Session of 2018

HOUSE BILL No. 2588

By Committee on Judiciary

1-31

AN ACT concerning appearance bonds; relating to forfeiture of bond;
 requiring set aside of forfeiture in certain cases; amending K.S.A. 2017
 Supp. 22-2807 and repealing the existing section.

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Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

Section 1. K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 22-2807 is hereby amended to read as
follows: 22-2807. (1) If a defendant fails to appear as directed by the court
and guaranteed by an appearance bond, the court in which the bond is
deposited shall declare a forfeiture of the bail.

10 (2) An appearance bond may only be forfeited by the court upon a 11 failure to appear. If a defendant violates any other condition of bond, the 12 bond may be revoked and the defendant remanded to custody. An 13 appearance bond is revoked by the execution of a warrant for a defendant's 14 arrest for a violation of a bond condition. The magistrate shall forthwith 15 set a new bond pursuant to requirements of K.S.A. 22-2802, and 16 amendments thereto.

(3) The court may direct that a forfeiture be set aside, upon such 17 conditions as the court may impose, if it appears that justice does not 18 19 require the enforcement of the forfeiture. If the surety can prove that the 20 defendant is incarcerated somewhere within the United States, or has died 21 or has been expelled from the country prior to judgment of default by 22 providing to the court a written statement, signed by the surety under 23 penalty of perjury, setting forth details of such incarceration, or death-or-24 *expulsion*, then the court shall set aside the forfeiture. Upon the defendant's 25 return, the surety may be ordered to pay the costs of that return.

26 (4) When a forfeiture has not been set aside, the court shall on motion 27 enter a judgment of default and execution may issue thereon. If the 28 forfeiture has been decreed by a district magistrate judge and the amount 29 of the bond exceeds the limits of the civil jurisdiction prescribed by law 30 for a district magistrate judge, the judge shall notify the chief judge in 31 writing of the forfeiture and the matter shall be assigned to a district judge 32 who, on motion, shall enter a judgment of default. By entering into a bond 33 the obligors submit to the jurisdiction of any court having power to enter 34 judgment upon default and irrevocably appoint the clerk of that court as 35 their agent upon whom any papers affecting their liability may be served. Their liability may be enforced on motion without the necessity of an 36

1 independent action. The motion and notice thereof may be served on the

2 clerk of the court, who shall forthwith mail copies to the obligors to their 3 last known addresses. No judgment may be entered against the obligor in 4 an appearance bond until more than 60 days after notice is served as 5 provided herein. No judgment may be entered against the obligor in an 6 appearance bond more than two years after a defendant's failure to appear.

7 (5) After entry of such judgment, the court may remit it in whole or in 8 part under the conditions applying to the setting aside of forfeiture in 9 subsection (3).

10 Sec. 2. K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 22-2807 is hereby repealed.

11 Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its 12 publication in the statute book.