were present except:

Representative Broderick Henderson- excused Representative Mike Peterson- excused Representative Lisa Benlon

#### Committee staff present:

Mike Heim, Office of the Revisor of Statutes Jason Long, Office of the Revisor of Statutes Julian Efird, Kansas Legislative Research Department Dennis Hodgins, Kansas Legislative Research Department Nikki Feuerborn, Committee Assistant

Conferees appearing before the committee:

Ed Klumpp, Kansas Association of Chiefs of Police

Others attending:

See attached list.

Attachments:

Recommendations from Subcommittee report on SB 19 - Concealed weapons; U.S. attorneys, county

district attorneys and assistants (Attachment 1)

Proposed Balloon Amendment A (Attachment 2)

Proposed Balloon Amendment B (Attachment 3)

Proposed Balloon Amendment C (Attachment 4)

Ed Klumpp, Kansas Association of Chiefs of Police (Attachment 5)

Recommendations and discussion of Subcommittee report on <u>SB 19</u> - <u>Concealed weapons</u>; <u>U.S. attorneys</u>, <u>county and district attorneys and assistants</u>

Representative Knox, Chairman of the Subcommittee on <u>SB 19</u> reported the findings and recommendations of the members as noted in <u>Attachment 1</u>. This bill would authorize certain prosecutors to carry concealed firearms or exempt certain prosecutors from the crime of discharge of a firearm while engaged in their duties.

Representative Knox presented three suggested balloon amendments as noted in <u>Attachment 2 (A)</u>. Attachment 3 (B), and Attachment 4 (C).

Representative Knox moved for the adoption of Balloon A (Attachment 2). Motion was seconded by Representative Carlson. Motion carried.

Representative Knox moved to adopt Balloon B (Attachment 3). Motion was seconded by Representative Carlson.

During Committee discussion, members appeared to be confused as to the exact intent of the proposed amendments and also who would have the authority over the courtroom, the chief judge or the county commissioners if they were in disagreement. Chairman Neufeld suspended action on the bill with the motion on the table. The bill will be revisited at a date to be announced.

Hearing on SB 53 - Licensure of cereal malt beverage retailers

Ed Klumpp, representing the Kansas Association of Chiefs of Police, explained that the bill would amend the Liquor Control Act by allowing a county or a city discretion on whether to issue a retail liquor license to any person, partnership, or corporation if any member or stockholder of such entities owns or has owned a 25 percent aggregate of stock of such corporation and has had their retailer's license revoked, or has been convicted of a violation of the drinking establishment act or the cereal malt beverage laws of the State (Attachment 5). In his testimony, Mr. Klumpp explained their objections to changing "shall" to "may" in that the current "shall" language has been the only reason some cities have upheld some licensing sanctions for

## CONTINUATION SHEET

Minutes of the House Federal And State Affairs Committee at 1:30 p.m. on March 2, 2009, in Room 143-N of the Capitol.

serious violations of cereal malt beverage licensees.

There were no other proponents nor opponents. Chairman Neufeld closed the hearing on SB 53.

The next meeting is scheduled for March 4, 2009.

The meeting was adjourned at 2:37 p.m.

# House Federal and State Affairs Guest list

Date 3-2-09

Organization Name ED KLUMPP KACP KPOA LKM

## House Committee on Federal and State Affairs

# SUBCOMMITTEE REPORT ON SB 19

March 2, 2009

Representative Forrest Knox, Chairperson

Representative Richard Carlson

Representative Louis Ruiz

House Fed & State Affairs Date: 3/2/09

Attachment 1

#### SUBCOMMITTEE REPORT ON SB 19

SB 19, as amended and passed by the Senate, would authorize certain prosecutors to carry concealed firearms or exempt certain prosecutors from the crime of discharge of a firearm while engaged in their duties.

#### Background

In 2006 and 2007, the Office of Judicial Administration conducted vulnerability assessments on 127 Kansas district court facilities and the Kansas Judicial Center. These facilities were 110 courthouses (including the 105 counties, plus five counties with two courthouses) and 17 annex facilities, the majority of which house court services staff, and the Sedgwick County Juvenile Courthouse.

At that time, there were 14 courthouses with controlled entries, including magnetometers (metal detectors). These were the Kansas Judicial Center, Courthouses in Wyandotte County, Sedgwick County, Shawnee County, Douglas County, Johnson County, Leavenworth County, Franklin County, Butler County, Lyon County, Cherokee County, Labette County, and the Crawford County Courthouses in Pittsburg and Girard. One annex, the Sedgwick County Juvenile Courthouse, has a controlled entry.

