Approved:	3/29/11	
	Date	

MINUTES OF THE ETHICS AND ELECTIONS COMMITTEE

The meeting was called to order by Chairman Terrie Huntington at 9:35 a.m. on March 17, 2011, in Room 159-S of the Capitol.

All members were present.

Committee staff present:

Mike Heim, Office of the Revisor of Statutes Jill Shelley, Kansas Legislative Research Department Ellen Martinez, Committee Assistant

Conferees appearing before the Committee:

Brad Bryant, Deputy Assistant Secretary of State Elections and Legislative Matters Thomas Witt, Executive Director, Kansas Equality Coalition Representative Steve Huebert, Kansas House of Representatives Don Moler, Executive Director, League of Kansas Municipalities Stuart Little, representing Shawnee Mission School District John Bradford, Republican Party Chairman, Leavenworth County Joanne Long, Bourbon County Clerk Donald Pyle, Crawford County Clerk and Election Officer

Others attending:

See attached list.

The Chairman called the meeting to order and opened the floor for final action on <u>HB 2067 - Voter photographic identification requirements</u>, that continued from March 16, 2011. The Revisor distributed copies of the bill as amended by the House Committee with the amendments that the Ethics and Elections Committee passed previously. (<u>Attachment 1</u>)

The Committee amended the bill to require a county to assist with and transmit forms to the State Registrar's Office at no charge to any person applying for a birth certificate for the purposes of registering to vote. Motion by Senator Faust-Goudeau, seconded by Senator Brungardt. Senator Schmidt proposed a substitute amendment to delete language from the bill. Motion by Senator Faust-Goudeau, seconded by Senator Brungardt. Amended motion carried. (Attachment 2)

Thomas Witt, Executive Director, Kansas Equality Coalition, proposed a balloon amendment. He opposes the Secretary of State's amendment. The balloon amendment would provide a statutory means for physicians to certify gender transition at an earlier point in the transition process, thereby allowing birth records to be reconciled with current state-issued identification. Motion by Senator Kultala, seconded by Senator Reitz. (Attachment 3)

The Committee amended the bill to show that if evidence of citizenship is deemed to be unsatisfactory due to an inconsistency between the document submitted and the name and/or sex provided on the application for registration, allow an applicant for registration to submit an affidavit stating the reason for the inconsistency and swearing the applicant is the same individual as proposed by the Secretary of State. (Attachment 4)

Substitute motion to amend the bill with the Secretary of State's version by Senator Apple, seconded by Senator Petersen. Motion carried.

The Committee amended the bill to provide that proof of citizenship requirements would not become effective until January 1, 2013. <u>Motion by Senator Huntington, seconded by Senator Faust-Goudeau.</u> <u>Motion carried.</u> (Attachment 5)

Senator Schmidt moved, Senator Brungardt, the bill be passed favorably as amended. Motion carried.

The Chairman opened the hearing on **HB 2080 - Changing the candidate filing deadline for extension districts**. Staff explained that HB 2080 would make the filing deadlines more uniform, allowing ballots to be printed in a more timely manner.

CONTINUATION SHEET

The minutes of the Ethics and Elections Committee at 9:35 a.m. on March 17, 2011, in Room 159-S of the Capitol.

Brad Bryant, Deputy Assistant Secretary of State Elections and Legislative Matters, testified as a proponent. This bill would increase voter turn out and have a modest cost saving effect. (Attachment 6)

Representative Steve Huebert, Kansas House of Representatives, testified as a proponent. This bill would save money for state and local governments and voter turn-out would increase. (Attachment 7)

Don Moler, Executive Director, League of Kansas Municipalities, testified as an opponents. Moving the city elections to coincide with partisan primaries and general elections would be inappropriate. (Attachment 8)

John Bradford, Republican Party Chairman, Leavenworth County, testified as an opponent. The ballot size would be too confusing for voters and the cost to the city or state would increase. (Attachment 9)

Joanne Long, Bourbon County Clerk, testified as an opponent. The ballot would be too long for the time allowed in the voting booth. (Attachment 10)

Stuart Little, representing Shawnee Mission School District, testified as an opponent. The school district felt that the important decisions regarding the district would be lost in the shuffle of all of the candidates on the ballot. (Attachment 11)

Donald Pyle, Crawford County Clerk and Election Officer, testified as an opponent. He felt that <u>SB 2080</u> would cause elections to be very confusing and difficult to manage for election officials. (<u>Attachment 12</u>)

Darci Meese, Government Affairs coordinator, Water District #1 Johnson County, an opponent, provided written testimony only. (Attachment 13)

Sherrie Riebel, Allen County Clerk, an opponent, provided written testimony only. (Attachment 14)

Laura McConwell, Mayor, City of Mission, Kansas, an opponent, provided written testimony only. (Attachment 15)

Jim Edwards, Assistant Executive Director of Operations, Kansas Association of Schools, an opponent, provided written testimony only. (Attachment 16)

Bruce Newby, Wyandotte County Clerk, Kansas Association of Schools, an opponent, provided written testimony only. (Attachment 17)

Due to time constraints, the hearing was closed.

The next meeting is scheduled for adjournment of the Senate on March 13, 2011.

The meeting was adjourned at 10:38 a.m.

SENATE ETHICS AND ELECTIONS COMMITTEE GUEST LIST

Date:	March 17, 2011

NAME	REPRESENTING		
Don Moler	LKM		
Don Pyk	KCCEOA-Cranford Con Clark		
JoanneLong	KCCTDA-Bourbon County Clark		
Kari Prastey	1 •		
Mindy Brissey	Kearning of Associates Inc. AFT- Kansas		
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[As Amended by House Committee of the Whole]

As Amended by House Committee

Session of 2011

HOUSE BILL No. 2067

By Representatives Kinzer, Arpke, Brown, Brunk, Burgess, Calloway, Carlson, Collins, DeGraaf, Donohoe, Fawcett, Fund, Garber, Goico, Goodman, Gregory, Grosserode, Hildabrand, M. Holmes, Howell, Huebert, Kelley, Kelly, Kiegerl, Kleeb, Landwehr, Mast, McLeland, Meigs, Mesa, Montgomery, O'Brien, O'Hara, Osterman, Otto, Patton, Peck, Powell, Rhoades, Rubin, Ryckman, Scapa, Seiwert, Siegfreid, Smith, Suellentrop, Vickrey, Weber, B. Wolf, K. Wolf and Worley

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AN ACT concerning elections; relating to voter identification; amending K.S.A. 25-2203, 25-2352, 25-2411, 25-2416, 25-2423 and 25-2431 and K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 8-1324, 25-1122, 25-1122d, 25-1123, 25-1124, 25-1128, 25-2309, [25-2320,] 25-2908, 25-3002 and 65-2418 and repealing the existing sections.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

Section 1. K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 8-1324 is hereby amended to read as follows: 8-1324. (a) Any resident who does not hold a current valid Kansas driver's license may make application to the division of vehicles and be issued one identification card.

(b) For the purpose of obtaining an identification card, an applicant shall submit, with the application, proof of age, proof of identity and proof of lawful presence. An applicant shall submit with the application a photo identity document, except that a non-photo identity document is acceptable if it includes both the applicant's full legal name and date of birth, and documentation showing the applicant's name, the applicant's address of principal residence and the applicant's social security account number. The applicant's social security number shall remain confidential and shall not be disclosed, except as provided pursuant to K.S.A. 74-2012, and amendments thereto. If the applicant does not have a social security number, the applicant shall provide proof of lawful presence and Kansas residency. The division shall assign a distinguishing number to the identification card. Before issuing an identification card to a person, the division shall make reasonable efforts to verify with the issuing agency the issuance, validity and completeness of each document required to be presented by the applicant to prove age, identity and lawful presence.

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(c) The division shall not issue an identification card to any person who fails to provide proof that the person is lawfully present in the United States. If an applicant provides evidence of lawful presence as set out in subsections (b)(2)(E) through (2)(I) of K.S.A. 8-240, and amendments thereto, or is an alien lawfully admitted for temporary residence under subsection (b)(2)(B) of K.S.A. 8-240, and amendments thereto, the division may only issue a temporary identification card to the person under the following conditions: (A) A temporary identification card issued pursuant to this subparagraph shall be valid only during the period of time of the applicant's authorized stay in the United States or, if there is no definite end to the period of authorized stay, a period of one year; (B) a temporary identification card issued pursuant to this subparagraph shall clearly indicate that it is temporary and shall state the date upon which it expires; (C) no temporary identification card issued pursuant to this subparagraph shall be for a longer period of time than the time period permitted by K.S.A. 8-1325, and amendments thereto; and (D) a temporary identification card issued pursuant to this subparagraph may be renewed, subject at the time of renewal, to the same requirements and conditions set forth in this subsection (c) for the issuance of the original temporary identification card.

- (d) The division shall not issue an identification card to any person who holds a current valid Kansas driver's license unless such driver's license has been physically surrendered pursuant to the provisions of subsection (e) of K.S.A. 8-1002, and amendments thereto.
- (e) The division shall refuse to issue an identification card to a person holding a driver's license or identification card issued by another state without confirmation that the person is terminating or has terminated the license or identification card.
- (f) The parent or guardian of an applicant under 16 years of age shall sign the application for an identification card submitted by such applicant.
- (g) (1) The division shall require payment of a fee of \$14 at the time application for an identification card is made, except that persons who are 65 or more years of age or who are handicapped, as defined in K.S.A. 8-1,124, and amendments thereto, shall be required to pay a fee of only \$10. In addition to the fees prescribed by this subsection, the division shall require payment of the photo fee established pursuant to K.S.A. 8-243, and amendments thereto, for the cost of the photograph to be placed on the identification card.

(2) The division shall not require payment of application or photo fees under this subsection for any person 18 years of age or older for purposes of meeting the voter registration requirements of K.S.A. 25-2309, and amendments thereto. Such person shall sign an affidavit to be

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identification

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submitted to the secretary of revenue stating that such person plans to register to vote and that the person receives:

- (A) Food assistance, general assistance, supplemental security income (SSI), temporary assistance for families, medicaid assistance, united tribes food distribution program, bureau of Indian affairs general assistance, tribally administered temporary assistance for needy families or meal assistance through the national school lunch program; or
- (B) resides in a household whose income is 150% or less of the federal poverty level.
- (3) The secretary of revenue shall adopt rules and regulations in order to implement the provisions of paragraph (2).
- (4) Any person who signs an affidavit under paragraph (2) knowing the information is false shall be guilty of a class C misdemeanor.
- (h) All Kansas identification cards shall have physical security features designed to prevent tampering, counterfeiting or duplication for fraudulent purposes.
- (i) For the purposes of K.S.A. 8-1324 through 8-1328, and amendments thereto, a person shall be deemed to be a resident of the state if:
 - (1) The person owns, leases or rents a place of domicile in this state;
 - (2) the person engages in a trade, business or profession in this state;
 - (3) the person is registered to vote in this state;
 - (4) the person enrolls the person's child in a school in this state; or
 - (5) the person registers the person's motor vehicle in this state.
- (j) The division shall require that any person applying for an identification card submit to a mandatory facial image capture.
- (k) The director of vehicles may issue a temporary identification card to an applicant who cannot provide valid documentary evidence as defined by subsection (c), if the applicant provides compelling evidence proving current lawful presence. Any temporary identification card issued pursuant to this subparagraph shall be valid for one year.
- (1) Upon payment of the required fee, the division shall issue to every applicant qualifying under the provisions of this act an identification card. Such identification card shall bear a distinguishing number assigned to the cardholder, the full legal name, date of birth, address of principal residence, a brief description of the cardholder, a colored digital photograph of the cardholder, and a facsimile of the signature of the cardholder. An identification card which does not contain the address of principal residence of the cardholder as required may be issued to persons who are program participants pursuant to K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 75-455, and amendments thereto.
- Sec. 2. K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 25-1122 is hereby amended to read as follows: 25-1122. (a) Any registered voter may file with the county

- : (A) swear under oath that he or she desires an identification card in order to vote in an election in Kansas and that he or she does not possess any of the forms of identification acceptable under K.S.A. 25-2908. The affidavit shall specifically list the acceptable forms of identification under K.S.A. 25-2908.
- (B) Such person shall also produce evidence that he or she is registered to vote in Kansas.

election officer where such person is a resident, or where such person is authorized by law to vote as a former precinct resident, an application for an advance voting ballot. The signed application shall be transmitted only to the county election officer by personal delivery, mail, facsimile or as otherwise provided by law.

- (b) If the registered voter is applying for an advance voting ballot to be transmitted in person, and such voter is a first time voter, such voter shall provide identification pursuant to K.S.A. 25-2908, and amendments thereto. a form of valid identification such as a current and valid Kansas driver's license, nondriver's identification eard, utility bill, bank statement, paycheck, government check or other government document containing the voter's current name and address as indicated on the registration book. Such voter shall not be required to provide identification if such voter has previously provided current and valid identification in the county where registered.
- (c) If the registered voter is applying for an advance voting ballot to be transmitted by mail, and such voter is a first time voter, such voter shall provide enwith the application for an advance voting ballot the voter's current and valid Kansas driver's license number, nondriver's identification card number or a photocopy of any other identification provided by K.S.A. 25-2908, and amendments thereto. the last four digits of the voter's social security number, or shall provide with the application a copy of the voter's current and valid Kansas driver's license, nondriver's identification card, utility bill, bank statement, paycheck, government check or other government document containing the voter's current name and address as indicated on the registration book. Such voter shall not be required to provide identification if such voter has previously provided current and valid identification in the county where registered.
- (d) If a first time voter is unable or refuses to provide current and valid identification, or if the name and address do not match the voter's name and address on the registration book, the A voter may vote a provisional ballot according to K.S.A. 25-409, and amendments thereto, if:
- (1) The voter is unable or refuses to provide current and valid identification; or
- (2) the name and address of the voter provided on the application for an advance voting ballot do not match the voter's name and address on the registration book. The voter shall provide a valid form of identification as defined in subsection (c) of K.S.A. 25-2908, and amendments thereto, this section to the county election officer in person or provide a copy by mail or electronic means before the meeting of the county board of canvassers. At the meeting of the county board of canvassers the county election officer shall present copies of

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identification received from provisional voters and the corresponding provisional ballots. If the county board of canvassers determines that a voter's identification is valid and the provisional ballot was properly cast, the ballot shall be counted.

- (e) No county election officer shall provide an advance voting ballot to a person who is requesting an advance voting ballot to be transmitted by mail unless:
- (1) The county election official verifies that the signature of the person matches that on file in the county voter registration records. Signature verification may occur by electronic device or by human inspection. In the event that the signature of a person who is requesting an advance voting ballot does not match that on file, the county election officer shall attempt to contact the person and shall offer the person another opportunity to mail in provide such person's signature for the purposes of verifying the person's identity. If the county election officer is unable to reach the person, the county election officer may transmit a provisional ballot, however, such provisional ballot may not be counted unless a signature is included therewith that can be verified; and
- (2) the person provides such person's full Kansas driver's license number, Kansas nondriver's identification card number issued by the division of vehicles, or submits such person's application for an advance voting ballot and a copy of identification provided by K.S.A. 25-2908, and amendments thereto, to the county election officer for verification. If a person applies for an advance voting ballot to be transmitted by mail but fails to provide identification pursuant to this subsection or the identification of such person cannot be verified by the county election officer, the county election officer shall provide information to such person regarding the voter rights provisions of subsection (d) and shall provide such person an opportunity to provide identification pursuant to this subsection. For the purposes of this act, Kansas state offices and offices of any subdivision of the state will allow any person seeking to vote by an advance voting ballot the use a photocopying device to make one photocopy of an identification document at no cost.
- (e)(f) Applications for advance voting ballots to be transmitted to the voter by mail shall be filed only at the following times:
- (1) For the primary election occurring on the first Tuesday in August in even-numbered years, between April 1 of such year and the last business day of the week preceding such primary election.
- (2) For the general election occurring on the Tuesday succeeding the first Monday in November in even-numbered years, between 90 days prior to such election and the last business day of the week preceding such general election.
 - (3) For the primary election held five weeks preceding the first

Tuesday in April, between January 1 of the year of such election and the last business day of the week preceding such primary election.

