Session of 2015

## **Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 1606**

By Senators Pilcher-Cook, Abrams, Arpke, Baumgardner, Bowers, Bruce, Denning, Fitzgerald, Holmes, Kerschen, King, Knox, LaTurner, Love, Lynn, Masterson, Melcher, O'Donnell, Olson, Ostmeyer, Petersen, Powell, Pyle, Smith, Tyson, Wagle and Wilborn

## 5-27

1 A CONCURRENT RESOLUTION urging Congress to protect patients 2 and families by enacting reforms to the patient protection and 3 affordable care act.

4

5 WHEREAS, Citizens of Kansas need access to quality, affordable 6 healthcare coverage, but the federal Patient Protection and Affordable 7 Care Act (PPACA) has not delivered on those promises; and

8 WHEREAS, PPACA has caused rising health insurance premiums, 9 canceled health plans and narrowing networks of quality doctors and 10 hospitals, and will still leave 30 million Americans uninsured even when 11 fully implemented; and

WHEREAS, Most individuals purchasing coverage on a PPACA
health insurance exchange are paying much higher premiums than before
PPACA was enacted; and

15 WHEREAS, The PPACA has increased the costs to the state to 16 provide Medicaid for its most vulnerable citizens; and

WHEREAS, The U.S. Supreme Court will soon rule on King v.
Burwell, challenging the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) rule allowing
PPACA premium subsidies for individuals enrolled in federal exchanges;
and

WHEREAS, Section 1401 of PPACA authorizes premium subsidies
 only to individuals who enroll in coverage "through an Exchange
 established by the State"; and

WHEREAS, In May 2012, the IRS issued a final rule authorizing
PPACA premium subsidies to individuals enrolled in federal exchanges,
ignoring statutory authority and the plain text of PPACA; and

WHEREAS, PPACA gives states the choice to establish a state-based exchange and receive PPACA subsidies, or opt-out and protect hardworking citizens from PPACA's mandates and penalties, which are triggered when those premium subsidies are made available to, or are claimed by, individuals enrolled in federal exchanges; and

32 WHEREAS, Thirty-four states, including Kansas, declined to set up a 33 state-based exchange because of the high costs to state taxpayers and 2

1 expanded bureaucracy required to administer it; and

2 WHEREAS, A ruling in favor of the plaintiffs in King v. Burwell 3 would effectively block the PPACA's employer mandate in Kansas, as 4 mandate penalties only apply when employers with more than 50 workers 5 fail to offer PPACA-compliant coverage and an employee becomes 6 eligible for a PPACA premium subsidy; and

WHEREAS, Because Kansas has declined to create a state-based
exchange, Kansas employers and employees will be shielded from
mandate penalties totaling \$2,000 per worker per year, and blocking these
mandate penalties will allow small businesses and entrepreneurs to create
more jobs, hire more workers and increase hours for part-time employees,
spurring economic growth; and

WHEREAS, The plaintiffs in King v. Burwell represent the millions
 of Americans harmed by PPACA, including those who lost their health
 plans, doctors or jobs, and those whom the law forces to pay higher
 insurance premiums and taxes; and

WHEREAS, Lawmakers on both sides of the aisle must remedy thelaw's shortcomings and unintended consequences; and

WHEREAS, Access to quality, affordable health coverage is a top
priority for Kansas as reflected in the Health Care Freedom Act, K.S.A.
2014 Supp. 65-6231: Now, therefore,

Be it resolved by the Senate of the State of Kansas, the House of Representatives concurring therein: That, if the U.S. Supreme Court rules in favor of the plaintiffs in King v. Burwell, the Kansas Legislature encourages Congress to protect patients and families affected by the decision and to enact reforms that help everyone by providing freedom, flexibility and peace of mind so that Kansas residents can access quality, affordable healthcare coverage when they need it; and

*Be it further resolved:* That, the Kansas Legislature supports efforts by Congress that allow families a greater choice in the purchase of health plans—including those health plans available prior to the PPACA's enactment, in addition to the ones currently sold; and

*Be it further resolved:* That, the Kansas Legislature supports efforts by Congress that allow families to purchase any health plan year round, not just during the limited and sometimes arbitrary open enrollment periods set by the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services; and

*Be it further resolved:* That, contingent on congressional action and
new flexibility provided by Congress to the states, the Kansas Legislature
will implement policies that lower costs and increase access to quality
health care while protecting the most vulnerable; and

41 *Be it further resolved:* That the Secretary of the Senate shall send an 42 enrolled copy of this resolution to the President of the United States, the 43 Speaker of the United States House of Representatives, the Majority SCR 1606

2 congressional delegation.