SENATE SUBSTITUTE for HOUSE BILL No. 2071

AN ACT concerning sexually violent predators; relating to habeas corpus; relating to expert testimony; amending K.S.A. 59-29a06 and K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 59-29a04a and repealing the existing sections.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

New Section 1. (a) Whenever a person civilly committed pursuant to K.S.A. 59-29a01 et seq., and amendments thereto, files a petition pursuant to K.S.A. 60-1501 *et seq.*, and amendments thereto, relating to such commitment, the costs incurred, including, but not limited to, costs of appointed counsel fees and expenses, witness fees and expenses, expert fees and expenses, and other expenses related to the prosecution and defense of such petition shall be taxed to the county responsible for the costs. Any district court receiving a statement of costs from another district court shall forthwith approve the same for payment out of the general fund of its county except that it may refuse to approve the same for payment only on the ground that it is not the county responsible for the costs. If the claim for costs is not paid within 120 days, an action may be maintained thereon by the claimant county in the district court of the claimant county against the debtor county.

- (b) The county responsible for the costs incurred pursuant to subsection (a) shall be reimbursed for such costs by the office of the attorney general from the sexually violent predator expense fund. The attorney general shall develop and implement a procedure to provide such reimbursements. If there are no moneys available in such fund to pay any such reimbursements, the county may file a claim against the state pursuant to article 9 of chapter 46, of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto.
- (c) As used in this section, "county responsible for the costs" means the county where the person was determined to be a sexually violent predator pursuant to K.S.A. 59-29a01 *et seq.*, and amendments thereto.
- Sec. 2. K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 59-29a04a is hereby amended to read as follows: 59-29a04a. (a) There is hereby created in the state treasury the sexually violent predator expense fund which shall be administered by the attorney general. All moneys credited to such fund shall be used to reimburse counties under:
- (1) K.S.A. 59-29a04, and amendments thereto, responsible for the costs related to determining whether a person may be a sexually violent predator; and
- (2) section 1, and amendments thereto, for the costs related to a person filing a petition pursuant to K.S.A. 60-1501 et seq., and amendments thereto, relating to the civil commitment pursuant to K.S.A. 59-29a01 et seq., and amendments thereto.
- (b) All expenditures from the sexually violent predator expense fund shall be made in accordance with appropriation acts upon warrants of the director of accounts and reports issued pursuant to vouchers approved by the attorney general or the attorney general's designee.
- Sec. 3. K.S.A. 59-29a06 is hereby amended to read as follows: 59-29a06. (a) Within 60 days after the completion of any hearing held pursuant to K.S.A. 59-29a05, and amendments thereto, the court shall conduct a trial to determine whether the person is a sexually violent predator. The trial may be continued upon the request of either party and a showing of good cause, or by the court on its own motion in the due administration of justice, and when the respondent will not be substantially prejudiced.
- (b) At all stages of the proceedings under K.S.A. 59-29a01 et seq., and amendments thereto, any person subject to K.S.A. 59-29a01 et seq., and amendments thereto, shall be entitled to the assistance of counsel, and if the person is indigent, the court shall appoint counsel to assist such person. Whenever any person is subjected to an examination under K.S.A. 59-29a01 et seq., and amendments thereto, such person may retain experts or professional persons to perform an examination of such person's behalf. When the person wishes to be examined by a qualified expert or professional person of such person's own choice, such examiner shall be permitted to have reasonable access to the person for the purpose of such examination, as well as to all relevant medical and psychological records and reports. In the case of a person who is indigent, the court, upon the person's request, shall determine whether the services are necessary and reasonable compensation for such services. If the court determines that the services are necessary and the expert or professional person's requested compensation for such services is reasonable, the court shall assist the person in obtaining an

expert or professional person to perform an examination or participate in the trial on the person's behalf. The court shall approve payment for such services upon the filing of a certified claim for compensation supported by a written statement specifying the time expended, services rendered, expenses incurred on behalf of the person and compensation received in the same case or for the same services from any other source.

- (c) Notwithstanding K.S.A. 60-456, and amendments thereto, at any trial conducted under K.S.A. 59-29a01 et seq., and amendments thereto, the parties shall be permitted to call expert witnesses. The facts or data in the particular case upon which an expert bases an opinion or inference may be those perceived by or made known to the expert at or before the hearing. If the facts or data are of a type reasonably relied upon by experts in the particular field in forming opinions or inferences upon the subject, such facts and data need not be admissible in evidence in order for the opinion or inference to be admitted.
- (e) (d) The person, the attorney general, or the judge shall have the right to demand that the trial be before a jury. Such demand for the trial to be before a jury shall be filed, in writing, at least four days prior to trial. Number and selection of jurors shall be determined as provided in K.S.A. 22-3403, and amendments thereto. If no demand is made, the trial shall be before the court.
- $\frac{\text{(d)}}{\text{(e)}}$ A jury shall consist of 12 jurors unless the parties agree in writing with the approval of the court that the jury shall consist of any number of jurors less than 12 jurors. The person and the attorney general shall each have eight peremptory challenges, or in the case of a jury of less than 12 jurors, a proportionally equal number of peremptory challenges.
- (e) (f) The provisions of this section are not jurisdictional, and failure to comply with such provisions in no way prevents the attorney general from proceeding against a person otherwise subject to the provision of K.S.A. 59-29a01 *et seq.*, and amendments thereto.
- Sec. 4 $\,$ K.S.A. 59-29a06 and K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 59-29a04a are hereby repealed.
- Sec. 5. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its publication in the statute book.

I hereby certify that the above $\ensuremath{\mathsf{BILL}}$ originated in the House, and passed that body

House adopted		
Conference Committe	e Report	
		Speaker of the House.
		Chief Clerk of the House.
Passed the SENATE as amended		
SENATE adopted Conference Committe	e Report	
	1	
		President of the Senate.
		Secretary of the Senate.
APPROVED		
		Governor.