- (4) For the general election occurring on the first Tuesday in April, between January 1 of the year of such election and the last business day of the week preceding such general election.
- (5) For question submitted elections occurring on the date of a primary or general election, the same as is provided for ballots for election of officers at such election.
- (6) For question submitted elections not occurring on the date of a primary or general election, between the time of the first published notice thereof and the last business day of the week preceding such question submitted election, except that if the question submitted election is held on a day other than a Tuesday, the county election officer shall determine the final date for mailing of advance voting ballots, but such date shall not be more than three business days before such election.
- (7) For any special election of officers, at such time as is specified by the secretary of state.
- (8) For the presidential preference primary, between January 1 of the year in which such primary is held and the last business day of the week preceding such primary election.

The county election officer of any county may receive applications prior to the time specified in this subsection (e) and hold such applications until the beginning of the prescribed application period. Such applications shall be treated as filed on that date.

(f)(g) Unless an earlier date is designated by the county election office, applications for advance voting ballots transmitted to the voter in person in the office of the county election officer shall be filed on the Tuesday next preceding the election and on each subsequent business day until no later than 12:00 noon on the day preceding such election. If the county election officer so provides, applications for advance voting ballots transmitted to the voter in person in the office of the county election officer also may be filed on the Saturday preceding the election. Upon receipt of any such properly executed application, the county election officer shall deliver to the voter such ballots and instructions as are provided for in this act.

An application for an advance voting ballot filed by a voter who has a temporary illness or disability or who is not proficient in reading the English language or by a person rendering assistance to such voter may be filed during the regular advance ballot application periods until the close of the polls on election day.

The county election officer may designate places other than the central county election office as satellite advance voting sites. At any satellite advance voting site, a registered voter may obtain an application for

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38 39 advance voting ballots. Such ballots and instructions shall be delivered to the voter in the same manner and subject to the same limitations as otherwise provided by this subsection.

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(g)(h) Any person having a permanent disability or an illness which has been diagnosed as a permanent illness is hereby authorized to make an application for permanent advance voting status. Applications for permanent advance voting status shall be in the form and contain such information as is required for application for advance voting ballots and also shall contain information which establishes the voter's right to permanent advance voting status.

(h)(i) On receipt of any application filed under the provisions of this section, the county election officer shall prepare and maintain in such officer's office a list of the names of all persons who have filed such applications, together with their correct post office address and the precinct, ward, township or voting area in which such persons claim to be registered voters or to be authorized by law to vote as former precinct residents and the present resident address of each applicant. Such names and addresses shall remain so listed until the day of such election. The county election officer shall maintain a separate listing of the names and addresses of persons qualifying for permanent advance voting status. All such lists shall be available for inspection upon request in compliance with this subsection by any registered voter during regular business hours. The county election officer upon receipt of such applications shall enter upon a record kept by such officer the name and address of each applicant, which record shall conform to the list above required. Before inspection of any advance voting ballot application list, the person desiring to make such inspection shall provide to the county election officer identification in the form of driver's license or other reliable identification and shall sign a log book or application form maintained by such officer stating such person's name and address and showing the date and time of inspection. All records made by the county election officer shall be subject to public inspection, except that the voter identification information required by subsections (b) and (c) and the identifying number on ballots and ballot envelopes and records of such numbers shall not be made public.

(i)(j) If a person on the permanent advance voting list fails to vote in two consecutive general elections held on the Tuesday succeeding the first Monday in November of each even-numbered year, the county election officer may mail a notice to such voter. Such notice shall inform the voter that the voter's name will be removed from the permanent advance voting list unless the voter renews the application for permanent advance voting status within 30 days after the notice is mailed. If the voter fails to renew such application, the county election officer shall

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remove the voter's name from the permanent advance voting list. Failure to renew the application for permanent advance voting status shall not result in removal of the voter's name from the voter registration list.

- (j) For the purposes of this section, "first time voter" means a registered voter who has not previously voted in any election in the county in which the voter desires to vote. First time voter includes a person whose name was removed from the county registration list in accordance with K.S.A. 25-2316c, and amendments thereto, and who has re-registered.
- (k) The secretary of state may adopt rules and regulations in order to implement the provisions of this section and to define defining valid forms of identification.
- Sec. 3. K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 25-1122d is hereby amended to read as follows: 25-1122d. (a) The application for an advance voting ballot to be transmitted by mail shall be accompanied by an affirmation in substance as follows:

Aftirmation of an Elector of the County of		
, County of	, ss:	
(Please print nar	ne)	
	Vote an Advance Voting Ballo, County of	Elector of the County of

do solemnly affirm under penalty of perjury that I am a qualified elector of the _____ precinct of the _____ ward, residing at number ____ on ___ street, city of _____, or in the township of _____, county of _____, and state of Kansas. My date of birth is _____ (month/day/year).

I understand that if I have not previously voted in any election in this county and I have not previously submitted valid identification, a current and valid Kansas driver's license number or Kansas nondriver's identification card number must be provided in order to receive a ballot. If I do not have a current and valid Kansas driver's license number or Kansas nondriver's identification card number, I must provide one of the following forms of identification with this application in order to receive a ballot:

(1) A current and valid Kansas driver's license number or nondriver's identification eard number; or A copy of any one of the following types of photographic identification: a driver's license issued by Kansas or by another state or district of the United States, a state identification card issued by Kansas or by another state or district of the United States, a concealed carry of weapon handgun license issued by Kansas or a

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concealed carry of handgun or weapon license issued by another state or district of the United States, a United States passport, an employee badge or identification document issued by a municipal, county, state, or federal government office or agency, a military identification document issued by the United States, a student identification card issued by a public an accredited post secondary institution of education in the state of Kansas, or a public assistance identification card issued by a municipal, county, state, or federal government office or agency; and. (2) the last four digits of my social security number; or a copy of any one of the following types of proof of current address: a utility bill, bank statement, paycheck, government check, or other government document that shows my name and address. (3) a copy of a current and valid Kansas driver's license or nondriver's identification eard, utility bill, bank statement, paycheck, government check, or other government document that shows my name and address. I am entitled to vote an advance voting ballot and I have not voted and will not otherwise vote at the election to be held on _____(date). My political party is _____ (to be filled in only when requesting primary election ballots). I desire my ballots to be sent to the following address: Signature of voter. Note: False statement on this affirmation is a severity level 9, nonperson felony. (b) The application for an advance voting ballot to be transmitted in person shall be accompanied by an affirmation in substance as follows: Affirmation of an Elector of the County of and State of Kansas Desiring to Vote an Advance Voting Ballot State of _____, County of _____, ss: (Please print name) do solemnly affirm under penalty of perjury that I am a qualified elector of the _____ precinct of the _____ ward, residing at number on _____ street, city of _____, or in the township of _____, county of ____, and state of Kansas. My date of birth is (month/day/year). I understand that if I have not previously voted in any election in this county and I have not previously submitted valid identification, a current and valid Kansas driver's license number or Kansas nondriver's identification card number must be provided in order to receive a ballot.

If I do not have a current and valid Kansas driver's license number or

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Kansas nondriver's identification card-number, I must provide one of the following forms of identification with this application in order to receive a ballot: (1) A current and valid Kansas driver's license number or nondriver's

identification card utility bill, bank statement, paycheck, government check or other government document that shows my name and address. A copy of any one of the following types of photographic identification: a driver's license issued by Kansas or by another state or district of the United States, a state identification card issued by Kansas or by another state or district of the United States, a concealed carry of weapon license issued by Kansas or by another state or district of the United States, a United States passport, an employee badge or identification document issued by a municipal, county, state, or federal government office or agency, a military identification document issued by the United States, a student identification card issued by a public post secondary institution in the state of Kansas, or a public assistance identification card issued by a municipal, county, state, or federal-government office or agency; and

(2) a copy of any one of the following types of proof of current address: a utility bill, bank statement, paycheck, government check, or other government document that shows my name and address.

I am entitled to vote an advance voting ballot and I have not voted and will not otherwise vote at the election to be held on ___ My political party is _____ (to be filled in only when requesting primary election ballots).

Signature of voter.

Note: False statement on this affirmation is a severity level 9, nonperson felony.

- (c) An application for permanent advance voting status shall be on a form prescribed by the secretary of state for this purpose. Such application shall contain an affirmation concerning substantially the same information required in subsection (a) and in addition thereto a statement regarding the permanent character of such illness or disability.
- (d) Any application by a former precinct resident shall state both the former and present residence, address, precinct and county of such former precinct resident and the date of change of residence.
- (e) The secretary of state may adopt rules and regulations in order to implement the provisions of this section.
- Sec. 4. K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 25-1123 is hereby amended to read as follows: 25-1123. (a) When an application for an advance voting ballot

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has been filed in accordance with K.S.A. 25-1122, and amendments thereto, the county election officer shall transmit to the voter applying therefor one each of the appropriate ballots. Except as provided by subsection (b)Unless an advance voting ballot is transmitted in person pursuant to this subsection, the county election officer shall transmit the advance voting ballots to the voter at one of the following addresses as specified by the voter on such application: (1) The voter's residential address or mailing address as indicated on the registration list; (2) the voter's temporary residential address; or (3) a medical care facility as defined in K.S.A. 65-425, and amendments thereto, psychiatric hospital. hospice or adult care home where the voter resides. No advance voting ballot shall be transmitted by the county election officer by any means prior to the 20th day before the election for which an application for an advance voting ballot has been received by such county election officer. If the advance voting ballot is transmitted by mail, such ballot shall be transmitted with printed instructions prescribed by the secretary of state and a ballot envelope bearing upon the outside a printed form as described in K.S.A. 25-1120, and amendments thereto, and the same number as the number of the ballot. If the advance voting ballot is transmitted to the applicant in person in the office of the county election officer or at a satellite advance voting site, such advance voting ballot and printed instructions shall be transmitted in an advance voting ballot envelope bearing upon the outside a printed form as described in K.S.A. 25-1120, and amendments thereto, and the same number as the number of the ballot unless the voter elects to deposit the advance voting ballot into a locked ballot box without an envelope. All ballots shall be transmitted to the advance voting voter not more than 20 days before the election but within two business days of the receipt of such voter's application by the election officer or the commencement of such 20-day period. In primary elections required to be conducted on a partisan basis, the election officer shall deliver to such voter the ballot of the political party of the applicant.

- (b) The restrictions in subsection (a) relating to where a county election officer may transmit an advance voting ballot shall not apply to an advance voting ballot requested pursuant to an application for an advance voting ballot filed by a voter who has a temporary illness or disability or who is not proficient in reading the English language.
- (c) The county election officer shall compare the driver's license number, nondriver's identification card number, social security number or copy of other valid identification provided by a first time voter to the voter registration list verified by the division of motor vehicles in accordance with federal law. If no identification information was provided by the first time voter, or if such information does not match the information on the voter registration list, the county election officer shall

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not transmit an transmit a provisional advance voting ballot.

Sec. 5. K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 25-1124 is hereby amended to read as follows: 25-1124. (a) Upon receipt of the advance voting ballot, the voter shall cast such voter's vote as follows: The voter shall make a cross or check mark in the square or parentheses opposite the name of each candidate or question for whom the voter desires to vote. The voter shall make no other mark, and shall allow no other person to make any mark. upon such ballot. If the advance voting ballot was transmitted by mail, the voter personally shall place the ballot in the ballot envelope bearing the same number as the ballot and seal the envelope. The voter shall complete the form on the ballot envelope and shall sign the same. Except as provided by K.S.A. 25-2908, and amendments thereto, the ballot envelope shall be mailed or otherwise transmitted to the county election officer. If the advance voting ballot was transmitted to the voter in person in the office of the county election officer or at a satellite advance voting site, the voter may deposit such ballot into a locked ballot box without an envelope.

- (b) Any siek, physically disabled or illiterate voter who has an illness or physical disability or who is not proficient in reading the English language that is unable to apply for or mark or transmit an advance voting ballot, may request assistance by a person who has signed a statement required by subsection (d) in applying for or marking an advance voting ballot.
- (c) Any voted ballot may be transmitted to the county election officer by the voter or by another person upon request of designated in writing by the voter. Any such voted ballot shall be transmitted to the county election officer before the close of the polls on election day.
- (d) The county election officer shall allow a person to assist a sick, physically disabled or illiterate voter who has an illness or physical disability or who is not proficient in reading the English language in applying for or marking an application or advance voting ballot, provided a written statement is signed by the person who renders assistance to the sick, physically disabled or illiterate voter who has an illness or physical disability or who is not proficient in reading the English language and such statement is submitted to the county election officer with the application or ballot. The statement shall be on a form prescribed by the secretary of state and shall contain a statement from the person providing assistance that the person has not exercised undue influence on the voting decision of the sick, physically disabled or illiterate voter who has an illness or physical disability or who is not proficient in reading the English language and that the person providing assistance has completed the application or marked the ballot as instructed by the sick, physically disabled or illiterate voter.

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- (e) Any person assisting a siek, physically disabled or illiterate voter who has an illness or physical disability or who is not proficient in reading the English language in applying for or marking an advance voting ballot who knowingly and willfully fails to sign and submit the statement required by this section or who exercises undue influence on the voting decision of such voter shall be guilty of a severity level 9, nonperson felony.
- Sec. 6. K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 25-1128 is hereby amended to read as follows: 25-1128. (a) No voter shall *knowingly* mark or transmit to the county election officer more than one advance voting ballot, or set of one of each kind of ballot, if the voter is entitled to vote more than one such ballot at a particular election.
- (b) Except as provided in K.S.A. 25-1124, and amendments thereto, no person shall knowingly interfere with or delay the transmission of any advance voting ballot application from a voter to the county election officer, nor shall any person mail, fax or otherwise cause the application to be sent to a place other than the county election office. Any person or group engaged in the distribution of advance voting ballot applications shall mail, fax or otherwise deliver any application signed by a voter to the county election office within two days after such application is signed by the applicant.
- (c) Except as otherwise provided by law, no person other than the voter, shall *knowingly* mark, sign or transmit to the county election officer any advance voting ballot or advance voting ballot envelope.
- (d) Except as otherwise provided by law, no person shall knowingly sign an application for an advance voting ballot for another person. This provision shall not apply if a voter has a disability preventing the voter from signing an application or if an immediate family member signs an application on behalf of another immediate family member with proper authorization being given.
- (d)(e) No person, unless authorized by K.S.A. 25-1122 or K.S.A. 25-1124, and amendments thereto, shall *knowingly* intercept, interfere with, or delay the transmission of advance voting ballots from the county election officer to the voter.
- (e)(f) No person shall knowingly willfully and falsely affirm, declare or subscribe to any material fact in an affirmation form for an advance voting ballot, or set of advance voting ballots. if the voter is entitled to vote more than one kind of advance voting ballot at a particular election, or in a declaration form on an advance voting ballot envelope.
- (f) Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit any person from mailing, carrying or otherwise conveying advance voting ballots or sets of advance voting ballots to the county election officer upon request of advance voting voters.

