Approved: <u>ARB/jb</u> Date: <u>3/22/2010</u>

MINUTES OF THE HOUSE FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS COMMITTEE

The meeting was called to order by Chairman Anthony Brown at 3:30 p.m. on March 15, 2010, in Room 784 of the Docking State Office Building.

All members were present except:

Representative Tom Burroughs- absent

Representative Bob Grant- excused

Representative Virgil Peck- excused

Representative Richard Proehl- excused

Representative Clark Shultz- excused

Representative Dale Swenson- absent

Committee staff present:

Bruce Kinzie, Office of the Revisor of Statutes

Sean Ostrow, Office of the Revisor of Statutes

Melissa Calderwood, Kansas Legislative Research Department

Amanda Nguyen, Kansas Legislative Research Department

Joyce Bishop, Committee Assistant

Conferees appearing before the Committee:

Mike Michaelis, Executive Director, Ellis County Coalition for Economic Development (Written testimony only)

Dennis Lauver, President & CEO, Salina Area Chamber of Commerce (Written testimony only)

Others attending:

See attached list.

Chairperson Brown explained that each committee member has been provided copies of written testimony received after the March 10th committee hearing regarding <u>SB 382 - Housing loan deposit program, eligibility of certain dwellings, outstanding loan amount limit</u>, provided by Mike Michaelis, Executive Director, Ellis County Coalition for Economic Development (<u>Attachment 1</u>) and Dennis Lauver, President & CEO, Salina Area Chamber of Commerce (<u>Attachment 2</u>).

Chairperson Brown opened the floor for discussion of <u>SB 382 - Housing loan deposit program, eligibility</u> of certain dwellings, outstanding loan amount limit.

Peter DeGraaf made a motion to pass SB 382 favorably from committee. Robert Olson seconded the motion. The motion passed unanimously.

Chairperson Brown closed discussion on <u>SB 382</u> and opened discussion on <u>SB 415 - Municipalities; bond investments.</u>

Doug Wareham, Kansas Bankers Association, offered a balloon amendment to <u>SB 415 (Attachment 3)</u>. Doug explained the balloon deals with Promentory Interfinancial and allows municipalities and financial institutions to use Promentory's cash sweep program.

Phil Hermanson made a motion to accept the amendment. Nile Dillmore seconded the motion. The motion passed unanimously.

Rob Olson made a motion to pass **SB 415** as amended favorably from committee. Phil Hermanson seconded the motion. The motion passed unanimously.

This was the last meeting of the House Financial Institutions Committee for the 2010 legislative session.

The meeting was adjourned at 4:00 p.m.

HOUSE FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS COMMITTEE 3:30pm, Room 784 Docking State Office Building

GUEST LIST

DATE: March 15, 2010

NAME	REPRESENTING
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Testimony in Support of SB382

House Committee on Financial Institutions - Anthony Brown, Chair

March 11, 2010

Chairman Brown and Members of the Financial Institutions Committee:

My name is Mike Michaelis. I am the Executive Director of the Ellis County Coalition for Economic Development, based in Hays, and I support SB 382 and the changes it makes to Housing Loan Deposit Program.

During the several months, State Treasurer Dennis McKinney and I have discussed the Housing Loan Deposit Program. We reviewed the attributes and the shortcomings of the program.

I believe the intent of the initial program was to incent a developer to build an affordable home. In its current form, the impact of this legislation is limited because a developer is limited to one home per application and then must reapply for the next project. Most developers, even in a rural community, don't build just one home at a time, but rather several at a time or in a series.

Compounding the limits of the current program is the fact that building affordable homes, those defined by the Housing Loan Deposit Program that are valued at less than \$165,694 as of July 1, 2009, are not profitable for a developer. Much like the car industry, the "extras" that home owners demand today are the most profitable components of the home. An affordable home may not have oak trim or even trim at all, but that is where the margins are for developers and why developers build higher priced homes and affordable homes become more and more obsolete.

In today's financial environment, finding lenders that will back these low margin projects that have any risk is not easy. By allowing a developer to borrow enough money at the right interest rate to build multiple homes, developers will have the incentive to build homes that will help more families get started with the American dream of owning a home. The developers will build "affordable homes."

I also believe that by expanding the definition of what is eligible from single family home to include multi-family dwellings, this bill will also make quality living possible for more Kansans.

Developers in and around Hays America have used or will use TIF (tax increment financing) District, the Rural Housing Incentive District, and the tax credit programs to build affordable homes and apartments for working families. By expanding Housing Loan Deposit Program, you add another tool for developers to help Kansans.

This program will help in small, medium, or large communities, but I believe will have a special impact on rural Kansas. Please vote in favor of SB 382.

Thank you in advance for your time and consideration.



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Testimony re: Senate Bill 382 Kansas House Financial Institutions Committee

We salute the legislature for its 2008 creation of the Kansas Housing Loan Deposit Program. This program provides a loan fund to reduce the cost of development affordable workforce housing.

The availability and affordability of Workforce Housing continues to be an impediment to the economic and community development of Kansas.

