House Concurrent Resolution No. 5015

By Committee on Judiciary

2-17

A PROPOSITION to amend the constitution of the state of Kansas by 1 2 revising article 3 thereof, relating to the judiciary. 3 4 Be it resolved by the Legislature of the State of Kansas, two-thirds of the 5 members elected (or appointed) and qualified to the House of *Representatives and two-thirds of the members elected (or appointed)* 6 7 and qualified to the Senate concurring therein: The following proposition to amend the constitution of 8 Section 1. the state of Kansas shall be submitted to the qualified electors of the state 9 10 for their approval or rejection: Article 3 of the constitution of the state of Kansas is hereby amended to read as follows: 11 12 "Article 3.—JUDICIAL 13 "§ 1. Judicial power; seals; rules. The judicial power of this state shall be vested exclusively in one court of justice, which shall 14 15 be divided into one supreme court, one court of appeals, district courts, and such other courts as are provided by law; and all courts 16 of record shall have a seal. The supreme court shall have general 17 administrative authority over all courts in this state. 18 19 Supreme court. The supreme court shall consist of not "§ 2. 20 less than seven justices who shall be selected as provided by this 21 article. All cases shall be heard with not fewer than four justices 22 sitting and the concurrence of a majority of the justices sitting and 23 of not fewer than four justices shall be necessary for a decision. 24 The term of office of the justices shall be six years except as 25 hereinafter provided. The justice who is senior in continuous term of service shall be chief justice, and in case two or more have 26 27 continuously served during the same period the senior in age of these shall be chief justice. A justice may decline or resign from the 28 office of chief justice without resigning from the court. Upon such 29 declination or resignation, the justice who is next senior in 30 continuous term of service shall become chief justice. During 31 incapacity of a chief justice, the duties, powers and emoluments of 32 the office shall devolve upon the justice who is next senior in 33 34 continuous service.

35 "§ 3. Jurisdiction and terms. The supreme court shall have
 36 original jurisdiction in proceedings in quo warranto, mandamus,

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and habeas corpus; and such appellate jurisdiction as may be provided by law. It shall hold one term each year at the seat of government and such other terms at such places as may be provided by law, and its jurisdiction shall be co-extensive with the state.

"§ 4. Reporter; clerk. There shall be appointed, by the justices of the supreme court, a reporter and clerk of such court, who shall hold their offices for two years, and whose duties shall be prescribed by law.

"§ 5. Selection of justices of the supreme court. (a) (1) Any 10 vacancy occurring in the office of any justice of the supreme court 11 and any position to be open on the supreme court as a result of 12 enlargement of such court, or the retirement or failure of an 13 incumbent to file such justice's declaration of candidacy to be 14 retained in office as hereinafter required, or failure of a justice to 15 be elected to be retained in office, shall be filled by appointment by 16 17 the governor, with the consent of the senate, of one of three persons possessing the qualifications of office who shall be nominated and 18 19 whose names shall be submitted to the governor by the supreme 20 court nominating commission established as hereinafter provided.

(2) In event of the failure of the governor to make the
appointment within 60 days from the time the names of the
nominees are submitted to the governor, the chief justice of the
supreme court shall make the appointment from such nominees,
with the consent of the senate.

(b) Whenever a vacancy occurs, will occur or position opens
on the supreme court, the clerk of the supreme court shall promptly
give notice to the governor.

29 (c) No person appointed pursuant to subsection (a) shall 30 assume the office of justice of the supreme court until the senate, 31 by an affirmative vote of the majority of all members of the senate 32 then elected or appointed and qualified, consents to such 33 appointment. The senate shall vote to consent to any such 34 appointment not later than 60 days after such appointment is received by the senate. If the senate is not in session and will not 35 be in session within the 60-day time limitation, the senate shall 36 vote to consent to any such appointment not later than 20 days after 37 the senate begins its next session. In the event a majority of the 38 39 senate does not vote to consent to the appointment, the governor, within 60 days after the senate vote on the previous appointee, 40 shall appoint another person possessing the qualifications of office, 41 whose name has been submitted to the governor by the supreme 42 43 court nominating commission, and such subsequent appointment

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shall be considered by the senate in the same procedure as 2 provided in this article. The same appointment and consent procedure shall be followed until a valid appointment has been 4 made. No person who has been previously appointed but did not receive the consent of the senate shall be appointed again for the same vacancy. If the senate fails to vote on an appointment within the time limitation imposed by this subsection, the senate shall be deemed to have given consent to such appointment.

9 (d) (1) Each justice of the supreme court appointed pursuant to subsection (a) and consented to pursuant to subsection (c) shall 10 hold office for an initial term ending on the second Monday in 11 January following the first general election that occurs after the 12 13 expiration of 12 months in office.

