HOUSE BILL No. 2104

An Act concerning driving under the influence; relating to testing; notice; preliminary screening; amending K.S.A. 2018 Supp. 8-1001, 8-1012, 8-2118 and 75-712h and repealing the existing sections; also repealing K.S.A. 2018 Supp. 8-1025.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

- Section 1. On and after July 1, 2019, K.S.A. 2018 Supp. 8-1001 is hereby amended to read as follows: 8-1001. (a) Any person who operates or attempts to operate a vehicle within this state may be requested, subject to the provisions of this article, to submit to one or more tests of the person's blood, breath, urine or other bodily substance to determine the presence of alcohol or drugs. The testing shall include all quantitative and qualitative tests for alcohol and drugs. The test must be administered at the direction of a law enforcement officer, and the law enforcement officer shall determine which type of test is to be conducted or requested.
- (b) (1) One or more tests may be required of a person when, at the time of the request, a law enforcement officer has probable cause to believe the person has committed a violation of K.S.A. 8-1567(a), and amendments thereto, or to believe the person was driving a commercial motor vehicle, as defined in K.S.A. 8-2,128, and amendments thereto, while having alcohol or other drugs in such person's system, or to believe the person is under the age of 21 years and was operating or attempting to operate a vehicle while having alcohol or other drugs in such person's system; and one of the following conditions exists: (A) The person has been arrested or otherwise taken into custody for any violation of any state statute, county resolution or city ordinance; or (B) the person has been involved in a motor vehicle accident or collision resulting in property damage, personal injury or death.
- (2) The law enforcement officer directing administration of the test or tests may act on personal knowledge or on the basis of the collective information available to law enforcement officers involved in the investigation or arrest.
- (c) When requesting a test or tests of breath or other bodily substance other than blood or urine, under this section, the person shall be given oral and written notice that:
- (1) There is no right to consult with an attorney regarding whether to submit to testing, but, after the completion of the testing, the person may request and has the right to consult with an attorney and may secure additional testing;
- (2) if the person refuses to submit to and complete the test or tests, or the person's driving privileges will be suspended for a period of one year;
- (3) if the person fails a test, the person's driving privileges will be suspended for a period of at least either 30 days and up to or one year;
- (3)(4) refusal to submit to testing may be used against the person at any trial or hearing on a charge arising out of the operation or attempted operation of a vehicle while under the influence of alcohol or drugs, or both; and
- (4)(5) the results of the testing may be used against the person at any trial or hearing on a charge arising out of the operation or attempted operation of a vehicle while under the influence of alcohol or drugs, or both.
- (d) When requesting a test or tests of blood or urine, under this section, the person shall be given oral and written notice that:
- (1) If the person refuses to submit to and complete the test or tests, or the person's driving privileges will be suspended for a period of one year;
- (2) if the person fails a test, the person's driving privileges will be suspended for a period of at least either 30 days and up to or one year;
- $\frac{(2)}{3}$ the results of the testing may be used against the person at any trial or hearing on a charge arising out of the operation or attempted operation of a vehicle while under the influence of alcohol or drugs, or both; and
 - $\frac{3}{4}$ after the completion of the testing, the person may request

and has the right to consult with an attorney and may secure additional testing.

