Session of 2014

HOUSE BILL No. 2495

By Committee on Corrections and Juvenile Justice

1-23

AN ACT concerning crimes, punishment and criminal procedure; relating
 to sentencing; probation and postrelease supervision; amending K.S.A.
 2013 Supp. 21-6604, 21-6608 and 22-3716 and repealing the existing
 sections.

6 Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

Section 1. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 21-6604 is hereby amended to read as
follows: 21-6604. (a) Whenever any person has been found guilty of a
crime, the court may adjudge any of the following:

(1) Commit the defendant to the custody of the secretary of
corrections if the current crime of conviction is a felony and the sentence
presumes imprisonment, or the sentence imposed is a dispositional
departure to imprisonment; or, if confinement is for a misdemeanor, to jail
for the term provided by law;

15 (2) impose the fine applicable to the offense and may impose the 16 provisions of subsection (q);

17 (3) release the defendant on probation if the current crime of 18 conviction and criminal history fall within a presumptive nonprison 19 category or through a departure for substantial and compelling reasons 20 subject to such conditions as the court may deem appropriate. In felony 21 cases except for violations of K.S.A. 8-1567, 8-2,144 and K.S.A. 2013 22 Supp. 8-1025, and amendments thereto, the court may include 23 confinement in a county jail not to exceed 60 days, which need not be 24 served consecutively, as a condition of an original probation sentence-and 25 up to 60 days in a county jail upon each revocation of the probation-26 sentence, or community corrections placement;

(4) assign the defendant to a community correctional services
program as provided in K.S.A. 75-5291, and amendments thereto, or
through a departure for substantial and compelling reasons subject to such
conditions as the court may deem appropriate, including orders requiring
full or partial restitution;

(5) assign the defendant to a conservation camp for a period not to
 exceed six months as a condition of probation followed by a six-month
 period of follow-up through adult intensive supervision by a community
 correctional services program, if the offender successfully completes the
 conservation camp program;

1 (6) assign the defendant to a house arrest program pursuant to K.S.A. 2 2013 Supp. 21-6609, and amendments thereto;

3 (7) order the defendant to attend and satisfactorily complete an 4 alcohol or drug education or training program as provided by subsection 5 (c) of K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 21-6602, and amendments thereto;

6 (8) order the defendant to repay the amount of any reward paid by 7 any crime stoppers chapter, individual, corporation or public entity which 8 materially aided in the apprehension or conviction of the defendant; repay 9 the amount of any costs and expenses incurred by any law enforcement 10 agency in the apprehension of the defendant, if one of the current crimes of conviction of the defendant includes escape from custody or aggravated 11 12 escape from custody, as defined in K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 21-5911, and 13 amendments thereto; repay expenses incurred by a fire district, fire 14 department or fire company responding to a fire which has been 15 determined to be arson or aggravated arson as defined in K.S.A. 2013 16 Supp. 21-5812, and amendments thereto, if the defendant is convicted of 17 such crime; repay the amount of any public funds utilized by a law 18 enforcement agency to purchase controlled substances from the defendant 19 during the investigation which leads to the defendant's conviction; or repay 20 the amount of any medical costs and expenses incurred by any law 21 enforcement agency or county. Such repayment of the amount of any such 22 costs and expenses incurred by a county, law enforcement agency, fire 23 district, fire department or fire company or any public funds utilized by a 24 law enforcement agency shall be deposited and credited to the same fund 25 from which the public funds were credited to prior to use by the county, 26 law enforcement agency, fire district, fire department or fire company;

27 (9) order the defendant to pay the administrative fee authorized by 28 K.S.A. 22-4529, and amendments thereto, unless waived by the court;

29 (10) order the defendant to pay a domestic violence special program 30 fee authorized by K.S.A. 20-369, and amendments thereto;

31 (11) if the defendant is convicted of a misdemeanor or convicted of a 32 felony specified in subsection (i) of K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 21-6804, and 33 amendments thereto, assign the defendant to work release program, other 34 than a program at a correctional institution under the control of the 35 secretary of corrections as defined in K.S.A. 75-5202, and amendments 36 thereto, provided such work release program requires such defendant to 37 return to confinement at the end of each day in the work release program. 38 On a second or subsequent conviction of K.S.A. 8-1567, and amendments 39 thereto, an offender placed into a work release program shall serve the 40 total number of hours of confinement mandated by that section;

41 (12) order the defendant to pay the full amount of unpaid costs 42 associated with the conditions of release of the appearance bond under 43 K.S.A. 22-2802, and amendments thereto;

1 (13) impose any appropriate combination of (1), (2), (3), (4), (5), (6), 2 (7), (8), (9), (10), (11) and (12); or

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(14) suspend imposition of sentence in misdemeanor cases.

4 (b) (1) In addition to or in lieu of any of the above, the court shall 5 order the defendant to pay restitution, which shall include, but not be 6 limited to, damage or loss caused by the defendant's crime, unless the 7 court finds compelling circumstances which would render a plan of 8 restitution unworkable. In regard to a violation of K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 21-9 6107, and amendments thereto, such damage or loss shall include, but not 10 be limited to, attorney fees and costs incurred to repair the credit history or rating of the person whose personal identification documents were 11 12 obtained and used in violation of such section, and to satisfy a debt, lien or other obligation incurred by the person whose personal identification 13 14 documents were obtained and used in violation of such section. If the court finds a plan of restitution unworkable, the court shall state on the record in 15 16 detail the reasons therefor.

