An Act concerning alcoholic beverages; relating to licensure; issuance of temporary permits and producer licenses; designation of official wine grapes of the state; delivery of alcoholic liquor, reporting requirements; serving of samples of alcoholic liquor; sales within a common consumption area; amending K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 41-102, as amended by section 4 of chapter 56 of the 2017 Session Laws of Kansas, K.S.A. 41-2644 and 41-2648 and K.S.A. 2018 Supp. 41-304, 41-308a, 41-310, 41-316, 41-317, 41-319, 41-355, 41-719, 41-2601, 41-2608, 41-2614, 41-2622, 41-2629, 41-2637, 41-2641, 41-2642 and 41-2659 and repealing the existing sections; also repealing K.S.A. 2018 Supp. 41-347, 41-2645 and 41-2657.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

New Section 1. (a) A temporary permit shall allow the permit holder to offer for sale, sell and serve alcoholic liquor for consumption on licensed or unlicensed premises, or on premises that are otherwise subject to a separate temporary permit, that may be open to the public, subject to the terms of such permit. A temporary permit shall also authorize the permit holder to sell, in accordance with rules and regulations adopted by the secretary, alcoholic liquor at a charitable auction, or one or more limited issue porcelain containers containing alcoholic liquor.

- (b) A temporary permit holder may charge a fee for entrance into the premises described in the permit, or any portion thereof.
- (c) The director may issue a temporary permit to any one or more persons or organizations applying for such a permit, in accordance with rules and regulations of the secretary. The permit shall be issued in the names of the persons or organizations to which it is issued.
- (d) Applications for temporary permits shall be required to be filed with the director not less than 14 days before the event for which the permit is sought, unless the director waives such requirement for good cause. The application shall be upon a form prescribed by the director. Each application shall be electronically submitted and accompanied by a non-refundable permit fee of \$25 for each day for which the permit is issued, and such fee shall be paid by a check or credit card in the full amount thereof. All permit fees collected by the director pursuant to this section shall be remitted to the state treasurer in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 75-4215, and amendments thereto. Upon receipt of each such remittance, the state treasurer shall deposit the entire amount in the state treasury to the credit of the state general fund.
- (d) Each application for a temporary permit shall specify the premises for which they are issued, including a diagram of the premises covered by the temporary permit. The diagram shall clearly show the boundaries of the premises, entrances to and exits from the premises and the area in which the service of alcoholic liquor would take place. A temporary permit shall be issued only for premises where the city, county or township zoning code allows the use for which the permit is issued. No temporary permit shall be issued for premises that are not located in a county where the qualified electors of the county:
- (1) (A) Approved, by a majority vote of those voting thereon, to adopt the proposition amending section 10 of article 15 of the constitution of the state of Kansas at the general election in November, 1986; or
- (B) have approved a proposition to allow the sale of liquor by the individual drink in public places within the county at an election pursuant to K.S.A. 41-2646, and amendments thereto; and
- (2) have not approved a proposition to prohibit such sales of alcoholic liquor in such places at a subsequent election pursuant to K.S.A. 41-2646, and amendments thereto.
- (e) (1) A temporary permit may be issued for the consumption of alcoholic liquor on a city, county or township street, alley, road, sidewalk or highway for an event if: (A) Such street, alley, road,

sidewalk or highway is closed to motor vehicle traffic by the governing body of such city, county or township for such event; (B) a written request for such consumption and possession of such alcoholic liquor has been made to the local governing body; and (C) the event has been approved by the governing body of such city, county or township by ordinance or resolution.

The boundaries of any such event shall be clearly marked by signs, a posted map or other means which reasonably identify the area in which alcoholic liquor may be possessed or consumed at such event.

- (2) Drinking establishments that are immediately adjacent to, or located within the licensed premises of an event, for which a temporary permit has been issued and the consumption of alcoholic liquor on public property has been approved, may request that the drinking establishment's licensed premises be extended into and made a part of the licensed premises of the event, for the duration of the temporary permit issued for such event.
- (3) Each licensee selling alcoholic liquor for consumption on the premises of an event for which a temporary permit has been issued shall be liable for violations of all laws governing the sale and consumption of alcoholic liquor.
- (4) Each temporary permit holder selling alcoholic liquor for consumption on the permit premises shall be liable for all violations of laws governing the sale and consumption of alcoholic liquor that occur in areas covered by multiple temporary permits.
- (f) (1) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, a temporary permit shall be issued for a period of time not to exceed three consecutive days, the dates and hours of which shall be specified in the permit. An applicant may not be issued more than four temporary permits in a calendar year.
- (2) The director may issue a sufficient number of temporary permits as required by the state fair board, valid for the entire period of time of the Kansas state fair, which authorizes the sale of wine in its original, unopened container and the serving by the drink of wine or beer, or both, on the state fairgrounds on premises specified in the temporary permit, by a person who has entered into an agreement with the state fair board for that purpose subject to the conditions imposed by the state fair board. Nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to limit the number of temporary permits the director may issue for the sale of wine or beer, or both, on the state fairgrounds consistent with the requirements of the state fair board.
- (3) For an event approved by the governing body of a city, county or township pursuant to subsection (e)(1), the director may issue a temporary permit, which may, at the director's discretion, be valid for the entire period of such event, but in no event shall such permit be issued for a period of time that exceeds 30 consecutive days.
- (g) An application for a temporary permit may be rejected by the director if:
- (1) The applicant has been granted four permits in the current calendar year;
- (2) the application was not filed with the director at least 14 days prior to the event;
- (3) the applicant, or any officer, director, partner, registered agent, trustee, manager or owner of the applicant has previously owned or operated any entity holding a temporary permit, club, drinking establishment or caterer's license, had such permit or license surrendered, and at the time such permit or license was surrendered had been ordered to appear and show cause why the permit or license should not be revoked or suspended;
- (4) the applicant has designated an area for an event that was the subject of the order to appear and show cause as set forth in paragraph (3),

and it appears that the new application for a temporary permit covering the premises is an attempt to avoid any possible remedial action taken by the director against the former permit or license holder; or

- (5) the applicant has had a license or permit revoked under the club and drinking establishment act, or has been convicted of a violation of the Kansas liquor control act, the club and drinking establishment act, the Kansas cereal malt beverage act or the provisions of K.S.A. 79-41a01 et seq., and amendments thereto.
- (h) (1) A temporary permit holder may purchase and possess alcoholic liquor for resale for a period of three days prior to the first day of sale of such alcoholic liquor. A distributor may, without any further permission from the director, deliver such alcoholic liquor to the permit premises.
- (2) If a licensee has sold alcoholic liquor to a temporary permit holder, and a distributor directly delivers such alcoholic liquor to such temporary permit holder, but such licensee's normal hours of operation make immediate payment to the distributor impossible, the licensee may pay the retailer and the retailer may pay the distributor for such alcoholic liquor within 48 hours of the sale.
- (3) Within three business days after the end of an event conducted pursuant to a temporary permit, the temporary permit holder may sell back to the retailer or farm winery from whom alcoholic liquor was purchased any alcoholic liquor sold to the temporary permit holder for such event.
- (4) Upon written permission from the director and after four business days after the end of an event conducted pursuant to a temporary permit, the temporary permit holder may sell back to the licensee from whom alcoholic liquor was purchased any alcoholic liquor sold to the temporary permit holder for such event.
  - (i) A temporary permit shall not be transferable or assignable.
- (j) Each temporary permit holder shall not employ or use the services of any person:
  - (1) Who is under the age of 18 years to serve alcoholic liquor;
- (2) who is under the age of 21 years to mix or dispense drinks containing alcoholic liquor;
- (3) who is under the age of 21 and not supervised by the temporary permit holder or an employee who is at least 21 years of age;
- (4) who has been convicted of a felony or of any crime involving a morals charge to dispense, mix or serve alcoholic liquor; or
- (5) who has been convicted within the previous two years of a violation of any intoxicating liquor law of this state, any other state or the United States, to dispense, mix or serve alcoholic liquor.
- New Sec. 2. (a) A temporary permit holder shall only purchase alcoholic liquor from a retailer or a farm winery and may receive delivery of such alcoholic liquor from a distributor.
- (b) Temporary permit holders shall only purchase alcoholic liquor from a retailer who possesses a federal wholesaler's basic permit and who has a sign on display at the licensed premises that states that the licensee is a "Wholesale Liquor Dealer Under Federal Law." All alcoholic liquor purchased on any one day shall be removed from the licensed premises of the retailer or farm winery within 48 hours. Temporary permit holders shall not warehouse any alcoholic liquor on the licensed premises of any retailer or farm winery for more than 48 hours.
- (c) Each temporary permit holder, when purchasing alcoholic liquor from a retailer or farm winery, shall obtain and keep for at least one year from the date of purchase a sales receipt that contains the following information:
  - (1) The date of purchase;
  - (2) the name and address of the retailer or farm winery;
  - (3) the name and address of the temporary permit holder as it

appears on the temporary permit;

