Session of 2013

36

SENATE BILL No. 18

By Committee on Judiciary

1-15

AN ACT concerning civil procedure; relating to restraining orders; 2 amending K.S.A. 60-903 and repealing the existing section. 3 4 Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas: 5 Section 1. K.S.A. 60-903 is hereby amended to read as follows: 60-903. (a) No notice or bond required. A restraining order may issue without 6 notice or bond, except as provided in subsection (b) of K.S.A. 60-904, and 7 amendments thereto, but if it appears to the judge that a restraining order 8 9 may result in damage to the party restrained, a bond to secure payment of any damages sustained may be required. An application for a restraining 10 order shall also be considered as an application for a temporary injunction 11 and either party may give notice of hearing thereon. The order shall remain 12 in force until the hearing on the application for a temporary injunction. 13 14 (a) Temporary restraining order; issuing without notice. Except as provided in subsection (b) of K.S.A. 60-904, and amendments thereto, the 15 16 court may issue a temporary restraining order without notice or bond to the adverse party or its attorney only if: 17 (1) Specific facts in an affidavit or a verified complaint clearly show 18 that immediate and irreparable injury, loss or damage will result to the 19 20 movant before the adverse party can be heard in opposition; (2) the movant's attorney certifies in writing any efforts made to give 21 notice and the reasons why it should not be required; and 22 (3) notice of the issuance of a temporary restraining order is 23 provided to the attorney general of the state of Kansas if the adverse party 24 is the state of Kansas or an agency, officer or employee thereof. 25 26 (b) Contents; expiration. Every temporary restraining order issued 27 without notice must state the date and hour it was issued, describe the injury and state why it is irreparable, state why the order was issued 28 without notice and be promptly filed in the clerk's office and entered in the 29 30 record. The order expires at the time after entry, not to exceed 14 days, that the court sets, unless before that time the court, for good cause, 31 extends it for a like period or the adverse party consents to a longer 32 33 extension. The reasons for an extension must be entered in the record. 34 (c) Expediting the preliminary injunction hearing. If the temporary 35 restraining order is issued without notice, the motion for a preliminary

injunction must be set for hearing at the earliest possible time, taking

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Prepared By: Jason Thompson, Office of Revisor of Statutes January 24, 2013

or to the appropriate city clerk or county clerk if the adverse party is a city or county or an agency, officer or employee thereof

1	precedence over all other matters except hearings on older matters of the	
2	same character. At the hearing, the party who obtained the order must	
3	proceed with the motion, and if the party does not, the court must dissolve	
4	the order.	
5	(d) Service. Where a temporary restraining order is issued without	
6	notice, it shall be served upon each party restrained in the manner	
7	prescribed for personal service of a summons.	
8	(e) Motion to Dissolve. On two days' notice to the party who obtained	
9	the temporary restraining order without notice, or on shorter notice set by	
10	the court, the adverse party may appear and move to dissolve or modify	
11	the order. The court must then hear and decide the motion as promptly as	
12	justice requires.	
13	(f) Security. The court may issue a preliminary injunction or a	
14	temporary restraining order only if the movant gives security in an amount	
15	that the court considers proper to pay the costs and damages sustained by	any aity or county
16	any party found to have been wrongfully enjoined or restrained. The state	, any city or county,
17	of Kansas or an agency, officer or employee thereof, is not required to give	
18	security.	Alternative:
19	Sec. 2. K.S.A. 60-903 is hereby repealed.	
20	Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its	For any city or county or an agency, officer or
21	publication in the statute book.	employee thereof, at the discretion of the judge, the
		security required by this subsection may be
		waived.

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Amendment to SB 18 - Prepared by Jason Thompson, Office of Revisor of Statutes

60-905. Temporary injunction; notice, hearing and bond. (a) *Notice and hearing*. No temporary injunction shall be granted until after reasonable notice to the party to be enjoined and an opportunity to be heard.

(b) *Bond.* Unless otherwise provided by statute or this section, no temporary injunction shall operate unless the party obtaining the same shall give an undertaking with one or more sufficient sureties in an amount fixed and approved by the judge of the court, securing to the party injured the damages such injured party may sustain including attorney fees if it be finally determined that the injunction should not have been granted. Neither the state nor any of its agencies shall be required to give an undertaking with one or more sufficient sureties in order to be granted a temporary injunction. For any other party, at the discretion of the judge, the undertaking required by this subsection may be waived.

Alternative - Rewrite sub (b) as follows:

(b) *Security*. Unless otherwise provided by statute or this section, the court may issue a temporary injunction only if the movant gives security in an amount that the court considers proper to pay the costs and damages sustained by any party found to have been wrongfully enjoined. The state of Kansas, any city or county, or an agency, officer or employee thereof is not required to give security.