## **Subcommittee Recommendation**

- 1. The Subcommittee makes recommendations to amend SB 19 in the following manner:
  - Add clarifying language on page 5 in line 43 that would change the word "courthouse" to "facility" in order to broaden the application to all courthouses, annexes, and any other county building or office.
  - Add new language on page 5 after the word "facility" to include any restrictions or prohibitions imposed in any courtroom as ordered by the chief judge of any judicial district.
  - Delete language on page 4 in each case where reference is made to "while actually engaged in the duties of their employment" in order to remove such restriction.
  - Delete language on page 6 that requires certification "at their own expense" in line 9.
- 2. In addition, the Subcommittee offers the following suggestion for additional changes to amend SB 19 regarding secure facilities:
  - Add an opt-out provision for the county commission of any county and for the chief judge of any judicial district in order that each may declare the new provisions of SB 19 do NOT apply in those locations having secure facilities and secure courtrooms as determined by the appropriate governing body or chief judge to be "gun free" areas with controlled entry.

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Session of 2009

### SENATE BILL No. 19

By Senator D. Schmidt

#### 1-12

AN ACT concerning crimes and punishment; relating to the criminal use of weapons; amending K.S.A. 21-4217 and 21-4218 and K.S.A. 2008 Supp. 21-4201 and repealing the existing sections.

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Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

Section 1. K.S.A. 2008 Supp. 21-4201 is hereby amended to read as follows: 21-4201. (a) Criminal use of weapons is knowingly:

- (1) Selling, manufacturing, purchasing, possessing or carrying any bludgeon, sandclub, metal knuckles or throwing star, or any knife, commonly referred to as a switch-blade, which has a blade that opens automatically by hand pressure applied to a button, spring or other device in the handle of the knife, or any knife having a blade that opens or falls or is ejected into position by the force of gravity or by an outward, downward or centrifugal thrust or movement;
- (2) carrying concealed on one's person, or possessing with intent to use the same unlawfully against another, a dagger, dirk, billy, blackjack, slungshot, dangerous knife, straight-edged razor, stiletto or any other dangerous or deadly weapon or instrument of like character, except that an ordinary pocket knife with no blade more than four inches in length shall not be construed to be a dangerous knife, or a dangerous or deadly weapon or instrument;
- (3) carrying on one's person or in any land, water or air vehicle, with intent to use the same unlawfully, a tear gas or smoke bomb or projector or any object containing a noxious liquid, gas or substance;
- (4) carrying any pistol, revolver or other firearm concealed on one's person except when on the person's land or in the person's abode or fixed place of business;
  - (5) setting a spring gun;
- (6) possessing any device or attachment of any kind designed, used or intended for use in suppressing the report of any firearm;
- (7) selling, manufacturing, purchasing, possessing or carrying a shotgun with a barrel less than 18 inches in length or any other firearm designed to discharge or capable of discharging automatically more than once by a single function of the trigger; or

House Federal and State Affairs Subcommittee on SB 19

Recommended amendments - General Recommendation

House Fed & State Affairs

- (8) possessing, manufacturing, causing to be manufactured, selling, offering for sale, lending, purchasing or giving away any cartridge which can be fired by a handgun and which has a plastic-coated bullet that has a core of less than 60% lead by weight.
- (b) Subsections (a)(1), (2), (3), (4) and (7) shall not apply to or affect any of the following:
- (1) Law enforcement officers, or any person summoned by any such officers to assist in making arrests or preserving the peace while actually engaged in assisting such officer;
- (2) wardens, superintendents, directors, security personnel and keepers of prisons, penitentiaries, jails and other institutions for the detention of persons accused or convicted of crime, while acting within the scope of their authority;
- (3) members of the armed services or reserve forces of the United States or the Kansas national guard while in the performance of their official duty; or
- (4) manufacture of, transportation to, or sale of weapons to a person authorized under subsections (b)(1), (2) and (3) to possess such weapons.
  - (c) Subsection (a)(4) shall not apply to or affect the following:
- (1) Watchmen, while actually engaged in the performance of the duties of their employment;
- (2) licensed hunters or fishermen, while engaged in hunting or fishing;
- (3) private detectives licensed by the state to carry the firearm involved, while actually engaged in the duties of their employment;
- (4) detectives or special agents regularly employed by railroad companies or other corporations to perform full-time security or investigative service, while actually engaged in the duties of their employment;
- (5) the state fire marshal, the state fire marshal's deputies or any member of a fire department authorized to carry a firearm pursuant to K.S.A. 31-157 and amendments thereto, while engaged in an investigation in which such fire marshal, deputy or member is authorized to carry a firearm pursuant to K.S.A. 31-157 and amendments thereto; or
- (6) special deputy sheriffs described in K.S.A. 19-827, and amendments thereto, who have satisfactorily completed the basic course of instruction required for permanent appointment as a part-time law enforcement officer under K.S.A. 74-5607a and amendments thereto-; or
- (7) the United States attorney for the district of Kansas, the attorney general, any district attorney or county attorney, any assistant United States attorney if authorized by the United States attorney for the district of Kansas, any assistant attorney general if authorized by the attorney general, or any assistant district attorney or assistant county attorney if authorized by the district attorney or county attorney by whom

 such assistant is employed. The provisions of this paragraph shall not apply to any person not in compliance with section 4, and amendments thereto.