- (4) the brand, size, proof and amount of all alcoholic liquor purchased; and
- (5) the subtotal of the cost of all alcoholic liquor purchased, and the total cost of such purchase, including enforcement tax.
- (d) Each temporary permit holder shall be responsible for all violations of the club and drinking establishment act by the following people while on the permit premises:
- (1) An employee of the temporary permit holder, or of any person contracting with the temporary permit holder to provide services or food in connection with an event; or
- (2) any individual dispensing, mixing or serving alcoholic liquor at an event.
- (e) Except for a temporary permit holder who has obtained such permit for the sale of alcoholic liquor at a charitable auction or for the sale of one or more limited issue porcelain containers containing alcoholic liquor, no temporary permit holder shall sell alcoholic liquor for removal from or consumption off the licensed premises, except that alcoholic liquor may be removed to a drinking establishment that has extended its premises into the event area in accordance with K.S.A. 41-2608, and amendments thereto.
- (f) The boundary of any premises covered by a temporary permit shall be marked by a line of demarcation.
- New Sec. 3. (a) All alcoholic liquor sold at an event covered by a temporary permit shall be dispensed only from original containers.
- (b) An individual may carry an original container of alcoholic liquor onto the event premises with the approval of the temporary permit holder and under the following conditions:
- (1) The temporary permit holder shall not store any such containers of alcoholic liquor on the event premises; and
- (2) each individual carrying any such container onto the event premises shall remove such container when the individual exits the event premises.
- New Sec. 4. Notwithstanding any other provisions of the Kansas liquor control act or the club and drinking establishment act to the contrary, any person or entity who is issued a temporary permit may provide samples of wine, beer and distilled spirits on the permit premises as follows:
- (a) All wine, beer and spirits sampled shall come from the inventory of the temporary permit holder. Except as provided by paragraph (2), a person other than the temporary permit holder, or such permit holder's agent or employee, may not dispense or participate in the dispensing of alcoholic beverages under this section.
- (b) A supplier's permit holder, or such permit holder's agent or employee, may provide samples of wine, beer and distilled spirits on the permit premises, and may open, touch or pour such alcoholic liquor, make a presentation, or answer questions at such sampling events. Any alcoholic liquor sampled under this subsection must be purchased from a retailer or the temporary permit holder on whose premises the sampling event is held.
  - (c) No charge of any sort may be made for a sample serving.
- (d) A person may be served more than one sample. Samples may not be served to a minor. No samples may be removed from the permit premises.
- (e) The act of providing samples to consumers shall be exempt from the requirement of holding a Kansas food service dealer license from the department of agriculture under the provisions of chapter 65 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto.
- New Sec. 5. The provisions of beer and cereal malt beverage keg registration act, K.S.A. 41-2901 through 41-2906, and amendments

thereto, shall not apply to retail sales of alcoholic liquor to temporary permit holders.

- New Sec. 6. (a) The provisions of sections 1 through 5, and amendments thereto, shall be subject to the enforcement provisions of the Kansas liquor control act and the club and drinking establishment act and the rules and regulations adopted under such acts.
- (b) The secretary of revenue may adopt rules and regulations for the administration and enforcement of sections 1 through 5, and amendments thereto.
- (c) Those terms used in sections 1 through 5, and amendments thereto, that are defined in K.S.A. 41-102 or 41-2601, and amendments thereto, shall have the same meaning as such terms are defined in K.S.A. 41-102 or 41-2601, and amendments thereto, as the case may be.
- New Sec. 7. Chambourcin, a complex red wine grape variety, is hereby designated as the official red wine grape of the state of Kansas.
- New Sec. 8. Vignoles, a complex white wine grape variety, is hereby designated as the official white wine grape of the state of Kansas.
- New Sec. 9. (a) Every express company or other common carrier that delivers any alcoholic liquors from outside the state for delivery in the state to consumers shall prepare and file monthly with the director of alcoholic beverage control a report of known alcoholic liquors shipped by such carrier. The report shall contain: (1) The name of the express company or other common carrier that delivers the alcoholic liquors; (2) the period of time covered by the report; (3) the name and business address of the consignor of such alcoholic liquors; (4) the weight of the package delivered to each consignee; (5) a unique tracking number; and (6) the date of delivery. Except as provided for in subsection (d), all reports submitted pursuant to this subsection shall be open records available for public inspection in accordance with the open records act.
- (b) Upon request by the director, any additional records supporting the report shall be made available to the director by any express company or other common carrier. Any records containing information relating to such reports shall be kept and preserved for a period of two years unless the destruction of such records is authorized in writing by the director.
- (c) Any express company or other common carrier that willfully fails, neglects or refuses to file any report pursuant to subsection (a) shall be subject to a civil penalty of not more than \$500.
- (d) If any of the reports required by subsection (a) include any information relating to the name or address of a consignee of any alcoholic liquors, such information shall be redacted from the reports that are made available for public inspection. The provisions of this subsection providing for the confidentiality of certain public records shall expire on July 1, 2024, unless the legislature reviews and reenacts such provisions in accordance with K.S.A. 45-229, and amendments thereto, prior to July 1, 2024.
- (e) The provisions of this section shall be a part of and supplemental to the Kansas liquor control act.
- Sec. 10. K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 41-102, as amended by section 4 of chapter 56 of the 2017 Session Laws of Kansas, is hereby amended to read as follows: 41-102. As used in this act, unless the context clearly requires otherwise:
- (a) "Alcohol" means the product of distillation of any fermented liquid, whether rectified or diluted, whatever its origin, and includes synthetic ethyl alcohol but does not include denatured alcohol or wood alcohol.
- (b) "Alcoholic liquor" means alcohol, spirits, wine, beer and every liquid or solid, patented or not, containing alcohol, spirits, wine or beer and capable of being consumed as a beverage by a human being, but shall not include any cereal malt beverage.
  - (c) "Beer" means a beverage, containing more than 3.2% alcohol by

weight, obtained by alcoholic fermentation of an infusion or concoction of barley, or other grain, malt and hops in water and includes beer, ale, stout, lager beer, porter and similar beverages having such alcoholic content.

- (d) "Caterer" has the meaning provided by K.S.A. 41-2601, and amendments thereto.
- (e) "Cereal malt beverage" has the meaning provided by K.S.A. 41-2701, and amendments thereto.
- (f) "Club" has the meaning provided by K.S.A. 41-2601, and amendments thereto.
- (g) "Director" means the director of alcoholic beverage control of the department of revenue.
- (h) "Distributor" means the person importing or causing to be imported into the state, or purchasing or causing to be purchased within the state, alcoholic liquor for sale or resale to retailers licensed under this act or cereal malt beverage for sale or resale to retailers licensed under K.S.A. 41-2702, and amendments thereto.
- (i) "Domestic beer" means beer which contains not more than 10% alcohol by weight and which is manufactured in this state.
- (j) "Domestic fortified wine" means wine which contains more than 14%, but not more than 20% alcohol by volume and which is manufactured in this state.
- (k) "Domestic table wine" means wine which contains not more than 14% alcohol by volume and which is manufactured without rectification or fortification in this state.
- (l) "Drinking establishment" has the meaning provided by K.S.A. 41-2601, and amendments thereto.
- (m) "Farm winery" means a winery licensed by the director to manufacture, store and sell domestic table wine and domestic fortified wine.
  - (n) "Hard cider" means any alcoholic beverage that:
  - (1) Contains less than 8.5% alcohol by volume;
- (2) has a carbonation level that does not exceed 6.4 grams per liter; and
- (3) is obtained by the normal alcoholic fermentation of the juice of sound, ripe apples or pears, including such beverages containing sugar added for the purpose of correcting natural deficiencies.
- (o) "Manufacture" means to distill, rectify, ferment, brew, make, mix, concoct, process, blend, bottle or fill an original package with any alcoholic liquor, beer or cereal malt beverage.
- (p) (1) "Manufacturer" means every brewer, fermenter, distiller, rectifier, wine maker, blender, processor, bottler or person who fills or refills an original package and others engaged in brewing, fermenting, distilling, rectifying or bottling alcoholic liquor, beer or cereal malt beverage.
- (2) "Manufacturer" does not include a microbrewery, microdistillery or a farm winery.
- (q) "Microbrewery" means a brewery licensed by the director to manufacture, store and sell domestic beer and hard cider.
- (r) "Microdistillery" means a facility which produces spirits from any source or substance that is licensed by the director to manufacture, store and sell spirits.
  - (s) "Minor" means any person under 21 years of age.
- (t) "Nonbeverage user" means any manufacturer of any of the products set forth and described in K.S.A. 41-501, and amendments thereto, when the products contain alcohol or wine, and all laboratories using alcohol for nonbeverage purposes.
- (u) "Original package" means any bottle, flask, jug, can, cask, barrel, keg, hogshead or other receptacle or container whatsoever, used, corked or capped, sealed and labeled by the manufacturer of alcoholic liquor, to contain and to convey any alcoholic liquor. Original container does not

include a sleeve.