17 (2) If the court orders restitution, the restitution shall be a judgment 18 against the defendant which may be collected by the court by garnishment 19 or other execution as on judgments in civil cases. If, after 60 days from the 20 date restitution is ordered by the court, a defendant is found to be in 21 noncompliance with the plan established by the court for payment of 22 restitution, and the victim to whom restitution is ordered paid has not 23 initiated proceedings in accordance with K.S.A. 60-4301 et seq., and 24 amendments thereto, the court shall assign an agent procured by the 25 attorney general pursuant to K.S.A. 75-719, and amendments thereto, to collect the restitution on behalf of the victim. The chief judge of each 26 27 judicial district may assign such cases to an appropriate division of the 28 court for the conduct of civil collection proceedings.

(c) In addition to or in lieu of any of the above, the court shall order
the defendant to submit to and complete an alcohol and drug evaluation,
and pay a fee therefor, when required by subsection (d) of K.S.A. 2013
Supp. 21-6602, and amendments thereto.

33 (d) In addition to any of the above, the court shall order the defendant 34 to reimburse the county general fund for all or a part of the expenditures 35 by the county to provide counsel and other defense services to the 36 defendant. Any such reimbursement to the county shall be paid only after 37 any order for restitution has been paid in full. In determining the amount 38 and method of payment of such sum, the court shall take account of the 39 financial resources of the defendant and the nature of the burden that 40 payment of such sum will impose. A defendant who has been required to 41 pay such sum and who is not willfully in default in the payment thereof 42 may at any time petition the court which sentenced the defendant to waive 43 payment of such sum or any unpaid portion thereof. If it appears to the

satisfaction of the court that payment of the amount due will impose
 manifest hardship on the defendant or the defendant's immediate family,
 the court may waive payment of all or part of the amount due or modify
 the method of payment.

5 (e) In releasing a defendant on probation, the court shall direct that 6 the defendant be under the supervision of a court services officer. If the 7 court commits the defendant to the custody of the secretary of corrections 8 or to jail, the court may specify in its order the amount of restitution to be 9 paid and the person to whom it shall be paid if restitution is later ordered 10 as a condition of parole, conditional release or postrelease supervision.

(f) (1) When a new felony is committed while the offender is 11 12 incarcerated and serving a sentence for a felony, or while the offender is on 13 probation, assignment to a community correctional services program, parole, conditional release or postrelease supervision for a felony, a new 14 15 sentence shall be imposed consecutively pursuant to the provisions of 16 K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 21-6606, and amendments thereto, and the court may 17 sentence the offender to imprisonment for the new conviction, even when 18 the new crime of conviction otherwise presumes a nonprison sentence. In 19 this event, imposition of a prison sentence for the new crime does not 20 constitute a departure.

21 (2) When a new felony is committed during a period of time during 22 which the defendant would have been on probation, assignment to a 23 community correctional services program, parole, conditional release or 24 postrelease supervision for a felony had the defendant not been granted 25 release by the court pursuant to subsection (d) of K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 21-26 6608, and amendments thereto, or the prisoner review board pursuant to 27 K.S.A. 22-3717, and amendments thereto, the court may sentence the 28 offender to imprisonment for the new conviction, even when the new 29 crime of conviction otherwise presumes a nonprison sentence. In this 30 event, imposition of a prison sentence for the new crime does not 31 constitute a departure.

32 (3) When a new felony is committed while the offender is 33 incarcerated in a juvenile correctional facility pursuant to K.S.A. 38-1671, 34 prior to its repeal, or K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 38-2373, and amendments 35 thereto, for an offense, which if committed by an adult would constitute 36 the commission of a felony, upon conviction, the court shall sentence the 37 offender to imprisonment for the new conviction, even when the new 38 crime of conviction otherwise presumes a nonprison sentence. In this 39 event, imposition of a prison sentence for the new crime does not 40 constitute a departure. The conviction shall operate as a full and complete 41 discharge from any obligations, except for an order of restitution, imposed 42 on the offender arising from the offense for which the offender was 43 committed to a juvenile correctional facility.

1 (4) When a new felony is committed while the offender is on release 2 for a felony pursuant to the provisions of article 28 of chapter 22 of the 3 Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto, or similar provisions 4 of the laws of another jurisdiction, a new sentence may be imposed 5 consecutively pursuant to the provisions of K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 21-6606, 6 and amendments thereto, and the court may sentence the offender to 7 imprisonment for the new conviction, even when the new crime of 8 conviction otherwise presumes a nonprison sentence. In this event, 9 imposition of a prison sentence for the new crime does not constitute a 10 departure.

