

Session of 2025

**SENATE BILL No. 63**

By Committee on Public Health and Welfare

1-22

AN ACT concerning children and minors; relating to healthcare of minors; enacting the help not harm act; prohibiting healthcare providers from treating a child whose gender identity is inconsistent with the child's sex; authorizing a civil cause of action against healthcare providers for providing such treatments; restricting use of state funds to promote gender transitioning; prohibiting professional liability insurance from covering damages for healthcare providers that provide gender transition treatment to children; requiring professional discipline against a healthcare provider who performs such treatments; adding violation of the act to the definition of unprofessional conduct for physicians; amending K.S.A. 65-2837 and repealing the existing section.

*Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:*

New Section 1. (a) The provisions of sections 1 through 6, and amendments thereto, shall be known and may be cited as the help not harm act.

(b) As used in this act:

(1) "Child" means an individual less than 18 years of age.

(2) "Female" means an individual who is a member of the female sex.

(3) "Gender" means the psychological, behavioral, social and cultural aspects of being male or female.

(4) "Gender dysphoria" is the diagnosis of gender dysphoria in the fifth edition of the diagnostic and statistical manual of mental disorders.

(5) "Healthcare provider" means an individual who is licensed, certified or otherwise authorized by the laws of this state to administer healthcare services in the ordinary course of the practice of such individual's profession.

(6) "Male" means an individual who is a member of the male sex.

(7) "Perceived sex" is an individual's internal sense of such individual's sex.

(8) "Perceived gender" is an individual's internal sense of such individual's gender.

(9) "Sex" means the biological indication of male and female in the context of reproductive potential or capacity, including sex chromosomes, naturally occurring sex hormones, gonads and nonambiguous internal and

1 external genitalia present at birth, without regard to an individual's  
2 psychological, chosen or subjective experience of gender.

3 (10) "Social transitioning" means acts other than medical or surgical  
4 interventions that are undertaken for the purpose of presenting as a  
5 member of the opposite sex, including the changing of an individual's  
6 preferred pronouns or manner of dress.

7 New Sec. 2. (a) A recipient of state funds shall not use such funds to  
8 provide or subsidize medication or surgery as provided in section 3, and  
9 amendments thereto, as a treatment for a child's perception of gender or  
10 sex that is inconsistent with such child's sex.

11 (b) An individual or entity that receives state funds to pay for or  
12 subsidize the treatment of children for psychological conditions, including  
13 gender dysphoria, shall not prescribe, dispense or administer medication or  
14 perform surgery as provided in section 3, and amendments thereto, or  
15 provide a referral to another healthcare provider for such medication or  
16 surgery for a child whose perceived gender or perceived sex is inconsistent  
17 with such child's sex.

18 (c) The Kansas program of medical assistance and its managed care  
19 organizations shall not reimburse or provide coverage for medication or  
20 surgery as provided in section 3, and amendments thereto, as a treatment  
21 for a child whose perceived gender or perceived sex is inconsistent with  
22 such child's sex.

23 (d) Except to the extent required by the first amendment to the United  
24 States constitution, a state property, facility or building shall not be used to  
25 promote or advocate the use of social transitioning, medication or surgery  
26 as provided in section 3, and amendments thereto, as a treatment for a  
27 child whose perceived gender or perceived sex is inconsistent with such  
28 child's sex.

29 (e) A state property, facility or building shall not be used to prescribe,  
30 dispense or administer medication or perform surgery as provided in  
31 section 3, and amendments thereto, as a treatment for a child whose  
32 perceived gender or perceived sex is inconsistent with such child's sex.

33 (f) A state employee whose official duties include the care of children  
34 shall not, while engaged in those official duties, promote the use of social  
35 transitioning or provide or promote medication or surgery as provided in  
36 section 3, and amendments thereto, as a treatment for a child whose  
37 perceived gender or perceived sex is inconsistent with such child's sex.

38 New Sec. 3. (a) Except as provided in subsection (c) or (d), a  
39 healthcare provider shall not knowingly perform the following surgical  
40 procedures or prescribe, dispense or administer the following medications  
41 to a female child for the purpose of treatment for distress arising from such  
42 female child's perception that such child's gender or sex is not female:

43 (1) Surgical procedures, including, but not limited to, a vaginectomy,

1 hysterectomy, oophorectomy, ovariectomy, reconstruction of the urethra,  
2 metoidioplasty, phalloplasty, scrotoplasty, implantation of erection or  
3 testicular prostheses, subcutaneous mastectomy, voice surgery, liposuction,  
4 lipofilling or pectoral implants;

5 (2) supraphysiologic doses of testosterone or other androgens; or

6 (3) puberty blockers such as GnRH agonists or other synthetic drugs  
7 that suppress the production of estrogen and progesterone to delay or  
8 suppress pubertal development in female children.