- (d) Subsections (a)(1), (6) and (7) shall not apply to any person who sells, purchases, possesses or carries a firearm, device or attachment which has been rendered unserviceable by steel weld in the chamber and marriage weld of the barrel to the receiver and which has been registered in the national firearms registration and transfer record in compliance with 26 U.S.C. 5841 et seq. in the name of such person and, if such person transfers such firearm, device or attachment to another person, has been so registered in the transferee's name by the transferor.
- (e) Subsection (a)(8) shall not apply to a governmental laboratory or solid plastic bullets.
- 14 (f) Subsection (a)(6) shall not apply to a law enforcement officer who 15 is:
  - (1) Assigned by the head of such officer's law enforcement agency to a tactical unit which receives specialized, regular training;
  - (2) designated by the head of such officer's law enforcement agency to possess devices described in subsection (a)(6); and
  - (3) in possession of commercially manufactured devices which are: (A) Owned by the law enforcement agency; (B) in such officer's possession only during specific operations; and (C) approved by the bureau of alcohol, tobacco, firearms and explosives of the United States department of justice.
  - (g) Subsections (a)(6), (7) and (8) shall not apply to any person employed by a laboratory which is certified by the United States department of justice, national institute of justice, while actually engaged in the duties of their employment and on the premises of such certified laboratory. Subsections (a)(6), (7) and (8) shall not affect the manufacture of, transportation to or sale of weapons to such certified laboratory.
  - (h) Subsection (a)(4) shall not apply to any person carrying a concealed weapon as authorized by K.S.A. 2008 Supp. 75-7c01 through 75-7c17, and amendments thereto.
  - (i) Subsections (a)(6) and (7) shall not apply to or affect any person or entity in compliance with the national firearms act, 26 U.S.C. 5801 et seq.
    - (j) It shall be a defense that the defendant is within an exemption.
  - (k) Violation of subsections (a)(1) through (a)(5) is a class A nonperson misdemeanor. Violation of subsection (a)(6), (a)(7) or (a)(8) is a severity level 9, nonperson felony.
  - (l) As used in this section, "throwing star" means any instrument, without handles, consisting of a metal plate having three or more radiating points with one or more sharp edges and designed in the shape of a

- polygon, trefoil, cross, star, diamond or other geometric shape, manufactured for use as a weapon for throwing.
  - Sec. 2. K.S.A. 21-4217 is hereby amended to read as follows: 21-4217(a) Criminal discharge of a firearm is the discharge of any firearm:
  - (1) Upon any land or nonnavigable body of water of another, without having obtained permission of the owner or person in possession of such land; or
- (2) upon or from any public road, public road right-of-way or railroad right-of-way that adjoins land of another without having first obtained permission of the owner or person in possession of such land.
  - (b) This section shall not apply to any of the following:
- (1) Law enforcement officers, or any person summoned by any such officers to assist in making arrests or preserving the peace while actually engaged in assisting such officer;
- (2) wardens, superintendents, directors, security personnel and keepers of prisons, penitentiaries, jails and other institutions for the detention of persons accused or convicted of crime, while acting within the scope of their authority;
- (3) members of the armed services or reserve forces of the United States or the national guard while in the performance of their official duty;
- (4) watchmen, while actually engaged in the performance of the duties of their employment;
- (5) private detectives licensed by the state to carry the firearm involved, while actually engaged in the duties of their employment;
- (6) detectives or special agents regularly employed by railroad companies or other corporations to perform full-time security or investigative service, while actually engaged in the duties of their employment; or
- (7) the state fire marshal, the state fire marshal's deputies or any member of a fire department authorized to carry a firearm pursuant to K.S.A. 31-157 and amendments thereto, while engaged in an investigation in which such fire marshal, deputy or member is authorized to carry a firearm pursuant to K.S.A. 31-157 and amendments thereto; or
- (8) the United States attorney for the district of Kansas, the attorney general, or any district attorney or county attorney while actually engaged in the duties of their employment any assistant United States attorney if authorized by the United States attorney for the district of Kansas and while actually engaged in the duties of their employment any assistant attorney general if authorized by the attorney general and while actually engaged in the duties of their employment or any assistant district attorney or assistant county attorney if authorized by the district attorney or county attorney by whom such assistant is employed and while actually engaged in the duties of their employment. The

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provisions of this paragraph shall not apply to any person not in compliance with section 4, and amendments thereto.