11 (g) Prior to imposing a dispositional departure for a defendant whose 12 offense is classified in the presumptive nonprison grid block of either 13 sentencing guideline grid, prior to sentencing a defendant to incarceration 14 whose offense is classified in grid blocks 5-H, 5-I or 6-G of the sentencing guidelines grid for nondrug crimes, in grid blocks 3-E, 3-F, 3-G, 3-H or 3-I 15 16 of the sentencing guidelines grid for drug crimes committed prior to July 1, 2012, or in grid blocks 4-E, 4-F, 4-G, 4-H or 4-I of the sentencing 17 18 guidelines grid for drug crimes committed on or after July 1, 2012, prior to 19 sentencing a defendant to incarceration whose offense is classified in grid blocks 4-E or 4-F of the sentencing guidelines grid for drug crimes 20 21 committed prior to July 1, 2012, or in grid blocks 5-C, 5-D, 5-E or 5-F of 22 the sentencing guidelines grid for drug crimes committed on or after July 23 1, 2012, and whose offense does not meet the requirements of K.S.A. 2013 24 Supp. 21-6824, and amendments thereto, prior to revocation of a 25 nonprison sanction of a defendant whose offense is classified in grid 26 blocks 4-E or 4-F of the sentencing guidelines grid for drug crimes 27 committed prior to July 1, 2012, or in grid blocks 5-C, 5-D, 5-E or 5-F of 28 the sentencing guidelines grid for drug crimes committed on or after July 29 1, 2012, and whose offense does not meet the requirements of K.S.A. 2013 30 Supp. 21-6824, and amendments thereto, or prior to revocation of a 31 nonprison sanction of a defendant whose offense is classified in the 32 presumptive nonprison grid block of either sentencing guideline grid or 33 grid blocks 5-H, 5-I or 6-G of the sentencing guidelines grid for nondrug 34 crimes, in grid blocks 3-E, 3-F, 3-G, 3-H or 3-I of the sentencing 35 guidelines grid for drug crimes committed prior to July 1, 2012, or in grid 36 blocks 4-E, 4-F, 4-G, 4-H or 4-I of the sentencing guidelines grid for drug 37 crimes committed on or after July 1, 2012, the court shall consider 38 placement of the defendant in the Labette correctional conservation camp, 39 conservation camps established by the secretary of corrections pursuant to 40 K.S.A. 75-52,127, and amendments thereto, or a community intermediate 41 sanction center. Pursuant to this subsection the defendant shall not be 42 sentenced to imprisonment if space is available in a conservation camp or 43 community intermediate sanction center and the defendant meets all of the

conservation camp's or community intermediate sanction center's
 placement criteria unless the court states on the record the reasons for not
 placing the defendant in a conservation camp or community intermediate
 sanction center.

5 (h) In committing a defendant to the custody of the secretary of 6 corrections, the court shall fix a term of confinement within the limits 7 provided by law. In those cases where the law does not fix a term of 8 confinement for the crime for which the defendant was convicted, the 9 court shall fix the term of such confinement.

10 In addition to any of the above, the court shall order the defendant (i) to reimburse the state general fund for all or part of the expenditures by the 11 12 state board of indigents' defense services to provide counsel and other 13 defense services to the defendant. In determining the amount and method 14 of payment of such sum, the court shall take account of the financial 15 resources of the defendant and the nature of the burden that payment of 16 such sum will impose. A defendant who has been required to pay such sum 17 and who is not willfully in default in the payment thereof may at any time petition the court which sentenced the defendant to waive payment of such 18 19 sum or any unpaid portion thereof. If it appears to the satisfaction of the 20 court that payment of the amount due will impose manifest hardship on the 21 defendant or the defendant's immediate family, the court may waive 22 payment of all or part of the amount due or modify the method of 23 payment. The amount of attorney fees to be included in the court order for 24 reimbursement shall be the amount claimed by appointed counsel on the 25 payment voucher for indigents' defense services or the amount prescribed 26 by the board of indigents' defense services reimbursement tables as 27 provided in K.S.A. 22-4522, and amendments thereto, whichever is less.

(j) This section shall not deprive the court of any authority conferred
 by any other Kansas statute to decree a forfeiture of property, suspend or
 cancel a license, remove a person from office or impose any other civil
 penalty as a result of conviction of crime.

(k) An application for or acceptance of probation or assignment to a community correctional services program shall not constitute an acquiescence in the judgment for purpose of appeal, and any convicted person may appeal from such conviction, as provided by law, without regard to whether such person has applied for probation, suspended sentence or assignment to a community correctional services program.

(1) The secretary of corrections is authorized to make direct placement to the Labette correctional conservation camp or a conservation camp established by the secretary pursuant to K.S.A. 75-52,127, and amendments thereto, of an inmate sentenced to the secretary's custody if the inmate:

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(1) Has been sentenced to the secretary for a probation revocation, as

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1 a departure from the presumptive nonimprisonment grid block of either 2 sentencing grid, for an offense which is classified in grid blocks 5-H, 5-I 3 or 6-G of the sentencing guidelines grid for nondrug crimes, in grid blocks 4 3-E, 3-F, 3-G, 3-H or 3-I of the sentencing guidelines grid for drug crimes 5 committed prior to July 1, 2012, in grid blocks 4-E, 4-F, 4-G, 4-H or 4-I of 6 the sentencing guidelines grid for drug crimes committed on or after July 7 1, 2012, or for an offense which is classified in grid blocks 4-E or 4-F of 8 the sentencing guidelines grid for drug crimes committed prior to July 1, 9 2012, or in grid blocks 5-C, 5-D, 5-E or 5-F of the sentencing guidelines 10 grid for drug crimes committed on or after July 1, 2012, and such offense does not meet the requirements of K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 21-6824, and 11 12 amendments thereto; and

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(2) otherwise meets admission criteria of the camp.