9 (b) Except as provided in subsection (c) or (d), a healthcare provider  
10 shall not knowingly perform the following surgical procedures or  
11 prescribe, dispense or administer the following medications to a male child  
12 for the purpose of treatment for distress arising from such male child's  
13 perception that such child's gender or sex is not male:

14 (1) Surgical procedures, including, but not limited to, a penectomy,  
15 orchiectomy, vaginoplasty, clitoroplasty, vulvoplasty, augmentation  
16 mammoplasty, facial feminization surgery, liposuction, lipofilling, voice  
17 surgery, thyroid cartilage reduction or gluteal augmentation;

18 (2) supraphysiologic doses of estrogen; or

19 (3) puberty blockers such as GnRH agonists or other synthetic drugs  
20 that suppress the production of testosterone or delay or suppress pubertal  
21 development in male children.

22 (c) The treatments prohibited by subsections (a) and (b) shall not  
23 apply to treatment provided for other purposes, including:

24 (1) Treatment for individuals born with a medically verifiable  
25 disorder of sex development, including:

26 (A) An individual born with external biological sex characteristics  
27 that are irresolvably ambiguous, including an individual born with 46 XX  
28 chromosomes with virilization, 46 XY chromosomes with under  
29 virilization or having both ovarian and testicular tissue; or

30 (B) an individual whom a physician has otherwise diagnosed with a  
31 disorder of sexual development that the physician has determined through  
32 genetic or biochemical testing that such individual does not have normal  
33 sex chromosome structure, sex steroid hormone production or sex steroid  
34 hormone action for a male or female; and

35 (2) treatment of any infection, injury, disease or disorder that has  
36 been caused or exacerbated by the performance of a procedure listed in  
37 subsections (a) or (b).

38 (d) If a healthcare provider has initiated a course of treatment for a  
39 child that includes prescribing, administering or dispensing of a drug  
40 prohibited by subsection (a)(2), (a)(3), (b)(2) or (b)(3) prior to the effective  
41 date of this act, the healthcare provider may continue such course of  
42 treatment if the healthcare provider:

43 (1) Develops a plan to systematically reduce the child's use of such

1 drug;

2 (2) determines and documents in the child's medical record that  
3 immediately terminating the child's use of such drug would cause harm to  
4 the child; and

5 (3) such course of treatment shall not extend beyond December 31,  
6 2025.

7 New Sec. 4. (a) If a healthcare provider violates the provisions of  
8 section 3, and amendments thereto:

9 (1) The healthcare provider has engaged in unprofessional conduct  
10 and, notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, the license of  
11 such healthcare provider shall be revoked by the appropriate licensing  
12 entity or disciplinary review board with competent jurisdiction in this  
13 state.

14 (b) A healthcare provider who provides treatment to a child in  
15 violation of section 3(a) or (b), and amendments thereto, shall be held  
16 strictly liable to such child if the treatment or effects of such treatment  
17 results in any physical, psychological, emotional or physiological harms to  
18 such child in the next 10 years from the date that the individual turns 18  
19 years of age.

20 (c) The parents of a child who has experienced violation of section  
21 3(a) or (b), and amendments thereto, shall have a private cause of action  
22 against a healthcare provider for damages and equitable relief as the court  
23 may determine is justified. A prevailing party may recover the costs of the  
24 suit and reasonable attorney fees.

25 (d) (1) An individual who was provided treatment as a child in  
26 violation of section 3(a) or (b), and amendments thereto, shall have a  
27 private cause of action against the healthcare provider who provided such  
28 treatment for actual damages, punitive damages, injunctive relief, the cost  
29 of the suit and reasonable attorney fees.

30 (2) An action against a healthcare provider pursuant to this subsection  
31 shall be filed within 10 years from the date that the individual turns 18  
32 years of age.

33 New Sec. 5. A professional liability insurance policy issued to a  
34 healthcare provider shall not include coverage for damages assessed  
35 against the healthcare provider who provides treatment to a child in  
36 violation of section 3(a) or (b), and amendments thereto.

37 ~~New Sec. 6. If any provision or clause of this act or application~~  
38 ~~thereof to any person or circumstance is held invalid, such invalidity shall~~  
39 ~~not affect other provisions or applications of this act that can be given~~  
40 ~~effect without the invalid provision or application, and to this end the~~  
41 ~~provisions of this act are declared to be severable.~~

42 Sec. 7. K.S.A. 65-2837 is hereby amended to read as follows: 65-  
43 2837. As used in K.S.A. 65-2836, and amendments thereto, and in this

<i>Striking all of section 6 and renumbering sections accordingly.</i>
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1 section:

2 (a) "Professional incompetency" means:

3 (1) One or more instances involving failure to adhere to the  
4 applicable standard of care to a degree that constitutes gross negligence, as  
5 determined by the board.

