Session of 2014

Senate Substitute for HOUSE BILL No. 2101

By Committee on Utilities

2-26

AN ACT concerning utilities; relating to renewable energy resources;
 amending K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 66-1,184,<u>-66-1264</u>, 66-1265, 66-1266,
 66-1267 and 66-1271 and repealing the existing section.

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Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

Section 1. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 66-1,184 is hereby amended to read as 6 7 follows: 66-1,184. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), every public 8 utility which provides retail electric services in this state shall enter into a 9 contract for parallel generation service with any person who is a customer 10 of such utility, upon request of such customer, whereby such customer may 11 attach or connect to the utility's delivery and metering system an apparatus 12 or device for the purpose of feeding excess electrical power which is 13 generated by such customer's energy producing system into the utility's system. No such apparatus or device shall either cause damage to the 14 public utility's system or equipment or present an undue hazard to utility 15 personnel. Every such contract shall include, but need not be limited to, 16 provisions relating to fair and equitable compensation on such customer's 17 monthly bill for energy supplied to the utility by such customer. 18

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(b) (1) For purposes of this subsection:

(A) "Utility" means an electric public utility, as defined by K.S.A. 66101a, and amendments thereto, any cooperative, as defined by K.S.A. 174603, and amendments thereto, or a nonstock member-owned electric
cooperative corporation incorporated in this state, or a municipally owned
or operated electric utility;

(B) "school" means Cloud county community college and Dodge Citycommunity college.

27 (2) Every utility which provides retail electric services in this state 28 shall enter into a contract for parallel generation service with any person 29 who is a customer of such utility, if such customer is a residential customer 30 of the utility and owns a renewable generator with a capacity of 25 31 kilowatts or less, or is a commercial customer of the utility and owns a 32 renewable generator with a capacity of 200 kilowatts or less or is a school 33 and owns a renewable generator with a capacity of 1.5 megawatts or less. 34 Such generator shall be appropriately sized for such customer's anticipated electric load. A commercial customer who uses the operation of a 35 36 renewable generator in connection with irrigation pumps shall not request

1 more than 10 irrigation pumps connected to renewable generators be 2 attached or connected to the utility's system. At the customer's delivery 3 point on the customer's side of the retail meter such customer may attach 4 or connect to the utility's delivery and metering system an apparatus or 5 device for the purpose of feeding excess electrical power which is 6 generated by such customer's energy producing system into the utility's 7 system. No such apparatus or device shall either cause damage to the 8 utility's system or equipment or present an undue hazard to utility 9 personnel. Every such contract shall include, but need not be limited to, 10 provisions relating to fair and equitable compensation for energy supplied to the utility by such customer. Such compensation shall be not less than 11 12 100% of the utility's monthly system average cost of energy per kilowatt 13 hour except that in the case of renewable generators with a capacity of 200 kilowatts or less, such compensation shall be not less than 150% of the 14 utility's monthly system average cost of energy per kilowatt hour. A utility 15 may credit such compensation to the customer's account or pay such 16 17 compensation to the customer at least annually or when the total 18 compensation due equals \$25 or more.

(3) A customer-generator of any investor owned utility shall have the
option of entering into a contract pursuant to this subsection (b) or
utilizing the net metering and easy connection act. The customer-generator
shall exercise the option in writing, filed with the utility.