- (c) Criminal discharge of a firearm is a class C misdemeanor.
- Sec. 3. K.S.A. 21-4218 is hereby amended to read as follows: 21-4218. (a) Possession of a firearm on the grounds of or in the state capitol building, within the governor's residence, on the grounds of or in any building on the grounds of the governor's residence, within the state office building at 915 Harrison known as the Docking state office building, within the state office building at 900 Jackson known as the Landon state office building, within the Kansas judicial center at 301 West 10th, within any other state-owned or leased building if the secretary of administration has so designated by rules and regulations and conspicuously placed signs clearly stating that firearms are prohibited within such building, and within any county courthouse, unless, by county resolution, the board of county commissioners authorize the possession of a firearm within such courthouse, is possession of a firearm by a person other than a commissioned law enforcement officer, a full-time salaried law enforcement officer of another state or the federal government who is carrying out official duties while in this state, any person summoned by any such officer to assist in making arrests or preserving the peace while actually engaged in assisting such officer or a member of the military of this state or the United States engaged in the performance of duties who brings a firearm into, or possesses a firearm within, the state capitol building, any state legislative office, any office of the governor or office of other state government elected official, any hearing room in which any committee of the state legislature or either house thereof is conducting a hearing, the governor's residence, on the grounds of or in any building on the grounds of the governor's residence or the Landon state office building, Docking state office building, Kansas judicial center, county courthouses unless otherwise allowed, or any other state-owned or leased building, so designated.
- (b) It is not a violation of this section for the governor, the governor's immediate family, or specifically authorized guests of the governor to possess a firearm within the governor's residence or on the grounds of or in any building on the grounds of the governor's residence.
- (c) It is not a violation of this section for the United States attorney for the district of Kansas, the attorney general, any district attorney or county attorney, any assistant United States attorney; if authorized by the United States attorney for the district of Kansas, any assistant attorney general if authorized by the attorney general, or any assistant district attorney or assistant county attorney; if authorized by the district attorney or county attorney by whom such assistant is employed, to possess a firearm within any county courthouse. The provisions of this par-

facility, subject to any restrictions or prohibitions imposed in any courtroom by the chief judge of the judicial district

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- agraph shall not apply to any person not in compliance with section 4,
   and amendments thereto.
- 3 (e) (d) Violation of subsection (a) is a class A misdemeanor.
- $\frac{4}{6}$  (e) This section shall be part of and supplemental to the Kansas 5 criminal code.
  - New Sec. 4. Any person not subject to the provisions of subsection (a) of K.S.A. 21-4201, and amendments thereto, under the authority of paragraph (7) of subsection (c) of K.S.A. 21-4201, and amendments thereto, shall obtain at their own expense, and maintain a license to carry concealed weapons permit as authorized by K.S.A. 75-7c01 through 75-7c17, and amendments thereto. In addition, such person shall complete a firearms training course as determined by the director of police training of the law enforcement training center.
- 14 Sec. 5. K.S.A. 21-4217 and 21-4218 and K.S.A. 2008 Supp. 21-4201 15 are hereby repealed.
- Sec. 6. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its publication in the statute book.

## **SENATE BILL No. 19**



By Senator D. Schmidt

1-12

AN ACT concerning crimes and punishment; relating to the criminal use
 of weapons; amending K.S.A. 21-4217 and 21-4218 and K.S.A. 2008
 Supp. 21-4201 and repealing the existing sections.

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Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

Section 1. K.S.A. 2008 Supp. 21-4201 is hereby amended to read as follows: 21-4201. (a) Criminal use of weapons is knowingly:

- (1) Selling, manufacturing, purchasing, possessing or carrying any bludgeon, sandclub, metal knuckles or throwing star, or any knife, commonly referred to as a switch-blade, which has a blade that opens automatically by hand pressure applied to a button, spring or other device in the handle of the knife, or any knife having a blade that opens or falls or is ejected into position by the force of gravity or by an outward, downward or centrifugal thrust or movement;
- (2) carrying concealed on one's person, or possessing with intent to use the same unlawfully against another, a dagger, dirk, billy, blackjack, slungshot, dangerous knife, straight-edged razor, stiletto or any other dangerous or deadly weapon or instrument of like character, except that an ordinary pocket knife with no blade more than four inches in length shall not be construed to be a dangerous knife, or a dangerous or deadly weapon or instrument;
- (3) carrying on one's person or in any land, water or air vehicle, with intent to use the same unlawfully, a tear gas or smoke bomb or projector or any object containing a noxious liquid, gas or substance;
- (4) carrying any pistol, revolver or other firearm concealed on one's person except when on the person's land or in the person's abode or fixed place of business;
  - (5) setting a spring gun;
- (6) possessing any device or attachment of any kind designed, used or intended for use in suppressing the report of any firearm;
- (7) selling, manufacturing, purchasing, possessing or carrying a shotgun with a barrel less than 18 inches in length or any other firearm designed to discharge or capable of discharging automatically more than once by a single function of the trigger; or

House Federal and State Affairs Subcommittee on SB 19

Recommended amendments - Opt out provision for counties

House Fed & State Affairs Date: 3/3/09

Attachment

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provisions of this paragraph shall not apply to any person not in compliance with section 4, and amendments thereto.

