4906, 38-2243, 38-2260 and 38-2312 and repealing the existing sections; also repealing K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-6614a, 21-6614b, 21-

AN ACT concerning crimes, punishment and criminal procedure; relating

By Committee on Federal and State Affairs

HOUSE BILL No. 2779

to human trafficking; human trafficking advisory board; establishing

relations; amending K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-6419, 21-6420, 21-6421, 21relations; promoting the sale of sexual relations; buying sexua commercial sexual exploitation of a child; relating to selling sexua the human trafficking victim assistance fund; creating the crime o

21-6626, 21-6627, 21-6815, 22-2515, 22-3717, 22-4902, 22-

6614c, 22-4902a, 22-4906a, 38-2312a and 38-2312b

appropriate state agencies, is authorized to coordinate training regarding Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas: human trafficking for law enforcement agencies throughout Kansas. New Section 1. The attorney general, in consultation with other

advisory board for the state of Kansas. attorney general is hereby designated the official human trafficking New Sec. 2. The human trafficking advisory board established by the

exploitation of a child. All expenditures from such fund shall be made in accordance with appropriation acts, upon warrants of the director of general or the attorney general's designee. accounts and reports issued pursuant to vouchers approved by the attorney services for victims of human trafficking and commercial sexual amendments thereto, and to support secure care, treatment and other human trafficking victim assistance fund. All moneys credited to such fund shall be used to pay for the training required by section 1, and There is hereby established in the state treasury the

knowingly: New Sec. 4. (a) Commercial sexual exploitation of a child is

agreemg to receive anything of value to perform any of the following acts: (1) Giving, receiving, offering or agreeing to give, or offering or

intercourse, sodomy or manual or other bodily contact stimulation of the of the offender or another; or genitals of any person with the intent to arouse or gratify the sexual desires obtaining any person younger than 18 years of age to engage in sexual (A) Procuring, recruiting, inducing, soliciting, hiring or otherwise

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House Corrections & Juvenile Justice Committee

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Attachment #

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witnesses. Such restraining order shall be served by personal service pursuant to subsection (a) of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 38-2237, and amendments thereto, on any alleged perpetrator to whom the order is directed.

(i) (1) The court shall not enter the initial order removing a child from

- (i) (1) The court shall not enter the initial order removing a child from the custody of a parent pursuant to this section unless the court first finds probable cause that: (A)(i) the child is likely to sustain harm if not immediately removed from the home;
- (ii) allowing the child to remain in home is contrary to the welfare of the child; or
- (iii) immediate placement of the child is in the best interest of the child; and
- (B) reasonable efforts have been made to maintain the family unit and prevent the unnecessary removal of the child from the child's home or that an emergency exists which threatens the safety to the child.
- (2) Such findings shall be included in any order entered by the court. If the child is placed in the custody of the secretary, upon making the order the court shall provide the secretary with a written copy.
 (i) If the court enters an order of temporary custody that provides for placement of the child with a percent other than the parent the court chall
- placement of the child with a person other than the parent, the court shall make a child support determination pursuant to K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 38-2277, and amendments thereto.
- Sec. 17. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 38-2260 is hereby amended to read as follows: 38-2260. (a) *Valid court order orders. (1)* During proceedings under this code, the court may enter an order directing a child who is the subject of the proceedings to remain in a present or future placement if:
- (+) (A) The child and the child's guardian ad litem are present in cour when the order is entered;
- (2) (B) the court finds that the child has been adjudicated a child in need of care pursuant to subsections (d)(6), (d)(7), (d)(8), (d)(9), (d)(10) or (d)(12) of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 38-2202, and amendments thereto, and that the child is not likely to be available within the jurisdiction of the court for future proceedings;
- (3) (C) the child and the guardian ad litem receive oral and written notice of the consequences of violation of the order; and
- (4) (D) a copy of the written notice is filed in the official case file.
- (2) (A) When a child is placed in protective custody pursuant to an exparte order entered under K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 38-2242, and amendments thereto, the court may directly-place the child with a secure facility-youth-residential-facility or juvenile detention facility if the court finds that there is probable cause to believe the child: (i) Has been subjected to human trafficking or aggravated human trafficking as defined by K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5426, and amendments thereto, or commercial sexual exploitation of a child as defined by section 4, and amendments thereto, or

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authorize placement

sexual relations; and (ii) has a history of running as described in subsection (d)(9) of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 38-2202, and amendments thereto, placement. Such placement is limited until a valid temporary court order or is not likely to remain in a foster home or similarly restrictive violation of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-6419, and amendments thereto, selling committed an act which, if committed by an adult, would constitute c oursuant to this section is entered.