(c) The following terms and conditions shall apply to contractsentered into under subsection (a) or (b):

(1) The utility will supply, own, and maintain all necessary meters and associated equipment utilized for billing. In addition, and for the purposes of monitoring customer generation and load, the utility may install at its expense, load research metering. The customer shall supply, at no expense to the utility, a suitable location for meters and associated equipment used for billing and for load research;

(2) for the purposes of insuring the safety and quality of utility system power, the utility shall have the right to require the customer, at certain times and as electrical operating conditions warrant, to limit the production of electrical energy from the generating facility to an amount no greater than the load at the customer's facility of which the generating facility is a part;

(3) the customer shall furnish, install, operate, and maintain in good order and repair and without cost to the utility, such relays, locks and seals, breakers, automatic synchronizer, and other control and protective apparatus as shall be designated by the utility as being required as suitable for the operation of the generator in parallel with the utility's system. In any case where the customer and the utility cannot agree to terms and conditions of any such contract, the state corporation commission shall

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1 establish the terms and conditions for such contract. In addition, the utility 2 may install, own, and maintain a disconnecting device located near the 3 electric meter or meters. Interconnection facilities between the customer's 4 and the utility's equipment shall be accessible at all reasonable times to 5 utility personnel. Upon notification by the customer of the customer's 6 intent to construct and install parallel generation, the utility shall provide 7 the customer a written estimate of all costs that will be incurred by the 8 utility and billed to the customer to accommodate the interconnection. The 9 customer may be required to reimburse the utility for any equipment or 10 facilities required as a result of the installation by the customer of generation in parallel with the utility's service. The customer shall notify 11 12 the utility prior to the initial energizing and start-up testing of the 13 customer-owned generator, and the utility shall have the right to have a 14 representative present at such test;

15 (4) the utility may require a special agreement for conditions related 16 to technical and safety aspects of parallel generation; and

(5) the utility may limit the number and size of renewable generators
to be connected to the utility's system due to the capacity of the
distribution line to which such renewable generator would be connected,
and in no case shall the utility be obligated to purchase an amount greater
than 4% of such utility's peak power requirements.

(d) Service under any contract entered into under subsection (a) or (b) shall be subject to either the utility's rules and regulations on file with the state corporation commission, which shall include a standard interconnection process and requirements for such utility's system, or the current federal energy regulatory commission interconnection procedures and regulations.

(e) In any case where the owner of the renewable generator and the
 utility cannot agree to terms and conditions of any contract provided for by
 this section, the state corporation commission shall establish the terms and
 conditions for such contract.

32 (f) The governing body of any school desiring to proceed under this 33 section shall, prior to taking any action permitted by this section, make a 34 finding that either: (1) Net energy cost savings will accrue to the school 35 from such renewable generation over a 20-year period; or (2) that such 36 renewable generation is a science project being conducted for educational 37 purposes and that such project may not recoup the expenses of the project 38 through energy cost savings. Any school proceeding under this section 39 may contract or enter into a finance, pledge, loan or lease-purchase 40 agreement with the Kansas development finance authority as a means of 41 financing the cost of such renewable generation.

42 (g) For the purpose of meeting the requirements of K.S.A. 201343 Supp. 66-1258, and amendments thereto, Each kilowatt of nameplate

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capacity of the parallel generation of electricity provided for in this section

2 shall-be included as part of the state's renewable energy generation count
3 as 1.10 kilowatts toward the compliance of the affected utility, as defined
4 in K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 66-1257, and amendments thereto, and with whom
5 the customer-generator has contracted, with the renewable energy

6 standards act in K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 66-1256 through 66-1262, and 7 amendments thereto.

8 (h) The provisions of the net metering and easy connection act shall 9 not preclude the state corporation commission from approving net 10 metering tariffs upon request of an electric utility for other methods of 11 renewable generation not prescribed in subsection (b)(1) of K.S.A. 2013 12 Supp. 66-1264, and amendments thereto.

Sec. 2. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 66-1264 is hereby amended to read as follows: 66-1264. As used in the net metering and easy connection act:

15 (a) "Commission" means the state corporation commission.