14 If the inmate successfully completes a conservation camp program, the 15 secretary of corrections shall report such completion to the sentencing 16 court and the county or district attorney. The inmate shall then be assigned 17 by the court to six months of follow-up supervision conducted by the 18 appropriate community corrections services program. The court may also 19 order that supervision continue thereafter for the length of time authorized 20 by K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 21-6608, and amendments thereto.

(m) When it is provided by law that a person shall be sentenced
pursuant to K.S.A. 1993 Supp. 21-4628, prior to its repeal, the provisions
of this section shall not apply.

24 (n) (1) Except as provided by subsection (f) of K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 21-25 6805, and amendments thereto, in addition to any of the above, for felony violations of K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 21-5706, and amendments thereto, the 26 27 court shall require the defendant who meets the requirements established 28 in K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 21-6824, and amendments thereto, to participate in a 29 certified drug abuse treatment program, as provided in K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 30 75-52,144, and amendments thereto, including, but not limited to, an 31 approved after-care plan. The amount of time spent participating in such 32 program shall not be credited as service on the underlying prison sentence.

33 (2) If the defendant fails to participate in or has a pattern of 34 intentional conduct that demonstrates the defendant's refusal to comply 35 with or participate in the treatment program, as established by judicial 36 finding, the defendant shall be subject to sanction or revocation pursuant 37 to the provisions of K.S.A. 22-3716, and amendments thereto. If the 38 defendant's probation is revoked, the defendant shall serve the underlying 39 prison sentence as established in K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 21-6805, and 40 amendments thereto.

41 (A) Except as provided in subsection (n)(2)(B), for those offenders 42 who are convicted on or after July 1, 2003, but prior to July 1, 2013, upon 43 completion of the underlying prison sentence, the offender shall not be 1 subject to a period of postrelease supervision.

2 (B) Offenders whose crime of conviction was committed on or after 3 July 1, 2013, and whose probation is revoked pursuant to subsection (c) of 4 K.S.A. 22-3716, and amendments thereto, or whose underlying prison 5 term expires while serving a sanction pursuant to subsection (c)(1)(C) or 6 (c)(1)(D) of K.S.A. 22-3716, and amendments thereto, shall serve a period 7 of postrelease supervision upon the completion of the underlying prison 8 term.

9 (o) (1) Except as provided in paragraph (3), in addition to any other 10 penalty or disposition imposed by law, upon a conviction for unlawful possession of a controlled substance or controlled substance analog in 11 12 violation of K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 21-5706, and amendments thereto, in 13 which the trier of fact makes a finding that the unlawful possession occurred while transporting the controlled substance or controlled 14 15 substance analog in any vehicle upon a highway or street, the offender's 16 driver's license or privilege to operate a motor vehicle on the streets and 17 highways of this state shall be suspended for one year.

18 (2) Upon suspension of a license pursuant to this subsection, the court 19 shall require the person to surrender the license to the court, which shall 20 transmit the license to the division of motor vehicles of the department of 21 revenue, to be retained until the period of suspension expires. At that time, 22 the licensee may apply to the division for return of the license. If the 23 license has expired, the person may apply for a new license, which shall be 24 issued promptly upon payment of the proper fee and satisfaction of other 25 conditions established by law for obtaining a license unless another 26 suspension or revocation of the person's privilege to operate a motor 27 vehicle is in effect.

28 (3) (A) In lieu of suspending the driver's license or privilege to operate a motor vehicle on the highways of this state of any person as 29 provided in paragraph (1), the judge of the court in which such person was 30 31 convicted may enter an order which places conditions on such person's 32 privilege of operating a motor vehicle on the highways of this state, a 33 certified copy of which such person shall be required to carry any time 34 such person is operating a motor vehicle on the highways of this state. Any 35 such order shall prescribe the duration of the conditions imposed, which in 36 no event shall be for a period of more than one year.

(B) Upon entering an order restricting a person's license hereunder, the judge shall require such person to surrender such person's driver's license to the judge who shall cause it to be transmitted to the division of vehicles, together with a copy of the order. Upon receipt thereof, the division of vehicles shall issue without charge a driver's license which shall indicate on its face that conditions have been imposed on such person's privilege of operating a motor vehicle and that a certified copy of

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1 the order imposing such conditions is required to be carried by the person

for whom the license was issued any time such person is operating a motor 2 3 vehicle on the highways of this state. If the person convicted is a 4 nonresident, the judge shall cause a copy of the order to be transmitted to 5 the division and the division shall forward a copy of it to the motor vehicle 6 administrator of such person's state of residence. Such judge shall furnish 7 to any person whose driver's license has had conditions imposed on it 8 under this paragraph a copy of the order, which shall be recognized as a 9 valid Kansas driver's license until such time as the division shall issue the 10 restricted license provided for in this paragraph.

11 (C) Upon expiration of the period of time for which conditions are 12 imposed pursuant to this subsection, the licensee may apply to the division 13 for the return of the license previously surrendered by such licensee. In the event such license has expired, such person may apply to the division for a 14 15 new license, which shall be issued immediately by the division upon 16 payment of the proper fee and satisfaction of the other conditions 17 established by law, unless such person's privilege to operate a motor 18 vehicle on the highways of this state has been suspended or revoked prior 19 thereto. If any person shall violate any of the conditions imposed under 20 this paragraph, such person's driver's license or privilege to operate a 21 motor vehicle on the highways of this state shall be revoked for a period of 22 not less than 60 days nor more than one year by the judge of the court in 23 which such person is convicted of violating such conditions.