- (e) Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit the right of a law enforcement officer to conduct any search of a person's breath or other bodily substance, other than blood or urine, incident to a lawful arrest pursuant to the constitution of the United States, with or without providing the person the advisories authorized in subsection (c), nor limit the admissibility at any trial or hearing of alcohol or drug concentration testing results obtained pursuant to such a search.
- (f) Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit the right of a law enforcement officer to conduct or obtain a blood or urine test of a person pursuant to a warrant under K.S.A. 22-2502, and amendments thereto, the constitution of the United States or a judicially recognized exception to the search warrant requirement, with or without providing the person the advisories authorized in subsection (d), nor limit the admissibility at any trial or hearing of alcohol or drug concentration testing results obtained pursuant to such a search.
- (g) A law enforcement officer may direct a medical professional, as described in subsection (h), to draw one or more samples of blood from a person to determine the blood's alcohol or drug concentration:
- (1) If the person has given consent, with or without the advisories in subsection (d), and meets the requirements of subsection (b);
- (2) if law enforcement has obtained a search warrant authorizing the collection of blood from the person; or
- (3) if the person refuses or is unable to consent to submit to and complete a test, and another judicially recognized exception to the warrant requirement applies.
- (h) If a law enforcement officer is authorized to collect one or more tests of blood under this section, the withdrawal of blood at the direction of the officer may be performed only by: (1) A person licensed to practice medicine and surgery, licensed as a physician assistant, or a person acting under the direction of any such licensed person; (2) a registered nurse or a licensed practical nurse; (3) any qualified medical technician, including, but not limited to, an advanced emergency medical technician or a paramedic, as those terms are defined in K.S.A. 65-6112, and amendments thereto, authorized by medical protocol; or (4) a phlebotomist.
- (i) When so directed by a law enforcement officer through a written statement, the medical professional shall withdraw the sample of blood as soon as practical and shall deliver the sample to the law enforcement officer or another law enforcement officer as directed by the requesting law enforcement officer as soon as practical, provided the collection of the sample does not jeopardize the person's life, cause serious injury to the person or seriously impede the person's medical assessment, care or treatment. The medical professional authorized herein to withdraw the blood and the medical care facility where the blood is drawn may act on good faith that the requirements have been met for directing the withdrawing of blood once presented with the written statement provided for under this subsection. The medical professional shall not require the person that is the subject of the test or tests to provide any additional consent or sign any waiver form. In such a case, the person authorized to withdraw blood and the medical care facility shall not be liable in any action alleging lack of consent or lack of informed consent.

Such sample or samples shall be an independent sample and not be a portion of a sample collected for medical purposes. The person collecting the blood sample shall complete the collection portion of a document, if provided by law enforcement.

(j) If a person must be restrained to collect the sample pursuant to

this section, law enforcement shall be responsible for applying any such restraint utilizing acceptable law enforcement restraint practices. The restraint shall be effective in controlling the person in a manner not to jeopardize the person's safety or that of the medical professional or attending medical or health care staff during the drawing of the sample and without interfering with medical treatment.

- (k) If a law enforcement officer is authorized to collect one or more tests of urine, the collection of the urine sample shall be supervised by: (1) A person licensed to practice medicine and surgery, licensed as a physician assistant, or a person acting under the direction of any such licensed person; (2) a registered nurse or a licensed practical nurse; or (3) a law enforcement officer of the same sex as the person being tested. The collection of the urine sample shall be conducted out of the view of any person other than the persons supervising the collection of the sample and the person being tested, unless the right to privacy is waived by the person being tested. When possible, the supervising person shall be a law enforcement officer. The results of qualitative testing for drug presence shall be admissible in evidence and questions of accuracy or reliability shall go to the weight rather than the admissibility of the evidence. If the person is medically unable to provide a urine sample in such manner due to the injuries or treatment of the injuries, the same authorization and procedure as used for the collection of blood in subsections (g) and (i) shall apply to the collection of a urine sample.
- (l) No law enforcement officer who is acting in accordance with this section shall be liable in any civil or criminal proceeding involving the action.
- (m) If a law enforcement officer has probable cause to believe that the person has been driving a commercial motor vehicle, as defined in K.S.A. 8-2,128, and amendments thereto, while having alcohol or other drugs in such person's system, the person shall also be provided the oral and written notice pursuant to K.S.A. 8-2,145, and amendments thereto. Any failure to give the notices required by K.S.A. 8-2,145, and amendments thereto, shall not invalidate any action taken as a result of the requirements of this section. If a law enforcement officer has probable cause to believe that the person has been operating or attempting to operate a vehicle while having alcohol or other drugs in such person's system and such person was under 21 years of age, the person also shall be given the notices required by K.S.A. 8-1567a, and amendments thereto. Any failure to give the notices required by K.S.A. 8-1567a, and amendments thereto, shall not invalidate any action taken as a result of the requirements of this section.
- (n) The person's refusal shall be admissible in evidence against the person at any trial on a charge arising out of the alleged operation or attempted operation of a vehicle while under the influence of alcohol or drugs, or both.
- (o) If a law enforcement officer had probable cause to believe the person had been driving a commercial motor vehicle, as defined in K.S.A. 8-2,128, and amendments thereto, and the test results show a blood or breath alcohol concentration of 0.04 or greater, the person shall be disqualified from driving a commercial motor vehicle, pursuant to K.S.A. 8-2,142, and amendments thereto. If a law enforcement officer had probable cause to believe the person had been driving any motor vehicle, the person fails a test, as defined in K.S.A. 8-1013(h), and amendments thereto, or the person refuses a test, the person's driving privileges shall be subject to suspension, or suspension and restriction, pursuant to this section, in addition to being disqualified from driving a commercial motor vehicle pursuant to K.S.A. 8-2,142, and amendments thereto.

