CHAPTER 95

SENATE BILL No. 112 (Amended by Chapter 186)

AN ACT concerning materialman's liens; relating to determining priority of claims against property under construction; amending K.S.A. 60-1101, 60-1106 and 60-1110 and K.S.A. 2004 Supp. 60-1103b and repealing the existing sections.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

Section 1. K.S.A. 60-1101 is hereby amended to read as follows: 60-1101. Any person furnishing labor, equipment, material, or supplies used or consumed for the improvement of real property, under a contract with the owner or with the trustee, agent or spouse of the owner, shall have a lien upon the property for the labor, equipment, material or supplies furnished at the site of the property subject to the lien, and for the cost of transporting the same. The lien shall be preferred to all other liens or encumbrances which are subsequent to the commencement of the furnishing of such labor, equipment, material or supplies by such claimant at the site of the property subject to the lien. When two or more such contracts are entered into applicable to the same improvement, the liens of all claimants shall be similarly preferred to the date of the earliest unsatisfied lien of any of them. If an earlier unsatisfied lien is paid in full or otherwise discharged, the commencement date for all claimants shall be the date of the next earliest unsatisfied lien.

- Sec. 2. K.S.A. 2004 Supp. 60-1103b is hereby amended to read as follows: 60-1103b. (a) As used in this section, "new residential property" means a new structure which is constructed for use as a residence and which is not used or intended for use as a residence for more than two families or for commercial purposes. "New residential property" does not include any improvement of a preexisting structure or construction of any addition, garage or outbuilding appurtenant to a preexisting structure.
- (b) A lien for the furnishing of labor, equipment, materials or supplies for the construction of new residential property may be claimed pursuant to K.S.A. 60-1101 or 60-1103, and amendments thereto, after the passage of title to such new residential property to a good faith purchaser for value only if the claimant has filed a notice of intent to perform prior to the recording of the deed effecting passage of title to such new residential property. Such notice shall be filed in the office of the clerk of the district court of the county where the property is located.
- (c) The notice of intent to perform and release thereof provided for in this section, to be effective, shall contain substantially the following statement, whichever is applicable:

NOTICE OF INTENT TO PERFORM

(name of supplier, subcontractor or contractor)	
(address of supplier, subcontractor or contractor) do hereby give public notice that I am a supplier, subcontractor person providing materials or labor on property owned by	
and having the legal description as follows:	me of property owner)
RELEASE OF NOTICE OF INTENT TO PERF NO AND WAIVER OF LIEN	ORM
(name of supplier, subcontractor or contractor)	
(address of supplier, subcontractor or contractor) do hereby acknowledge that I filed notice of intent to perform no. — owned by	covering property
(name of property owner) and having the legal description as follows:	
In consideration of the sum of \$, the receipt knowledged, I hereby direct the clerk of the district court of to release the subject notice of intent to perform and do hereby we statutory right to a lien for the furnishing of labor, equipment, materiabove-described real estate under the statutes of the state of Kansas (d) When any claimant who has filed a notice of has been paid in full or otherwise discharged, such	, Kansas aive and relinquish any erials or supplies to the s." intent to perform

required to file in the office in which the notice of intent to perform was filed, and to pay any requisite filing fee, a release of such notice and waiver of lien which shall be executed by the claimant, shall identify the property as set forth in the notice of intent to perform, and state that it is the

intention of the claimant to waive or relinquish any statutory right to a lien for the furnishing of labor or material to the property. Upon such filing, the notice of intent to perform previously filed by such claimant shall be of no further force or effect, and such claimant's right to a lien under K.S.A. 60-1101 and 60-1103, and amendments thereto, shall be extinguished.

- (e) Any owner of the real estate upon which a notice of intent to perform has been filed, or any owner's heirs or assigns, or anyone acting for such owner, heirs or assigns, and after payment in full to the claimant, may make demand upon the claimant filing the notice of intent to perform, for the filing of a release of the notice and waiver of lien as provided for in subsection (d), unless the same has expired by virtue of the provisions set forth in subsection (f).
- (f) Notwithstanding the requirements of subsections (d) and (e), a notice of intent to perform shall be of no further force or effect after the expiration of 18 months from the date of filing the same, unless within such time the claimant has filed a lien pursuant to K.S.A. 60-1101 and 60-1103, and amendments thereto.
- Sec. 3. K.S.A. 60-1106 is hereby amended to read as follows: 60-1106. In such actions all persons whose liens are filed as herein provided, and other encumbrancers of record, except those encumbrancers whose lien has priority over the claim of the plaintiff, shall be made parties, and issues shall be made and trials had as in other cases. Where such an action is brought by a subcontractor, or person other than the original contractor, such original contractor shall be made a party defendant, and shall at his or her own expense defend against the claim of every subcontractor, or other person claiming a lien under this article, and if he or she fails to make such defense the owner may make the same at the expense of such contractor; and until all such claims, costs and expenses are finally adjudicated, and defeated or satisfied, the owner shall be entitled to retain from the contractor the amount thereof, and such costs and expenses as he or she may be required to pay. If the sheriff of the county in which such action is pending shall make return that he or she is unable to find such original contractor, the court may proceed to adjudicate the liens upon the land and render judgment to enforce the same with costs.
- Sec. 4. K.S.A. 60-1110 is hereby amended to read as follows: 60-1110. The contractor or owner may execute a bond to the state of Kansas for the use of all persons in whose favor liens might accrue by virtue of this act, conditioned for the payment of all claims which might be the basis of liens in a sum not less than the contract price, with or to any person claiming a lien which is disputed by the owner or contractor, conditioned for the payment of such claim in the amount thereof. Any such bond shall have good and sufficient sureties, to be approved by a judge of the district court and filed with the clerk of the district court. When bond is approved and filed, no lien for the labor, equipment, material or supplies under contract, or claim described or referred to in the bond shall attach under this act, and if when such bond is filed liens have already been filed, such liens are discharged. Suit may be brought on such bond by any person interested but no such suit shall name as defendant any person who is neither a principal or surety on such bond, nor contractually liable for the payment of the claim.
- Sec. 5. K.S.A. 60-1101, 60-1106 and 60-1110 and K.S.A. 2004 Supp. 60-1103b are hereby repealed.
- Sec. 6. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its publication in the statute book.

Approved April 8, 2005.