- designation by the voter, a person other than the voter may return the advance voting ballot by personal delivery or mail. Any such person designated by the voter shall sign a statement that such person has not exercised undue influence on the voting decisions of the voter and agrees to deliver the ballot as directed by the voter.
- (2) (h) Violation of any provision of this section is a class-C misdemeanor.severity level 9. nonperson felony 10 Sec. 7. K.S.A. 25-2203 is hereby amended as follows: 25-2203. (a)
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There is hereby established the state election board, the members of which shall be the lieutenant governor, the secretary of state and the attorney general. The state election board shall meet on the call of the secretary of state. (b) The state election board shall:

(g) A voter may return such voter's advance voting ballot to the county election officer by personal delivery or by mail. Upon written

- (1) Adopt rules and regulations for determination of apportionment of election expenses among the subdivisions of government. Such rules and regulations shall identify and define the election expenses which are direct and those which are indirect, or shall define sufficient means of making determination thereof.:
- (2) assess information provided by any applicant for voter registration as evidence of citizenship pursuant to K.S.A. 25-2309(m), and amendments thereto: and
- (3) The state election board shall make such additional rules and regulations as it deems advisable relating to payment of election expenses.
- Sec. 7. 8. K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 25-2309 is hereby amended to read as follows: 25-2309. (a) Any person may apply in person, by mail, through a voter registration agency, or by other delivery to a county election officer to be registered. Such application shall be made on: (1) A form approved by the secretary of state, which shall be provided by a county election officer or chief state election official upon request in person, by telephone or in writing; or (2) the national mail voter registration application prescribed by form the issued pursuant to federal law.election commission. Such application shall be signed by the applicant under penalty of perjury and shall contain the original signature of the applicant or the computerized, electronic or digitized transmitted signature of the applicant. A signature may be made by mark, initials, typewriter, print, stamp, symbol or any other manner if by placing the signature on the document the person intends the signature to be binding. A signature may be made by another person at the voter's direction if the signature reflects such voter's intention.
 - (b) Applications made under this section shall give voter eligibility

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requirements and such information as is necessary to prevent duplicative voter registrations and enable the relevant election officer to assess the eligibility of the applicant and to administer voter registration, identify the applicant and to determine the qualifications of the applicant as an elector and the facts authorizing such person to be registered, including, but not limited to, the following data to be kept by the relevant election officer as provided by law:

- (1) Name;
- (2) place of residence, including specific address or location, and mailing address if the residence address is not a permissible postal address;
 - (3) date of birth;
 - (4) sex;

- (5) the last four digits of the person's social security number or the person's full driver's license or nondriver's identification card number;
 - (6) telephone number, if available;
 - (7) naturalization data (if applicable);
- (8) if applicant has previously registered or voted elsewhere, residence at time of last registration or voting;
 - (9) when present residence established;
- (10) name under which applicant last registered or voted, if different from present name;
- (11) an attestation that the applicant meets each eligibility requirement;
- (12) a statement that the penalty for submission of a false voter registration application is a maximum presumptive sentence of 17 months in prison;
- (13) a statement that, if an applicant declines to register to vote, the fact that the applicant has declined to register will remain confidential and will be used only for voter registration purposes;
- (14) a statement that if an applicant does register to vote, the office to which a voter registration application is submitted will remain confidential and will be used only for voter registration purposes;
- (15) boxes for the applicant to check to indicate whether the applicant is or is not a citizen of the United States, together with the question "Are you a citizen of the United States of America?":
- (16) boxes for the county election officer or chief state election official to check to indicate whether the applicant has provided with the application the information necessary to assess the eligibility of the applicant, including such applicant's United States citizenship;
- (17) boxes for the applicant to check to indicate whether or not the applicant will be 18 years of age or older on election day, together with the question "Will you be 18 years of age on or before election day?";

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- (17) (18) in reference to paragraphs (15) and (16)(17) the statement "If you checked 'no' in response to either of these questions, do not complete this form.";
- (18) (19) a statement that the applicant mayshall be required to provide identification when voting; and
- (19) (20) political party affiliation declaration, if any. An applicant's failure to make a declaration will result in the applicant being registered as an unaffiliated voter.

If the application discloses any previous registration in any other county or state, as indicated by paragraph (8) or (10), or otherwise, the county election officer shall upon the registration of the applicant, give notice to the election official of the place of former registration, notifying such official of applicant's present residence and registration, and authorizing cancellation of such former registration. This section shall be interpreted and applied in accordance with federal law. No eligible applicant whose qualifications have been assessed shall be denied registration.

- (c) Any person who applies for registration through a voter registration agency shall be provided with, in addition to the application under subsection (b), a form which includes:
- (1) The question "If you are not registered to vote where you live now, would you like to apply to register to vote here today?":
- (2) a statement that if the applicant declines to register to vote, this decision will remain confidential and be used only for voter registration purposes;
- (3) a statement that if the applicant does register to vote, information regarding the office to which the application was submitted will remain confidential and be used only for voter registration purposes; and
- (4) if the agency provides public assistance, (i) the statement "Applying to register or declining to register to vote will not affect the amount of assistance that you will be provided by this agency.";
- (ii) boxes for the applicant to check to indicate whether the applicant would like to register or declines to register to vote, together with the statement "IF YOU DO NOT CHECK EITHER BOX, YOU WILL BE CONSIDERED TO HAVE DECIDED NOT TO REGISTER TO VOTE AT THIS TIME.";
- (iii) the statement "If you would like help in filling out the voter registration application form, we will help you. The decision whether to seek or accept help is yours. You may fill out the application form in private."; and
- (iv) the statement "If you believe that someone has interfered with your right to register or to decline to register to vote, your right to privacy in deciding whether to register or in applying to register to vote, or your

right to choose your own political party or other political preference, you may file a complaint with the Kansas Secretary of State."

- (d) If any person, in writing, declines to register to vote, the voter registration agency shall maintain the form prescribed by subsection (c).
- (e) A voter registration agency shall transmit the completed registration application to the county election officer not later than five days after the date of acceptance. Upon receipt of an application for registration, the county election officer shall send, by nonforwardable mail, a notice of disposition of the application to the applicant at the postal delivery address shown on the application. If a notice of disposition is returned as undeliverable, a confirmation mailing prescribed by K.S.A. 25-2316c, and amendments thereto, shall occur.
- (f) If an application is received while registration is closed, such application shall be considered to have been received on the next following day during which registration is open.
- (g) A person who completes an application for voter registration shall be considered a registered voter when the county election officer adds the applicant's name to the county voter registration list.
- (h) Any registered voter whose residence address is not a permissible postal delivery address shall designate a postal address for registration records. When a county election officer has reason to believe that a voter's registration residence is not a permissible postal delivery address, the county election officer shall attempt to determine a proper mailing address for the voter.
- (i) Any registered voter may request that such person's residence address be concealed from public inspection on the voter registration list and on the original voter registration application form. Such request shall be made in writing to the county election officer, and shall specify a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy or a threat to the voter's safety. Upon receipt of such a request, the county election officer shall take appropriate steps to ensure that such person's residence address is not publicly disclosed. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed as requiring or authorizing the secretary of state to include on the voter registration application form a space or other provision on the form that would allow the applicant to request that such applicant's residence address be concealed from public inspection.
- (j) No application for voter registration shall be made available for public inspection or copying unless the information required by paragraph (5) of subsection (b) has been removed or otherwise rendered unreadable.
- (k) If an applicant fails to answer the question prescribed in paragraph (15) of subsection (b), the county election officer shall send the application to the applicant at the postal delivery address given on the

application, by nonforwardable mail, with a notice of incompleteness. The notice shall specify a period of time during which the applicant may complete the application in accordance with K.S.A. 25-2311, and amendments thereto, and be eligible to vote in the next election

- (1) The county election officer or secretary of state's office shall reject any application for registration that is not accompanied by satisfactory evidence of United States citizenship accept any completed application for registration, but an applicant shall not be registered until the applicant has provided satisfactory evidence of United States citizenship. Evidence of United States citizenship as required in this section will be satisfied by presenting one of the documents listed in paragraphs (1) through (6) (13) of subsection (1) in person at the time of filing the application for registration or by including a photocopy of one of the following documents with a mailed registration application. After a person has submitted satisfactory evidence of citizenship, the county election officer shall indicate this information in the person's permanent voter file. Evidence of United States citizenship shall be satisfied by providing one of the following, or a legible photocopy of one of the following documents:
- (1) The applicant's driver's license or nondriver's identification card originally issued after April 20, 2007, issued by the division of vehicles or the equivalent governmental agency of another state within the United States if the agency indicates on the applicant's driver's license or nondriver's identification card that the person has provided satisfactory proof of United States citizenship;
- (2) the applicant's birth certificate that verifies United States citizenship to the satisfaction of the county election officer or secretary of state;
- (3) pertinent pages of the applicant's United States valid or expired passport identifying the applicant and the applicant's passport number, or presentation to the county election officer of the applicant's United States passport;
- (4) the applicant's United States naturalization documents or the number of the certificate of naturalization. If only the number of the certificate of naturalization is provided, the applicant shall not be included in the registration rolls until the number of the certificate of naturalization is verified with the United States bureau of citizenship and immigration services by the county election officer or the secretary of state, pursuant to 8 U.S.C. § 1373(c);
- (5) other documents or methods of proof of United States citizenship issued by the federal government pursuant to the immigration and nationality act of 1952, and amendments thereto; Θ
 - (6) the applicant's bureau of Indian affairs card number, tribal treaty

card number or tribal enrollment number.;

- (7) the applicant's consular report of birth abroad of a citizen of the United States of America;
- (8) the applicant's certificate of citizenship issued by the United States citizenship and immigration services;
- (9) the applicant's certification of report of birth issued by the United States department of state;
- (10) the applicant's American Indian card, with KIC classification, issued by the United States department of homeland security;
- (11) the applicant's final adoption decree showing the applicant's name and United States birthplace;
- (12) the applicant's official United States military record of service showing the applicant's place of birth in the United States; or
- (13) an extract from a United States hospital record of birth created at the time of the applicant's birth indicating the applicant's place of birth in the United States.
- (m) If an applicant is a United States citizen but does not have any of the documentation listed in this section as satisfactory evidence of United States citizenship, such applicant may submit any evidence that such applicant believes demonstrates the applicant's United States citizenship.
- (1) Any applicant seeking an assessment of evidence under this subsection may directly contact the elections division of the secretary of state by submitting a voter registration application or form as described by this section and any supporting evidence of United States citizenship. Upon receipt of this information, the secretary of state shall notify the state election board, as established under K.S.A. 25-2203, and amendments thereto, that such application is pending.
- (2) The state election board shall give the applicant an opportunity for a hearing and an opportunity to present any additional evidence to the state election board. Notice of such hearing shall be given to the applicant at least five days prior to the hearing date. An applicant shall have the opportunity to be represented by counsel at such hearing.
- (3) The state election board shall assess the evidence provided by the applicant to determine whether the applicant has provided satisfactory evidence of United States citizenship. A decision of the state election board shall be determined by a majority vote of the election board.
- (4) If an applicant submits an application and any supporting evidence prior to the close of registration for an election cycle, a determination by the state election board shall be issued at least five

days before such election date.

(5) If the state election board finds that the evidence presented by such applicant constitutes satisfactory evidence of United States citizenship, such applicant will have met the requirements under this section to provide satisfactory evidence of United States citizenship.

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- (6) If the state election board finds that the evidence presented by an applicant does not constitute satisfactory evidence of United States citizenship, such applicant shall have the right to appeal such determination by the state election board by instituting an action under 8 U.S.C. § 1503. Any negative assessment of an applicant's eligibility by the state election board shall be reversed if the applicant obtains a declaratory judgment pursuant to 8 U.S.C. § 1503, demonstrating that such applicant is a national of the United States.
- (m) (n) Any person who is registered in this state on the effective date of this amendment to this section is deemed to have provided satisfactory evidence of citizenship and shall not be required to resubmit evidence of citizenship.
- (n) (o) For purposes of this section, proof of voter registration from another state is not satisfactory evidence of United States citizenship.
- (o) (p) A registered Kansas voter who moves from one residence to another within the state of Kansas or who modifies such voter's registration records for any other reason shall not be required to submit evidence of United States citizenship.
- (p) (q) All documents submitted as evidence of citizenship shall be kept confidential by the county election officer or the secretary of state and maintained as provided by Kansas record retention laws. The provisions of this subsection shall expire on July 1, 2016, unless the legislature reviews and reenacts this provision pursuant to K.S.A. 45-229, and amendments thereto, prior to July 1, 2016.
- (q) (r) The secretary of state may adopt rules and regulations to in order to implement the provisions of this section.
- (s) Nothing in this section shall prohibit an applicant from providing, or the secretary of state or county election officer from obtaining satisfactory evidence of United States citizenship, as described in subsection (1), at a different time or in a different manner than an application for registration is provided, as long as the applicant's eligibility can be adequately assessed by the secretary of state or county election officer as required by this section.
- [Sec. 9. K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 25-2320 is hereby amended to read as follows: 25-2320. (a) The county election officer shall allow access to any person at any time during regular business hours, under supervision of the county election officer for the purpose of examining the voter registration books, active voter lists and other

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lists of voters required to be kept. Any person may make a written request for a copy of the registration books at any time except on any election day. The election officer is hereby directed to provide one or more copies which are accurate insofar as practicable of such books to the person so requesting. The election officer shall provide such copies to the person within 10 days following the request if so requested. The expense of making such copies shall be paid by the person requesting them. The cost of copies shall be established by the county election officer at a price which is not more than the actual cost and shall be set uniformly in order that the price therefor shall be the same for all persons requesting identical copies.

(b) No voter registration record shall be made available for public inspection or copying unless the individual's social security number, driver's license number, nondriver's identification card number or any part thereof, has been removed or otherwise been rendered unreadable.]

Sec.—9. [10.] K.S.A. 25-2352 is hereby amended to read as follows: 25-2352. (a) (1) Each Kansas division of motor vehicles driver's license application and nondriver identification card application (including any renewal application) submitted to a division of motor vehicles office in Kansas shall serve as an application for voter registration unless the applicant fails to sign the voter registration application. An individual who completes the application for voter registration and is otherwise eligible shall be registered to vote in accordance with the information supplied by the individual.