- (c) Criminal discharge of a firearm is a class C misdemeanor.
- Sec. 3. K.S.A. 21-4218 is hereby amended to read as follows: 21-4218. (a) Possession of a firearm on the grounds of or in the state capitol building, within the governor's residence, on the grounds of or in any building on the grounds of the governor's residence, within the state office building at 915 Harrison known as the Docking state office building, within the state office building at 900 Jackson known as the Landon state office building, within the Kansas judicial center at 301 West 10th, within any other state-owned or leased building if the secretary of administration has so designated by rules and regulations and conspicuously placed signs clearly stating that firearms are prohibited within such building, and within any county courthouse, unless, by county resolution, the board of county commissioners authorize the possession of a firearm within such courthouse, is possession of a firearm by a person other than a commissioned law enforcement officer, a full-time salaried law enforcement officer of another state or the federal government who is carrying out official duties while in this state, any person summoned by any such officer to assist in making arrests or preserving the peace while actually engaged in assisting such officer or a member of the military of this state or the United States engaged in the performance of duties who brings a firearm into, or possesses a firearm within, the state capitol building, any state legislative office, any office of the governor or office of other state government elected official, any hearing room in which any committee of the state legislature or either house thereof is conducting a hearing, the governor's residence, on the grounds of or in any building on the grounds of the governor's residence or the Landon state office building, Docking state office building, Kansas judicial center, county courthouses unless otherwise allowed, or any other state-owned or leased building, so designated.
- (b) It is not a violation of this section for the governor, the governor's immediate family, or specifically authorized guests of the governor to possess a firearm within the governor's residence or on the grounds of or in any building on the grounds of the governor's residence.
- (c) It is not a violation of this section for the United States attorney for the district of Kansas, the attorney general, any district attorney or county attorney, any assistant United States attorney; if authorized by the United States attorney for the district of Kansas, any assistant attorney general if authorized by the attorney general, or any assistant district attorney or assistant county attorney; if authorized by the district attorney or county attorney by whom such assistant is employed, to possess a firearm within any county courthouse. The provisions of this par-

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- agraph shall not apply to any person not in compliance with section 4,
   and amendments thereto.
  - (e) (d) Violation of subsection (a) is a class A misdemeanor.
- $\frac{\text{(d)}}{\text{(e)}}$  This section shall be part of and supplemental to the Kansas criminal code.
- New Sec. 4. Any person not subject to the provisions of subsection (a) of K.S.A. 21-4201, and amendments thereto, under the authority of paragraph (7) of subsection (c) of K.S.A. 21-4201, and amendments thereto, shall obtain at their own expense, and maintain a license to carry concealed weapons permit as authorized by K.S.A. 75-7c01 through 75-7c17, and amendments thereto. In addition, such person shall complete a firearms training course as determined by the director of police training of the law enforcement training center.
- 14 Sec. 5. K.S.A. 21-4217 and 21-4218 and K.S.A. 2008 Supp. 21-4201 are hereby repealed.
- Sec. 6. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its publication in the statute book.

(d) Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, any county may elect by passage of a resolution that the provisions of subsection (c) shall not apply to such county's facilities; provided, that such facilities have adequate security measures to ensure that no weapons are permitted to be carried into such facilities and that a sign be conspicuously posted at each entryway into such facility stating that the provisions of subsection (c) do not apply to such facility. For the purposes of this section, "adequate security measures" means the use of electronic equipment and personnel to detect and restrict the carrying of any weapons into the facility, including, but not limited to, metal detectors, metal detector wands or any other equipment used for similar purposes.

# SENATE BILL No. 19 $^{\circ}$

By Senator D. Schmidt

1-12

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- (2) carrying concealed on one's person, or possessing with intent to use the same unlawfully against another, a dagger, dirk, billy, blackjack, slungshot, dangerous knife, straight-edged razor, stiletto or any other dangerous or deadly weapon or instrument of like character, except that an ordinary pocket knife with no blade more than four inches in length shall not be construed to be a dangerous knife, or a dangerous or deadly weapon or instrument;
- (3) carrying on one's person or in any land, water or air vehicle, with intent to use the same unlawfully, a tear gas or smoke bomb or projector or any object containing a noxious liquid, gas or substance;
- (4) carrying any pistol, revolver or other firearm concealed on one's person except when on the person's land or in the person's abode or fixed place of business;
  - (5) setting a spring gun;
- (6) possessing any device or attachment of any kind designed, used or intended for use in suppressing the report of any firearm;
- (7) selling, manufacturing, purchasing, possessing or carrying a shotgun with a barrel less than 18 inches in length or any other firearm designed to discharge or capable of discharging automatically more than once by a single function of the trigger; or