- (p) Failure of a person to provide an adequate breath sample or samples as directed shall constitute a refusal unless the person shows that the failure was due to physical inability caused by a medical condition unrelated to any ingested alcohol or drugs.
- (q) It shall not be a defense that the person did not understand the written or oral notice authorized by this section.
- (r) No test results shall be suppressed because of irregularities not affecting the substantial rights of the accused in the consent or notice authorized pursuant to this act. Failure to provide any or all of the notices set forth in subsection (c) or (d) shall not be an issue or defense in any action other than an administrative action regarding the subject's driving privileges.
- (s) Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit the admissibility at any trial of alcohol or drug concentration testing results obtained pursuant to a search warrant or other judicially recognized exception to the warrant requirement.
- (t) Upon the request of any person submitting to testing under this section, a report of the results of the testing shall be made available to such person when available.
- (u) This act is remedial law and shall be liberally construed to promote public health, safety and welfare.
- Sec. 2. K.S.A. 2018 Supp. 8-1012 is hereby amended to read as follows: 8-1012. (a) Any person who operates or attempts to operate a vehicle within this state is deemed to have given consent to submit to a preliminary screening test of the person's breath or saliva, or both, subject to the provisions set out in subsection (b).
- (b)—A law enforcement officer may request a person who is operating or attempting to operate a vehicle within this state to submit to a preliminary screening test of the person's breath or—saliva oral fluid, or both, if the officer has reasonable suspicion to believe the person has been operating or attempting to operate a vehicle while under the influence of alcohol or drugs or both alcohol and drugs.
- (e) At the time the test is requested, the person shall be given oral notice that: (1) There is no right to consult with an attorney regarding whether to submit to testing; (2) refusal to submit to testing is a traffic infraction; and (3) further testing may be required after the preliminary screening test. Failure to provide the notice shall not be an issue or defense in any action. The law enforcement officer then shall request the person to submit to the test.
- (d) Refusal to take and complete the test as requested is a traffic infraction.
- (b) If the person submits to the test, the results shall be used for the purpose of assisting law enforcement officers in determining whether an arrest should be made and whether to request the tests authorized by K.S.A. 8-1001, and amendments thereto. A law enforcement officer may arrest a person based in whole or in part upon the results of a preliminary screening test. Such results shall not be admissible in any civil or criminal action concerning the operation of or attempted operation of a vehicle except to aid the court or hearing officer in determining a challenge to the validity of the arrest or the validity of the request to submit to a test pursuant to K.S.A. 8-1001, and amendments thereto. Following the preliminary screening test, additional tests may be requested pursuant to K.S.A. 8-1001, and amendments thereto.
- (e)(c) Any preliminary screening of a person's breath shall be conducted with a device approved pursuant to K.S.A. 65-1,107, and amendments thereto. Any preliminary screening of a person's oral fluid shall be conducted in accordance with rules and regulations, if any, approved pursuant to K.S.A. 75-712h, and amendments thereto.