- (2) An application for voter registration submitted under subsection (a)(1) shall be considered as updating any previous voter registration by the applicant.
 - (b) The voter registration section of the application:
- (1) May require a second signature or other information that duplicates, or is in addition to, information in the driver's license or nondriver's identification card section of the application to prevent duplicate voter registrations, and to enable Kansas election officials to assess the eligibility of the applicant and to administer voter registration and other parts of the election process;
- (2) shall include a statement that specifies each eligibility requirement for voting, contains an attestation that the applicant meets each such requirement, including citizenship, and requires the signature of the applicant, under penalty of perjury;
- (3) shall include a statement that, if an applicant declines to register to vote, the fact that the applicant has declined to register will remain confidential and will be used only for voter registration

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purposes;

 (4) shall include a statement that if an applicant does register to vote, the office at which the applicant submits a voter registration application will remain confidential and will be used only for voter registration purposes;

- (5) shall be made available by the division of vehicles (as submitted by the applicant, or in machine-readable or other format) to the secretary of state and county election officers, as provided by rules and regulations adopted by the secretary of state; and
- (6) shall be transmitted to the county election officer not later than five days after the date of acceptance.
- (c) The motor vehicle driver's license and nondriver identification card form used for change of residence address shall also serve as a notification of change of residence address for voter registration for elections, unless the registrant states on the form that the change is not for voter registration purposes.
- (d) The voter registration portion of the motor vehicle driver's license and nondriver identification card applications and change of address forms used shall be subject to approval by the secretary of state for purposes of voter registration under this section.
- (e) Following the line fixed for the signature of the applicant on the application for voter registration, a statement shall be printed stating that the penalty for submission of a false voter registration application is a maximum presumptive sentence of 17 months in prison.
- (f) The department of revenue or an employee of the department of revenue acting within the scope of the employee's employment shall not be liable for any damages resulting from any claim based on the department of revenue's transfer of any motor vehicle record information to the secretary of state that is required or permitted by law.
- (f) (g) The secretary of state is hereby authorized to adopt such rules and regulations in the manner prescribed by law as may be necessary for the administration of the provisions of this section.
- Sec. 8. 10. [11.] K.S.A. 25 2411 is hereby amended to read as follows: 25 2411. Election perjury is intentionally and knowingly falsely swearing, affirming, declaring or subscribing to any of the following: (a) Statements in answer to questions put to a person who has been challenged as unqualified to vote.
- (b) Statements in answer to questions put to a witness concerning the qualifications of any person to vote.
- (c)—Statements contained in any affidavit or declaration which is prescribed by chapter 25 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated or any other election law of the state, or which is prescribed in any manner by the

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secretary of state or any county election officer under the election laws of this state.

- (d) Statements in answer to questions put by a county election officer or deputy county election officer relating to application for voter registration of any person.
- (e) Statements in answer to questions put by an election board member to a person asking for voter assistance because of age, visual handicap, lack of proficiency in reading the English language or physical disability.
 - (f) Statements of any witness at an election contest.

Election perjury is a severity level 98, nonperson felony.

- Sec. 9. 11. [12.] K.S.A. 25-2416 is hereby amended to read as follows: 25-2416. (a) Voting without being qualified is knowingly: and willfully: (a)
- (1) Voting or attempting to vote at in any election district when not a lawfully registered voter in such election district; or.
- (2) voting or attempting to vote at any election by a person who is not a citizen of the United States or who does not otherwise meet the qualifications of an elector.
 - (b) Voting or offering to vote more than once at the same election.
- (e) Inducing or aiding any person to vote more than once at the same election.
- (b) Voting without being qualified is a severity level 8, nonperson felony: class A misdemeanor.
- Sec. 10. 12. [13.] K.S.A. 25 2423 is hereby amended to read as follows: 25-2423
- (a) Election tampering is, while being charged with no election duty, making or changing any election record.
 - (b) Election tampering is a severity level 87, nonperson felony.
- Sec. 11. 13. [14.] K.S.A. 25-2431 is hereby amended to read as follows: 25-2431.
- (a)—False impersonation of a voter is representing oneself as another person whether real or fictitious and thereasthereby voting or attempting to vote.
- (b) False impersonation of a voter is a severity level 98, nonperson felony.
- Sec. 12. 14. [15.] K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 25-2908 is hereby amended to read as follows: 25-2908. (a) Each polling place shall use either: (1) A registration book and a poll book, as defined in K.S.A. 25-2507(a) and K.S.A. 25-2507(b)(1), and amendments thereto; or (2) a registration book, as defined in K.S.A. 25-2507(b)(2), and amendments thereto. The county election officer shall determine which books are used in each county, and which book voters shall sign.

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(b) A person desiring to vote shall provide to the election board: (1) The voter's name; (2) if required, the voter's address; and (3) the voter's signature on the registration or poll book; and (4) a valid form of identification listed in subsection (h). A signature may be made by mark, initials, typewriter, print, stamp, symbol or any other manner if by placing the signature on the document the person intends the signature to be binding. A signature may be made by another person at the voter's direction if the signature reflects such voter's intention.

- (c) A member of the election board shall:
- (1) Announce the voter's name in a loud and distinct tone of voice, and, if the name is in the registration books, the member of the election board having the registration record shall repeat the name;
 - (2) request the voter's signature on the registration or poll book;
- (3) provide the required signature at the request of and on behalf of any voter who is unable to personally affix a signature by reason of temporary illness or disability, or lack of proficiency in reading the English language;
- (4) if the voter is a first time voter as described in subsection (h) of this section, request valid identification from the voter unless such voter has previously submitted current and valid identification in the county where registered; request a valid form of identification from the voter. If the member of the election board is satisfied that the voter is the person depicted in the identification and that the identification provided is one of the valid forms of identification listed in subsection (h), the member of the election board shall place such member's initials in the space provided and allow the voter to vote;
- (5) give the voter one ballot, on the upper right-hand corner of which shall be written the number corresponding to the voter's number in the registration book or poll book; and
- (6) mark the voter's name in the registration book and party affiliation list.
- (d) A first time voter shall provide to the election board a form of valid identification such as a current and valid Kansas driver's license, nondriver's identification card, utility bill, bank statement, paycheck, government check or other government document unless such voter has previously submitted current and valid identification in the county where registered. The document provided in accordance with this section shall contain the voter's current name and address as indicated on the registration book or poll book.
- (e)(d) If a first time voter is unable or refuses to provide current and valid identification at the polling place, or if the, the voter may vote a provisional ballot pursuant to K.S.A. 25-409, and amendments thereto. If the voter's name and address do not match the voter's name

and address on the registration book or poll book, the voter may vote a provisional ballot according to K.S.A. 25-409, and amendments thereto. The voter shall provide a valid form of identification as defined in subsection (d)(h) of this section to the county election officer in person or provide a copy by mail or electronic means before the meeting of the county board of canvassers. At the meeting of the county board of canvassers the county election officer shall present copies of identification received from provisional voters and the corresponding provisional ballots. If the county board of canvassers determines that a voter's identification is valid and the provisional ballot was properly cast, the ballot shall be counted.

- (f)(e) If the name of any person desiring to vote at an election is not in the registration books, an election board member shall print the name and address of the person appearing to vote in the registration book or poll book. The person appearing to vote shall add such person's signature to the registration book or poll book beside such person's printed name, as listed in the registration book or poll book, and the election board judge shall challenge such person's vote pursuant to K.S.A. 25-414, and amendments thereto. During the pendency of a challenge other voters shall be given ballots and be permitted to vote.
- (g) (f) A voter who has received an advance voting ballot may vote a provisional ballot on election day at the precinct polling place where the voter resides. If the voter returns the advance voting ballot to a judge or clerk at the precinct polling place, the judge or clerk shall void such advance voting ballot. Any such provisional ballot shall be counted only if the county board of canvassers determines that the provisional ballot was properly cast and the voter has not otherwise voted at such election.
- (h) For the purposes of this section, "first time voter" means a registered voter who has not previously voted in any election in the county in which the voter desires to vote. First time voter includes a person whose name was removed from the county registration list in accordance with K.S.A. 25 2316e, and amendments thereto, and has reregistered.
- (i) (g) The secretary of state may adopt rules and regulations in order to implement the provisions of this section and definedefining valid forms of identification with greater specificity, however the requirement that a voter must provide a form of identification that complies with the subsection (h) may not be altered.
- (h) (1) The following forms of identification shall be valid if the identification contains the name and photograph of the applicant voter and has not expired. Expired documents shall be valid if the bearer of the document is 65 years of age or older:
 - (A) A driver's license issued by Kansas or by another state or

district of the United States;

- (B) a state identification card issued by Kansas or by another state or district of the United States;
- (C) a concealed carry of handgun license issued by Kansas or a concealed carry of handgun or weapon license issued by another state or district of the United States;
 - (D) a United States passport;
- (E) an employee badge or identification document issued by a municipal, county, state, or federal government office or agency;
 - (F) a military identification document issued by the United States;
- (G) a student identification card issued by a public an accredited postsecondary institution of education in the state of Kansas; or
- (H) a public assistance identification card issued by a municipal, county, state, or federal government office or agency.
- (2) If the address on the submitted form of identification is not current, the person may submit any one of the following documents in addition to the identification above to establish the person's current address: a utility bill, bank statement, paycheck, government check or other government document. Documents provided in accordance with this section shall contain the voter's current name and address as indicated on the registration book or poll book.
- (3) (2) If the person fails to furnish the identification required by this subsection, the person shall be allowed to vote a provisional ballot. The canvassing board shall determine the validity of the ballot pursuant to K.S.A. 25-3002, and amendments thereto.
- (i) The following persons are exempt from the photographic identification document requirements of this section:
- (1) Persons with a permanent physical disability that makes it impossible for such persons to travel to a county or state office to obtain a qualifying form of identification and are have qualified for permanent advance voting status under K.S.A. 25-1124, and amendments thereto:
- (2) members of the uniformed service on active duty who, by reason of such active duty, are absent from the county on election day;
- (3) members of the merchant marine who, by reason of service in the merchant marine, are absent from the county on election day;
- (4) the spouse or dependent of a member referred to in paragraph (2) or (3), who, by reason of the active duty or service of the member, is absent from the county on election day; and
- (5) any voter whose religious beliefs prohibit photographic identification. Any person seeking an exemption under this provision must complete and transmit a declaration concerning such religious beliefs to the county election officer or the Kansas secretary of state. The declaration form shall be available on the official website of the Kansas

secretary of state.

Sec. 13. 15. [16.] K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 25-3002 is hereby amended to read as follows: 25-3002. (a) The rules prescribed in this section shall apply to:

- (1) The original canvass by election boards.
- (2) Intermediate and final canvasses by county boards of canvassers.
- (3) Final canvass by the state board of canvassers.
- (4) All election contests.
- (5) All other officers canvassing or having a part in the canvass of any election.
 - (b) Rules for canvassers:
- (1) No ballot, or any portion thereof, shall be invalidated by any technical error unless it is impossible to determine the voter's intention. Determination of the voter's intention shall rest in the discretion of the board canvassing in the case of a canvass and in the election court in the case of an election contest.
- (2) The occurrences listed in this subpart (2) shall not invalidate the whole ballot but shall invalidate that portion, and that portion only, in which the occurrence appears. The votes on such portion of the ballot shall not be counted for any candidate listed or written in such portion, but the remainder of the votes in other portions of the ballot shall be counted. The occurrences to which this subpart (2) shall apply are:
- (A) Whenever a voting mark shall be made in the square at the left of the name of more than one candidate for the same office, except when the ballot instructs that more than one candidate is to be voted.
- (B) Whenever a voting mark is placed in the square at the left of a space where no candidate is listed.
- (3) When a registered voter has cast a provisional ballot intended for a precinct other than the precinct in which the voter resides but located within the same county, the canvassers shall count the votes for those offices or issues which are identical in both precincts. The canvassers shall not count the votes for those offices or issues which differ from the offices or issues appearing on the ballot used in the precinct in which the voter resides.
- (4) A write-in vote for those candidates for the offices of governor and lieutenant governor shall not be counted unless the pair of candidates have filed an affidavit of candidacy pursuant to K.S.A. 25-305, and amendments thereto, and:
 - (A) Both candidates' names are written on the ballot; or
- (B) only the name of the candidate for governor is written on the ballot.
- (5) A write-in vote for those candidates for the offices of president and vice-president shall not be counted unless the pair of candidates have

filed an affidavit of candidacy pursuant to K.S.A. 25-305, and amendments thereto, and:

- (A) Both candidates' names are written on the ballot; or
- (B) only the name of the candidate for president is written on the ballot.
- (6) A write-in vote for candidates for state offices elected on a statewide basis other than offices subject to paragraph (4) shall not be counted unless the candidate has filed an affidavit of candidacy pursuant to K.S.A. 25-305, and amendments thereto.
- (7) Any advance voting or mail ballot whose envelope containing the voter's written declaration is unsigned, shall be wholly void and no vote thereon shall be counted.
- (8) No ballot cast by a first time voter as defined by K.S.A. 25-1122, and amendments thereto, or K.S.A. 25-2908, and amendments thereto, shall be counted if the voter fails to provide valid identification as defined by K.S.A. 25-2908, and amendments thereto.

Sec. 14. 16. [17.] K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 65-2418 is hereby amended to read as follows: 65-2418. (a) (1) The secretary shall fix and charge by rules and regulations the fees to be paid for certified copies or abstracts of certificates or for search of the files for birth, death, fetal death, marriage or divorce records when no certified copy or abstract is made. Except as otherwise provided in this section, the secretary shall remit all moneys received by or for the secretary from fees, charges or penalties, under the uniform vital statistics act, and amendments thereto, to the state treasurer in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 75-4215, and amendments thereto. Upon receipt of each such remittance, the state treasurer shall deposit the entire amount in the state treasury to the credit of the civil registration and health statistics fee fund created by K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 65-2418e, and amendments thereto.

- (2) The secretary shall not charge any fee for a certified copy of a certificate or abstract or for a search of the files or records if the certificate, abstract or search is requested by a person who exhibits correspondence from the United States department of veterans affairs or the Kansas commission on veterans! affairs which indicates that the person is applying for benefits from the United States department of veterans affairs and that such person needs the requested information to obtain such benefits, except that, for a second or subsequent certified copy of a certificate, abstract or search of the files requested by the person, the usual fee shall be charged. The secretary may provide by rules and regulations for exemptions from such fees.
- (3) The secretary shall not charge any fee for a certified copy of a birth certificate if the certificate is requested by any person who is 18 years of age or older for purposes of meeting the voter registration

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requirements of K.S.A. 25-2309, and amendments thereto. Such person shall sign an affidavit to be submitted to the secretary stating that such person plans to register to vote and that the person receives:

- (A) Food assistance, general assistance, supplemental security income (SSI), temporary assistance for families, medicaid assistance, united tribes food distribution program, bureau of Indian affairs general assistance, tribally administered temporary assistance for needy families or meal assistance through the national school lunch program; or
- (B) resides in a household whose income is 150% or less of the federal poverty level:
- (C) The secretary shall adopt rules and regulations in order to implement the provisions of this subsection.
- (D) Any person who signs an affidavit provided in this subsection knowing the information is false shall be guilty of a class C misdemeanor.
- (3)(4) Upon receipt of any such remittance of a fee for a certified copy of a birth certificate or abstract, \$3 of each such fee for the first copy of a birth certificate or abstract and \$1 of each such fee for each additional copy of the same birth certificate or abstract requested at the same time shall be remitted to the state treasurer in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 75-4215, and amendments thereto. Upon receipt of each such remittance, the state treasurer shall deposit the entire amount in the state treasury to the credit of the permanent families account of the family and children investment fund created by K.S.A. 38-1808, and amendments thereto. The balance of the money received for a fee for a certified copy of a birth certificate or abstract shall be remitted to the state treasurer in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 75-4215, and amendments thereto. Upon receipt of each such remittance, the state treasurer shall deposit the entire amount in the state treasury to the credit of the civil registration and health statistics fee fund created under this act.
- (4)(5) Upon receipt of any such remittance of a fee for a certified copy of a death certificate or abstract, \$4 of each such fee for the first certified copy of a death certificate or abstract and \$2 of each such fee for each additional copy of the same death certificate or abstract requested at the same time shall be remitted to the state treasurer in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 75-4215, and amendments thereto. Upon receipt of each such remittance, the state treasurer shall deposit the entire amount in the state treasury to the credit of the district coroners fund created by K.S.A. 22a-245, and amendments thereto. The balance of the money received for a fee for a certified copy of a death certificate or abstract shall be remitted to the state treasurer in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 75-4215, and amendments thereto. Upon receipt of each such remittance, the state treasurer shall deposit the entire amount in the state

swear under oath: (1) that he or she plans to register to vote in Kansas; and (2) that he or she does not possess any of the documents that constitute evidence of United States citizenship under K.S.A. 25-2309(1). The affidavit shall specifically list the documents that constitute evidence of United States citizenship under K.S.A. 25-2309(1)

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treasury to the credit of the civil registration and health statistics fee fund created by K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 65-2418e, and amendments thereto.