(2) Not less than 60 days prior to the holding of the general 14 election next preceding the expiration of the term of any justice of 15 16 the supreme court, the justice may file in the office of the secretary 17 of state a declaration of candidacy for retention in office. If a 18 declaration is not filed as provided in this section, the position held 19 by the justice shall be vacant upon the expiration of the justice's 20 term of office. If such declaration is filed, the justice's name shall 21 be submitted at the next general election to the electors of the state 22 on a separate judicial ballot, without party designation, reading 23 substantially as follows: "Shall (Here insert name of justice.), 24 Justice of the Supreme Court, be retained in office?"

(3) If a majority of those voting on the question vote against 25 26 retaining the justice in office, the position which the justice holds 27 shall be vacant upon the expiration of the justice's term of office. 28 Otherwise, unless the justice is removed for cause, the justice shall 29 remain in office for the regular term of six years from the second Monday in January following the election. At the expiration of 30 31 each term, unless by law the justice is compelled to retire, the justice shall be eligible for retention in office by election in the 32 33 manner prescribed in this section.

(4) If a majority of those voting on the question vote against 34 the justice's retention, the secretary of state, following the final 35 canvass of votes on the question, shall certify the results to the 36 37 clerk of the supreme court. Any such justice who has not been 38 retained in office pursuant to this section shall not be eligible for 39 appointment to the office of justice of the supreme court prior to 40 the expiration of six years after the expiration of the justice's term of office. 41

42 (e) A nonpartisan nominating commission whose duty it shall 43 be to nominate and submit to the governor the names of persons for

3 4 appointment to fill vacancies in the office of any justice of the supreme court is hereby established, and shall be known as the "supreme court nominating commission." Such commission shall be organized as hereinafter provided.

5 (f) The supreme court nominating commission shall be 6 composed as follows: Five members appointed by the governor; 7 and one member from each congressional district chosen from 8 among their number by the resident members of the bar in each 9 such district. All members shall be residents of Kansas. At least one member appointed by the governor shall be a member of the 10 bar in good standing and licensed in Kansas. The governor shall 11 designate one of the five members appointed by the governor to 12 13 serve as such commission's chairperson.

14 (g) The terms of office, the procedure for selection and 15 certification of the members of the commission and provision for 16 their compensation or expenses shall be as provided by the 17 legislature.

(h) No member of the supreme court nominating commission
shall, while a member, hold any other public office by appointment
or any official position in a political party or for six months
thereafter be eligible for nomination for the office of justice of the
supreme court.

(i) An affirmative vote of $^{2}/_{3}$ of the members of the supreme court nominating commission shall be required to nominate and submit the name of a person to the governor for the office of justice of the supreme court or the office of judge of the court of appeals.

27 "§ 6. Court of appeals. (a) (1) The court of appeals shall consist of 14 judges whose positions shall be numbered one to 14. 28 29 The court of appeals shall be a part of the court of justice in which 30 the judicial power of the state is vested by section 1 of this article 31 and shall be subject to the general administrative authority of the 32 supreme court. The court of appeals shall have such jurisdiction 33 over appeals in civil and criminal cases and from administrative 34 bodies and officers of the state as may be prescribed by law, and shall have such original jurisdiction as may be necessary to the 35 complete determination of any cause on review. During the 36 37 pendency of any appeal, the court of appeals, on such terms as may be just, may make an order suspending further proceedings in the 38 39 court below, until the decision of the court of appeals.

40 (2) Any vacancy occurring in the office of any judge of the
41 court of appeals and any position to be open on the court of appeals
42 as a result of enlargement of such court, or the retirement or failure
43 of an incumbent to file such judge's declaration of candidacy to be

retained in office as hereinafter required, or failure of a judge to be elected to be retained in office, shall be filled by appointment by the governor, with the consent of the senate, of one of three persons possessing the qualifications of office who shall be nominated and whose names shall be submitted to the governor by the supreme court nominating commission established by section 5 of this article.

8 (3) In event of the failure of the governor to make the 9 appointment within 60 days from the time the names of the 10 nominees are submitted to the governor, the chief justice of the 11 supreme court shall make the appointment from such nominees, 12 with the consent of the senate.

(b) Whenever a vacancy occurs, will occur or position opens
on the court of appeals, the clerk of the supreme court shall
promptly give notice to the governor.