- (v) "Person" means any natural person, corporation, partnership, trust or association.
- (w) "Powdered alcohol" means alcohol that is prepared in a powdered or crystal form for either direct use or for reconstitution in a nonalcoholic liquid.
- (x) "Primary American source of supply" means the manufacturer, the owner of alcoholic liquor at the time it becomes a marketable product or the manufacturer's or owner's exclusive agent who, if the alcoholic liquor cannot be secured directly from such manufacturer or owner by American wholesalers, is the source closest to such manufacturer or owner in the channel of commerce from which the product can be secured by American wholesalers.
- (y) (1) "Retailer" means a person who is licensed under the Kansas liquor control act and sells at retail, or offers for sale at retail, alcoholic liquors or cereal malt beverages.
- (2) "Retailer" does not include a microbrewery, microdistillery or a farm winery.
- (z) "Sale" means any transfer, exchange or barter in any manner or by any means whatsoever for a consideration and includes all sales made by any person, whether principal, proprietor, agent, servant or employee.
  - (aa) "Salesperson" means any natural person who:
- (1) Procures or seeks to procure an order, bargain, contract or agreement for the sale of alcoholic liquor or cereal malt beverage; or
- (2) is engaged in promoting the sale of alcoholic liquor or cereal malt beverage, or in promoting the business of any person, firm or corporation engaged in the manufacturing and selling of alcoholic liquor or cereal malt beverage, whether the seller resides within the state of Kansas and sells to licensed buyers within the state of Kansas, or whether the seller resides without the state of Kansas and sells to licensed buyers within the state of Kansas.
- (bb) "Sample" means a serving of alcoholic liquor that contains not more than: (1) One-half ounce of distilled spirits; (2) one ounce of wine; or (3) two ounces of beer or cereal malt beverage. A sample of a mixed alcoholic beverage shall contain not more than ½ ounce of distilled spirits.
  - (cc) "Secretary" means the secretary of revenue.
- (ce)(dd) (1) "Sell at retail" and "sale at retail" refer to and mean sales for use or consumption and not for resale in any form and sales to clubs, licensed drinking establishments, licensed caterers or holders of temporary permits.
- (2) "Sell at retail" and "sale at retail" do not refer to or mean sales by a distributor, a microbrewery, a farm winery, a licensed club, a licensed drinking establishment, a licensed caterer or a holder of a temporary permit.
- (dd)(ee) "To sell" includes to solicit or receive an order for, to keep or expose for sale and to keep with intent to sell.
- (ee)(ff) "Sleeve" means a package of two or more 50-milliliter (3.2-fluid-ounce) containers of spirits.
- (ff)(gg) "Spirits" means any beverage which contains alcohol obtained by distillation, mixed with water or other substance in solution, and includes brandy, rum, whiskey, gin or other spirituous liquors, and such liquors when rectified, blended or otherwise mixed with alcohol or other substances.
- (gg)(hh) "Supplier" means a manufacturer of alcoholic liquor or cereal malt beverage or an agent of such manufacturer, other than a salesperson.
- (hh)(ii) "Temporary permit" has the meaning provided by K.S.A. 41-2601, and amendments thereto.
  - (ii)(jj) "Wine" means any alcoholic beverage obtained by the normal

alcoholic fermentation of the juice of sound, ripe grapes, fruits, berries or other agricultural products, including such beverages containing added alcohol or spirits or containing sugar added for the purpose of correcting natural deficiencies. The term "wine" shall include hard cider and any other product that is commonly known as a subset of wine.

- Sec. 11. K.S.A. 2018 Supp. 41-304 is hereby amended to read as follows: 41-304. Licenses issued by the director shall be of the following classes: (a) Manufacturer's license; (b) spirits distributor's license; (c) wine distributor's license; (d) beer distributor's license; (e) retailer's license; (f) microbrewery license; (g) microdistillery license; (h) farm winery license; (i) producer's license; and—(i) (j) nonbeverage user's license.
- Sec. 12. K.S.A. 2018 Supp. 41-308a is hereby amended to read as follows: 41-308a. (a) A farm winery license shall allow:
- (1) The manufacture of domestic table wine and domestic fortified wine in a quantity not exceeding 100,000 gallons per year and the storage thereof;
- (2) the sale of wine, manufactured by the licensee, to licensed wine distributors, retailers, public venues, clubs, drinking establishments, holders of temporary permits as authorized by-K.S.A. 41-2645 section 1, and amendments thereto, and caterers;
- (3) the manufacture for and sale of wine to holders of producer licenses as authorized by K.S.A. 2018 Supp. 41-355, and amendments thereto. Wine manufactured for a producer licensee shall be included in the farm winery licensee's annual production for purposes of subsection (c). The label for any such wine manufactured by the farm winery licensee, as filed with the alcohol and tobacco tax and trade bureau of the United States department of the treasury, may be owned by either the farm winery or the producer licensee for whom the wine was manufactured;
- (4) the sale, on the licensed premises and at special events monitored and regulated by the division of alcoholic beverage control in the original unopened container to consumers for consumption off the licensed premises, of wine manufactured by the licensee;
- (4)(5) the serving free of charge on the licensed premises and at special events, monitored and regulated by the division of alcoholic beverage control, of samples of wine manufactured by the licensee or imported under subsection (e), if the licensed premises are located in a county where the sale of alcoholic liquor is permitted by law in licensed drinking establishments;
- (5)(6) the sale of wine manufactured by the licensee for consumption on the licensed premises, provided, the licensed premises are located in a county where the sale of alcoholic liquor is permitted by law in licensed drinking establishments. Wine sold pursuant to this paragraph shall not be subject to the provisions of the club and drinking establishment act, K.S.A. 41-2601 et seq., and amendments thereto, and no drinking establishment license shall be required to make such sales;
- (6)(7) if the licensee is also licensed as a club or drinking establishment, the sale of domestic wine, domestic fortified wine and other alcoholic liquor for consumption on the licensed premises as authorized by the club and drinking establishment act;
- (7)(8) if the licensee is also licensed as a caterer, the sale of domestic wine, domestic fortified wine and other alcoholic liquor for consumption on the unlicensed premises as authorized by the club and drinking establishment act;
- (8)(9) the sale and shipping, in the original unopened container, to consumers outside this state of wine manufactured by the licensee, provided that the licensee complies with applicable laws and rules and regulations of the jurisdiction to which the wine is shipped; and
  - (9)(10) the sale and shipping of wine within this state pursuant to a

permit issued pursuant to K.S.A. 2018 Supp. 41-350, and amendments thereto.

- (b) Upon application and payment of the fee prescribed by K.S.A. 41-310, and amendments thereto, by a farm winery licensee, the director may issue not to exceed three winery outlet licenses to the farm winery licensee. A winery outlet license shall allow:
- (1) The sale, on the licensed premises and at special events monitored and regulated by the division of alcoholic beverage control in the original unopened container to consumers for consumption off the licensed premises, of wine manufactured by the licensee;
- (2) the serving on the licensed premises of samples of wine manufactured by the licensee or imported under subsection (e), if the premises are located in a county where the sale of alcoholic liquor is permitted by law in licensed drinking establishments; and
- (3) the manufacture of domestic table wine and domestic fortified wine and the storage thereof; provided, that the aggregate quantity of wine produced by the farm winery licensee, including all winery outlets, shall not exceed 100,000 gallons per year.
- (c) Not less than 30% of the products utilized in the manufacture of domestic table wine and domestic fortified wine by a farm winery shall be grown in Kansas except when a lesser proportion is authorized by the director based upon the director's findings and judgment. The production requirement of this subsection shall be determined based on the annual production of domestic table wine and domestic fortified wine by the farm winery.
- (d) A farm winery or winery outlet may sell domestic wine and domestic fortified wine in the original unopened container to consumers for consumption off the licensed premises at any time between 6 a.m. and 12 midnight on any day. If authorized by subsection (a), a farm winery may serve samples of wine manufactured by the licensee and wine imported under subsection (e) and serve and sell domestic wine, domestic fortified wine and other alcoholic liquor for consumption on the licensed premises at any time when a club or drinking establishment is authorized to serve and sell alcoholic liquor. If authorized by subsection (b), a winery outlet may serve samples of domestic wine, domestic fortified wine and wine imported under subsection (e) at any time when the winery outlet is authorized to sell domestic wine and domestic fortified wine.
- (e) The director may issue to the Kansas state fair or any bona fide group of grape growers or wine makers a permit to import into this state small quantities of wines. Such wine shall be used only for bona fide educational and scientific tasting programs and shall not be resold. Such wine shall not be subject to the tax imposed by K.S.A. 41-501, and amendments thereto. The permit shall identify specifically the brand and type of wine to be imported, the quantity to be imported, the tasting programs for which the wine is to be used and the times and locations of such programs. The secretary shall adopt rules and regulations governing the importation of wine pursuant to this subsection and the conduct of tasting programs for which such wine is imported.
- (f) A farm winery license or winery outlet license shall apply only to the premises described in the application and in the license issued and only one location shall be described in the license.
  - (g) No farm winery or winery outlet shall:
- (1) Employ any person under the age of 18 years in connection with the manufacture, sale or serving of any alcoholic liquor;
- (2) permit any employee of the licensee who is under the age of 21 years to work on the licensed premises at any time when not under the onpremise supervision of either the licensee or an employee of the licensee who is 21 years of age or over;
- (3) employ any person under 21 years of age in connection with mixing or dispensing alcoholic liquor; or

- (4) employ any person in connection with the manufacture or sale of alcoholic liquor if the person has been convicted of a felony.
- (h) Whenever a farm winery or winery outlet licensee is convicted of a violation of the Kansas liquor control act, the director may revoke the licensee's license and order forfeiture of all fees paid for the license, after a hearing before the director for that purpose in accordance with the provisions of the Kansas administrative procedure act.
- (i) This section shall be part of and supplemental to the Kansas liquor control act.
- Sec. 13. K.S.A. 2018 Supp. 41-310 is hereby amended to read as follows: 41-310. (a) At the time application is made to the director for a license of any class, the applicant shall pay the fee provided by this section.
- (b) The fee for a manufacturer's license to manufacture alcohol and spirits shall be \$5,000.
- (c) The fee for a manufacturer's license to manufacture beer and cereal malt beverage shall be:
  - (1) For 1 to 100 barrel daily capacity or any part thereof, \$400.
  - (2) For 100 to 150 barrel daily capacity, \$800.
  - (3) For 150 to 200 barrel daily capacity, \$1,400.
  - (4) For 200 to 300 barrel daily capacity, \$2,000.
  - (5) For 300 to 400 barrel daily capacity, \$2,600.
  - (6) For 400 to 500 barrel daily capacity, \$2,800.
  - (7) For 500 or more barrel daily capacity, \$3,200.