(b) Subject to K.S.A. 65-2415, and amendments thereto, the national office of vital statistics may be furnished copies or data it requires for national statistics. The state shall be reimbursed for the cost of furnishing the data. The data shall not be used for other than statistical purposes by the national office of vital statistics unless so authorized by the state registrar of vital statistics.

New Sec. 15. 17. (a) The duty and independent authority to appear in any court having jurisdiction within the state of Kansas and prosecute or defend on behalf of the people all actions and proceedings, civil-or criminal, which involve an election crime, attempted election crime or violation related to any election law shall be vested in:

- (1) The district or county attorney of the county where such violations occurred:
 - (2)—the Kansas attorney general; or
 - (3) the Kansas-secretary of state.
- (b) If one of the officers listed in section (a) has commenced an action a prosecution or proceeding which involves an election crime, attempted election crime or violation related to any election law, the other officers listed in section (a) may provide assistance to the prosecuting officer but may not commence a separate prosecution or proceeding.

New Sec. 16. 17. [18.] (a) Voting more than once is knowingly:

- (1) Voting or offering to vote more than once at the same election; or
- (2) inducing or aiding any person to vote more than once at the same election.

(b) Voting more than once is a severity level 8, nonperson felony.

Sec. 17. 18. [19.] If any provision of this act is held to be unconstitutional under the United States or Kansas constitutions, that provision shall be severed from the act, and the other provisions of this act shall remain valid and in effect.

Sec. 18. 19. [20.] K.S.A. 25-2203, 25-2352, 25-2411, 25-2416, 25-2423 and 25-2431 and K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 8-1324, 25-1122, 25-1122d, 25-1123, 25-1124, 25-1128, 25-2309, [25-2320,] 25-2908, 25-3002 and 65-2418 are hereby repealed.

Sec. 19. 20. [21.] This act shall take effect and be in force from and after January 1, 2012, and its publication in the statute book.

New Sec. 14. The secretary of state shall provide advance notice of the personal identification requirements of this act in a manner calculated to inform the public generally of the requirements for forms of personal identification as provided in this act. Such advance notice shall include, at a minimum, the use of advertisements and public service announcements in print, broadcast television, radio and cable television media, as well as the posting of information on the opening pages of the official internet websites of the secretary of state and governor.

See insert

25-208a

and 25-3203

, 25-3104, 25-3107

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INSERT:

Sec. 15. K.S.A. 25-208a is hereby amended to read as follows: 25-208a. (a) Within 10 days, Saturdays, Sundays and holidays not included, from the date of the filing of nomination petitions or a declaration of intention to become a candidate for United States senator or representative or for state office, the secretary of state shall determine the validity of such petitions or declaration.

The secretary of state shall send a copy of all petitions to the county election officer of the county of the district in which the nomination petition was passed. The county election officer shall check the petitions only for valid signatures and certify the results of such check to the secretary of state within 10 days, Saturdays, Sundays and holidays not included, of the date the petitions were filed with the secretary. The secretary of state upon receipt of the validated petition from the county election officer shall notify the candidate of the validity of the petition.

- (b) Within three days from the date of the filing of nomination petitions or a declaration of intention to become a candidate for county or township office or for precinct committeeman or committeewoman, the county election officer shall determine the validity of such petitions or declaration.
- (c) If any nomination petitions or declarations are found to be invalid, the secretary of state or the county election officer, as the case may be, shall notify the candidate on whose behalf the petitions or declaration was filed that such nomination petitions or declaration have been found to be invalid and the reason for the finding. Such candidate may make objection to the finding of invalidity by the secretary of state or the county election officer in accordance with K.S.A. 25-308 and amendments thereto.

Sec. 16. K.S.A. 25-3203 is hereby amended to read as follows: 25-3203. If the secretary of state fails to receive the final abstract of the intermediate canvass of any national or state election from any county by the second Tuesday next after any election, the secretary shall dispatch a special messenger to obtain a copy of the same, and the county election officer shall immediately, on demand of such messenger, make out and deliver to such messenger the copy required. Thereupon, the messenger shall deliver such copy to the secretary of state without delay. The expenses of such messenger shall be paid by the secretary of state, and the secretary of state shall be reimbursed therefor by such county.

Any county conducting a recount pursuant to K.S.A. 25-3107 shall notify the secretary of state of the recount and shall set a date, subject to approval by the secretary of state, when the county election officer shall submit the intermediate abstract of the county to the secretary of state.

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Sec. 17. K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 25-3104 is hereby amended to read as follows: 25-3104. The original canvass of every election shall be performed by the election boards at the voting places. The county election officer shall present the original returns, together with the ballots, books and any other records of the election, for the purpose of canvass, to the county board of canvassers at any time between 8:00 § a.m. And 10:00 10 a.m. on the Friday Monday next following any election held on a Tuesday, except that the county election officer may move the canvass to the Monday next second Thursday following the election if notice is published prior to the canvass in a newspaper with general circulation in the county. For elections not held on a Tuesday, the canvass by the county board of canvassers shall be held on a day and hour designated by it, and not later than the fifth day following the day of such election.

Sec. 18. K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 25-3107 is hereby amended to read as follows: 25-3107. (a) At the time of commencement of any canvass by the county board of canvassers the county election officer shall present to the county board of canvassers the preliminary abstracts of election returns, together with the ballots and records returned by the election boards. The county board of canvassers shall inspect and check the records presented by the county election officer and shall hear any questions which the county election officer believes appropriate for determination of the board. The county board of canvassers shall do what is necessary to obtain an accurate and just canvass of the election and shall finalize the preliminary abstract of election returns by making any needed changes, and certifying its authenticity and accuracy. The certification of the county board of canvassers shall be attested by the county election officer. Neither the county board of canvassers nor the county election officer shall open or unseal sacks or envelopes of ballots, except as is required by K.S.A. 25-409, 25-1136 and 25-1337, and amendments thereto, or other specific provision of law or as is authorized to carry out a recount under subsection (b).

(b) If a majority of the members of the county board of canvassers shall determine that there are manifest errors appearing on the face of the poll books of any election board, which might make a difference in the result of any election, or if any candidate shall request the recount of the ballots cast in all or in only specified voting areas for the office for which such person is a candidate, or if any registered elector who cast a ballot in a question submitted election requests a recount in all or only specified voting areas to determine the result of the election, the county board of canvassers shall cause a special election board appointed by the county election officer to meet under the supervision of the county election officer and recount the ballots with respect to any office or question submitted specified by the county board of canvassers or requested by

HB 2067 34

such candidate or elector. If a recount is required in a county that uses optical scanning systems as defined in K.S.A. 25-4601 et seq., and amendments thereto, or electronic or electromechanical voting systems, as defined in K.S.A. 25-4401, and amendments thereto, the method of conducting the recount shall be at the discretion of the person requesting such recount. The county election officer shall not be a member of such special election board. Before the special election board meets to recount the ballots upon a properly filed request, the party who makes the request shall file with the county election officer a bond, with security to be approved by the county or district attorney, conditioned to pay all costs incurred by the county in making such recount. In the event that the candidate requesting the recount is declared the winner of the election as a result of the recount, or if as a result of the recount a question submitted is overturned, no action shall be taken on the person's bond and the county shall bear the costs incurred for the recount. Any recount must be requested in writing and filed with the county election officer not later than 12:00 noon on the Monday following the election or, if the canvass is held on Monday, not later than 5:00 p.m. on the Tuesday next following the election-5:00 p.m. on the day following the meeting of the county board of canvassers. The request shall specify which voting areas are to be recounted. The county election officer shall immediately notify any candidate involved in the election for which such recount is requested, or shall notify the county chairperson of each candidate's party. Any such recount shall be initiated not later than the following day and shall be completed not later than 5:00 p.m. on Friday of such week or, if the recount request is made on the Tuesday after the election because of a Monday canvass, not later than 5:00 p.m. the next following Monday the fifth day following the filing of the request for a recount, including Saturdays, Sundays and holidays. Upon completion of any recount under this subsection, the election board shall package and reseal the ballots as provided by law and the county board of canvassers shall complete its canvass. The members of the special election board shall be paid as prescribed in K.S.A. 25-2811 and amendments thereto for time actually spent making the recount.

- (c) (1) The provisions of this subsection shall apply to candidates at any election for:
 - (A) Any state or national office elected on a statewide basis;
 - (B) the office of president or vice president of the United States;
- (C) the office of members of United States house of representatives;
- (D) office of members of state senate or house of representative whose district is located in two or more counties; and
 - (E) office of members of state board of education.

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- (2) Any candidate may request a recount in one or more counties. Any such recount must be requested in writing and filed with the secretary of state not later than 12:00 noon on the Monday following the election or, if the canvass in one or more counties in the district is held on Monday, not later than 5:00 p.m. on the Tuesday next following the election 5:00 p.m. on the second Friday following the election. The request shall specify which counties are to be recounted. If a recount is required in a county that uses optical scanning systems as defined in K.S.A. 25-4601, and amendments thereto, or electronic or electromechanical voting systems, as defined in K.S.A. 25-4401, and amendments thereto, the method of conducting the recount shall be at the discretion of the person requesting such recount. Except as provided by this subsection and subsection (d), the person requesting the recount shall file with the secretary of state a bond, with security to be approved by the secretary of state, conditioned to pay all costs incurred by the counties and the secretary of state in making such recount. The amount of the bond shall be determined by the secretary of state. A candidate described in paragraphs (D) and (E) of subsection (c)(1) may post a bond as provided by subsection (b) in lieu of the bond required by this subsection. In the event that the candidate requesting the recount is declared the winner of the election as a result of the recount, no action shall be taken on the candidate's bond and the counties shall bear the costs incurred for the recount.
- (3) The secretary of state immediately shall notify each county election officer affected by the recount and any candidate involved in the election for which such recount is requested. If the candidate cannot be reached, then the secretary of state shall notify the state chairperson of such candidate's party. Any such recount shall be conducted under the supervision of the county election officers at the direction of the secretary of state, and shall be initiated not later than the following day and shall be completed not later than 5:00 p.m. on Friday of such week or, if the request is made on the Tuesday after the election because of a Monday canvass, not later than 5:00 p.m. on the next following Monday the fifth day following the filing of the request for a recount, including Saturdays, Sundays and holidays. Each county election officer involved in the recount shall appoint a special election board to recount the ballots. The members of the special election board shall be paid as prescribed in K.S.A. 25-2811 and amendments thereto for time actually spent making the recount. Upon completion of any recount under this subsection, the special election board in each county shall package and reseal the ballots as provided by law and the county board of canvassers shall complete its canvass. The county election officer in each county immediately shall certify the results of the recount to the secretary of state.

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(d) (1) The provisions of this subsection shall apply to candidates at general elections for:

- (A) Any state or national office elected on a statewide basis;
- (B) the office of president or vice president of the United States.
- (C) the office of members of United States house of representatives;
- (D) office of members of state senate or house of representative, and
 - (E) office of members of state board of education.
- (2) Whenever the election returns reflect that a candidate for office was defeated by one-half of one percent or less of the total number of votes cast and if such candidate requests a recount in one or more counties of the ballots, the state shall bear the cost of any recount performed using the method by which such ballots were counted originally.
- (3) Not later than 60 days following a recount conducted pursuant to this subsection, the board of county commissioners of each county in which the recount occurred shall certify to the secretary of state the amount of all necessary direct expenses incurred by the county. Payment for such expenses shall be made to the county treasurer of the county upon warrants of the director of accounts and reports pursuant to vouchers approved by the secretary of state. Upon receipt of such payment and reimbursements, the county treasurer shall deposit the entire amount thereof in the county election fund, if there is one and if there is not then to the county general fund.
- (4) The secretary of state, with the advice of the director of accounts and reports, shall determine the correctness of each amount certified under this section and adjust any discrepancies discovered before approving vouchers for payment to any county.

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County health departments shall provide assistance at no charge to any person applying for a birth certificate from the state registrar of vital statistics for the purpose of registering to vote. Such county departments shall transmit the necessary forms to the state registrar's office at no cost to the person applying for the birth certificate.

Ethics and Elections Committee Attachment 2

Date 3-17-11



Our mission is to end discrimination based on sexual orientation and gender identity, and to ensure the dignity, safety, and legal equality of all Kansans.

www.KansasEqualityCoalition.org • 6505 E. Central #219 • Wichita, KS 67206 • (316) 260-4863 • fax (316) 858-7196

Briefing Paper for Proposed Balloon Amendment to HB2067 Regarding Amendment of Gender on Kansas Birth Certificates Senate Committee on Ethics and Elections March 17, 2011

Kansas Administrative Regulations currently provide a framework for amending the sex marker on a Kansas birth certificate in K.A.R. 28-17-20(b)(1)(A)(i):

"The items recording the registrant's sex may be amended if the amendment is substantiated with the applicant's affidavit, or a parent's affidavit if the registrant is under the age of 18, that the sex was incorrectly recorded, or with a medical certificate substantiating that a physiological or anatomical change occurred."

This regulation is interpreted to mean that transgender persons may amend their birth certificates only after their physician certifies their medical transition is complete. Medically-supervised transition is a process that can take several years, and official identification documents, such as driver's licenses, must be changed early in the transition process. The inconsistency between state-issued ID's and birth certificates will create a situation where transgender Kansans will face insurmountable barriers to registering to vote.

Kansas Equality Coalition's proposed balloon will provide a statutory means for physicians to certify gender transition at an earlier point in the transition process, thereby allowing birth records to be reconciled with current state-issued identification:

"The items recording the registrant's sex may be amended if the amendment is substantiated with the applicant's affidavit, or a parent's affidavit if the registrant is under the age of 18, that the sex was incorrectly recorded, or with a medical certificate or with a licensed physician's affidavit substantiating surgical, hormonal, or other treatment appropriate for the applicant for the purpose of gender transition occurred."

This balloon does not represent a major shift in public policy in the State of Kansas; rather, it clarifies when, and under what circumstances, the sex marker on a Kansas birth certificate may be amended. While providing an opportunity for transgender Kansans to amend their birth certificates earlier in their transition, it continues to require that a licensed physician certify that transition has occurred.

