

February 4, 2026

The Honorable Susan Estes, Chairperson
House Committee on Education
300 SW 10th Avenue, Room 218-N
Topeka, Kansas 66612

Dear Representative Estes:

SUBJECT: Fiscal Note for HB 2489 by Representative Proctor, et al.

In accordance with KSA 75-3715a, the following fiscal note concerning HB 2489 is respectfully submitted to your committee.

HB 2489 would require the State Board of Education to develop guidance for school districts for age-appropriate instruction on the prevention of the abuse and addiction to fentanyl and other opioids. Each local school district would be required to develop fentanyl abuse programs based on the guidance received from the State Board of Education. Each school district could work in cooperation with public or private third-party organizations or law enforcement agencies to develop the programs.

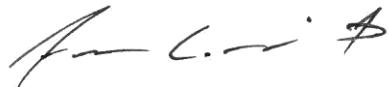
The bill would also require each school district to maintain a stock supply of naloxone. The bill would require each school district to establish policies and procedures for the use of naloxone. Finally, the bill would allow the Attorney General to award grants to school districts for the purchase of stock supplies of naloxone.

The enactment of HB 2489 would have no fiscal effect on the Department of Education. The Office of the Attorney General indicates the enactment of the bill would require the agency to hire 0.50 FTE Administrative Specialist at a cost of \$31,807 from the State General Fund in FY 2027, including salary and fringe benefits, to process grant applications and administer awards. For FY 2028, the cost is estimated to be \$32,761, all from the State General Fund. The Office indicates that the number of grants that may be awarded as a result of the enactment of the bill cannot be estimated; however, these grants would be subject to the availability of funds in the agency's Kansas Fights Addiction Fund. The Department of Education states the enactment of the bill would have no fiscal effect on state aid to school districts from the agency, or the agency's

operations. Any fiscal effect associated with HB 2489 is not reflected in *The FY 2027 Governor's Budget Report*.

The Kansas Association of School Boards indicates the enactment of the bill would increase costs for school districts for both the creation of education programs on fentanyl, as well as the requirement to maintain a supply of naloxone. The Association notes that while the bill does allow the Attorney General to award grant funding to schools, it does not specify the grants would be sufficient to cover the cost of the naloxone supply. Any cost not covered by the grants would be borne by local school districts.

Sincerely,



Adam C. Proffitt
Director of the Budget

cc: Gabrielle Hull, Department of Education
Matt Bingesser, Office of the Attorney General
Angie Stallbaumer, Kansas Association of School Boards