- Sec. 3. K.S.A. 2018 Supp. 8-2118 is hereby amended to read as follows: 8-2118. (a) A person charged with a traffic infraction shall, except as provided in subsection (b), appear at the place and time specified in the notice to appear. If the person enters an appearance, waives right to trial, pleads guilty or no contest, the fine shall be no greater than that specified in the uniform fine schedule in subsection (c) and court costs shall be taxed as provided by law.
- (b) Prior to the time specified in the notice to appear, a person charged with a traffic infraction may enter a written appearance, waive right to trial, plead guilty or no contest and pay the fine for the violation as specified in the uniform fine schedule in subsection (c) and court costs provided by law. Payment may be made in any manner accepted by the court. The traffic citation shall not have been complied with if the payment is not honored for any reason, or if the fine and court costs are not paid in full. When a person charged with a traffic infraction makes payment without executing a written waiver of right to trial and plea of guilty or no contest, the payment shall be deemed such an appearance, waiver of right to trial and plea of no contest.
- (c) The following uniform fine schedule shall apply uniformly throughout the state but shall not limit the fine which may be imposed following a court appearance, except an appearance made for the purpose of pleading and payment as permitted by subsection (a). The description of offense contained in the following uniform fine schedule is for reference only and is not a legal definition.

Description of Offense	Statute	Fine
Refusal to submit to a prelim-	8-1012	\$105
— inary breath test		
Unsafe speed for prevailing	8-1557	\$75
conditions		
Exceeding maximum speed	8-1558	1-10 mph over the
limit; or speeding in zone	to	limit, \$45
posted by the state depart-	8-1560	
ment of transportation; or	8-1560a	11-20 mph over the
speeding in locally posted	or	limit, \$45 plus \$6
zone	8-1560b	per mph over 10
		mph over the limit;
		21-30 mph over the
		limit, \$105 plus \$9
		per mph over 20
		mph over the limit;
		31 and more mph
		over the limit, \$195
		plus \$15 per mph
		over 30 mph over
Discharing too Co control do	0.1507	the limit;
Disobeying traffic control device	8-1507	\$75
Violating traffic control signal	8-1508	\$75
Violating pedestrian control	8-1509	\$45
signal		
Violating flashing traffic signals	8-1510	\$75
Violating lane-control signal	8-1511	\$75
Unauthorized sign, signal,	8-1512	\$45
marking or device		
Driving on left side of roadway	8-1514	\$75
Failure to keep right to pass oncoming vehicle	8-1515	\$75
Improper passing; increasing speed when passed	8-1516	\$75
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Improper passing on right	8-1517	\$75
Passing on left with insufficient clearance	8-1518	\$75
Driving on left side where	8-1519	\$75
curve, grade, intersec- tion railroad crossing,or		
obstructed view Driving on left in no-passing	8-1520	\$75
zone Unlawful passing of stopped	8-1520a	\$75
emergency vehicle Driving wrong direction on one-way road	8-1521	\$75
Improper driving on laned roadway	8-1522	\$75
Following too close	8-1523	\$75
Improper crossover on di-	8-1524	\$45
vided highway Failure to yield right-of-way	8-1526	\$75
at uncontrolled intersection	6-1320	\$13
Failure to yield to approaching vehicle when turning	8-1527	\$75
left	0.1500	47.
Failure to yield at stop or yield sign	8-1528	\$75
Failure to yield from private road or driveway	8-1529	\$75
Failure to yield to emergency vehicle	8-1530	\$195
Failure to yield to pedestrian or vehicle working on roadway	8-1531	\$105
Failure to comply with restrictions in road construction zone	8-1531a	\$45
Disobeying pedestrian traffic control device	8-1532	\$45
Failure to yield to pedestrian in crosswalk; pedestrian suddenly entering road-	8-1533	\$75
way; passing vehicle stopped for pedestrian at crosswalk		
Improper pedestrian crossing	8-1534	\$45
Failure to exercise due care in	8-1535	\$45
regard to pedestrian		
Improper pedestrian move- ment in crosswalk	8-1536	\$45
Improper use of roadway by pedestrian	8-1537	\$45
Soliciting ride or business on roadway	8-1538	\$45
Driving through safety zone	8-1539	\$45
Failure to yield to pedestrian on sidewalk	8-1540	\$45
Failure of pedestrian to yield to emergency vehicle	8-1541	\$45
Failure to yield to blind pe- destrian	8-1542	\$45
destrian		