As used in this subsection, "daily capacity" means the average daily barrel production for the previous 12 months of manufacturing operation. If no basis for comparison exists, the licensee shall pay in advance for operation during the first term of the licensee a fee of \$2,000.

- (d) The fee for a manufacturer's license to manufacture wine shall be \$1,000.
- (e) (1) The fee for a microbrewery license, a microdistillery license or a farm winery license shall be \$500.
  - (2) The fee for a winery outlet license shall be \$100.
- (3) The fee for a microbrewery packaging and warehousing facility license shall be \$200.
- (4) The fee for a microdistillery packaging and warehousing facility license shall be \$200.
- (f) The fee for a spirits distributor's license for the first and each additional distributing place of business operated in this state by the licensee and wholesaling and jobbing spirits shall be \$2,000.
- (g) The fee for a wine distributor's license for the first and each additional distributing place of business operated in this state by the licensee and wholesaling and jobbing wine shall be \$2,000.
- (h) The fee for a beer distributor's license, for the first and each additional wholesale distributing place of business operated in this state by the licensee and wholesaling or jobbing beer and cereal malt beverage shall be \$2,000.
  - (i) The fee for a nonbeverage user's license shall be:
  - (1) For class 1, \$20.
  - (2) For class 2, \$100.
  - (3) For class 3, \$200.
  - (4) For class 4, \$400.
  - (5) For class 5, \$1,000.
- (j) In addition to the license fees prescribed by subsections (b), (c), (d), (f), (g), (h) and (i):
- (1) Any city in which the licensed premises are located may levy and collect a biennial occupation or license tax on the licensee in an amount not exceeding the amount of the license fee required to be paid under this act to obtain the license, but no city shall impose an occupation or privilege tax on the licensee in excess of that amount; and

- (2) any township in which the licensed premises are located may levy and collect a biennial occupation or license tax on the licensee in an amount not exceeding the amount of the license fee required to be paid under this act to obtain the license, but no township shall impose an occupation or privilege tax on the licensee in excess of that amount; the township board of the township is authorized to fix and impose the tax and the tax shall be paid by the licensee to the township treasurer, who shall issue a receipt therefor to the licensee and shall cause the tax paid to be placed in the general fund of the township.
  - (k) The fee for a retailer's license shall be \$500.
  - (l) In addition to the license fee prescribed by subsection (k):
- (1) Any city in which the licensed premises are located may levy and collect a biennial occupation or license tax on the licensee in an amount not less than \$200 nor more than \$600, but no other occupation or excise tax or license fee shall be levied by any city against or collected from the licensee; and
- (2) any township in which the licensed premises are located may levy and collect a biennial occupation or license tax on the licensee in an amount not less than \$200 nor more than \$600; the township board of the township is authorized to fix and impose the tax and the tax shall be paid by the licensee to the township treasurer, who shall issue a receipt therefor to the licensee and shall cause the tax paid to be placed in the general fund of the township.
  - (m) The fee for a producer's license shall be \$200.
- (n) The license term for a license shall commence on the date the license is issued by the director effective date as specified on the license and shall end two years after that date. The director may, at the director's sole discretion and after examination of the circumstances, extend the license term of any license for not more than 30 days beyond the date such license would expire pursuant to this section. Any extension of the license term by the director pursuant to this section shall automatically extend the due date for payment by the licensee of any occupation or license tax levied by a city or township pursuant to this section by the same number of days the director has extended the license term.
- Sec. 14. K.S.A. 2018 Supp. 41-316 is hereby amended to read as follows: 41-316. Licenses to manufacturers, distributors, microbreweries, microdistilleries, farm wineries, *producers* and nonbeverage users of alcoholic liquors shall be issued and renewed by the director to qualified applicants upon written application, receipt of bond properly executed and payment in advance of the state registration fee and the license fee.
- Sec. 15. K.S.A. 2018 Supp. 41-317 is hereby amended to read as follows: 41-317. (a) Applications for all licenses under this act shall be completed and submitted to the director in a manner prescribed by the director. Each applicant shall submit an application fee of \$30 for each initial application and \$10 for each renewal application to defray the cost of processing the application.
- (b) Each applicant shall submit to the division of alcoholic beverage control the full amount of the application fee and:
- (1) The full amount of the license fee required to be paid for the kind of license specified in the application; or
- (2) one-half of the full amount of the license fee required to be paid for the kind of license specified in the application.
- (c) If the applicant elects to pay only one-half of the license fee pursuant to subsection (b)(2), the remaining one-half of the license fee plus 10% of such remaining balance shall be due and payable one year from the date of issuance of the license. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, failure to pay the full amount due under this subsection on the date it is due shall result in the automatic cancellation of such license for the remainder of the license term. The director may, at the director's sole discretion and after examination of the circumstances,

extend the date payment is due pursuant to this subsection for not more than 30 days beyond the date such payment is originally due.

- (d) Any license fee paid by an applicant shall be returned to the applicant if the application is denied.
- (e) Payment of all fees required to be paid pursuant to this section may be made by personal, certified or cashier's check, United States post office money order, debit or credit card or cash, or by electronic payment authorized by the applicant in a manner prescribed by the director.
- (f) All fees received by the director pursuant to this section shall be remitted by the director to the state treasurer in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 75-4215, and amendments thereto. Upon receipt of each such remittance, the state treasurer shall deposit the entire amount in the state treasury to the credit of the state general fund.
- (g) Every applicant for a manufacturer's, distributor's, nonbeverage user's, microbrewery, microdistillery, farm winery, retailer's, *producer's* or special order shipping license shall file with the application a joint and several bond on a form prescribed by the director and executed by good and sufficient corporate sureties licensed to do business within the state of Kansas to the director, in the following amounts:
  - (1) For a manufacturer, \$25,000;
- (2) for a spirits distributor, \$15,000 or an amount equal to the highest monthly liability of the distributor for taxes imposed by the Kansas liquor control act for any of the 12 months immediately prior to renewal of the distributor's license, whichever amount is greater;
- (3) for a beer or wine distributor, \$5,000 or an amount equal to the highest monthly liability of the distributor for taxes imposed by the Kansas liquor control act for any of the 12 months immediately prior to renewal of the distributor's license, whichever amount is greater;
  - (4) for a retailer, \$2,000;
- (5) for nonbeverage users, \$200 for class 1, \$500 for class 2, \$1,000 for class 3, \$5,000 for class 4 and \$10,000 for class 5;
  - (6) for a microbrewery, microdistillery or a farm winery, \$2,000; and
  - (7) for a producer, \$500; and
- (8) for a winery holding a special order shipping license, \$750, unless the winery has already complied with subsection (g)(6).

If a distributor holds or applies for more than one distributor's license, only one bond for all such licenses shall be required, which bond shall be in an amount equal to the highest applicable bond.

- (h) All bonds required by this section shall be conditioned on the licensee's compliance with the provisions of this act and payment of all taxes, fees, fines and forfeitures that may be assessed against the licensee.
- Sec. 16. K.S.A. 2018 Supp. 41-319 is hereby amended to read as follows: 41-319. (a) Except as provided by subsection (b), within 30 days after an application is filed for a retailer's, microbrewery, microdistillery of, farm winery license or producer license and within 20 days after an application is filed for a manufacturer's, distributor's or nonbeverage user's license, the director shall enter an order either denying or granting the license. If the director does not enter an order within the time prescribed, the license applied for shall be deemed to have been denied. The director, with the written consent of the applicant for a license, may delay entering an order on an application for an additional period of not to exceed 30 days.
- (b) In order to complete any national criminal history record check of an applicant who submitted any application after January 31, 2001, and if the applicant is not a resident of the state of Kansas on the date of submission of such application or has not been a resident for at least one year immediately preceding the date of submission of such application the director shall enter an order either denying or granting the license within 90 days after such application is filed. If the director does not enter an order within the time prescribed, the license applied for shall be deemed

to have been denied. The director, with the written consent of the applicant for a license, may delay entering an order on an application for an additional period of not to exceed 30 days.