Senate Bill 382 will make several adjustments to the Kansas Housing Loan Deposit Program. These changes will increase utility of the program:

- Allow the program to be used for construction of multi-family housing
- Ties the use of the program to the price of a home via federal mortgage revenue bond regulations
- Increases the ability of developers to use the program by allowing them to finance more than one project at a time, with a \$2,000,000 camp on outstanding loans

The Kansas Housing Loan Deposit Program is a great program and the proposed changes will increase the effectiveness of the initiative.

Furthermore, the impact on the State of Kansas is minimal. However, the effect on developers and contractors can be significant at improving margins and encouraging development of needed housing. Increasing the use of the program keeps these dollars working within state borders.

We strong believe these changes merit approval and we encourage the legislature to approve SB 382 and advance it to the Governor.

Dennis W. Lauver President & CEO

Right place. Right reason. Right now.

HOUSE FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS DATE: 3/15/2010
ATTACHMENT: 2

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SENATE BILL No. 415

By Committee on Financial Institutions and Insurance

1-21

AN ACT concerning certain municipalities; pertaining to investment in certain bonds; pertaining to investment of certain bond income; amending K.S.A. 10-131 and K.S.A. 2009 Supp. 10-1009 and 12-1675 and repealing the existing sections.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

Section 1. K.S.A. 10-131 is hereby amended to read as follows: 10-131. (a) The governing body of any municipality, as defined in K.S.A. 10-101, and amendments thereto, which has issued or may issue bonds or temporary notes for any purpose, is hereby authorized and empowered to invest any portion of the proceeds of such bonds, notes or funds held pursuant to the resolution or ordinance authorizing the issuance of such bonds or notes, which is not currently needed, in: (1) Investments authorized by K.S.A. 12-1675, and amendments thereto, in the manner prescribed therein; (2) the municipal investment pool established pursuant to K.S.A. 12-1677a, and amendments thereto; (3) direct obligations of the United States government or any agency thereof or any obligation unconditionally guaranteed by the United States government; (4) the municipality's temporary notes issued pursuant to K.S.A. 10-123, and amendments thereto; (5) interest-bearing time deposits in commercial banks located in the county or counties in which the municipality is located; (6) subject to the limitations provided in subsection (b), obligations of the federal national mortgage association, federal home loan banks or the federal home loan mortgage corporation, the federal home loan mortgage corporation or the government national mortgage association; (7) repurchase agreements for securities described in (3) or (6); (8) investment agreements with or other obligations of a financial institution the obligations of which at the time of investment are rated in either of the three highest rating categories by Moody's investors service or Standard and Poor's corporation; (9) investments in shares or units of a money market fund or trust the portfolio of which is comprised entirely of securities described in (3) or (6); (10) receipts evidencing ownership interests in securities or portions thereof described in (3) or (6); (11) municipal bonds or other obligations issued by any municipality of the state of Kanvariable rate bonds specified in the documents authorizing the issuance thereof.

- (d) Notwithstanding the foregoing, for the period from the effective date of this act until and including June 30, 2010 2012, the maximum stated rate of interest which may be fixed on fixed-rate or variable-rate bonds issued by a municipality or taxing subdivision of the state of Kansas shall be determined on the day the bonds are sold and shall not exceed the daily yield for the ten-year treasury bonds published by The Bond Buyer, in New York, New York, on the Monday next preceding the day on which the bonds are sold, plus (1) 5% 6%, if the interest on the bonds is excluded from gross income for federal income tax purposes or (2) 6% 7%, if the interest on the bonds is included in gross income for federal income tax purposes.
- Sec. 3. K.S.A. 2009 Supp. 12-1675 is hereby amended to read as follows: 12-1675. (a) The governing body of any county, city, township, school district, area vocational-technical school, community college, firemen's relief association, community mental health center, community facility for the mentally retarded or any other governmental entity, unit or subdivision in the state of Kansas having authority to receive, hold and expend public moneys or funds may invest any moneys which are not immediately required for the purposes for which the moneys were collected or received, and the investment of which is not subject to or regulated by any other statute.
 - (b) Such moneys shall be invested only:

- (1) In temporary notes or no-fund warrants issued by such investing governmental unit:
- (2) in time deposit, open accounts, certificates of deposit or time certificates of deposit with maturities of not more than two years: (A) In banks, savings and loan associations and savings banks, which have main or branch offices located in such investing governmental unit; or (B) if no main or branch office of a bank, savings and loan association or savings bank is located in such investing governmental unit, then in banks, savings and loan associations and savings banks, which have main or branch offices in the county or counties in which all or part of such investing governmental unit is located;
- (3) in repurchase agreements with: (A) Banks, savings and loan associations and savings banks, which have main or branch offices located in such investing governmental unit, for direct obligations of, or obligations that are insured as to principal and interest by, the United States government or any agency thereof; or (B)(i) if no main or branch office of a bank, savings and loan association or savings bank, is located in such investing governmental unit; or (ii) if no such bank, savings and loan association or savings bank having a main or branch office located in such

in savings deposits, time deposits