(4) As used in this subsection, "highway" and "street" mean the sameas in K.S.A. 8-1424 and 8-1473, and amendments thereto.

26 (p) In addition to any of the above, for any criminal offense that 27 includes the domestic violence designation pursuant to K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 28 22-4616, and amendments thereto, the court shall require the defendant to: 29 (1) Undergo a domestic violence offender assessment conducted by a 30 intervention program; certified batterer and (2)follow all 31 recommendations made by such program, unless otherwise ordered by the 32 court or the department of corrections. The court may order a domestic 33 violence offender assessment and any other evaluation prior to sentencing 34 if the assessment or evaluation would assist the court in determining an 35 appropriate sentence. The entity completing the assessment or evaluation 36 shall provide the assessment or evaluation and recommendations to the 37 court and the court shall provide the domestic violence offender 38 assessment to any entity responsible for supervising such defendant. A 39 defendant ordered to undergo a domestic violence offender assessment 40 shall be required to pay for the assessment and, unless otherwise ordered 41 by the court or the department of corrections, for completion of all 42 recommendations.

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(q) In imposing a fine, the court may authorize the payment thereof in

1 installments. In lieu of payment of any fine imposed, the court may order 2 that the person perform community service specified by the court. The 3 person shall receive a credit on the fine imposed in an amount equal to \$5 4 for each full hour spent by the person in the specified community service. 5 The community service ordered by the court shall be required to be 6 performed by the later of one year after the fine is imposed or one year 7 after release from imprisonment or jail, or by an earlier date specified by 8 the court. If by the required date the person performs an insufficient 9 amount of community service to reduce to zero the portion of the fine 10 required to be paid by the person, the remaining balance shall become due on that date. If conditional reduction of any fine is rescinded by the court 11 12 for any reason, then pursuant to the court's order the person may be 13 ordered to perform community service by one year after the date of such 14 rescission or by an earlier date specified by the court. If by the required 15 date the person performs an insufficient amount of community service to 16 reduce to zero the portion of the fine required to be paid by the person, the 17 remaining balance of the fine shall become due on that date. All credits for 18 community service shall be subject to review and approval by the court.

19 (r) In addition to any other penalty or disposition imposed by law, for 20 any defendant sentenced to imprisonment pursuant to K.S.A. 21-4643, 21 prior to its repeal, or K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 21-6627, and amendments 22 thereto, for crimes committed on or after July 1, 2006, the court shall order 23 that the defendant be electronically monitored upon release from 24 imprisonment for the duration of the defendant's natural life and that the 25 defendant shall reimburse the state for all or part of the cost of such 26 monitoring as determined by the prisoner review board.

(s) Whenever the court has released the defendant on probation pursuant to subsection (a)(3), the defendant's supervising court services officer, with the concurrence of the chief court services officer, may impose the violation sanctions as provided in subsection (c)(1)(B) of K.S.A. 22-3716, and amendments thereto, without further order of the court, unless:

(1) The court has specifically withheld this authority in its sentencingorder; or

(2) the defendant, after being apprised of the right to a revocation
hearing before the court pursuant to subsection (b) of K.S.A. 22-3716, and
amendments thereto, refuses to waive such right.

38 (t) Whenever the court has assigned the defendant to a community 39 correctional services program pursuant to subsection (a)(4), the defendant's 40 community corrections officer, with the concurrence of the community 41 corrections director, may impose the violation sanctions as provided in 42 subsection (c)(1)(B) of K.S.A. 22-3716, and amendments thereto, without 43 further order of the court unless: 1 (1) The court has specifically withheld this authority in its sentencing 2 order; or

3 (2) the defendant, after being apprised of the right to a revocation 4 hearing before the court pursuant to subsection (b) of K.S.A. 22-3716, and 5 amendments thereto, refuses to waive such right.

6 Sec. 2. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 21-6608 is hereby amended to read as 7 follows: 21-6608. (a) The period of suspension of sentence, probation or assignment to community corrections fixed by the court shall not 8 exceed two years in misdemeanor cases, subject to renewal and 9 extension for additional fixed periods of two years. Probation, 10 suspension of sentence or assignment to community corrections may 11 be terminated by the court at any time and upon such termination or 12 upon termination by expiration of the term of probation, suspension 13 of sentence or assignment to community corrections, an order to this 14 effect shall be entered by the court. 15

(b) The district court having jurisdiction of the offender may
parole any misdemeanant sentenced to confinement in the county jail.
The period of such parole shall be fixed by the court and shall not
exceed two years and shall be terminated in the manner provided for
termination of suspended sentence and probation.