- Sec. 17. K.S.A. 2018 Supp. 41-355 is hereby amended to read as follows: 41-355. (a) Any person engaged in business as a vineyard with not less than 100 vines of sound, ripe grapes or other type of agricultural producer with an annual harvest of 1,000 pounds of other sound, ripe fruits or berries or 100 pounds of honey may apply to the director for an annual vineyard permit and be issued up to two producer licenses.
- (b) A producer license shall apply only to the premises described in the application and in the issued license.
- (c) A vineyard permit producer license shall authorize the sale in the original, unopened container and the serving by the drink of wine on the premises specified in the permit license. A vineyard permit producer license also shall authorize the permit license holder to conduct wine tastings in accordance with K.S.A. 2018 Supp. 41-308d, and amendments thereto, on the premises specified in the permit license. All wine sold or served by the permit license holder shall be produced, in whole or in part, using sound, ripe grapes, fruits, berries or honey grown or produced by the permit license holder and, shall be manufactured by a farm winery and shall be purchased by the license holder from such farm winery.
- (e)(d) Any wine not consumed on the premises shall be disposed of by the permit license holder or, prior to its removal from the property, securely re-sealed and placed in a tamper-proof, transparent bag—which that is sealed in a manner that makes it visibly apparent if the bag is subsequently opened.
- (d)(e) Permits issued under this section shall be valid for one year from the date of issuance If the producer licensee is also licensed as a club or drinking establishment, the producer's license shall allow the sale of domestic wine, domestic fortified wine and other alcoholic liquor for consumption on the licensed premises as authorized by the club and drinking establishment act. If the producer licensee is also licensed as a cereal malt beverage licensee, the producer's license shall allow the sale of cereal malt beverage and beer not exceeding 6% alcohol by volume for consumption on the licensed premises as authorized by the Kansas cereal malt beverage act.
  - (e) The annual fee for a vineyard permit shall be \$100.
- (f) The officers, directors, shareholders or managers of a producer licensee shall meet the qualifications of K.S.A. 41-311(a), and amendments thereto.
- (f)(g) (1) Each producer licensee shall maintain records of all sales made under the license, including sales of agricultural products to a farm winery and sales to consumers, and maintain records of all purchases of wine manufactured by such farm winery, for at least three years after the date of the sale or purchase.
- (2) The records required by this subsection shall be available for inspection by the director, any agent or employee of the director, the secretary or any law enforcement officer.
- (3) Each record of a sale or purchase required by this subsection shall be maintained on the premises specified in the license for at least 90 days after such sale or purchase.
- (4) Any record of a sale or purchase required by this subsection may be stored electronically and maintained off the premises specified in the license after 90 days have passed since such sale or purchase.
- (h) The secretary may adopt rules and regulations as necessary to implement the provisions of this section.
- (i) (1) Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit a person from possessing alcoholic liquor or cereal malt beverage not purchased from the licensee on the premises licensed pursuant to this section.
  - (2) Nothing in this section shall prevent a licensee from adopting a

policy prohibiting the possession of alcoholic liquor or cereal malt beverage not purchased from the licensee on the licensee's premises licensed pursuant to this section.

- $\frac{g}{g}(j)$  This section shall be *a* part of and supplemental to the Kansas liquor control act.
- Sec. 18. K.S.A. 2018 Supp. 41-719 is hereby amended to read as follows: 41-719. (a) (1) Except as otherwise provided herein and in K.S.A. 8-1599, and amendments thereto, no person shall drink or consume alcoholic liquor on the public streets, alleys, roads or highways or inside vehicles while on the public streets, alleys, roads or highways.
- (2) Alcoholic liquor may be consumed at a special event or catered event held on public streets, alleys, roads, sidewalks or highways when:
- (A) A temporary permit has been issued pursuant to K.S.A. 41-2645 K.S.A. 41-2703, and amendments thereto, or section 1, and amendments thereto, for such special an event or when the;
- (B) a caterer's licensee has provided the required notification for a catered event pursuant to K.S.A. 41-2643, and amendments thereto. Any special event; or
- (C) a public venue, hotel, hotel caterer, drinking establishment caterer or drinking establishment licensee has been authorized to extend its licensed premises pursuant to K.S.A. 41-2608, and amendments thereto.
- (3) Consumption of alcoholic liquor on public streets, alleys, roads, sidewalks or highways must be approved, by ordinance or resolution, by the local governing body of any city, county or township where such special event is being held consumption will occur. No alcoholic liquor may be consumed inside vehicles while on public streets, alleys, roads or highways at any special event or eatered event time.
- (3)(4) No person shall remove any alcoholic liquor from inside the boundaries of a special an event as designated by the governing body of any city, county or township, or from the boundaries of the a catered event or from the extended licensed premises of a public venue, hotel, hotel caterer, drinking establishment caterer or drinking establishment. The boundaries of a special event-Such boundaries shall be clearly marked by signs, a posted map or other means which reasonably identify the area in which alcoholic liquor may be possessed or consumed at such special event.
- (4) No person shall possess or consume alcoholic liquor inside the premises licensed as a special event that was not sold or provided by the licensee holding the temporary permit for such special event.
- (b) Alcoholic liquor may be consumed within common consumption areas designated by a city or county on public streets, alleys, roads, sidewalks or highways pursuant to K.S.A. 2018 Supp. 41-2659, and amendments thereto, except that no alcoholic liquor may be consumed inside vehicles while on public streets, alleys, roads or highways within a common consumption area. Further, no person shall remove any alcoholic liquor from inside the boundaries of the common consumption area which shall be clearly designated by a physical barrier.
- (c) No person shall drink or consume alcoholic liquor on private property except:
- (1) On premises where the sale of liquor by the individual drink is authorized by the club and drinking establishment act;
- (2) upon private property by a person occupying such property as an owner or lessee of an owner and by the guests of such person, if no charge is made for the serving or mixing of any drink or drinks of alcoholic liquor or for any substance mixed with any alcoholic liquor and if no sale of alcoholic liquor in violation of K.S.A. 41-803, and amendments thereto, takes place;
- (3) in a lodging room of any hotel, motel or boarding house by the person occupying such room and by the guests of such person, if no

charge is made for the serving or mixing of any drink or drinks of alcoholic liquor or for any substance mixed with any alcoholic liquor and if no sale of alcoholic liquor in violation of K.S.A. 41-803, and amendments thereto, takes place;

- (4) in a private dining room of a hotel, motel or restaurant, if the dining room is rented or made available on a special occasion to an individual or organization for a private party and if no sale of alcoholic liquor in violation of K.S.A. 41-803, and amendments thereto, takes place;
- (5) on the premises of a manufacturer, microbrewery, microdistillery or farm winery, if authorized by K.S.A. 41-305, 41-308a, 41-308b or K.S.A. 2018 Supp. 41-354, and amendments thereto;
- (6) on the premises of an unlicensed business as authorized pursuant to subsection (j); or
- (7) within a common consumption area established pursuant to K.S.A. 2018 Supp. 41-2659, and amendments thereto.
- (d) No person shall drink or consume alcoholic liquor on public property except:
- (1) On real property leased by a city to others under the provisions of K.S.A. 12-1740 through 12-1749, and amendments thereto, if such real property is actually being used for hotel or motel purposes or purposes incidental thereto.
- (2) In any state-owned or operated building or structure, and on the surrounding premises, which is furnished to and occupied by any state officer or employee as a residence.
- (3) On premises licensed as a club or drinking establishment and located on property owned or operated by an airport authority created pursuant to chapter 27 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto, or established by a city.
- (4) On the state fair grounds on the day of any race held thereon pursuant to the Kansas parimutuel racing act.
- (5) On the state fairgrounds, if: (A) The alcoholic liquor is domestic beer or wine or wine imported under K.S.A. 41-308a(e), and amendments thereto, and is consumed only for purposes of judging competitions; (B) the alcoholic liquor is wine or beer and is sold and consumed during the days of the Kansas state fair on premises leased by the state fair board to a person who holds a temporary permit issued pursuant to—K.S.A. 41-2645 K.S.A. 41-2703, and amendments thereto, or section 1, and amendments thereto, authorizing the sale and serving of such wine or beer, or both; or (C) the alcoholic liquor is consumed on nonfair days in conjunction with bona fide scheduled events involving not less than 75 invited guests and the state fair board, in its discretion, authorizes the consumption of the alcoholic liquor, subject to any conditions or restrictions the board may require.
- (6) In the state historical museum provided for by K.S.A. 76-2036, and amendments thereto, on the surrounding premises and in any other building on such premises, as authorized by rules and regulations of the state historical society.
- (7) On the premises of any state-owned historic site under the jurisdiction and supervision of the state historical society, on the surrounding premises and in any other building on such premises, as authorized by rules and regulations of the state historical society.
- (8) In a lake resort within the meaning of K.S.A. 32-867, and amendments thereto, on state-owned or leased property.
- (9) On the premises of any Kansas national guard regional training center or armory, and any building on such premises, as authorized by rules and regulations of the adjutant general and upon approval of the Kansas military board.
- (10) On the premises of any land or waters owned or managed by the department of wildlife, parks and tourism, except as otherwise prohibited

by rules and regulations of the department adopted by the secretary pursuant to K.S.A. 32-805, and amendments thereto.