6 (2) Repeated instances involving failure to adhere to the applicable  
7 standard of care to a degree that constitutes ordinary negligence, as  
8 determined by the board.

9 (3) A pattern of practice or other behavior that demonstrates a  
10 manifest incapacity or incompetence to practice the healing arts.

11 (b) "Unprofessional conduct" means:

12 (1) Solicitation of professional patronage through the use of  
13 fraudulent or false advertisements, or profiting by the acts of those  
14 representing themselves to be agents of the licensee.

15 (2) Representing to a patient that a manifestly incurable disease,  
16 condition or injury can be permanently cured.

17 (3) Assisting in the care or treatment of a patient without the consent  
18 of the patient, the attending physician or the patient's legal representatives.

19 (4) The use of any letters, words or terms as an affix, on stationery, in  
20 advertisements or otherwise indicating that such person is entitled to  
21 practice a branch of the healing arts for which such person is not licensed.

22 (5) Performing, procuring or aiding and abetting in the performance  
23 or procurement of a criminal abortion.

24 (6) Willful betrayal of confidential information.

25 (7) Advertising professional superiority or the performance of  
26 professional services in a superior manner.

27 (8) Advertising to guarantee any professional service or to perform  
28 any operation painlessly.

29 (9) Participating in any action as a staff member of a medical care  
30 facility that is designed to exclude or that results in the exclusion of any  
31 person licensed to practice medicine and surgery from the medical staff of  
32 a nonprofit medical care facility licensed in this state because of the  
33 branch of the healing arts practiced by such person or without just cause.

34 (10) Failure to effectuate the declaration of a qualified patient as  
35 provided in K.S.A. 65-28,107(a), and amendments thereto.

36 (11) Prescribing, ordering, dispensing, administering, selling,  
37 supplying or giving any amphetamines or sympathomimetic amines,  
38 except as authorized by K.S.A. 65-2837a, and amendments thereto.

39 (12) Conduct likely to deceive, defraud or harm the public.

40 (13) Making a false or misleading statement regarding the licensee's  
41 skill or the efficacy or value of the drug, treatment or remedy prescribed  
42 by the licensee or at the licensee's direction in the treatment of any disease  
43 or other condition of the body or mind.

1 (14) Aiding or abetting the practice of the healing arts by an  
2 unlicensed, incompetent or impaired person.

3 (15) Allowing another person or organization to use the licensee's  
4 license to practice the healing arts.

5 (16) Commission of any act of sexual abuse, misconduct or other  
6 improper sexual contact that exploits the licensee-patient relationship with  
7 a patient or a person responsible for ~~health care~~ *healthcare* decisions  
8 concerning such patient.

9 (17) The use of any false, fraudulent or deceptive statement in any  
10 document connected with the practice of the healing arts including the  
11 intentional falsifying or fraudulent altering of a patient or medical care  
12 facility record.

13 (18) Obtaining any fee by fraud, deceit or misrepresentation.

14 (19) Directly or indirectly giving or receiving any fee, commission,  
15 rebate or other compensation for professional services not actually and  
16 personally rendered, other than through the legal functioning of lawful  
17 professional partnerships, corporations, limited liability companies or  
18 associations.

19 (20) Failure to transfer patient records to another licensee when  
20 requested to do so by the subject patient or by such patient's legally  
21 designated representative.

22 (21) Performing unnecessary tests, examinations or services that have  
23 no legitimate medical purpose.

24 (22) Charging an excessive fee for services rendered.

25 (23) Prescribing, dispensing, administering or distributing a  
26 prescription drug or substance, including a controlled substance, in an  
27 improper or inappropriate manner, or for other than a valid medical  
28 purpose, or not in the course of the licensee's professional practice.

29 (24) Repeated failure to practice healing arts with that level of care,  
30 skill and treatment that is recognized by a reasonably prudent similar  
31 practitioner as being acceptable under similar conditions and  
32 circumstances.

33 (25) Failure to keep written medical records that accurately describe  
34 the services rendered to the patient, including patient histories, pertinent  
35 findings, examination results and test results.

36 (26) Delegating professional responsibilities to a person when the  
37 licensee knows or has reason to know that such person is not qualified by  
38 training, experience or licensure to perform them.