House Federal and State Affairs Subcommittee on SB 19

Recommended amendments - Opt out provision for courtrooms

House Fed & State Affairs Date: ヴィ/09

Attachment

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- (c) Criminal discharge of a firearm is a class C misdemeanor.
- Sec. 3. K.S.A. 21-4218 is hereby amended to read as follows: 21-4218. (a) Possession of a firearm on the grounds of or in the state capitol building, within the governor's residence, on the grounds of or in any building on the grounds of the governor's residence, within the state office building at 915 Harrison known as the Docking state office building, within the state office building at 900 Jackson known as the Landon state office building, within the Kansas judicial center at 301 West 10th, within any other state-owned or leased building if the secretary of administration has so designated by rules and regulations and conspicuously placed signs clearly stating that firearms are prohibited within such building, and within any county courthouse, unless, by county resolution, the board of county commissioners authorize the possession of a firearm within such courthouse, is possession of a firearm by a person other than a commissioned law enforcement officer, a full-time salaried law enforcement officer of another state or the federal government who is carrying out official duties while in this state, any person summoned by any such officer to assist in making arrests or preserving the peace while actually engaged in assisting such officer or a member of the military of this state or the United States engaged in the performance of duties who brings a firearm into, or possesses a firearm within, the state capitol building, any state legislative office, any office of the governor or office of other state government elected official, any hearing room in which any committee of the state legislature or either house thereof is conducting a hearing, the governor's residence, on the grounds of or in any building on the grounds of the governor's residence or the Landon state office building, Docking state office building, Kansas judicial center, county courthouses unless otherwise allowed, or any other state-owned or leased building, so designated.
- (b) It is not a violation of this section for the governor, the governor's immediate family, or specifically authorized guests of the governor to possess a firearm within the governor's residence or on the grounds of or in any building on the grounds of the governor's residence.
- (c) It is not a violation of this section for the United States attorney for the district of Kansas, the attorney general, any district attorney or county attorney, any assistant United States attorney; if authorized by the United States attorney for the district of Kansas, any assistant attorney general if authorized by the attorney general, or any assistant district attorney or assistant county attorney; if authorized by the district attorney or county attorney by whom such assistant is employed, to possess a firearm within any county courthouse. The provisions of this par-

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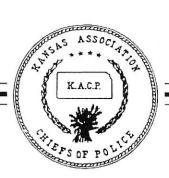
agraph shall not apply to any person not in compliance with section 4, and amendments thereto.

- (e) (d) Violation of subsection (a) is a class A misdemeanor.
- 4  $\frac{\text{(d)}}{\text{(e)}}$  This section shall be part of and supplemental to the Kansas 5 criminal code.

New Sec. 4. Any person not subject to the provisions of subsection (a) of K.S.A. 21-4201, and amendments thereto, under the authority of paragraph (7) of subsection (c) of K.S.A. 21-4201, and amendments thereto, shall obtain at their own expense, and maintain a license to carry concealed weapons permit as authorized by K.S.A. 75-7c01 through 75-7c17, and amendments thereto. In addition, such person shall complete a firearms training course as determined by the director of police training of the law enforcement training center.

- 14 Sec. 5. K.S.A. 21-4217 and 21-4218 and K.S.A. 2008 Supp. 21-4201 are hereby repealed.
- Sec. 6. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its publication in the statute book.

(d) The provisions of subsection (c) shall not apply to any courtroom where the chief judge of the judicial district overseeing such courtroom has issued an order prohibiting weapons in such courtroom; provided, that such courtroom has adequate security measures to ensure that no weapons are permitted to be carried into such courtroom and that a sign be conspicuously posted at each entryway into such courtroom stating that the provisions of subsection (c) do not apply to such courtroom. For the purposes of this section, "adequate security measures" means the use of electronic equipment and personnel to detect and restrict the carrying of any weapons into the courtroom, including, but not limited to, metal detectors, metal detector wands or any other equipment used for similar purposes.



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## Testimony to the House Federal and State Affairs Committee In Support of SB 53, With Modification

The Kansas Association of Chiefs of Police supports SB53 in principle. Section 2 of the bill is the area of our greatest interest. This is the section dealing with the cities' ability to revoke or suspend the license of a cereal malt beverage establishment and where the bill proposes more flexibility for cities and counties.

We believe the change from "shall" to "may" for some of the reasons for revocation or suspension of the license is proper, but is not necessarily good for all of the violations listed. We agree that cities need that flexibility in dealing with violations where the owner may not be aware of the violations committed by employees or patrons. We also believe the proposal allows the city or county to use a progressive approach to resolving problems with the CMB licensees.