(c) No person appointed pursuant to subsection (a) shall 16 17 assume the office of judge of the court of appeals until the senate, 18 by an affirmative vote of the majority of all members of the senate 19 then elected or appointed and qualified, consents to such appointment. The senate shall vote to consent to any such 20 appointment not later than 60 days after such appointment is 21 22 received by the senate. If the senate is not in session and will not 23 be in session within the 60-day time limitation, the senate shall 24 vote to consent to any such appointment not later than 20 days after the senate begins its next session. In the event a majority of the 25 26 senate does not vote to consent to the appointment, the governor, 27 within 60 days after the senate vote on the previous appointee, 28 shall appoint another person possessing the qualifications of office, 29 whose name has been submitted to the governor by the supreme 30 court nominating commission, and such subsequent appointment 31 shall be considered by the senate in the same procedure as 32 provided in this article. The same appointment and consent 33 procedure shall be followed until a valid appointment has been 34 made. No person who has been previously appointed but did not receive the consent of the senate shall be appointed again for the 35 same vacancy. If the senate fails to vote on an appointment within 36 37 the time limitation imposed by this subsection, the senate shall be 38 deemed to have given consent to such appointment.

(d) (1) Each judge of the court of appeals appointed pursuant
to subsection (a) and consented to pursuant to subsection (c) shall
hold office for an initial term ending on the second Monday in
January following the first general election that occurs after the
expiration of 12 months in office.

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(2) Not less than 60 days prior to the holding of the general 2 election next preceding the expiration of the term of any judge of 3 the court of appeals, the judge may file in the office of the 4 secretary of state a declaration of candidacy for retention in office. If a declaration is not filed as provided in this section, the position held by the judge shall be vacant upon the expiration of the judge's term of office. If such declaration is filed, the judge's name shall be 8 submitted at the next general election to the electors of the state on 9 a separate judicial ballot, without party designation, reading substantially as follows: "Shall (Here insert name of judge.), Judge 10 of the Court of Appeals, be retained in office?"

(3) If a majority of those voting on the question vote against 12 retaining the judge in office, the position which the judge holds 13 shall be vacant upon the expiration of the judge's term of office. 14 15 Otherwise, unless the judge is removed for cause, the judge shall 16 remain in office for the regular term of four years from the second 17 Monday in January following the election. At the expiration of 18 each term, unless by law the judge is compelled to retire, the judge 19 shall be eligible for retention in office by election in the manner 20 prescribed in this section.

21 (4) If a majority of those voting on the question vote against 22 the judge's retention, the secretary of state, following the final 23 canvass of votes on the question, shall certify the results to the 24 clerk of the supreme court. Any such judge who has not been retained in office pursuant to this section shall not be eligible for 25 26 appointment to the office of judge of the court of appeals prior to 27 the expiration of four years after the expiration of the judge's term 28 of office.

29 (e) The supreme court may assign a judge of the court of 30 appeals to serve temporarily on the supreme court.

31 "§7. District courts. (a) The state shall be divided into 32 judicial districts as provided by law. Each judicial district shall 33 have at least one district judge. The term of office of each judge of the district court shall be four years. District court shall be held at 34 such times and places as may be provided by law. The district 35 judges shall be elected by the electors of the respective judicial 36 37 districts unless the electors of a judicial district have adopted and not subsequently rejected a method of nonpartisan selection. The 38 39 legislature shall provide a method of nonpartisan selection of district judges and for the manner of submission and resubmission 40 thereof to the electors of a judicial district. A nonpartisan method 41 42 of selection of district judges may be adopted, and once adopted 43 may be rejected, only by a majority of electors of a judicial district 1 voting on the question at an election in which the proposition is 2 submitted. Whenever a vacancy occurs in the office of district 3 judge, it shall be filled by appointment by the governor until the 4 next general election that occurs more than 30 days after such 5 vacancy, or as may be provided by such nonpartisan method of 6 selection.

7 (b) The district courts shall have such jurisdiction in their 8 respective districts as may be provided by law.

9 (c) The legislature shall provide for clerks of the district 10 courts.

(d) Provision may be made by law for judges pro tem of thedistrict court.

(e) The supreme court or any justice thereof shall have the
power to assign judges of district courts temporarily to other
districts.

16 (f) The supreme court may assign a district judge to serve 17 temporarily on the supreme court.

(g) The supreme court or the court of appeals may assign adistrict judge to serve temporarily on the court of appeals.

20 "§ 8. Qualifications of justices and judges. Justices of the 21 supreme court, judges of the court of appeals and judges of the 22 district courts shall be at least 30 years of age and shall be duly 23 authorized by the supreme court of Kansas to practice law in the 24 courts of this state and shall possess such other qualifications as 25 may be prescribed by law.

26 "§9. Prohibition of political activity by justices and certain judges. No justice of the supreme court who is appointed 27 under the procedure of section 5 of this article, nor any judge of the 28 29 court of appeals who is appointed under the procedure of section 6 30 of this article, nor any judge of the district court holding office 31 under a nonpartisan method authorized in subsection (a) of section 7 of this article, shall directly or indirectly make any contribution 32 33 to or hold any office in a political party or organization or take part in any political campaign. 34

35 "§ 10. Extension of terms until successor qualified. All
36 judicial officers shall hold their offices until their successors shall
37 have qualified.