(c) For all crimes committed on or after July 1, 1993, the duration
 of probation in felony cases sentenced for the following severity levels
 on the sentencing guidelines grid for nondrug crimes and the
 sentencing guidelines grid for drug crimes is as follows:

25 (1) For nondrug crimes the recommended duration of probation26 is:

27 28 (A) 36 months for crimes in crime severity levels 1 through 5; and

(B) 24 months for crimes in crime severity levels 6 and 7;

(2) for drug crimes the recommended duration of probation is 36
months for crimes in crime severity levels 1 and 2 committed prior to
July 1, 2012, and crimes in crime severity levels 1, 2 and 3 committed
on or after July 1, 2012;

(3) except as provided further, in felony cases sentenced at
severity levels 9 and 10 on the sentencing guidelines grid for nondrug
crimes, severity level 4 on the sentencing guidelines grid for drug
crimes committed prior to July 1, 2012, and severity level 5 of the
sentencing guidelines grid for drug crimes committed on or after July
1, 2012, if a nonprison sanction is imposed, the court shall order the
defendant to serve a period of probation of up to 12 months in length;

40 (4) in felony cases sentenced at severity level 8 on the sentencing 41 guidelines grid for nondrug crimes, severity level 3 on the sentencing 42 guidelines grid for drug crimes committed prior to July 1, 2012, and 43 severity level 4 of the sentencing guidelines grid for drug crimes 1 committed on or after July 1, 2012, and felony cases sentenced 2 pursuant to K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 21-6824, and amendments thereto, if a 3 nonprison sanction is imposed, the court shall order the defendant to 4 serve a period of probation, or assignment to a community 5 correctional services program, as provided under K.S.A. 75-5291 et 6 seq., and amendments thereto, of up to 18 months in length;

7 (5) if the court finds and sets forth with particularity the reasons 8 for finding that the safety of the members of the public will be 9 jeopardized or that the welfare of the inmate will not be served by the 10 length of the probation terms provided in subsections (c)(3) and (c)(4), 11 the court may impose a longer period of probation. Such an increase 12 shall not be considered a departure and shall not be subject to appeal;

(6) except as provided in subsections (c)(7) and (c)(8), the total
period in all cases shall not exceed 60 months, or the maximum period
of the prison sentence that could be imposed whichever is longer.
Nonprison sentences may be terminated by the court at any time;

(7) if the defendant is convicted of nonsupport of a child, the
period may be continued as long as the responsibility for support
continues. If the defendant is ordered to pay full or partial restitution,
the period may be continued as long as the amount of restitution
ordered has not been paid; and

(8) the court may modify or extend the offender's period of supervision, pursuant to a modification hearing and a judicial finding of necessity. Such extensions may be made for a maximum period of five years or the maximum period of the prison sentence that could be imposed, whichever is longer, inclusive of the original supervision term.

28 (d) In addition to the provisions of subsection (a), a defendant 29 who has a risk assessment of low risk, has paid all restitution and has 30 been compliant with the terms of probation, assignment to a 31 community correctional services program, suspension of sentence or 32 nonprison sanction for a period of 12 months shall be eligible for 33 discharge from such period of supervision by the court. The court 34 shall grant such discharge unless the court finds-substantial and 35 compelling reasons for by clear and convincing evidence that denial of 36 such discharge will serve community safety interests.

Sec.-2: 3. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 22-3716 is hereby amended to read as follows: 22-3716. (a) At any time during probation, assignment to a community correctional services program, suspension of sentence or pursuant to subsection (e) for defendants who committed a crime prior to July 1, 1993, and at any time during which a defendant is serving a nonprison sanction for a crime committed on or after July 1, 1993, or pursuant to subsection (e), the court may issue a warrant for the arrest of a

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defendant for violation of any of the conditions of release or assignment, a 1 notice to appear to answer to a charge of violation or a violation of the 2 3 defendant's nonprison sanction. The notice shall be personally served upon 4 the defendant. The warrant shall authorize all officers named in the warrant to return the defendant to the custody of the court or to any 5 6 certified detention facility designated by the court. Any court services 7 officer or community correctional services officer may arrest the defendant 8 without a warrant or may deputize any other officer with power of arrest to 9 do so by giving the officer a written or verbal statement setting forth that 10 the defendant has, in the judgment of the court services officer or community correctional services officer, violated the conditions of the 11 12 defendant's release or a nonprison sanction. A written statement delivered 13 to the official in charge of a county jail or other place of detention shall be 14 sufficient warrant for the detention of the defendant. After making an arrest, the court services officer or community correctional services officer 15 16 shall present to the detaining authorities a similar statement of the 17 circumstances of violation. Provisions regarding release on bail of persons 18 charged with a crime shall be applicable to defendants arrested under these 19 provisions.

(b) (1) Upon arrest and detention pursuant to subsection (a), the court
services officer or community correctional services officer shall
immediately notify the court and shall submit in writing a report showing
in what manner the defendant has violated the conditions of release or
assignment or a nonprison sanction.

25 (2) Unless the defendant, after being apprised of the right to a hearing 26 by the supervising court services or community correctional services 27 officer, waives such hearing, the court shall cause the defendant to be 28 brought before it without unnecessary delay for a hearing on the violation 29 charged. The hearing shall be in open court and the state shall have the 30 burden of establishing the violation. The defendant shall have the right to 31 be represented by counsel and shall be informed by the judge that, if the 32 defendant is financially unable to obtain counsel, an attorney will be 33 appointed to represent the defendant. The defendant shall have the right to 34 present the testimony of witnesses and other evidence on the defendant's 35 behalf. Relevant written statements made under oath may be admitted and 36 considered by the court along with other evidence presented at the hearing.

(3) (A) Except as otherwise provided, if the original crime of
conviction was a felony and a violation is established, the court may
impose the violation sanctions as provided in subsection (c)(1).