The Secretary of State's office forwarded an alternative balloon to Kansas Equality Coalition late in the day on March 16. Their proposed language would require a transgender registrant to provide an affidavit to their local election officer describing the reason for the inconsistency in documents. Requiring transgender voters to reveal their medical status and treatment in such a way will expose them to discrimination, placing their jobs, housing, and even safety at risk. As such, we believe this will create a nearly insurmountable barrier to registration and voting by transgender Kansans, and we oppose this approach.

For more information, please call Thomas Witt, Kansas Equality Coaliti email Chair@KansasEqualityCoalition.org.

Ethics and Elections Committee Attachment

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shall notify the state election board, as established under K.S.A. 25-2203, and amendments thereto, that such application is pending.

- (2) The state election board shall give the applicant an opportunity for a hearing and an opportunity to present any additional evidence to the state election board. Notice of such hearing shall be given to the applicant at least five days prior to the hearing date. An applicant shall have the opportunity to be represented by counsel at such hearing.
- (3) The state election board shall assess the evidence provided by the applicant to determine whether the applicant has provided satisfactory evidence of United States citizenship. A decision of the state election board shall be determined by a majority vote of the election board.
- (4) If an applicant submits an application and any supporting evidence prior to the close of registration for an election cycle, a determination by the state election board shall be issued at least five days before such election date.
- (5) If the state election board finds that the evidence presented by such applicant constitutes satisfactory evidence of United States citizenship, such applicant will have met the requirements under this section to provide satisfactory evidence of United States citizenship.
- (6) If the state election board finds that the evidence presented by an applicant does not constitute satisfactory evidence of United States citizenship, such applicant shall have the right to appeal such determination by the state election board by instituting an action under 8 U.S.C. § 1503. Any negative assessment of an applicant's eligibility by the state election board shall be reversed if the applicant obtains a declaratory judgment pursuant to 8 U.S.C. § 1503, demonstrating that such applicant is a national of the United States.
- (m) (n) Any person who is registered in this state on the effective date of this amendment to this section is deemed to have provided satisfactory evidence of citizenship and shall not be required to resubmit evidence of citizenship.
- (n) (o) For purposes of this section, proof of voter registration from another state is not satisfactory evidence of United States citizenship.
- (0) (p) A registered Kansas voter who moves from one residence to another within the state of Kansas or who modifies such voter's registration records for any other reason shall not be required to submit evidence of United States citizenship.
- (p) (q) All documents submitted as evidence of citizenship shall be kept confidential by the county election officer or the secretary of state and maintained as provided by Kansas record retention laws. The provisions of this subsection shall expire on July 1, 2016, unless the legislature reviews and reenacts this provision pursuant to K.S.A. 45-229,

If evidence of citizenship is deemed to be unsatisfactor due to an inconsistency between the document submitted as evidence of citizenship and the name and/or sex provided on the application for registration, such applicant may sign an affidavit (1) stating the inconsistency or inconsistencies related to the name and/or sex, and the reason therefor, and (2) swearing under oath that, despite the inconsistency, the applicant is the individual reflected in the document provided as evidence of citizenship. Notwithstanding, however, that there shall be no inconsistency between the date of birth on the document provided as evidence of citizenship and the date of birth provided on the application for registration. If such an affidavit is submitted by the applicant, the county election officer or secretary of state shall assess the eligibility of the applicant without regard to any inconsistency stated in the affidavit.

New Paragraph (9) 2

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and amendments thereto, prior to July 1, 2016.

- (q) (r) The secretary of state may adopt rules and regulations to in order to implement the provisions of this section.
- (s) Nothing in this section shall prohibit an applicant from providing, or the secretary of state or county election officer from obtaining satisfactory evidence of United States citizenship, as described in subsection (1), at a different time or in a different manner than an application for registration is provided, as long as the applicant's eligibility can be adequately assessed by the secretary of state or county election officer as required by this section.
- [Sec. 9. K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 25-2320 is hereby amended to read as follows: 25-2320. (a) The county election officer shall allow access to any person at any time during regular business hours, under supervision of the county election officer for the purpose of examining the voter registration books, active voter lists and other lists of voters required to be kept. Any person may make a written request for a copy of the registration books at any time except on any election day. The election officer is hereby directed to provide one or more copies which are accurate insofar as practicable of such books to the person so requesting. The election officer shall provide such copies to the person within 10 days following the request if so requested. The expense of making such copies shall be paid by the person requesting them. The cost of copies shall be established by the county election officer at a price which is not more than the actual cost and shall be set uniformly in order that the price therefor shall be the same for all persons requesting identical copies.

Sec.—9. [10.] K.S.A. 25-2352 is hereby amended to read as follows: 25-2352. (a) (1) Each Kansas division of motor vehicles driver's license application and nondriver identification card application (including any renewal application) submitted to a division of motor vehicles office in Kansas shall serve as an application for voter registration unless the applicant fails to sign the voter registration application. An individual who completes the application for voter registration and is otherwise eligible shall be registered to vote in accordance with the information supplied by the individual.

(t) The proof of citizenship requirements of this section shall not become effective until January 1, 2013.

KRIS W. KOBACH Secretary of State



Memorial Hall, 1st Floor 120 S.W. 10th Avenue Topeka, KS 66612-1594 (785) 296-4564

STATE OF KANSAS

Senate Committee on Ethics and Elections

Testimony on Senate Bill 2080

Brad Bryant, Deputy Assistant Secretary of State Elections and Legislative Matters

March 17, 2011

Madam Chair and Members of the Committee:

Thank you for the opportunity to testify in support of House Bill 2080. Originally, House Bill 2080 was proposed to move the candidate filing deadline for extension council districts, held in the spring of odd-numbered years, to coincide with filing deadlines for other concurrent elections, such as cities, local school boards, and community college boards of trustees. The earlier filing deadline would have simplified the election process and allowed more time for county election officers to prepare ballots for the April general election. The Kansas County Clerks and Election Officials Association and the Kansas State University Research and Extension supported the bill.

House Bill 2080 was amended on the floor of the House of Representatives, where the original language of the bill was removed and two other bills. House Bill 2126 and Senate Bill 130, were added. We supported both of these bills in the House, and we offer our support once again.

Original House Bill 2126 Sections 1 through 28 of House Bill 2080 This bill would move the elections for local nonpartisan offices currently held in the spring of odd-numbered years to coincide with the elections held in the fall of evennumbered years. The Secretary of State supports this move because it would result in a dramatic increase in turnout for local elections. We also anticipate some modest cost savings for local units of government. However, we wish to raise some questions about the bill as detailed on the attached page. If the committee decides to work this bill, we recommend consideration of our questions and possible amendments to the bill.

Original Senate Bill 130 Section 29 of House Bill 2080 This bill was proposed by the Secretary of State to alter the special candidate filing deadlines in years in which the Legislature draws new district lines.

Ethics and Elections Committee

Web site: www.sos.ks.gov E-mail: kssos@sos.ks.gov

Attachment Date 3-17-11

Fax: (785) 296-4570

Business Services: (785) 296-4564

Under current law, if the Legislature completes the redistricting process on or before June 10, the candidate filing deadline is on June 24 instead of the normal date of June 10. If redistricting is completed on or after June 11, the filing deadline is July 12.

Senate Bill 130 proposes to move the filing deadline to June 10 in the first instance and to June 18 in the second instance. The reason for this proposal is to allow county election officers time to comply with federal laws requiring ballots to be distributed to military and overseas voters beginning the 45th day before the election.

Consider the following dates in 2012, which is the next redistricting year:

General election

Primary election

Ballot distribution deadline

Earliest candidate filing deadline (current)

Earliest candidate filing deadline (proposed)

Latest candidate filing deadline (current)

Latest candidate filing deadline (proposed)

Latest candidate filing deadline (proposed)

Monday, June 11

Thursday, July 12

Latest candidate filing deadline (proposed)

Monday, June 18

Note: In 2012, the June 10 deadline is moved to June 11 and the June 24 deadline is moved to June 25 because the dates land on Sundays.

Under both redistricting scenarios, the candidate filing deadlines are after the deadline to begin mailing ballots. This puts the county election offices automatically out of compliance with the federal Uniformed and Overseas Citizens Absentee Voting Act (UOCAVA) and the Military and Overseas Voter Empowerment (MOVE) Act. The U. S. Department of Justice has enforcement authority over federal voting laws, and the state of Kansas faces a federal lawsuit if we do not comply. As election officers, we feel we must propose a solution to allow us to comply with federal law.

The deadlines proposed in Senate Bill 130 are June 10 and June 18. These deadlines will allow time for potential candidates to make their decisions about whether to file for office, and they will allow more time to prepare and distribute military and overseas ballots.

Possible amendment to Senate Bill 130

This bill was proposed separately from Senate Bill 125, which was proposed by the Kansas County Clerks and Election Officials Association to move the candidate filing deadline from June 10 to June 1. If the committee wishes to amend Senate Bill 130 to agree with Senate Bill 125, it could amend SB 130 on page 35, line 14, by striking "10" and inserting "1".

We ask the committee to consider our support for House Bill 2080 and to consider the questions we have raised. Thank you.

Questions on House Bill 2126 (Sections 1-28 of House Bill 2080)

1. New Section 1, page 2, lines 2-6

Does this require a primary election in local nonpartisan jurisdictions that currently do not have primaries? (extension councils, irrigation districts, water districts, and drainage districts)

The sponsors of HB 2126 in the House of Representatives specified that the intent was not to require primaries in jurisdictions that have not had them in the past. We recommend insertion of language in New Section 1 (c) to clarify that local jurisdictions are not required to have primaries; that the specific laws governing elections in those jurisdictions should remain in place.

2. New Section 1, page 2, lines 2-6

This language specifying the conditions that trigger primaries in local jurisdictions does not agree with legislation passed in 2008 setting conditions for primaries in school districts (K.S.A. 25-2021), cities (K.S.A. 25-2108a and Section 19 of House Bill 2080) and community colleges (K.S.A. 71-1415). We recommend resolving these contradictions by deleting all of lines 3 through 6 on page 2 and replacing it with the following: "there are more than three candidates for each position. The names of the two candidates receiving the greatest number of votes for any position at the primary election shall appear on the ballot at the general election. If there are three or fewer qualified candidates for any member position there shall not be a primary election and the names of the candidates shall be placed on the ballots in the general election."

After passage of the 2008 law, it was discovered that the new law contained some contradictory and confusion language, which prompted introduction of Senate Bill 127 this year. The Senate passed Senate Bill 127 on February 23 as a Substitute Bill, and we recommend that language be used.

- 3. Section 5, page 6, lines 32-34 and page 7, line 1, regarding extension councils Do these references to April general elections needs to be deleted if elections will now be held in November of even-numbered years?
- 4. Section 5, page 6, line 39 and page 7, line 1, regarding extension councils This sets the candidate filing deadline ten weeks preceding the general election. This appears to conflict with New Section 1, page 2, lines 7-9, which set the filing deadline in June.
- 5. Section 7, page 10, line 4, regarding water districts
 This section states that there are no primary elections in water districts. This appears to contradict New Section 1 (a) on page 1 and (e) on page 2. Is it the intent of the bill to impose primary elections on jurisdictions that have traditionally not had them?
 We recommend adoption of our proposal in Item 1 above, which will resolve this issue.
- 6. Section 16, page 18, line 30, regarding school boards
 A June 15 publication of notice of the school board election is after the June candidate filing deadline. One purpose of the publication is to inform potential candidates of the

opportunity to run for office. We suggest moving this publication deadline earlier, such as "not less than April 1."

One suggestion would be to combine (e) with (b), then schedule the publications in (b) and (d) to be done before June.

7. Section 23, page 22, lines 5-7, regarding the close of voter registration before elections.

Subsection (5) may be unnecessary because it has the same meaning as subsection (3) on lines 1-2.

8. Section 26, page 27, lines 27-28, regarding irrigation districts Should this reference to the primary election be deleted? Irrigation districts have not held primaries in the past.

We recommend adoption of our proposal in Item 1 above, which will resolve this issue.

9. Section 26, page 28, lines 6-7, regarding irrigation districts
This section sets a candidate filing deadline 30 days before the election. This appears to contradict New Section 1 which sets the filing deadline in June, in accordance with K.S.A. 25-205.

State of Kansas House of Representatives



COMMITTEE ASSIGNMENTS

CHAIRMAN: LOCAL GOVERNMENT
VICE-CHAIRMAN: EDUCATION
MEMBER: FEDERAL AND STATE

HAIRMAN: EDUCATION

MEMBER: FEDERAL AND STATE AFFAIRS

LEGISLATIVE EDUCATION

PLANNING COMMITTEE (LEPC)

JOINT COMMITTEE ON RULES AND

REGULATIONS

JOINT COMMITTEE ON PENSIONS,

INVESTMENTS AND BENEFITS

JOINT COMMITTEE ON SPECIAL CLAIMS

AGAINST THE STATE

March 17, 2011

STEVE HUEBERT

REPRESENTATIVE, 90TH DISTRICT

619 N. BIRCH

VALLEY CENTER, KS 67147

(316) 755-1943

OFFICE: 121-W STATEHOUSE

TOPEKA, KANSAS 66612

(785) 296-1754

(800) 432-3924 TTY (785) 296-8430

Senate Committee on Ethics and Elections

The Honorable Terrie Huntington, Chair The Honorable Vicki Schmidt, Vice-Chair The Honorable Oletha Faust-Goudeau, Ranking Minority Member

RE: HB 2080

House Bill 2080 is an improved version of HB 2654, which I introduced last year as chairman of the House Committee on Elections.

To summarize, Kansas is experiencing challenges in both our economy and our state budget, which we have not seen in generations. Therefore, it is crucial that we look at everything we do as a state government to make sure we are streamlining all actions among state, county and local governments.

One area in which to find cost savings is to have any election process scheduled in either August or November to coincide with our state and federal elections.

There are several benefits to the proposed changes in HB 2080:

- State and local governments could save money by not requiring polls to be open as often or on as many dates during the year.
- Voter turnout would be increased for these elections; many of these critical elections are often
 decided by only a few voters, and an extremely small percentage of the electorate participate in the
 election process.

In conclusion, HB 2080 should save money and increase participation as we work together to improve our great state.

Representative Steve Huebert District 90

House of Representatives

Ethics and Elections Committee
Attachment 7
Date 3-17-11



300 SW 8TH AVENUE, ST TOPEKA, KS 66603-3951 P: (785) 354-9565 F: (785) 354-4186 WWW.LKM.ORG

To: Senate Ethics and Elections Committee

From: Don Moler, Executive Director

Date: March 17, 2011

Re: Opposition to HB 2080

Thank you for the opportunity to offer comments on behalf of the League of Kansas Municipalities (LKM) and our member cities. LKM opposes the portion of HB 2080 that was inserted as an amendment on the House floor. This amendment would move all city elections to the Fall. Our membership strongly opposes this change for the following reasons:

- City Elections are Non-Partisan. City elections in Kansas are non-partisan in nature. Moving city elections to coincide with other partisan primaries and general elections would be inappropriate and confusing for the public.
- Coverage of City Elections. City officials have expressed great concern about the lack of coverage for city elections should they be moved to August and November. Local candidates and elections would be lost in the myriad of statewide and federal elections that are conducted at the same time.

While tying local elections to the state and federal elections may increase the total number of individuals who vote in city elections, it would likely diminish the information available about city elections and candidates.

For these reasons, we respectfully request that you do not forward HB 2080 for passage as written. I would be happy to stand for questions at the appropriate time.