- (11) On property exempted from this subsection pursuant to subsection (e), (f), (g), (h) or (i).
- (12) On the premises of the state capitol building or on its surrounding premises during an official state function of a nonpartisan nature that has been approved by the legislative coordinating council.
- (13) On premises of a common consumption area established by K.S.A. 2018 Supp. 41-2659, and amendments thereto.
- (e) Any city may exempt, by ordinance, from the provisions of subsection (d) specified property the title of which is vested in such city.
- (f) The board of county commissioners of any county may exempt, by resolution, from the provisions of subsection (d) specified property the title of which is vested in such county.
- (g) The state board of regents may exempt from the provisions of subsection (d) the Sternberg museum on the campus of Fort Hays state university, or other specified property which is under the control of such board and which is not used for classroom instruction, where alcoholic liquor may be consumed in accordance with policies adopted by such board.
- (h) The board of regents of Washburn university may exempt from the provisions of subsection (d) the Mulvane art center and the Bradbury Thompson alumni center on the campus of Washburn university, and other specified property the title of which is vested in such board and which is not used for classroom instruction, where alcoholic liquor may be consumed in accordance with policies adopted by such board.
- (i) The board of trustees of a community college may exempt from the provisions of subsection (d) specified property which is under the control of such board and which is not used for classroom instruction, where alcoholic liquor may be consumed in accordance with policies adopted by such board.
- (j) (1) An unlicensed business may authorize patrons or guests of such business to consume alcoholic liquor on the premises of such business provided:
- (A) Such alcoholic liquor is in the personal possession of the patron and is not sold, offered for sale or given away by the owner of such business or any employees thereof;
- (B) possession and consumption of alcoholic liquor shall not be authorized between the hours of 12 a.m. and 9 a.m.;
- (C) the business, or any owner thereof, shall not have had a license issued under either the Kansas liquor control act or the club and drinking establishment act revoked for any reason; and
- (D) no charge of any sort may be made by the business for the privilege of possessing or consuming alcoholic liquor on the premises, or for mere entry onto the premises.
- (2) It shall be a violation of this section for any unlicensed business to authorize the possession or consumption of alcoholic liquor by a patron of such business when such authorization is not in accordance with the provisions of this subsection.
- (3) For the purposes of this subsection, "patron" means a natural person who is a customer or guest of an unlicensed business.
- (k) Violation of any provision of this section is a misdemeanor punishable by a fine of not less than \$50 or more than \$200 or by imprisonment for not more than six months, or both.
- (l) For the purposes of this section: (1) "Special event" means a pienic, bazaar, festival or other similar community gathering, which has been approved by the local governing body of any city, county ortownship; and
- (2), "common consumption area" has the *same* meaning as *that term is* defined in K.S.A. 2018 Supp. 41-2659, and amendments thereto.

- Sec. 19. K.S.A. 2018 Supp. 41-2601 is hereby amended to read as follows: 41-2601. As used in the club and drinking establishment act:
- (a) The following terms shall have the meanings provided by K.S.A. 41-102, and amendments thereto: (1) "Alcoholic liquor"; (2) "director"; (3) "original package"; (4) "person"; (5) "sale"; and (6) "to sell."
- (b) "Beneficial interest" shall not include any interest a person may have as owner, operator, lessee or franchise holder of a licensed hotel or motel on the premises of which a club or drinking establishment is located.
- (c) "Caterer" means an individual, partnership or corporation which sells alcoholic liquor by the individual drink, and provides services related to the serving thereof, on unlicensed premises which may be open to the public, but does not include a holder of a temporary permit, selling alcoholic liquor in accordance with the terms of such permit.
- (d) "Cereal malt beverage" has the meaning provided by K.S.A. 41-2701, and amendments thereto.
- (e) "Class A club" means a premises which is owned or leased by a corporation, partnership, business trust or association and which is operated thereby as a bona fide nonprofit social, fraternal or war veterans' club, as determined by the director, for the exclusive use of the corporate stockholders, partners, trust beneficiaries or associates (hereinafter referred to as members) and their families and guests accompanying them.
- (f) "Class B club" means a premises operated for profit by a corporation, partnership or individual, to which members of such club may resort for the consumption of food or alcoholic beverages and for entertainment.
  - (g) "Club" means a class A or class B club.
- (h) "Drinking establishment" means premises which may be open to the general public, where alcoholic liquor by the individual drink is sold. Drinking establishment includes a railway car.
- (i) "Food" means any raw, cooked or processed edible substance or ingredient, other than alcoholic liquor or cereal malt beverage, used or intended for use or for sale, in whole or in part, for human consumption.
- (j) "Food service establishment" has the meaning provided by K.S.A. 36-501, and amendments thereto.
- (k) "Hotel" has the meaning provided by K.S.A. 36-501, and amendments thereto.
- (l) "Individual drink" means a beverage containing alcoholic liquor or cereal malt beverage served to an individual for consumption by such individual or another individual, but which is not intended to be consumed by two or more individuals. The term "individual drink" includes beverages containing not more than: (1) Eight ounces of wine; (2) thirty-two ounces of beer or cereal malt beverage; or (3) four ounces of a single spirit or a combination of spirits.
- (m) "Minibar" means a closed cabinet, whether nonrefrigerated or wholly or partially refrigerated, access to the interior of which is restricted by means of a locking device which requires the use of a key, magnetic card or similar device.
  - (n) "Minor" means a person under 21 years of age.
- (o) "Morals charge" means a charge involving the sale of sexual relations; procuring any person; soliciting of a child under 18 years of age for any immoral act involving sex; possession or sale of narcotics, marijuana, amphetamines or barbiturates; rape; incest; gambling; illegal cohabitation; adultery; bigamy; or a crime against nature.
- (p) "Municipal corporation" means the governing body of any county or city.
- (q) "Public venue" means an arena, stadium, hall or theater, used primarily for athletic or sporting events, live concerts, live theatrical productions or similar seasonal entertainment events, not operated on a daily basis, and containing:

- (1) Not less than 4,000 permanent seats; and
- (2) not less than two private suites, which are enclosed or semienclosed seating areas, having controlled access and separated from the general admission areas by a permanent barrier.
- (r) "Railway car" means a locomotive drawn conveyance used for the transportation and accommodation of human passengers that is confined to a fixed rail route and which derives from sales of food for consumption on the railway car not less than 30% of its gross receipts from all sales of food and beverages in a 12-month period.
  - (s) "Restaurant" means:
- (1) In the case of a club, a licensed food service establishment which, as determined by the director, derives from sales of food for consumption on the licensed club premises not less than 50% of its gross receipts from all sales of food and beverages on such premises in a 12-month period;
- (2) in the case of a drinking establishment subject to a food sales requirement under K.S.A. 41-2642, and amendments thereto, a licensed food service establishment which, as determined by the director, derives from sales of food for consumption on the licensed drinking establishment premises not less than 30% of its gross receipts from all sales of food and beverages on such premises in a 12-month period; and
- (3) in the case of a drinking establishment subject to no food sales requirement under K.S.A. 41-2642, and amendments thereto, a licensed food service establishment.
- (t) "RV resort" means premises where a place to park recreational vehicles, as defined in K.S.A. 75-1212, and amendments thereto, is offered for pay, primarily to transient guests, for overnight or longer use while such recreational vehicles are used as sleeping or living accommodations.
- (u) "Sample" means a serving of alcoholic liquor-which that contains not more than: (1) One-half ounce of distilled spirits; (2) one ounce of wine; or (3) two ounces of beer or cereal malt beverage. A sample of a mixed alcoholic beverage shall contain not more than-one-half ½ ounce of distilled spirits.
  - (v) "Secretary" means the secretary of revenue.
- (w) "Temporary permit" means a temporary permit issued pursuant to K.S.A. 41-2645 section 1, and amendments thereto.
- Sec. 20. K.S.A. 2018 Supp. 41-2608 is hereby amended to read as follows: 41-2608. (a) Any public venue, club or drinking establishment license issued pursuant to this act shall be for one particular premises which shall be stated in the application and in the license. Not more than one premises licensed under the club and drinking establishment act shall exist at a single legal address.
- (b) No license shall be issued for a public venue, club or drinking establishment unless the city, township or county zoning code allows a club or drinking establishment at that location.
- (c) The licensed premises of a license may be extend into a city, county or township street, alley, road, sidewalk or highway if: (1) Such street, alley, road, sidewalk or highway is closed to motor vehicle traffic by the governing body of such city, county or township at any time during which alcoholic liquor is to be sold or consumed; and (2) such extension has been approved by the city, county or township by ordinance or resolution that specifies the exact times during which alcoholic liquor may be sold or consumed on the street, alley, road, sidewalk or highway.
- Sec. 21. K.S.A. 2018 Supp. 41-2614 is hereby amended to read as follows: 41-2614. (a) Except as provided by subsection (c), no public venue, club or drinking establishment shall allow the serving, mixing or consumption of alcoholic liquor on its premises between the hours of 2:00 a.m. and 6:00 a.m. on any day.
  - (b) No caterer shall allow the serving, mixing or consumption of

alcoholic liquor between the hours of 2:00 a.m. and 6:00 a.m. on any day at an event catered by such caterer.