Pedestrian disobeying bridge or railroad signal	8-1544	\$45
Improper turn or approach	8-1545	\$75
Improper "U" turn	8-1546	\$75
Unsafe starting of stopped	8-1547	\$45
vehicle		
Unsafe turning or stopping,	8-1548	\$75
failure to give proper sig-		
nal; using turn signal un-		
lawfully		
Improper method of giving	8-1549	\$45
	0-1349	\$43
notice of intention to turn	0.4.5.0	
Improper hand signal	8-1550	\$45
Failure to stop or obey	8-1551	\$195
road crossing signal		
Failure to stop at railroad	8-1552	\$135
crossing stop sign		•
Certain hazardous vehicles	8-1553	\$195
	0-1333	\$193
failure to stop at railroad		
crossing		
Improper moving of heavy	8-1554	\$75
equipment at railroad		
crossing		
Vehicle emerging from alley,	8-1555	\$75
private roadway, building		• • •
or driveway		
•	8-1556	\$315
Improper passing of school	8-1330	\$313
bus; improper use of		
school bus signals		
Improper passing of church	8-1556a	\$195
or day-care bus; improper		
use of signals		
Impeding normal traffic	8-1561	\$45
by slow speed		
Speeding on motor-driven	8-1562	\$75
cycle	0 1202	Ψ75
	0 1562	¢15
Speeding in certain vehicles	8-1563	\$45
or on posted bridge	0.4.7.00	
Improper stopping, standing	8-1569	\$45
or parking on roadway		
Parking, standing or stopping	8-1571	\$45
in prohibited area		
Improper parking	8-1572	\$45
Unattended vehicle	8-1573	\$45
Improper backing	8-1574	\$45
	8-1575	\$45
Driving on sidewalk		
Driving with view or driving	8-1576	\$45
mechanism obstructed		
Unsafe opening of vehicle	8-1577	\$45
door		
Riding in house trailer	8-1578	\$45
Unlawful riding on vehicle	8-1578a	\$75
Improper driving in defiles,	8-1579	\$45
canyons, or on grades	0 1377	ΨΙ
	Q 150N	¢ 15
Coasting	8-1580	\$45
Following fire apparatus too	8-1581	\$75
closely		
Driving over fire hose	8-1582	\$45
Putting glass, etc., on high-	8-1583	\$105
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way		
Driving into intersection,	8-1584	\$45
crosswalk, or crossing		
without sufficient space		
on other side		
Improper operation of snow-	8-1585	\$45
mobile on highway		
Parental responsibility of	8-1586	\$45
child riding bicycle		
Not riding on bicycle seat;	8-1588	\$45
too many persons on		
bicycle		
Clinging to other vehicle	8-1589	\$45
Improper riding of bicycle on	8-1590	\$45
roadway	0.4.504	* • • •
Carrying articles on bicycle;	8-1591	\$45
one hand on handlebars	0.1702	0.4 7
Improper bicycle lamps,	8-1592	\$45
brakes or reflectors	0.1504	¢15
Improper operation of mo-	8-1594	\$45
torcycle; seats; passen-		
gers, bundles Improper operation of motor	8-1595	\$75
cycle on laned roadway	0-1393	\$13
Motorcycle clinging to other	8-1596	\$45
vehicle	0-1370	ΨΤΟ
Improper motorcycle handle-	8-1597	\$75
bars or passenger	0 1377	Ψ73
equipment		
Motorcycle helmet and eye-	8-1598	\$45
protection requirements	0 10,0	Ψ.0
Unlawful operation of all-ter-	8-15,100	\$75
rain vehicle	,	*
Unlawful operation of	8-15,101	\$75
low-speed vehicle	ŕ	
Littering	8-15,102	\$115
Disobeying school crossing	8-15,103	\$75
guard		
Unlawful operation of micro	8-15,106	\$75
utility truck		
Failure to remove vehicles in	8-15,107	\$75
accidents		
Unlawful operation of golf	8-15,108	\$75
cart	0.45.400	
Unlawful operation of work-	8-15,109	\$75
site utility vehicle	0.15.110	Φ.C.O.
Unlawful display of license	8-15,110	\$60
plate	0 15 111	¢(0
Unlawful text messaging	8-15,111	\$60 \$45
Unlawful passing of a waste collection vehicle	8-15,112	\$45
Equipment offenses that are	8-1701	\$75
not misdemeanors	0-1/01	\$13
Driving without lights when	8-1703	\$45
needed	0-1/03	ΦτΟ
Defective headlamps	8-1705	\$45
Defective tail lamps	8-1706	\$45
Defective tall lamps Defective reflector	8-1707	\$45
Improper stop lamp or turn	8-1708	\$45
1 1 1 1 1 1		* -