> Ethics and Elections Committee Attachment Date

Testimony: IN OPPOSITION TO SB 2080

John Bradford, 125 Rock Creek Loop, Lansing, KS 66043 (913) 683-0871, JBradford@kc.rr.com

Good Morning/Afternoon. I am John Bradford. I am the Republican Party Chairman for Leavenworth County and I stand in opposition to the basic proposal in this bill to move the April (Off- Cycle Elections) to the November election cycle. The rationale for my position is that this action does not and will not solve the identified problems.

The problems, as I understand them to be, and the end result that the proponents of the bill hope to achieve are as follow:

- Voter Turn-out is very low in the off-cycle elections.
- Conservative candidates do not file to run for elected office in the off-cycle elections due to the low voter turn-out where they feel Republicans will not turn out to vote in sufficient numbers to ensure their electability. Because of this assumption on their part, these individuals are willing to concede the off-cycle elections to the Democrat Party, thereby conceding most school board and city commission/council seats to the Democrat Party.
- Many supporters of SB-2080 have stated that if we can just move the date of the elections to the date when more prominent and well known offices are up for election, that the increased voter turn-out will ensure better electability for the Republican candidates. As a County Chairman, I have discussed this issue with several people including my County Election Officers and I totally disagree with this assumption. With the exception of the Presidential election in 2008, voter turn-out by Party has not notably increased by significant percentages unless a massive voter drive, such as was conducted in 2010, and it was also an election the opposition party had nothing to gain by huge expenditures in trying to turn out their voters. The State and National momentum of voter frustration with the current administration in power played largely in deciding the 2010 election results.
- Supporters will also point to cost savings (which are undetermined) as a result of changing election dates. Again, as I will discuss, this is a myth and could actually end up costing more.

Ethics a	nd Ele	ection	s Cor	nmittee	
Attachn	nent_	9			
Date	3-	-17-	-1.(

I will now discuss each of my above points and explain why I hold the position that I do:

- Low Voter Turn-Out. Voter turnout is a direct responsibility of the Political Party.

 Each county within the State of Kansas has an organized party structure. If the turn-out in their county is very good, or if it is very bad, it is a direct reflection upon the political party (be it Republican or Democrat). Who else's fault could it be?
- Candidates not filing for office for fear of not winning based on perceived voter turnout. This is an absurd argument. Again, if this is perceived to be a valid assumption, then it goes back to the political party within the county. It is the responsibility of the party leadership to find good candidates and to encourage them to seek office. Once a candidate files for office, the party leadership has a responsibility to assist these candidates in obtaining the training, financial assistance, and grass roots support to help them in the conduct of their campaigns.

Effects of Changing the Election Dates.

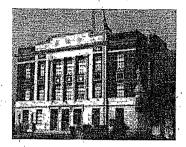
- Size of the Ballot.
 - The 2008 Ballot was approximately 5-6 screen pages on the voting machines. The 2009 ballot was roughly 4-5 pages. Combine these two and we get a 10 page ballot for the combined elections. How many voters will vote the entire ballot? Many now do not complete the entire ballot.
 - Which candidates will be on the bottom of the ballot and thus not receive any votes?)
 - How much additional time will be required for a person to vote the entire ballot?
 - Many voters will not stand in line for the long periods of time while others wade their way trying to vote the 10 plus page ballot.
 - The Leavenworth County ballot for an off-year election cycle consists of approximately 42 separate and distinct ballots due to the fact that school board boundaries cross over county lines and ballots must be coordinated in the case of Leavenworth with 4 additional counties, and the same for the 4 affected counties. Add the normal November election cycle on top of this and you have a logistical nightmare for the county election workers.

- Additional voting Machines will be required.
 - The additional time required to vote the ballot will necessitate the purchase of additional machines.
 - Additional machines will require additional election workers to be trained and to be paid for their efforts.
 - Additional workers and additional machines will require addition space requirements and may force relocation of voting sites into larger facilities and or combining sites, thus imposing more constraints and hardship upon the voter.
 - Thus, where is the cost savings that we intended to achieve?
- Campaign Yard Signs.
 - Yard sign clutter is bad enough in a normal election year. Combine the two with double the candidates and yard sign clutter becomes a nuisance.
 - O Within the Johnson County, Home Owners Associations (HOAs), yard signs are limited to three (3) signs per residence any guess as to which candidates will not get yard signs displayed? This may be applicable to other cities around the state as well.
- Political Forums / Debates.
 - With major candidates vying for advertising, air-time, public ventures to get their message out, who would be interested in the bottom rung candidates?
 - Forums/Debates would only feature the top rung candidates (National and State level) based strictly on availability of time.
 - All Candidates from National down to City and School Boards will be competing for the same pot of campaign funds from the electorate. Once again, the bottom rung candidates will be the ones left out.

After a couple of elections cycles under this concept, City Governments and School Boards will be clamoring to once again return to the system where-in they received a fair shake.

BOTTOM LINE IS:

- The System is not broke. Some politicians may be upset that their political structure is not performing up to expectations; however there is no reason to attempt to fix what is not broken.
- What is broken is the basic political party operation at the local level not the timing of the Election Cycle.



BOURBON COUNTY CLERK JOANNE LONG

Courthouse 210 S. National Fort Scott, Kansas 66701-1304 (620) 223-3800

March 17, 2011

To: Senate Elections Committee

Re: Oral Testimony on House Bill 2080

From: Joanne Long, Bourbon County Clerk/Election Official and Kansas County Clerks' and Election Officials' Association Secretary

Honorable Chair and Members of the Committee:

Thank you for the opportunity to present testimony today in opposition of House Bill 2080. The Kansas County Clerks' and Election Officials' Association no longer supports it in its current form.

If you move Spring City/School Elections to the fall of even numbered years, you will be increasing the information that goes onto the ballot, along with the number of ballot styles required, to accommodate for the different cities, school, hospital, drainage and extension districts. I have examples of a November 2010 ballot and an April 2011 ballot. With the number of races, constitutional and special questions, in addition to the city/school candidates/issues, you will be increasing the ballot length to more than one page per voter, which will increase the possibility of errors.

Also, current law only allows a voter 10 minutes in the voting booth. With the additional races/questions added to the ballot, it will be nearly impossible for a voter to vote his ballot in the allotted time. This will make lines longer and will cause frustration and will result in voters giving up before they reach the end of the ballot, where the city/school races will be relegated. Therefore, I don't believe it will increase voter turn-out, as predicted. Also, in Presidential years, the local races will be lost in the shuffle, as many people only vote for Presidential Electors.

I also believe there will be no cost savings, as the ballot styles will not be reduced. In fact, if there is a Primary, there will need to be three ballot styles: Democratic, Republican and Non-Affiliated, for those Libertarian and Reform voters who wish to vote on the City/School Primary information, who, otherwise would not be voting in Partisan Primaries.

Therefore, I and the Kansas County Clerks' and Election Officials' Association urge you to vote against House Bill 2080.

Sincerely,

Joanne Long
Bourbon County Clerk/Election Official & KCC&EOA Secretary

Attachment 10

Date 3-17-11

OFFICIAL BALLOT

GENERAL ELECTION

Server and in the server					
		BOURBON COUNTY	В	STATE OF KANSAS	NOVEMBER 2, 2010
		INSTRUCTIONS TO VOTER 1. To vote you must darken the		•	
11	<i>304</i>	oval () completely.			STATE
能够		2. Use black ink only.		STATE	MEMBER, STATE BOARD OF
		NOTICE			EDUCATION, DIST 9
		If you tear, deface or make a mistake and wrongfully mark any	GO	VERNOR/LIEUTENANT	Vote for One
77.74 77.74	•	ballot, you must return it to the		GOVERNOR Vote for One Pair	Data de E. Na. 15 de Diffebruss
		election board and receive a new ballot.			Robert E. Medford Pittsburg
10		To yete for nergons for governor		Sam Brownback	Jana Shaver Independence
	-	To vote for persons for governor and lieutenant governor whose		Topeka Jeff Colyer	Republican
21	12.00	names are printed on the ballot, darken the oval to the left of the		Republican Overland Park	
		pair of names. To vote for		Kenneth (Ken) W. Cannon	COUNTY
		persons for governor and lieutenant governor whose names		Andover Daniel (Dan) J. Faubion	
		are not printed on the ballot, write		Reform Overland Park	COUNTY COMMISSION District 1
888		the names of such persons in the blank space provided and darken		Andrew P. Gray	Vote for One
(200)		the oval to the left.		Topeka	
推		To vote for a person (except		Stacey Davis Libertarian Alburn	Allen Warren
e de la companya de l	, .	governor and lieutenant governor)		Tom Holland	
	/	whose name is printed on the ballot, darken the oval to the left of		Baldwin Gity	Clint Walker Democratic
418		the person's name. To vote for a		Kelly Kultala Democratic Kansas City	
e de la companya de La companya de la companya de l		person whose name is not printed on the ballot, write the person's			TOWNSHIP
		name in the blank space provided and darken the oval to the left.			
额		and dancer the ovar to the lot.	SE	CRETARY OF STATE	TOWNSHIP CLERK
40	stren.	NATIONAL		Vote for One Chris Biggs	√ Marion ✓ Vote for One
40	at the			Democratic Junction City	
41		US SENATE		Kris Kobach Republican Piper	Dan Ramsey
42	1/12:14	Vote for One Joseph (Joe) K. Bellis		Derek Langseth	publican
. 42	Alexander 1	Reform		Reform	<u> </u>
		Michael Wm. Dann Libertarian	0	Phillip Horatio Lucas	To vote for a Justice of the
WE		Lisa Johnston			Supreme Court, Judge of the Court of Appeals, District Court
		Democratic	· ·		Judge or Magistrate Judge being
45	Salar.	Jerry Moran Republican	Ä	TTORNEY GENERAL Vote for One	retained in office, darken the oval to the left of the word "Yes." To
				Dennis Hawver Ozawkie	vote against a Justice of the
			=	to.	Supreme Court, Judge of the Court of Appeals, District Court
		US REPRESENTATIVE 2ND DISTRICT		Derek Schmidt Independence	Judge or Magistrate Judge being retained in office, darken the oval
¥9.		Vote for One		Steve Six Lawrence	1
				Democratic	
		Robert Garrard			STATE JUDICIAL
		Cheryl Hudspeth		STATE TREASURER	Shall CAROL A. BEIER, Topeka,
	•	Democratic		Vote for One	Position No. 1, Kansas Supreme
		C Lynn Jenkins Republican		Ron Estes Wichita Republican	Court, be retained in office?
				Dennis McKinney Greensburg	
	· ·			Sallosadas	
54	W.				O NO
	•		СОММ	SSIONER OF INSURANCE	Shall DAN BILES, Shawnee,
Grafi				Vote før One Sandy Praeger Lawrence	Position No. 2, Kansas Supreme Court, be retained in office?
				Sandy Praeger Lawrence Republican	
				·	YES
14.85.	•			STATE HOUSE OF	O NO
78/4		_activi002000ma.	RE	PRESENTATIVES 4TH	140
				Vote for One	Shall LAWTON R. NUSS, Salina,
indege.	•			Milit	Position No. 3, Kansas Supreme Court, be retained in office?
S. P. S.		VOTE BOTH		Shirley J. Palmer Fort Scott	
		SIDES OF		Caryn Tyson Parker	○ YES
		BALLOT		•	O NO
		The state of the s			- 140
		A Superior Marketing Control of State Co			
		A W. Marion	В	Typ:01 Seq:0012 Spl:01	C

5 BOURBON COUNTY	E STATE OF KANSAS	F NOVEMBER 2, 2010
Shall MARLA J. LUCKERT, Topeka, Position No. 5, Kansas Supreme Court, be retained in office? YES	JUDICIAL RETENTION Shall AMY L. HARTH, Paola, District Judge, District 6, Division 1, be retained in office?	are dangerous to liberty, and shall not be tolerated, and the military shall be in strict subordination to the civil power.
○ NO		○ YES
STATE JUDICIAL	O NO	○ NO
Shall STEPHEN D. HILL, Topeka, Position 1, Kansas Court of Appeals, be retained in office?	Shall RICHARD M. SMITH, Mound City, District Judge, District 6, Division 2, be retained in office?	Constitutional Amendment Question No. 2 Vote Yes or No
○ YES	○ YES	Explanatory statement. This amendment would repeal the authorition of the legislature to
O NO	O NO	exclude persons with mental illness from voting.
Shall PATRICK D. McANANY, Topeka, Position No. 4, Kansas Court of Appeals, be retained in office? YES	Shall REBECCA R. STEPHAN, Fort Scott, District Magistrate Judge, District 6, be retained in office?	A vote for this amendment would ensure that the right to vote for persons with mental illness cannot be taken away by the legislature.
O NO	YES	A vote against this amendment would continue the current authority of the legislature to take
Shall NANCY L. CAPLINGER, Topeka, Position No. 6, Kansas Court of Appeals, be retained in	To vote in favor of any question	away the right to vote for persons with mental illness.
office? YES	submitted upon this ballot, darken the oval to the left of the word "Yes"; to vote against it, darken the	Shall the following be adopted? § 2. Disqualification to vote. The legisature may, by law,
O NO	oval to the left of the word "No".	Phe legisature may, by law, exculde persons from voting because of mental illness or
Shall HENRY W. GREEN JR., Leavenworth, Position No. 7, Kansas Court of Appeals, be retained in office? YES	QUESTION SUBMITTED Constitutional Amendment Question No. 1 Vote Yes or No Explanatory statement. The	commitment to a jail or penal institution. No person convicted of a felony under the laws of any state or of the United States, unless pardoned or restored to his civil rights, shall be qualified to vote.
Shall TOM MAL ONE Wishits	purpose of this amendment is to preserve constitutionally the right of a person to keep and bear	O VEC
Shall TOM MALONE, Wichita, Position No. 11, Kansas Court of Appeals, be retained in office?	arms for the defense of self, family home and state, and for all other lawful purposes, including hunting and recreation.	
O YES	A vote for this amendment would constitutionally preserve the right	
Shall MICHAEL B. BUSER, Overland Park, Position No. 12, Kansas Court of Appeals, be retained in office? YES	of a person to keep and bear arms for the defense of self, family, home and state, and for lawful hunting and recreational use, and for any other lawful purpose.	
NO	A vote against this amendment would provide for no consitutional right of a person to keep and bear	
Shall MELISSA TAYLOR STANDRIDGE, Overland Park, Position No.13, Kansas Court of Appeals, be retained in office? YES	arms for the defense of self, family, home and state, and for lawful hunting and recreational use, and for any other lawful purpose. Shall the following be adopted?	
O NO	§ 4. Individual right to bear arms; armies. The people have the right to bear arms for their defense and security. A person has the right to keep and bear arms for the defense of self, family, home and state, for lawful hunting and recreational use, and for any other lawful purpose; but standing armies, in time of peace,	VOTE BOTH SIDES OF BALLOT

序录

OFFICIAL BALLOT

GENERAL ELECTION

	20		Ā	BOURBON COUNTY	В	STATE OF KANSAS	С	APRIL 7, 2009	刂
•		٠	IN:	STRUCTIONS TO					2020
建	11	180	1. To \	VOTER vote you must darken the		SCHOOL DISTRICT		FSCC	
李峰			oval (• 2. Use) completely. black ink only.	SCH	IOOL BOARD MEMBER POSITION 4	B	OARD OF TRUSTEES · Vote for Three or Fewer	
鄉灣			lf you t	NOTICE ear, deface or make a		USD 235 Vote for One			
標準			mistake any ba	e and wrongfully mark llot, you must return it to ction board and receive a	0	Doug Coyan	0	Myrtle Anne Colum	
李章			new ba	allot.	0		0	James L. Fewins	
	21	19 P	To vote name i	e for a person whose s printed on the ballot,	SCF	IOOL BOARD MEMBER POSITION 5	0	C. Eric Ammons	
部隊	22		l name d	the oval to the left of the of the person for whom sire to vote. To vote for a		USD 235 Vote for One	0		
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激號		•		CITY		POSITION 6 USD 235 Vote for One			
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STUART J. LITTLE, Ph.D. Little Government Relations, LLC

Senate Ethics and Elections Committee Testimony on House Bill 2080

March 17, 2011

Chairwoman Huntington and Members of the Committee,

I am Stuart Little, lobbyist for the Shawnee Mission School District, located in Johnson County. I appear today in support of House Bill 2015. Shawnee Mission is the state's third largest school district with 27,827 students enrolled in 2010-11. I am appearing in opposition to the provision of House Bill 2080 concerning moving school board elections.