- (c) A hotel of which the entire premises are licensed as a drinking establishment or as a drinking-establishment/eaterer establishment caterer may allow at any time the serving, mixing and consumption of alcoholic liquor and cereal malt beverage from a minibar in a guest room by guests registered to stay in such room, and guests of guests registered to stay in such room.
- Sec. 22. K.S.A. 2018 Supp. 41-2622 is hereby amended to read as follows: 41-2622. (a) At the time application is made to the director for a license pursuant to the club and drinking establishment act, the applicant shall pay the following license fee in the manner provided by K.S.A. 41-2606, and amendments thereto:
- (1) For a class A club which is a bona fide nonprofit fraternal or war veterans' club, as defined by rules and regulations of the secretary, \$500;
- (2) for a class A club which is a bona fide nonprofit social club, as defined by rules and regulations of the secretary, and which has not more than 500 members, \$1,000;
- (3) for a class A club which is a bona fide nonprofit social club, as defined by rules and regulations of the secretary, and which has more than 500 members, \$2,000;
  - (4) for a class B club, \$2,000;
  - (5) for a caterer, \$1,000;
  - (6) for a drinking establishment, \$2,000;
- (7) for a hotel of which the entire premises are licensed as a drinking establishment, \$6,000:
- (8) for a drinking—establishment/eaterer establishment caterer, \$3,000;
- (9) for a drinking establishment/eaterer establishment caterer, if the drinking establishment is a hotel of which the entire premises are licensed as a drinking establishment, \$7,000;
- (10) for a public venue with a maximum capacity of not more than 10,000 persons, \$5,000;
- (11) for a public venue with a maximum capacity of not more than 25,000 persons, \$7,500; and
- (12) for a public venue with a maximum capacity exceeding 25,000 persons, \$10,000.
- (b) In addition to the fee provided by subsection (a), any city where the licensed premises of a club or drinking establishment are located or, if such licensed premises are not located in a city, the board of county commissioners of the county where the licensed premises are located may levy and collect a biennial occupation or license tax from the licensee in an amount equal to not less than \$200 nor more than \$500.
- (c) In addition to the fee provided by subsection (a), any city where the licensed premises of a public venue is located or, if such licensed premises is not located in a city, the board of county commissioners of the county where the licensed premises is located may levy and collect a biennial occupation or license tax from the licensee in an amount not more than \$1,000.
- (d) No occupational or excise tax or license fee other than that authorized by subsection (b) or (c) shall be levied by any city or county against or collected from a licensed public venue, club or drinking establishment.
- (e) The director shall remit all moneys received under this section to the state treasurer in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 75-4215, and amendments thereto. Upon receipt of each such remittance, the state treasurer shall deposit the entire amount in the state treasury. Of each such deposit, 50% shall be credited to the state general fund, and the remaining 50% shall be credited to the other state fees fund of the Kansas department for aging and disability services. In addition to other purposes

for which expenditures may be made from the other state fees fund of the Kansas department for aging and disability services, expenditures may be made by the secretary for aging and disability services for the purpose of implementing the powers and duties of the secretary under the provisions of K.S.A. 65-4006 and 65-4007, and amendments thereto.

- Sec. 23. K.S.A. 2018 Supp. 41-2629 is hereby amended to read as follows: 41-2629. (a) A class B club, drinking establishment, public venue or caterer's license shall be issued for a term not to exceed two years-after issuance commencing on the effective date as specified on the license, except as otherwise provided by law, unless sooner suspended or revoked as provided in this act.
- (b) The director may, at the director's sole discretion and after examination of the circumstances, extend the license term of any license for not more than 30 days beyond such date the license would expire pursuant to this section. Any extension of the license term by the director pursuant to this section shall automatically extend the due date for payment by the licensee of any occupation or license tax levied by a city or township pursuant to K.S.A. 41-2622, and amendments thereto, by the same number of days the director has extended the license term.
- (c) A class B club, drinking establishment, public venue or caterer's license shall be purely a personal privilege and shall not constitute property, nor shall it be subject to attachment, garnishment or execution, nor shall it be alienable or transferable, voluntarily or involuntarily, or subject to being encumbered or hypothecated. A class B club, drinking establishment, public venue or caterer's license shall not descend by the laws of testate or intestate devolution but shall cease or expire upon the death of the licensee subject to subsection (d).
- (d) An executor, administrator or representative of the estate of any deceased holder of a class B club, drinking establishment, public venue or caterer's license, or the trustee of any insolvent or bankrupt class B club, drinking establishment, public venue or caterer's license may continue the licensee's business under order of the appropriate court and may exercise the privilege of the deceased, insolvent or bankrupt licensee after the death of such licensee or after such insolvency or bankruptcy until the expiration of such license, but in no case longer than one year after the death, insolvency or bankruptcy of such licensee.
- (e) When the licensee pays the full amount of the license fee upon application and is prevented from operating under such license in accordance with the provisions of this act for the entire second year of the license term, a refund shall be made of one-half of the license fee paid by such licensee. The secretary shall adopt, in accordance with K.S.A. 41-210, and amendments thereto, rules and regulations providing for the authorization of refunds of one-half of the license fee paid when the licensee does not use such license for the entire second year of the license term as a result of the cancellation of the license upon the request of the licensee for voluntary reasons.
- Sec. 24. K.S.A. 2018 Supp. 41-2637 is hereby amended to read as follows: 41-2637. (a) A license for a class A club shall allow the licensee to: (1) Offer for sale, sell and serve alcoholic liquor for consumption on the licensed premises by members and their families, and guests accompanying them; and (2) serve samples of alcoholic liquor free of charge for consumption by members and their families and guests accompanying them.

No charge of any sort may be made for a sample serving. A person may be served no more than five samples per visit. Samples may not be served to a minor. No samples may be removed from the licensed premises. No consideration shall be requested or required for entry onto the premises, participation in any event taking place on the premises or to remain on the premises.

(b) (1) Subject to the provisions of subsection (b)(2), any two or

more class A or class B clubs may permit, by an agreement filed with and approved by the director, the members of each such club to have access to all other clubs which are parties to such agreement. The privileges extended to the visiting members of other clubs under such an agreement shall be determined by the agreement and, if the agreement so provides, any club which is a party to such agreement may sell, offer for sale and serve, to any person who is a member of another club which is a party to such agreement, alcoholic liquor for consumption on the licensed premises by such person and such person's family, and guests accompanying them.

- (2) A class B club may enter into a reciprocal agreement authorized by subsection (b)(1) only if the class B club is a restaurant.
- (c) A licensee may store on its premises wine sold to a customer for consumption at a later date on its premises in the unopened container. Such wine must be kept separate from all other alcohol stock and in a secure locked area separated by customer. Such wine shall not be removed from the licensed premises in its unopened condition.

Sec. 25. K.S.A. 2018 Supp. 41-2641 is hereby amended to read as follows: 41-2641. (a) A license for a class B club shall allow the licensee to: (1) Offer for sale, sell and serve alcoholic liquor for consumption on the licensed premises by members of such club and guests accompanying them; and (2) serve samples of alcoholic liquor free of charge on the licensed premises for consumption by such members and their families and guests accompanying them.

No charge of any sort may be made for a sample serving. A personmay be served no more than five samples per visit. Samples may not be served to a minor. No samples may be removed from the licensed premises. Providing samples is prohibited for any licensee who charges a cover charge or entry fee at any time during the business day. No consideration shall be requested or required for entry onto the premises, participation in any event taking place on the premises or to remain on the premises.

- (b) (1) Subject to the provisions of subsection (b)(2), any two or more class A or class B clubs may permit, by an agreement filed with and approved by the director, the members of each such club to have access to all other clubs which are parties to such agreement. The privileges extended to the visiting members of other clubs under such an agreement shall be determined by the agreement and, if the agreement so provides, any club which is a party to such agreement may sell, offer for sale and serve, to any person who is a member of another club which is a party to such agreement, alcoholic liquor for consumption on the licensed premises by such person and such person's family, and guests accompanying them.
- (2) A class B club may enter into a reciprocal agreement authorized by subsection (b)(1) only if the class B club is a restaurant.
- (c) Except as provided by subsection (d), an applicant for membership in a class B club shall, before becoming a member of such club:
  - (1) Be screened by the club for good moral character; and
  - (2) pay an annual membership fee of not less than \$10.
- (d) Notwithstanding the membership fee requirement of subsection (c):
- (1) Any class B club located on the premises of a hotel or RV resort may establish rules whereby a guest, who registered at the hotel or RV resort and who is not a resident of the county in which the club is located, may file application for temporary membership in such club. The membership, if granted, shall be valid only for the period of time that the guest is a bona fide registered guest at the hotel or RV resort and such temporary membership shall not be subject to the fee requirement of this section.