or is not likely to remain in a foster home or similarly restrictive subsection (d)(9) of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 38-2202, and amendments thereto, sexual relations; and (ii) has a history of running as described in exploitation of a child as defined by section 4, and amendments thereto, or order pursuant to this section is entered placement. Such placement is limited until a valid dispositional court committed an act which, if committed by an adult, would constitute a Supp. 21-5426, träfficking or aggravated human trafficking as defined by K.S.A. 2011 violation of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-6419, and amendments thereto, selling is probable cause to believe the child: (i) Has been subjected to hunan residential-facility or juvenile detention facility if the court finds that there thereto, the court may directly-place the child with a secure facility-youth subsection (f)(4) or (f)(5) of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 38-2243, and amendments (B) When a temporary custody hearing has been held pursuant to and amendments thereto, or commercial sexual

authorize placement

court is entering dispositional orders pursuant to K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 38pursuant to K.S.A. 2011 Supp. $38 ext{-}2251$, and amendments thereto, and the 2255, and amendments thereto, the court may directly-place the child with When a child has been adjudicated a child in need of care

authorize placement

similarly restrictive placement. and amendments thereto, or is not likely to remain in a foster home or running as described in subsection (d)(9) of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 38-2202 amendments thereto, selling sexual relations; and (ii) has a history of adult, would constitute a violation of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-6419, and trafficking as defined by K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5426, and amendments a secure facility-youth-residential facility or juvenile detention facility if child: (i) Has been subjected to human trafficking or aggravated human the court finds that there is clear and convincing evidence to believe the 4, and amendments thereto, or committed an act which, if committed by an thereto, or commercial sexual exploitation of a child as defined by section

provision of chapter 38 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto. Notwithstanding-any-other-provision-of-law,-an necessity, the court may extend the period of detention for additional increments of 30 days, not to exceed 180 days, notwithstanding any other under this subsection shall not exceed 90 days. Upon a finding oj Except as provided further, the length of such secure placemen

placement authorization

adjudication of the child-as-a-child-in-need-of-care-is-not-required.

(b) Application. Any person may file a verified application for determination that a child has violated an order entered pursuant to subsection (a) and for an order authorizing holding the child in a secure facility or juvenile detention facility. The application shall state the applicant's belief that the child has violated the order entered pursuant to subsection (a) without good cause and the specific facts supporting the allegation.

(c) Ex parte order: After reviewing the application filed pursuant to subsection (b), the court may enter an ex parte order directing that the child be taken into custody and held in a secure facility or juvenile detention facility designated by the court, if the court finds probable cause that the child violated the court's order to remain in placement without good cause. Pursuant to K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 38-2237, and amendments thereto, the order shall be served on the child's parents, the child's legal custodian and the child's guardian ad litem.

(d) Preliminary hearing. Within 24 hours following a child's being taken into custody pursuant to an order issued under subsection (c), the court shall hold a preliminary hearing to determine whether the child admits or denies the allegations of the application and, if the child denies the allegations, to determine whether probable cause exists to support the allegations.

(1) Notice of the time and place of the preliminary hearing shall be given orally or in writing to the child's parents, the child's legal custodian and the child's guardian *ad litem*.

(2) At the hearing, the child shall have the right to a guardian *ac litem* and shall be served with a copy of the application.

(3) If the child admits the allegations or enters a no contest statement and if the court finds that the admission or no contest statement is knowledgeable and voluntary, the court shall proceed without delay to the placement hearing pursuant to subsection (f).

(4) If the child denies the allegations, the court shall determine whether probable cause exists to hold the child in a secure facility or juvenile detention facility pending an evidentiary hearing pursuant to subsection (e). After hearing the evidence, if the court finds that: (A) There is probable cause to believe that the child has violated an order entered pursuant to subsection (a) without good cause; and (B) placement in a secure facility or juvenile detention facility is necessary for the protection of the child or to assure the presence of the child at the evidentiary hearing pursuant to subsection (e), the court may order the child held in a secure facility or juvenile detention facility pending the evidentiary hearing.

(e) Evidentiary hearing. The court shall hold an evidentiary hearing on an application within 72 hours of the child's being taken into custody.