16 (b) "Customer-generator" means the owner or operator of a net 17 metered facility which:

18 (1) Is powered by a renewable energy resource;

19 (2) is located on a premises owned, operated, leased or otherwise 20 controlled by the customer-generator;

21 (3) is interconnected and operates in parallel phase and
 22 synchronization with an affected utility and is in compliance with the
 23 standards established by the affected utility;

24 (4) is intended primarily to offset part or all of the customer 25 generator's own electrical energy requirements;

26 <u>(5) contains a mechanism, approved by the utility, that automatically</u> 27 <u>disables the unit and interrupts the flow of electricity back onto the</u>

28 <u>supplier's electricity lines in the event that service to the customer-</u>
 29 <u>generator is interrupted.</u>

30 (c) "Peak demand" shall have the meaning ascribed thereto in K.S.A.
 31 2013 Supp. 66-1257, and amendments thereto.

(d) "Renewable energy resources" shall have the meaning ascribed
 thereto in K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 66-1257, and amendments thereto.

34 (e) "Utility" means investor-owned electric utility.

Sec. <u>3.</u> 2. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 66-1265 is hereby amended to read as follows: 66-1265. Each utility shall:

(a) Make net metering available to customer-generators on a firstcome, first-served basis, until the total rated generating capacity of all net
metered systems equals or exceeds one percent of the utility's peak
demand during the previous year. The commission may increase the total
rated generating capacity of all net metered systems to an amount above
one percent after conducting a hearing pursuant to K.S.A. 66-101d, and
amendments thereto;

1 (b) offer to the eustomer-generator a tariff or contract that is identical 2 in electrical energy rates, rate structure and monthly charges to the contract 3 or tariff that the customer would be assigned if the customer were not an 4 eligible customer-generator and shall not charge the customer-generator-5 any additional standby, capacity, interconnection or other fee or charge that 6 would not otherwise be charged if the customer were not an eligible-7 eustomer-generator;

8 (c) provide-a residential an appropriate class bidirectional meter to 9 the customer-generator at no charge, but may charge the customer-10 generator for the cost of any additional metering or distribution equipment 11 necessary to accommodate the customer-generator's facility; and

(d) (c) disclose annually the availability of the net metering program
 to each of its customers with the method and manner of disclosure being at
 the discretion of the utility; <u>and</u>

15 (d) for any customer-generator which began operating its renewable 16 energy resource under an interconnect agreement with the utility prior to July 1, 2014, offer to the customer-generator a tariff or contract that is 17 18 identical in electrical energy rates, rate structure and monthly charges to 19 the contract or tariff that the customer would be assigned if the customer were not an eligible customer-generator and shall not charge the 20 21 customer-generator any additional standby, capacity, interconnection or 22 other fee or charge that would not otherwise be charged if the customer 23 were not an eligible customer-generator: and

(e) for any customer-generator which began operating its
renewable energy resource under an interconnect agreement with the
utility on or after July 1, 2014, have the option to propose, within an
appropriate rate proceeding, the application of time-of-use rates,
minimum bills or other rate structures that would apply to all such
customer-generators prospectively.

Sec.<u>4</u>: 3. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 66-1266 is hereby amended to read as follows: 66-1266. (a) *Prior to January 1, 2030, for any customergenerator that began operating a renewable energy resource under an interconnect agreement with the utility prior to July 1, 2014:*

(1) If the electricity supplied by the utility exceeds the electricity
 generated by the customer-generator during a billing period, the customer generator shall be billed for the net electricity supplied by the utility in
 accordance with normal practices for customers in the same rate class.

(b) (2) If-a such customer-generator generates electricity in excess of
 the customer-generator's monthly consumption, all such net excess energy
 (NEG), expressed in kilowatt-hours, shall be carried forward from month to-month and credited at a ratio of one-to-one against the customer generator's energy consumption, expressed in kilowatt-hours, in
 subsequent months.

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1 (3) Any interconnect agreement between such customer-generator 2 and a utility and all such NEG generated under such agreement shall be 3 transferrable and continue in place until January 1, 2030, regardless of 4 whether there is a change in ownership of the property on which the 5 renewable energy resource is located.