- (2) Any class B club located on property which is owned or operated by a municipal airport authority and upon which consumption of alcoholic liquor is authorized by law may establish rules whereby an air traveler who is a holder of a current airline ticket may file application for temporary membership in such club for the day such air traveler's ticket is valid, and such temporary membership shall not be subject to the fee requirement of this section.
- (3) Any class B club may establish rules whereby military personnel of the armed forces of the United States on temporary duty and housed at or near any military installation located within the exterior boundaries of the state of Kansas may file application for temporary membership in such club. The membership, if granted, shall be valid only for the period of the training, not to exceed 20 weeks. Any person wishing to make application for temporary membership in a class B club under this subsection (d)(3) shall present the temporary duty orders to the club. Temporary membership issued under this subsection (d)(3) shall not be subject to the fee requirements of this section.
- (4) Any class B club may enter into a written agreement with a hotel or RV resort whereby a guest who is registered at the hotel or RV resort and who is not a resident of the county in which the club is located may file application for temporary membership in such club. The temporary membership, if granted, shall be valid only for the period of time that the guest is a bona fide registered guest at the hotel or RV resort and shall not be subject to the fee requirement of this section. A club may enter into a written agreement with a hotel or RV resort pursuant to this provision only if: (A) The hotel or RV resort is located in the same county as the club; (B) there is no class B club located on the premises of the hotel or RV resort; and (C) no other club has entered into a written agreement with the hotel or RV resort pursuant to this section.
- (5) Any class B club located in a racetrack facility where races with parimutuel wagering are conducted under the Kansas parimutuel racing act may establish rules whereby persons attending such races may file an application for temporary membership in such club for the day such person is attending such races, and such temporary membership shall not be subject to the fee requirement of this section.
- (e) A licensee may store on its premises wine sold to a customer for consumption at a later date on its premises in the unopened container. Such wine must be kept separate from all other alcohol stock and in a secure locked area separated by customer. Such wine shall not be removed from the licensed premises in its unopened condition.
- Sec. 26. K.S.A. 2018 Supp. 41-2642 is hereby amended to read as follows: 41-2642. (a) A license for a drinking establishment shall allow the licensee to offer for sale, sell and serve alcoholic liquor for consumption on the licensed premises which may be open to the public, and to serve samples of alcoholic liquor free of charge on licensed premises subject to the requirements of subsection (c), but only if such premises are located in a county where the qualified electors of the county:
- (1) (A) Approved, by a majority vote of those voting thereon, the proposition to amend section 10 of article 15 of the constitution of the state of Kansas at the general election in November 1986; or (B) have approved a proposition to allow sales of alcoholic liquor by the individual drink in public places within the county at an election pursuant to K.S.A. 41-2646, and amendments thereto; and
- (2) have not approved a proposition to prohibit such sales of alcoholic liquor in such places at a subsequent election pursuant to K.S.A. 41-2646, and amendments thereto.
- (b) A drinking establishment shall be required to derive from sales of food for consumption on the licensed premises not less than 30% of all the establishment's gross receipts from sales of food and beverages on

such premises unless the licensed premises are located in a county where the qualified electors of the county:

- (1) Have approved, at an election pursuant to K.S.A. 41-2646, and amendments thereto, a proposition to allow sales of alcoholic liquor by the individual drink in public places within the county without a requirement that any portion of their gross receipts be derived from the sale of food; and
- (2) have not approved a proposition to prohibit such sales of alcoholic liquor in such places at a subsequent election pursuant to K.S.A. 41-2646, and amendments thereto.
- (c) No charge of any sort may be made for a sample serving.—A person may be served no more than five samples per visit. Samples may not be served to a minor. No samples may be removed from the licensed premises. Providing samples is prohibited for any licensee who charges a cover charge or entry fee at any time during the business day. No consideration shall be requested or required for entry onto the premises, participation in any event taking place on the premises or to remain on the premises.
- (d) A drinking establishment shall specify in the application for a license or renewal of a license the premises to be licensed, which may include all premises which are in close proximity and are under the control of the applicant or licensee.
- (e) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, any hotel of which the entire premises are licensed as a drinking establishment or as a drinking establishment/eaterer establishment caterer may sell alcoholic liquor or cereal malt beverage by means of minibars located in guest rooms of such hotel, subject to the following:
- (1) The key, magnetic card or other device required to attain access to a minibar in a guest room shall be provided only to guests who are registered to stay in such room and who are 21 or more years of age;
- (2) containers or packages of spirits or wine sold by means of a minibar shall hold not less than 50 nor more than 200 milliliters; and
- (3) a minibar shall be restocked with alcoholic liquor or cereal malt beverage only during hours when the hotel is permitted to sell alcoholic liquor and cereal malt beverage as a drinking establishment.
- (f) A drinking establishment may store on its premises wine sold to a customer for consumption at a later date on its premises in the unopened container. Such wine must be kept separate from all other alcohol stock and in a secure locked area separated by customer. Such wine shall not be removed from the licensed premises in its unopened condition.
- Sec. 27. K.S.A. 41-2644 is hereby amended to read as follows: 41-2644. A license for a drinking-establishment/eaterer establishment caterer shall allow the licensee all the rights and privileges of a holder of a drinking establishment license and of a licensed caterer, subject to all provisions of law relating to such an establishment or caterer.
- Sec. 28. K.S.A. 41-2648 is hereby amended to read as follows: 41-2648. (a) No drinking establishment license, caterer's license or temporary permit shall be effective before July 1, 1987.
- (b) On and after July 1, 1987, the director may provide procedures whereby a license for a class B club issued before July 1, 1987, may be converted to a drinking establishment license or a drinking establishment/caterer establishment caterer license if all requirements of this act are met and the licensee pays that portion of the additional license fee, if any, attributable to the remaining unexpired license term.
- Sec. 29. K.S.A. 2018 Supp. 41-2659 is hereby amended to read as follows: 41-2659. (a) (1) A city or a county may establish one or more common consumption areas within the limits of the city or within the unincorporated portion of the county, as applicable, by ordinance or resolution, respectively, and authorize the possession and consumption of alcoholic liquor within the common consumption area. The ordinance or

resolution shall designate the boundaries of any common consumption area and prescribe the times during which alcoholic liquor may be consumed therein. The ordinance or resolution shall require that any public street or roadway that lies within a common consumption area shall be blocked from motorized traffic during the hours in which alcohol is consumed.

- (2) The city or county shall immediately notify the director of the division of alcoholic beverage control of the establishment of a common consumption area and submit a copy of the ordinance or resolution along with such notice.
- (b) A common consumption area permit shall allow the consumption of alcoholic liquor in any area designated by such permit. The director may issue common consumption area permits to the city or county or any one person who shall be a resident of Kansas or an organization that has its principal place of business in Kansas and that has been approved by the respective city or county, in accordance with rules and regulations adopted by the secretary of revenue.
- (c) Applications for common consumption area permits shall be submitted to the director, subject to the following:
- (1) A copy of any ordinance or resolution promulgated in accordance with subsection (a) shall accompany any application for a common consumption area permit.
- (2) Each application shall be accompanied by a non-refundable permit fee of \$100. All permit fees collected by the director pursuant to this section shall be remitted to the state treasurer in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 75-4215, and amendments thereto. Upon receipt of each such remittance, the state treasurer shall deposit the entire amount in the state treasury to the credit of the state general fund.
- (3) A common consumption area permit shall be issued for a period of not to exceed one year. A common consumption area permit shall not be transferable or assignable.
- (d) Any licensee immediately adjacent to, or located within a common consumption area may request that the licensee's licensed premises participate in the common consumption area for the duration of the common consumption area permit. Such a request shall be made upon forms prescribed by the director.
- (e) (1) Any licensee who has requested and received permission to participate in the common consumption area may allow its legal patrons to remove alcoholic liquor purchased from the licensee into the premises described by the common consumption area permit. All alcoholic beverages removed from a licensed premises in such fashion shall be served in a container that displays the licensee's trade name or logo or other identifying mark that is unique to the licensee.
- (2) In addition to their licensed premises, one or more licensees that have requested and received permission to participate in a common consumption area may offer for sale, sell and serve alcoholic liquor for consumption from one non-contiguous service area within the common consumption area, as designated and approved by the common consumption area permit holder. The licensee shall prominently display a copy of its drinking establishment license and the approval of the common consumption area permit holder at its non-contiguous service area.
- (f) (1) Each licensee within a common consumption area shall be liable for violations of all liquor laws governing the sale and consumption of alcoholic liquor that occur on the licensee's premises.
- (2) Each common consumption area permit holder shall be liable for violations that occur off the licensee's premises, but within the common consumption area identified in the permit. No permit holder shall permit any person to remove any open container of alcoholic liquor from the boundaries of the common consumption area.
  - (g) For the purposes of this section, "common consumption area"

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shall mean a defined indoor or outdoor area not otherwise subject to a license issued pursuant to the Kansas liquor control act or the club and drinking establishment act where the possession and consumption of alcoholic liquor is allowed pursuant to a common consumption area permit. The boundaries of any common consumption area must be clearly marked using a physical barrier or any apparent line of demarcation.

- (h) The secretary shall adopt rules and regulations to implement this section.
- (i) This section shall be a part of and supplemental to the club and drinking establishment act.

Sec. 30. K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 41-102, as amended by section 4 of chapter 56 of the 2017 Session Laws of Kansas, K.S.A. 41-2644 and 41-2648 and K.S.A. 2018 Supp. 41-304, 41-308a, 41-310, 41-316, 41-317, 41-319, 41-347, 41-355, 41-719, 41-2601, 41-2608, 41-2614, 41-2622, 41-2629, 41-2637, 41-2641, 41-2642, 41-2645, 41-2657 and 41-2659 are hereby repealed.

Sec. 31. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after and its publication in the Kansas register.

I hereby certify that the above BILL originated in the

Senate, and passed that body

Senate adopted
Conference Committee Report

President of the Senate.

Secretary of the Senate.

House adopted
Conference Committee Report

Speaker of the House.

Chief Clerk of the House.

Governor.