signal		
Improper lighting equipment on certain vehicles	8-1710	\$45
Improper lamp color on cer- tain vehicles	8-1711	\$45
Improper mounting of re- flectors and lamps on cer- tain vehicles	8-1712	\$45
Improper visibility of reflec- tors and lamps on certain vehicles	8-1713	\$45
No lamp or flag on projecting load	8-1715	\$75
Improper lamps on parked vehicle	8-1716	\$45
Improper lights, lamps, re- flectors and emblems on farm tractors or slow- moving vehicles	8-1717	\$45
Improper lamps and equip- ment on implements of husbandry, road machin- ery or animal-drawn ve- hicles	8-1718	\$45
Unlawful use of spot, fog, or auxiliary lamp	8-1719	\$45
Improper lamps or lights on emergency vehicle	8-1720	\$45
Improper stop or turn signal	8-1721	\$45
Improper vehicular hazard warning lamp	8-1722	\$45
Unauthorized additional lighting equipment	8-1723	\$45
Improper multiple-beam lights	8-1724	\$45
Failure to dim headlights	8-1725	\$75
Improper single-beam head- lights	8-1726	\$45
Improper speed with alter- nate lighting	8-1727	\$45
Improper number of driving lamps	8-1728	\$45
Unauthorized lights and sig- nals	8-1729	\$45
Improper school bus lighting equipment and warning devices	8-1730	\$45
Unauthorized lights and devices on church or daycare bus	8-1730a	\$45
Improper lights on highway construction or maintenance vehicles	8-1731	\$45
Defective brakes	8-1734	\$45
Defective or improper use of	8-1738	\$45
horn or warning device		ψ.5
Defective muffler	8-1739	\$45
Defective mirror	8-1740	\$45
Defective wipers; obstructed	8-1741	\$45
windshield or windows		

Improper tires	8-1742	\$45 \$45
Improper flares or warning devices	8-1744	\$45
Improper use of vehicular hazard warning lamps and devices	8-1745	\$45
Improper air-conditioning equipment	8-1747	\$45
Improper safety belt or shoulder harness	8-1749	\$45
Improper wide-based single tires	8-1742b	\$75
Improper compression re- lease engine braking sys- tem	8-1761	\$75
Defective motorcycle head- lamp	8-1801	\$45
Defective motorcycle tail lamp	8-1802	\$45
Defective motorcycle reflec- tor	8-1803	\$45
Defective motorcycle stop lamps and turn signals	8-1804	\$45
Defective multiple-beam lighting	8-1805	\$45
Improper road-lighting equipment on motor-driven cycles	8-1806	\$45
Defective motorcycle or motor-driven cycle brakes	8-1807	\$45
Improper performance abil- ity of brakes	8-1808	\$45
Operating motorcycle with disapproved braking system	8-1809	\$45
Defective horn, muffler, mirrors or tires	8-1810	\$45
Unlawful statehouse parking Exceeding gross weight of vehicle or combination	75-4510a 8-1909	\$30 Pounds Overweight up to 1000\$40 1001 to 20003¢
Exceeding gross weight on any axle or tandem, triple or quad axles	8-1908	per pound 2001 to 50005¢ per pound 5001 to 75007¢ per pound 7501 and over10¢ per pound Pounds Overweight up to 1000\$40 1001 to 20003¢ per pound 2001 to 50005¢ per pound 5001 to 75007¢ per pound 7501 and over10¢ per pound
Failure to obtain proper re-	66-1324	\$287

gistration, clearance or to have current cer-		
tification		
Insufficient liability insur-	66-1,128	\$137
ance for motor carriers	or 66-1314	
Failure to obtain interstate	79-34,122	\$137
motor fuel tax author-		
ization		
No authority as private or	66-1,111	\$137
common carrier		
Violation of motor carrier	66-1,129	\$115
safety rules and regula-		
tions, except for viola-		
tions specified in K.S.A.		
66-1,130(b)(2), and		
amendments thereto		