6 (3) Any NEG resulting from renewable energy resources that are 7 installed on and after July 1, 2014, but are part of an installation of a 8 renewable energy resource that was operating prior to July 1, 2014, shall 9 be carried forward and credited to the customer as if such resources had 10 begun operation prior to July 1, 2014.

(c) (4) Any net excess generation credit remaining in a net-metering
 customer's account-at the end of each calendar on March 31 of each year
 shall expire.

(b) For any customer-generator that began operating a renewable
energy resource under an interconnect agreement with the utility on and
after July 1, 2014:

17 (1) If the electricity supplied by the utility exceeds the electricity 18 generated by the customer-generator during a billing period, the 19 customer-generator shall be billed for the net electricity supplied by the 20 utility.

(2) If such customer-generator generates electricity in excess of the
 customer-generator's monthly consumption, all such NEG remaining in
 such customer-generator's account at the end of each billing period shall
 <u>expire</u> be credited to the customer at a rate of 100% of the utility's
 monthly system average cost of energy per kilowatt hour.

(c) On and after January 1, 2030, for all customer-generators,
 regardless of when such customer-generators entered into an interconnect
 agreement with the utility:

29 (1) If the electricity supplied by the utility exceeds the electricity 30 generated by the customer-generator during a billing period, the 31 customer-generator shall be billed for the net electricity supplied by the 32 utility; and

(2) if such customer-generator generates electricity in excess of the
customer-generator's monthly consumption, all such NEG remaining in a
customer-generator's account at the end of each billing period shall<u>expire</u>
be credited to the customer at a rate of 100% of the utility's monthly
system average cost of energy per kilowatt hour.

Sec. <u>5.</u> 4. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 66-1267 is hereby amended to read as follows: 66-1267. Each (a) For customer-generators that began operating a renewable energy resource under an interconnect agreement with the utility prior to July 1, 2014:

42 *(1)* Such utility shall allow:

43 (a) (A) Residential customer-generators to generate electricity subject

1 to net metering up to 25 kilowatts; and

2 (b) (B) commercial, industrial, school, local government, state 3 government, federal government, agricultural and institutional customer-4 generators to generate electricity subject to net metering up to 200 5 kilowatts.

6 (2) Nothing in this act shall be construed to prevent such customer-7 generators from installing additional renewable energy resources after 8 July 1, 2014, that will generate electricity pursuant to the restrictions 9 contained in paragraph (1).

10 *(b)* For customer-generators that begin operating a renewable 11 energy resource under an interconnect agreement with the utility after July 12 1, 2014, such utility shall allow:

(1) All residential customer-generators to generate electricity subject
 to net metering up to 15 kilowatts; and

(2) commercial, industrial, <u>school</u> religious institution, local
government, state government, federal government, agricultural and
industrial customer-generators to generate electricity subject to net
metering up to <u>50</u> 100 kilowatts, unless otherwise agreed to by the utility
and the customer-generator; and

(3) school customer-generators to generate electricity subject to net
metering up to 150 kilowatts. For the purpose of this section, "school"
means any postsecondary educational institution as defined in K.S.A.
74-3201b, and amendments thereto, or any public or private school
which provides instruction for students enrolled in grade kindergarten
or grades one through 12.

26 (c) Customer-generators shall appropriately size their generation to 27 their expected load.

Sec. <u>6.</u> 5. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 66-1271 is hereby amended to read as follows: 66-1271. The estimated generating *Each kilowatt of nameplate* capacity of all net metered facilities operating under the provisions of this act shall count *as* 1.10 *kilowatts* toward the affected utility's compliance with the renewable energy standards act in K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 66-1256 through 66-1262, and amendments thereto.

34 Sec.<u>-7.</u> 6. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 66-1,184,<u>-66-1264</u>, 66-1265, 66-1266,
 35 66-1267 and 66-1271 are hereby repealed.

36 Sec. $\underline{\$}$. 7. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its 37 publication in the statute book.