40 (B) Except as otherwise provided, if the original crime of conviction 41 was a misdemeanor and a violation is established, the court may:

42 *(i)* Continue or revoke *modify* the probation, assignment to a 43 community correctional services program, suspension of sentence or nonprison sanction and may impose confinement in a county jail not to
exceed 60 days. If an offender is serving multiple probation terms
concurrently, any confinement periods imposed shall be imposed
concurrently; or

5 *(ii) revoke the probation, assignment to a community correctional* 6 *services program, suspension of sentence or nonprison sanction and* 7 require the defendant to serve the sentence imposed, or any lesser 8 sentence, and, if imposition of sentence was suspended, may impose any 9 sentence which might originally have been imposed.

10 (4) Except as otherwise provided, if *the original crime of conviction* 11 *was a felony*, the defendant waives the right to a hearing and the 12 sentencing court has not specifically withheld the authority from court 13 services or community correctional services to impose sanctions, the 14 following sanctions may be imposed without further order of the court:

15 (A) If the defendant was on probation at the time of the violation, the 16 defendant's supervising court services officer, with the concurrence of the chief court services officer, may impose the violation sanctions as-17 18 provided in subsection (c)(1)(B) an intermediate sanction of confinement 19 in a county jail, to be imposed as a two-day or three-day consecutive period. The total of all such sanctions imposed pursuant to this 20 21 subparagraph and subsections (b)(4)(B) and (c)(1)(B) shall not exceed 18 22 total days during the term of supervision; and

23 (B) if the defendant was assigned to a community correctional services program at the time of the violation, the defendant's community 24 25 corrections officer, with the concurrence of the community corrections director, may impose the violation sanctions as provided in subsection (e) 26 27 (1)(B) an intermediate sanction of confinement in a county jail, to be 28 imposed as a two-day or three-day consecutive period. The total of all 29 such sanctions imposed pursuant to this subparagraph and subsections (b) 30 (4)(A) and (c)(1)(B) shall not exceed 18 total days during the term of 31 supervision.

(c) (1) Except as otherwise provided, *if the original crime of conviction was a felony and a violation is established,* the following
 violation sanctions may be imposed court may impose the following
 sanctions:

(A) Continuation or modification of the release conditions of the
 probation, assignment to a community correctional services program,
 suspension of sentence or nonprison sanction;

(B) continuation or modification of the release conditions of the
probation, assignment to a community correctional services program,
suspension of sentence or nonprison sanction and an intermediate sanction
of confinement in a county jail for a total of not more than six days per
month in any three separate months during the period of release-

1 supervision. The six days per month confinement may only to be imposed

as a two-day or three-day consecutive periods, not to exceed 18 days of
total confinement period. The total of all such sanctions imposed pursuant
to this subparagraph and subsections (b)(4)(A) and (b)(4)(B) shall not
exceed 18 total days during the term of supervision;

6 (C) if the violator already had at least one intermediate sanction 7 imposed pursuant to subsection (b)(4)(A), (b)(4)(B) or (c)(1)(B) related to 8 the felony crime for which the original supervision was imposed, 9 continuation or modification of the release conditions of the probation, assignment to a community correctional services program, suspension of 10 sentence or nonprison sanction and remanding the defendant to the 11 12 custody of the secretary of corrections for a period of 120 days, subject to a reduction of up to 60 days in the discretion of the secretary. This sanction 13 14 shall not be imposed more than once during the term of supervision. The 15 sanction imposed pursuant to this subparagraph shall begin upon 16 pronouncement by the court and shall not be served by prior confinement 17 credit, except as provided in subsection (c)(7);

18 (D) if the violator already had a sanction imposed pursuant to 19 subsection (b)(4)(A), (b)(4)(B), (c)(1)(B) or (c)(1)(C) related to the felony crime for which the original supervision was imposed, continuation or 20 21 modification of the release conditions of the probation, assignment to a 22 community correctional services program, suspension of sentence or 23 nonprison sanction and remanding the defendant to the custody of the secretary of corrections for a period of 180 days, subject to a reduction of 24 25 up to 90 days in the discretion of the secretary. This sanction shall not be 26 imposed more than once during the term of supervision. The sanction 27 imposed pursuant to this subparagraph shall begin upon pronouncement 28 by the court and shall not be served by prior confinement credit, except as 29 provided in subsection (c)(7); or

30 (E) if the violator already had a sanction imposed pursuant to 31 subsection (c)(1)(C) or (c)(1)(D) related to the felony crime for which the 32 original supervision was imposed, revocation of the probation, assignment 33 to a community corrections services program, suspension of sentence or 34 nonprison sanction and requiring such violator to serve the sentence 35 imposed, or any lesser sentence and, if imposition of sentence was 36 suspended, imposition of any sentence which might originally have been 37 imposed.

38 (2) Except as otherwise provided *in subsections* (c)(3), (c)(8) and (c)39 (9), no offender for whom a violation of conditions of release or 40 assignment or a nonprison sanction has been established as provided in 41 this section shall be required to serve any time for the sentence imposed or 42 which might originally have been imposed in a state facility in the custody 43 of the secretary of corrections for such violation, unless such person has already at least one prior assignment to a community correctional services
 program related to the crime for which the original sentence was imposed.