- (d) Traffic offenses classified as traffic infractions by this section shall be classified as ordinance traffic infractions by those cities adopting ordinances prohibiting the same offenses. A schedule of fines for all ordinance traffic infractions shall be established by the municipal judge in the manner prescribed by K.S.A. 12-4305, and amendments thereto. Such fines may vary from those contained in the uniform fine schedule contained in subsection (c).
- (e) Fines listed in the uniform fine schedule contained in subsection (c) shall be doubled if a person is convicted of a traffic infraction, which is defined as a moving violation in accordance with rules and regulations adopted pursuant to K.S.A. 8-249, and amendments thereto, committed within any road construction zone as defined in K.S.A. 8-1458a, and amendments thereto.
- (f) For a second violation of K.S.A. 8-1908 or 8-1909, and amendments thereto, within two years after a prior conviction of K.S.A. 8-1908 or 8-1909, and amendments thereto, such person, upon conviction shall be fined 1½ times the applicable amount from one, but not both, of the schedules listed in the uniform fine schedule contained in subsection (c). For a third violation of K.S.A. 8-1908 or 8-1909, and amendments thereto, within two years, after two prior convictions of K.S.A. 8-1908 or 8-1909, and amendments thereto, such person, upon conviction shall be fined two times the applicable amount from one, but not both, of the schedules listed in the uniform fine schedule contained in subsection (c). For a fourth and each succeeding violation of K.S.A. 8-1908 or 8-1909, and amendments thereto, within two years after three prior convictions of K.S.A. 8-1908 or 8-1909, and amendments thereto, such person, upon conviction shall be fined 2½ times the applicable amount from one, but not both, of the schedules listed in the uniform fine schedule contained in subsection (c).
- (g) Fines listed in the uniform fine schedule contained in subsection (c) relating to exceeding the maximum speed limit, shall be doubled if a person is convicted of exceeding the maximum speed limit in a school zone authorized under K.S.A. 8-1560(a)(4), and amendments thereto.
- (h) For a second violation of K.S.A. 8-1556, and amendments thereto, within five years after a prior conviction of K.S.A. 8-1556, and amendments thereto, such person, upon conviction, shall be fined \$750 for the second violation. For a third and each succeeding violation of K.S.A. 8-1556, and amendments thereto, within five years after two prior convictions of K.S.A. 8-1556, and amendments thereto, such person, upon conviction, shall be fined \$1,000 for the third and each succeeding violation.

- Sec. 4. K.S.A. 2018 Supp. 75-712h is hereby amended to read as follows: 75-712h. The director of the Kansas bureau of investigation is authorized to adopt rules and regulations establishing: (a) Criteria for preliminary screening devices for testing of—saliva oral fluid for law enforcement purposes, based on health and performance considerations; and (b) a list of preliminary screening devices—which that are approved for testing of—saliva oral fluid for law enforcement purposes and—which that law enforcement agencies may purchase and train officers to use as aids in determining probable cause to arrest and grounds for requiring testing pursuant to K.S.A. 8-1001, and amendments thereto.
- Sec. 5. K.S.A. 2018 Supp. 8-1012, 8-1025, 8-2118 and 75-712h are hereby repealed.
- Sec. 6. On and after July 1, 2019, K.S.A. 2018 Supp. 8-1001 is hereby repealed.
- Sec. 7. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its publication in the Kansas register.

I hereby certify that the above Bill originated in the House, and passed

Passed the Senate

President of the Senate.

Secretary of the Senate.

Approved

Governor.