38 "§ 11. Compensation of justices and judges; certain 39 limitation. The justices of the supreme court, judges of the court of 40 appeals and judges of the district courts shall receive for their 41 services such compensation as may be provided by law, which 42 shall not be diminished during their terms of office, unless by 43 general law applicable to all salaried officers of the state. Such justices or judges shall receive no fees or perquisites nor hold any other office of profit or trust under the authority of the state, or the United States except as may be provided by law, or practice law

during their continuance in office.

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5 "§ 12. Removal of justices and judges; retirement. (a) Justices of the supreme court may be removed from office by 6 7 impeachment and conviction as prescribed in article 2 of this 8 constitution. In addition to removal by impeachment and 9 conviction, justices may be retired after appropriate hearing, upon certification to the governor, by the supreme court that such justice 10 is so incapacitated as to be unable to perform adequately such 11 justice's duties. Other judges shall be subject to retirement for 12 incapacity, and to discipline, suspension and removal for cause by 13 the supreme court after appropriate hearing. 14

(b) Any justice or judge upon reaching age 75 shall retire,
except that when any justice or judge attains the age of 75, such
justice or judge may, if such justice or judge desires, finish serving
the term during which such judge attains the age of 75.

19 "§ 13. Savings clause. Nothing contained in this amendment to the constitution shall: (a) Shorten the term of office or abolish 20 the office of any justice of the supreme court, any judge of the 21 22 court of appeals, any judge of the district court, or any other judge of any other court who is holding office at the time this amendment 23 24 becomes effective, or who is holding office at the time of adoption, rejection, or resubmission of a nonpartisan method of selection of 25 26 district judges as provided in subsection (a) of section 7 of this 27 article, and all such justices and judges shall hold their respective offices for the terms for which elected or appointed unless sooner 28 29 removed in the manner provided by law; (b) repeal any statute of 30 this state relating to the supreme court, the supreme court 31 nominating commission, the court of appeals, district courts, or any 32 other court, or relating to the justices or judges of such courts, and 33 such statutes shall remain in force and effect until amended or repealed by the legislature." 34

Sec. 2. The following statement shall be printed on the ballot with the amendment as a whole:

37 "Explanatory statement. The purpose of this amendment is to place the law concerning the court of appeals into the 38 39 constitution, to change the procedure for selecting supreme court justices and court of appeals judges and to change the 40 41 membership of the nonpartisan supreme court nominating 42 commission. The gubernatorial appointments to the 43 nonpartisan supreme court nominating commission would be

increased from four members to five members. The 1 2 members of the bar would continue to elect four members of 3 the commission. The commission would continue to 4 nominate three persons for appointment by the governor, but 5 a $^{2}/_{3}$ majority vote would be required to submit any person's name to the governor. The governor would appoint one of 6 7 such persons to the office of justice of the supreme court or 8 judge of the court of appeals, and such person's appointment would be required to be consented to by the senate. A 9 procedure is established whereby senate consent would 10occur within 30 days of receiving the appointment. If the 11 12 senate does not consent by a majority vote, the governor 13 would then select an appointment which would again go to the senate for consent. The same appointment and consent 14 15 procedure would be followed until a valid appointment is 16 made. If the senate fails to vote on an appointment within 30 17 days, it will be considered that the senate has consented to 18 the appointment.

- 19 "A vote for this proposition would place the law concerning the 20 court of appeals into the constitution and provide a 21 procedure whereby a modified supreme court nominating 22 commission would nominate three qualified persons to the 23 governor for each vacant office of justice of the supreme 24 court or judge of the court of appeals. The governor or chief justice would appoint one of such persons to the office of 25 26 justice of the supreme court or judge of the court of appeals 27 and the senate, by majority vote, would consent to the 28 appointment.
- 29 "A vote against this proposition would leave the law concerning 30 the court of appeals in the Kansas statutes and continue in 31 effect the current procedure whereby the governor appoints judges of the court of appeals, with the consent of the senate. 32 33 It would also continue in effect the current procedure 34 whereby the supreme court nominating commission nominates three persons for the office of justice of the 35 36 supreme court and the governor appoints one of such 37 persons, with no senate consent required."

38 This resolution, if approved by two-thirds of the members Sec. 3. 39 elected (or appointed) and qualified to the House of Representatives, and 40 two-thirds of the members elected (or appointed) and qualified to the 41 Senate shall be entered on the journals, together with the yeas and nays. 42 The secretary of state shall cause this resolution to be published as 43 provided by law and shall cause the proposed amendment to be submitted

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- to the electors of the state at the general election in November in the year 2016 unless a special election is called at a sooner date by concurrent resolution of the legislature, in which case it shall be submitted to the electors of the state at the special election.