

February 10, 2026

The Honorable Kellie Warren, Chairperson
Senate Committee on Judiciary
300 SW 10th Avenue, Room 346-S
Topeka, Kansas 66612

Dear Senator Warren:

SUBJECT: Fiscal Note for SB 487 by Senate Committee on Judiciary

In accordance with KSA 75-3715a, the following fiscal note concerning SB 487 is respectfully submitted to your committee.

SB 487 would require the Kansas Bureau of Investigation (KBI) to provide a statewide offender registration system for law enforcement agencies to use when registering offenders under the Kansas Offender Registration Act. The KBI would be responsible for administering, purchasing, and maintaining the system. The system would be used to maintain compliance with the Act and ensure real-time delivery of offender relocation notifications. The KBI, in consultation with the Kansas Sheriffs' Association, would provide each law enforcement agency and any state agency required to register offenders with access to the new system. Law enforcement agencies would submit registration data collected, as required by law, to the new system in a manner approved by the Director of the KBI. Offenders required to register would submit payment of the technology fee to the sheriff's office at the time of registration. The amount of the fee would be set by rules and regulations adopted by the Director but would not exceed \$10.00. These fees would be deposited into the Offender Registration Technology Fund that is created by the bill and would be administered by the KBI. The fund would be used for developing and maintaining the new system.

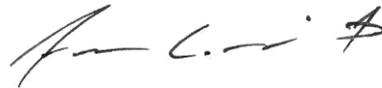
The KBI states that it would require approximately \$1.4 million in FY 2027, \$721,857 in FY 2028, and \$734,989 in FY 2029 from either the Offender Registration Technology Fund or the State General Fund to procure, maintain, and administer a new statewide offender registration system. The agency currently has the Kansas Offender Registration Tool, but after reviewing the needs of Kansas sheriffs the KBI would procure a new cloud-based Software-as-a-Solution (SaaS). The procurement of a SaaS could be accomplished through either the revenues of the new fee fund

or through a State General Fund appropriation. If the new fund revenues were used, then the procurement process would not occur until FY 2028 or FY 2029 because it would take time to collect enough revenue for the project. The procurement process could start in FY 2028 if State General Funds were used. The KBI also states that there are approximately 24,700 registered offenders and because the bill creates a \$10 fee for offenders, the KBI estimates it could receive \$988,000 annually. However, the agency does recognize that there are many offenders that are not complaint with the law and therefore the exact amount of revenue is unknown.

The Department of Health and Environment, the Department for Aging and Disability Services, and the Department of Corrections all state that the bill would not have a fiscal effect. Any fiscal effect associated with SB 487 is not reflected in *The FY 2027 Governor's Budget Report*.

The Kansas Association of Counties states that counties would have administrative costs to learn, implement, and utilize the new system. However, the Association cannot estimate a fiscal effect. The League of Kansas Municipalities states that the bill would have a negligible effect on cities. The bill would require cities and law enforcement officers to develop and implement new procedures related to registering offenders. The League cannot estimate a precise fiscal effect.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Adam C. Proffitt", followed by a stylized flourish.

Adam C. Proffitt
Director of the Budget

cc: Paul Weisgerber, Kansas Bureau of Investigation
Wendi Stark, League of Kansas Municipalities
Jay Hall, Kansas Association of Counties