3 (3) The provisions of subsection (c)(2) shall not apply to adult felony 4 offenders as described in subsection (a)(3) of K.S.A. 75-5291, and 5 amendments thereto.

6 (4) The court may require an offender for whom a violation of 7 conditions of release or assignment or a nonprison sanction has been 8 established as provided in this section to serve any time for the sentence 9 imposed or which might originally have been imposed in a state facility in the custody of the secretary of corrections without a prior assignment to a 10 community correctional services program if the court finds and sets forth 11 12 with particularity the reasons for finding that the safety of the members of the public will be jeopardized or that the welfare of the inmate will not be 13 14 served by such assignment to a community correctional services program.

15 (5) When a new felony is committed while the offender is on probation or assignment to a community correctional services program, the 16 17 new sentence shall be imposed consecutively pursuant to the provisions of 18 K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 21-6606, and amendments thereto, and the court may 19 sentence the offender to imprisonment for the new conviction, even when 20 the new crime of conviction otherwise presumes a nonprison sentence. In 21 this event, imposition of a prison sentence for the new crime does not 22 constitute a departure.

(6) Except as provided in subsection (f), upon completion of a
violation sanction imposed pursuant to subsection (c)(1)(C) or (c)(1)(D)
such offender shall return to community correctional services supervision.
The sheriff shall not be responsible for the return of the offender to the
county where the community correctional services supervision is assigned.

(7) A violation sanction imposed pursuant to subsection (c)(1)(B), (c)
(1)(C) or (c)(1)(D) shall not be longer than the amount of time remaining
on the defendant's offender's underlying prison sentence.

31 (8) If the offender commits a new felony or misdemeanor or absconds 32 from supervision while the offender is on probation, assignment to a 33 community correctional services program, suspension of sentence or 34 nonprison sanction, the court may revoke the probation, assignment to a 35 community correctional services program, suspension of sentence or 36 nonprison sanction of an offender pursuant to subsection (c)(1)(E) without 37 having previously imposed a sanction pursuant to subsection (c)(1)(B), (c)38 (1)(C) or (c)(1)(D).

1 for finding that the safety of members of the public will be jeopardized or2 that the welfare of the offender will not be served by such sanction.

(10) If an offender is serving multiple probation terms concurrently,
any violation sanctions imposed pursuant to subsection (c)(1)(B), (c)(1)
(C) or (c)(1)(D), or any sanction imposed pursuant to subsection (c)(11),
shall be imposed concurrently.

7 (11) If the original crime of conviction was a felony, except for 8 violations of K.S.A. 8-1567, 8-2,144 and K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 8-1025, and 9 amendments thereto, and the court makes a finding that the offender has committed one or more violations of the release conditions of the 10 probation, assignment to a community correctional services program, 11 12 suspension of sentence or nonprison sanction, the court may impose confinement in a county jail not to exceed 60 days upon each such finding. 13 Such confinement is separate and distinct from the violation sanctions 14 15 provided in subsection (c)(1)(B), (c)(1)(C), (c)(1)(D) and (c)(1)(E) and 16 shall not be imposed at the same time as any such violation sanction.

17 (12) The violation sanctions provided in this subsection shall apply to 18 any violation of conditions of release or assignment or a nonprison 19 sanction occurring on and after July 1, 2013, regardless of the date of-20 conviction for the original crime when the offender was sentenced for 21 the original crime or committed the original crime for which 22 sentenced.

23 (d) A defendant who is on probation, assigned to a community correctional services program, under suspension of sentence or serving a 24 25 nonprison sanction and for whose return a warrant has been issued by the court shall be considered a fugitive from justice if it is found that the 26 27 warrant cannot be served. If it appears that the defendant has violated the provisions of the defendant's release or assignment or a nonprison 28 29 sanction, the court shall determine whether the time from the issuing of the 30 warrant to the date of the defendant's arrest, or any part of it, shall be 31 counted as time served on probation, assignment to a community 32 correctional services program, suspended sentence or pursuant to a 33 nonprison sanction.

(e) The court shall have 30 days following the date probation, assignment to a community correctional service program, suspension of sentence or a nonprison sanction was to end to issue a warrant for the arrest or notice to appear for the defendant to answer a charge of a violation of the conditions of probation, assignment to a community correctional service program, suspension of sentence or a nonprison sanction.

41 (f) For crimes committed on and after July 1, 2013, an *a felony* 42 offender whose nonprison sanction is revoked pursuant to subsection (c) or 43 whose underlying prison term expires while serving a sanction pursuant to subsection (c)(1)(C) or (c)(1)(D) shall serve a period of postrelease
 supervision upon the completion of the prison portion of the underlying
 sentence.

4 (g) Offenders who have been sentenced pursuant to K.S.A. 2013 5 Supp. 21-6824, and amendments thereto, and who subsequently violate a 6 condition of the drug and alcohol abuse treatment program shall be subject 7 to an additional nonprison sanction for any such subsequent violation. 8 Such nonprison sanctions shall include, but not be limited to, up to 60 days 9 in a county jail, fines, community service, intensified treatment, house 10 arrest and electronic monitoring.

11 Sec.-3. 4. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 21-6604, 21-6608 and 22-3716 are 12 hereby repealed.

Sec. 4. 5. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its
 publication in the statute book Kansas register.