However, it has been our experience in dealing with many CMB establishments that the current "shall" language has been the only reason some cities have upheld some licensing sanctions for serious violations of CMB licensees. It is based on that experience that we suggest a modification to the changes in section 2. We respectfully request the committee to consider a change in section 2 that would leave the "shall" provision for suspension or revocation for violating the following paragraphs of section 2:

- (1) The licensee has fraudulently obtained the license by giving false information in the application therefor; [page 2, lines 41-42]
- (3) the licensee has become ineligible to obtain a license under this act; [page 3, lines 3-4]
- (6) nonpayment of any license fees [page 3, line 9]
- (7) <u>permitting</u> any gambling in or upon the licensee's place of business; [page 3, lines 10-11]
- (9) the employment of persons under 18 years of age in dispensing or selling cereal malt beverages;
- (10) the employment of continuation in employment of a person in connection with the sale, serving or dispensing of cereal malt beverages <u>if the licensee knows</u> such person has been, within the preceding two years, adjudged guilty of a felony or of any violation of the intoxicating liquor laws of this state, another state or the United States; [page 3, lines 16-201]

House Fed & State Affairs

Date: 3/2/09

Attachment 3

(13) there has been a violation of K.S.A. 21-4106 or 21-4107, and amendments thereto, in or upon the licensee's place of business. [page 3, lines 26-27]

Those violations are actions that are more serious or knowing violations which should result in suspension or revocation in every case. We have attached a balloon which would accomplish these changes.

There is another section of the current law we would like to ask the committee to also look at. That is the provision on page 1, lines 34-38, dealing with certain convictions. The current law requires no license to be issued if the applicant has a conviction within the last two years for certain convictions. The time point references for this two year period is a starting point at time of conviction and the ending point as the date of application. We ask two changes to this provision.

- (1) Change the ending date to the date of approval of the license. This will avoid a situation where a person is convicted after the date of application but prior to the approval action for the license.
- (2) Change the starting point to read "...has been convicted, released from incarceration, or release from probation or parole, whichever is the latter, of any felony or any crime..." This will prevent a person being convicted of a felony who serves two or more years in prison from being immediately eligible for a license upon release and/or while still on probation or parole for the offense in question.

Your consideration of these suggestions is appreciated. We believe these changes will accommodate the intent of the requested changes while preserving the integrity of the process for serious and intentional violations.

Ed Klumpp

Legislative Committee Chair

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reason other than the citizenship and residency requirements.

(8) A corporation, if any manager, officer or director thereof, or any stockholder owning in the aggregate more than 25% of the stock of such corporation, has been an officer, manager or director, or a stockholder owning in the aggregate more than 25% of the stock, of a corporation which: (Λ) Has had a retailer's license revoked under K.S.A. 41-2708, and amendments thereto; or (Β) has been convicted of a violation of the drinking establishment act or the cereal malt beverage laws of this state.

(9) A person whose place of business is conducted by a manager or agent unless the manager or agent possesses all the qualifications of a licensee.

(10) (9) A person whose spouse would be ineligible to receive a retailer's license for any reason other than citizenship, residence requirements or age, except that this subsection (b)(10) (9) shall not apply in determining eligibility for a renewal license.

(11) (10) A person whose spouse has been convicted of a felony or other crime which would disqualify a person from licensure under this section and such felony or other crime was committed during the time that the spouse held a license under this act.

(c) After examination of an application for a retailer's license, the board of county commissioners or the governing body of a city may deny a license to a person, partnership or corporation if any manager, officer or director thereof, or any stockholder owning in the aggregate more than 25% of the stock of such corporation, has been an officer, manager, director or a stockholder owning in the aggregate more than 25% of the stock, of a corporation which has:

(1) Had a retailer's license revoked under K.S.A. 41-2708, and amendments thereto; or

(2) been convicted of a violation of the club and drinking establishment act or the cereal malt beverage laws of this state.

(d) Retailers' licenses shall be issued either on an annual basis or for the calendar year. If such licenses are issued on an annual basis, the board of county commissioners or the governing body of the city shall notify the distributors supplying the county or city on or before April 1 of the year if a retailer's license is not renewed.