39 (27) Using experimental forms of therapy without proper informed  
40 patient consent, without conforming to generally accepted criteria or  
41 standard protocols, without keeping detailed legible records or without  
42 having periodic analysis of the study and results reviewed by a committee  
43 or peers.

1 (28) Prescribing, dispensing, administering or distributing an anabolic  
2 steroid or human growth hormone for other than a valid medical purpose.  
3 Bodybuilding, muscle enhancement or increasing muscle bulk or strength  
4 through the use of an anabolic steroid or human growth hormone by a  
5 person who is in good health is not a valid medical purpose.

6 (29) Referring a patient to a ~~health-care~~ *healthcare* entity for services  
7 if the licensee has a significant investment interest in the ~~health-care~~  
8 *healthcare* entity, unless the licensee informs the patient in writing of such  
9 significant investment interest and that the patient may obtain such  
10 services elsewhere.

11 (30) Failing to properly supervise, direct or delegate acts that  
12 constitute the healing arts to persons who perform professional services  
13 pursuant to such licensee's direction, supervision, order, referral,  
14 delegation or practice protocols.

15 (31) Violating K.S.A. 65-6703, and amendments thereto.

16 (32) *Violating the help not harm act, sections 1 through 6, and*  
17 *amendments thereto.*

18 (33) Charging, billing or otherwise soliciting payment from any  
19 patient, patient's representative or insurer for anatomic pathology services,  
20 if such services are not personally rendered by the licensee or under such  
21 licensee's direct supervision. As used in this subsection, "anatomic  
22 pathology services" means the gross or microscopic examination of  
23 histologic processing of human organ tissue or the examination of human  
24 cells from fluids, aspirates, washings, brushings or smears, including blood  
25 banking services, and subcellular or molecular pathology services,  
26 performed by or under the supervision of a person licensed to practice  
27 medicine and surgery or a clinical laboratory. Nothing in this subsection  
28 shall be construed to prohibit billing for anatomic pathology services by:

29 (A) A hospital;

30 (B) a clinical laboratory when samples are transferred between  
31 clinical laboratories for the provision of anatomic pathology services; or

32 (C) a physician providing services to a patient pursuant to a medical  
33 retainer agreement in compliance with K.S.A. 65-4978, and amendments  
34 thereto, when the bill to the patient for such services:

35 (i) Identifies the laboratory or physician that performed the services;

36 (ii) discloses in writing to the patient the actual amount charged by  
37 the physician or laboratory that performed the service; and

38 (iii) is consistent with rules and regulations adopted by the board for  
39 appropriate billing standards applicable to such services when furnished  
40 under these agreements.

41 ~~(33)~~(34) Engaging in conduct that violates patient trust and exploits  
42 the licensee-patient relationship for personal gain.

43 ~~(34)~~(35) Obstructing a board investigation including, but not limited



1 to, engaging in one or more of the following acts:

2 (A) Falsifying or concealing a material fact;

3 (B) knowingly making or causing to be made any false or misleading  
4 statement or writing; or

5 (C) other acts or conduct likely to deceive or defraud the board.

6 (c) "False advertisement" means any advertisement that is false,  
7 misleading or deceptive in a material respect. In determining whether any  
8 advertisement is misleading, there shall be taken into account not only  
9 representations made or suggested by statement, word, design, device,  
10 sound or any combination thereof, but also the extent to which the  
11 advertisement fails to reveal facts material in the light of such  
12 representations made.

13 (d) "Advertisement" means all representations disseminated in any  
14 manner or by any means for the purpose of inducing, or that are likely to  
15 induce, directly or indirectly, the purchase of professional services.

16 (e) "Licensee" for purposes of this section and K.S.A. 65-2836, and  
17 amendments thereto, means all persons issued a license, permit or special  
18 permit pursuant to article 28 of chapter 65 of the Kansas Statutes  
19 Annotated, and amendments thereto.

20 (f) "License" for purposes of this section and K.S.A. 65-2836, and  
21 amendments thereto, means any license, permit or special permit granted  
22 under article 28 of chapter 65 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and  
23 amendments thereto.

24 (g) "~~Health-care~~Healthcare entity" means any corporation, firm,  
25 partnership or other business entity that provides services for diagnosis or  
26 treatment of human health conditions and that is owned separately from a  
27 referring licensee's principle practice.

28 (h) "Significant investment interest" means ownership of at least 10%  
29 of the value of the firm, partnership or other business entity that owns or  
30 leases the ~~health-care~~ healthcare entity, or ownership of at least 10% of the  
31 shares of stock of the corporation that owns or leases the ~~health-care~~  
32 healthcare entity.

33 Sec. 8. K.S.A. 65-2837 is hereby repealed.

34 Sec. 9. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its  
35 publication in the statute book.