Our main concern is that moving school board elections to the fall ballot means those important decisions effectively will be lost in the shuffle of all the candidates for other offices. It is very important to note that school boards are not partisan, so they do not fit the November mold of races. We do not want partisanship to be a part of the make-up of school board elections. Our fiscal year-end is June 30 and new board members are seated as of July 1. If school board elections were held in the fall, newly elected board members would have to wait over six months to take their position on the board. The 3-month gap between the April election and taking their seat on the board is just about the right amount of time to digest the reams of information that comes their way as a new board member. The April election process needs to be retained for non-partisan races.

We would urge you to remove the movement of school board elections to the fall election cycle.

I would be happy to stand for questions at the appropriate time.

800 SW JACKSON, SUITE 914 · TOPEKA, KANSAS 666	
OFFICE 785.235.8187 • MOBILE 785.845.7265 • FAX 785.41 Ethics and Elections Commi	ttee
Attachment	

Donald P. Pyle PO Box 249 111 E. Forest St. Girard, Kansas 66743



620-724-6115 Fax 620-724-6007 www.crawfordcountykansas.com countyclerk@ckt.net

Office of the Crawford County Clerk

March 16, 2011

Honorable Kansas State Senator Terrie Huntington Chairman, Senate Ethics and Elections Committee and Distinguished Members of the Committee

Re: House Bill Number 2080, Changing Candidate Filing Deadline for Extension Districts

Chairman Huntington and Distinguished Committee Members,

In my capacity as Crawford County Election Officer, I do not support House Bill Number 2080. This bill will move the non-partisan elections for City and School Districts from April of odd numbered years to coincide with the partisan elections of state and federal candidates in August and November of even numbered years. I feel that this move will cause the elections in even numbered years to be very confusing and difficult to manage.

By having all of these elections at the same time, we will create an election that will include non-partisan primaries with primaries for partisan races. Primary elections already have as many as 20 different ballot styles at one polling place and this could now be increased to 30 ballot styles. Our offices will spend much more for ballots and printing in even numbered years than we do now. This change will create significant problems in staffing as we prepare for elections in even-numbered years that will require more manpower than we currently use and we will then have no elections at all in odd numbered years. The cost savings will be minimal at best and with the length of ballots for the general elections, I am sure many voters will not vote on many of the races. I believe that the legislature would produce much more meaningful election reform if they work with election officials on these issues.

The Kansas County Clerks and Election Officials work hard to make sure that Kansas Elections are administered in a professional manner. This bill will cause some severe problems in the administration of elections and I urge you to not support it. Thank you for your time and we very much appreciate your support in this matter.

Sincerely,

Donald P. Pyle

Crawford County Clerk and Election Officer

countyclerk@ckt.net

Ethics and Elections Committee
Attachment _______

Date 3-17-11

WaterOne

Water District No. 1 of Johnson County

To: Chair, Senator Terrie Huntington

Members of the Senate Ethics and Elections Committee

From: Darci Meese, Government Affairs Coordinator

Water District No. 1 Johnson County (WaterOne)

Date: March 17, 2011

RE: Testimony in Opposition to Amendments to House Bill 2080

On behalf of WaterOne, I am submitting testimony in opposition to the amendment to House Bill 2080 intended to eliminate spring municipal elections. My comments are in opposition to the amendment to 2080 only. WaterOne has no position on the original language of HB 2080.

The amendment to 2080 added the language of House Bill 2126, despite the fact that 2126 failed in House Elections after hearings. As it relates to WaterOne, the amendment proposes to modify K.S.A. 19-3505 and K.S.A. 19-3507, which deal with the election of board members. WaterOne is currently the only water utility in the State of Kansas that these statutory provisions impact. Under present law, the 7 member governing body of WaterOne is elected in April of odd numbered years with staggered 4 year terms running from May through April 30. The proposed statute will change the term to December 1 through November 30 and elections will be held on the Tuesday after the first Monday in November, in evenly numbered years.

The amendment to 2080 has been touted as being a "simple" cost savings measure, however the Bill in front of you and the fiscal note do not support that contention. The Bill is not simple—it is a comprehensive overhaul of how important local issues and candidates are voted upon by the public. There are errors in the drafting of the Bill and questions left un-answered on how the mechanics of the Bill will work. The fiscal note does not support a significant cost savings to the State and points out the additional cost that will be incurred in adding local issues to the already crowded November ballot.

We would urge the Committee to remove the amendment to 2080 that would eliminate spring elections. In this case, we believe quality not quantity is the key. Voters in April, though fewer, are likely going to be more informed about local candidates and topics than the masses voting in a November Presidential election. Important local issues deserve that focused attention.

Darci Meese, Government Affairs Coordinator Water District No. 1 of Johnson County, Kansas 913-895-5516 direct 913-579-9817 cell dmeese@waterone.org

Ethics and Elections Committee Attachment \3

Date 3 - 17 - 11

ALLEN COUNTY COURTHOUSE

Sherrie L. Riebel COUNTY CLERK 1 N. Washington Iola, KS 66749

620-365-1407 Fax: 365-1441

Email:coclerk@allencounty.org

March 17, 2011

To:

Ethics and Elections Committee

Re:

Testimony on House Bill 2080

From: Sherrie L. Riebel, Allen County Clerk/Election Official

and Kansas County Clerks & Election Officials Election Committee Chair

Honorable Chair and Members of the Committee:

Thank you for the opportunity to testify on House Bill 2080. Kansas County Clerks and Election Officials. Association no longer supports this legislation. The intent of the original bill was a simple request to move the deadline for extension district filings to the same as City/School candidate so that Election Officials would not have to wait to work on ballot programming if they do not have a Spring Primary. Since the House has taken that request totally out of the bill, we do not support House Bill 2080 unless the original intent is added back in.

Extension Districts are a growing item due to funding. More and more county extension offices are merging their services to save monies and utilize their agents to be more specialized. This is causing more and more City/School Elections to have extension district candidates on the ballot as well.

Currently the extension district candidates have until the day before a primary election date to file for extension board. However, if the County does not have a primary election we have to wait to finalize our General Election ballot. This causes time problems with programming and printing when you have 105 counties wanting programming and printing done so that the ballots can be mailed out in a timely manner. Example: In 2009 we had primary election day Tuesday, March 3, 2009; the canvass was on Friday, March 5, 2009. Advanced voting for the Tuesday, April 6, 2009 General Election started on Wednesday, March 17, 2009. This leaves one week and two days for our ballots to be programmed and printed to go into the mail on the 17th or available if people come into our office to vote. My point is, the City/School Elections are so tightly scheduled that if the Election Officials are fortunate not to have a Primary Election, they could get their General Election ballots done as long as they don't have to wait on an Extension District filing date. This would have allowed the Election Officials that have Primary Elections to get their programming and ballots in a timely manner because the ones without primaries would be finished and out of their way.

KCC&EOA urge the committee to recognize that we do not support House Bill 2080. Thank you for your consideration.

Sincerely, Sherrie L. Riebel Allen County Clerk/Election Official & KCC&EOA Election Committee Chair

> Ethics and Elections Committee Attachment 14 Date 3-17-11

Senate Ethics and Election Committee

Testimony regarding HB 2080

Testimony of Laura McConwell, Mayor, City of Mission, Kansas

HB 2080 under consideration would require that municipal elections be moved from the current Spring (February / April) cycle to the Fall (August / November) cycle. While there is certainly merit in considering such a change, I believe that this issue is too important to rush into law. The financial issues that face us at all levels of government require us to rethink how we manage and pay for government. I can't help but think that this has played a hand in the consideration and house vote on HB 2080. But, will we recognize real savings? What's the "price" of that savings?

I see four fundamental problems that I would like to share with you.

First, under current Kansas State law local budgets have to be certified to County Clerk's Office by August 25, 2011. This would put our budgets, the single most important policy process that we attend to, right in the middle of an election. If you take a step back, what would the State of Kansas budget process look like if it went to a calendar year basis (which is what local governments follow) with General Elections held in November. I am guessing this would be a very difficult and almost impossible process to manage. Please don't make our budget processes anymore difficult than they already are.

Second, by holding our elections separate of the State and Federal elections our issues and the issues of the community get the sole attention of the voters. I truly believe it is the local issues that most affect our citizens' lives, and we should do everything we can to allow the light to shine on our local issues.

Third, I have a concern that an already lengthy ballot in the November general elections will only get longer if you add on a whole new set of local candidates. The unfortunate result would likely be long lines in the presidential election years, longer time in processing the ballots, increases disgruntlement among the electorate, and a further decay in peoples' willingness to vote. I don't think that is what we want.

Fourth, we've prided ourselves in Kansas as being the state that helped give birth to professional local government based on non-partisan elections. It would be impossible to untangle partisanship from the November ballots. This would likely lead to a decay in the Kansass Approach to local governance which says, "parties aren't important, ideas are."

I believe that before HB 2080 receives final action there needs to be very thorough and

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rigorous debate that includes all local levels of government. Elections and their role in building responsive local governance is too important to rush to an answer. Thank you for your time and consideration of my testimony.



1420 SW Arrowhead Road • Topeka, Kansas 66604-4024 785-273-3600

Testimony before the Senate Ethics and Elections Committee on Testimony on HB 2080

by
Jim Edwards, Assistant Executive Director - Operations
Kansas Association of School Boards

March 17, 2011

Madam Chair, Members of the Committee,

Thank you for the opportunity to speak to you today on behalf of the Kansas Association of School Boards. I appear today as a neutral conferee on the base bill **HB 2080** which would change the candidate filing deadline for extension districts. I do appear as an opponent to the language that was added on the House floor to move the elections for local government and school boards from the Spring to the Fall. We would suggest that a simple amendment to strike this language from the bill and allow it to return to its original state would be appropriate.

KASB's position on this issue focuses on three main points:

- 1. Our membership believes school board elections should remain non-partisan in nature.
- 2. Local elections should be the focal point of the election cycle and not be afterthoughts.
- 3. Ballots can become too lengthy during general elections.

We therefore oppose the language added on the House floor to HB 2080, which would change the existing time for electing local officials.

Thank you for your consideration and I would stand for questions.

Ethics and Elections Committee
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WYANDOTTE COUNTY ELECTION OFFICE

Bruce L. Newby, Election Commissioner Frances D. Sheppard, Assistant Election Commissioner

SENATE STANDING COMMITTEE ON ETHICS AND ELECTIONS

Testimony on House Bill 2080

Thursday, March 17, 2011

Thank you for the opportunity to offer written testimony concerning House Bill No. 2080.

This bill will fundamentally change the manner in which elections are conducted in Kansas. While this bill could be perceived as a simplification of elections, with all elections for all offices, partisan and nonpartisan, being conducted at the same time, such a concept will create some interesting and potentially overwhelming challenges for conducting elections.

From an election official perspective, further reducing the frequency of elections from a minimum of two annually to just two elections, a primary and a general election, in even-numbered years could have a deleterious effect on maintaining the organizing and management skills of the core staff which conducts elections. National/state elections possess their own unique complexities because of the role played by the political parties and candidate party affiliations. Local elections, which are nonpartisan, possess a whole different set of complexities with candidates filling for office locally, and the addition of jurisdiction races which include the Unified Government of Wyandotte County and Kansas City, Kansas, the cities of Bonner Springs and Edwardsville, a community college, four school districts, the Board of Public Utilities, Delaware Township, and three drainage districts. Combining elections creates a monstrous set of competing and conflicting priorities. It has the potential of turning nonpartisan elections into de facto partisan elections. The lead time necessary to adequately prepare for a consolidated election is potentially doubled. Rather than saving resources, greater resources may be necessary to ensure that all the disparate elements of such a comprehensive election can be adequately addressed.

From an election worker perspective, elections are generally considered successful because election workers do a good job. By having elections conducted twice annually, one primary and one general, we can successfully recruit and train a pool of election workers who possess sufficient familiarity with requirements that elections can be well run. However, creating a gap of two years between elections creates the challenge of recruiting election workers, of training election workers, and assigning election workers in sufficient number and with sufficient skills to successfully conduct any election. Recruiting, retention and training

Wyandotte County Election Office 850 State Avenue Kansa Attachment \
Phone: 913-573-8500 Fax: 913-573-8580 E-mail: election@wycokck.org Web: Date 3-\7-\/

Wyandotte County Election Office Written Testimony House Bill 2080

are already a great challenge with nearly 15 months passing between the last odd-year Spring General election and the next even-year Primary election. But the experience gained in conducting four separate and distinct elections more thoroughly establishes the nucleus of well-qualified election workers necessary for consistently successful elections. A gap of a full two years between major elections makes it that much more difficult to successfully recruit, train, and retain sufficient numbers of well-qualified election workers.

From the candidate's perspective, the consolidation of elections throws partisan and non-partisan races together onto the same ballot or set of ballots. That will most certainly cause voter confusion. There will be voters who will insist that the party affiliation be shown for all candidates or, alternatively, for none of the candidates. In a hotly-contested national race, especially during Presidential election years, the campaigns of candidates for local office could become almost invisible. The competition for media coverage, already high and very expensive, could make it impossible for local candidates to gain any media coverage thus leaving the voter feeling overwhelmed by all of the choices with no way to gain the critical information the voter needs to make an informed choice.

From the voter's perspective, placing all candidates for all offices on the same ballot or set of ballots may be problematic. We already have substantial instances where voters vote one race, and one race only, in Presidential election years. On the other hand, a conscientious voter who is determined to make wise choices between the candidates for every office could be easily overwhelmed by the length and complexity of a ballot which could actually be, and will be in this county, several pages long. Voting a ballot could easily become a voting booth deliberation lasting several minutes. Voting places lack the capacity for handling large numbers of voters who may have already waited in line for a long time, but now must use several minutes to work their way through voting a multi-page ballot. Realistically, many voters may be tempted to vote the first page of the ballot and skip the rest. So, while actual voter turnout may be higher, the level of real voter participation in all races on the ballot could remain the same or even suffer.

I respectfully request that the legislature consider all of these concerns in their deliberations over House Bill No. 2080. I welcome any questions you may have of me.

Bruce Newby

Wyandotte County Election Commissioner

850 State Avenue

Kansas City, KS 66101