Sec. 2. K.S.A. 2008 Supp. 41-2708 is hereby amended to read as follows: 41-2708. (a) The board of county commissioners or the governing body of any city, upon five days' notice to the persons holding a license, shall may revoke or suspend the license for any one of the following reasons:

41 (1) The licensee has fraudulently obtained the license by giving false
42 information in the application therefor,

(2) the licensee has violated any of the provisions of K.S.A. 41-2701

Deleted and moved to new subsection (b)

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et seq., and amendments thereto, or any rules or regulations made by the board or the city, as the case may be;

3 — (3) the licensee has become ineligible to obtain a license under this act;

(4) drunkenness of the licensee or permitting any intoxicated person to remain in or upon the licensee's place of business;

(5) the sale of cereal malt beverages to any person under the legal age for consumption of cereal malt beverage;

(6) the nonpayment of any license fees;

(7) permitting any gambling in or upon the licensee's place of business;

(8) permitting any person to mix drinks with materials purchased in or upon the place of business or brought in for that purpose;

(9) the employment of persons under 18 years of age in dispensing or selling cereal malt beverages;

(10) the employment or continuation in employment of a person in connection with the sale, serving or dispensing of cereal malt beverages if the licensee knows such person has been, within the preceding two years, adjudged guilty of a felony or of any violation of the intoxicating liquor laws of this state, another state or the United States;

(11) the sale or possession of, or permitting any person to use or consume on the licensed premises, any alcoholic liquor as defined by K.S.A. 41-102, and amendments thereto;

(12) the licensee has been convicted of a violation of the beer and cereal malt beverage keg registration act; or

(13) there has been a violation of K.S.A. 21 4106 or 21 4107, and amendments thereto, in or upon the licensee's place of business.

(b) The provisions of subsections (a)(8) and (11) shall not apply if the place of business or premises also are currently licensed as a club or drinking establishment pursuant to the club and drinking establishment not

(c) Within 20 days after the order of the board revoking or suspending any license, the licensee may appeal to the district court and the district court shall proceed to hear such appeal as though such court had original jurisdiction of the matter. Any appeal taken from an order revoking or suspending the license shall not suspend the order of revocation or suspension during the pendency of any such appeal. In ease of the revocation of the license of any licensee, no new license shall be issued to the former licensee, or to any person acting for or on the former licensee's behalf, for a period of six months thereafter.

Sec. 3. K.S.A. 2008 Supp. 41-2703 and 41-2708 are hereby repealed.

Sec. 4. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its publication in the statute book.

Paragraphs (1), (3), (6), (7), (9), (10), and (13) have been deleted from subsection (a) and moved into new subsection (b). Remaining paragraphs in subsectin (a) would need to be renumbered.

- (b) The board of county commissioners or the governing body of any city, upon five days' notice to the persons holding a license, shall revoke or suspend the license for any one of the following reasons:
- (1) The licensee has fraudulently obtained the license by giving false information in the application therefor;
- (2) the licensee has become ineligible to obtain a license under this act;
- (3) the nonpayment of any license fees;
- (4) permitting any gambling in or upon the licensee's place of business;

(5) the employment of persons under 18 years of age in dispensing or selling cereal malt beverages;

(6) the employment or continuation in employment of a person in connection with the sale, serving or dispensing of cereal malt beverages if the licensee knows such person has been, within the preceding two years, adjudged guilty of a felony or of any violation of the intoxicating liquor laws of this state, another state or the United States; or

(7) there has been a violation of K.S.A. 21-4106 or 21-4107, and amendments thereto, in or upon the licensee's place of business.

Session of 2009

#### SENATE BILL No. 53

By Committee on Federal and State Affairs

#### 1 - 21

AN ACT concerning cereal malt beverages; relating to discretion by cities in granting and suspending or revoking a retailer's license; amending K.S.A. 2008 Supp. 41-2703 and 41-2708 and repealing the existing sections.

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Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

Section 1. K.S.A. 2008 Supp. 41-2703 is hereby amended to read as follows: 41-2703. (a) After examination of an application for a retailer's license, the board of county commissioners or the director shall, if they approve the same, issue a license to the applicant. Except as provided in subsection (b), the The governing body of the city shall, if the applicant is qualified as provided by law, issue a license to such applicant.

- (b) No retailer's license shall be issued The board of county commissions shall not be required to issue a retailer's license No retailer's license shall be issued to:
- (1) A person who is not a resident of the county in which the place of business covered by the license is located, has not been a resident of such county for at least six months or has not been a resident in good faith of the state of Kansas.
- (2) A person who has not been a resident of this state for at least one year immediately preceding application for a retailer's license.
- (3) A person who is not of good character and reputation in the community in which the person resides.
  - (4) A person who is not a citizen of the United States.
- (5) A person who, within two years immediately preceding the date of application, has been convicted of a felony or any crime involving moral turpitude, drunkenness, driving a motor vehicle while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or violation of any other intoxicating liquor law of any state or of the United States.
- (6) A partnership, unless all the members of the partnership are otherwise qualified to obtain a license.
- (7) A corporation, if any manager, officer or director thereof, or any stockholder owning in the aggregate more than 25% of the stock of such corporation, would be ineligible to receive a license hereunder for any

, released from incarceration for, or released from probation or parole from,

APPROVAL .