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Notice of the time and place of the hearing shall be given orally or in writing to the child's parents, the child's legal custodian and the child's guardian *ad litem*. At the evidentiary hearing, the court shall determine by a clear and convincing evidence whether the child has:

- Violated a court order entered pursuant to subsection (a) without good cause;
- (2) been provided at the hearing with the rights enumerated in subsection (d)(2); and
- (3) been informed of:
- (A) The nature and consequences of the proceeding
- (B) the right to confront and cross-examine witnesses and present evidence;
- (C) the right to have a transcript or recording of the proceedings; and
 (D) the right to page 1
- (D) the right to appeal.
- 15 (f) Placement. (1) If the child admits violating the order entered pursuant to subsection (a) or if, after an evidentiary hearing, the court finds that the child has violated such an order, the court shall immediately proceed to a placement hearing. The court may enter an order awarding custody of the child to:
- (A) A parent or other legal custodian;
- (B) a person other than a parent or other person having custody, who shall not be required to be licensed under article 5 of chapter 65 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto;
- (C) a youth residential facility; or
- (D) the secretary, if the secretary does not already have legal custody of the child.
- (2) The court may authorize the custodian to place the child in a secure facility or juvenile detention facility, if the court determines that all other placement options have been exhausted or are inappropriate, based upon a written report submitted by the secretary, if the child is in the secretary's custody, or submitted by a public agency independent of the court and law enforcement, if the child is in the custody of someone other than the secretary. The report shall detail the behavior of the child and the circumstances under which the child was brought before the court and made subject to the order entered pursuant to subsection (a).
- (3) The authorization to place the child in a secure facility or juvenile detention facility pursuant to this subsection shall expire 60 days, inclusive of weekend and legal holidays, after its issue. The court may grant extensions of such authorization for two additional periods, each not to exceed 60 days, upon rehearing pursuant to K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 38-2256, and amendments thereto.

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(g) *Payment*. The secretary shall only pay for placement and services for a child placed in a secure facility or juvenile detention facility pursuant

to subsection (f) upon receipt of a valid court order authorizing secure care placement.

(h) Limitations on facilities used. Nothing in this section shall authorize placement of a child in an adult jail or lockup.

(i) Time limits, computation. Except as otherwise specifically provided by subsection (f), Saturdays, Sundays, legal holidays, and days on which the office of the clerk of the court is not accessible shall not be counted in computing any time limit imposed by this section.

Sec. 18. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 38-2312 is hereby amended to read as follows: 38-2312. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b) *and* (c), any records or files specified in this code concerning a juvenile may be expunged upon application to a judge of the court of the county in which the records or files are maintained. The application for expungement may be made by the juvenile, if 18 years of age or older or, if the juvenile is less than 18 years of age, by the juvenile's parent or next friend.

amendments thereto, sexual exploitation; K.S.A. 21-3603, prior to its 5508, and amendments thereto, aggravated indecent solicitation of a child 2011 Supp. 21-5404, and amendments thereto, voluntary manslaughter, K.S.A. 21-3404, prior to its repeal, or K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5405, and repeal, or subsection (b) of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5604, and amendments K.S.A. 21-3516, prior to its repeal, or K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5510, and 21-3511, prior to its repeal, or subsection (b) of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21. 21-5508, and amendments thereto, indecent solicitation of a child; K.S.A K.S.A. 21-3510, prior to its repeal, or subsection (a) of K.S.A. 2011 Supp Supp. 21-5504, and amendments thereto, aggravated criminal sodomy child; K.S.A. 21-3506, prior to its repeal, or subsection (b) of K.S.A. 201 21-5506, and amendments thereto, aggravated indecent liberties with a K.S.A. 21-3504, prior to its repeal, or subsection (b) of K.S.A. 2011 Supp rape; K.S.A. 21-3503, prior to its repeal, or subsection (a) of K.S.A. 201 while driving under the influence of alcohol or drugs; K.S.A. 21-3502 prior to its repeal, or K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5403, and amendments thereto a violation of K.S.A. 21-3401, prior to its repeal, or K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21. committed by a juvenile which, if committed by an adult, would constitute Supp. 21-5506, and amendments thereto, indecent liberties with a child prior to its repeal, or K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5503, and amendments thereto 2011 Supp. 21-5405, and amendments thereto, involuntary manslaughter amendments thereto, involuntary manslaughter; K.S.A. 21-3439, prior to murder in the second degree; K.S.A. 21-3403, prior to its repeal, or K.S.A 5402, and amendments thereto, murder in the first degree; K.S.A. 21-3402 murder; K.S.A. 21-3442, prior to its repeal, or subsection (a)(3) of K.S.A its repeal, or K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5401, and amendments thereto, capita 9 There shall be no expungement of records or files concerning act aggravated incest; K.S.A. 21-3608, prior to its repeal,

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